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TOTHE PUBLIC.

In presenting this paper to the reading public, long established usage with editors, has made it a matter of respect to our readers, that we should say a few things in relation to the course we shall pursue, in managing the editorial department.

. We have held it as a maxim from early life, that there was a degree of courtesy and condescension, due from one member of society to another, from which men are not at liberty to depart, only when measures of self-defence rendered it an imperious duty a man owed to himself. Men have their religious belief, which to themselves, if to none others, is sacred: they also have their feelings; both of which should be regarded, and treated in a manner becoming the true character of It is our intention, in conducting this paper, to exclude from its columns, all matters tending to lessen the character of any person in the estimation of society, or injure their feelings, unless the attempt to maintain our own religious belief should have this effect, or setting forth that of others in its true light.

We have never, at any time, supported a system of religion which rendered necessary an attack on the character of any person to support it, nor never expect to. If our religious belief cannot be maintained on the principles of truth, it is our intention to let it fall.

An appeal to the revelations of heaven, in all disputed points, is an end of all strife with us. To the law and to the testimony, and not men's characters, shall be our standing motto. (Attacks made on our own character by others, we have rarely, very rarely condescended to notice, and this course we will carry out in conducting the editorial department of this paper. We have always let our general course of conduct sustain our character, and if this will not do it, we have but little faith in our being able to do it by our pen.

We are told by him, whom the world ought to reverence, that all the law, and all the prophets, hang on two principles, love to God, and love to-man, and it is our wish that these principles should gov- feed my sheep. Exalt not yourselves; rebel not ern us in the management of this paper; against my servant Joseph, for verily I say unity.

but, if our patronage will justify it, our readers shall know more of this hereaf-SIDNEY RIGDON

STEAMBOAT OSPREY. Sept. 25th, 1844.

Mr. Sam'l L. Forgeus.

Dear Brother:—I take my pen in hand, this morning, to write you a few lines-informing you of some matters and things as they exist at the present time among the Saints, particularly in Nauvoo.

I think that, if I succeed in my business in St. Louis to-morrow, I shall send my wife and children to Pittsburgh next week; and I expect to follow them within four or five weeks certain, and perhaps. sooner. I shall stop two or three weeks in Pittsburgh, and there make myself familiar with the scriptures; and then by the grace of God, go forth among the Saints in the Eastern states, and make known the corruption—and awful perversion of the law of the Lord, in the unhallowed and unjustifiable assumption of power by the quorum of the Twelve, in arrogating to themselves the power to lead the Church of Jesus Christ of Lat-

ter-Day Saints. The following items from the Book of. Doctrine and Covenants, (2d edition,) clearly show what power and authority they have. Sec. 3, and paragraph 12, reads thus:

"The Twelve are a travelling, presiding High Council, to officiate in the name of the Lord, under the direction of the Presidency of the Church, agreeably to the institution of Heaven; to build up the Church, and regulate all the affairs of the same, in all nations: first unto the Gentiles and so ondly unto the Jews."

They are to preside over the affairs of the Church abroad among the nations The 14th not among the Saints in Zion. paragraph of same section shows that the High Council in Zion are equal, if not superior in authority to the Twelve,

Again, in sec. 104, 6th and 7th paragraphs, we find the following:

"Now I say unto you, and what I say unto you I say unto all the twelve, arise and gird up your loins; take up your cross, follow me, and you, I am with him, and my hand shall be over him; and the keys which I have given unto him, and also to youward, shall not be taken from him

Verily I say unto you, my servant Thomas, thou art the man whom I have chosen to hold the keys of my kingdom (as pertaining to the twelve) abroad aerong all nations, that thou mayest be my servant to unlock the door of the kingdom in all places where my servant Jo-eph, and my servant Sidney, and my servant Hyrum, cannot come; for on them have I laid the burth-

en of all the churches for a little season: where-fore whithersoever they shall send you, go ye, and I will be with you, and in whatsoever place ye shall proclaim my name, an effectual door shall be opened unto you, that they may receive my word; whosoever receiveth my word receiveth me, and whosoever receiveth me, receiveth those (the first presidency) whom I have sent, whom I have made counsellors for my-

name's sake unto you." Still it is said "abroad among all nations;" and in the 12th paragraph the supremacy of the First Presidency is set forth, as well as the subordination of the Twelve, thus:

"For unto you (the twelve) and those (the first presidency) who are appointed with you to be your counsellors and your leaders, is the power of this priesthood given for the last days, and for the last time, in the which is the dispensation of the fullness of times, which power you hold in connection with all those who have received a dispensation at any time, from the beginning of creation: for verily I say unto you the keys of the dispensation which ye have received, have come down from the Fathers: and last of all, being sent down from heaven unto you.'

The 12th paragraph of Sec. 3d already inserted, expressly says that Twelve act under the direction of the First Presidency. Much more might be said in support of this position, but the foregoing must suffice for the present, for I want to present to you several other points or subjects of equal importance, in a brief manner.

On the subject of Joseph Smith having informed the Twelve that they must bear off this kingdom to the nations, I answer there was no necessity of his repeating this admonition to them, inasmuch as the Lord made this duty obligatory upon them by repeated revelations through him; but the Lord never said through Joseph that they should be leaders without a head or First Presidency. They assert that the burden of the church was put on them by Joseph. To this I reply, they shall have it with all good feelings on my part; but then I say we have not made it, (the burden,) consequently we will not have it. Now sir, just read the 3d paragraph of 101st sec.

of Book of Covenants.

"But verily I say unto you, I have decreed that your brethren which have been scattered, shall return to the land of their inheritances, and build up the waste places of Zion; so after much tribulation, as I have said unto **you in a f**ormer

commandment, cometh the blessing. Behold, this is the blessing which I have promised after your tribulations, and the tribulations of your brethren: your redemption, and the redemption of your brethren; even their restoration to the land of Zion, to be established, no more to be thrown down; nevertheless if they pollute their

inheritances, they shall be thrown down, for I will not spare them if they pollute their inher-Behold I say unto you, the redemption of Zion must come by power; therefore, I will raise up unto my people a man, who shall lead them like as Moses led the children of Israel, for you are the children of Israel, and of the seed of Abraham, and ye must need

be led out of bondage by power, and with an outstretched arm: and as your Fathers were led at the first, even so shall the redemption of Zion be. Therefore, let not your hearts faint, for I say not unto you as I said unto your Fathers, mine angel shall go up before you, but not my presence; but I say unto you, mine

angels shall go before you, and also my presence, and in time ye shall possess the goodly land." In this you discover that this society of Saints are termed the children of Israel, and the seed of Abraham: and now compare this with the 23d chap. of Jer., and lest you should think it does not apply to this dispensation and people, read carefully the 19th and 20th verses, and mark: "In the latter days ye shall consider it perfectly;" and then, to satisfy yourself about the burden of the church, and what it is, read and mark it well from the 23rd verse to the end of the chapter, and I trust it will solve the mystery to your entire satisfaction: and then read the whole of the 34th chap. of Ezekiel, and mark every word as you proceed, as carefully as though your eternal

salvation depended upon it: take particular notice of the concluding sentence of the 4th verse, "with force and cruelty have ye ruled them." And then examine the 3d and 4th chapters of Isaiah. The first three verses of the 3d chap. tell who the Lord will take away from Jerusalem. (I will just say perhaps you will see its application upon Nauvoo fulfilled.) The subsequent part of the chapter tells an awful tale about oppression—the spoil of the poor-the beating of the people to pieces—the sin of Sodom, which was more particularly whoredom; also women rule over them, the princes, and if

Zion, and their corruptions; and after www.LatterDayTruth.org

you please, the Twelve and others: and

mark what is said about the daughters of

the Lord positively mentions the horrible disease which usually follows such abomination, and also the judgment of God upon them.

In the first verse of the 4th chapter, he tells a tale about the poor dupes among women in these days of trouble, who wish to be called by the name of their seducers to take away their reproach. was the ancient law of Israel; when a man seduced a woman, he had to take her: but query, was he blessed or cursed? "And mark in this day of trouble upon Zion and Israel, the branch of the Lord (not the whole church,) shall be beautiful and glorious, when the filth of the daughters of Zion is washed away," &c.

The fifth chapter tells us about calling evil good, and good evil; and about those who justify the wicked for reward; and the destruction of those leaders and their subjects, because of transgression; and the perversion of the law of God-such, for instance, as the 13th sec. of the Book of Covenants, 7th paragraph, as follows:

"And again, I say, thou shalt not kill; but he that killeth shall die. Thou shalt not steal; and he that stealeth and will not repent, shall be cast Thou shalt not lie; he that lieth and will not repent, shall be cast out. Thou shalt love thy wife with all thy heart, and shall cleave unto her and none else; and he that looketh upon a woman to lust after her, shall deny the faith, and shall not have the spirit, and if he repents not he shall be cast out. Thou shalt not commit adultery: and he that committeth adultery, and repenteth not, shall be cast out; but he that has committed adultery, and repents with all his heart, and forsaketh it, and doeth it no more, thou shalt forgive; but if he doeth it again, he shall not be forgiven, but shall be cast out. Thou shalt not speak evil of thy neighbor, nor do him any harm. Thou knowest

my laws concerning these things are given in my

scriptures: he that sinneth and repenteth not, shall

be cast out."

From the above we see that if they transgress the law of the land, they shall be delivered up to the proper authorities. 'Again, it is said in that book, "if ye keep my commandments ye have no need to transgress the laws of the land:" and furthermore, "he that will be my disciple must observe all the commandmends and covenants of the church." Now, query, are these commandments kept by (the Israel of the latter days,) the church in Nauvoo? Are the people in Nauvoo what they profess to be, a law abiding people? they submit to be tried by the laws of the the land, and by the proper authorities? Now it is expressly said that "whosoever

refuseth to submit to the laws of the land, even to the laying down of his life, is not my disciple."

I will now call your attention to the 11th chapter of Isaiah; in the first verse we have an account of a father and son, not much, however, is said about the father, but a great deal about the son. In the 19th verse is described a greater man than either: The shall stand as an ensign for the people, and the gentiles shall seek his The 3d paragraph of 101 Sec. Book of

Cov. which I have already inserted, says,

"the Lord will raise up a man who shall be great like unto Moses, and like him shall he lead this people out of bondage." This could not be Joseph Smith, for he was raised up seven years before this revelation was given; here then are two testimonies, and the one actually given by Joseph Smith. Now the only question that can arise, is, who remained on earth at the death of Joseph and Hiram, with the ordination of Prophet, Seer, and Revelator? I answer peremptorily, Sidney Rigdon was the only man that was then in the church on earth, who was ordained to this office, and that too by revela-You will find an account of this ordination in the Times and Seasons, bearing date, June 1st 1841. Prior to this he was ordained by revelation to be one of the 1st presidency of the church, and as you will see from the following, made equal with Joseph in holding the keys of the kingdom, and also the keys of the school of the prophets, which was to be organized and instituted for the salvation of the Gentiles, Jews, and as many as will Book Cov., Sec. 85, 3d and 5th

paragraphs. "And again, verily I say unto thy brethren Sidney Rigdon and Frederick G. Williams, their sins are forgiven them also, and they are accounted as equal with thee in-holding the keys of this last kingdom: as also through your administration the keys of the school of the Prophets, which I have commanded to be organized, that thereby they may be perfected in their ministry for the salvation of Zion, and of the nations of Israel, and of the Gentiles, as many as will believe, that through your administration they may receive the word, and through their administration the word may go forth unto the ends of the earth, unto the Gentiles first, and then behold, and lo, they shall turn unto the Jews; and then cometh the day when the arm of the Lord shall be revealed in power in convincing the nations, the heathen nations, the house of Joseph, of the gospel of their salvation. And now verily I say unto you, I give unto you

a commandment, that you continue in the ministry and Presidency, and when you have finished the translation of the prophets, you shall from henceforth preside over the officers of the church and the school; and from time to time as shall be manifested by the comforter, receive revelations to unfold the mysteries of the kingdom, and set in order the churches, and study and learn, and become acquainted with all good books, and with languages, tongues and people. And this shall be church and kingdom. Be not ashamed neither confounded; but be admonished in all your high mindedness and pride, for it bringeth a snare upon Set in order your houses; keep slothfulness an uncleanness far from you."

Now, I ask where is the school of the prophets organized by S. Rigdon? I answer it did not exist (mark, one organ ized by him.) at the death of Joseph. the 95th Sec. of the above book, paragraph 3d, we find he was called and ordained to be a spokesman to the people, &c.

Again, on the 408th page of this book, the Lord says in a revelation through Joseph, as follows:

" And again, verily I say unto you, if my servant Sidney will serve me and be counsellor to my servant Joseph, let him arise and come up and stand in the office of his calling, and humble himself before me; and if he will offer unto me an acceptable offering, and acknowledgments, and remain with my people, behold, I the Lord-your God will heal him that he shall be healed; and he shall lift up his voice again on the mountains, and be a spokesman! before my face.'

From this you discover that the Lord gives him still a greater calling, which is, that he shall be a spokesman before the so this very remarkable promise, that he shall again lift up his voice upon the When he comenced his mountains. word of God fails? Yes verily.

Se. Think of it.

Now in regard to the sayings that Jotions, and afflictions of various kinds,

seph Smith ordained twelve men to the first presidency of the church, I answer peremptorily, that if he did so, he did it without permission from the Lord, for it is said in the Book of Cov. Sec. 14, Par.

"But verily, verily I say unto you, that none else shall he appointed unto this gift except it be through him, for if it be taken from him he shall your buisness and mission in all your lives, to pre- not have power; except to appoint another in his side in council and set in order all the affairs of this stead; and this shall be a law unto you, that ye receive not the teachings of any that shall come before you as revelations or commandments: and this I give unto you, that you may not be deceived, that you may know they are not of me. For verily I say unto you, that he that is ordained of me shall come in at the gate and be ordained as I have told you before, to teach those revelations which you have received, and shall receive through him whom I have appointed."

Does this authorize him to ordain twelve men to succeed him if he should be taken out of the way? No! no! no! but one. Now, query again, why did Joseph Smith ordain Sidney Rigdon more than three years ago? I answer, because the Lord was doing his own work, although at the time neither him nor Joseph understood the matter. Now Sir, the 6th paragraph of the 5th Sec. of Book Cov. says, the president shall be appointed by revelation, and also acknowledged by the voice of the church, and in case of the absence of an assistant, and in case he be absent, the other two, both or either of them, shall act in his stead. I think it will be admitted to be a fact, that Joseph is absent, and Sidney Rigdon is now the only unan standing in that office; conse-Lord's face, not Joseph Smith; and al- quently the Lord will curse the people if

they reject him. And now, after giving you such testimony from the different books, as makes ministry among the Campbellites, it the case a perfectly plain one, as to the was among the mountains of Pennsylva- a necessity of the continuation of the first nia. Recollect that Nephi says, that a presidency, and also who that president spokesman will the Lord raise up unto is, I will now remark to you that the ob-Joseph, who shall be mighty in word and jection is presented at every step by the in writing, and who shall carry the word. Twelve and their adherants, that S. Rigof the Lord to the fruit of his loins, (La-don has not been faithful, but conspired manites.) Has S. Rigdon ever done against Joseph and the Church, As rethis? if not, must he not yet do it, or the gards his being faithful, I will not assert that he was free from errors; and per-Again, the Lord never raised up a sec- haps he was negligent with regard to the spokesman or ever took that office discharge of his duty; but I answer, the from him. Furthermore, we find in the Lord has said he would scourge him, and prophecies, a great deal of talk about the I think it will not be pretended to the conhouse of the Lord in or on the mountains, trary by any one that he has borne more

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than most men in this age; at all events Joseph said that he had. And as for Joseph saying he would have him no longer for counsellor, it was not his prerogative to shake him off; he did not call and consequently could not reject him, but at any rate we all know when he was tried before the conference last October, every thing was there disposed of, and Elder Rigdon was sustained by the people and honorably acquitted of all charges against him; and Hiram then and there prophesied, that he should conquer and triumph over all his enemies, and that he should be a mighty man on the earth. Now truly here is a prophecy worthy of notice, and on this point I will only add, that two years-will tell a tale that will astonish the world. And as to his having at any time conspired against the church and Joseph, is a baseless fabric built by the Twelve, and like that of all others who run before they were sent; therefore are not worthy of any reply. You may now ask what our views are relative to Joseph? to which I reply, just what the Lord has said about him, that he should hold the keys-which he had received, which were the keys of Elijah or in other words the keys of the doctrine, but we do not believe that he has ever received the keys of David, spoken of by John in the 3d chap, of Rev. which opens and no man closes, &c. But, enquires the objector, you believe Joseph transgressed? I answer, he himself confessed he was but a man and liable to sin like other men. But, says one, do you believe that he was cut off for transgression? I reply, he had the promise, if he remained faithful, he should translate the other plates. of the Book of Mormon, which are now sealed; also that he said and did many things in direct opposition to the word of God, as given through himself; but we do not judge him, we leave him in the hands of a just and merciful God. now one word with respect to the plurality wife doctrine. It is contrary to the laws of the land, and is therefore wrong; for we are told in the Book of Covenants, that if we keep the commandments of the Lord we need not transgress the laws of the land. Again, it is positively forbidden in the 7th section of the above book. In reference to this matter, we shall in the future, answer in great plainness and with decision.

We profess to believe that the Lord has again the second time (which makes the third time,) set his hand to redeem his covenant people, which are left, &c., according to Isaiah 11th chap., and 11th verse. Mark the Words "again the second time," first by Moses, secondly by Joseph Sunth, and again the 2d time by Elder Rigdon, and others who now stand up for the truth, and the principles of virtue.

You will doubtless remember that Isa-

iah says that the stone which the builders rejected, the same is made the head of the-corner. We know that this passage is generally made to apply to the Jews. rejecting Christ; but look at it for one moment, and see for yurself: that the Jews rejected Christ, is true; but you know they were not the builders, of his kingdom or church, but the apostles were the builders, and they did not reject him 1800 years ago, but the builders in this church, the Twelve and other big men and builders have rejected Sidney Rigdon, and used, and continue to use their influence with the people against him; and we be to them for it. The people may reject and forsake their leader, for they were influenced by such arguments as were calculated to deceive, if possible, the very elect; but, thank God, the eyes of the people are opening daily to see the truth, and will continue so to do. The Twelve told the people that Joseph had given them their authority in the secret chambers, but Christ says go not after them into the secret chambers, nor into the desert," or wilderness, like Lyman Wyght, who has gone with about 300 souls from Nauyoo; and companies are daily leaving. We know these are all delusions, and from the devil; and had not the Lord called a few to begin with, and re-organized the church, the priesthood would have been taken, and we would have had nothing left but an apostate church, as described by Paul in 1st Tim., 4th chap., 1st and 2d verses, where you find these remarkable words: "Now the spirit-speaketh expeessly, that in the latter times some shall depart from the faith giving heed to seducing spirits and doctrines of devils. speaking lies in hypocrisy, having their conscience seared with a hot iron." An awful state of wickedness indeed: a conscience so void-of truth as to lie in the

name of the Lord; even perverting the plain word of the Lord, such as "thou shalt not commit adultery-thou shalt have one wife only—thou shalt be obedient to the law of the land, even unto death for my name's sake-thou shalt not kill, nor steal, nor do any manner of wickedness, but shall observe to keep all the church covenants, &c.

Now, how does this agree with that odious doctrine as taught in Nauvoo and other places, that a man can have more wives than one. O black hearted wickedness and blasphemy! as described in the middle of the 10th paragraph of the 104th Revelation, addressed to the Twelve, 10 years ago, where the Lord foresaw and predicated that such an awful state of things would really exist, even blaspheming his name in the midst of his House, (People,) by the very men who professed to know his name; but according to the 14th Chap. of Ezekiel, men may choose their delusions. If they come to the Proph with an idol in their hearts, they shall have their heart's desire that the Lord may take them in their own snare; because of the plainness of his word, and of their wicked, lustful, and adulterous inclinations and desires. The Book of Mormon says that men shall have their hearts desires, although it may be to their destruction. And by reading carefully this chapter, you will find that the Prophet and the man who seekethe unto him shall become a sign, and a proverb, and shall be destroyed; that the House of Israel may go no more astray. And you will also discover that if a man or woman is clear of these crimes, that he can save neither his sons nor daughters in iniquity, but shall save his own soul only: and by and by we shall know the cause of all this evil and destruction among the House of Israel, and this too, has been plainly foretold, that all flesh had became corrupt before the face of the Lord. Again, read in 101st sec. of Book of Cov.; read, reflect, and ask yourself, if all flesh has become corrupt? Does it embrace the saints? I answer, yes, for Isaiah has said in the 3d Chap. that these leaders would corrupt the people, and pervert the ways of their path, and in his 9th chapter he saysthat the people who are led by them will be destroyed:-

O my God, for the sake of Jesus Christ

eyes, and let the scales drop off, that they may see for themselves, and, believing come before thee in the depths of humiliation; with fasting, and prayer, that if, paradventure, they have not sinned unto death, thy judgments may be turned away from them, by observing to do thy will, and keep all thy commandments in the future, and thus become Saviors unto men, that they may not be cast out, and trodden under feet of men. And again, I ask thee to turn the minds of the workers of iniquity unto thee, that they may even be brought to see their wickedness. and repent, and turn away thy wrath from them in part, like David of old, by doing works of righteousness, if it can be consistent with thy will and purposes, and in an especial manner I ask thee, believing that thou wilt grant this one request, that is, make thy servants who have believed thy testimony concerning this awful state of wickedness and corruption, to he mighty in their testimony, against these wicked practices and abominations, that those who are not yet ensuared may not be taken in their snare, by their flatteries and perversions of thy word, and by lying in thy name, nor by any devices or stratagems that their corrupt hearts and imaginations may invent; but foil them in all their attempts, and let them be confounded and exposed, and brought to shame and disgrace before the face of thy people, and all the world; and destroy their influence among men, and prevent them from doing violence to thy people who are among them, and must continue among them till thou dost open a way for their escape, and dispose the hearts of those who wish to remain, that they may purchase the property of thy people; and grant wisdom unto thy people, that they may know how to conduct themselves to the best possible advantage for themselves, and for the enlightening of the minds of those who are in darkness; and also that they may confound the workers and supporters of iniquity, however crafty they may be; yea, let thy saints, by the assistance of thy spirit, (notwithstanding the exertion the workers of iniquity may make against them by inventing and circulating falsehoods,) redeem themselves, detect and expose their enemies to the multitude, and give thy servants that holy boldness which thy Son, our Saviour, open the people's will cause their enemies to fear and trem-

the excited multitude prevent them from doing any harm to thy people; and may this fear induce them to be instrumental in assisting thy saints to dispose of their effects, that they shall make their escape from the city that thou wilt scourge. And in thy wisdom grant all the blessings unto thy people that they need, and thy name, together with the Son and Holy Ghost, shall have all the praise and glory forever, AMEN.

And now my dear brother, I will refer you to another chapter, viz: the 3rd of Paul's 2d epistle to Timothy, and I will here preface my remarks upon this chapter, by saying, that I have not applied a single verse which is not applicable, although it may be said that the Mormons have used this very passage against the Catholic church and her offspring. answer yes, and truly too; but remember, there are very many scriptures which have been fulfilled in part, in former and present times, and in part will be fulfilled in future. I will give you one instance as evidence of this fact. Peter quoted the 2d chapter of Joel as being applicable, and part fulfilled on the day of Pentecost when the people spake in tongues and prophesied, &c. every person that reads this, knows that Peter made a fair application, although it was fulfilled in part only; so you see there is a double application to be made of many prophesies; and certainly you will see the force of my reasoning at once, for if there was certain workers of iniquity among Israel in the days of Isaiah, Jeremiah, and Ezekiel, or in the days of Peter, Paul, Jude, and others, or among the Nephites, Lamanites, Jaredites, or any other Ites; and God spake and named his judgments as punishments upon them.

Every person will be forced to confess, that the same cause will produce the same effects in the 19th century. among Israel, or latter-day saints and sinners, or else God is a changeable being, and if so, he is neither righteous, just nor merciful; for it is a self evident fact that if men deserved punishment for doing certain things in the morning before my face, wherefore this people of the creation, in the meridian of time shall not seek to excuse themselves for

ble before all men, and may the fear of | flict the same punishments under the same circumstances, whether in Jerusalem, Zion, or among sinners making no profession. The only variation God, will make, is the variation of circum-. stances by which men and women are surrounded, when they depart from the rule of rectitude and righteousness, the same rule will apply and hold good in regard to omission of well known and defined duties towards God and man.

Now I shall proceed to call your attention to the inhabitants of Nauvon generally, and ask you to point the crime named in the 3d of 2d Tim. which has not been committed, but mark especially the 5th, and then more particularly the 6th verse, and the 7th; and in the 8th, and in the 9th and 10th, you will find the final result of this sum of all villanies, namely, that they shall proceed no farther, but shall be exposed to all men. And now I will bring my subject to a close by referring to the case of David, as given in the 12th Chapter of the second Book of Samuel, where it is said, "the Lord rebuked David for wickedness, in having Uriah killed," but told him he had given him all his master's wives &c. &c., and would have given him more if he. had not enough, but this is not true, the language of the Lord, as represented, is, "I would have given thee such and such things," but here I will ob-~ serve that I do not wish to cavil or dispute the translation, only I shall claim the privilege of saying that, as the book of Mormon was translated by the gift and power of God, it is more precious and more to be esteemed by the saints than ten thousand garbled translations of uninspired linguists of King James' day, or any other day, and now remember, that the 2d chapter of the book of Jacob says emphatically, that David and Solomon truly had many wives, but this thing was abominable or in the latter days, that God will in committing whoredoms; but if they do,

(and they did,) they were to be scourged, and the Lamanites, whom they hated, were to destroy them, and their possessions and inheritances; and their land was to be cursed, and the Lamanite made the possessors of it, &c; for the declares, he delighteth in the chastity of woman, and says, the men had broken their hearts, and that he had heard their cries, &c. I just now would like all the injured women in Nauvoo to speak, and tell the tale of their misery, and the cause of it, to the unbelieving saints, who say they do not believe that such things do exist, or that they are taught in the name of the Lord, and I know that many of them have told, and that truly, to the people, and also to their God. now, while the princes of Israel, and the people of Israel, despise the mobocratic Gentiles of Hancock County, and State of Illinois, (and they are truly despicable before the eyes of all good honorable men and women,) but God makes use of the wicked to scourge those that call themselves by his name, that they, (the wicked,) may fill up the measure of their iniquities, and be ripe for destruction, as spoken in the 9th paragraph of the 104th section of book of Covenants, which will be fulfilled upon their heads after the house of God or the children of Israel, (latter-day saints,) are first to be made to feel them, for their abomination: but then I say, let the saints of God, but especially the corrupt leaders and people, look out that those wicked Gentiles do not spoil them and their possessions, for the Lord said to them in 1834, through Joseph Smith in revelation, section 101, and paragraph 3d, that if they pollute their inheritances, they shall be thrown down. And now to

Now pray, dear brother, is there any mind; come persecutions, sorrows, afneed of marvelling why the Lord said, flictions, trials, privations and sufferings; especially to the Twelve apostles of the yea, and even death itself, that we will Lamb, in 1837, This great vengeance keep his statutes and commandments;

conclude, I will say, David is said to

have done wickedly in these things,

and was punished for it.

and wrath, and burning, desolation, mourning, lamentation and weeping, shall begin among you who have professed to know my name, and have not known me, but have blasphemed against me in the midst of my house, (and I would add especially among the sisters, by saying "thus saith the Lord." And now if I have not said enough to open your eyes, and cause you to reflect and consider, and induce you to believe the written word, But my brother, I know I shall despair. well that I was hitherto enabled to bring you to see the truth; and believing as I do, that you have hitherto not regarded the frowns and scoffs, persecutions nor any thing else from foes or friends, not even your father and sister, for whom you would have sacrificed any thing, life not excepted. I am, therefore, more easily led to believe, that the multitude will have no influence over you now, and that if the Lord speaks or calls you this or that way you will answer, "Here, Lord, am I, what wouldst thou have me do?" But whilst I have this confidence in you, I know by experience, that to differ in opinion with those men whom we have almost adored and worshipped, is matter of some magnitude, and therefore deserves our serious attention, and careful and prayerful investigation; although I have here written enough to cause every candid inquirer after truth, to exclaim it is enough: I can, I will believe. But now I say unto you in the name of the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, "seek and you shall find, ask and you shall receive, knock and it shall be opened unto you." Mark, I do not ask you to embrace this order of things, unless you have the testimony of one who is never mistaken, and will turn none away that come humbly, and in faith believing unto him; the testimony of the spirit of the living God, alone in matters pertaining to our eternal salvation, must be our guide; we dare not depend on any man, however amiable, kind, good or great he may be: we may reason and believe the testimony of such men, nevertheless, if we will be saved we must repent of all our sins, and covenant before God to keep his commandments with full purpose of mind; come persecutions, sorrows, affore God, you will not be a long time without knowledge for yourself on this of, and which I can testify to before an assembled world.

I have realized what Paul said about the love of God'shed abroad in the heart, and also, that principalities, nor powers, in earth or hell, cannot move me from those things, which I have written, and God, who tries the reins, and searches the heart of man, as with a lighted candle, knows that I would rather lay down my life, than deny Elder Rigdon's mission; or assent to being governed or led by the spirit, itself, that President Young (who is presumed to speak the mind of the Twelve,) is governed by. Thank God I know their spirit, and want none of it; no, not to save myself from the jaws of death. And now, a few ideas on the subject of spirits, and a liability of being deceived. The fourteenth Chap. of Ezekiel tells the story how men may be deceived. If a man goes to God and asks him to grant any thing that he has expressly forbidden. Covenants have given us a key to try spirits, which will continue to be an unerring one, for the present and future; if you see a spirit, ask God to give it to you, and if you cannot get it, know assuredly that it is not of God; and again, if the spirit contradicts the plain and precious things that are written in the book of Covenants, and book of Mormon; again, whatsoever spirit admonisheth to do good, and keep the written word and commandments of God, is of God, for light cleaveth unto light. Ah, but says one, that is no criterion to judge by, well, I answer, God says it, and man says no. Who shall I believe? answer, God; though it makes a liar of every man in the world, even Prophets, Priests, and Kings, and also apostles. Well, says the objector, why cannot I get it? because you are unwilling to have it. Now mark, if a man asks for a spirit, and cannot get it, but gets a spirit of anger, and full of fight, and it arouses all the evil passions and propensities in man, you may know that he has got an evil spirit; for instance, I hear Bigham Young, and am in doubt about the spirit, and I ask God to give me the spirit, but I don't get it, well I know then it is not of God, or suppose 1 ask God, and get a fighting and sion, and consequently, it is immaterial to contentious spirit, you may know I have a me how men may judge of my motiver

and now, if you make this covenant be- devil, and that is very likely to be correct; for the devil hates principles of truth.

Now, no man need tell me that he has subject; and you can then testify to the got the spirit of Christ, provided he cannot truth of those things that I have spoken reason upon the word of God without getting mad; for the Lord has commanded us to pray for them that use us despitefully, and bless them that curse us, return good for evil and in this way gain our enemy. Well, says one, the covenants teach, that if our enemies smite us the third or fourth time we may fight them; ves, it does, but it is speaking of the church collectively, and not individually, and even then, it is said if we continue to suffer wrong, we shall be blest; but when a man begins to mock, scoff, and deride, you cannot say it is of God; for the angel of God dare not bring a railing accusation against Satan. but said "the Lord rebuke thee." Here I have given some few testing points, but read the book, and pray that you may have the same spirit that indicted it, and all will be peace and joy in the Holy Ghost; and then there will be neither doubt nor fear. As for their keys they talk about, I know they don't tell the truth, they want to be wise above the plain simple word of the Lord, and therefore become fools.

Now, touching the definition of the word keys, what is it? power to unlock, to understand; and for the enduement they (the Twelve,) talk!about, it is knowledge, and thank God, I am not indebted to them, for it, for they have not got it to give; I willnot say that I have it, or that I have not, but I say that they have not got it, for God has rejected them and their works; and I know it. The day they rejected Elder Rigdon, they sealed their fate; but they are the Lord's anointed, and God reserves the right to judge and punish them, and he will not use any of his saints for that purpose, but those that are his enemies who are ripening for destruction; and the man who lays his hand upon them, for violence will be damned, be he saint or sinner, or that moves with malice in his heart against them, and brings evil upon them. Why then, says one, do you say anything that will exasperate the mob?

Fanswer, Fam not acting with or from malicious or sinister motives, but with an eye single to the glory of God and the salvation of the people; and am not responsible for the doings of any mobocratic movements. I answer again, I know my mis-

with this exception, that they had better judge righteous judgements, for with whatever judgement they judge others, will they be judged,—hence the matter is self evident that righteous judgement will be more to their advantage; I know this is a matter of much more importance than the people may generally think: but while I declare that the Twelve are apostates from the church of Jesus Christ of latter-day saints. and that I believe some of them are guilty of the most awful perversion of the word of God; I do not think that it is any person's business, except those who belong to the Church, or those who desire to do so. It is my right, it is theirs, and every one else's right to believe what they please, and if they are satisfied with their system, and get people to believe it, they may do so, and I will not mock or deride them, but pity and pray for them and the people; and I shall on future occasions, as on the past, take the opportunity of warning all men to beware of harming them, or their adherents, and if they should be assailed from any source on account of crimes, or transgressions of the laws of the land, I can only say, that I shall convict none of them, by swearing them guilty; I wish, however, not to be understood that I know nothing at all; but matters that were entrusted to me confidentially, there are not men, nor courts, nor lawyers enough to bring them out of me. It is true, that men have voluntarily entrusted me with their business and secrets; yet they were necescitated so to do, and I should count myself the most abandoned wretch to take any advantage of them because of such knowledge, and should they take the liberty of slandering me, my course will be to tell what I believe, on other people's testimony and not what I know confidentially, this would not convict any one in courts of justice, as hearsay is no evidence against any person. And notwithstanding men may be guilty of crime committed against me, for which I might deem it my privilege to prosecute at the law, according to the book of Covenants; but here allow me to say, that if any man has been guilty of crime, let him be careful for the future, and keep his abominations from my view or knowledge, as my feelings for the cause of virtue and decency, law and order, will compel me to defend the innocent, and protect those who may not have sufficient courage to do so for themselves; but I will eay that without the interposition of any of!

of Nauvoo and county of Hancock. I believe from the fact that God has said Now if you inquire, when will these things come to pass? I answer, they are now taking place in some measure; and if I shall be so fortunate as to see you, I will tell you things that I would not write, as they might come into their enemies mouths and do them much injury; and perhaps lead to serious consequences, and I have said that I do not intend to do or bring evil upon-thom. Nevertheless, it will come, but by the enemies of God and man, and not by the instrumentality of those who are saints and keep the commandments of God.

Now, with reference to the church, gen-

erally, I believe them to be honest, indus-

those who receive S. Rigdon as their lead-

er, suits will be instituted and fearful con-

sequences may result from such prosecutions, the hand of God is upon them, to arrest them in their wild career, and this you-

may mark, and upon the people of the city

trious and good citizens, but nevertheless, I know they have been duped in regard to following the counsel of men, instead of following the commandments of God, as given through Joseph Smith -I have been among the number of those who felt willing to follow counsel to almost any extent, this is wrong, and the people are now told they must follow the counsel of the Twelve, and if they do, I tell you there is not virtue enough left in Nauvoo to save them from destruction, temporally and spiritually; temporal, because the excited multitude will not stand it. I have seen the consequences that will result from this course of things, and therefore take the liberty of telling them in private. spoken on the stand once, about three quarters of an hour, and next Sunday I have an appointment on Main street in I expect to do and front of my house. say nothing about men, but measures I intend to criticise upon. I shall make use of the Bible, Book of Mormon, and Covenants; and from them I expect to prove to the people, that serious trouble is at the door. I am compelled to take this course and thus set the minds of the people work, and warn them to repent and forsake their evil ways and doings, and humble themselves before God, and learn his will and then do it, and thus save themselves and others.

I thank God I have never committed any transgressions against the laws of the

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land, except in this one thing, of which I have cause to regret, and that is, I would help to put down men and women's characters to sustain those heads of the church who were engaged in the corruptions we complain of. I could and would slander the character of this unfortunate class, who happened to be victims of the unhallowed passions of those men. I have been making every acknowledgment and reparation in my power, and I cannot do more; but the same measure I have measured unto others. I expect will be measured to me by those who are equally zealous, and who have no more knowledge concerning the doings of God: here is a frank confession, and if any one is disposed to take the advantage of it he may do so; but let him look well to what he is doing.

And now I shall close by calling your particular attention to the 101st Sec. of Book of Cov. 2d paragraph, where the Lord decrees the saints shall never be overcome, if they observe all his counsel, (not Joseph's;) but if not, they should be overcome or prevailed against by their enemies, because they were set to be a light unto the world; and if they would not be a light they were thenceforth good for nothing; but to be cast out and trodden under foot And in the 3d par. it is said, if they pollute their inheritances, they shall be thrown down. Query, have they not been driven several-times since 1835, at which time the persecution commenced in the State of Missouri and finally expelled from the State, and have they not been every year since severely scourged in this State? Yes verily. Do they keep the commandments? No, or else they would have prevailed against their enemies: think well on this revelation. In the 68th Sec. 1st paragraph we are expressly told they were driven for transgression; and now. look well to the parable in the 6, 7, and 8th paragraphs and see the 12 olive trees. (apostles,) nobleman, (Lord,) choice land, (Nauvoo,) tower, (Temple,) the servants began to build, but did not finish; the olive trees destroyed; the servants fled and their works broken down; then the Lord-said to one of his servants, (nortwelve,) go and gather together, &c. &c ; and the servant went and done as he was commanded, and after many days all things were fulfilled. Meditate well on this parable.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN A. FORGEUS.

Minutes of a Conference held in Pitts. burgh, Oct. 12th 1844.

The conference was opened in the usual manner, and on motion, Elder R. Savery was appointed President, and Elder J. Logan, Secretary.

Elder B. Winchester then stated the object of the meeting which was, to distinctly ascertain the minds of the members of the church in this place, relative to the heretical doctrines taught and practiced in Nauvoo, by the quorum of the Twelve and some of their associates, and also the claims of Elder S. Rigdon. On these points Elders Winchester, Savery, and several others, made some very appropriate and forcible remarks; after which, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted without a dissenting voice:—

Whereas the quorum of the Twelve.

and their adherents in Nauvoo, have rejected Elder S. Rigdon as the presiding officer of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and thus violating the law of the church, as found in the the Book of Doctrine and Covenants, which we esteem most sacred and dear to all lovers of truth, for no other reasons, in our opinion, than his having claimed his lawful standing in the church, and his decided opposition to the nefarious doctrine of polygamy, and other things odious in their nature and tendency; for the truth of which, it now becomes our painful duty to say to all our friends and bretheren in Christ, we have

1. Resolved, that we feel it our imperative duty, to receive and sustain Elder S. Rigdon in the office of first president of the church, whereunto, according to the Book of Doctrine and Covenants, the Lord has called him; and also that we uphold him in this office by our faith and prayers.

2. Resolved, that in consequence of the

the most positive and decisive evidence;

wherefore.-

2. Resolved, that in consequence of the most flagrant violation of the original, or true principles and order of the church, by the Twelve and their abettors, by rejecting Elder Rigdon, and practising the doctrine of polygamy, despoiling female virtue—and chastity by seducing them, and tyranizing over those who will not sanction their works—of darkness, and many other like things, for which we regard them as apostates, and men falten from the true order of the church, into a state of wickedness and corruption; therefore, we hold no fellowship with them, and as a

the original platform, and the acknowled edged and received doctrine of said church. we do not consider ourselves identified with them.

3 Resolved, that we sincerely request and advise all of our friends and bretheren that stand connected with us in the true cause of God, to join with us in our effort and that we may redeem our characters from the odium and disgrace that the Twelve and others have brought upon us all, or in other words, all the church, by their evil practices, as mentioned in pream-

4. Resolved, that we hereby avow to all men both far and near, that we have the most implicit confidence in the Bible, Book of Mormon, and Book of Doctrine and Covenants, and that we receive them as our rule of faith and practice. 5. Resolved, that Elders Wingate, Wm

ble and previous resolution.

Richards, J. B. Newton, and B. Winches ter, have authority from this conference to go as messengers to the eastern branches

of the church, and set before them the true state of the church, and regulate the affairs of the same.

6. Resolved, that a copy of these minutes be handed to the editor of the "Messenger and Advocate," for publica-

On motion, conference adjourned sine

All things passed off quietly in the The saints were cheerful conference. and seemed to be in good spirits, and a general spirit of union pervaded the whole congregation. RICHARD SAVERY, Pres't.

JAMES LOGAN, Sec'y.

Brighton, Oct. 14, 1844. PRESIDENT S. RIGDON—Dear Sir:-I

hasten to lay before you the position of affairs in this place. On Sunday a meeting of the branch was called at which most of the members were present. After laying the matter of the Presidency before the Branch, it was

Resolved, 1st That we recognize no other order than that of the First Presidency as head of the Church, and the other quorums in their place as set forth in the Book of Doctrines and Covenants.

Resolved, 2d, That we recognize Elder | fessed to be the people of God, that if a Sidney Rigdon as the only President of the Noah, a Daniel, and a Job had been among

branch of the true church, standing upon whom we shall adhere until we are officially informed of his death or expulsion, in a legal manner, from this Church.

Resolved, 3d, That we publish to the world the following, over the signatures of the male members of this branch, who adhere to the ancient order of the Church:

To the Saints of Beaver County the Un:

dersigned send, greeting. Having learned that certain persons (call-

ing themselves saints,) do teach the doctrine of the Necolaitans, or in other words, "Spiritual Wives," professedly by divine authority, thus "turning the grace of our

Lord into laciviousness." This, therefore. is to say to such persons and to all men, that we neither believe or receive a doctrine so repugnant to the Word of God. and we hold no fellowship with those who would justify such an abomination; and we earnestly exhort the saints in every place to set their faces against so pernici-

to virtue knowledge. "The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you. Amen." -Signed-James M. Greig, P. E., Wm.

ous a doctrine. And besides this giving

all diligence, add to your faith virtue, and

Stanley, Elder Solomon Pry, Prest., Samuel Bail, and others. For the above doings we have all been

suspended.Yours, in the bonds of the Everlasting Cov-

enant. JAMES M. GREIG.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 15, 1844. Br. J. Greig-Dear Sir:-Yours of

the 14th inst., was received per-mail this morning. The intelligence was cheering; these early evidences of the virtue and firm integrity of the saints speaks volumes in favor of their future prospects... What, dear brother, can withstand the truth when its advocates are uncompromising in their attachment to virtue and holy principles. Since the Since the world began, all the dispensations deliv-

ered to men of the living God, have been thrown into confusion by the introduction of doctrines and practices which were at war with godliness, and subversive of all that was good and noble. Hence the distraction of the religious world. some times past so great were the departures from truth, by those who pro-

Church of Jesus Christ, known to us, to them, they could save their own souls www.LatterDayTruth.org

only and not be able even to save a son applied to the professing world, are as ap-Such an attempt has Satan so completely to effect our overthrow, that " the few left who could not be corrupted could do nothing more than save their own souls; but the iniquity was discovered before the adversary had gotten the fangs of his corruption so fastened on us that we could not unfasten them.

I have been informed, since Mr. Page published his Bull, and subsequent departure from this place, that he had attempted to teach the doctrine of spiritual wives in this city some time since. This will account for his sudden departure from both this place and yours.

It would seem almost impossible that there could be found a set of men and women, in this age of the world, with the revelations of God in their hands, who could invent and propagate doctrines so ruinous to society, so debasing and demoralizing as the doctrine of a man having a plurality of wives; for it is the existence of this strange doctrine-worse than the strange fire offered on the altar, by corrupted Israel—that was at the root of all the evils which have followed, and are following in the church, the very mention, of which could not fail to redden the cheek of decency with a blush.

The whole of the revelations of God in all ages, charge the prophets and lead ers of the people, with being the authors of the corruptions, which from time to time overrun the people of God. We need not marvel then that like evils have befallen us. The crime of the people was that they loved to have it so, they were not charged with introducing the corruptions, but having pleasure in them after the prophets, and leaders, had introduced them. It is no small degree of satisfaction to me, to find the people rising in the exercise of their just rights, and casting off, not only the leaders, but those who are led by those corrupters, seducing spirits which introduce doctrines of demons.

Those who read the New Testament with care, cannot avoid seeing that the be plainer than that this abomination of apostles have declared that a corruption leading silly women astray, was to be a like that we complain of, was to make its secret thing-carried on privately, and appearance in the last days. See Second, Timothy, 3d chapter, from the 1st to the to their wickedness. "But they shall 9th verse inclusive. - These sayings proceed no further, for their folly shall which the apostles, at Nauvoo, have ap- be made manifest." Marin Control

plicable to themselves as to any others made on us, and was maturing his plan now living, or any others who have lived since the days of Paul. In the 6th verse we are told that "For of this sort are they which creep into houses, and lead captive silly women laden with sins, led away with divers lusts." Now of what sort are those who creep into houses and lead astray silly women? The answer is given in the preceeding verse. Persons that can do that are such as are without natural affection, boasters, proud inventors of evil things, heady, high-minded, lovers pleasure rather than lovers of God. When we see such men, as above described, they, according to Paul, would do other things, that is, enter into houses and lead astray silly women.

> That the Twelve and their adherents have entered into houses and led silly women astray, is a fact susceptible of the highest proof; and we are authorized by Paul to apply all the rest he has said to "For if this sort enter into houses. and lead astray silly women," what sort? we ask the before described religionists. for says Paul, "they have a form of godliness." The conclusion then is, that they effected the ruin of silly females, by, or through a form of godliness,

Paul says, the corruption he has described was to take place in the last days. Now, from this, the people of the last days are authorized to call any thing of the kind which may make its appearance it matters not by whom these corruptions were introduced, Prophet, Apostle, Evangelist, or Pastor, whosoever introduces them, has an account to settle with Paul in the great day when the affairs of the universe shall be adjusted before an umpire who cannot err, for either these doctrines and practices are corruptions, or else Paul stands charged with a departure from truth.

From what is said in the 9th verse, the iniquity complained of was to be a thing conducted in secret. "But they shall proceed no further, for their folly shall be manifest unto all men;" Nothing can the exposure of it was to put a final stop

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our next.

This secret working in matters of religion is, and always has been evidence of corruption. The saints always have been warned against the secret works of darkness; light and truth not only manifest themselves, but also make manifest the secret works of darkness, It is equally plain according to Paul, that no such thing could be carried on, however secretly it might be done, without defection. "For their folly shall be made manifest.

Those leaders of silly women, if they had recorded the segmentures might have

had regarded the scriptures, might have known that their race was a short one, and that their wickedness would be made manifest; for thus had Paul written more than 1700 years ago, and as proof that Paul was inspired behold it has come to pass in our day and before our eyes.

It is a fact so well known, that the Twelve and their adherents have endeavored to carry on this spiritual wife business in secret, that I hardly need mention it here, and have gone to the most shameful and desperate lengths, to keep it from the public. First, insulting innocent females, and when they resented the insult, these monsters in human shape would assail their characters by lying, and perjuries, with a multitude of desperate men to help them to effect the ruin of those whom they had insulted, and all this to enable them to keep these corrupt practices from the view of the world. I could bring facts which can be established in any court of justice, in relation to these vile abominations practised under the garb of religion that would make humanity blush. No falsehood too great, and no perjury too daring, in order to conceal these heaven-daring abuses of mankind; but I say in the language of Paul, they shall go no further, for their folly is now being made manifest, and will not cease until it is manifest unto all.

How often have these men and their accomplices stood up before the congregation, and called God and all the holy Angels to witness, that there was no such doctrine taught in the church; and it has now come to light, by testimony which cannot be gainsaid, that at the time they thus dared heaven and insulted the world, they were living in the practice of these enormities; and there were multitudes of their followers in the congregation at the time who knew it. These things only tend to confirm the fact that the church of

Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints is the true church of God, for we now see in that body fulfilling, what the Apostles and Prophets said should take-place in that order of things which God acknowledged. According to both prophets and apostles, the true church in the last days would be tried, with all the corruptions which had overthrown all the previous orders, kingdoms, or churches which God had set up; and before she could be exalted to her true glory, to overcome all the inventions of Satan or of man: but more of this in

you, I would call on all the saints into whose hands this may come, to arise and deliver themselves from the corruption, disorder and ruin, that satan through the Twelve as instruments, designs to bring upon them, know ye that no strange thing has befallen you, that an attempt is being made upon you by those in high authority, and those who are arrogating to themselves authority in violation of the order of heaven.

Dear Brother, through this letter to

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TO BE CONTINUED

To all the Members of the Church of

__Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 15, 1844,

I embrace the present opportunity of saying to you all, that after a very eareful investigation of the claims of Elder S. Rigdon to the office of the First Presidency of the Church, I am satisfied they are not only just but lawful, and as far as this matter is concerned I have made up my mind, not from either any personal preference or animosity, but from the law or rules of the Church, as found in the book of Doctrine and Covenants and Book of Mormon.

It is abundantly evident to my mind that the quorum of the Twelve and others have excited a certain portion of the Church to reject Elder Rigdon, (which is a most horrid outrage upon the laws of the same,) from a fear he would bring them to an account, or in other words, to justice for teaching and practising the doctrine of polygamy. They of course reasoned from the well known fact, that he has always heen a determined op-

And allow me here to inform you, that it is my intention at present, to publish as

ponent to any thing of the kind.

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soon as possible, a work in which I shall | of the character of this attempt, and of the charcancel the claims of Elder Rigdon at length, acter of those who could condescend to it. I and expose the advocates of the "Spiritual Wife System" by referring you to facts and evidence of the most undoubted author-

ity. Yours respectfully, B. WINCHESTER.

To the Editor of the "Messenger and Advocate."

DEAR SIR: Will you please insert the above in your paper, and accept of an assurance that you have my best wishes for the prosperity of your (by me contemplated,) valuable paper, and oblige B. W. ${f Y}$ ours.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, OCT. 15, 1844.

The "Times and Seasons," and the "Nauvoo

Neighbour," published at-Nauvoo, Illinois, are busying themselves about us exceedingly, though the editor says he reluctantly obtrudes our name before the public. Now if he would be as reluctant to publish falsehoods about us when he does obtrude our name upon the public, it would be as creditable to him. The old saying that "drowning men catch at straws" is fulfilled to the letter in the editors weak attempt to injure us. He has strained hard to squeeze out something by which he could make an unfavorable impression on the public mind. We wrote a letter which was published in the People's Organ, at St. Louis, Mo., stating facts and nothing else but facts, in relation to what took place, on our visit at Nauvoo a few weeks since; and the editor and Mr. Hyde, who have both written on the subject, knew this as well as we, and they know it now: but by giving publicity to an ignorant farce which came off in Nauvoo, they thought to impeach our character, but in this weak and ignorant attempt they will fail.

What is the matter of complaint? It is this: We said that the only erime we committed was, that there were a number of gentlemen who wished to return with us to Pittsburgh. This they say was false, and to prove it, publish an investigation, said to have been had in Nauvoo, when we were charged with trying to divide the church. Now, how were we dividing the church? The only ground of this charge was that a number of persons were desirous of returning with us to Pittsburgh, and these defamers knew it. It is this they call dividing the church, and then say they opposed us for dividing the church, and not because that there were those who desired

to go with us to Pittsburgh. Now, reader, judge

here leave them to enjoy all the pleasure their situation can give-they are welcome to it.

But there was another and greater cause for their opposition to us than the crime of having those at Nauvoo whose personal friendship made them desire to be where they could enjoy our society. Gentle reader, do you'desire to know what it was? Well, it is your right, as well as the right of saint and sinner to know it. Know then, that the so called Twelve aposiles at Nauvoo, are now teaching the doctrine of, what is called Spiritual Wives: that a man may have morewives than one, and they are not only teach-

ing it but practising it, and this doctrine is spread-

ing alarmingly through that apostate branch of

the church of Latter Day Saints. Their greatest objection to us was our opposition to this doctrine, knowing, as they did, that we had got the fact in possession, it created alarm, great alarm. every effort was used while we were there to effect something that might screen them from the consequences of exposure. This is what Mr. Hyde had an allusion to on the steam boat at St. Louis, when he felt such an interest in our welfare, as he said, as to request us. not for his sake or his fellow apostles sake, but for our own sake and salvation, to make any disclosures, lest we should have to retract and thereby be injured. Kind

man! how fatherly and apostolical this!

I now call upon the twelve, including Mr. J.

E. Page, to deny the existence of such a doctrine

among them, believed taught and practised by

This is the doctrine which has made what these men call the division in the church. deny it has made any division in the Church. The Church is taking Paul's advice, "From such turn away;" the Church is doing so. third chapter of Second Timothy, where this as well as other crimes are declared an apostacy, and the saints admonished to turn away from them. This the saints are doing, and that in great numbers too, and the separation will continue until all the saints are again found united in strict

obedience to the Doctrines and Covenants of the

Church.

This doctrine of a man having more wives than one, is the cause which has induced the twelve to put at defiance the ecclesiastical arrangements of the Church, and what is equally criminal, to do despite unto the moral excellence of the Doctrines and Covenants of the Church. setting up an order of things of their own in violation o all the rules and regulations known to the saints, and nowhere found in the Doctrines and Covenants of the Church, but by the authority of pretended secret communications made to themselves in the Secret Chambers, unknown to the Church only as they and some of their followers declare them, and these pretended secret communications, in direct contradiction to the written word contained in the Doctrine and Covenants of the Church.

These matters the saints are now investigating, and not only in Nauvoo but in other places to avoid these investigations, the twelve are getting up sham trials to stop the mouths of those who are determined to expose the corruptions of these transgressors. Let the saints look well to it. The time has come when the saints will have to come out and show themselves: the afternative with the saints is that they must either deny their faith or espouse the Spiritual Wife system and be taught by those who practise it, or else boldly and manfully join with those who have and are raising their voices against this most extraordinary of all doctrines, which is destroying the peace and sapping the foundation of the Church.

To satisfy the public that it was the Spiritual Wife system that caused our opponents at Nauvoo to oppose us, we give the following certificate, from a gentleman whose character stands too high for truth and veracity to be impeached by any man:

"I was at Nauvoo during all the time that Elder Sidney Rigdon was there on his last visit to that place, and am well acquainted with the cause of all the difficulties that existed, and now exist between him and the twelve and their adherents. It was said to me by many that they had no objection to Elder Rigdon but his opposition to the Spiritual Wife system.

"JOSEPH H. NEWTON."

We introduce this testimony to show that the twelve and their adherents, though they availed themselves of the circumstance of a number of the citizens of that place coming with us to Pittsburgh, to create an excitement against us, yet the whole was designed to guard against the disclosures which they had reason to fear would be made of the secret doctrines they were teaching at Nauvoo, and which they had openly denied in the world. They knew that if the true facts of the case were made known, that they must appear in rather an unfavorable point of light before the public, having at various times and on various occasions denied the existence of such doctrine with all the solemnities of an oath. The falsehood of such assertions are staring them in the face.

We felt it a duty we owed the public to say so much on this subject, in this number of our paper, with the intention to give the doctrine and practice under it an examination hereafter.

PROSPECTUS,

The Latter Day Saints

MESSSENGER AND ADVOCATE

As much doubt still remains on the public mind, as to the true doctrine of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints; the subscriber proposes to publish a paper in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of relieving the public mindfrom all dubiety in relation to the received and acknowledged dccrines of said church. The paper is to be entitled as above:

It will be the primary object of the editor to give a full and clear develvelopement of all the doctrines of said church, carefully distinguishing between the true religious belief of said church and the strange doctrines which have crept in unawares, and are maintained by somewho would fain make the public believe that they are the only legitimate authorities of the church whose claims shall be examined and exposed to the condemnation to which they are devoted by the doctrines and covenants which have been received, and on which the church was formed and organized.

formed and organized.

In resuscitating the Latter Day Saints' Messenger and Advocate; it is the intention of the subscriber to contend for the same doctrines,, order of church government and discipline, maintained by that paper when first published in Kirtland, Ohio.

It is to the public the subscriber must look for patronage to carry out his designs believing as he does, that the paper conducted, as he intends it shall be, on the broad principles of Christian charity, all be sufficiently interesting to the reading public, whether they do or do not belong to said church, to secure the necessary patronage; and in this belief, submits his proposals to the public,

SIDNEY RIGDON.

TERMS.—The Latter Day Saints Messenger and Advocate will be published Semi-Monthly, in pamphlet form, containing sixteen royal octavo pages, at one dollar per annum; payable in advance, in all cases.

Any person or persons forwarding the subscription price for five copies, shall be entitled to one gratis, and for ten two, and so on in proportion.

All letters addressed to the editor must be post

LATER BAY SAINT'S

LETTER TO JAMES M. GREIG.

Vol. I

It does not follow, as a consequence, that the religion thus corrupted is false later prove fatal to the world. What then, and not the truth of heaven; but the very | Dear Brother, shall we say? What can apostle guarded the saints of his and all those abuses, as defined by the sacred succeeding days against corrupting, as- writers, made their appearance, has suresuring them that in the last days a corruption would take place, was it not the the true church of Christ in the last days. true system of heaven? Surely it was. Was it not the system of heaven, where men [monsters] were to avail themselves pearance in the church of Christ in the of their apostolic and prophetic influence, and be lifted up in the pride of their hearts, become proud, boasters, inventors of evil things, truce breakers, incontinent, and abusers of themselves with mankind? It was. Was it not those who had a place among the saints, who were so farto depart from the fear of God, and the principles of decency, as to be sufficiently daring to put at defiance the laws of man and the 'toly principles of the institutions of heaven, as to enter into houses and lead astray silly women, laden with Need I answer it was. Was it nor the true religion of heaven, which all sacred writers both of the Old and New Testament, cautioned the world and all the saints against corrupting, and corrupting by certain defined abominations minutely detailed? All will answer it was.

fiance of all righteousness, and, with a bold effrontery, claiming the authority of the priesthood, that they might more effectually accomplish their corrupt design, and thereby bring the whole church of

The conclusion then is, that the true or-

der of God, in the last days, was in dan-

ger, imminent danger of being brought in-

to reproach and shame, by those who seek to gratify their carnal desires, in de-

God under condemnation before God; and so far sink it in the estimation of all, as

to render it odious in the eyes of the world. The true church of Christ, according to the testimony of both prophets and apostles, of olden time, was in this

danger in the last days. As to societies which the sacred writers never considered as of divine origin, they never thought

of guarding the world against corrupting. Their object, and their only object was to

PITTSBURGH, NOV. 1, 1844.

preserve the institutions and ordinances of of heaven from abuse: knowing, as they

did, that an abuse there would sooner or

No. 2.

What system was it that the any man say? Why, the society where ly a high degree of testimony that it is

> The corruptions which the sacred writers, of former days, said would make their ap-

last days, have made their appearance among us.

- Had Paul lived in our days, and looked at the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, he could not have described it more minutely: the very corruptions have made their appearance, that he said would take place in the Church of Christ in the last days.

Had not these corruptions appeared among us, we should have lacked one important testimony that we were the true church of Christ; but the appearance of these corruptions has added a testimony to those who desire to know the truth, that the kingdom of heaven is with us in distinction to all others.

It may well give us boldness in the faith, and great confidence before God, We may arise in the strength of truth, and purge these things out of our midst; knowing that the Lord will aid us; seeing we are doing as commanded, to "seperate ourselves from all such" workers of iniquity.

By this you and the branch of the church under your charge, will see that they have done well, and may take courage, nothing fearing, for the Lord will be with such to bless them.

It may be, that the saints may not be apprised of the fact, that the scriptures have pointed out the very things which should take place in the last days, in the true church of Christ; and that, a short time before Christ's coming. Let us hear the Savior while he yet tabernacled with man in the flesh.

In the twenty-fourth-chapter of Matthew, we have the Savior's own account of the things which should take place, at a time approaching his second coming. We shall confine ourselves to a few of those things which are so plain, as to admit no justifiable objection. After the Savior had said many things in the hearing of his disciples in reference to his second coming, he gives a warning to the world predicated on the things that should take place preparatory to his second advent into the world. He says this, commencing with 42d verse, "Watch therefore; for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come. But this know, that if the good man of the house had known in what watch the thief would come, he would have watched, and would not have suffered his house to have been broken up. :Therefore, be ye also ready, for in such an hour as ye think not the Son of man cometh, who then is a faithful servant-whom his Lord hath made ruler over his household, to give them meat in due season? Blessed is that servant whom his Lord when he cometh shall find so doing. Verily I say unto you, that he shall make him ruler over all his goods. But if that evil servant shall say in his heart that the Lord delayeth his coming; and shall begin to smite his fellow servants, and to eat and drink with the drunken; the lord of that servant shall come in a day when he looketh not for him, and in an hour that he is not aware of, and shall cut him asunder, and appoint him a portion with hypocrites: there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth. Then shall the kingdom of heaven be likened unto ten virgins which took their lamps and went forth to meet the bridegroom, and five of them were wise and five foolish."

Let me ask at what time was all this to take place, and among whom? Could there be two cases which more directly correspond? We think it would be hard to find them. If the Lord had not his eye on the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, in the foregoing sayings, by some strange fortuitous course of events, that church got itself precisely in the same situation the kingdom of heaven is there described as being in; and the whole matter fulfilled directly on their heads. Let the world take the case as it may, I think they must acknowledge that they are a strange set of mere chances.

upright in Nauvoo had many a painful hour of reflection, and many a deep feeling of mortification, at the eating and drinking with the drunken; and the smiting of the fellow servants; if not with a rod, with what was much worse, a tongue of falshood foul and fiendish? I might assert, without fear of exaggeration, that it was so, without one exception, for no righteous being could do otherwise.

Let me particularly call your attention to the fact, that the true church of Christ in the last days was to have a division in it, one unavoidable; it-was so said by the Savior 1800 years ago, and it could not fail. Now sir, if none of these things which have taken place in Nauvoo had taken place, then, indeed, the world might, with more propriety, doubt our being the true church of Christ; but since the scriptures are fulfilling to the letter. on our heads: I think that by proper reflection and investigation, they will change their minds.

But in relation to the division, it may be proper to say a few things. It was said, at the time when the disobedient and cruel servant was cut off, that the kingdom of heaven was like unto ten virgins, five wise and five foolish. Now I ask. who were the wise virgins? Those who continued to follow in the steps of the servant who had been cut off, or those who on the contrary, lifted their voice and wielded their influence against the evils which had caused the Lord to cut him officand against the corruptions which caused the Lord's displeasure. very little reflection will settle this matter to the full satisfaction of every honest inquirer. That which brought death to the servant could not bring life to the

people. It would be a vain attempt, on the part of any members of the kingdom of heaven, in going forth to meet the bridegroom, to expect to be welcomed to the marriage supper of the Lamb, while they were identified with, and engaged in the samepractice and practices, with him whom the Lord had cut off for sinning, and sinning unto death in so doing.

To carry out the measures of that servant or prophet, would be to bring death on all who did it, sooner or later.

Now, whatever society in the last days is the kingdom of heaven, acknowledged-Have not the hearts of the honest and so by the Savior himself, must pass

through the scene as described by him went forth to meet the bridegroom, and in the 24th and 25th chapters of Mat- five of them were wise, and five of them thew. This must be done or the scrip- were foolish," &c. If then, indeed sir, we, the of Jesus Christ or kingdom of heaven, then it needs only look and reflect, and all may understand that have eyes to see, or ears to hear. Concerning his second advent; he admonishes all to watch:

"And what I say unto you, I say unto all, watch." Mark, 13, 27. The Lord-was, actually, the Lord's servant, reason for this was, that he would come but a disobedient one. And what follows unexpectedly, 'as a thief in the night, in the 25th chapter, shows that this cut-Now, when was the Savior coming? In ting off was to have an immediate effect the last days surely. Who then was add on the church. Immediately after this monished to-watch? He says, all; but mournful event-for surely it must be so of necessity, the people of the last days to every thinking man-preparations in particular, in whose day he was to were made for going forth to meet the come; and the reason assigned for this ad- | bridegroom: it was then found that there monition was, that the servant who did were many without oil in their lamps: so should be blessed at his coming: he the consequence was, that a division took should be ruler of his master's goods, or was to take place at that time. Let But the Savior, foreseeing that this would hus ask, a division in what? The answer not be the case, says, beginning at the is given, in the kingdom of heaven, or 48th verse, "but if that servant shall say true church of God. in his heart, my lord delayeth his coming, - Dear Brother, I ask you, and through and shall begin to smite his fellow ser- this letter to you, all the saints, acquaintvants, and begin to eat and drink with the ed with facts as they exist, to lay this drunken, the lord of that servant shall case alongside the affairs of Nauvoo; and come in a day when he looketh not for then reflect and consider. him, and in an hour that he is not aware of, and shall cut him asunder, and appoint dence on this subject, I will invite your him his portion with hypocrites: and attention to some of the sayings of the there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth."

This servant, according to the Savior, was to be one who should make his appearance in the last days, and was one of the all whom he had warned to take care lest an awful fate awaited him: and if he did hot receive the admonition, he should be cut off. He was warned minutely, not to eat and drink with the drunken, or smite his fellow servants; for if he did he should be cut off. To whom then, in the last days, can this apply? whoever it is, or was, it was one the Lord acknowledged to be his servant, and he cut him off, because he refused to obey him. Persons, acquainted with the affairs at Nauvoo, will need no comment on the above words of the Savior.

What was to take place when this disobedient servant was to be cut off? We. are told in the 25th chapter, "Then shall ten virgins, which took their lamps and and the hoods, and the veils. And it shall

Mark this, that at the time when this Latter Day Saints, are the true church cutting off of the servant took place, two things immediately took place, or was to take place. The going forth to meet the bridegroom, and a division in the kingdom of heaven, or true church of Christ. No doubt can remain, but that the servant here spoken of, had been sent of the

But as the scriptures abound with eviprophet Isaiah, which only confirms what we have before written. In the 3d chapter of his prophecy, commencing at the

16th verse we have a description of Zion. "Moreover, the Lord saith, because the daughters of Zion are haughty, and walk with stretched-forth necks, and wanton eyes, walking and mincing as they go, and making a tinkling with their feet, therefore, the Lord will smite with scab the crown of the head of the daughters of Zion, and the Lord will discover their secret parts. In that day the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornament about their feet, and their cauls, and their round tires like the moon. The chains, and the bracelets, and the mufflers, the bonnets, and the ornaments of the legs, and the head-bands, and the tablets, and the ear-rings, the rings, and nose-jewels, the changeable suits of apparel, and the mantles, and the wimples, and the crispthe kingdom of heaven be likened unto ing-pins, the glasses, and the fine linen,

come to pass, that instead of sweet smell, there shall be stink; and instead of a girdle, a rent; and instead of well set hair, baldness; and instead of a stomacher a girding of sackcloth; and burning instead Thy men shall fall by the of beauty. sword, and thy mighty in the war. And her gates shall-lament and mourn; and she, being desolate, shall sit upon the ground. And in that day seven women shall take hold of one man, saying, we will eat our own bread, and wear our own apparel; only let us be called by thy name, to take away our reproach." A few remarks on the foregoing quo-

tation, will place the subject, in a point of light, so clear, that "he that runs may read."

What the prophet here said, he said about the daughters of Zion: "Moreover,"

the Lord said, "because the daughters of Zion are haughty," &c. All then that he says afterwards, he says about the daughters of Zion, and none others. He says, "they walk with stretched-forth necks and wanton eyes, walking and mincing as they go." The representation given of them, is that of pride, haughtiness, and shameful wantonness. In the preceding part of the 3d chapter he gives us a clue to the way they got means to enable them to gratify their corrupt desires. In the 14th verse we have the following remarkable sayings: "The Lord will enter into judgment with the ancients, [or elders] of his people, and the princes thereof; for ye have eaten up the vineyard; the spoil of the poor is in your houses. What mean ye, that you beat my people, and grind the faces of the poor? saith the Lord of hosts."

The prophet here charges the ancients or elders of the people, with spoiling the poor, eating up the vineyard, and having the spoil of the poor in their houses. The awful use made of this spoil of the poor, is but too clearly set forth. wasted on their lust. In consequence thereof, the daughters of Zion were to walk with stretched-forth necks, and wanton eyes; they were to have the spoil of the poor in their houses, and riot on the labor of others; and to finish their corruption and abomination, seven of them were to lay hold of one man, and say, we will eat our own food, and wear our own apparel; only let us be called by

This is an order of things, which I think has never existed but once, since the spread of Christianity in the world That a collection of females could be got together, capable of such extraordinary conduct must be a matter of astonishment to all; but the propnet said such a thing would take place, and that too, in the Zion of God; and God would enter into judgment with them for its

Let me here remark, that wherever this thing did take place, that society was one the prophet called Zion, or the people of God. No people on earth could go so far into corruption as a postate saints. Paul said of the Corinthian church in his day, that they had abominations among them which were not so much as named among the gentiles, that a man should have his father's wife.

Comment on the foregoing would be

unnecessary, if all the saints were acquainted with facts as we are. Let all those who are acquainted with Nauvoo, for two years past, just read and think. Let me ask, did not their eyes see the streets paraded by females, haughty and insolent, riding, parading and gallanting, not even to military trainings excepted, until one of the principal officers of the military gave them an open rebuke. Has it not been, and is it not now considered a reproach, by many, not to be united to some man as a wife, though he should have a half a dozen at a time? If it is not so, then they do not believe the doctrine they teach themselves. When these things are closely exam-

tween the description given of the daughters of Zion by Isaiah, and what has taken place in the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, that the conclusion is forced on the mind, that he, the prophet, had his eye on that church, and actually called that church Zion. But what gives this still greater force, is, that if the things spoken by Isaiah do not transpire in the church of Latter Day Saints,

ined there is so near a resemblance be-

then it is not the Zion of the last days: and their preaching vain, and their faith vain; for these things will take place in the Zion of God, in the last days. But now for the other side of this picture, for Isaiah does not stop here.

In the 4th chapter, 2d werse to the

say, we will eat our own food, and wear In the 4th chapter, 2d verse to the cur own apparel; only let us be called by close of the chapter, we have the following:

- - - I old an Doll Though in

Lord be beautiful and clorious, and the fruit of the earth shall be excellent and comely for them that are escaped of Israel. And it shall come to pass that he that is left in Zion; and he that remaineth in Jerusalem shall be called holy, even every one that is written among the living in Jerusalem: When the Lord shall have washed away the filth of the daughters of Zion, and shall have purged the blood of Jerusalem from the midst thereof, by the spirit of judgment, and the spirit of burning. And the Lord will create-upon every dwelling-place of Mount Zion, and upon her assemblies, a cloud! and smoke by day, and the shining of a flaming fire by night: for upon all the glory shall be a defence. And there shall be a tabernacle for a shadow in the day-time from the heat and for a place of refuge, and for a covert from storm and from

In the the 2d verse, the prophet says, "In that day shall the branch of the Lord be beautiful and glorious, and the fruit of the earth excellent and comely for them that are escaped of Israel."

We ask, in what day? Not the day when the daughters of Zion were rioting on the spoils of the poor, walking with stretched-forth necks, and wanton eyes, mincing as they went; when seven of them were laying hold on one man to take away their reproach: that was a day of transgression, when the women ruled over the people of Zion; when the poor were spoiled, the people beaten, and their faces ground. No beauty nor comeliness in that day; but there is a day, notwithstanding all this corruption, when whole Zion of the Lord, which had been rioting in abominations, and the spoils of the poor, shall be beautiful and glorious? No, gentle reader, no, but the Branch of the Lord—that which is escaped of the Israel of God—those that fled from these corruptions, and left them who were practising them, this branch shall become beautiful and glorious. When will it become beautiful and glorious? When the Lord shall have washed away the filth of the daughters of Zion? See verse 4th. What filth will the Lord wash away? Their prudery, seven of them clinging to one man, their pride, and their wanton-

"In that day shall the branch of the the beautiful and glorious, and the pit of the earth shall be excellent and mely for them that are escaped of Ised. And it shall come to pass that he has escaped. Here we might indulge ourselves in

inquiring into the situation of this branch of the Lord that is to become glorious. Mark, they were those who had escaped -who had fled from the corruptions of the polluted daughters of Zion. This is the branch that is to become glorious. The very fact of their having escaped. supposes that at one time they were in the midst of those who had corrupted their way before the Lord; and under such circumstances, must have much experience, having been acquainted, not only with the things which were according to the will of God, but also the corruptions and abominations, which caused the Lord to enter into judgment with those who had corrupted their way be-They had an opportunity of fore him. knowing what was, and what was not displeasing to the Lord. They had seen the Zion of God before it was corrupted, the peace, the joy, the union which prevailed, the good will which reigned; and they had seen it after it was corrupted; and could see and feel the change, the great change, which took place after the corruptions complained of by the prophet had crept in, and men and women began to riot on the spoils of the poor, and have stretched-forth necks, and wanton eves. In all these matters, they were the best judges, and the only competent judges on earth. They had seen prophets lead the people astray, and enter into houses and seduce silly women, laden with sins.

Men may read of these things, and say in their hearts, they are evil, but a man who has seen them with his eyes, and heard them with his ears, knows something about them, that no other could know. He is better prepared to guard himself and others against these, and all other abominations, than those who have never had the same experience could be.

come beautiful and glorious. When will it become beautiful and glorious? When the Lord shall have washed away the filth of the daughters of Zion? See verse 4th. What filth will the Lord wash away? Their prudery, seven of them clinging to one man, their pride, and their wantonness, their rioting on the spoils of the poor. When the Lord is doing this with

A Latter Day Tr

Lord which had escaped was every way qualified to become beautiful and glorious; and, if we can credit Isajah, none others were, for it was the branch which had escaped the corruptions he'had there described, that should become beautiful and glorious, and after that branch had become beautiful and glorious, the fruit of the earth was to become excellent and comely for them.

Let the saints and all others reflect on and glorious. This the prophet says was The whole glory of the world, if to take place in the Zion of God; and it is we are authorized to credit Isaiah, which only in the last days it can take place. is to come to pass in the last days, is to begin with a branch of the Lord, which is escaped from the corruptions of those with whom, at one time, they were connected; a people who had so far departed from all the principles of truth and decency, as for seven of their women to take hold on one man and be called by his name; a people that could riot on the spoils of the poor, and grind their faces; and all this under the garb of religion. If you can find any such a branch as that, know that it shall be glorious, for the Lord, by the mouth of Isaiah, hath spo-And all those who wish to be sharers in the glory, let them be partakers with this branch, and they cannot

That the things here spoken of by Isaiah, were to take place in the last days, is manifest from what he says in the last part of this 4th chapter. It is there said, after the Lord has purged away the filth of the daughters of Zion, he will create upon every dwelling-place of Mount Zion and upon her assemblies, a cloud and smoke by day, and the shining of a flaming fire by night; for upon all the glory shall be a defence. And there shall be a tabernacle for a shadow in the day-time from the heat, and for a place of refuge,

and from a covert from storm and from

fail, or the scriptures fail.

rain. All who are at all acquainted with matters and things as they now exist, or have. The Savier said that before his second adexisted, since the days of Isaiah, know vent he should have an evil servant, whom that no such things as the above have exist- he had appointed to give meet to his house ed since his day, but if his testimony is in due season, who, instead of so doing. true, they are to exist after the Lord has would go to eating and drinking with the purged away the filth of the daughters of drunken, and to smiting his fellow servants, Zion, and purged away the blood of Jern- and that he would cut off that servant, in salem, by the spirit of burning and the an hour when he did not look for it. This spirit of judgment. And this purging, and also has actually taken place, not only the

is through this branch that all the glory is to come,.

Then indeed, in the true Zion of God. in the last days, there were to be systems of corruption, wanton women, and dissolute men, that were to corrupt themselves and cause the judgments of God to be revealed against them, and to cause a separation, and a branch to go forth from them, which in the end is to become beautiful

Now, if the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, is the Zion of God, then fellow saint and sinner, the whole story of

the spiritual wife system is told; and that it is the true church of Christ, let the corruptions of that body speak for themselves. He that hath eyes may see, and he that hath ears may hear, and he that has a heart may understand, for the very corruptions which Isaiah said should take place among the daughters of-Zion, have taken place in that church, not only the corruption, but the separation also, and all the rest will doubtless follow. Now let me call the attention of all the

saints to the facts already disclosed. have seen by the writings of Paul that in the last days, in the church of Christ, an apostacy was to take place, that men were so far to depart from the true faith, and to be so completely led by seducing spirits, as to go into houses and lead astray silly women, laden with sins, and that too, under the sanctity of religion. This thing has actually taken place in the church of Latter Day Saints.

Isaiah says that in the Zion of God the

men would become oppressors, and live

on the spoils of the poor, and the women would become wanton, and seven of them would take hold on one man, to be called by his name, the same as to become his wife. This also has taken place in Nauvoo. this burning, is not to take place until after eating and drinking with the drunkenthe branch of the Lord has escaped; for it smiting the fellow servants—but the cutsengers.

ted.

ting off also, and that at an unexpected The kingdom of heaven, according to the hour; for that servant did say, not long be hifirst, was likened to a man that sowed good fore his death, that he would live five years | seed in his field, but while he slept an enfrom the time he delivered the prophecy, but behold in an hour unexpected, he was cut off. The Lord said that at the time,

or in the days preparatory to his coming,

that the mighty men of Zion should fall in the war. This has also taken place. Let the reader ponder these things in his heart, for one thing is certain, and that is, that what the prophets, apostles, and the Savior himself said, should take place in the last days in the Zion of God, has taken place in the church of Latter Day Saints, be they, or be they not the church of Christ; and to finish the whole, it was said that among the things which were to take place, was that of a division in the church. This is now taking place before the eyes of all living, and a branch that separated was to

determine this.

It may here not be amiss while on the subject of the division, to attend to some of the Savior's words, in addition to those already noticed. In the 13th chapter of Matthew, beginning with the 25th verse, to the 35th, inclusive, we read as follows: Another parable put he forth unto them. saying, the kingdom of heaven is likened unto a man which sowed good seed in his field; but while men slept, his enemy came and sowed tares among the wheat and went his way. But when the blade was sprung up, and brought forth fruit, then appeared the tares also. So the servants of the householder came and said unto him, Sir, didst not thou sow good seed in thy field? from whence hath it tares? He said unto them, an enemy had done this. The servants said unto him, wilt thou that we go and gather them up? But he said, nay; lest, while ye gather up the tares, ye root up also the wheat with them. Let both

"Another parable put he forth unto themsaying, the kingdom of heaven is like to a grain of mustard-seed, which a man took and sowed in his field; which indeed is the least of all seeds; but when it is grown it is the greatest among herbs, and becometh a tree so that the birds of the air come and lodge in the branches thereof."

the time of harvest I will say unto the reap-

gather the wheat into my barn."

The Savior put forth three parables.

emy came and sowed tares in the field, both of which, the owner of the field said, should grow together till the harvest, and at the time of harvest, the reapers were to gather the tares, and bind them into bundles to be burned; but the wheat was to be gathered into the barn. This parable the Savior explains to his disciples, see the 37th verse, and onward. 'He that sowed the good seed, was the Son of man; the field, the world; the good seed, the children of the kingdom; the tares, the childrenof the wicked one; the enemy that sowed them, the devil; the harvest, the end of the world; and the reapers, the angels or mes

become beautiful and glorious. Time will church that Christ was to set up in the world, and if so, it must be the kingdom spoken of by Daniel, was to be corrupted. and in consequence the Lord's messengers were to make a separation in it. were tares, and there was wheat in it which had to be separated from the other. After this separation the kingdom of heaven was to be like a grain of mustard seed, which a man took and planted in his garden, which is, indeed, the least of all seeds, but when it is grown is the greatest of herbs so that the fowls of heaven come and lodge in the branches thereof. This was to take place after the tares were separated-after

dom of heaven is like leaven which a wo-

man took and hid-in three measures of

meal, until the whole was leavened. This

also was to be after the tares were sepera-

If any should doubt this, let me ask

The king-

the division had taken place.

He spake another paraple.

This parable, as explained by the Savior,

shews the fact, that the last kingdom or

could a society, that was like tares and wheat, produce this effect leaven the whole grow together until the harvest; and in lump, change the nature of the whole world and bring it into subjection to the will of God, when in itself there was corers, gather ye together first the tares, and bind them in bundles to burn them; but ruption, and material only fit to be burned? All will answer it could not, no society or order of things could change the nature of the world as leaven changes meal, and cleanse it so as to render it fit for the society of heaven, while it had a mass of corruption in itself, such as the kingdom of heaven was to have, when it had tares as well as wheat in it. The separation must take place—the tares prepared for the burn-

ing, and then the kingdom might tower as

the mustard stalk, until the fowls of heaven might lodge in the branches thereof, and then, and not till then, could it leaven the whole lump.

What more need we say then to let all the saints see the precise situation of the church at present, and what awaits the whole church in futurity. The branch which has escaped after the separation is complete, become beautiful and glorious; and the tares be prepared for the burning.

The corruptions which have spread and are spreading in that apostate and corrup branch of the church at Nauvoo, is one of the strong evidences which go to prove the church of latter day saints to be the true church of Christ: for in it are fulfilling the words of the prophets, of the apostles, and All are fulfilof the Savior of the world. ling to the letter.

The church has now reached an interesting and important point in prophecythe period where the holy writers begin to It had, according to date its prosperity. all the sacred writers, to pass a severe scene of trial and affliction, before its prosperity could come. Corruptions must infect the head itself, before it could be prepared to go forth and meet the bridegroom. And the Lord had to show his disapprobation of the corruptions introduced, by cutting off his evil servant. After that it had to pass the severe trial of separating the wheat and tares—which is now especially going on-before it could tower and spread so that the fowls of heaven could come and lodge in the branches thereof; and like leaven, leaven the whole lump. this work of trial, affliction and purification. then comes the time when the separated branch, which has been enabled to pass the ordeal, and neither faint by the way nor get corrupted, to become beautiful and glorious, through the triumph of which, the fruit of the earth was to become excellent and comely. Well then may the saints lift up their heads and rejoice, seeing the prophecies of both the old and new Testament are fully ling before their faces, and they, the honored among men, whom the Lord has chosen, that the words of the prophets might not fail, and the testimony of Jesus be fulfilled in the eyes of all living, that all might be left without excuse at his coming. Well may they gird up their loins and prepare for the coming of the bride-

day approaching.

spoken of by all the holy men of old are now passing before our eyes; the mustard seed is planting—the leaven is about being put into the meal—the branch is separating. and all things are now making ready.

All opinions about the Savior's coming

are vain, unless they are founded on the fulfilment of the ancient prophecies. Every

thing there said, preparatory to his coming must be fulfilled, before he comes. It is equally so with regard to the church of Christ in the last days, all things spoken of it by the prophets must be fulfilled. The corruptions which they said should be introduced into it must defile it. When Christ said that in the days preparatory to his coming, he would have an evil-servant -for so he called him-and that he would cut him off at an unexpected hour, this: must take place, or the words of the Savior-fail. So certain then, as ever Christ was to

raise up a man in the last days to lay the foundation of a great work, just so certain it was, that that servant would be cut off: for he that said one, said the other. sure then as ever there was to be any true church in the last days, so sure it was that it would-be corrupted, for the same spirit of prophecy indicted one that did the other; and so certain as the church of Christ in, the last days was corrupted—and that was as sure as it existed—so sure it was, that part of that corruption was the leading of silly women astray; and so sure as the true church of Christ was to exist in the last days, so sure, by reason of the corruptions in it, it was to divide, and sure as it divided the branch that separated was to become

Why then, if we claim to be the church of Christ in the last days, should the things which have transpired be matters of surprise or fear. The various systems in the world which lay claim to be the latter day work of God, to prepare the way of the Son of man, are all founded on principles at war with the prophecies, and in op. position to them; the work of God in the last days was to be a work through which all the prophecies, which had preceded the time of its commencement in the world, that had not been fulfilled, should be fulfilled. We then have this claim to be the true church of Christ, that the prophecies are now fulfilling in our midst, groom; for behold he cometh according to that the very things the Savior, prophets The way is preparing, and the and apostles, said should take place in the The things long since last days, are taking place with us, and no

beautiful and glorious.

where else: that we are indeed the church of Christ in truth? If this is not giving to the world the testimony that we are the true church, I know not what could do it.

The saints then have but one thing to do in relation to these abusers of themselves with mankind, that is, turn away from them and be separate, and touch not this unclean thing, but let those be clean who bear the vessels of the Lord. Separate, ve saints of the most high, from this sink of corruption, that the branch of the Lord may be glorious: for it is the separated branch that shall become beautiful and glorious, and through whom the Lord will bring peace to the earth, and though the separated branch should, at first, be among the societies of the world as a grain of mustard among seeds, vet, it shall grow and tower until the fowls of heaven come and lodge in the branches thereof; or though it should be in comparison as the leaven which is put into the meal, with the meal itself, yet, it will not cease until it has leavened the whole lump.

Thus hath the Lord spoken, "and he that bath cars to hear, let him hear.

- SIDNEY RIGDON.

To the Members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Duy Saints.

BRETHREN BELOVED: - The time has come, in the dispensations of the Most High to the Saints of the last days, when it becomes absolutely necessary for every man, for every woman, for every individual who essays to be saved in the kingdom of God, to set their feet afresh upon the rock, of which the Saviour has emphatically declared, "the gates of hell shall never prevail against it,"

The time has fully come, in the history of the Church of the living God, established for the last time, when it is made a sacred and paramount duty, for every individual who would maintain the integrity of the Covenant which he has entered into with God, to lift up the voice as with the sound of a trumpet-to cry aloud and spare not.

A heaven-daring apostacy-an ufter and entire departure from the principles of eternal life, as they are revealed to us in the Bible, Book of Morman, and Book of Covenants, has occurred in our midst; and it remains with us individually to determine, whether we shall take part with God and righteousness, truth and virtue, or, turn again to the weak and beggarly elements of sin, and thereby forfeit all-claim, right,

What higher evidence then, I title, interest or promise; to the glorious rest of God, and the ultimate beatitude of the celestial kingdom. Nothing less than this is the issue which now presents itself for our deliberate and solenin determination.

> In discussing a subject of such transcendant import, it behaves us to use great plainness of speech, and to distinctly keep in view the solemnities of the eternal judgment.

It will not be disputed, that the church of Christ is eminently a system of order, and happily we all recognise the precise means by which we shall determine in what that organization consists—an appeal to the doctrine and Covenants of the Church, as made known by revelation of which the Lord has declared in his preface to the Book of Commandments: "Behold I am God and have spoken it, these commandments are of me, and were given unto my servants in their weakness, after the manner of their language, that they might come to understanding, and inasmorth as they erred, it might be made known, and inasmuch as they sought wisdom, they might be instructed, and inasmuch. as they sinned, they might be chastened; that they might repent; and inasmuch as they were humble, they might be made strong, and bless-

We are perfectly safe then in concluding that a departure to the right or left, from the things written in that Book, is an apostacy from the truth of God, a departure from the order of Heaven, for we are expressly told to search these commandments, for they are true and faithful, and the prophecies and promises which are in them shall all be fulfilled. To this end therefore were they given "that

ed from on high, and receive knowledge from

time to time." Sect. 1.

trust in the arm of flesh, but that every man & might speak in the name of God, the Lord, even the Savior of the world." To the law and the testimony then, if they speak not according to that, it is because there is no truth in them.

man should not counsel his fellow man, neither

The first point which demands our serious consideration, is the channel of communication. between God and the Church; if the Lord God has ordained by immulable counsel and decree, a certain fixed order, through which he speaks to the Church, it must be all important that we make no mistake here, or of necessity that we cut offall communication with the heavens, and cease to be in connexton therewith as the body of Christ. What says the law? "And again the duty of the president of the office of the high priesthood is to preside over the whole

church, and to be like unto Moses. Behold here is wisdom, yea to be a seer, a revelator, a translator and a prophet, having all the gifts of God, which he bestows upon the head of the Church." Here, then, the matter is put clearly, definitely, and forever at rest. The president of the high priesthood, that is the presiding president of the three first presidents of the Church, is the legal organ of communication to the Church, and no other. Que. If the Church sy solution, by a, "thus saith the Lord:" should cut off the head, and place the hand of foot at the head, would God ever speak to them through those members? Most assuredly not. He would lugh them to scorn, and damn them for their pains. Whose prerogative then is it to place this head to the Church? God's alone. The presiding triune must be pointed out by the voice of the Almighty.

We are prepared then to enter upon the examination of those thrilling events, which have absorbed our attention for some time, and by a rigid adherence to the word of him who cannot lie, we shall be able to arrive at a correct understanding of the whole matter. Who then is that individual who sustains the important relation of revelator to the Church, for he alone is competant to a reorganization of the presidency, for without that organization we have not the order of God, and consequently never can triumph gloriously.

Fortunately, most providentially, this matter is stripped of all ambiguity, and is made clear as a sunbeam to the believer in the revelations of Jesus Christ.

Sidney Rigdon is the only man, who has been pointed out again and again, by the voice of Israel's God, as sustaining that relation—hear him: Sect. 84, part 5. "And now verily I say unto you, (Joseph Smith, and Sidney Rigdon,) I give unto you a commandment, that you continue in the ministry and Presidency, and when you have finished the translation of the prophets, you shall from henceforth preside over the affairs of the church and the school; and from time to time as shall be manifested by the comforter, receive revelations to unfold the mysteries of the kingdom, and set in order the churches, and study and learn; and become acquainted with all good books, and with languages, tongues and people. And this shall be your buisness and mission in all your lives, to preside in council and set in order all the affairs of this church and kingdom."

If this is the word of God in very deed, then is Sidney Rigdon, beyond all cavil or dispute the called of God, to preside over his Church, and Kingdom and the lawful revelator to the same. Suppose I disown and disavow him as a revelator, will that frustrate the purposes of God.-Suppose any number or individuals should do the same thing will that thwart the designs of Jeho-Verily nay.

The question for us to determine then, is, not whether the Twelve, the Fifty, or the Seventy have rejected Elder Rigdon, but whether the

great God has rejected him. Happily this guestion is capable also of an ea-

"I have sent forth the fullness of my gospel. by the hand of my servant Joseph: and in weakness have I blessed him, and I have given unto him the keys of the mystery of those things which have been sealed, even things which were from the foundation of the world, and the things which shall come, from this time until the time

of my coming, if he abide in me, and if not, an other will I plant in his stead." According to this declaration of the Lord, Joseph Smith was to stand in the office in which he

was then placed, until the coming of the Son of Man, unless he transgressed, when the Lord declares he would plant another in his stead; acain. this other was to be appointed by Joseph himself. "If he shall transgress he shall have no power except to appoint another in this stead."

Where them is the man called of God by revelation, and ordained by Joseph Smith, as a prophet, seer, and revelator for the church? Sidney Rigdon, and Sidney Rigdon alone.

The conclusion is therefore inevitable, that either the word of God has failed, or Sidney Rigdon is planted by God himself in the stead of Joseph Smith. Let God be true, if all men should be found liars. Why then was Sidney Rigdon rejected by the Twelve, and all their adherents, and an order of things instituted n di-

rect violation of the order of God? The answer is plain, because they have lost the light of the spirit of God, and are involved in Egyptian darkness; "if the light that is in you become darkness, how great is that darkness."

It now becomes necessary to touch upon another fact which affords us a key, by which we may unriddle the whole mystery of this extraordinary condition of things.

There has been taught in the church a doctrine, which to a man with the revelations of Godin his hand may be deemed the most daring and damning that could be imagined to exist amongany people, because it is the prolific parent of every vice, and the whole catalogue of crime follows in its frain as naturally and necessarily as water will find its level. Need I say I allude to the spiritual wife system; to cover up this system, lying was taught to be justifiable, and a ser

mon was publicly preached, to inculcate the idea and establish the tenet; that under certain cir cumstances, it was rather meritorious to lie. Be it remembered, that there is no sin, which has called forth the signal wrath of Almighty God, more fully than the sin of adultery; and therefore the Lord declared he would "cut off from Israel head and tail, branch and rush in one day, The ancient and honorable, (que. Patriarch) he is the head; and the prophet that teacheth lies, he is the tail. For the leaders of this people cause them to err. and they that are led of them are destroyed." Was Joseph Smith cut off for transgression? I answer, if the Lord is to be believed he was; for he expressly promises that if Joseph abided in him, he should stand in the office in which he was placed, until the coming of the Son of Man. If Joseph is not living, and the Son of Man is not come, he must, admitting the word of God, be cut off for transgression. Admitting this fact, we must conclude, that he

transgressed the law of God; the question then arises, how did he transgress the law of God? I answer, he taught the doctrine that a man could have ten wives; the Lord has declared "thou shalt have one wife, and cleave unto her and none else."

Joseph taught that David did not sin in having many wives, only in the case of Uriah.

The Lord declares, Book of Mormon, Book of Jacob, 2d chapter, "David and Solomon truly had many wives and concubines, which thing was abominable before me, saith the Lord."

But do these men who have arrogated to themselves the authority, who have at one fell swoop blotted the first presidency out of existence, laid violent hands on the reins of government, and delivered over to the buffetings of the devil him whom God has planted in the stead of Joseph Smith—do these men preach and practice the doctrine of polygamy? They do. And coupled with Sidney Rigdon's uncompromising hostility to that doctrine gives us the key by which we can understand the otherwise incomprehensible fatuity, which could lead them to set at complete defiance the order of heaven.

Let us now examine the ostensible ground on which they reject Elder Rigdon. First, because he claims to hold keys and authority above any man or set of men in this church, even the Twelve; a grave charge truly; in the estimation of men who are determined to disregard the callings and ordinations of heaven.

Second. Because he ordained men without consulting the Twelve! Mark this was after he had been rejected by the Twelve and a majority of the

church, as the first President of the church; and the Twelve invested with plenary powers, as the presidency thereof, so far, at least, as the voice of their adherents could accomplish it; in short, after they had cut themselves off from the kingdom of God, and Sidney Rigdon was commanded in effect to stand aside and let better men take the front rank; and this, too, in spite of the uniform doctrine of Joseph Smith, that no man can ever be put down except by transgression.

Thirdly. "Sidney Rigdon claimed no authority

and jurisdiction over the Twelve or the church,' after they had rejected him!

**Rourthly. "He is charged with seeking to divide the church." What is the evidence adduced to sustain this charge! Orson Hyde says, "one of Mr. Rigdon's party said to his brother so and so; and his brother told Orson Hyde so and so."—
Brethren, is not such a course of procedure enough to rouse the indignation of every honest man! Do these men really think the revelations of Jesus Christ are all a phantom.

Sidney-Rigdon never sought to proselyte a single person, it was to those only who sought his counsel and instruction to whom he revealed the purposes of God. He manifested no anxiety as to the result. He knew the great God would sustain him, and bear him off victoriously.

Fifthly. Sidney Rigdon declared: "I shall feel

it my duty to publish the transactions of the secret chambers, and a faithful history of the works of darkness." Oh here lies the gist of the whole matter; treason to the cause of spiritualwife-ism, to that accursed doctrine which makes a man's glory depend upon the number of his wives; which makes that a stepping stone to exaltation which God has a thousand times declared is the high road to hell.

By the assisting grace of God, my voice shall he raised, my pen shall be wielded, in defence of the pure principles of eternal life; and in opposition to the demoralizing, degrading and danning; doctrines of Antichrist.

But Sidney Rigdon and his friends are charged with an intention to bring a mob upon Nauvoo so far from it, we will not, we dare not, we have no disposition directly or indirectly to injure the hair of the head of a living being; we are too firm believers in the principle, the same measure which you meet to others, the same measure, shall be measured to you again, and have moreover had too strong a demonstration of the truth of that saying of our Saviour, ever to desire to test its validity afresh.

But we do charge home the mob spirit upon

the dominant party in Nauvoo, we do-say they have carried their measures by mob law, they have not regarded the statutes of heaven, they have essayed to cut off from the church multitudes, to whom they would grant no opportunity of trial and defence, they have trampled under foot the free expression of opinion and the laws of the land, and are, therefore, if any acts can define them, both tyrants and mobocrats.

In view of all these abominations, you may be ready to ask, is not your confidence lessened in the truth of the work of God of the last days in the Bible, Book of Mormon, and Book of Covenants? Not in the least; I know these things for myself and that the purposes of the Almighty, as foretotd by the Prophets, the Savior and the Apostles, will all be fulfilled, and I have this additional testimony, having been eye and ear witness to the truth of a chain of prophecies, from Isaiah to John the Rev elator, regarding the work of God of the last .

I, therefore, in the name of my Lord and master. Jesus Christ, whose unworthy servant I am, call upon all those, who love him in sincerity and truth, and who are willing to exhibit their love in the only way by which it can be known, that is, by keeping his commandments; to give heed to that servant whom the Lord has planted in the stead of Joseph Smith, and turn away from those who teach and practice doctrines contrary to the law and the holy commandments delivered unto

Your brother in the new and everlasting covenant. SAMUEL BENNETT

The Gospel as proclaimed by the Apostles with the attendant circumstances .- The gospel comes to the world, not only in its origin, but in all its parts, as the scheme of heaven, and all its advobelieve and obey it. No right to alter or amend, add or diminish and all attempts of the kind are received with abhorrence by all believers of every sect! they may, whether it is altered or not, all In doing with the gospel by the consent if we credit the plain declarations of of all, we have to do entirely with reve- of scripture, there is no obedience on the lation whatever is written on the subject, part of heaven acknowledged, and no

by the consent of inspiration, is the only blessing promised.

source to which we can safely go for information in relation to it, or any part of it. It is then, of the first importance, that we let the inspired writers give their own account of the matter, from first to last; and all that is left for us, is to judge for ourselves, whether, in the course of human events, we have adhered closely to its doctrines and precepts, or whether we have departed from them.

The sacred writers claim for it the only power to save men. All other schemes, it matters not how specious or how fascinating, are in the matters of salvation unavailing, and have no power unto salvation. Salvation comes alone by the gospel; and by nothing else. He who does not embrace it must be damned; let his character be what it may, from a deyout-Cornelius to a persecuting Casar: for "he that believeth not shall be damned;" are the words of its divine author himself, after he had risen from the dead, and claimed all power in heaven and on earth. Not only was it heaven's plan for saving individuals, but it was the only means by which the world could be saved from destruction; for the divine author said, after his ascension, he would come again "in flaming fire, taking vengeance on them that know not God, and obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ." 2d Thessalonians, 1st chapter and 8th God has therefore ordained the yerse. gospel as the way of acceptance with, and the rule of obedience to Jesus Christ; without receiving its doctrines, and obeying its precepts, no acceptance with, no reverence to Christ is acknowledged. The mandate which has gone forth from of old to the kings and judges of the earth, is to be wise and to be instructed, cates claim for it the right of Divine au- and to serve the Lord with fear, and rethority; from its first promulgators joice with trembling. To kiss the Son through all successive ages to the pre-lest he be angry, and you perish from the All, helievers in it disclaim all way, when his wrath is but a little kindled. right of interference with it, other than And he says, "Blessel are all they [the kings and judges that put their trust in him." 2d Psalm, 10, 11, 12, verses. If the kings and judges of the earth are ever blessed it must be by obeying Jesus whatever, let the facts of the case be as Christ, and if they ever obey him; they must do it by receiving the gospel, and equally disclaim the right of so doing. obeying all its precepts, for without this,

subject, let us attend to what the promul-guage cannot be mistaken; it is definite gators of the gospel have said, themselves, as well as authoritative. A curse is pro-in the books of inspiration. We will be nounced upon any man, who will venture gin with the Savior. fore his ascension, to his disciples, as re- which the Galatians had received; and corded by Mark, in the 16th chapter of an angel from heaven, if he dare prehis narrative of gospel, as it is called, 15, some to preach any other gospel, than 16, 17, and 18th verses read thus, "And that which Paul had preached, had a he said unto them, go ve into all the curse given for a departure from itworld, and preach my gospel to every even the smallest. The result would be creature. He that believeth and is bap- that whoever ventured to do it would be tised shall be saved, and he that believeth, cursed, instead of saving themselves and not shall be damned; and these signs shall others, and that for the surest of all reafollow them that believe, in my name sons, because the preacher of this gospel shall they cast out devils; they shall speak had obtained it by revelation of Jesus with new tongues; they shall take up Christ. serpents, and if they drink any deadly This same apostle in addressing Timthing it shall not hurt them; they othy, whom he calls his son in the gosshall lay hands on the sick, and they shall pek, uses language of similar import. 1st recover." The following things are to Timothy, 4th chapter, 14, 15, and 16th be noted, particularly, in the above say- verses, he says, "Neglect not the gift that world, and preach the gospel to every easy, with the laying on of the hands of creature. They were not only to go in the presbytery. Meditate upon these to all the world, but to preach the gospel things, give thyself wholly to them, that to every creature in all the world; no ex-thy profiting may appear to all. Take ception here made for any human being heed unto thyself, and the doctrine; conin all the world. Second, he that believe tinue in them, for in doing this, thou shalt cth and is paptised shall be saved. That, save both thyself and them that hear is, every creature in all the world that bethee?" Timothy is here admonished to lieveth and is baptised shall be saved, take heed; to himself and also to the doc-Third, he that believeth not shall be dam- trine, for in so doing he would save himned. The same as to say that every self as well as those that heard him. For creature in all the world that did not, though Timothy had gifts of the spirit bebelieve should be danned. No allow-"stowed on him, which had been propheance is here made for any man's right- sied of him, and confirmed by-the laying as a murdering high priest, must equally this own salvation depended on his taking believe, and equally obey.

The same sentiments are maintained by all those who were commissioned by him, to bear his message to the human herence to the doctrine of Jesus Christ, if Paul says of the gospel he preached, "For I certify you, brethren, that the gospel which was preached by me is not after man; for I neither received it of man, neither was I taught it, but by revelation of Jesus Christ." Galatians, 1st chapter, 11, and 12th verses. in the preceding part of the same chapter, 8th and 9th verses; "But though we or an angel from heaven preach any other gospel, unto you, than that which we have preached unto yon, let him be accursed. As we said before, so we say again; If any man preach any other gos,

But for a fuller and clearer light on the received, let him be accursed. This lan-His last words be- to preach any other gospel than that

First, they were to go into all the is in thee, which was given thee by proph-A praying conclave as well on of the hands of the presbytery. heed to the doctrine as much as the salvation of those who heard him. No salvation to him nor others, only by a strict ad-

curse. All his former righteousness ceased to be counted to him for righteousness. We learn from what this same Paul says to the Galatians that he preached the same gospel that was preached by the apostle Peter. Galatians, 2d chapter, 8th and 9th yerses. "But contrariwise, when they saw that the gospel of the uncircumcision was committed to me, as the gospel of the circumcision was to Peter, (for he that wrought effectually in Peter to the apostleship of the circumcision, the same was mighty in me toward the genpel unto you than that which you have tiles.) In consequence he (Paul) received

he perverted it, instead of salvation a

he There was to be a Messiah, but they the right hand of fellowship that

should go to the gentiles.

The circumstances under which the gospel was proclaimed, were very pecu-kand why this darkness? The Jews, to whom it was at first proclaimed, were in the greatest ignorance of it; they did not know that there was any Holy Ghost, see Acts of the Apostles, 19th chapter, 2d verse. Though the spirit of inspiration had departed the Jews here spoken of, dwelt at Ephesus, it may be fairly inferred that this was the condition of all the Jews at the time the gospel was preached to them by blindness to Israel? Because the spirit of given in those days, they doubtless knew that the Holy Ghost had formerly inspired their prophets, both to reveal the things of God as well as to work miracles, but it had long since ceased and they knew not now that there was any such thing given.

There had many centuries passed away that there were no true prophets in Israel. some six hundred years since the voice of a true prophet had been heard in the else they lay forever. once favored land of the Lord. During this long reign of silence, the Jews had made shipwreck of the order of heaven established among them by the special revelation of heaven, and had departed so far from the living God, at the time the gospel was proclaimed by the apostles, as not to know that the Holy Ghost was

given or to be given any more. It was during this long, period of the absence of the voice of the Lord among them, that they so corrupted their way, and had sunk into such ignorance, as not to understand the voice of the prophets, which was read every sabbath day in their synagogues. In consequence of this apostacy, Israel became completely blinded. They did not know the voice of the Lord when they heard it. When a true prophet was sent they rejected him, and when their Messiah came, they crucified him, away with him, away with him, it is not meet that such a fellow did not believe in the coming of a Messiah, this they believed with all their of the spirit of inspiration, which had books were a dead letter to them. They sould read them but not understand them. Testament.

could not tell when he came, they could not distinguish him from an impostor. Because the spirit of revelation had departed from them. They had eyes, but could not see, cars but could not hear, hearts but could not understand; and why? Because from them. They groped for the wall. as if they had no eyes. Isaiah 59th chapter; 10th verse. Why happened all this Peter. They did not know that there revelation had departed. They went back, was any Holy Ghost. That is, they did they stumbled they fell because there was not know that there was any Holy Ghost no vision: the prophets were no more the the voice of inspiration, they would not hear. Their talk was made a snare and a trap unto them, and they finally fell, and were scattered, and remain so to this day. and will remain so "until they shall say,

> Had they not rejected the prophets, and said, we have revelation enough, they would have been in glory to this day; but instead of this, they are as a wild bull in a net, not knowing that there is any Holy Ghost given, believing that the day of revelation is over, forever over.

blessed is he that cometh in the name of

them, no human power can raise them up-

the voice of a prophet, the language of in-

spiration alone, can bring them back, or

No art of man can redeem

the Lord."

The blindness which had happened to Israel, and the cause of that blindness, is so clearly set forth that all who read may see and understand it. Such was their condition when the gospel was first preached unto them, and the apostles well knew that nothing but the proclamation which they made could remove their blindness, or enlighten the gentiles; for through that alone, the spirit of revelation would or could return to the world.

The description given of the gentiles, shews that they were equally destitute of the true knowledge of God. Paul says of them, in his day, that they were aliens from the commonwealth of Israel, and strangers to the covenants of promise, havshould live, was their cry. Not that they ling no hope, and without God in the world. Ephesians, 2d chapter, 12th verse.

Such was the condition of Jews and heart; but this Jesus was not he: for want Gentiles, when the apostles first went forth to preach the gospel. All the light and long since been withdrawn, their sacred knowledge there was in the world were the Jewish scriptures, of the, so called, Old All beside that was darkness

and ignorance. No prophet to correct the errors of the Jews, and no teacher to enlighten the Gentiles. The Jews had killed the prophets, and stoned those whom God had sent unto them, by reason of which their leaders had become hypocrites, blind leaders of the blind; but notwithstanding this, they were the only people who had any knowledge of the true God, or the means of knowing him; but the light in them, in consequence of refusing to have any more inspired men among them, had nearly become darkness.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, NOV. 1, 1844.

AFFAIRS AT NAUVOO.

Our advices from Nauvoo, are to the 20th of October. Brigham Young, one of the Twelve, had, at a meeting at Ramus, in Hancock county, discoursed thus, in a public address: "That there were a multitude of spirits, innumerable, who were flocking about the houses of ill fame, seeking for bodies, although they were illegally obtained, yet they were anxious to get them in any way; but God has devised a plan by which they can now obtain them in a legal way, without disgrace." Important information, surely. Since the delivery of the above message, the gentleman and his coworker, Heber C. Kimball, have been absent, no reason assigned: they have gone probably to the places where their business demands.

We have seen a Nonof the 'Prophet,' published in N. York City, containing a letter over the signature of Wilford Woodruff, declaring, among other false assertions, that while we were at Nauvoo 'in Sept., we threaned to bring a mob on the place. This is a fabrication without the least foundation in truth. We never said so, nor thought of saying so; indeed we knew too much about the light in which the God of Heaven viewed Nauvoo and the people thereof, to feel any disposition to bring on them any evil, greater than that decreed by the great God. Do these men think, by publishing falsehoods against us or any others, that they will avert the judgment of God? If they do, they will find that God is not to be thus trifled with. These efforts, of-desperation, will avail them nothing. They have trifled with Jehovah; they have set at naught his revealed will: they have done despite to the spirit of Grace; and do they think, that by publishing falsehoods they can deceive the Almighty? It would seem as if they thought so. Vain men, let them know

No prophet to correct the ways, and no teacher to entitles. The Jews had kildispose with them by such means as he thinks and stoned those whom not them, by reason of rishad become hypocrites, re blind; but notwithstandine the only people who adge of the true God, or owing him; but the light sequence of refusing to

Know, reader, that He who rules in the heavens, has declared the fate of Nauvoo; and all shall see his hand on Nauvoo for destruction, and not for salvation: for Nauvoo, on account of the iniquities of her people, will be desolated; The saints there have polluted their inheritances, and God will cast them down, and make them an ensample to all those who come after them; and all the efforts of man to the contrary will not save her.

It is not our intention, in the future numbers of our paper, to devote very little of them to these local matters, but to a very different object—to the setting forth of the doctrines of the revelations of heaven. We will leave Nauvoo, and those of her inhabitants who have corrupted their way befere the Lord, to their fate; assuring them that an overthrow awaits them, and no earthly power can save them.

The ignorant corrupters at Nauvoo are busily engaged, up to the last dates, in spinning out the history of their own ignorance and shame, in an unceasing effort to do something to hide their secret doctrine from the public gaze. Do they think such fooling will any longer hide, from the world, their system of polygamy? If they do they will find their mistake by and by.

When these creatures begin to spin out their shame, they always spin out a long yarn, as they always have a large stock of the raw material on hand, and it only requires a little manufacturing to prepare it for public use.

As to what they say of ourselves, we can say to them as Sterne said to the Jackass, "we will have no quarrel with any of your family." We have, and always shall consider it an honor to be epposed by men who know that their own secret works of darkness are such as to need concealment to avoid fearful consequences.

We wish our friends, and the friends of truth and virtue, who desire to patronize us, in our determination to sustain the order of heaven in its organization and purity; to make their purposes known, as we shall be unable to transmit this paper to any but actual subscribers.

To the Editor of the Latter Day Saints' Messenger and Advocate.

MR. EDITOR: I would like to say one word, in relation to an assertion made by Wilford Woodruff, (one of the Twelve,) in a communication to the New York Prophet, dated Salem Mass., October 11th, 1844. He there states to the public that Elder Rigdon threatened to turn traitor. journals, "intimating," he says, "that he would bring a mob noon the church, stir up the world against the saints, and bring distress upon them," &c. I for one, sit, take the liberty to sav, that these asser-

tions are every one of them false. How- It will be the primary object of the edever it is, only carrying out a certain resoa great deal; as much as any other man. Nauvoo, after the death of Joseph and Hyvour voice against no man; do violence to no man, the twelve are God's anointed, they are in his hands; my work is done here, and my desire is to return to Pittsburgh in peace, soliciting none to follow him, but at the same time rejecting none.

What he did state was, "that he should deem it his duty to give a faithful history of the transactions of the secret chambers, and the works of darkness."

SAMUEL G. FLAGG.

To the Editor of the Latter Day Saints' Messenger and Advocate.

Mr. Editor:

Permit me to call your attention to a certain doctrine taught by the apostates at Nauvoo, that Joseph Smith is as much a Saviour to this generation as Jesus Christ was to the generation in which he Heber Kimball declared, in a public address, on the stand, that "Joseph Smith was his Savior." Are not these the very characters whom Paul and Peter saw should be in the church of God. in the last days; who would count the blood of the covenant wherewith they were sanctified an unholy thing; and even deny the Lord that bought them.

AN OBSERVER.

PROSPECTUS,

The Latter Day Sai

MESSSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

As much doubt still remains on the public mind as to the true doctrine of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day publish against the church in the public Saints, the subscriber proposes to publish a paper in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of relieving the public from all

> and received doctrines of said church. The paper to be entitled as above.

> dubie'y in relation to the acknowledged

itor to give a full and clear development lution of the twelve, confirmed by an oath, of all the doctrine's of said church, care-"that the influence of Sidney Rigdon should fully distinguishing between the true rebe destroyed, so help me God." Brigham ligious belief of said church, and the Young's own words. I do further say, strange doctrines which have crept in unthat I was in the society of Elder Rigdon awares, and are maintained by some who would fain make the public believe that together with many other of his friends at they are the only legitimate authorities of the church, whose claims shall be examrum; and I do certify, that the advice he ined and exposed to the condemnation gave to his followers was invariably, raise to which they are devoted by the Doctrines and Covenants which have been received and on which the church was

> In resuscitating the Latter Day Saints' Messenger and Advocate, it is the intention of the subscriber to contend for the same doctrines, order of church government, and discipline, maintained by that paper-when first published in Kirtland, Ohio.

formed and organized.

It is to the public the subscriber must look for patronage to enable him to carry out his designs; believing as he does, that the paper conducted, as he intends it shall be, on the broad principles of Christian charity, will be sufficiently interesting to the reading public, whether they do, or do not belong to said church, to secure the necessary patronage; and, in this belief, submits his proposals to the public: TERMS .- The Latter Day Saints Messenger

and Advocate will be published Semi-Monthly, in pamphlet-form, containing sixteen royal octavo pages, at one dollar per annum; payable in advance, in all cases.

Any person or persons forwarding the subscription price for five copies, shall be entitled to one gratis, and for ten two, and so on in proportion.

All letters addressed to the editor must be post-

SIDNEY RIGDON.

Carron

LATTER DAY SARPPE SSENGER AND ADVOCAT

Vol. 1.

PHTSBURGH, DECEMBER 2-1844.

A CIRCULAR

FROM THE CHURCH OF JETUS CHRIST OF LAT- Saviour Said, "though heaven and earth pass

the new and everlasting covenant, have been hate the one, and love the other, or else ye called to mourn on account of the cruel and will hold to the one, and despise the other.

— Borrid murder of Joseph and Hyrum Smith. Did the loving Josus speak the truth in this our former prophet and patriorell, whom God case? You will say most assuredly he did, raised up to lay the foundation of his work in Well, then; supp se that two individuals conthe last days. Yet we are annual called to tended together concorning an application says. witness another event more painful; that of it is not an apple but a peach, while the other disunion, which must result in the final over-says it is an apple. Could you believe them throw of all who adhere to principles and doc both? Certainly not. Could they be both trines contrary to godliness. Yes, dear breth right and differ also. You say, truly it could ren, ere the mangled bodies of our brethren not be possible. were cold in death, we hear men begin to cry If this reasoning is correct it follows as a We are the head! We are they who will matter of course, that if the twelve are to guide guide the ship over the boisterous ocean. We and direct all the affairs of this last kingdom, are the individuals on which Elijah's mattle has fallen. We are they who now stand at who dissent from them are not clitzens of the the head of God's people to guid them to the kingdom, and consequently, cannot be right, Lamb of God, who taketh away the sin of the and cannot be called saints. So also, on the world; in short, we are they whom God has other hard, if they who do not adhere to the world; in short, we are they whom God has appointed to finish the great work of restitution twelve are right; they who do must be wrong, which was commenced by Joseph. Now dear this is the true criterion, according to Jesus, breithren, inasmuch as we know that the gostellistrue, and that we have been mode parta. Now, beloved brethren, let us in the fear of god, try to do right, for no man can do any kers of its blessings and the powers of the world thing against the truth, but for it. But if we to come, and have drank of the pure spirit of tre without a criterion to direct us; we are of the high and truth, let us continue in that truth all men the most miserable. Let us take the world without a criterion of the use the the content of the lord for our judge in this matter with disputed. Strife and then, dividend content for it, though thousands do not. sions, disunton, strife and hatred is not and contend for it, though thousands do not. known, because we see eye to eye, and our in our book of covenants the Lord makes bodies are full of light, which light will guide known the order of his kingdom, and if we our feet and cause us to love one an ther with find the adherents of the twelve sustaining pure-hearts fervently. Yes brethren, let us that order, let us uphold them in all righteous-cherish & uphold that principle, system or plan ness; and on the contrary, should we find by which this love, joy, peace and comfort is those who distent from them to sustain the to be obtained, for whenever the fountain dries order of heaven pointed out in the book of up, the soul becomes thirsty, and it withers Covenants, let us sustain and uphold them for and dies; but when the formain is open, we there is no such thing as neutrality in God's drink the living water which springeth up kingdom. If the Lord be God serve him, but unto eternal life. The God of Abraham said of Baal, serve him: We now appeal to that to Daviet that he would set up a kingdom that book for the true order, and pray God, our should never be thrown down; that it should leavenly Father, that we all may set aside not be given to another people but should stand all our prejudices and whatever, may have a forevers. Are you in this kingdom, brethren, lendency to swerve as from an impartial and that shall fill the whole carth? and do you correct judgment to this unities. Let beacounbring forth the fruits of the kingdom, and do earth and good will toward men, be our motte. you yield that obediance which is the essence. In the third section of the book of Cove-of therty-by which you can say in truth bants, after explaining the nature and order of that the Lord is true, that his ways are equal, the Melchised leand Aaronic riesthood, which and have you planted in your hearts the breatered in the church of God, we have

TER DAY SAINTS. IN PITTISBURGH, TO THE AWAY NOT ONE JOT or tittle of my word shall fail Baints Throughout the world. of pass away. The same Jesus said that ye Beloved Frether: -We, who have embraced cannot serve two masters, -for either ye will

mot-partakers with the saints in light. The

faith that his kingdom will stand and become set her are us, in the 11th and 1 th verses or universal over all the earth? All you have, paragraphs of said-section, in language too happy are ye,—if ye have not you do not be plain to be misus derstood, the order which the lieve the testimony of his servants and anothered deemed necessary to plant in his church

Here we learn that the Lord has said em-mandment that it should be their business and phatically, that it is necessary to have a quo-mission in all the their LIVES to preside in rum of three presidents, to preside over the council and set in order ALL the affairs of this church and to be upheld by the confidence, church and kingdom. One of whom, F. G faith and prayer of the church-it is necessa. Williams transgressed and was cut off, and ry also to have a quorum of the twelve "to of Hyrum Smith officiated in his stead; but the ficiate in the name of the Lord under the direc other has remained firmland immoves blelin the tion of the presidency of the church, agreea-faith of the new and everlasting covernant. bly to the institution of heaven." til the present moment.

And again we find, in the 24th verse of the same Section, that "the duty of the president tion of said book, we have the laws of the of the High priesthood, (or the presiding of Lord given us whereby we may know those fiver in the quorum of the first presidency,) is whom he has appointed to stand as the head to preside over the whole church, and to be of the church and be like unto Moses—it is like unto Moses. Beheld here is wisdom, yea that person, and that person only, who comes to be a seer, a revelator, a translator and alin at the gate, and is ordained under the hands prophet, having all the gifts of God which he of Joseph Smith. We are also commanded. bestows upon the head of the church."

the church in Kirtland, O. on the 17 of Sept. commandments. A. D. 1834, chose and appointed Joseph Smith Now dear brethren, inasmuch as the Lord jr., Sidney Rigdon, and F. G. Williams presi-has declared that no man shall stand up to dents to form the quorum of first presidency of receive revelations and commandments to the church, and to preside over the councils of guide his church and kingdom, except he come the same, see section 5 verse 2, of book Cov. in at the gate, and receives his appointment States; as the revelations contained therein are

necessity of the president of the church of he did do, as we have abundant testimony, intherefore, we say and say truly, that a church ings, viz: the Lord his God has healed him, without a prophet at the head, is northechurch that he is healed, and he is now enjoying the of God; "yea, to be seer, a revelator, a trans-privilege and blessing, of lifting his voice again lator and a prophet—having all the gifts of God on the Mountains; and we verily believe that which he bestows upon the head of the church, he will yet have the unspeakable privilege of as before quoted.

| Spokesman before the face of the Lord:

perity and upholding of the kingdom of God

in the last days.

But the question arises, is there any person With these things before us, and knowing living, since the decease of Joseph, who has that Elder Rigdon had been tried three successions. attained to that high and holy calling? if there sive times, in Joseph's life time, and always should be, it most assuredly stands us in hand proven innocent, never a charge sustained ato observe his council, lest we be found fight gainst him, as you will see by reference to the ing against God. We will examine the book published proceedings in the Times and Seaof Cov. and other church records on this sub-sons; but that he enjoyed Joseph's confidence

to the fullest extent, until the time of his de-In the 84th section of the book of Cov. we cease, is evident from the fact, that he appoinare informed that other men were accounted ted him to an important mission to this place. as equal, with Joseph Smith, in holding the and wished him to stand next to himself in keys of this last kingdom, and received a com-political as well as religious matters.

in the same place to reject the teachings of all Agreeably to the foregoing requirements, others who come before us as revelations or

Again in the two first verses of the 14th see.

also, in the 6th verse of the same section, we and ordination through Joseph Smith, and Jolearn still further of the duty of the said presi-seph Smith is removed without having appoindents: that in the absence of one or two of the ted and ordained any person to hold those keys presidents, one can preside in their stead, and authority, then the kingdom of God has thereby defining the dury of the first president failed and all our hopes are vain; but beloved cy, as clearly as the dury of president and brethern be not disheartened, nor let your faith vice president of the United States is set forth fail, for God has prepared better things for in the constitution: for we all believe the book hose who walk uprightly, who keep themselves of covenants stands in the same relation to the unspotted from the world, and observe the law church, as the constitution does to the United which he has given for the salvation of man. In the Times and Seasons of June 1st 1841 no more nor less than the constitution which we find the following official announcement, God has deigned to give for the organization which puts the matter forever at rest, so far and government of his church, upon earth; as a legal ordination is concerned. "We which must be added unto, from time to time, have to announce that Sidney Rigdon has been as the circumstances may require, for the pros-ordained a prophet, seer, and revelator."

same date, we find, in a revelation through Now through whom is the law of God Joseph Smith, three distinct promises made communicated to the people? We are all real to Sidney Rigdon, on condition of observing dy to exclaim, through a prophet. Hence the certain requirements therein specified, which God, being a prophet, seer, and revelator; somuch that he has received two of the bless-With these things before us, and knowing

Also, in the Times and Seasons, of the

And knowing that the revelations concerring Elder Riggen, to which we have refered, have been given since the time the twelve table and self evident axiom, that the order nations, gifts and blessings, which had ever and efficacy, in the attainment of the object been placed upon him; which can be sustain-proposed. and by the testimony of Elder Wm. Marks, and The moments many others.

were surprised to see the course pursued to ertinism, and there is no stopping place, short wards Prest. Rigdon, by the twelve and the of manifest apostacy. church at Nauvoo this summer and fall—to Should we once concede, that a single prin-see a people, who have taught these fourteen ciple can be stricken out of existence, that the years that a church without a prophet at its smallest diminution can occur in the matchhead, is not the church of God, vote deliber-less organization of Deity, without impairing ately, coolly, and dispassionately that they its adequacy; we should be deren to the indid not want a guardian, a propert, or a evitable conclusion, that the whole system of SPOKESMAN to lead them, we were struck God is not necessary to the salvation of man; with astonishment, and led to excluim, "how and therefore, that the thousand and one syshas the gold become dim, yea, the most fine terms extant, are all saving systems. gold changed."

But when we consider for a moment, the sin- to subscribe to the doctrine of Paul, that gular position in which the twelve are placed "those members of the body, which seem to by being believers in, and teachers of the doc- be more feeble, are necessary," to the safety trine of polygamy, as was abundantly sustain- and perfection of the body. How indispenthe conference in New York city, by those in the functions of vitality. it with his might, stating to that conference demonstration, that the first presidency or higher authority than himself, but he opposed that if such things were practised in the church they would prove its overthrow. Also, Elder Bradford W. Ellios, on being interrogated, if the bad ever been tangent that it was a control it; he had ever been tangent that it was a control it; Bradford W. Ellies, or being interrogated, if the had ever been taught that it was his privilege in accordance with the will of God, and the to have more wives than one? he replied, yes, on being asked, by whom? he answered by rum, and never can be delegated to any other. Brigham Young. On being interrogated if A very few quotations will put this matter beas by Brigham.

A very few quotations will put this matter beas by Brigham. as by Brigham.

ings of the twelve, and some of their adherents; whole church, and to be like untr. Moses .and knowing that Elder Rigdon is stremuous Behold, here is wisdom,—yea, to be a secr, a

our duty as men of God to lift up our voices alas!! That men should be so lifted up, as to in support of those glorious principles of vir-imagine themselves wiser than their maker. just.

RICHARD SAVARY, BENJAMIN STAFFORD. E. ROBINSON.

COMMITTEE_ Pittsburgh Oct 5, 1814

THE FIRST PRESIDENCY.

We have always considered it an indispusay-his license was taken from him in Kirt-of God, is perfect, and indissoluble; as a land, in 1832; and being credibly informed system, and in its integral parts. And so in also that in November 1843, Joseph Smith, reference to the scheme of salvation; there are voluntarily and of his own free will, confered no redundant elements, none that can he disupon the head of Prest. Rigdon, all the ordi-pensed with, and the system retain its wirtue

The moment we admit a departure, in the smallest degree from the order of heaven, then We say, with these things before us, we and at that time, we open the floodgate to lib-

we have not so learned Christ. We are ready

ed in our conference, by the testimony of sibly necessary then, must those members several witnesses; some of whom were strong adherents of the twelve, viz: Elder to the whole body; without which the hody Charles W. Wandell voluntarily, stated, that is spiritually dead, striped of all beauty and the spiritual wife doctrine was introduced in comeliness; incapable of the performance of We think it is susceptible of the clearest

When we consider that these are the teachof the high priesthood, is to preside over the

ly opposed to such a doctrine, we are not so revelator, a translator, and a prophet, -havmuch surprised at the course they have taken. ing all the gifts of God which he bestows If these testimonies are true, beloved broth-upon the head of the church." The Lord ren, what is our duty? Is it to countenance foreseeing the very condition of things which and sustain such abominations by upholding has arisen, uses this striking phraseology, men who preach and practice it? Or, is it not "Rehold" says he, "here is wisdom." Alas!

tue which must ever dwell in, and reign over Again, "Joseph Smith jr. unto whom I have

those who have a part in the resurrection of the given the keys of the kingdom, which beiongcth always unto the presidency of the high priesthood." We are warranted then in say-

ing, that they do not belong to the twelve. that they have not got them, that they never can have them, and if they declare ever so

boldly, and declaim ever so lendly, their

assertions weigh not a feather, against "a thus member the new covenant, even he book of saith the Lord."

Morunon and the former commandments I

The duties of the presidency of the high-have given unto them, not only to say but to priesthood, are specifically defined, again, and do according to that which I have written, again, that there may be no mistake. Of that they may bring forth fruit-meet for their the Melchizedeck priesthood three presiding Father's kingdom, otherwise there remaineth high priests chosen by the body, appointed a scourge and a judgment to be poured out (by revelation, see § 5.) and ordained to that upon the children of Zion; for shall the child-office, (by some one or more having competent ten of the kingdom pollute my fiely land? authority,) and upheld by the faith and pray Verily, I say unto you, Nay. Why! ah: ers of the church, form a quorum of the why? are the saints required to remember the presidency of the church."

The duties of the twelve, are also specifically defined, repeatedly. "The twelve travithere written? for the very plain and obvious elling counsellors are called to be the twelve travithere written? for the very plain and obvious of a postles, or especial witnesses of the name of their calling; the world: thus differing from definite, that the principles of of their cannot fail other officers in the church, in the duties of to be directed aright, in a diligent perusal of their calling; they are called to act, "under that precious volume; and because it bears a the direction of the first presidency;" who testimony which is not to be mistaken, gainst are appointed by God, to be their counsellors polyganty, all kinds of adultery, lying, theft, and leaders. "See § 104. We argue then, they have not been called to the presidency tions established for the practice and conceal-of the church, but to another and very different office, and emphatically warned, "There fore see to it that ye trouble not yourselves who do practice them, cannot hope to becape concerning the affairs of my church in this a complete everthrow, and the just writh and place saith the Lord; but purify your hearts vengeance of almighty God.

There is not in the whole range of possibil-

before me, and then go ye into all the world and preach my gospel unto every creature, who hath not received it." We think it is clear, that the duties of the first presidency, and the duties of the twelve, are incompatible, a people erjoying the light of the Spirit of the one with the other; we have, we think church cau be dispensed with, that we cannot alter or amend the order of God with impunify, or without rendering it nugatory as a plan of salvation. We are then forced to the conformation, that the order of things established at Nauxo is a monster, a hydra with twelve or more heads, assuming the place of the heavenly triune, and destined to destruction, with all the corruptions and innovations of mystical Babylon, the mother of harlots, and a presiding triune, the principle of all power

bominations of the earth. and success in the kingdom of God. It is not the church of Christ because "they We do not he sitate to affirm, that if the have transgressed the law, changed the ordi kingdoms of this world, are ever to become nances, and broken the everlasting covenant; the kingdoms of our Lord and his Christ, severed the connecting link between God and which they most assuredly will, it will be themselves, so that he can hold no intercourse under the direction and administration of a with them, through the channel which he had presidency of three; which is the precise ormercifully opened, to bless them with the ganization of heaven, in respect to its president of revelation. Would to God they had deney. There is not in the whole range of hearkened to the commandment, "to give the revelations of God, a single promise that diligent heed to the words of eternal life, for the saints shall ultimately tramph on any you shall live by every word that proceedeth other principle. Daniel testifies that the forth from the mouth of God." "And your saints should be prevailed against, until the minds in times past have been darkened be meient order of things was established; but cause of unbelief, and because you have treat especially, that is the order, which God has ed lightly the things you have received established, and ratified, in the last organiza which vanity and unbelief bath brought the tion and dispensation, preparatory to the rev whole church under condemnation. And this elation of the Son of man; for the express condemnation resteth upon the children of purpose of preparing a people, (who will keep Zion, even all; and they shall remain under his commandments and abide his organiza-

There is therefore no rational hope, that we nor deny this, it is a matter we care nothing can ever attain a preparation to stand in the about; we do know verily, that Joseph taught presence of God, other than the way he has contrary doctrine, from the conclusion which himself established for that purpose:

they presume to-draw from these declarations. In vain is it to talk of building a house to We have a surer test by which to try this the most high God, where his ordinances may natter, a touchstone that can be relied upon, be administered, and his glorious voice may that will not fail us. If Joseph Smith did be heard, when the very means by which really design to confer the authority to lead alone these blessings can be legally obtained, and preside over the church, (which we have are annihilated. AVho is to administer the the best reason to doubt.) upon the quorum of ordinance of the washing of feet? the first the twelve; we say he did that, which he had presidency; whose prerogative is it to receive no power or authority from God to do; for the the word of the Lord to the church? the first very obvious reason, that the God of truth, is presidency. not the author of two antagonist propositions.

But it belongs of right to those, who have regarding the control, management, and econdiscarded the first presidency, to find some omy of that order of things which he has eslegal way of trying a bishop, other than the tablished for the last time.

any thing were wanting to show the unavoid- or set of men? that they can alter the decree able confusion, disaster and ruin, which the of Jehovah? Woe be unto them if they at-

surely this must supply the deficiency.

for this fatal departure from God and right-rany such design, on the part of Joseph Smith. alike destitute of warrant from sacred writ.

to find in the law of the Lord, so far as we death; and that he labored under undue and know, is in the third section where it is said unjust prejudice, with regard to Sidney Rigthat the twelve form a quorum, equal in au-don, this he admitted himself publicly. Now thority and power, to the three presidents; if Joseph did design Hyrum as his successor, where it states the same thing of the seventy, he did not design to dispense with the first and shapes precisely in what sense they are presidency. all equal, the three presidents, the twelve the very great improbability, to say the least, travelling counsellers, and the different quo that Joseph Smith ever had any such design, rums of the seventies; hear it all ye honest is imputed to him. The question of momen. "And every decision made by either ment with us to decide is, what the Lord has of these quorums, must be by the unanimous designed, and determined on this subject;voice of the same; that is, every member in and we are among the number who believe, each quorum must be agreed to its decision in that he will accomplish his purposes, in any order to make their descisions of the same power even; and in spite of the afforts of man to and validity one with the other." It is then the contrary. If this view of the subject he the unanimous decisions of the quorum of the correct, then we may rest assured that whatmake those decisions of equal power and valwith the purposes of the Almighty. righteouspess, that is according to the law of mohocrats; and he has still on the earth, a man God; or they can effect nothing. Surely this solding equal authority, to carry on his work; is a perilous foundation for such a structure! in verification of his promise, that he would

only way by which God says he can be tried. If the great God has revealed to us the orsec. 22. As also, who has a legal right to ganization of his church, and commanded it
this bishoprick, for the Lord says he must be to be written for our guidance and instruction, designated by, and ordained under the hands challenging our implicit obedience. Who of the first presidency, and no other way. If was Joseph Smith? or who is any other man?

abrog tion of the first presidency involves, tempt it, they wage an unequal warfare. 16 Joseph Smith did design any such thing, There is then no shadow of justification to lie did that which hastened his destruction.—be found in the revelations of Jesus Christ, But we said, we had the best reasons to doubt cousness, the excision of the first presidency. It is a well known fact, that Hyrum Smith and And the blind, ignorant, and arrogant assump Sidney Rigdon, were both ordained by Jotion of the prerogatives of presidency of the seph, as prophets, seers, and revelators for whole church, by the quorum of the twelve, is the church; it is also equally well known, that Joseph's preference was in favor of his The only show of justification they profess brother Hyrum, as his successor in case of his

We make these remarks to shew twelve, and the quorums of the seventies, that ever the result has been, it was in accordance. lidity with the decisions of the presidency; Joseph Smith the called of God to lay the and these decisions must respect matters foundation of the church of Gol of the last which appertain to the duties of their calling dispensation? He was. Then the Lord has Moreover these decisions must be made in not been overreached, by a set of ungodly

But the strong point, as they seem to con-plant another in his, Joseph's, stead, sider it, is the assertion, that Joseph laid the burden of the church upon their shoulders, support to the tottering fabric. That after addressing the twelve, telling them, he had the crucifixion of our Savior, the twelve took gives them all the burden and the crucifixion of our Savior, the twelve took given them all the keys he himself possessed, the presidency and control of the church; we or knew any thing about. We neither admitthink there is abundant evidence, that Peter.

James and John constituted the presiding or a hundred other prophets, should transgress three; and that their places were filled in the the law of the celestial kingdom, the great quorum of the twelve by others. Be that as God holds their destinies in his hands, and it may, it is a matter with which we have no will not suffer them to be cut off from the thing to do. We have the law and organiza parth, till they have first confered their aug. tion of heaven given to us, by adhereing to thority upon others; and those too, individuwhich we shall acquit ourselves like men cfials whom the Lord shall choose for that pur-God; or by the transgression of which, we pose. It is perfectly ridiculous for certain men to shall be condemned. There is another im-

portant circumstance connected with this af-ray, that they have no confidence in Sidney

fair, which we must think, developes a lixed Rigdon as a revelator; do they dare to condetermination on the part of the twelver to tend with Omnipotence? seize the reins of government, law or no law (section 84,) that Sidney Rigdon is equal-Sidney Rigdon and Amasa Lyman, are ac with Joseph Smith, in holding the keys of knowledged by the twelve as having been this last kingdom; and in 1841, the Lord ordained first presidents; which of course commands Joseph to ordain him as a prophet. would constitute a majority of the quorum, seer and revel tor; (see Times and Seasons,) and competent to do business; only requiring and in January of that year, (see new edition the addition of one member, to fill the vacancy book of Cov. page 411,) the Lord says he occasioned by Joseph's death. It was an extension and Sidney Rigdon, as one of the quogious inconsistency, to admit, that Sidney Riggraum of first presidency, to receive the oracles don and Amasa Lyman were legal members of for the whole church. This is worthy of Lord, the twelve admit their presidency, and that time; and where the Lord is placing him deny their right to preside! Presidents! and now. That like a faithful God as he is, he is olution to destroy, the first presidency, this lead the church to the devil. consequence, whether the church has three called but few are chosen." twelve, thirteen, fourteen or more heads!

order of heaven exist without the first presi having authority to lead us into paths of rightdency. If the Lord should take from the cousness.

earth, all who held that authority, there would How could we have certainly known, that be no ground of hope, to the people destitute Joseph Smith had transgressed, so as to forof that presiding power, for the attainment of fair his standing before God, but by his being the rest of God; and still another dispensa-tion must be ushered in, by which alone that strument whom God had chosen, by whom glorious object could be accomplished. We had revealed his will, through whom the do however verily believe, that the Lord will everlasting gospel saluted our ears and rejoicsurely perform that which he has promised, ed our hearts, by whose instrumentality the that "The keys of the kingdom of God are book of Mormon was brought to light, and committed unto man on the earth, and from translated by the power of God; administered thence shall the gospel roll forth unto the ends to, and ordained under the hands of heavenly

the quorum of first presidency, as according note, as these men, who are so wise in their to the book of Covenants, (see section 3rd.) own conceit, say, he has been asieep for the they would constitute a quorum to do busi last five years. ness. "A majority may form a quorum. We presume if they will refer to the revela-when circums ances gender it impossible to be tion published in the Times and Season, in otherwise." In direct violation of this, and the account of Sidney Rigdon's trial, (so callthe multiplied provisions of the law of the ed,) they will find, where he has been during no presidents!!-We eannot call this by any plucking him out of deep mire, and exalting better name than buffoonery. We think if him on high. But Joseph asserted, so it is any thing could betoken, a preconcerted res said by the twelve, that Sidney Rigdon would must surely indicate it. But we are not left would ask in the name of God, and in the in the dark on this subject, we have before us name of common sense, is the spiritual wife conclusive, evidence that it was determined revelation leading them? Has not the result by the twelve, before any action was had by proven that God was wiser than men. That the church at Nauvoo, to supplant Sidney he knew well, who would withstand the in-Rigdon in the presidency. We say it was troduction of those doctrines of demons, which a gross imposition upon common sense, would inevitably lead those who adhered to to make the admission, that they were both them to destruction? Surely it has. Whenfirst presidents, and then request them to ever we find men, no matter what their prestand the one on the right hand of the twelve, tentions may be, quarrelling with the choosand the other on the left. So it seems in the ings and ordinations of God, we are sure they estimation of these men, a matter of small have then lost the spirit of God. "Many are

The Lord says.

What an awful condition we should have In no circumstances, we contend, could the been placed in, if no man had been found,

of the earth, or the stone which is out out of messengers; declared by the voice of Jehovah the mountains without hands, shall roll forth to be in his hands, and that he alone could call until it has filled the whole earth," If Joseph him to account; with the promise of Him

who cannot lie, that he should continue to people, who so wedded to sin as a sweet mor hold the presiding authority, until the coming sel, that they will not profit by this, and takes

heed to their steps. of the Son of Man, if he abided in him. We loved the man, and we have been will- We have the concurrent testimony of all the ing to venture our life for his, because welprophets who spake as they were constrained knew him to be an instument in the hands of by the Holy Ghost, to warn all men who be-God, for the accomplishment of his purposes, lieve and practice these doctrines of Beelze-How then shall we describe the sorrow and bub, (in authority or out of it,) but more eanguish of heart which we experienced when specially those, whose duty it is to teach the we found that he was teaching the unholy way of life to fice the wrath to come; and we spiritual wife doctrine scoretly, and denying tell the truth in Christ and lie not, that ceftain :

it openly; that he was running against the as the existence of Jehovan, sure as he ever hosses of Jehovah's buckler, by a direct con-spake to man, there is no escape from detravention of all those pure and virtuous prin struction, other than discarding such doctrines ciples, contained in that book, which had been and disfellowshipping all who adhere to them. brought to light by the manifestation of almigh-|The great God has decreed that he would ty power, exhibited to him personally. Welliave a people of tried integrity, that he would trust we have learnt a lesson, which we shall prove them in all things, to see whether they never forget, of human weakness and fullibil would keep his covenant, if they could abide ity; and that none but God can sustain and a celestial law, and were meet for a celestial ke p from falling those that put their trust in kingdom. One notable season of "trial as him. Cursed indeed is he that trusteth in by fire" is passing over our heads, and who man, and maketh flesh his arm. We acknowl-shall be able to stand, when we see how many edge that it is by the mercy of God that we have already fallen, openly apostatized from have been sustained, and kept from that fatal the faith once delivered to the saints, virtualerror, and strong delusion, of believing a lie; ly denied the Bible, Book of Mormon, and and had a heart to believe the trulh, when the Book of Covenants, and to all intents and pur-

the servant of God came with a message from poses set at naught the counsels of God; and the heavens, declaring that God had no pleasare teaching as a celestial law, that the high-ure in unrighteousness; teaching us to observe est degree of celestial glory is only to be ob-the new covenant even the book of Mormon; tained by marrying three, five, seven, ten, or saying in the language of that book, For be-more wives.

The ford have seen the sorrow, and we would lay it down as a certain; fixed, heard the mourning of the daughters of my and incontrovertable position; that the whole nearly because of the wickedness and about order of God is necessary to our salvation; as

people, because of the wickedness and abom- order of God is necessary to our salvation; as nations of their husbands. "And I will not the first presidency is a part of that order, we suffer saith the Lord of hosts, that the cries cannot be saved without it. This is the testiof the fair daughters of this people shall come mony of the Book of Covenants; "Whosoup unto me, against the men of my people ever receiveth my word receiveth me, and whosaith the Lord of hosts; for they shall not lead soever receiveth me, receiveth those, the first away captive, the daughters of my people. Presidency whom I have sent, whom I have because of their tenderness, save I shall visit made counsellors for my names sake unto them with with a sore curse, even unto des you."-Sect. 104, New edition.

doms, like unto them of old saith the Lord seph Smith, or any particular man, but those the first presidency, whom I have made for my of hosts." Who so blind, that they cannot see the fiat of names sake counsellors unto you; those who Omnipotence, and the seal of the indignation of receive them receive me; and by parity of reathe living God, incontestably placed upon that soning, those who reject them, reject me. It worse than Mahomeden practice, which would is in fact a contradiction in terms, to say we tamper with other men's wives; which would receive God, and reject his organization of turn the fountains of human happiness, (mu-the church, or his plan of saving men in any tual confidence and esteem,) into the demoni-particular.

truction; for they shall not commit whore-

We cannot make one quorum perform the ac elements of suspicion, rage, murder, and despair, we say who so infatuated, so bound functions of two, or else on the same principle ... down in the strong delusion of the devil, that we may dispense with every quorum of the they cannot see the attestation of the wrath church, save one. Therefore let every man of God, upon a man who had so far perverted stand in his own office, and labor in his his sacred office, as to teach such vile doc lown calling; and let not the head say unto the trives and whom he had pledged himself to feet it hath no need of the feet, for without the sustain, only on condition, of his abiding in feet how shall the body he able to stand? Alhim. And who again so ignorant and foolish, so the body hath need of every member that that all the testimogies recorded in the Bible, all may be edified together, that the system

Book of Covenants, and Book of Mormon, 18- may be kept perfect. Sec. 4.
garding these vices, and last of all the signal We wish all who love our Lord Jesus warning given to us, individually, and as a Christ in sincerity and truth, to remember that

Observe the language of the Lord-not Jo-

the scene through which we are now passing fment doubt, that all who are willing to keep the ever is not with me, is against me, and who the way of truth and salvation. He is true soever gathereth not with me scattereth. " who hath promised, and if there is a failure On the one hand, is presented to you, the any where, it will be on our part. See ye to it. perfect organization of heaven, with Mo-man We think we have made such quotations from whom God has planted with his own hand in the law of the Lord, and used such arguments the stead of Joseph Smith as the head, with (as we have been able to present,) as is suffihis two counsellors legally appointed by revicient to shew to every honest and obedient beelation and ordained under the hands of Sid-liever in the veracity of God, where truth is to ney Rigdon; acknowledged in their office, and be found. And wherever truth is, just in proupheld by the confidence, faith and prayers of portion as we possess it we approach G d. for the church, that church receiving as the law God is truth. and rula of their faith and fractice, the book of doctrines and C venants; also all those pure Thou shalt love thy wife with all thy heart, and they principles incule sied in the Book of and shall cleave unto her and none else; Mor on, and the Bible; with a fixed and stead and be that shall look upon a woman to lust dy pur pose in the strength of Frael's God, to present an uncompromising opposition to that doctrine of devils, the spiritual wife system; which has already called forth the signal manifestation of the divine displeasure, in the cutting off Joseph and Hyrum Smith from the earth.

On the other hand, is presented to your a Babylonish beast, a corrupt and perverted monster, having no resemblence to the heavenly Wherefore I. the Lord God, will not suffer pattern; a travelling high council swallowing up the head, (the first presidency,) and the high council in Zion, who in their functions and presogatives are soperior in authority to the twelve-travelling-counsellors, whose decisions upon matters appertaining to the duties of their calling must be unanimous to give them the same validity with the decisions of the first presidency; whereas, the High Council are equal in all their decisions to the quorum of first presidency: (sec. 3d.) which an elaborate argument, to shew that polygaquorum of high counsellors, are called to reg. my, is not from above, but is from beneath. ulate all difficult matters of the affairs of the church in Zion, and it cannot be shown that the fessing to receive the Bible, book of Mormon twelve were ever called to any such thing, or and hook of Doctrine and Covenants, as of acter of the organization, are the doctrines it it is high time for those who would promulges, siglory in the highest by a multi-the ancient landmarks, who would contend tude of wives."

We have then clearly set before its, life and samts; to be valient for the truth. death, blessing and cursing. Choose you which you will have, the issue is plainly join-degree criminal, to be indifferent to a state of

is a conflict of Chirst and Belial. light and commandments of God at all hazards and ask darkness. Now are we compelled to deter-God the everlasting Pather in the name of lemine who is on the Lord's side, for twhoso sus Christ for his Spirit, will be guided in

S. BENNETT.

ofter her, chall deny the f ith, and shall not have the spirit; and it he repents not be shall be cast out .- Book of Cov. §13, ¶7. Ye have heard that it was said by them of old time, thou shalt not comunit adultery; But Is wanto you, that whoseever looketh upon a woman to lust after her, hath conmitted adultery already in his heart .- Mat.

chan. 5. that this people shall do like unto them of Wherefore my brethren, hear me, and hearken to the word of the Lord: for there shall not any man among you have save it be one wife: and concubines he shall hav none, For I, the Lord God, delighteth in the A chastity of women. And whoredoms are an abomination before me: thus saith the Lord of hosts. Book of Jacob, chap. 2. It may be deemed superflous, to enter upon

Certain it is however, that multitudes pro-

the contrary, the Lord foreseeing what has ac-divine authenticity, and as containing the pure tually come to pass, warned them not to do dectrines of Jesus Christ, have been led to it at their peril. (Sec. 104, N. Ed.) How receive and adopt, as an article of their reliunavailing such a warning, to men who had gious creed, the monstrous, antichristian and resolved to set themselves above all that is disgusting dogma, "that it is absolutely necalled God, or is worshiped, in bold defiance cessary, to the attainment of the highest deof his order and commandments, pulling down gree of glory, that a man should have a pluand setting up at their own will and pleasure, rainy of wives." If it were a mere theory in open defiance of the thus saith the Lord, unreduced to practice, the case would be difantil the system is formed which is present ferent; but when we see a system of unparale. ed to you as the antipodes of the order of God lelled debauchery, growing out of, and flowthe heast which has assumed the prerogatives ling from it; contaminating the fair form of of the almighty lawgiver, and chailenges your virtue, and blasting-like the deadly strocco, admiration and homage as possessed of those the very springs of existence, and happiness auributes. In perfect keeping with the char temporal and eternal; then surely if ever, it

Indeed we should esteem it in the highest ed, we cannot avoid it. We do not for a mo-things which has well nigh rendered the name

earnestly for the faith once delivered to the

of Latter Day Saint the synonym, of treachery and debauehery. But that ke to MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE, a set of men, who have not bowed the knee PITTSBURGH, PA. DECEMBER 2, 1844. to this adulterous Baal; who will not hold their peace, who will never reliequish the task, which they have undertaken, but

with their lives, who with unwavering unceasing effort, will bear aloft the banuer of number. Should any thing objectionable, theretruth, virtue and integrity; nothing doubting, fore, appear, we trust our friends will attach no that the God of Israel, will be their safeguard censure, or blame to Prest. S. Rigdon, and portion forever.

If it could be a matter of doubt, with any individual, who is not caught in the snare of number on the 2nd of De instead of the 15th the devil. by a practical adoption of the doc- of Nov., as we were unavoidably detained sevtrine of polygamy, as taught by the apostates erandays in getting our office prepared, as soon at Nauvon, the test given by the Son of God. as we had anticipated. All things are in readthat "a tree is known by its fruit," would affiness now, however, and we feel condent, that aband ned woe, parental heartbreakings, and to furnish our subscribers with the paper reguthe truthfulness of confiding love, blasted for larly hereafter. . ever, by the insidious-demon who has sought

is the individual, could they see these things as they are, would doubt their hellish origin; paper sent, who will remit the money to us free The containely put upon the laws of God of expense, as it is the lawful privilege of eventual man; the lying, hypocricy and deceit; ty Postmaster to remit money to an Editor, for practiced, to hide its malignant features from a third person, free of charge. public gaze; furnish the eccessary touches to By pursuing the above course, our friends fill up the diabolic picture.

fruth, but not all the truth; there is yet a fear-gen Bachelor, that the said G. Adams enuful weight of testimony, remaining untold .-Is there an ominous warning of overthrow, a "that the church of Jesus Christ is the same in denunciation of threatened punishment, a signal exhibition of Divine vengeance, recorded every age; the same faith, the same officers, the in the sacred books? directed against these vices.

When we say this crying abomination is

-could so have darkened the living oracles, as the course this gentleman has pursued!! How thus far, to have turned the grace of our God admirably HE carries out his principles!!! s. into lasciveousness. And oh! what awful mummery, what a stupendous fraud, upon the

virtuous innocence; righteousness!! And the the saints a determination to adhere to the contemner of all law, human and divine; - principles of virtue, as taught in the revelations godliness!!! It is not at all surprising, that men who by which the church was organized in the last

have adopted such a system, should have lost days. Knowing that if that order is violated, the light of the spirit of God; any other event, all must soon become confusion, and sectarianwould have given the lie to the great God; isin will be the result. who hath declared, "they shall not have the A. Prophy in Ohio. spirit; and they shall deny the faith." How exactly we find this verified in the recent e- your paper, which if you continue to publish, I vents at Nauvoo, and other places.

OBSERVER.

The Editor being necessarily absent, is not-responsible for the matter-contained in this

We have thought proper to date this

To tell of the despoiled innovence, and with the blessings of heaven, we shall be able

his opportunity, under the priestly garb, to Werwould say to our friends, at a disvisit the happy domicide of mutual undoubting tance, who wish to subscribe for this paper, they affection, and by the avowed authority of can do so, by handing a \$1 bill-current money, heaven pressing his suit, and enforcing it by to the Postmaster of their place, giving himsthe the most awful penal denunciations. Where directions where, and to whom they wish the

will save themselves a considerable expense. a

We perceive by the published debate of G. J. forbidden by all the revelations of heaven, in every age, to the children of men; we tell the Adams, (in the New York Prophet,) with Orimerates as one of his impregnable positions,

Then they have been same gifts, and the same blessings." What a striking commentary this upon the proceedings What concatenation of fiendish influence, at Nauvoo! What marvellous consistency in

Our intelligence from various parts of the right use of words, for men who teach the plan country is very cheering, and shows a disposirality of wives, to prate about virtue, right tion on the part of the honest in heart, to coneousness, and godliness. The debaucher; tend earnestly for the faith once delivered to
teach virtue! The spoiler and destroyer, the saints—a determination to adhere to the of God-and to cleave to the order of heaven,

A Brother in Ohio, writes: "I have received

have no doubt will kettle the minds of the honest hearted saints from the perplexing difficul-

• I came

growing in grace and in the knowledge of the we would name W. W. Phelps, from the use disposition to sanction iniquity in any shape .- Hyde would stand next: We, with many others in this place, are deler- We have ceased to be surprised at any statemined to do the will of the Lord, and abide by ment made by that raper, knowing as we do the Doctrines and Covenants under all circum-the principles which govern it. stances. Please forward your paper to me, and I will remit the money."

ties they are now involved in, .

We would say to our brother, he need have no fears as to the continuation of this publication, as we feel confident that we shall he sustained in our arduous undertaking; as our sole object is to promote the happiness of our fellow men, by publishing and inculcating the princi ples of peace and good will to all men-by ex posing error-by setting forth the principles of the everlasting gospel of Jesus Christ, as they ever have been, as they are, and as they ever of truth and righteousness-by sustaining the

Our prospects are far more flattering than we dared anticipate at the commencement of this paper. We feel to rejoice in our hearts, and render thanksgiving and praise to our Heaven ly Father that we can realize in truth, the saying which was made to Elijah, "I have reserved seven thousand, (or many,) who have not bowed the knee to Baal."

the public eye.

We refer Orson Hyde and all others, acting under the influence of the same spirit which he exhibits to the 90th sec. of the book of covenants. "Verily thus saith the the Lord unto you, (Joseph Smith and Sidney Rigdon,) there is no to the testimony of Jesus Christ. weapon that is formed against you shall prosper; and if any man lift his voice against you, he shall be confounded in mine own due time, wherefore keep these commandments, they are true and faithful, even so, amen."

These are the sayings of the faithful and true witness! -If Sidney Rigdon shall transgress, he is as much in the hands of the God of Israel as Joseph Smith was, but wo, to that man who assumes that which God holds in his own hand.

It is very kind and amiable in the Nauvoo Neighbor, to designate us, as a "union of the murderers of Joseph and Hyrum Smith !!!! especially when it knew the fact, that most of us strange act; in the eyes of all that live. For were under arms night and day, to defend the the consolation and comfort of all the faithful city of Nauvoo from mob-violence!

Were we called upon to point to a man, who into this church with the express purpose of more than any other contributed to that result,

truth. Neither myself or wife, can find any which was made of his Affidavit. Orson

"But the fearful, and unbelieving, and the abominable and murderers, and whoremongers, and sorcerers, and idolaters, and all liars, shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone; which is the second death." We quote this for the edification and instuction of many, if they will receive it; we have particular reference to Orson-Hyde, and some

communications in the New York Prophet; over his signature. Orson Hyde says, that ever since he apostawill be-by advancing and upholding the cause tized in Missouri, he has regarded Prest. Rigdon, as a base and wicked tyrant! In 1841, principles of virtue, as set forth in the old and the Lord, by Joseph Smith, gives "a base and new testaments, the book of Mormon, the book wicked tyrant" as one of the quorum to receive of Doctrine and Covenants, and in all the reverthe oracles for the whole church!! do you say lations of God through Joseph Smith, which so Mr. Hyde? Could there be a clearer dehave been published to the world, or come to velopement of the spirit of Antichrist?

MATERIAL FOR THE MAN'OF SIN.

John E. Page when in Pittsburgh, after Prest Rigdon's return from Nauvoo, demanded of Elder Rigdon a MIRACLE, to prove that he had a message from God!!!

Book of Mormon, Book of Covenants, Voice of Warning, etc. for sale at this office.

TO THE SAINTS.

Herafter when we use the term Saint, we wish it distinctly understood, that we apply the term where it alone belongs, to those who keep the commandments of God, and adhere The most high God, who is a revealer of

secrets, hath done nothing, but he revealeth his purposes unto his servants' the prophets. The organization over which Joseph-Smith presided is no more; and upon its ruins, has grown up an order of things, averse from, and adverse to, the order and will of heaven; an organization of Antichrist; in fulfilment of the testimeny of the prophets and apostles of the Son of God. The Lord has not been an uninterested

spectator, of this deplorable state of things, but. hath shewn uuto his servent Sidney plainly, his will and purpose in that dispensation. when he has set his hand, to do his work, his strange work; and bring to pass his act, his in Christ Jesus, we would say, the Lord is at

the helm, blessed are all they that put their We publish the following part of a letter to trust in him. Be patient. Be sober, and G. J. Adams, which was dated Oct. 29, 1814. watchful unto prayer. Shun all apperance of But as he left Philadelphia about the same date, evil, and especially seperate yourselves Iron for Nauvoo, it is presumed he has not received that soul destroying doctrine, the spiritual it. Brother Savary says that it was very strange

the son of man that he thould repent. every obedient child; every opright son and was to accompany him on the GREAT RUSSIA nami, to love and serve. God and keep his coin-the sub-marine pattery or Ligury ring is now mandments unto the end. covenant will secure to us an eternal weight coveries have recently been brought to light, of glory, a celestial inheritance. Let those the effect of which, we have no doubt, are more deemed brethren mock, scoff, and congenial to his (Adam's) regions. And it our God, to win the mark of the prize of our cannot be expected that he would willingly high calling of God in Christ Jesus. We are forego these things (which are of such was imnot to be diverted from our object, by fals portance) for a thing so trifling as the Russia brethren, traitors to the cause which they have Mission. espoused, apostates to the faith of Jesus, reprobates to the laws of God and man,

The Lord has set his hand, again the second in the aspect of affairs since I saw you, but pre-time, to recover his ancient covenant people; and for the accomplishment of this object, has placed a prophet, acknowledged by his own with the side of the oppressed; and when I voice, to lead them, as the God of Israel shall wisees a set of men so far forget themselves, direct him. Let then your hearts be comfort reason and common sense also, as to expel a ed with the assurance that God is with us, that he will direct all our steps, that he will direct all our steps, that he will (which office was confered by the God of hot leave us, neither forsake us, till he brings forth-judgement unto victory. By denying ourselves all ungodliness and worldy lust, and patient continuance in well doing unto the for "kicking up a d—m fuss generally." But end, we shall reap a glorious harvest, an in heritance in the rest of God on the earth, of a Times and Seasons, in the trial of Elder Rigthousand years duration; and to crown the viciding up a Nounce asked the necolisit them.

headed, "Rigdonism" in the New York Proph anism, and which is the basis of the religion of et, that we do not seek to establish our own heaven, and fundamental principle of all rightet, that we do not seek to establish our own righteousuess, but we do seek to establish the trils of those who were once its advocates, and truth even the righteousness of God, and by his made a hiss and a by-word by them? establish, but to destroy the righteousness of and contemptible for their notice, and as a God, by going about to disseminate the works matter of course, cur off. When I take these things into consideration,

coffuntion."-We would moreover-inform this sapient para- Smith was responsible to no-man of set of men, graphist, that we have had no vision to fight a battle at Pittsburgh; and all the fighting we ever expect to do, will be under the banner of LIBER-dose; and light must become darkness, before I TY, and in maintenance of those fundamental shall have credulity enough to believe, or subprinciples, on which this government is based; scribe to such contrarieties. Again, I have and if we ever take part in any conflict, it will that Paul field, if he said that God set in his he where God and I ibout it the watchwood be, where God and Liberty is the watchword. church, first apostles, &c.; but said he believed

The Lord is not man that he should lie, nor that Elder Adams should pass through this He city and not call on him; especially so; as he will sustain and uphold by his almighty arm (Adams) had prophecied that Brother Savary daughter who continue faithful to their cove-Mission. We suppose however, that neither Fidelity to the of much worth, seeing that more important dis-

> Ріттявинси. Ост. 29, 1844. DEAR SIR:-Quite a change has taken place

thousand years duration; and to crown the vic-don, when B. Young asked the people if they tory of the sanctified, an abundant entrance wanted a guardian, a spokesman or a prophet into the ever asting kingdon of our God and not one was to be found who wanted either — his Christ; even a celestral glory.

Said I to myself, can it be possible that the people calling themselves the saints of God. have so soon repudiated the doctrine of revela-We would inform the author of the article tion? has that which was the terror of sectari-

blessing we shall accomplish it. "We have tried such is the fact; and all who shall hereafter be so unfortunate as to be counted worthy to rethose however who said they were aposiles, (witnesses of the name of Christ,) and are not, ter rain, must be considered by that people, but have found them liars; they seek not to (with B. Young at their head,) as too mean of darkness, and shall utterly perish in their own and contrast then with the doctrine heretofore taught; such for instance, as this: That Joseph

> but to God alone; then, or four months after, to say that he was subject to a certain quorum, is rather more than I am-willing to swallow at one

that the words were transposed by the transla-deck is tried, to sit as a judge in Israel. And tors: for, said he, God's way, or the TRUE way way, as he did in the late Times and Seasons,

sequence would be, that, that kingdom which president is in transgression or not.

was to have subdued and broken in pieces all other kingdoms, and fill the whole earth, is, particularly reason of its own defects, tumbled into declares is the high council, which the Lord ruins, and left to another people; and all that God!" the 36th part asserts that there is not to tall the council of the church of the council of the coun

Hoping that you feel as I do in this matter, I of righteousness.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

RICHARD SAVARY.

TRIAL OF THE FIRST PRESIDENCY But a literal decendent of Aaron has a legal counsellors, high priests. of the high priesthood after the order of Melchise tute a tribunal legally competent to try a first

he decision of either of these councils agreeais, that God set in his church, first prophets, bly to the commandment which says Again then apostles, etc. Then to forget himself, and verify I say unto you, the most important but iness of the church and the most difficult caover his own signature, when aluding to future iness of the church and the most difficult capolicy, he says: "you (the church) are now ses of the church in smuch there as is not satiswithout a prophet present with you in the flesh faction upon the decision of the bishop or judge. to guide you; but you are not without apostles, es it shall be handed over and carried up unto who hold the same power as Joseph," or words the council of the church before the presidento that import.—Now Sir, to my mind here is a cy of the high priesthood; and the presidency of flat contradiction, and if I am damned for not the council of the high priesthood shall have flat contradiction, and it I am panish by not power to call other high priests even TWELVE believing B. Young, I shall be damned for not power to call other high priests even TWELVE believing a Lie, instead of believing a lie and to assist as counsellors; and thus the presidence damned; if so, I should transpose the scripty of the high priesthood, and its counsellors. The sum of the whole matter is this; is this shall have power to decide upon testimony the kingdom spoken of by Daniel? If it is, has according to the laws of the church. And afit or will it stand forever? I answer no, pro-ter this decision it shall be had in remember-vided any departure takes place from the order ance no more before the Lord, for this is the which the God of heaven has instituted; for it highest council of the church of God, and a fiis the order of a kingdom that makes it a king nal decision upon controversies in spiritual dom. For instance, you take away the Exec-matters. There is not any person belonging utive department of our government, would the same order be observed that now is? verily not is to the church, who is exempt from this council is it made necessary by our constitution, that there should be an Executive department as of the high-priesthood shall transgress he shall the general HEAD, through which, the situation be had in rememberance before the common and wants of the government are made-known council of the church, who shall be assisted from time to time? or does the constitution re-by TWELVE councellors of the high priesthood; cognize the representative department as the and their decision upon his head shall be an cognize the representative department as the and their decision upon his head shall be an channel through which this information is to end of controversy concerning him. Thus be derived? most assuredly not; for if they should, they could with equal propriety, set aside every other statute; and all would, as a laws of God; that all things may be done in matter of course, become confusion. Now to apply the figure. In our book of Covenants, or constitution, I find that God says that there as it is asserted and reiterated, that President should of necessity, be a first Presidency, and Rigdon is legally cut off, from the church of three were appointed, (not 12 councillors,) and Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints; we wish due provision was made that in case of the troverse a few remarks to show and oversely due provision was made that in case of the to devote a few remarks to shew and our tack death of the first of that quorum, similar to that is a very easy one, that there were two at in the constitution of the United States, which least very essential facts wanting, to constiacknowledges the vice to be as much the president (when that office becomes vacant by the removal of the president) as though he was duly elected to that office; and no one, while he lives, has that right, unless he becomes incompetant to discharge its duties. No man can Christ; waiving for the sake of the argument supplant Elder Rigdon in the office to which he the question as to where that body was. First is called, without violating a fundamental printhen, as to a tribunal, competent according ciple of the government of God; and the con- to the law of God to decide whether a first

is left to tell the story, is the mighty city of God!" the 36th para asserts that there is not any person belonging to the church-who is not amenable to this council; and inasmuch as subscribe myself your friend on the principle a president of the high priesthood shall transgress, he shall be had in rememberance before this the common council of the church, having common jurisdiction over all the church, from highest to the lowest, who shall in the trial of a first president, be assisted by twelve other The high council right to the presidency of this (the Aaronic) then composed of a president of the high priestpriesthood, to the keys of the ministry, to act hood, and twelve high priests, with, in the trial in the office of bishop independently, without of a first presidenet twelve additional counsels counsellors, except in a case where a president ors making twenty four high priests, consti-

President. That the term common council, (this charge was preferred by P. P. Pratt.) in refers to the high council, is evident from the stating, that the Lord had shown him in visconnexion in which it stands, with the two on, that he was to take part in a bloody battle preceding parag aphs; connected by the con-in defence of the liberty of this country, and innetion and. That it does not refer to the in the vindication of law and order. This bishops court, is put beyond all question, by harge came with rather a bad grace from this the positive declaration of the 34th par. that centleman, as any one may see by consulting a bishop has a right to sit as a judge in Israel, his answer to Le Roy Surderland, let Edition. in all cases except where a president of the -What law of the celestial Kingdom does high priesthood is tried; there he has no jurisdic this fact or any other predicted by Pres't Rigtion. It would be absurd-to suppose, that an don contravene? Many things foreseen by officer of the Aaronic priesthood, an inferior him have already happened as he predicted. order of priestly authority, and a mere appen been literally fulfilled. Does that constitute dage (although a necessary one) to the high- lying in the name of the Lord? But who is er or-melchisedeck; would be the proper officer made the judge of the revelations through the to sit in judgement, upon the man holding the first president, where they contradict no law? highest office known to the church, and king-Those whom the Lord had commanded to be dom of God, on the earth; holding the keys of hed by him? We ask to be shown the revelathe oracles of God to the church. We have then where any quorum of the church can deal the testimony of Joseph Smith to us personal with a first president on this specification? It ly, who once solicited us to bring a charge annot be found. God reserves that right in gainst a member of the quorum of first presi his own hand. It could alone be ascertained dency; declaring that he would call a council by revelation from him. But it would seem as of twenty four high priests, and preside him- though these men were determined, to cut off self; proving to us that he understood perfectly every avenue, by which the Lord had promiswhat the order of God was in relation to the ed to communicate his will, thinking peradtrial of a first president.

But we care nothing for any mans opinion, liking, or at all events to speak to the n. when we have the law of God upon a subject, He has actually left him standing alone clear, distinct, and demonstrable. We have clothed with the authority of the first presiset to our seal that God is true; and by his as- dency through whom the Mord says he would sistance we intend to withstand every spirit speak to the church and you have virtually and every coctrine, that comes in contact with said that you know better than God, that you

The merciful interposition of the hand of Island revelator.

Tael's God, is to be seen in the fact, that he When the Island revelator. left those who sought with unholy hands to as a prophet, se r and revelator, and the same subvert the order of his church, without the time declares, that the authority which he means to accomplish it, with any, the least holds shall not be taken from the earth, until shew of legality. In saying this we mean of he himself makes his appearance; we take course to deny, that Amasa Lyman had any le-it as pretty strong proof, that he means him to gimate claims to the first presidency. His ordination was surreptitious and invalid. shew this we need only to state that he was ordained to fill a place that had not yet been vacated! We shall descant more largely upon

Secondly, we propose to shew, that presit Rigdon had committed no crime, no breach of the law of God; which would warrant a court having jurisdiction, to deal with him.

this curious transaction at another time.

The main charges preferred against him were: "ordaining men to unheard of offices in the church," "lying in the name of the Lord." seeking to devide the church, declaring hisdetermination to expose iniquity."

As to the ordination to unheard of offices, we would remark they were offices known in the revelations of God, known in the administration of Joseph Smith, known in the prophe- wer to the buffetings of Satan untill they resies and promises, known by the church! what statute in the code of the Almighty lawgiver, do the quorum of the twelve travelling rum of twelve, against the first president; becouncil arraign the first president, and the ause he stands in the way of the accomplish-Bishop and high council adjudge as guilty, of ment of their purposes; for no other reason as this charge! "Lying in the name of the Lord" we can see.

ventur, to compel him to speak more to their He has actually left him standing alone

stand there, whether the children of men will lo have it so or not!

"Seeking to divide the church." It does ap-

pear as though there was a desperate hard run

for subturfuges, when a first president is chargod.with dividing the church. Does this mean hat he created a party for, and a party against If it does not, what does it mean?-The whole church was his by right of presilency, given, to him by the Lord By what rule and regulation in the law of heaven, is he adjudged guilty on this head? Verily none. "Declaring his determination to expose iniquity," a singular crime in the church of God!!! If this is the crime, on which sentence is to be pronounced, all the prophets from the beginng, ought to have been cut off, and delivered

By pented! These are the charges brought by the quo-

or both it must necessarily be they have asserted that the quorum of the twelve is the highest quorum in the church, next to the first presidency. There is an objection to that 3, par. 35.

In an article on "church government," in the New York Prophet of Nov. 2, the friends NAUVOO AND THE LEADING MEN of Sidney Rigdon are charged with "testifying to as great a falsehood-as men could tell upon that subject," and a quotation is given as their and the people of that city—some to flatter declaration, "that he was not allowed the prive them, others to abuse it is my intention to inge of trial, and of making his defence." Toldo neither; but as far as possible I shall speak shew the unblushing effrontery, and insolent the truth, let it fall upon whom it may falsehood of this statement, we will quote the whole paragraph refered to: "Heretofore, the vindication of the innocent, and for the deaccused has had the privilege of a trial and an fence of those who have been basely slandered opportunity to reply to the charges brought against them, but on the memorable 8th of Sept noticed; but such is the course which the 1841, this privilege was denied in open and fla-leading men of Nauvoo are pursuing, that grant violation of all the laws and rules of the everything sacred cries aboud for an exposition church; thus manifesting clearly that the course of their unrighteous and unhallowed conduct. they have pursued towards US, is one unsanctioned by law and unhallowed by justice."-Signed Sam'l. James, and 19 others. It is too apparent to need comment, that the persons course pursued towards THEM, in cutting THEM neaven, and yield to the spirit of depravity so sands of individuals. They refer to them as a standing monument, of the illegality and injustice of the administration of the twelve. It is

As it respects the trial (so called) of Prest when they make religion a cloak for crime. Rigdon, we would remark, that all connexion But to the law and testimony. and jurisdiction growing out of any relationship and the twelve invested with it. That of sistency, ane legality, at complete defiance.

an unanswerable and triumphant argument.

Another instance of what we are compelled presidency, and the consequence is, that, they to think a designed misrepresentation, occurs are not acting "under itsidirection," and of

the through ignorance or dishonesty, on in the same article, also in an article signed Cincinnatus, that Joseph Smith was the presidency of the church, assisted by his brother Hyrum and Sidney Rigdon as counsellors. assertion, which is a radical and fatal one Every member acquainted with the affairs it is this, "the Lord says, the high council is of the church, knows full well, that Hy-Every member acquainted with the affairs the highest council of the church of God. Sec. rum Smith has not for years, constituted a member of the first presidency,-See Book of Cov. page 411, new ed.

OF THAT CITY.

Many have written in relation to Nauvoo Were it not for the cause of truth, for the

by men-who profess to be the apostles and ministers of God, I would pass them by un-It is strange that men, who have experienced the blessings of the gospel, who have felt the saving power of the Redeemer, who have had the light of revelation from heaven to apparent to need comment, that the persons guide their footsteps, could plunge so deep in-who signed that document complain of the to the pit of corruption as to reject the order of off without citation and trial, refusing to allow are to sanction abominations which would them the privilege of speaking in their defence make an infidel or a heathen blush. It is These were notorious pacts witnessed by thou. strange too, that men professing the gospel can deliberately lie, and with uplifted hands swear to falsehoods which would grate upon the conscience of a devil; yet such is the charac-

ter of many of the leading men in the city of

Nauvoo. It shows that it is a mere profession.

The book of doctrine and covenants explains heretofore existing between him and the body it shall be governed. The twelve have rethe order of the church and the laws by whichat Nauvoo, had been severed and destroyed jected that book, in that they have usurped some four weeks, or more, previous to that tri- an authority never delegated to them by the al, in a general meeting of the church, wherein revelations of God, and have gone contrary to Sidney Rigdon was cut off from his presiding the express laws therein contained. In that authority, by the general voice of the people, book we find that a quorum of three, styled the first-presidency; are to preside over the desticourse destroyed all mutual jurisdiction invel-der anciently. The twelve are a travelling nies of the whole church, and this was the orved in that presiding relationship. And the high council to officiate in the name of the Lord, contenptible farce, of virtually cutting him offunder the direction of the presidency of the from the presidency, and afterwards citing him church, agreeably to the institution of heaven. to trial as a president, is exactly of a piece Whoever will take the trouble to read the third with the whole proceedings. They exhibit a section of doctrines and covenants-will find wanton reckleesness, which put sobriety, conthese facts. Now this immaculate and distinguished twelve have taken it upon themselves to annihilate this quorum of the first

course have rejected wilfully and knowingly the sympathies of the world. the revelations of heaven. He who will read he has lived among them can fully know their sections 11, 14 and 85, of the book of cove situation. They go to Nauvoo with pure minds nants will see as plain as language can make and pure motives for the purpose of learning the thing, where the authority to lead this the ways of heaven more perfectly. But what church is placed after the prophet was taken do they find when they reach there? Instead All can see this matter clearly unless they are of being edified at the place of worship by havwillingly blinded and I need not quote more ing unfolded the glories of God and the truths to prove that the twelve have rejected the ore of heaven, they seldom hear any thing but der of heaven by grasping a power which does scurrility and abuse. Some man who has

opinion and doctrine as the rules of the cove- not savor much of christianity, he is swept nants direct; they sever them from the church from the church; and should he escape the former precedent and in a manner never sanc-"the Danite Band," (of whom W. W. Phelps

Wilford Woodruff, in a letter to the New the truth could tell a tale which would rouse my God.

not belong to them. Furthermore their treat fallen under the ban of their displeasure furment of those who differ from them in senti-nishes them with a text and wholesale damnament is unchristianlike, unjust and is charac-lion and anathemas, are dealt out with an unteristic of men who are willing to trample every sparing hand. Should any member of the thing in the dust, which stands between them church have the unfortunate reputation of have and the object of their unhallowed desires. ing money when he goes to Nauyoo, he is Men who have differed with them honestly immediately visited by some leading worthy. have been pursued by the most vindictive spirit who is absolutely in want of a few hundred of rancorous revenge, and no calumnies are dollars for a very few days, when it shall posttoo base with which to blast their reputation, tively be returned. The unsuspecting brother The twelve at Nauvon have succeeded in shells out a \$100 to this one, and a cool \$1000 riveting a chain of desposism upon the minds to that and the other, until he finds his funds of the people there, and he who has the manli-running low. The very few days clapse, and ness to exercise independence of thought and he calls on brother B. for his money, and is freedom of expression, finds himself in a worse put off. He calls again and again, until at condition than a protestant in the midst of the last he receives insults instead of the return Roman Inquisition. Instead of exercising that of his favors. He now begins to learn the charity effaracteristic of christians, instead of mysteries of the kingdom, and should he have acting towards those who differ with them in the holdness to declare that such conduct did without the privilege of trial, contrary to any embraces of the "Brothers of Gideon," alias, tioned by the gospel of the Son of God. They once testified, he has need to thank his God. are forever talking about the persecutions deep layer received from the world abroad, and it rapidlates the light of day, when their hogus does not seem to me to come with a very good grace from the lips of those who are the very struction of female virtue, shall be exposed loudest in Nauvoo to persecute and slander as far as the name of the twelve is known, and men who entertain an honest difference of opin-stamped with that infamy and disgrace which they so justly deserve. I know it is difficult Wilford Woodruff, in a letter to the New York Prophet, reiterates; what others in Nauture could exist, yet there are hundreds, who woo have said, that "Sidney Rigdon had threatened to turn traitor to the church and bring a mob upon them," which charge I pronounce a base and black-hearted lie, (put in circulation to injure his character,) and God and Angels know it. But what else could be and Angels know it. But what else could be are defined to sustain themselves, if they stand at all, upon a foundation of they said at all, upon a foundation of bypocracy & falsehood! Can any thing the expected of men plunged as they are the one they are constructing at Nauture of bypocracy & falsehood! The labor of the poor has reared its imposing walls thus far, while in iniquity and crime? The doctrine of polygonal alarge amount of the funds given for its erecto believe that such a perverson of human nain iniquity and crime? The doctrine of polyg- a large amount of the funds given for its erecamy, so odious in the eyes of all christian tion have furnished certain dignitaries at Naucommunities, and in the practice of which the
most unquestionable evidence fully proves
them to be engaged, is sufficient to seal their
building of the Nauvoo house, and nothing eternal infamy. It is too late in the day for but the hare cellar wall-exhibits where this them to undertake to conceal these things, for large sum has gone. I write these things for like murder, "it will ont," and they must the benefit of the saints abroad, and as to my stand forth exposed to the world in all their belief and knowledge of the truth of these asked deformity. There are many men and women in Nauvoo who, if they dared to speak statements I could testify in the presence of

No man unless

The doctrine of Marmonism, as originally condemning vice, and upholding virtue constitaught, is one of the purest and most beau tutes an offence against the laws of God work ney Rigd n disclaim all fellow hip with the taught by that quorum, as I have abundant Ezekiel in the 14th chapter gives an exact the whole matter, and as soon as I and my well all ye who are wishing to know the truth, said Quorom of the Twelve; we called the It needs not the pen of a prophet to tell what Branch together and laid the matter before will be the destiny of Nauvoo under such destine together with the evidence, which evidence and abandoned leaders, for time will idence was positive, The result was, that we soon tell which is the true and which the bogus unanimously resolved that we would have no stirring up the black waters within, and the This is what we have done, and it is what I dark tinge of the surface already manifests pray God we may ever-do. the depth of internal corruption.

J. H. Jr.

From the Morning Chronicle: HO! THE MORMONS.

this time expelled from the aforesaid Church, they have towards him for the purpose of perand all his adherents are. suspended from the petuating this abominable doctrine, well knowperformance or administration of any ordinance ing that he would give them no quarters in true Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Church. Instead of expelling Elder Rigdon, has with the Crown of England.

JOHN E. PAGE, Elder, And one of the Twelve travelling high council of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints.

Messis. Editors.—In the Age of the 10th inst. I- observed the above notice, headed, "Ho! The Mormons" signed John E. Page, Elder, informing the public that the individuals composing the Branch of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, in this City, are suspended from participation in the ordinances and privileges, of said Church until they reand privileges, of said Church until they repent and conform to the authorities (meaning every month, by
the quorum of the Twelve of which he is a
member) of said Church, &c. Now sir, if Terms.—#1 per annum, payable in advance.

tiful systems ever delivered to the world, builthy of suspension from his church, then we base men have crept in and polluted the in are Guilty. And if this branch of the church heritance of the Lord, and departed from the are suspended because we will not believe true faith. I therefore take this occasion of The Abominuble Spiritual Wife Doctrine, or the saying to the world that the followers of Sid doctrine of Polygamy, (which doctrine is twelve at Nauvoo, and all others who practice evidence to believe, and he, John E Page, the abominations which they teach. When dare not deny it.) This is the sole cause of the twelve first returned from England they his issuing his contemptible Bull against us in began to pervert the ways of the Lord, and that paper of Thursday. This is the cause of description of events which have occured in brethren became acquainted with the fact, that the church since that time. Read and ponder this dectrine of abomination was taught by the coin; and the base coin shall be nailed to the fellowship with any man, or any set of men, that counter. They may well tremble, for past taught such doctrine. Believing them to be crime, like the ghost of Banquo, is staring them at war with every principle of virtue and in the face—the spoil of the poor is in their righteousness and calculated in their nature to houses—the spirit of the infernal world is overthrow every tie that hinds society together. And on this principle we are willing to risk our salvation notwithstanding all the Bulls that may be issued. against us by men who uphold such wickedness, for they are werking out their own damnation with greediness. In regard to Elder Rigdon, we do acknow-

Notice is hereby given to the public. Intregard to Elder Rigdon, we do acknow-to beware of receiving the ordinance of Baps, though the first presidency. Which or any of his adherents, thinking to tach themselves to the Church of Jesus Christ of we to believe that the Twelve have acied as Latter Day Saints—for Mr. S. Rigdon is a they have towards him for the purpose of netwhatever, until they repent and adhere to the proper authorities of the said Church. For whatever Mr. S. Rigdon, or his adherents may say, or do, under the pretention or nominal judge, jurors and witnesses, the proceedings say. name of Latter Day Saints, in a legal point of which are an insult to common sense, and light, will be no more in connection with the foreign to all precedent in the affairs of this Saints, that the Republic of the United States they have rendered themselves unworthy of our fellowship, while Elder Rigdon has our undivided confidence:

By publishing the above you will do much to disabuse the public mind, and confer a favor 🙃 on one who respects virtue and condemns vice. RICHARD SAVARY,

President of the Branch in Pittsburgh.

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No. 4.

THE CELESTIAL LAW.

the law which I have given unto you; even the law of Christ, must inherit another kingcannot abide a terrestrial glory: he who can-character of that law, by yielding to its minunot abide a telestial glory: therefore, he is not meet for a kingdom of glory. Therefore, he must abide a kingdom which is not a kingdom inmost recesses of the heart of man, that the of glory."

bestowed upon him, and he receiveth not the required to bow, as to the-will of a tyrant, for gift? Behold he rejoices not in that which is the sake of enforcing subjection to authority; given unto him, neither rejoices in him who but result from those eternal, immutable, and

is the giver of the gift.

And again, verily I say unto you, that the happiness and exaltation of intelligent be-which is governed by law, is also preserved by law, and perfected and sanctified by the same. They are principles which we must of necessity, adopt, if we would attain to the highest order of intelligences. by law, but seeketh to become a law unto it. If we aspire to the glory of the sanctified, to fore they must remain filthy still.

a greater or lesser kingdom. And unto every prototype of all saved beings. kingdom is given a law; and unto every law In the quotation which we have made from there are certain bounds also, and conditions, the law of the Lord, we are told that "they

tions, are not justified; for intelligence cleave I have given unto you, even the law of Christ, eth unto intelligence; wisdom receiveth wis must inherit another kingdom." "For he dom; truth embraceth truth; virtue loveth vir- who is not able to abide a celestial law, can tue; light cleaveth unto light; mercy hath com- not abide a celestial glory." And "that passion on mercy, and claimeth its own; jus-which breaketh a law, and abideth not by law tice continueth its course, and claimeth its but seeketh to become a law unto itself; canown; judgement goeth before the face of him not be sanctified by law, and must remain who sitteth upon the throne; and governeth filthy still." It is not then, a mere assent to and executeth all things; he comprehendeth foundation principles, neither is it a transitory all things, and all things are before him, and obedience, although a perfect one for the time all things are round about him; and he is a being; but a complete and continued subjecbove all things, and in all things, and is through tion to the divine requirements which sanctifies, all things, and is round about all things; and frees from sin; makes the law of God the law

Spirit of God, upon the sacred page, it is the ples by which he is himself governed. inviolability of the law of God. A knowl- It must be evident then to every rationa edge of that law and subjection thereto, is the being, that the espousal of any principle not.

only road to the special favor and approbation And they who are not sanctified through least degree of allowance. The womb never opened to give birth to the man, who was not dom, even that of a terrestrial kingdom, or that Governor, Law-giver, and Judge of all the of a telestial kingdom, For he who is not able to abide the law of a celestial kingdom, known to him. The immaculate Son of God known to him the immaculate son of God himself, one of the heavenly triune, readcannot abide the law of a terrestrial kingdom, ily responded to the majesty and inviolable test requisitions a cheerful obedience.

Let it be remembered, and cherished in the enactments of the law of God, are no capri-For what doth it profit a man if a gift is cious and arbitrary principles, to which we are unalterable principles, which can alone secure

self, and willeth to abide in sin, and altogeth-the presence of God, the holiest of all; the er abideth in sin, cannot be sanctified by law, pathway is before us; obedience to the law neither by mercy, justice, or judgment. There-of the celestial kingdom, to those principles which are pure, holy, just and good; by im-All kingdoms have a law given: and there plicit subjection to the law of God, by follow. are many kingdoms; for there is no space in ing in the footsteps of Jesus Christ, who magthe which there is no kingdom; and there is nified the law and made it honorable, so that no kingdom in which there is no space, either he has left us a perfect example, and is the

All beings who abide not in those condi- who are not sanctified through the law which all things are by him, and of him, even God, of our being, secures to us the countenance and forever, and ever."—§7, ¶ 5, 7, 8, 9, 10. Taylor of the God of Abraham, by a practical forever, and ever."—§ 7, ¶ 5, 7, 8, 9, 10.

If there is a principle which is pre-emi-acknowledgement of our faith in him; qualinently set forth in the revelations of heaven, fies us for intimate intercourse and fellowship
and engraved with the luminous energy of the with God by our submission to those principals.

in accordance with the law of God, not only Surely, most gladly will we cherish them, if cannot produce a sanctifying influence, but by any means we may be accounted worthy must have (an opposite tendency; and those to enter the rest of God. It is our inestimawho are found systematically breaking the ble privilege to live in an age, when the revelaw, "cannot be sanctified by the law, neith-lations of heaven are again unfolded, when

er by mercy, justice or judgment." the beneficent designs of Jehovah, require, In the system of salvation there is one all for the accomplishment of his purposes and pervading principle, which lies at the very the fulfilment of his promises, the promulgafoundation, evolves the intermediate parts, tion of the celestial law, and the establishing and carries them forward to their glorious con- of his church and kingdom on the earth. summation in eternal life. It is the principle Without impairing the value of the lesson to of faith. Obedience to the law of God, fol-he derived from the Book of Mormon, and the lows as a necessary correlative the existence Bible, we may say, that is not the law given of this principle? That is the infallible test to us, by which we shall be judged; our reof its being; the criterion by which the Lord ward, or our condemnation, rests mainly if not accredits or denies its entity. Wherever we altogether, upon the rejection of those truths find men to whom the law of God is proclaim- and commands proclaimed to us, and written ed, walking contrary to its injunctions, disre-in the Book of Doctrine and Covenants. garding its sacred behests, they are denouncedo not by this mean to assem, that all is there ed by the Almighty as faithless-vessels of written which it is necessary for us to know; wrath fitted for destruction; not able to ahide but we do mean to say, that the law of the the law of a kingdom of glory, and therefore celestial kingdom is there given the fundamust inherit a kingdom which is not a king-mental principles, and by following the instructions there given, we are placed in a con-Having premised these remarks, let us next dition which will infallibly conduct us to a

inquire, what are those heaven-born princi-celestial glory. The heavenly relationship ples, which ingrafted in the soul, and adopt-which we sustain, never can be broken and ly to glory, immortality and eternal life.

reer, and you will find him propounding cer- which the Savior employed, and meet him at tain principles, on which he declares, "hang the threshold, with "thus it is written;" all the law and the prophets;" "thou shall "thus saith the Lord." It would be absolove the Lord thy God, with all thy heart, lutely impossible, while adhering to the direcmight, mind, and strength; and thy neighbortions of that book, to reject a single principle as thyself;" and in the exposition which he of the celestial law; above all, to reject a tion and aggrandizement; to be ready, like ing declarations of the law of God.

revealed to us, who now live on the earth. turned away from you, and others remain with those eternal principles of truth which apper-you: that hereafter shall be revealed. tain to our salvation? We know verily that such beware and repent speedily, lest judg-

ed in the conduct of our lives, lead us secure destroyed, except by our flagrant violation of the instructions contained in that book .-We should expect to find in the great ar- The Arch-fiend, could not lure us to destruccherype of our salvation, an imbodiment of tron, while we retained our integrity, to the those principles; and we shall not be disap sayings of the Lord, written in that book .pointed in our anticipations. Trace the in We would be able readily to detect the Devil carnate God in the history of his earthly ca-lin his delusive promises, by the same means

gives us of these comprehensive doctrines, helprophet, legally appointed and ordained to teaches us that our neighbor includes our ene-receive the oracles for the Church, coming mies, grasps the whole family of man; that with a message from God. we "should do unto others, as we would they how utterly unavailing it would be, to preshould do unto us." To love the Lord God sent a "spiritual wife revelation," as a celes-How utterly unavailing it would be, to presupremely, at the sacrifice of selfish gratifica-tial law, to a faithful believer, in the follow-

faithful Ahraham, to give up our dearest and Wherefore I the Lord am not pleased most cherished object at his command; to go with those among you, who have sought after and come, at his bidding; is more than whole|signs and wonders for faith, and not for the burnt offering and sacrifice. The life of our good of men unto my glory: nevertheless, I great exemplar was a continued personification give commandments and many have turned of the virtue and efficacy of these sanctifying away from my commandments, and have not truths. There were among you adulter-Has the God of Abraham, Isaac and Israel, ers and adulteresses; some of whom have

it is even so. Having tasted of the good word ments shall come upon them as a snare, & their of God and felt the powers of the world to folly shall be made manifest, and their works What then? having begun in the shall follow them in the eyes of the people. spirit, shall we end in the flesh? Shall we "And verily I say unto you, as I have said not rather maintain those transcendental before, he that looketh on a woman to lust truths, which have been committed to us by after her, or if any shall commit adultery in the ministration of angels, by the voice of Je-their hearts, they shall not have the Spirit, hevah, by the inspiration of the Holy Chost Abut shall deny the faith and shall fear: where-

fore I the Lord have said that the fearful, and shalt love thy wife with all thy heart, and the unbelieving, and all liars, and whosoever shall cleave unto her and none else; and he loveth and maketh a lie, and the whoremong that looketh upon a woman to lust after her, and the sorcerer, shall have their part shall deny the faith and shall not have the in that lake which burneth with fire and Spirit, and if he repeats not he shall be cast brimstone, which is the second death. Veri out. Thou shalt not commit adultery; and ly I say, that they shall not have part in the he that committeth adultery and repenteth first resurrection.

you, that ye are not justified hecause these and forsaketh it, and doeth it no more, thou things are among you, nevertheless he that shalt forgive; but if he doeth it again, he endureth in faith and deeth my will, the same shall not be forgiven, but shall be cast out,shall overcome, and shall receive an inherit Thou shalt not speak evil of thy neighbor, ance upon the earth, when the day of trans-nor do him any harm. Thou knowest my figuration shall come; when the earth shall laws concerning these things are given in my be transfigured, even according to the pattern scriptures: he that sinneth and repenteth not, which was shown unto mine apostles upon shall be cast out."-§ 13, ¶ 5, 6, 7. the mount; of which account the fulness ye have not yet received.

said that I would make known my will unto did not always mean exactly what he said; you, behold I will make it known unto you, that he was a little hypocritical upon occasions; not by the way of commandment, for there are that he could lie a trifle sometimes; if he should many who observe not to keep my command-once credit this, you may lead him headlong ments, but unto him that keepeth my com-to the devil, without any difficulty. It will mandments, I will give the mysteries of my not require much persuasion after this, to con-kingdom, and the same shall be in him a well vince him that God-is pretty much such a carof living water, springing up into everlasting nal and sensual kind of being as man. That life:"—§ 20, ¶ 4, 5, 6, 7.

"Who am I that made man, saith the Lord, and the Devil-after all-111 that will hold him guiltless that obeys not my commandments? that have promised and have not fulfilled ! I the enemy of all righteousness has used to gain command and man obeys not, I revoke and a local habitation and a name for his carnal, they receive not the blessing: then they say sensual, and devilish, "law of supreme exalin their hearts, this is not the word of the Lord, tation." for his promises are not fulfilled. But wo unto such, for their reward lurketh beneath, and not true to himself and faithful to his prominot from above."-\$ 18, ¶ 6, last part.

ers of this church, shall teach the principles sire of intercourse with Him. of my gospel which are in the Bible and the once launch our fragile bark upon the shoreof the gospel; and they shall observe the co-without hope in the world. venants and church articles to do them, and these shall be their teachings, as they shall be tion of the believer in the true and living God, directed by the Spirit: and the Spirit shall be who through faith in his name, made alive by given unto you by the prayer of faith, and if willing and constant obedience receives the ye receive not the Spirit ye shall not teach spirit of his adoption, has the abiding testimo-And all this ye shall observe to do as I have ny that God is true and faithful; that his promcommanded, concerning your teaching, until ises are all yea, and amen in Christ Jesus; the fulness of my scriptures are given. And who knows assuredly that his redeemer liveth, as ye shall lift up your voices by the Comfor and that he is able to keep that which he has ter, ye shall speak and prophesy as seemeth committed unto him, against that day. The me good: for behold the Comforter knoweth only question-with him will be, what hath the all things, and beareth record of the Father Lord spoken? and he will hang his hopes and of the Son.

not have forgiveness in this world, nor in the secure dependence, in the living God. His world to come.

he that killeth shall die. Thou sha t not steal : priest, or king, but upon the word of Him who and he that stealeth and will not repent, shall cannot lie! be cast out. Thou shalt not lie; he that lieth "Take courage then, ye feeble saints, and will not repent, shall be cast out. Thou

not, shall be cast out; but he that has com-"And now behold, I the Lord saith unto mitted adultery and repents with all his heart,

To succeed in palming off a spiritual wife system, upon a believer in the law of God, the "And now, verily I say unto you, that as I first step would be, to convince him that God there is not so much difference between God

> We are decidedly of the opinion from what Who am I, saith the Lord, we have seen, that this is very much the way

Once entertain the suspicion that God is ses, and that is the end of all our faith, that is "And again, the elders, priests, and teach-the termination of all our hopes, and all de-We should at Book of Mormon, in the which is the fulness less ocean of uncertainty, without God and

How vastly different from this, is the condithereon, as upon "the sure mercies of David." "And now, behold I speak unto the church: I'he man of faith does not lean upon an arm Thou shalt not kill; and he that kills shall of flesh, his trust is in a higher, holier, more hope of a celestial inheritance, does not de ·· And again, I say, thou shalt not kill; but pend upon the fidelity of any apostle, prophet,

The clouds ye so much dread;

Are big with mercies and shall break, In blessings on your head."

supersede the smallest provision of the law of up among them another little horn, before God, nor frustrate a single promise of the whom there were three of the first horns eternal Jehovah.

S. BENNETT.

. KINGDOM OF DANIEL.

from the earliest ages of antiquity down to the were, that they were four kings, in the 19th present-hour, we see that nation after nation, verse he says: "Then I would know the truth institution after institution, and empire after of the fourth beast, which was diverse from all empire, have risen, and flourished for a sea-the others, exceeding dreadful, whose teeth son, and then ceased to exist. Like the me-were of iron, and his nails of brass; which deteors of the sky they have flashed forth their voured, break in pieces, and stamped the resilight, for a moment upon the world, and sunk due with his feet. And of the ten horns that to rise no more. Where is the Assyrian empire with her boundless wealth and her countless cities? where is Persia, robed in the globar of the sun? where is Egypt, distinguished for her wisdom, and for her profound knowledge of the siences and arts? where is Greece once the seat of learning and the cradle of libearty? where is Rome, imperial Rome, whose with the seat of learning and the destines of the lunon earth, which shall be diverse from all the road of the tinner that had eyes, and a mouth that spake very great things, whose look was more stout than his fellows. I beheld, and the same horn made war with the saints, and prevailed against them." The prophet goes on and says: iron arm once swayed the destinies of the upon earth, which shall be diverse from all orous, and powerful; they stand out in the his-land shall tread it down, and break it in tory of the world, preeminent and distinguish-pieces. And the ten horns out of this kingdom ed, but luxury, effeminacy and vice have are ten kings that shall arise, and another shall breathed upon their flourishing glories, and the rise after them, and he shallbe diverse from the dark passions of the human heart, let loose, first, and he shall subdue three kirgs." &c. have trampled them in the dust.

passed upon nations as well as upon individ-limage. This great image, whose brightness forth, and the mightiest empires that ever stood thereof was terrible. This image's head was of upon the earth have dwindled into insignifi-fine gold, his breast & his arms of silver, his belcance, and nothing scarcely now remains to ly and his thighs of brass, his legs of iron, his tell us of their ancient granduer and glory, feet part of iron and part of clay. Thou sawexcepting the record of the past. When we est till that a stone was cut out without hands, examine the writing of those, who were in- which smote the image upon his feet that spired by the spirit of the living God, we learn were of iron and clay, and brake them to piethat all human governments are destined to be ces. Then was the iron, the clay, the brass, overthrows, and the fate of every earthly king- the silver, and the gold, broken to pieces to-dom has long since been sealed by the fiat of gether, and became like the chaff of the sum-Jehovah. But thanks be to God, there is one mer threshing-floors; and the wind carried kingdom, "which shall never be distroyed." them away, that no place was found for them: What is that kingdom? we answer, it is not a and the stone that smote the image became a kingdom to be established by human wisdom, great mountain, and filled the whole earth." but one which the God of heaven shall set up, This was the Dream of Nebnchadnezzar who which shall-break-in-pieces-and-consume-all at that time swayed the sceptre of the world. other kingdoms, and it shall stand forever It is a point conceded by all who are conver-The prophet Daniel, when the vis-sant at all with the prophets that there were ions of heaven were unfolded to his view, to arise, at different periods of the world, four looked down through the lapse of ages, and universal empires or kingdoms, which were saw the rise and fall of empires, tracing the to be more extensive than any others. grand events which were to occur from the Daniel explains this matter perfectly. In his days of Nebuchadnezzar down to the latest interpretation of the dream he says: "Thou

night visions, and behold a fourth heast, dom-established by Cyrus, called the Medodreadful and terrible, and strong exceedingly; Persian empire, represented by the breast and and it had great iron tooth: it devoured and arms of silver which conquered the Babylo-

break in pieces, and stamped the residue with the feet of it: and it was diverse from all the All the power of priesthood that was ever beasts that were before it; and it had ten horns. held by man on the earth combined, could not I considered the horns, and behold, there came plucked up by the roots; and behold in this horn were eyes like the eyes of man, and a mouth speaking great things. I beheld till the thrones were cast down," &c. When we look over the history of the past, was told what the four beasts which he saw

These nations were once strong, vig-kingdoms, and shall devour the whole earth,

In the second chapter of Daniel, 31st verse, we The sentence of death seems to have been read, "Thou O king sawest, and behold a great The decree of the Almighty has gone was excellent, stood before thee; and the form

generation, has described to us that kingdom (or thy kingdom) art this head of gold. Afo plainly, that it cannot he mistaken.

Daniel vii: 7, 8, "After this I saw in the to thee." This is well known to be the king-

nian. "And another third kingdom of brass (Roman) empire, and the ten toes of the im-which shall bear rule over all the earth."—age which Daniel saw, or the ten kingdom. Alexander is the third universal emperor, who were not then in being; but this "stone cut out

subverted the Persian government. without hands was to strike the toes of the "And the fourth kingdom shall be strong image first, and we have got to learn which

as iron; for a smuch as iron breaketh in pieces one of the modern kingdoms of Europe has and subdueth all things, and as iron that break been broken in pieces by christianity.

iron government began to be rentinto fragments thinking to change times and laws" &c.

of Europe and overran the whole empire; and come them."
that out of it sprang ten kingdoms. Now Historians inform us that the Exarchate of Daniel says the fourth beast "had ten horns," Ravenna, the kingdom of the Lombards and and the angel says that the "ten horns are ten the Dukedom of Rome were the powers which

kings that shall arise," or ten kingdoms.—Popery overthrew, not however without ess St. John says in the xiii: 1, "And I saw a tablishing others in their stead which were to beast rise up out of the sea having seven yield submission to the Roman Pontiff. Imheads and ten horns, and upon his horns ten mediately after the death of the Apostles, men crowns." In another place he says "the sev-began to teach new doctrines and lead many en heads are seven mountins and the ten horns of the true followers of Christ away, but "the en-neads are seven mountains and the ten horns of the true followers of Christ away, but "the are ten kings." The seven mountains are man of sin" was not fully revealed until the the seven hills upon which Rome was built, seventh century when he began to manifest and the ten horns, the ten kingdoms which and the ten horns, the ten kingdoms which allowed in the historian to be mistaken. Previous to this time, endless and bitter controversies existed in relation to confessions of those days, and been well versed in the historiant, the worship of images &c., until finally ry of the world they could not have described all ecclesiastical power was concentrated in the feet and toes of the image representations and the trumph in the union of Church and

ions of the Roman empire. But what is to take place during the ex-himself the title of Vicegerent of God upon

sume all these kingdoms, and it shall stand upon them and overcame them." No pen can Forasmuch as thou sawest that the picture the sufferings of those martyred for the

great God has made known to the king what and in the Lord's own due time judgement shall come to pass hereafter; and the dream shall be meted out to those who have "transis certain and the interpretation thereof is sure.' gressed his law, changed his ordinances and Here then we have a kingdom which car broken the everlasting covenant." • The ries with it the elements of power, a kingdom mother and her many daughters have changed

which shall move in majesty and strength, the order and spirit of the gospel, and the concrushing beneath its onward tread the empires sequence is, that they are destitute of the

eth all these shall it break in pieces and bruise." Well did the prophet describe the fell three of the ten, which refers doubtless to Roman as the iron empire, for no other nation the papal power,) "that made war with the on the globe excepting this has answered Dan-saints and prevailed against them," "and iel's description. History informs us that this shall wear out the saints of the most high, in the fourth century after Christ, by the tide John says, that, "power was given to the of Barbarians which poured in from the North beast to make war with the saints and to over-

that the feet and toes of the image repre- a notable triumph in the union of Church and sent the ten kingdoms, for nothing can be State. Instead of finding now the pure gosmore plain than that these represent the divis pel of the Redeemer, we find the Roman pontiff clothed with Infallibility, arrogating to

istence of these ten kingdoms? "And in the the earth, the power of granting indulgences, days of those kings shall the God of heaven or of pardoning sins, and setting himself up set up a kingdom which shall never be dis above all that is worshiped or called God.troyed: and the kingdom shall not be left to oth- Assuming to be a temporal as well as a spiriter people, but it shall break in pieces and con-jual ruler, he persecuted the saints, "made war

stone was cut out of the mountain without pure principles of the gospel; no tongue can hands, and that it broke in pieces the iron, the discribe the cruelties of the Inquition. The brass, the clay, the silver and the gold; the blood of thousands is crying from the ground.

of the world, until finally it shall fill the Priesthood and blessings which that gospel whole earth.

Many suppose this kingdom is synonymous tice it in its parity. In fact, if the institution with that, which Christ established, but this of christianity was the kingdom spoken of by view has many glaring inconsistences, and its Daniel, we would ask if it is any nearer break-supporters manifest an ignorance of problems.

supporters manifest an ignorance of prophecy ing in peices the kingdoms of the world now or a wilful determination to prevert the scripthan it was 1800 years ago? Is it not true that tures, neither of which are very credetable to the Pope and others who have stood at the those who set themselves up as expounders of head of empires and kingdoms have taken the the prophesies and laws of God. Christ came Ecclesiastical power into their own hands. during the existence of the fourth universal and that a union of Church and State has contribated rather to the upbuilding of the mod-seer, and revelator; it was then with suicidal ern kingdoms of Europe? While the many hands, they sundered the connecting link, bedifferent sects are strugling for ascendency in tween themselves and God; and organized the world, where is the true christian Church? the Church of the Devil. Having become cor-It is nowhere to be found; for they all deny rupt in their doctrines and practices, and the any direct communication with heaven, the god of this world having blinded their eyes, a power of the gospel, the blessings and gifts set of men for filthy lucre's sake, for sook altowhich accompanied it in the days of its purity, gether the way of righteousness, and ran greeand being without authority, the natural con-dily in the way of Baalam for reward, and sequence is, they have sunk deep into the caused Israel to sin.

worst species of infidelity. Again this king- My next remark is that Joseph Smith was dom of which the prophet speaks was not the cut off by the Lord for transgression, and all be left, to other people." But this cannot be who say he was not, give the lie to the word said with truth in relation to christianity, for of God: here it is, "I have given to him the it did not subject all other kingdoms to itself keys of the mystery of those things which in the hands of those to whom its destinies have been sealed, even things which were entrusted, and according to the prediction the foundation of the world, and the tions of inspired men it has been "prevailed things which shall come from this time until against and overcome." Hence we see, that the time of my coming, if he abide in me, and neither the character of the kingdom which if not, another will I plant in his stead." I Christ established upon the earth 1800 years gather from this that the mystery of all things ago, nor the time of its establishment correstrom the foundation of the world, is to be reponds with that which Daniel describes.— vealed before the coming of the Son of Man; He says to Nebuchadnezzar, that "There is a and that Joseph, if he had abided in Christ, God in heaven that revealeth secrets, and ma-would have been the revelator to the Church keth known what shall be in the latter day." up to that time. The death of Joseph is proof "And in the days of these kings shall the God strong as holy writ, that he did transgress, of heaven set up a kingdom, which shall nev-when, the Lord had promised him that he er be destroyed; and the kingdom shall not be should remain till his coming, if he continued left to other people, but it shall break in pieces taithful; couple with this the following pasand consume all these kingdoms, and shall sage.

stand for ever." We leave the subject here for the present, by asking the question, poses of God, cannot be frustrated neither can Whether that kingdom is set up? what is to they come to nought, for God doth not walk

For the Messenger and Advocate. Mr. Editor,

a small space in your valuable paper, for a few men: for although a man may have many revremarks, in answer to the communication in elations, and have power to do many mighty the Nauvoo Times and Seasons, of an "Old works, yet, if he hoasts in his own stength, and Man in Israel."

and incorrigable mendacity, which character desires, he must fall and incur the vengeance izes that band of bogus makers and adulterers, of a just God upon him. Man" is not one of those exceptions.

desire to offer a few observations. The first have extended his arm, and supported you is, that the chaotic assemblage of discordant against all the fiery darts of the adversary; and elements at Nauvoo, is not the Church of he would have been with you in every time of Christ, in any sense; neither in whole nor trouble."
in part; (I speak of those adhering to the twelve,) all connexion with the body of Christ here, "another will I (the Lord) plant in hiswas severed, when they rejected their prophet, stead;" mark the momentous declaration! all

"The works, and the designs, and the purbe its character when established, and the in crooked paths; neither doth he turn to the manner in which it will triumph over the pow-right hand nor to the left; neither doth he vary ers and governments of the world? J. H. jr. from that which he hath said: therefore his paths are straight and his course is one eter-

nal round.
"Remember, remember, that it is not the Will you please favor me with work of God that is frustrated, but the work of sets at nought the counsels of God, and follows I have marked well, the shameless cupidity, after the dictates of his own will, and carnal

at Nauvoo. I would not be understood as "Behold, you have been intrusted with these applying these terms to the inhabitants of things, but how strict were your command-Nauvoo in mass. By no means. I have evements; and remember, also, the promises which ery reason to believe that there are many were made unto you, if you did not transgress honest and upright, who know not of the hide-them, and behold, how oft you have transi ous moral deformity, which lurks beneath an gressed the commandments and the laws of outside seeming of sanctimony. Unless we God, and have gone on in the persuasions o are much mistaken in our guess, this "Old men: for behold, you should not have feared. man more than God, although men set at nought For the especial benefit of those whose the councils of God, and despise his words, design is to do right, and to know the truth, I yet you should have been faithful and he would

ve who wish to be found in obedience to the of them equal with Joseph! because it took God of Israel, think of it when you lie down "two to make a quorum;" then of course it took and when you rise up, your eternal interests Joseph and Frederick to be equal with Sidney, demand it. - Who is it the Lord has planted and so of the other! This "Old Man" is the in the stead of Joseph Smith? Be ye sure of real "Cushi" after all, and ought to tarry in this, his promise is fulfilled. I know of Jericho, till he can comprehend a plain propobut one man (Sidney Rigdon) that makes any sition.

pretension to be planted in the stead of Joseph The "Old Man" grows very funny over an Smith, and I do know that he was called by error of the printer, which ought to be read revelation, and legally ordained to that office "canvass" for "cancel," instead of a "liter-in exact accordance with the revelations and ary dandy," we would dub him a literary pe-Brigham Young, the nominal dant, and a supercilious coxcomb, whose head head of the organization at Nauvoo, confesses is very full of sap.

above board that God never called him to stand The "Old Man" says, "wo to the man or in Joseph's stead; "You are now without almen who wilfully lie." So say we, but this prophet in the flesh to guide you;" of course wo will come whether we say so or not, for the church of which he is the head is of the the Lord has said "they shall have their part. in the lake which burneth with fire and brim-Devil, according to the Book of Mormon.

I shall next remark that the first presidency stone;" mark this "Old Man," did you say and the presidency of the high priesthood of that a dead wife and one living, was all the the church, tolwhom the keys of revelation "al-\" Spiritual Wifery," ever tolerated at Nauvoo? ways belong," are the same thing; and they remember you have pronounced the wo upon are by virtue of their office presidents of the your own head, and God has sealed it in his high council, also.—See § 5, ¶ 6 book of cov. word; escape is hopeless, except by speedy. There is a presidency over a quorum of high repentance.

priests, which was given to Carlos Smith, but Who ever doubted that the twelve were callthat is not the presidency of the high priest-ed to the office of a travelling high council? hood of the church; from the fact, that the What has that to do with the presidency of keys of revelation did not belong to it; and the church, except to act under its direction? also from the fact, that there are quorums of Nothing. But when they for sook the duties high priests, even three, over whom he does of their calling, and despised the warning of This old grey beard, is a perfect the Lord, they were no longer called—they r I fear worse—dishonest. were rejected! in that they assumed an office not preside. green horn, or I fear worse-dishonest.

The most remarkable discovery of the "Old which they had no warrant from God to fill.— Man" is, that the first presidency and the Not the first word. It was a "self-made mahigh council "can be dispensed with," but chine," powerless and godless.

the case, cannot" pensed with!" no more revelation necessary! chose.

either would be alike valid.

the twelve, "according to the very nature of Inanswer to various false and frivolous state-Although I am not an ments put forth by the "Old Man," designedly "Old Man," and I do not profess an overstock to deceive; I will state that President Sidney of wisdom, yet I can see when the sun shines; Rigdon never pretended to be "independent and when truth, clear as the meridian sun in a of Jesus Christ," nor the "stone which the cloudless day, is presented to me, I can appre- Jews rejected;" but he does claim to hold au-Just so clearly can I see, that the thority under Jesus Christ, and keys above any twelve and their followers have rejected the that the twelve ever received or ever will replan of God for their salvation, and that God ceive, given to him by the revelations of Jesus has rejected them. The quorum which re-Christ; and just because the key of David ceives the oracles for the church "can be dis-was his to give, he has given it to whom he As according to David those who are "deliv-Ichabod! Ichabod! Has the glory departed?

The glory has departed! ered from the hand of strange children, whose A distinction is endeavored to be drawn, as mouth speaketh vanity, and their right hand to the validity of the ordination of a man, au- is a right hand of falsehood:" become corner thorized of God to confer that ordination, and stones polished after the similitude of a palace; that of an angel If God authorizes the act and as according to Peter, they who ware built and commands its performance, it is perfectly up a spiritual house, a holy priesthood, to offer indifferent whether an angel or a man be the up a spiritual sacrifice, acceptable to God by instrument employed. The sanction of the Jesus Christ; are all "lively stones; he Almighty is the all important part. Without who holds the presiding authority under Jesus it neither would avail any thing. With it Christ must be a chief corner, stone, and if he is rejected by the builders, "the stone which I admit that Joseph still holds the keys of the builders rejected, the same is become the the kingdom, but that he has given them to head of the corner." I apprehend that there another, and through that other the oracles flow are fixed and immutable general as well as The "Old Man" says, that it took Sidney ment of God, and that the law which declares Rigdon and F. G. Williams both, to make one that "the first shall be last," and the last

An equality is thus it is not insuperable. is one of them. God to man.

I will close my remarks by the "Old Man's" quotation on trying the spirits, it is exactly apropos; "wherefore he that prayeth whose spirit is contrite, the same is accepted of me, is; and all his enemies will be under his feet, if he obey mine ordinances: he that speaketh I know that the twelve and all who adhere to them have not the Spirit of God, they have refused to obey the ordinances of God, and they cannot now legally administer a single ordinance of the house of God. The Tempresence of God?

OBSERVER.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. DECEMBER 16, 1844.

The Editor being necessarily absent, is not responsible for the matter contained in this number. Should any thing objectionable, therefore, appear, we trust our friends will attach no throw the mantle of eternal forgetfulness over censure, or blame to Prest. S. Rigdon.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third person, containing money, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

There are other papers in this city, entitled the "Messenger," and to avoid mistakes, we wish our agents, friends and patrons, to be narticular in addressing their communications to the LATTER DAY SAINTS Messenger and Advocate.

of Warning, etc. for sale at this office.

We would gladly evade the contemplation of those distressing and revolting doctrines which have been productive of such disastrous resulfs. But we may not escape the imperitive obligations which are laid upon us. The cause of truth, the demands of righteousness, and the commands of God, alike urge upon us the unato promote our own happiness and that of our species; and above all, the glory of God, in the trimay seem a difficult one, be it so, we know that they can "cut off" the promises of God !-

We have the promise of produced, which would vindicate the ways of one who is able to bring to pass whatsoever he hath promised, that this generation shall not all pass away, before the triumph of truth will be complete; and HE shall reign whose right it

Stimulated by this consideration, and the revwhose spirit is contrite, whose language is elations of Jesus Christ to us, we feel more than meek, and edifieth, the same is of God if he a match for all our enemies; knowing assuredly, obey mine ordinances." By this same token that while we maintain our integrity to the commands of God, the gates of hell shall not be able to prevail against us. We do know most assuredly, that whether we live to see it or not, the principles which we have espoused, and which ple! of what use is the Temple without the we do earnestly contend for, will bring those who possess them, into the inheritance of God.

The day is not far distant-when many of those who, not having sought the wisdom of God, have taken the counsel of men, and who now disapprove of our present course—will rise up and call us blessed. And some of those even whose folly we have depicted, we would fain hope and believe, will be brought to see their error, and repent in sackcloth and ashes.

If it were possible to blot out of existence, and such iniquity, and at the same time-save the actors therein, and all others from its pernicious influences, most cheerfully would we avail ourselves of the opportunity. But it may not be so. In the existing relation in which God has

placed us, he has made man the instrument of salvation to his fellow man, and it is by the correct understanding of that relationship which we sustain to God, and to each other-in other words by the TRUTH that we are saved. It is a matter of infinite moment with us as individuals to save ourselves, but it is so arranged in the counsels of eternal wisdom, that we cannot save ourselves without saving others with us, with-Book of Mormon, Book of Covenants, Voice out being instruments of salvation to others.-The scheme devised by our Heavenly Father, which proposes to us deliverance and glory, has incorporated with it, the development of certain fixed relations which we sustain to each

DARKNESS THAT CAN BE FELT! A correspondent in the Times and Seasons voidable necessity of using our every endeavor in reference to the promise of the Lord to Sidney Rigdon, "and he shall lift up his voice again on the mountains, and be a spokesman beumph of virtue and holiness. There is no point fore my face, say saif he did not transgress and short of the attainment of the object proposed, get cut off by the legal authority of the church where we dare rest satisfied; neither will we be I have not a word to say." So these men have satisfied with any thing short of it. The task really worked themselves into the belief that

other. Thus has our happiness been indisso-

lubly united with the welfare of our species. s.

What will they do with the promise of the they need not look for that lenity which they Lord in the book of Mormon? "and the spokes have had heretotore."

man of thy loins shall declare it," have they "cut off" that also? The same writer calls he publishes to the world that he will not in futhe revelations of Jesus Christ Tr SHAM EL

THE PRINCE OF MOBOCRATS AGAIN.

Orson Hyde who denied his threat to Prest. Rigdon; has come out in the Nauvoo Neighbor. over his own signature, against a Mr. E. S. TO THE ELDERS OF THE CHURCH Green, who he acknowledges has committed no breach of the law, in language as follows:-

"He is not wanted here, and that is not all." him close it up as soon as possible." "Let eve ry man, woman, and child, frown upon him as he walks the streets. Let him be regarded as a NUISANCE; for NUISANCES can be REMOVED by fore, recommend all the elders to meet in counthe charter of our city." This looks NEIGHEOR-cil and take such measures as may be deem-Ly, and accords well with the sanctimonious motto, "The saints singularity-is unity, liberty, charity!" pshaw, the old Samian motto wicked attempts to destroy. would be far more appropriate.

We know nothing of the circumstances; but we have set it down as a settled principle, that of this committee shall be to publish and prosa mobocrat in any case, is a mean, debauched, ecute in law those ruthless vagabonds that graceless villian; destitute of a single ennobling are constantly traducing and vilifying the charquality.

"All is peace and union at Nauvoo." "Every thing moves on like clock work," "less complaint respecting bogus making and spiritual wives," after all the "murmurers" are removed as nuisances, or fall under the superviston of the "true men."

Is it not passing strange that men who have professed to deplore the terrible effects of popular violence, should thus give the lie to their

crocodile compunctions.

We have for some time thought, from the the elders to attend without fail. abandoned and dissolute conduct of the adhereants of the "spiritual wife system," that they were insensibly approaching the vortex of the worst species of sensual infidelity, and the experience of every day confirms us in this opinion. How could it be otherwise. One of the most notorious Apostles of that system, whose licentious character has compelled us to believe him an infidel at heart, is acknowledged as the legitimate "father" of the whole organization Does it require a great stretch of penetration to determine what the fruits will be, under his

Brigham Young is reported to have said, in a

controlling superintendence?

From the New York Prophet. OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTER DAY SAINTS.

Surely Brigham is on the road to reform since

ture, countenance stealing as in former times.

O Brigham! Brigham! it does you honor to con-

fess the truth. How is it about Bogus?

Whereas certain apostates are urging on an "Let those who have unsettled business with unhallowed persecution against the church by getting up vexatious law suits, thereby thinking to drive elders from their field of labour. that the Saints may the more easily fall a prey to the devouring wolf. I would, there-

ed necessary to expose their corruptions to the

world, in our defence from their unlawful and

First. Let the elders assemble in council. and appoint a committee of three faithful men in every branch of the Church, and the duty acter of innocent men and see to paying expen-

Second: Let there be a society formed. whose duty it shall be to meet as often as the

case may require, and pay into the treasury a sum sufficient for all purposes of defence in law or publishing, appoint a president, clerk. and treasurer, (Elders, see to it.) ders of New Jersey are requested to meet in Recklesstown, at the house of Elder Appleby on Saturday, 14th of December, when some important disclosures will be made, and steps taken to bring offenders to justice. I wish WM. SMITH.

The issue of the investigation, which is now going on will shew, who are the apostates, and who the "devouring wolves," who ravin for the prey. We have no fears for the re-The great God has passed an irrevocable decree, that virtue shall triumph over vice. That truth shall put to shame the whoremongerand the adulterer. That abomination shall We abide the result. not reign. This inveterate despiser of all good, has al-

ready exposed his "corruption to the world," and all his phrensied attempts to extricate late number of the Times and Seasons, that himself, will inevitably result in a thorough those "Elders who go abroad and borrow horses exposition and in a more wide spread diffuor money and then run away with it will be cut sion of the enormity of his crimes. Let those from the church without ceremony; and who would escape the infamy which must

ensue remember, he that handleth bitch shall defile himself therewith.

We shall also have occasion to develope who are the "persecutors," and who have used "unlawful and wicked attempts to destroy;" as also who are "those ruthless vagabonds; mority, (agreeable to the theory acted upon by that are constantly traducing and vilifying the character of innocent men," all this will appear in the sequel. To the eternal infamy and so on through all the grades of officers until and disgrace of the perpetrators.

We know the tacticks of this immaculate gentleman so well, that we sh uld not be afraid to venture a prediction, when he gets interest of life; for mark this, if a vacancy in the "treasury a sum sufficient" he will be among the "missing." "Elders see to it."

engaged in, in New Jersey, Boston, New or Elders, or of any quorum in the Church .-York, Philadelphia, Nauvoo, and other pla But this is not the case; vacancies in the ces, should be among the "important disclo- quorum of the first presidency can and have sures" to be made at Recklesstown, we think we all know that a body cannot exist long it will shew beyond all doubt that it is high without a head. time "steps should be taken to bring offenders to justice."

For the Messenger and Advoate.

TO THE SAINTS, THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, GREETING:

-DEAR BRETHREN:

It has been some time since l

are none of his. give untous a revelation of his will, and make right to disannul that order, and say, that, bé-not. cause some one or two of the persons who were Now dear brethren, you are all, undoubtedsuredly not.

at the decease of the holder, then we might with propriety say that the office of first President ceased at the death of Adam, as he was the first to fill that important station in the Church of God, upon earth; and the authe Church at Nauvoo,) rested upon the next grade of officers, until their death, then upon the third grade until they departed this life,there are none rentaining of the original officers, who were appointed at the organization, when behold, the Church is left without any one who is authorised to administer to her the the quorum of the first presidency cannot be filled, and the quorum be kept perfect, neither can a vacancy in the quorum of the Twelve be If all the business this gentleman has been filled, or the Seventies, or the High Priests, been filled,-it is the head of the body, and

If that reasoning holds, that the office ceases

Adam understood this principle perfectly, insomuch that he ordained men who could step forth and act in the same capacity after his death, in which he acted during his life, holds: ing the keys equal with himself-they went forth and ordained others to hold the same authority, keeping the first office good, above all others; until finally, the people and church rejected-the order of God, and no doubt, voted. lifted my pen in the defence of truth, and that they did not want "a Guardian, a Prophet, for the cause of Zion; not having been situa-ora Spokesman," and probably withdrew their ted where it seemed actually necessary to do fellowship from him; when the Lord had re-But the time has now arrived, when it is spectuato the first president, or prophet, Noah, necessary, not only for myself, but for all the but left the people to themselves, to work out lovers of the cause of truth and rightousness, their own destruction, until their cup of iniquity to lift their voices in defence of the glorious was full; when he came out in his judgments cause which we have espoused, and to sustain upon them and cut-them off for their wickedunimpaired, and unsullied, the order which ness, and appointed their place among hypo-God has established in his Church and King crites, where there was weeping and wailing dom. Also, to keep his law and statutes and and gnashing of teeth: the prophet, however, observe all his commandments to do them, for and all that would cleave to him, or the order if we deviate from these things, and abide not of heaven, were saved from this awful calamiin the law of God, the Lord has said that welty, notwithstanding a large majority were against them. "As it was in the days of Now if our Heavenly Father, in his loving Noah so shall it be in the days of the coming kindness, and great condescension, deigns to of the Son of Man."

Can it be presumed for a moment, that God known what is necessary to constitute HIS would organize his church and kingdom by Church, and points out the station and stand-his own voice, and place in it officers which ing of every officer and member, in said church; he declared were actually necessary; who also, defines their duty and calling to the most were to act in their station, agreeably to the minute particular, declaring at the same time. institution of HEAVEN; and yet a part of those that these officers of necessity, must exist in officers could, soon after, be dispensed with, His Church, has any man or set of men, the and the organization remain perfect? I think

appointed to stand as officers in that church, ly, aware of the course pursued by the twelve have died, the offices which they filled are notand the church at Nauvoo, on this subject; longer necessary, but destroyed? Most as that they have declared the quorum of the first presidency vacant, on account of the

death of Joseph Smith, and have appointed the If you want any of these officers, signify it quorum of the twelve to take its place. Is by RAISING THE RIGHT HAND. NOT A HAND this course sanctioned by the law of heaven, WAS RAISE()."

cessity there should be a quorum of three the words of eternal life! thereby rejecting which constitutes the first presidency of the the order that Gop has established in his king-

church; after that the quorum of the twelve, dom, by saying you no longer wish to be then the seventies, elders, &c., which order of governed by any of these officers, when HE

the priesthood, we are informed by the revela- has declared positively, that "the duty of the tions of God "was confirmed to be handed president of the office of the high priesthood

Noah, who was ordained when ten years of these things, at the end of the appointment, ye age, "under the hand of Mathuselah." Thus shall be rejected, as a church, (not as individwe see that the order of the presidency of the luals, for the Lord always had respect unto all high priesthood was preserved perfect, in the those who would abide his law,) with your church of God, during the days of the anti-de-dead, saith the Lord your God." And again. luvians; for all these men were prophets, "And it shall come to pass, that if you build

church." How different the order, as set forth in the which ye expect at my hands, saith the Lord: Times and Seasons of Sept. 2, 1844, as will for instead of blessings, ye, by your own works, be found on the 637th page, as follows:

meeting of the church of Jesus Christ of Lat before me saith the Lord. ter Day Saints, convened at the stand in the city of Nauvoo, President Brigham Young pleting the house here spoken of, how wilk

and the rules of the church.

Elder Phelps opened the meeting by pray-whom these things are made known?

ation of the church, now that the prophet and disappointd, for two, or more reasons: patriarch were taken from our midst by the

and in accordance with the commandments of O ye saints at Nauvoo! did you ever con-God, as contained in the book of Covenants, sider the nature of the above vote, which you

which the Lord has required us to search solemnly took in the presence of God, and of "for they are true and faithful and the prophe-all the holy angels? that you no longer wantcies and promises which are in them shall alled a guardian to watch over you, a prophet to be fulfilled?" wherein it is said, that of ne lead you, or a spokesman to declare unto you

down from father to son, and rightly belongs is to preside over the who'e church, and to be to the literal descendants of the ghosen seed, like unto Moses. Behold, here is wisdom—
(or seed of Abraham,) to whom the promises yea, to be a seer, a revelator, a translator and were made. This order was instituted in the a prophet, having all the gifts of God which days of Adam, and came down by lineage," he bestows upon the head of the church. In view of those things which have translated larged East Mathematical and the church in view of those things which have translated larged East Mathematical and the church in view of those things which have translated larged East Mathematical and the church in view of those things which have translated larged East Mathematical and the church in view of those things which have translated larged East Mathematical and the church in view of those things which have translated in the church in view of those things which have translated in view of the view of this view of the view o

leel, Jared, Enoch, Mathuselah, Lamech and pired, well might the Lord say, "if ye do not

"like unto Moses, having all the gifts of God a house unto my name, and do not do the things. which he bestows upon the head of the that I say, I will not perform the oath which

l make unto you, neither fulfil the promises bring cursings, wrath, indignation, and judg-"On the 8th of August, 1844, at a special by all your abominations, which you practice ment upon your own heads by your follies, and

Therefore, if you should succeed in comcalled the audience to order, and arranged the you be able to obtain the word of the Lord, several, quorums according to their standing, and ascertain his will upon that occasion, see-The meeting ing you have rejected the law of God, by vohad been previously called, as stated, to ting that you do not want "a prophet or choose a guardian, or trustee for said church, spokesman," who are the officers through

er, and President Young then proceeded to haps many will be ready to reply, through the speak, and gave his views of the present situ-twelve; but in this I apprehend they will be First. Because the Lord has said, speaking wickedness of our enemies. For the first time of Joseph Smith, "And this ye shall know assince he became a member of the church; a suredly, that there is none other appointed un-

servant of God, a messenge to the nations in to you to receive commandments and revelathe nineteenth century; for the first time in tions until he be taken, if he abide in me. the kingdom of God, the Twelve Apostles of But verily, verily I say unto you, that none the Lamb, chosen by revelation, in this last else shall be appointed unto this gift except it dispensation of the gospel for the winding up be through him, for if it be taken from him he scene, present themselves before the saints, to shall not have power, except to appoint anothstand in their not according to appointment er in his stead; and this shall be a law unto While the prophet lived, we all walked by you, that ye receive not the teachings of any sight; he is taken from us and we must now that shall come before you as revelations walk by faith. After he had explained matcommandments, and this I give unto you that ters so satisfactorily that every saint could see you may not be deceived, that you may know that Elijah's mantle had truly fallen npon the they are not of me. For verily I say unto you 'Twelve,' he asked the saints what they are not of me. For verily I say unto you he that is ordained of me shall come in at the wanted. Do you want a guardian, a from the that is ordained as I have told you before Et, a SPOKESMAN, or what do you want? to teach those revelations which you have received, and shall receive through him whom I they shall have power only to save their own have appointed,'

Here we have an imperitive command and law, given us by Jesus Christ, the Savior of took the presidency of the church in that discommandments, except they are ordained to church in the "dispensation of the fulness of that office under the hands of Joseph Smith; times." which is not the case with the twelve, if we

are to credit their own statement. Second. Brigham Young in his Apostolic no man take their crown;" (which does not Epistle, as published in the Times & Seasons by any means, authorize them to attempt to of August 15, 1844, speaking to the church take another man's crown;) so likewise, have on this subject, says: "You are now without I received a charge which I feel bound to oba PROPHET present with you in the flesh to guide serve, inasmuch as he then stood at the head become null and void, and the order of the ness. Just previous to my leaving Nauvoo kingdom of heaven changed; as it does not for Pitthurgh last June, brother Joseph, speakpertain to the duties of their calling. -

jah, was endowed with great power, insolutife, for my heart is entwined around his with much, that when he came to the river Jordon cords that never can be broken."

he could smite the waters and cause them to the consideration of these things. (to say no.) divide hither and thither, so that he was enathing of the spiritual wife doctrine, which I "left without a prophet," notwithstanding the to sustain elder Rigdon in his station.

mantle of Elijah is upon them. apostles &c.; here I beg, respectfully to differ Christ, Amen. with them in this matter. Is it not an acknowledged fact, that the church in the days of our Savior was organized with its first presidency, or quorum of three, even Peter, James, and some time, previous to the crucifixion of Je-with vulgar vituperation. sus Christ; therefore, there was no alteration I must say, that I regi their successors did, which resulted in its spirit.

souls." It matters not to our purpose however, who

the world, to receive not the teachings of any pensation, inasmuch as God has given us a who shall come before us as revelations or pattern and law for the organization of his

If the twelve have received a charge from Joseph, as they say he charged them "to let

you;" which shows clearly that they had not of the church of God, and speaking of a man received this ordination, or he never would whom the Lord has recognized as his serhave made the above declaration to the world, vant, and to be a forerunner before his face; who Therefore they cannot receive revelations and lable defender of the texts. commandments to govern the church, unless able defender of the truth, and a strenuous obthe law of the Lord, (as above quoted,) has server of the principles of virtue and rightcus-

ing on that subject says: "brother Robinson, I I am aware that much has been said about and stand by him under all circumstances, wish you to go to Pittsburgh with elder Rigdon. the mantle of Elijah having fallen upon the and uphold his hands upon all occasions, and twelve; now we all know that Elisha, in annever forsake him; for he is a good man and I cient days, after he obtained the mantle of Eli-love him better than I ever loved him in all my

In consideration of these things, (to say nobled to go over dry shod; he also, became a know has been taught at Nauvoo,) and the remighty prophet in Israel; which is not the case quirements of the law of God, as also, the tes-with the twelve, for Brigham, declares we are timony of the Holy Ghost, I feel constrained

And again, it is urged by some, that the us his holy spirit, that it may lead us into all church is now left as it was in the days of the truth, and direct us-in the way of life ever-Savior, after his death, to be governed by the lasting, is my prayer in the name of Jesus Yours Truly, E. ROBINSON.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

MR. EDITOR:—I have lately had an oppor-John, who accompanied the Lord, upon the tunity of looking over the Times and Seasons mount of transfiguration, where we have ever and Nauvoo papers-in them I find a considheen taught in this church, the keys of the erable wordy matter, but at the same time, kingdom were transfered: which took place contradictions-and very highly seasoned

I must say, that I regret to see the men in the government of the church at his decease, with whom I once held fellowship, and for as he had during his lifetime, organized the whom I had a brother's affection, acting the church in that dispensation, upon the founda-part of hypocrites and foul mouthed railers.—tion which he wished it to stand, and the quo The language that they make use of towards rum of twelve at Jerusalem dare not presume the men whom they pretend to have disfellowto change it; but some who professed to be shiped, is at once a proof of an unchristian They dare not decry the doctrine complete overthrow and ruin: which, I am which is taught by Sidney Rigdon, the presperfectly convinced, will be the case with ident of the church, therefore they make foul that church in this dispensation, which has vo-attempts to ridicule the people who refuse to ted that it no longer wants to be governed by receive their demoniac doctrine. However, the officers which god has declared should it is a good thing, in one sense, that they do govern His Church; "and though there should talk, for by that means they help to enlighten be found a Noah, a Daniel, or a Job in her, the world, in relation to their folly and wickedness; and however distressing their incon-forth to battle against the world, the flesh and sistent ravings may be to the loving and peace-the devil. But thanks be to God, who has reful brethren, yet it will all go to prove, that vealed his will unto us; and has given us, ac-"wisdom is justified of her children."

My heart yearns towards them and I ex-resist this doctrine of hell, claim, "oh! that they were wise!" oh! that But, Mr. Editor, and they would repent and obey. The command brethren, I feel so confident of the position ments of Jehovah, then would they be greatly that we occupy that I am not afraid to throw blessed; and we should all have reason to redown the gauntlet in argument, to Brigham joice; but now they are poor, miserable, nak- Young and his high minded satelites, and ed, cast off, possessing nothing, more than aid, de-camps, the twelve; for if God be for what is to be found in every apostate church; us, who can be against us? Again I find that tative head.

that they had no new revelation, but he ex- the written word never spoke of, and never horted them to abide by the old-ones; this is will;" and shortly after that he says, speak-just the kind of cant made use of by all the ing of Sidney Rigdon, "who ever heard of sectarian priests of Baal, they do not want the keys of David?" so that at one minute he any more revelations; and hence we see the admits of their being keys and powers which sumption of power, why they turn railers and rect to his, would be high presidency, refuses revellers in debauchery—but let them rail.—to receive the information. Verily he is as deep sense of love and duty, that we may act hundred three score and six self made pontifiand do his will. They are now without a cates. Again, Jesus taught that we were to revelator; they build a temple to God without be a peaceful people, seeking first the kingrevelation how to finish, and they refuse to dom of heaven then all other things shall be let-God-give-them instruction: they cannot, added; but if I might be allowed to judge from therefore, build any longer upon the rock - what Brigham Young-says, in the very face They have refused the trumpeter of God-of this teaching that he is inclined to exercise God has left them-the trumpet of Jehovah a large combativness, and thereby bring his no longer sounds clear and distinct in the Cerebrum, which is the seat of his mind, into Nauvoo stake. It may well be said if the subjection to his Cerebellum, where his protrumpet give an uncertain sound, who shall pensitles are located; thus the animal feeling know how to go forth to battle. What a becomes manifest, for instead of praying for most awful illustration we have of this at his enemies and returning good for evil, he is Nauvoo; twelve unruly spirits, some saying for turning reason loose and becoming the one thing and some another; all of them arrant knight of disobedience and combativelaiming to he equally orthodox—making giness. Speaking of some observations which gantic claims to the possession of the Holy had been made respecting Joseph Smith, our Ghost in the world at large, and then secretly late from the world at large, and then secretly late from the world are some things the secret of the secret

the revelations of God through Joseph Smith I well remember the time they were after which are published to the world; and last not their political maneuvres, that Brigham justify. His all wise commands.

their trumpet to the saints; to some they lieve, the brethren responded, amen. claring in the very face of good evidence, they our Heavenly Father, under the immediate never taught it. It such things were to be in tuition of revelation? Will he be glad to our midst, how should we know how to go find the living philosophy of heaven is remov-

cording to our prayers, sufficient strength to But, Mr. Editor, and my well beloved

viz: a consequential body without an authori-Brigham Young says, in reference to knowing more than the written word, "let me say" Brigham Young told the people at Nauvoo, says he, "that there are keys and powers that reason why the servants of God are despised, the Holy Ghost has to reveal, and when they why such high mindedness, why such as are revealed, because the revelation is not di-May God keep our minds impressed with a obedient to the calls of God as any of the six '

Thou shalt not commit adultery, saith God that would make me fight, it would be their by his great servant Moses; the same said saying hard things of Joseph Smith." Queleus, the same said the primitive apostles, ry, did Joseph Smith appoint him, in secret, the same says the book of Mormon, the same to be king of clubs, or club law.

least, the same says nature, for wherever Young paid us a visit at Pittsburgh, and said adultery has been committed, the outraged that Joseph would be president without any laws of nature retaliate. Men, women and doubt at the next election; for Joseph had at their offsprings, all alike, are afflicted with least, five years promised him, and he knew the same distressing corporeal malady, in that it was so. Verily, this is very uncertainthe same distressing corporeal malady, in that it was so. Verily, this is very uncertain-proportion to the extent of the outrage. Thus trumpeting to come from Zion; at the same that portion of nature that hath no tongue to time the gathering of the saints was suspendcelebrate the praise of God, hath still been in-ed by him, as he travelled on to the different vested by God, with a power sufficient to branches; and he declared "that he should be glad to see a temple in Pittsburgh, six times The twelve are uncertain in the sound of as big as any of the churches," to which I beteach polygamy, and to others they lie, de be glad to see us rear a temple to the honor of

ed ir m Nauvoo, and bestowed upon the he swore last winter that he was under duress branch at Pittsburgh, and all the saints of at the time, but all know he did it voluntarily. God who humbly seek for itse He confesses and in his letter asking forgiveness of the that they have no new revelations.

church he states nothing of the kind. Since I feel grieved, and deeply humbled to think the days of Judas Iscariot, no man has been that the trumpet of God is no longer heard at more deeply dyed in treachery than he, and I Nauvoo, and that my brethren of the flesh, are am willing that the twelve should have all the no longer, by their own acknowledgement, glory they can acquire by braying through such brettiren of the spirit of God, in the bond of a sewer of depravity and corruption. But to And again I say, oh! that they were the article in question. wise and could see their error. But how In regard to the fact, that the Messenger

should they be wise in the knowledge of God. and Advocate has been resuscitated for the seeing they have rejected him who came in at Avowed object of opposing the course of the the gate—the herald who is to speak before constituted authorities of the church of Jesus the face of Jehovah-the man who is God's Christ of Latter Day Saints," the writer is latrumpeter, sending forth the living philosophy horing under a slight mistake, for the object of heaven, that men who are willing to be of this paper is to advocate the cause of truth, saints, may walk according to knowledge; and instead of "opposing the constituted auasking of God in faith, then receiving of God thorities of the church," it will uphold them light of heaven.

few observations, and do humbly pray my ings of that Old traitor in Israel, but feel my Heavenly Father, to enable all men to see the self under the most painful necessity of telling light of the truth in his own due time, hestow-him that this charge is-lie no. 1. In relaing upon us the choice blessing of a meek and tion to the article written by br Forgeus, this loving spirit.
Y. urs, in the bonds of the

Everlasting Covenant,

ARCHIBALD_FALCONER.

To the Editor of the Messenger und Advocate.

the 15th of Nov. have noticed a frothy scur-take the trouble of examining for himself, will rilous article, purporting to have been written show not only him, but the twelve and their by an "Old Man in Israel," who represents followers to be in a state of apostacy; for it himself as having recently artived at Nauvoo shows as plain as language can tell, that the some remarkable discoveries, to wit: that you dents, and this was the order "anciently."have revived the Messenger and advocate, His first quotation is from new Ed. of book "for the avowed object of opposing the course of Covenants, page 102, paragraph 11. From of the constituted authorities of the church of this section, and from others relative to the Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and that same point, it will be seen that a quorum of the houses of Pittsdurgh look smoky." Af three were to preside over the whole church, ter waiting patiently, as he says for Elder and it is well known to all intelligent mem-Phelps or, some one of the twelve to pass "a ber of the church, that all other authorities just judgment" upon Sidney Rigdon, his pa-were subordinate and under the direction of per and those who believe him to be the head this presidency. But the Apostates at Nau-

to do it himself.

and walking by truth revealed, which is the when they go according to the laws of Doc-light of heaven. I will now conclude, having made these ty, I do not therefore wish to injure the feel-

> "Old Man in Israel" says that Sidney Rigdon is advocated as being the "Stem and branch of Jesse," which I would say in the most delicate-manner-possible-is-lie-no-2 This "Old sinner in Israel" has quoted

largely from the book of Doctrine and Cove-DEAR SIR :- In the Times and Seasons of nants, which quotations, if the reader will On his way he has made church was to be governed by three presiof the church, he has come to the conclusion voo have learned since the twelve have usurped the authority over the church in that city,

Now who this "Old Man in Israel" is, I do that "these three presidents form a quorum, not pretent to say, but I am rather inclined to and can never act separately." and altho, they believe that it is a certain Old Traitor in Is-acknowledge that Sidney Rigdon was one of rael, with more than one W. in his name, this presidency wet at the death of Joseph and whom the twelve at Nauvoo are in the habit Hyrum it "was left vacant." I do not attriof using as a tube through which to pour their hute this misrepresentation to a desire to LIE falsehoods, scurrility and slander; which pro-but to ignorance; and for the benefit of the ducts constitute the principle articles of export, commontator, on the book of Covenants, I at this time, from the public organs of that city wish to refer him to paragraph 6, on the 125th If any one wishes to know who that Old trail page, to show him, that he may explain to tor in Israel is, he has only to look at his afforthers more correctly, that these presidents fidavit in Missouri where he attempted to can act separately for in the absence of one swear away the lives of Joseph Smith, Sidnow can preside, and in the absence of two ney Rigdon and others, and who, after he had one can preside, according to the best inforperjured himself said he thanked God that mation to be obtained by examination of the Smith and Rigdon would hang for it now"—law. If he does not know the fact he ought

heaven can be destroyed without marring that phesy lies in my name, saying I have dream-order, but the modern Solomons (not for wis-ed, I have dreamed. How long shall this be dom) at Nauvoo have made the astonishing in the hearts of the prophets that prophesy discovery that the first presidency "can be dis-lies? yea "they are prophets of the deceit of pensed with," and they have attempted in their own hearts; which think to cause my this way to change the order of. God and espeople to forget my name by their dreams, tablish one of their own, and time will teach which they tell every man his neighbour, as them the lesson, which they are a ready begin their fathers have forgotten my name for Baal. ning to learn that the laws of Christ cannot The prophet that hath a dream, let him tell a

be violated with impunity: On the 160th page, paragraph 4. speaking to speak my word faithfully. Jos. Smith we read, "and in weakness have I to the wheat? saith the Lord. Is not my word blessed him, and I have given unto him the like as a fire? saith the Lord; and like a hamkeys of the mysteries of these things which mer that breaketh the rock in pieces? There-

things which shall come from this time until his neighbour. Behold, I am against the prothe time of my coming, if he abide in me and phets, saith the Lord, that use their tongues. if not another will I plant in his stead." This and say, He saith. Behold, I am against does not read twelve others.

graph 1st, "And this ve shall know assured-all, saith the Lord. ly that there is none other appointed unto you And when this people, or the prophet, or a to receive commandmets and revelations until priest, shall ask thee, saying, What is the bur-

he be taken if he adide in me." What is the den of the Lord? thou shalt then say unto them, inference? Is it not that Another, was to be What burden? I will even foresake you, saith appointed to receive revelations and not twelve? the Lord. And as for the prophet, and the Let the pure in heart read these things and priest, and the people, that shall say, The judge for themselves.

your administration the keys of the school of of the Lord shall ye mention no more: for evethe prophets, which I have commanded to be ry man's word shall be his burden; for ye organized," &c. But look at the perversion have perverted the words of the living God of the word of God.

all who are interested. "The twelve" at Nauvoo we are told "are all I will bring an everlasting reproach upon you, prophets," and I, Mr. Editor believe it. They and a perpetual shame, which shall not be

between Brigham and his servant-

are just such prophets as are spoken of in the forgotten." 23d chapter of Jeremiah 20th, "In the latter days ye shall consider these things perfectly. to the latter days, and when Lask has this I have not sent those prophets yet they ran: 23d chapter had a more exact fulfilment than I have not spoken to them yet they prophesied. in the character and conduct of the Apostate But if they had stood in my council and caustwelve at Nauvoo, and their adherents? The

to know that Hyrum Smith was Patriarch to God at hand, saith the Lord, and not a God a the church, and not one of the first presidency. far off? Can any hide himself in secret places According to my understanding of the or-that I shall not see him? saith the Lord. Do

ganization of the kingdom, it is one of order, not I fill heaven and earth? saith the Lord, and no quorum instituted by revelation from I have heard what the prophets say that pro-

dream; and he that hath my word, let him

have been sealed, even things which were fore behold, I am against the prophets, saith from the foundation of the world, and the the Lord, that steal my words, every one from

them that prophesy false dreams, saith the Does this not show conclusively that he was Lord, and do tell them, and cause my people to see the second coming of the Savior, if to err by their lies, and by their lightness: he did not transgress? Judge ye who wish to yet I sent them not, nor commanded them: know the truth. Again Section XIV. para-therefore they shall not profit this people at

burden of the Lord, I will even punish that, Again section 85th paragraph 3, (Sidney man and his house. Thus shall ye say every Rigdon and F. G. Williams,) "they are ac-one to his neighbour, and every one to his counted as equal with thee (Joseph) in holding brother, What hath the Lord answered? and, the keys of this last kingdom, as also, through What hath the Lord spoken? And the burden

Brigham Young says of the Lord of hosts our God. "this passage needs to have the kinks taken thou say to the prophet, What hath the Lord out of it?-that 'it means they were equal answered thee? and, what hath the Lord spokwith him, not without him." But behold, en? But since ye say, The burden of the Lord; an advocate of the twelve says both were equal therefore thus saith the Lord; Because ye say with Joseph, &c., "one could not be equal." this word, The burden of the Lord, and I have Here seems to be a slight difference of appre-sent unto you, saying, Ye shall not say, The hension between the master and the slave, or burden of the Lord; Therefore behold, I, even Judge yell, will utterly forget you, and I will forsake you, and the city that I gave you and your But the climax has come out at last .- fathers, and cast you out of my presences And

Thus speaks the prophet of God in relation ed my people to hear my words, then they prophet Jeremiah while gazing upon the vis-should have turned them from their evil way, ions of heaven as they rolled before him, and and from the evil of their doings. Am I a certain characters of the latter days were pre-

sented to his view, exclams, "My heart within me is broken because of the prophets,"for the land is full of Adulterers, because of Newton, we hope its readers will profit by his swearing the land mourneth." "For both prophet and priest are profane, in my house have

L found their wickedness, saith the Lord." Who have talked so much about "dreams"

("I have dreamed") as the twelve? who talk-ed, and are hereby authorised to act as agents ed of the "burden" of the Lordso much as for the Messenger and Advocate. Any one who will read earefully will

see that the prophet had his eye upon the very identical "prophets" at Nauvoo: But he says. "their way shall be unto them as slippery

ways in the darkness; they shall be driven on and fall therein; for I will bring evil upon them even the years of their visitation, saith the Lord"

I for one am willing to leave them in the hands of God, and though they are endeavoring to blight the reputation of honest and honorable men by calumny, misrepresentation and falsehood, yet I am perfectly willing that the Lord should take the matter into his own hands, and that his will should be done concerning them. Their true characters are becoming so well known at home and abroad, that language has no power to defame them, and the only reason we notice them at all is the fact, that many of the saints abroad are not aware of the true state of the case, and that they

may be led-by-an-examination to the truth. "Truth is mighty and will prevail." is a principle immutable as the throne of Jehovah, and though men and devils rise up in opposition, yet the eternal principle shall prevail, for God has destined that it should tri-The cunning craftiness of umph over error. man may weave the webs of falsehood and delusion, thinking to screen their iniquity from the light of day, but truth, like a sunbeam. shall expose their false covering and reveal

the secrets of the hearts of men.

the revelations of God.

When we take into consideration the end of man's existence; when we reflect upon the blessings which are in store for the pure in heart, and those who do the will of their Maker, the petty schemes of unhallowed ambition. the objects which mankind in general seek to obtain in this life, dwindle into insignificance; and that man, who takes this view of the subject, and who trusts in the God of his fathers, stands upon a foundation, which the shafts of malice hatted and revenge cannot reach. He is like an individual who stands upon a lofty tower, he looks down upon his enemies as he would upon a worm which was endeavoring to undermine its everlasting foundation. He knows that the works of darkness will be revealed, that there is a God in heaven whose ways are above the ways of man, that his

J. H. jr.

for the publication of the letters of bro. J. H. remarks on the "spiritual wife system."-

The New York Prophet has our thanks

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thoughts are as much above the thoughts of ble, in all cases in advance. Any person proman as the heavens are higher than the earth. curing five subscribers, and forwarding us five No man can frustrate his will. Let him be dollars current money, shall receive one volume gratis. All letters must be addressed to at defiance and who tramples beneath his feet Sidney Rigdon, Editor, Post Paid, or they will not receive attention.

BATTER DAY SAIDI'S MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE

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fulfilled!

PITTSBURGH, JANUARY 1, 1845.

THE TEMPLE.

promises and designs of God in the work of as individuals, or communities. the last days, we will devote a few remarks to If these remarks are, what we deem them the elucidation of this subject.

to us, that his design in the work of the last which any measure must be carried out, to day, is to raise up a people who shall be pure render it acceptable to God. things shall work together for good to them the mode in which a Temple of the Lord that walk uprightly, and to the sanctification of should be reared, we will quote from §.82, the church; for I will raise up unto me a pure ¶ 4 and 5. people, that will serve me in righteousness; And what most intimately concerns us is the upon it; yea, and my presence shall be there,

preciated by the children of men, in any age, holy temples. that the government of God is conducted upon And now behold if Zion do these things. fixed and immutable principles, which cannot she shall prosper and spread herself and bebe departed from; the prophecies and promises come very glorious, very great, and very terare all delivered, and do all rest, upon that rible; and the nations of the earth-shall-honor indestructible basis. that eternal and unalterable law, the purposes our God; and surely Zion cannot fall, neither of God in the latter day work are to be con- be moved out of her place, for God is there, sidered.

law, that they can possibly maintain their Zion, THE PURE IN HEART: therefore let Zion standing and authority before God. How rejoice, while all the wicked shall mourn: for repeatedly in the history of the human family, behold and lo, vengeance cometh speedily do we find men designated as chosen instru-upon the ungodly, as the whiriwind, and who ments, for the accomplishment of the work of shall escape it: the Lord's scourge shall pass the Almighty, who are finally themselves over by night and by day: and the report marked out as fit subjects for exemplary thereof shall vex all people; yet, it shall not punishment. So in the revelations of heaven he stayed until the Lord come: for the indigto mankind in the last days, we find certain nation of the Lord is kindled against their men chosen of God, and invested with power inominations, and all their wicked works: and authority to do his work, warned to take nevertheless Zion shall escape if she observe heed lest they violate the immutable law of to do all things whatsoever I have commanded righte usness, and are themselves cut off from her, but if she observe not to do whatsoever the earth as transgressors. Not only do we la have commanded her, I will visit her acfind God making known this his inflexible pur-cording to all her works: with sore affliction; pose, but we see it really exemplified before with pestilence; with plague; with sword;-

force to every department of the work of God. that I the Lord have accepted of their offering; It-is only by obedience to the law of the co- and if she sin no more, none of these things

lestial kingdom, that we can be in any de-For the more perfect understanding of the gree the recipients of its blessings and glories.

to be, incontrovertibly true; we are prepared The Lord has been pleased to make known for a correct understanding of the manner in

in heart, who will contend earnestly for the faith which was once delivered to the saints, the God of Israel has given commandment to On three several occasions, in our own day, who through faith in the promises of God, build a house unto his name, that He the most will overcome the world, the flesh, and the High may dwell therein. Our design leads devil; and enterinto the rest of God. "There-us particularly to treat of the houses comman-fore, let your hearts be, comforted, for all ded to be built at Nauvoo. As illustrative of

"And inasmuch as my people build an and all that call on the name of the Lord and house unto me, in the name of the Lord, and keen his commandments, shall be saved; lo not suffer any unclean thing to come into even so: Amen."-6 95, last part of ¶ 4.- it, that it be not defiled, my glory shall rest promise, that this generation shall not all for I will come into it, and all the pure in heart pass away, before all these things shall be that shall come into it, shall see God: but if it be defiled I will not come into it, and my glory, It is a truth, which has not been duly ap-shall not be there, for I will not come into un-

In subserviency to her, and shall say, surely Zion is the city of and the hand of the Lord is there, and he hath Has the most high God chosen certain men, sworn by the power of his might to be her sals instruments by which to fulfil his purposes? vation, and her high tower: therefore verily It is only by their conformity to the celestial thus saith the Lord let Zion rejoice, for this is with vengeance; with devouring fire; never-This principle applies with unmitigated theless, let it be read this once in their ears,

We are forcibly impressed in perusing this passage, with the important truth, that a be built unto my name, that I may revealhouse in which God will design to dwelf, mine ordinances therein, unto my per ple; for must be erected by the pure in heart; and in I deign to reveal unto my church, things entire conformity with the strictest requires which have been kept hid from before the ments of the law of God, otherwise it is no foundation of the world; things that pertain temple of Deity, no peculiar manifestation offto the dispensation of the fulness of times: the presence of God can be expected there, no and I will show unto my servant Joseph all overshadowing visible glory resting thereon things pertaining to this house, and the priestdemonstrating to every beholder the house of hood thereof; and the place whereon it shall

poured upon their heads without measure.

build a house unto me; and I grant unto you albe moved out of their place. sufficient time to build a house unto me, and not hearken to my voice, nor unto the voice of

ceptable unto me.

be acceptable unto me; and if you do not these them. things at the end of the appointment, ye shall "And it shall come to pass, that if you build be rejected as a church with your dead, saith a house unto my name, and do not do the the Lord your God. For, verily I say unto things that I say, I will not perform the oath you, that after you have had sufficient time to which I make unto you, neither fulfil the probuild a house to me, wherein the ordinances of mises which ye expect at my hands, saith baptizing, for the dead belongeth, and for the Lord; for instead of blessings, ye, by which the same was instituted from before your own works, bring cursings, wrath, inthe foundation of the world, your baptisms for dignations, and judgments, upon your own your dead cannot be acceptable unto me; for heads, by your follies, and by all your abourtherein are the keys of the holy priesthood inations which you practice before me saith ordained, that you may receive honor and the Lord."—\$103: last part ¶ 10 to 15 inclu-

And after this time, your baptisms for sive. the dead, by those who are scattered abroad,

your baptisms for your dead. world was; therefore, verily I say unto you them. that your accountings and your washings, and

shall come upon her, and 1 will bless her with and foundation of Zion and for the glory, houblessings, and multiply a multipleity of bless or and endowment of all her municipals, are ings upon her and upon her generations, for ordained by the ordinance of my holy house ever and ever, saith the Lord your God: which my people are always commanded to build unto my holy name.

" And verily I say unto you, let this house

be built: and ye shall build it on the place

The Lord emphatically warns the people, where you have contemplated building it; for to whom he has given commandment, to build that is the spot which I have chosen for you a house for the administration of his ordinau-to build it. If ye labor with all your mights, ces, that if they slight his sayings, and dis-I will consecrate that spot that it shall be made card his commands, instead of blessing—[holy; and it my people will hearken unto my wrath, indignation, and anguish, shall be voice, and unto the voice of my servants whom I have appointed to lead my people, "But I command you, all ye my saints, to behold, verily I say unto you, they shall not But if they will

during this time your baptisms shall be achihese men whom I have appointed, they shall not be blest, because they pollute mine holy "But, hehold, at the end of this appoint grounds, and mine holy ordinances, and charment, your baptisms for your dead shall not ters, and my holy words, which I give unto

It is sufficiently obvious from this extract, are not acceptable unto me, saith the Lord; that the successful and acceptable presecufor it is ordained that in Zion and in her stakes, tion of the work there commanded, depended and in Jerusalem, those places which I have upon the rigid observance of the law of God. appointed for refuge, shall be the places for And what is very remarkable, the success of the enterprise, is made to depend upon this, And again, verily I say unto you, how shall to us, striking declaration: "and if my people your washings be acceptable unto me, except will hearken unto the voice of my servants, ye perform them in a house which you have whom I have appointed to lead my people; built to my name? for, for this cause I com-behold yerily, I say unto you, they shall not manded Moses that he should build a taberna be moved out of their place." But if, as is at cle, that they should hear it with them in the the present the case, they reject the word of wilderness, and to build a house in the land the Lord, and the voice of those whom Gol of promise, that those criticances might be has appointed to lead them, woful indeed the revealed, which had been hid from before the antithesis, fearful the catastrophe that awaits

The intimate relation that existed between your baptisms for the dead, and your solemn Joseph Smith's continuance on the earth, and assemblies, and your memorials for your sate the completion of those houses at Nauvon, rifices, by the sons of Levi, and for your ora-cannot fail to excite the observation of the cles in your most holy places, wherein you diligent enquirer. "I will show unto my serreceive conversation, and your statutes and vant Joseph all things pertaining to this house adgements for the beginning of the revelations and the priesthood thereof;"

well understood this relation, and in consector a firm support to the corner, that the whole quence prophesied that if that house was fin may be completed as before proposed, and acished, he would be there. And so of the cording to the order of the Priesthood."

Nauvoo house, elet my servant Joseph, and The fourth (N. E. corner) stone, superinhis house have place therein from generation tended by the Bishops, was then lowered to to generation:" These two houses were comits place, and Bishop Whitney pronounced manded to be built simultaneously, they were the following: "The fourth and last corner

to go hand in hand, according to the revelation, and one could not be accepted without now duly laid; and may the blessings before

were rejected by the Almighty.

of the precedings, occurring at the laying of Secondly, the presidency of the high priestthe corner stones of the temple, as directed nood-Thirdly, the twelve-and Fourthly, and superintended by Joseph Smith.

served from all harm while engaged in its bide by the order of God? construction, till the whole is completed; in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the II ly Ghos!; even so, Amen."

according to previous order.

Adjourned for one hour.

Amen.

The second (S. W. corner) stone, by the was lowered to its place, when the Pres't. of would in reality confer the "mark of the beast;" the High Priesthood pronounced the follow apon all those who received them ing: "The second corner stone, of the temple now building by the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints in honor of the great God, is duly laid, and may the same unanimity. that as been minitested on this occasion the perusal of this subject, thinking that a continue till the whole is completed; that long-faced sanctimonious article must necessapercently rest upon it to the laying of the filly follow from such a theme as is here chotop stone thereof, and the turning of the key lien. Though volumes have been written, and

tended by the High Council, as representa-kind therein made known by the servants of

the other. It was so understood and so taught pronounced, with all others desirable, rest up-by Joseph. The death of Joseph Smith then the same forever; Amen."—Times and was a clear manifestation, that those works Seasons, Aptil 1, 1841.

Here we have a beautiful illustration of the To put in a still stronger light, the ufter de-order of God, conformable to the law contained parture from the order of God, in his house, in the book of Doctrine and Covenants.—and in his church; we shall quote the account Firstly and principally, the first presidency the Aaronic priesthood. It adherence to the "The architects then, by the direction of order and commandments of God, can alone

the First Presidency, lowered the first (S. E render the work acceptable to him, how percorner) stone to its place, and Pres't. Joseph lectly irresistable is the conclusion, that in Sinith pronounced the benediction as follows: rejecting that order, we reject the plan of God-"This principal corner stone, in representation our salvation; and can no longer claim a tion of the First Presidency, is now duly laid single blessing at his hand. If the foundain honor of the great God; and may it there ion was not laid in conformity with the order remain until the whole fabric is completed; of God, then the labor is vain and fruitless .-and may the same he accomplished speedily; If the foundation was laid in conformity with that the saints may have a place to worship the order of God, then the subsequent depar-God, and the Son of Man have where to lay ture from that order, must render it nugatory his head." Prest Sidney Rigdon then pround void. Will the adherents of the twelve nounced the following: "May the persons tay which horn of the dilemma they chooses employed in the erection of this house be pre Or will they as honest men say they will Under the existing condition of things,

vhat conceivable benefit of a religious naturo is to be derived from the completion of those We have again and ionses at Nauvon! ${f A}$ sembled according to adjournment and again demonstrated that the order of God is priceeded to lay the remaining corner stones, subverted, the very means by which a legal idministration of ordinances could be effected -are annihilated; and all that would now be direction of the Pres't, of the High Priest lone, would be an illegal administration of hood with his Council, and Pres't. Marks, the ordinances of the house of God, which

S. BENNEIT.

THE BIBLE AS A BOOK. Turn not gentle reader with distrust from thereof; that the Saints may participate it housands of sermons have been delivered by the blessings of Israel's God within its walls, the learned in felation to its precepts, and and the glory of God rest upon the same; - its character, yet the world generally are in the grossest ignorance of the doctrines which The third (N. W. cornet) stone, superindit inculcates and of the final destiny of man-

tives of the Twelve, (they being in Europe,) the living God.
was lowered to its place by the benediction of Of all the books ever published to the world, Elias Highee as follows: "the third corner the bible reaches farthest into the depths of stone, in representation of the Twelve, is now antiquity, and lays before us, not only the duly laid; and an they are in some measure, history of the past, but also of the future. It the support of the church, so may this stone tells us of the period when Omnipetence

spake, and the earth sprang into existence. servants of God upon the earth, Unfolding the sublime idea of a Supreme Be teaches us this, and promises that it should ing, informing us of the origin of man, it ever be so with all the true followers of the makes known the condition of many things in Redeemer, that they should be thus favored, relation to the world in the morning of crea But the teachings of modern theologians deny

ments of those who have pretended to take of men, the religion of the Savior has come this book as a rule and guide for their faith to be a mere machine. and practice, and so deep and dark are the mysteries which long robed priests and bigots tem-and one adapted to the wants and nehave woven to obscure its pages, that man-cessities of man-the building erected by the kind generally have supposed it a volume Savior, is one in which nothing is wanting, to incapable of being understood, and have passed mar its beauty, or deform its proportions.—
ed sentence upon it without examination, or But since the days of the apostles, that buildswallowed it without knowing its contents.—
ing has been rent into fragments. One deTear off the mask which priesteral thas spread nomination has seized a rafter, another a sill, over its pages and it becomes a book of the a third a beam, a fourth a brace, a fifth a post, most thrilling and vital interest ever presented and with these fragments each has proceeded to man, for his perusal. acknowledges its worth; and in it the scholar tions, hence the wide difference in the style." will find some of the brightest gems of literal and architecture of those fabrics which the exceller ce solely upon the living truths which world, after whose models we are solicited it contains, and the lessons of profound wis to build our religion and our faith. The bible dom which it inculcates, but it possesses teaches us that the gospel is free to all, to high merits as a literary work, and for this be obtained without money and without price, reason alone is deserving the attention of but men in this age divine for money, and every man, who makes any pretentions at all teach for hire the doctrines of men, palming to learning. It is worthy the regard of the them upon mankind as the religion of the Renoblest mind, and in it will be found deep deemer, lessons of instruction, inviting the study and In the last charge of the Savior to the aposreflection of the most exalted intellect.

wisdom of past ages-analize the real merits that believeth and is baptized shall be saved, of the most distinguished orators and states and he that believeth not shall be damied: men who tave ever lived, and where can be and these signs shall follow them that believe: found a more eloquent, powerful, and convinction my name shall they cast out devils, they ing reasoner than St. Paul? Or search among shall speak with new tongues, they shall take the poets, who have shone forth as bright up serpents, and if they drink any deadly constelations in the heavens, who have shed thing it shall not hurt them, they shall lay a lustre and a dignity upon the name and hands on the sick, and they shall recover." character of man, and where can be found the Now I ask, where is the popul r decominabeauty of metaphor and figure, strength of tion of the present day, which acknowledges expression, sublimity of thought, or magnifi that these signs do or will follow the believer? cenes of contemplation, surpasing the Psalms Not one can be found in all christendom, and of David, the book of Job, or the prophecies all hough they make great pretensions to beworthy of our consideration, but when we re yet while Christ says these signs shall fellow flect that it contains the revelations of God them that believe, they all teach that they the grave, it becomes a volume of more worth the bible when shut, but open it, and we find Galconda.

In ancient days we learn that the heavens deeply dyed in infidelity.
It communion with the earth, and the Deity True it is, that "darkness covers the earth held communion with the earth, and the Deity
made known to man the laws by which he
should be governed; rewarded him for obedi
ence, and chastised him for not complying the minds of men, and chained the freedom of
with his commands. In all the dealings of thought—they are unscriptural and contrary

to man the communion he once held with the But such have been the conflicting senti-heaven's. And by the precepts and traditions

The scheme of salvation is a perfect sys-Even the infide to erect an edifice according to their own no-For the sacred volume does not rest its different sects of christendom present to the

tles, he tells them to go into all the world and Go. look into the history of man-glean the preach the gospel to every creature: "He For its literary merits then, it is lieving the doctrines of the New Testament; that it makes known the destiny of man, and shall not—that these things are all done the plan devised by the Creator by which we away with—no necessity for them now—we can obtain happiness, and eternal life beyond want no more revelation? &c. They believe than all the gold of Ophir, or the diamonds of these who make the strongest declarations of attachment to its doctrines, are the most

the Creator with his servants, he has given to the genius and spirit of the christian reli-them a knowledge of his purposes and will, gion. What an absurdity to recommend men by direct revelation from above; and thus it to study the bible, and then require them to has been, whenever there were any of the true understand it as you tell them; if they do not,

to deliver them over to the buffetings of satan grounded prejudices of distinguished theoloand denounce them as fit subjects for a never gians; and priesterast finding itself in danger, sends forth the hue and cry of "Delusion.

Christ never imposed a creed upon his followers, but he left them free and untrammel-his apostles is something entirely new .-led, and this is one of the excellencies of the When it was first promulgated, the Pharisee, gospel. It presents grand and comprehensive the Sadducee, the learned and the noble optruchs for the acceptance of man, and not posed its progress, and even put its author to binding the mind to subscribe to any certain a crue and ignominious death. And why form of words, it leaves him free to think and was this? Because they saw that their long judge for himself. The bigoted opinions and cherished institutions and their pride, must creeds of men, to which those who style them melt away before its blazing truths. Thus it selves christians adhere, are unfounded in has been the fate of truth always to meet with scripture and present an insuperable barrier to opposition. Columbus for eight years strugthe progress of man in wisdom and divine in-gled with the ridicule and prejudice of the telligence. Instead of subjecting their creeds age in which he lived. to the bible, the bible is in fact subordinate to the earth was of a globular form, and them, and hence, instead of having "one land could be found by sailing due west from Lord, one faith and one baptism," we have Europe, he was called an idio; his idea was

tisms. The religious world has come to act upon portunity was given him to do so. the same principle as the political, and the grand object in both is popularity and power, men do not and will not examine for them-The young man attaches himself to a political selves, they cannot have certain knowledge, party, often without examining into the sound-Truth must be sought to be found and known. ness of its principles, bacause his father or and to those who seek her diligently and with the friends of his youth belong to it. Thus pure motives, she is near at hand. he commits himself, and though he may af er-searches with full purpose of heart, can read wards find the doctrines he has embraced to it in the volume of nature, for every where be incorrect, yet he seldom dares renounce er can be found the impress of the finger of 'l)ejfor and espouse the truth, because public ty. There is a spirit whispering around the opinion holds a lash of tyranny over every mountain tops, and echoing through the windman's back who has the honesty and moraling dells, whose voice is eloquent with its courage to do so. So it is in making prose teachings. Its voice can be heard in the lytes to the creeds of the day. An excitement whistling of the wind, the rage of the storm, is got up—the fears of man are appealed to in the plunge of the cataract, and in the roar with powerful effect—his friends and relations of the ocean. But more plainly can truth be come around him, persuading and exhorting, read in the scriptures: and th ugh he be a until finally he commits himself. Without a wayfaring man, who searches, if he will cast previous acquaintance with the scriptures, he aside his prejudices and examine with an honsubscribes to a creed, and when he comes to est beart, he shall find that which will give read the bible, if he reads it at all, he bends him joy, and fill the soul with gladness unutevery thing to meet the peculiar doctrines terably full. He will find directions there, which he has espoused. Without looking to by following which, he can hold communion the teachings and precepts of the bible, as the with his God, experience perfect liberty, enfoundation of his faith, he pins his hopes of joy that consolation which shall buoy him up future salvation upon the articles of some nar-in the darkest hour of tribulation and adversirow minded creed, and hence has arisen the ty, and secure to himself immortality beyond bigotry, superstition and dogmatic spirit which the grave. If he would find a perfect model characterizes the age in which we live.—after which to fashion his character, let him Here we see the very reason, why those are not search for it amid the ranks of men, for it ridiculed and persecuted, who are contending will be in vain; but let him study and imitate with a deep, abiding earnestness for the faith the character of the Redeemer of the world. once-delivered-to-the-saints; who claim that Here he will find perfection, and a model after the gospel brings with it the same gifts and which whoever patterns, shall build upon a blessings now, that it ever did to those who foundation firmer than the monarch's throne have practiced it in its purity, and obeyed and as durable as the Rock of Ages.

faithfully its requirements. The idea that God will communicate his will by revelation in this day, to those who dilligently seek him, is repugnant to the feel-

And why For believing that. In christendom many faiths and many bap-scouted as chimerical; but he finally proved to the world that he was not crazy, when op-Ignorance is the mother of error, and when

The gospel, as taught by the Savior and

For the Messenger and Advoate. St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 15 1844.

J. H. jr.

ings of the religious world, and hence it is seconted with disdain and contempt. It comes Hyde, to Sidney Rigdon Esq. in which he in contact with the fine epon theories of the makes a great attempt et ridicule, as well as learned, with the lofty notions and deep to slander the character of Prest. Rigdon. I

thought it would not be amiss for me, to give informed me of the fact herself, that she wa your readers (the saints abroad more particu-married to Hyrum. larly) a short history of what took place in I mentioned this at one time in Nauvoc this city, on the arrival of Prest. Rigdon and which soon reached Hyrums ears, and made

They both came from Nauvoo on him feel rather unpleasent towards me.

the same boat. As soon as I heard of their There being some in our branch of the arrival. I went on board of the boat to see church, who looked, with wishful eyes, upon them, having a great desire to see Prest. Rig- a little exaltation in the church, determined to don. I found him in company with elder make difficulty between Hyrum and myself. James; Mr. Hyde being absent. I then had told him what I had said about his "spiri ul some conversation with elder Rigdon, concer wives;" upon which, Hyrum said he could ning the difficulty between him and the not fellowship me, until I made reconciliation; "twelve." He there set before methe aposta But said one kind word from bro. Small.

cy of many of the leaders of the church at Nau-would be all sufficient: He only wished me to voo, and feared that the twelve, mostly if not say, that what I had said was false, I told all, had departed from the commandments of him I could not do it; But I wrote Hyrum. Grd, and would surely bring upon themselves, a letter soon after, stating to him, that I was and all who follow them, certain destruction, sorry I did not keep these things to myself, He informed me of the heresies, and damnable stating that it was not my desire, to fight

dectrines, which had been introduced into the against the authorities of the church. church, of which however I was not altogeth I now have d cuments in my possession to er ignorant; He also informed me of the message God had intrusted to him. While we were conversing, elder Hyde came on board to settle the difficulties in this branch of the the boat, and appeared much confused, when the exonerated n.e. from all charges

After against me. he saw us in conversation together.

he wished me to intercede with elder Rigdon, ter when he was here befor; thus his "spirit not to publishe the secret acts of the church; of God" descision, proved a failure this time. I told elder Rigdon what Mr. Hyde's wishes But he now labored as dilligently and as zealwere; he informed me that he should vindi-jously, to destroy uy character, as he had be-

were; ne informed me that he should vindi- ously, to destrey a y character, as he had becate his own character against their foul slan- fore to sustain it; knowing that I was well ders, as well also the cause of God, truth and acquainted with these die rines of polygamy, righteousness. I communicated this message he therefore saw—the necessity of destreying to elder Hyde; after which he told me that if my influence. I wished to speak to the concluder Rigdon would come back, and stand gregation, but was prohibited, but took the cqual with them, the welve and counsel liberty of telling him he was a liar, which fact with them, and they with—him, he would be with him. pledge himself in behalf of the twelve, that ed with him. all they had said against him, should be re- I remain the true and affectionate broth moved. I then asked elder Hyde, whether all, who keep the commandments of God. Prest. Rigdon's authority had ever been taker

from him, and placed on Amasa Lyman, as

had been reported: He said he did not know.

Mr. Hyde called a meeting that evening, in which he undertook to shew what great autherity had been confered upon the twelver your paper is intended for the dissemination Which fairly astonished him when confered, knowing, (as he said) that if Joseph should have been taken away, that two of the first presidency were left; viz: Sidney Rigdon and Hyrum Smith.

It is not long since a difficulty existed be tween myself and the church in this city, in consequence of the "spiritual wife" system or doctrine; it originated between Hyrum Smith and myself; I having become acquainted with fidelity, to the destruction of all that is worth one of his "spiritual wives" in St. Louis: who

elder Rigdon ceased speaking and left his seat; Some however felt a little dissatisfied; upon Mr. Hyde took the same chair, and commen which elder Hyde said, that the descision was ced asking me what elder Rigdon had said; just, and was made by the Spirit of God, and Some however felt a little dissatisfied: upon I told him; He then told me something a that I was a man of God; But when he returnhout the affairs at Nauvoe; said elder Rigdoned to this city, a short time after, having unintended to publish the iniquity of the church derstood that I was not altogether a "twelveat Nauvoo. Having confidence in me, and te," he took occasion to say, in a public conthinking that f 1 was favorable to the twelve, gregation, that he did not understand the mat-

I remain the true and affectionate brother of WM. SMALL.

For the Messenger and Advocate. MR. EDITOR, Sir,

I am happy to learn thatof correct principles of theology, and as a matter of course consistent with all truth; for inasmuch as truth cannot conflict with truth, but is a perfect harmony of itself, and is the only thing that will not admit of mistake, out all who possess it, necessarily know, and hink alike whenever they are governed by it; consequently in its absence, error must ensue, and confusion and abominations of every kind take its place and fill our world with inI intend with your permission, to attemp | hough equally honest, is left uncared for

the blessings of God, I shall be able, (" others.

some extent at least.) to destroy the only

difference in aentiment or action, both cannot acter of God, proves without further argument

be right; for where-the right is, there is cer hat any man who acis not on those princitainly the power to make known the wrong, ples, does not walk in the way of truth, tho The world have no controversy about anything he may be honest and sincere, yet acting thus that is understood, hence all the sciences that and being honest, proves that his education is are developed admit of no question as to their filse, inasmuch as it comes in conflict with truth, because they act in perfect unison oneltie principles of truth, as set forth in the word

to our happiness.

have thus far proved inadequate to supressit; and I am sure that all men admit, that for the spread of infidelity, from this fact, that a man to judge any matter, presupposes, that they themselves have not truth enough to ex-he is fully acquainted with that, on which he

stand truth when presented to them. I am dence, such as the law requires.

citizins, as good husbands and fathers, as to judge, he must be in possession of evidence honest, benevolent and affictionate as any which justifies him, and that must be founded people professing christianity; and I despise on truth, otherwise he is self condemned .the course that the world persue towards And for him to say that the infilels are wrong, them; I mean what is called christend in. he must know that his christianity is true, in

is at stak , and is irrevocably lost when once right; and by so doing, he then can speak acthey err; whereas the man who belongs to cording to knowledge, and the infidel, (if he the church, has not only the world to uphold is honest,) will forsake his error and embrace

does wrong he has many to sympathise with to love his benefactor.

on examination into the various causes that some to pity him, none to build him up, but is do, and have contributed to the spread of infilleft to drag out a wretched existence, simply delity; and I have faith to believe, that through because that he does not see or think as some

I do not think that this neglect on their part hope on which it rests for support. My ob proves a lack of humanity, by no means; but

fect is, to save all men, and if, in this under | s doubtless, the effect of a false education, taking it should be found necessary to speak I say false, because those scriptures in which of the various sects and communities of the hey say they believe, cordemnevery thing of divilit will grow out of no disrespect to them this character. Originating from God, they but rather to sustain them as far as they have undoubtedly reveal his true character, one of

truth on their side; and by setting forth the which is, that he is no respecter of persons, that truth the errors of all will be manifest, and he sends rain on the utjust as well as the just, man left without an excuse for inculging it in short he possesses every attribute which All men admit that where there is a truth embodies. Taking this to be the char-

with the other, and each are founded on cer- if the Lord. For instance Jesus said, wif tain eternal principles which govern them you love me keep my commandments," &c. and it is by the revelation of those principles I ask, did he speak the tru h in this case, and

that gives us an understanding, being adapted lid he mean that no man can love him except to our comprehension, and of course essential he keep the commandments? Most surely, says the modern christian, for Jesus says "he My object will be in the first place to point that keepeth my commandments, he it is that out a me of the greatest or chief causes which loveth me;" and John says that "he that saith give rise to scepticism, and pursue the subject he knoweth him, (Christ,) and keepeth not

in all its windings, and if possible, find that, his commandments, is a liar." Now to the which will if curried out, cause all to see eyelpoint, did not the same Jesus say judge not to eye, and put to silence those discordant that ye be not judged, for with what judgment sentiments, and jargon that destroys the hap-ye judge ye shall be judged? Again, do you piness, which man would otherwise enjoy. Thelieve that Solomon was a man of God? O wish it to be understood, that I am fully sen-yes; well, Solomon said, that it was a shame sible that all the efforts of the christian writers to a man to judge of a matter before hearing

pose the error, if it is error. If they have, it passes judgment; else he judges unwarranta-certainly proves one of two things, and that bly; and by so doing, he is no longer worthy is, that the infidels are dishonest and corrupt, of the confidence of those who act and judge or else have not intellect sufficient to under according to knowledge, or by reason of eviunwilling to admit either, because I am ac | If this reasoning is correct, it follows as a quainted with many, and find them as good natter of course, that in order for the christian

But I would prefer to have that people judge order for him to be a judge; and according to me than many others I might name, from the Solomon he must be acquainted with their fact that it behoves them, (not-having the principles, which if wrong, and he knowing confidence of the religious community,) to act that his christianity is true, certainly gives consistently, for their character and their all min power to detect the error and show the him, but public sectiment also; and when he the truth, which will cause him to rejoice, and

him, and when he manifests repentance, they I make these few remarks by way of pre-willingly forgive him; while the infidel face, and promise in the next number, (God

of that God whom I serve, and by whose blessing I hope and trust, yea am sure to triumph on the principle of truth, though feebly presented; and I pray God, to give those who read, hearts to receive, and wills to obey; which will eventually prove a savor of life unto life; yea, eternal deliverance from error, which is a perfect salvation; even so, amen. Yours Truly,

RICHARD SAVARY.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 26, 1844.

To be continued.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. JANUARY 1, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third person, containing money, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

The Editor being necessarily absent, i not responsible for the matter contained in this number. Should any thing objectionable, therefore, appear, we trust our friends will attach no censure, or blame to Prest. S. Rigdon.

OUR THANKS.

Are tendered to our friends and patrons, for their unprecedented liberality in supporting our press. We venture to say, that no paper was ever started, under such disadvantageous circumstances, that has been so LIBERALLY patronized. Surely the Lord is moving the hearts of the people to seek after TRUTH. May the blessings of God attend them.

. We have received several letters from brethren in different parts of the country, directed to Pres't. Rigdon, asking for counsel, as they just ly consider him the duly constituted head of the church; we would say to those brethren, that Elder Rigdon has been absent on an important mission to the east nealy two months, and has not yet returned; however we look for his return soon, when they will be favored with all the information and counsel they desite.

Friends, brethren, saints of the last days! Have we a correct conception of the principles which conducts us to immortal triumph? Do we fully estimate the priceless value of those celestial truths, which constitute the waymarks to eternal felicity?

Happily and mercifully we live in an age, PROVINCE OF REASON IN RELIGION. and under circumstances, which render it easy the glory and excellence, of the religion of Jesus nominated MAN, is so constituted as to be capa-

willing,) to enter into the subject fully; not Christ; the constant and obedient believer CAN however in my own strength, but in the name and DOES know, that the path which he is pursuing, leads him safely to"glory, honor, immortallity, and eternal life."

> Notwithstanding many have turned from the holy commandments delivered unto u., let us hold fast the beginning of our confidence, firm unto the end. With undaunted inflexibility of purpose, staying ourselves continually upon the arm of Israel's God, let us take the law, which HE has given us, in the book of Covenants, which is identical with that contained in the Bible and book of Mormon—and live by its requirements; make it the guide of our steps, the joy of our right hand. In so doing, we shall both save ourselves, and those that hear us.

> It is most true that we are but willing Instru-MENTS in the hand of Omnipotence. The glory, the honor, and the power, belong to God and the Lamb forever. Though mere instruments. we are such in the hands of One who is Almighty; who cannot fail in the accomplishment of his purposes. It is a truth fraught with unbroken consolation, that while we do His will. and keep His commandments, we are invinci-BLE, nothing on earth or in hell can prevail against us.

As good citizens we are always ready, if need be, to wield the sword in defence of law, our homes, our wives, and our little ones. To teach to anarchists and mobocrats a lesson, which they will not learn in any other way. As valiant-defenders of the truth as it is in Jesus, the weapons of our warfare are not carnal, but mighty through the Spirit of God, to the subverting of error, unrighteousness, and vice, wherever found.

Relying with an unshaken trust upon the WORD of the King eternal, immortal, and invisible; desiring no safer or more certain pledge of ultimate success, our course is fixed, our aims are one, our victory sure.

The secret by which the saints have ever prevailed with God, and with man; by which alone they ever will prevail, and come off more than conquorers, is contained in two words-Believe Gop.

Whenever men have departed from this only principle of eternal conquest, God has ceased to exert his power in their behalf, and they are "henceforth good for nothing, but to be cast out and troden under foot of men."

"There is a spirit in man, and the Inspiration for us, if we are so disposed, to arrive at a of the Almighty giveth him understanding." KNOWLEDGE of the truth. Ah! herein consists That combination of spirit and tabernacle deble of appreciating all truth, and of ascending in from the churches abroad. TRUTH and VIRTUE

have decried the exercise of the intelligent fac-founded, and their deeds of darkness "shall be

scheme of redemption, is the exaltation of man, Lord be God serve him, but if Baal then serve by the communication of virtuous intelligence, him." it could not have been intended as a part of that design to limit the exercise of a single faculty by which intelligence is obtained, on the Smith is appointed "Patriarch of the church," contrary the all wise God proposes to take man having been taken from the quorum of the as he is, and school him into the highest order twelve to fill that office; "he now stands in the

provided.

Reason teaches the evident propriety, not toleh? say absolute necessity, of the finite submitting to the infinite, the inferior intelligence relying upon the superior for instruction; especially if the Supreme intelligence has demonstrated himself, good as he is great, and just and true altogether.

The religion of Jesus Christ is a system of enlightenment from beginning to end. It is begun, carried on and perfected, by progressive intelligence, until faith is lost in sight. province of FAITH then, is to act upon evidence which reason presents, for the attainment of knowledge. Thus it is that faith is the principle of all power and salvation in intelligent beings.

It is altogether impossible that man as he is constituted, can ever arrive at truth, save by at the time of the murder of Joseph, was laborthe exercise of his reason; the energy of Om-ing in the ministry, in the southern States, fillnipotence can only impart intelligence, by ad-ing a mission which the twelve themselves had dressing him through this channel.

son, as the attribute of man, we would not exceed he turned the other, when they smote him upon its legitemate limits. It is finite, it is dependent, that also; still being dissatisfied with wrong. it is subject to the Supreme intelligence of the ing their fellow man, they dealt out what, we tion to the attainment of all truth. There are it became absolutely indispensible that Bro. principles operating within us, around us, above Winchester should avail himself of the protecus, and beneath us, which the unaided reason tion of the laws of the land, which he had no of man can never fathom; there are truths re-soonerdone, than they raise the hue and cry, lating to things past, and marvellous events pensecution. yet future, which no human penetration can grasp, unquickened by prophetic fire.

governed by the principles of eternal reason, is tails are shocking and heartrending; yet as a noble one; he is designed as an intimate as skillful surgeons we must probe the roul ulcer, sociate of Jehovah, "an heir of God, and joint to understand the magnitude and extent of its heir with Jesus Christ!"

stantly receive the most gratifying intelligence, tal

the scale of inteligence, until ultimately, it "sees will prevail. The right arm of the Almighty as it is seen, and knows as it is known." will bear off his kingdom. The liar, sorceror Short sighted bigotry, and blind superstition, and whoremonger, will be ashamed and con-

ulties of man; but it is only when reason has proclaimed on the house tops." The mouth of been supplanted by senseless dogmatism, that the Lord hath spoken it. and who shall gainmen have become grossly ignorant and corrupt say. Truly, the "day of choosing" has arrived. As the declared purpose of the Deity in the "choose ye this day whom ye will serve, If the

AS WE THOUGHT.

By the Nauvoo papers, we see that Wm. of intelligences, by the means which he has same relation to the twelve, that Hyrum Smith did fo his brother Joseph.'* Come down a peg,

"Those who live in glass houses should NEVER THROW THE FIRST STONE."-We do not remember of ever seeing this adage so appropriately fulfilled, as in the case of the adherents of the twelve and Elder B. Winchester. in the East.

In the first place, we learned by the N. Y. Prophet, (the organ of the twelve,) that G. J. Adams had sued Elder Winchester for slander -soon after, we learned by the same source, that J. M. Grant had sued Elder Winchester also;-after all this, they not yet being satisfied, he was published to the world as being accessory to the death of Joseph Smith, which could possibly have no foundation in truth; as he

appointed him, to our certain knowledge .-Although we thus expatiate upon godlike rea-Therefore, after they smote him upon one cheek universe. Competent only under His instruc-presume, they considered a death blow, when

The communication of W. is from the pen of a gentleman, intimately acquainted with The destiny of a man, who will submit to be the FACTS as they exist at Nauvoo. The desinuosities. It is a deplorable case. We would say to our brethren, that we con-parts are involved. It will certainly prove fa-

ON PRAYER.

"Prayer is the souls sincere desire. Utleted or unexpressed; The motion of a hidden fire. That trembles in the breast."

Amidst the strife of contending elements which the man of faith is compelled to en-land priesteral's and whoredoms, shall be error, and in behalf of virue and godliness; there is one infallible source of never failing them will I cut off from among my people, consolation, always open to him where he can O house of Isra l; and I will execute vengeconfidently resort, as a sure refuge in every ance and fury upon them, even as upon the time of trouble; he is there invited to a feasi of the spiritual dainties, 'love, jny, and peace.' "Ask, and ye shall receive;" "knock and it gracious invitation.

O. Hyde wishes it distinctly understood. that, if Prest. Rigdon should ever wish to come into their church, he could not expect their confidence for his character would THEN be EN-TIRELY destroyed. So say we. Mr. Hyde havcertainly to be a good judge.

great of late. his have been appointed for that purpose. other places along the coast .- Sal. Courier of Dec. 28.

The return of the Jews to the land of their fore-fathers, the land which God swore to Abraham to give him, and his seed after him. for an everlasting inheritance; is to us ar event fraught with the most thrilling interest. It affords satisfactory evidence, that the "work of the Father" has in truth commence ed, to the fu filing of the promises, prophicies. and covenants, made to the house of Israel. It presents a splended refutation, of all the spiritualizing dogmas of the commentators or prophecy-aid demon trates the literal ful filment, of the predictions of those men who "spake as they were moved upon by the Holy Ghost."

The gathering of the Jows to the land of positive, to admit of doubt here. Palestine, furnishes additional and incontesta ble evidence, of the truth of the book of Mcr mon, speaking to us with the irregistable eld

epoch has arrived, when God his strange work will perform—the set time to favor Zion has come. Take the following among many similar passages;

"And it shall come to pass that all lyings. and deceivings, and envyings, and strifes, counter, in his warfare against corruption and done away. For it shall come to pass saith. he Father, that at that day, who soever will ist repent and come unto my beloved Son, heathen, such as they have not heard. " But if they will repent, and hearken unto

my words, and harden not their hearts, I will establish my church among them, and they shall be opened unto you," are the terms of the shall come in unto the covenant, and be numbered among this the remnant of Jacob, unto whom I have given this land for their inheritance, and they shall assist my people, the remnant of Jacob; and also, as many of the house of Israel as shall come, that they may build a city, which shall be called the New Jerusalem; and then shall they assist my people that they may be gathered in, who are ing had some experience in such matters ought cattered upon all the face of the land, in unto the New Jerusalem. And then shall the power of heaven come down among them: INFLUX OF JEWS TO THE HOLY LAND .- The and I also will be in the midst, and then shall influlx of Jews to the Holy Land has been very the work of the Father commence, at that There is said to be no more day even when this gospel shall be preachedroom in Jeruralem for them; they have all among the remnant of this people. Verily I ready spread over a part of the Turkish quar say unto you, at that day shall the work of ter. Jaffa has been selected by them for the my Father commence among all the dispersed establishment of a Jeshiba, and several rab f my people; yea, even the tribes which have been lost, which the Father hath led away out Many new comers have sattled at Jaffa and of Jerusalem. Yea the work shall commence unong all the dispersed of my people, with the Father, to prepare the way wherehy they may come unto me, that they may call on the Father in my name; yea, and then shall the, work commence, with the Father, among all nations, in preparing the way whereby his people may be gathered home to the land of

> nor go by flight; for I will go before them, saith the Father, and I will be their rearward. From the above quotation it will be seen, that the inhabitants of the American contiuent are as vitally interested in the work of God of the last days, as any people can be.he perpetuity of their national existence dee ds upon their action in the premises.-There is no mistake on this point. The cloud f witnesses is too great, their evidence too

> their inheritance. And they shall go out from

ill nations; and they shall not go out in hade,

We will refer to a single declaration of the Son of God; "Jerusalem shall be trodden lown of the Gentiles, until TEE TIMES OF THE oquence of eternal truth, it tells us, that the Gentiles be Lulliled." This is tuntamount to an unequiveral declaration, that when Jerusalem shall cease to be trodder down of the Gentiles—the times of the Gen saying, that the gathering of the Jews, is a sor of the spirit of God would be, what doth momentious event, pregnant with marvellous result?

Redeemer at his first advent, their course on faith. h's second advent, will be a very different one. Why are the Jews returning to the land of Judea? because they believe the prophets; they credit the testimony of Zecharial who tells them, that their King, when he shal! come to glorily the house of Isrzel, shatledescend on the precise spot from which he ascended; "And his feet shall stand in that day upon the mount of Olives which is before Jerusalem on the east, and the mount of Oliveshall cleave in the midst thereof toward the east and toward the west, and there shall be a very great valley; and half the mountain shall find in legible characters written upon the remove toward the north, and half of it toward brow - "Apostate" he south." * * * * "And the Lord my God-shall come, and all the saints with thee."

JOSEPH SMITH."

this subject, by those whose zeal is not accor the odium of acts committed since his death, ding to knowledge, we wish to put the matter under the mantle of Joseph Smith, in a correct position.

What measures of Joseph is it desirable to carry out? We reply, those only which are according to godliness. If we have shewn that Joseph Smith departed from the fiving God. that like David and Solomon he contracted a whoring spirit, and that the Lord smote him for this thing cut him off from the earth .-Who that is wise would approve of the carry

ing out of such measures?

Those man worshipers who contend for the measures of Joseph Smith, irrespective of the law of God, are in two with the "spiritual wife system." To such a great and glorious doc trin ,' to use their own language, as we have heard-them-express themselves, such a durl ing principle, so much in accordance will of many at Nauvoo. Hoping that some who their feelings, so exactly suited to their na tre attempting to hold up the hands, and susture; that they cannot give it up if it leads tain the characters, of wicked and corrupt them to hell. No marvel then that God has men, may view carefully the ground on which sent them strong delusion that they should be they stand, profit by what they witness, and lieve a lie, that they might be damned, be partake not of their sins. lest they be also cause they believed not the truth, but had plea spartakers of their plagues," and plunge themsure in unrighteousness. It is very apparent elves into that labyrinth of degradation, filth that Paul had his eye on these lustful charac and shame from which extrication would be ters, at this precise time too, for he says is utterly imposible. And that others also, who would take place in the gathering together of contemplate moving to Nauvoo, may first

Jesus Christ,-See 2d Thess. 2d chap.

This ranting about the measures of Joseph Smith is the ebullition of apostacy, it has no reference to the law of God. It is a false footing. a sandy foundation, a broken reed at the best. tiles is fulfiled! This conclusion is startling. The spirit of God would dictate a very differbut irresistable, are we not then justified in ant course. The first inquiry of the prossesthe Lord require at my hand? what are the provisions of the law of God relative to the natter to be acted upon? There is no resting Although the Jews as a body rejected their place short of the word of God, for the man of

> To shew most clearly that the phrase we quote is instigated by an apostate spirit, we nust observe that the law of God given through Joseph Smith is discarded entirely. The organization of the church of God, as reseived by revelation through Joseph, is brown away as valueless; and all that is really contended for, is the loathsome, disgrace. ful, and destructive "spiritual wife" doctrine.

> The truth is these revellers wish to skulk ff. on the credit of the measures of Joseph Smith, we shall permit them to do no such hing; but shall strip them of their false covering, and when divested of that, you will

If Joseph Smith sinned which he did, the Lord has cut him off from his stewardship, and put another in his place. We have too much respect for the good which he was in-"CARRY OUT THE MEASURES OF strumental in accomplishing, to permit a combination of men who disregard the principles As there is much foolish declamation on of truth and virtue, to shelter themselves from

For the Messenger und Advocate.

THE APOSTATES AND REBELLIOUS SPIRITS AT NAUVOO.

It is an unpleasant task for one to dwell upon the depravity of his fellow beings, and expose to view the high handed outrages of others; and while descanting upon the conduct fany individual, it is well always to keep in nind the words of our Saviour "First east the heam out of thine own eye, and then thou shalt see clearly to cast the mote from thy brothers eye.32

And certain it is, that nothing but a sense of duty, now prompts me to expose some of he outrages; and portray the awful apostacy the saints, prior to the coming of our Lord prayerfully and with care, investigate matters livitich pertain to their peace and welfare on earth, as well as affects their eternal salvation. For highly do they rate the few,

Reader, having lived for several years in Nauvoo, I flatter myself with the idea of being able to give you some facts as they there exist. However repugnant their history may be to sensibility and refinement, or unfit for the tice the doctrine of "plurality of wives," or

and in many instances successfully; which call on such an one, and such an one, to subno doubt was one cause of their overthrow, stantiate what thay then declare, who, while being men (many of them) of weak minds, screening others, screen also themselves, being and limited edcaution, and little experience in bound toge her in one common interest. the ways and wiles of the adversary; being After "making a covenant with death, and flattered and looked up -to, by those whom an agreement with hell," they are then ready they brought into the church, until they imag to carry into effect, any proposition made by ined themselves cosequential; Being proud, the leading spirits of that modern Sodom. The haughty and listed up, they thought themselves reader may be somewhat curious to know in privileged characters, and were no longer what manner these "priests of Baal" obtain ameniable to laws that were binding on others, an ascendency over the minds of females suftion of the lusts of the flesh.

to crime, their only study now is, to systema lmy object to condemn, but merely to give the tize and bring under the garb of religion, doc reader an idea of the state of mind, which nattrines, by which they can indulge their propen lurally would arise in the persons who are now sities, to the fullest extent, under the pretended the subjects of my remark. authority of "thus saith the Lord." Under this cover, crimes of the blackest die are commits ful eyes, is first visited by some elderly woman, ted,-Wives are seduced from their husbands (who has already imbibed the doctrine,) called and families!—Inocent girls are ruined!!—['mother in Isreal'' who informs the girl, that blood in the veins of mortal man, to contem-kingdom.

right and what wrong, is all fudge. Most conscientious rogues are they; And while you preach, unless you dock it, These honest rogues will pick your pocket. And think 't a virtue they've committed,

Like spartan thieves unless outwitted;

delicate ear, they are however no less facts what is commonly called the "spiritual wife and facts that $d\hat{R}$ should know, who in any system," of which much has already been said, wise feel interested for the well being of so and in the presence of high heaven, in the face of hundreds of good witnesses, they will Some of the subjects of my text, were a solemly raise their hands to heaven and swear mong the first elders in the church of Christ, that no such doctrine exists and those who having labored much in the vineyard of God. otherwise declare, are apostates and liars, then

and began in trifling indulgences, to gratuify ficient to lead them into ruin and disgrace.—
their unhallowed ambition and unholy lusts un
And, gentle reader, I am well aware that many
til they lost the spirit of God, and were comwill not, (and perhaps no one) can scarcely pletely in the snare of the Devil, By degrees beieve, that such a state of society exists at they were led on, until their whole soul is Nauvoo. Having a better opinion of human now bound up in schemes and doctrines. nature, than to believe it possible that it could which have no other object than the gratifica-he so degraded; I would to God, that it were otherwise, and that your humble servant had They have lost the spirit of God, forfeited never witnessed, what he here relates. their calling and priestheod, and are now left to treating of the mode and manner of seducing fill the cup of their iniquity, until they become females. I wish it distinctly understood, that ripe for the vengeance of a just God. But like all are taught to be in subjection to their elders; Lucifer their prototype, they will drag all with and that a rejection of any of their teachings is them, who follow their example, to share their immediately followed by a dismembership of Having abandoned themselves wholly the individual, which principle, it is not now

damning measures are adopted, to hide the ishe has looked upon her for some time, as a shame of former crimes, counterfeit money virtuous, houest hearted and good girl, and made and passed, and many other crimes com-therefore feels a desire that she should be made mitted, all of which is enough to freeze the acquainted with some of the "mysteries of the You well know there is no promise made in the word of God, for the salvation Many are led astray, by their sophistry and of females, and there is no way by which fe-They say that crime, is no crime with males can enter the celestial glory, only by out a witness, and that God cannot condemn being sealed (married) to some man having the without individual testimony. That the break-priesthood, and that must be done too, here in ing of the law is in getting cought, that the time; and all, who have heretofore been maridea of the spirit of God, dictating what is ried according to the laws of the land, must be again married by one having the priesthood "Preach conscience! still there's none but may; or else they live in adultery; and if they wish each other for eternity, they must be sealed, or married for eternity, for all contracts whether of marriage, or otherwise, cease and are coid, at the final dissolution of the spirit and this jour earthly tabernacle: and so also with ATL

The female, who is looked upon with lust-

covenants, obligations and agreements made that they might not indulge their propensities,

manner, having found favor in his sight, he no sin in eaung it." If this kind of sophistry is inclined to hanor you with his hand and succeeds, some of the faithful are called in, to heart, and introduce you into his family and unite them, after which the victim is informathereby take you into the celescial kingdom, ed that she belongs to bro. B—— for time, as there to become a "star in his crown of glory." well as for elernity. If any should revolu and It is the only way in which you can be saved, expose such conduct, she is immediately deand reflect well before you reject the proff red nounced as a girl of bad character, and wishkindness; there is nothing criminal about ites to destroy the character, of bro B-or dear sister in the sight of God, but as the bro. K-because she could not corrupt laws of our land strictly forbids it, you must their morals. She is published to the world keep the matter locked up in your own breast, robbed of all a virtuous maiden hild most for the laws of God and the laws of the land dear, that which to her is of greater price are almost always at variance, and should than the peals of the ocean, or the wealth of this matter be known our brethern would suf-line Indies: Rob a milden of her character, fer materially. You know dear sister, that and what has she left, or how can she again we have always been praying for the restitu-recover what she has lost? Life is too short. tion of the "ancient order of things;" you know and friendship too uncertain to remedy the the "ancient order," look at David and Solo evil.

If a married female is wanted for a "Spirityou also have the example of many others of ual wife." she is informed 'that her husthe ancients. I have no d ubt but this doc band can never take her into celestial glory, trine may be a great trial of your faith, as it and that her contract with him is only for was of mine, but you know that "straight is time. Eventually, peradventure the husband the gate, and narrow is the way that leadeth to becomes jealous of his wife the family is soon life everlasting," and we must not look to the broken up, and thir peace and happiness forright hand or to the left, but keep our eye on ever destroyed.
the mark, and let nothing overthrow, or Reader, to believe these facts may stretch shake our faith. We have been taught that your credulity; methinks I hear you say, these every thing would be presented to us, that things cannot be: It cannot be possible, that could possibly shake our faith, and such uman nature is so depraved. Though you things as would almost overthrow the elect, may be acquainted with some of these men, and you know it is said that God would do aland may have believed them men of God. "marvetlous work and a wonder" in the last So have I been acquainted with them, and days, and is there any thing more marvelous well recollect the time when they were humthan this, coming directly in contact with all ble before God, and endeav red to keep his former teachings which we have received! commandments. How, (you may ask) could surely not. Dear sister we must throw away men who have been once enlightened, and all our former ideas and notions of right and been made partakers of the Holy Ghost," bewrong, and live by the direct teachings of the come so corrupt, and with their knowledge and spirm. And now dear sister I must leave you experience in the ways of God, so degrade to reflect upon what you have heard, and to-themselves and beco e even worse than "natmorrow evening bro. B- will call and set ural brute beasts." "If that light in you beyou, and give you turther instructions in the come darkness, behold how great is that darkmysteries of the kingdom." And thus dear ness." Then I say, "these who have once reader is the poison administered, which tasted the good word of God, and been made eventually destroys both soul and body

The evening arrives, Bit, and with an apparent holy zeal, dwells minds of God, and do that which he has strict-

her into the celestial kingdom, but if she re-than any other people. Reader, let us comfuses, she shall be damned. That God gives pare the theories, sophistry and conduct of his servants many privileges that others can hese men, with the word of God, the "touch not enjoy. That God is not such a being as tone" by which we all shall be tried, out of the scriptures would seem to represent, and which "books" we shall one day, be either the secretain world believes. the sectarian world beli ves. That woman approved or condemned, was made for man, and those seeming jeals 1st. Cor. Paul was troubled with persons onsies of the Almighty, represented in the in the church who were guilty of fornication, bible, were for the blinding of the gentiles, even worse than was ever named among the

here in the flesh.

And now dear sister, you, having been look-mission. Thus, "If a child steals an apple," ed upon by Bro. B * * * * *, one of our (for which he has a good appetite.) "he sins, great apostles of light, in a most gracious but if the father gives him the apple, there is

l and body partakers of the Holy Ghost," when they cor-unakes his vis upt themselves by departing from the com-

hargely-upon the subject in contemplation. Ly forhidden, loose the spirit of God, and be-He informs the timid victim, that God has come receptacles for the spirit of darkness.—
given her to him, to be sastar in his crown, It is no wonder then, that they are capable of and if she will become his wife he will take committing worse crimes and greater outrages,

gentiles. He also says. "To avoid fornica the of Jude, that although God scknowledges tion let every man have his own wife." And men as saints, blesses them with his spirit, 6: 13, "Now the body is not for fornication telivers them from trouble, and saves them but for the Lord, and the Lord for the body," from the hands of their enimies; yet, if they and 5th chap. Paul strictly commanded the bide not his law, they are afterwards cursed a night not to keen company with fornicators, with a sorer cursing. Thus: c urch, not to keep company with fornicators, with a sorer cursing. without excuse. Because that when they lieved not. was darkened. Professing themselves to be unto the judgment of the great day. wie. they become folds: And changed the glory - Even as Sedom and Gomorrah and the cities of the incorruptible God, into an image, made about them in like manner, giving themselves like to corruptible men. Wherefore God also ever to fornication, and going after strange gave them up to uncleanness through the flesh, are set forth for an example, suffering he is of their own hearts, to disho or their own the vangeance of eternal fire. hodies between the eselves: Who changed the Likewise also those fithy dreamers defile truth f God'into a lie, and worshipped and the flesh, despise dominion and speak evil of s ryed the creature in re than the creator. - dignities.

For this couse, G d gave them up to to yile aff ctions; and a repr bate mi d:-Being fil they know not: but what they know natuled with all unrighteousness, fornication rally, as brute beasts, in those things they wickedness and in diciousness, full of envy corrupt themselves, murder, deceit and malignity. Backbiters, haters of God, proud, boasters and inventors for their own lusis; and their mouth speaks of evil things. enanthreakers, without natural affection, im-sons in admiration because of advantage. placable and unmercifu: Who knowing the judgements of God, that they who commit were spoken before, of the apostles of our

do the same, but have pleasure in them that do them. But glory, honor and peace, to them mockers in the last time, who should walk who by patient continuance in well doing, after their own ungodly lasts. - Jude 5, 6, 7, seek f r glery and honor, immortality and 8, 10, 16, 17, 18, verses." eternal life; But unto them who are contentious, and do not obey the truth, but obey un lilous times shall come. For men shall be tigateousness; indignation and wrath."

the flight, for the flight lusteth against the tion, trucebreakers, false accusers, incontispirit, and the spirit against the flesh, and ent, fierce, despisers of those that are good, these are contrary the one to the other. Now Traitors, fleady, high-mided, livers of the works of the flesh are manifest which are pleasure more than lovers of God: Having these; Adultery, fornication, we cleanness, lasciving suess, id lary, hatred, variance writh, thereof from such turn away. For of this
strife's dilions, heres'es, envyings, revellings, sort are they which creep i to houses, and
murder, and such like: of which, as I have lead captive silly women liden with sins led alreadytold you, that they who do such things away with divers lusts. Ever learning, arth shall not it herit the kingdom of God. But never able to come to the knowledge of the the fruit of the spirit is love, Joy, peace, long with. 2nd Tim: chap. 4. 1-7, verses:" suff ring, gentleness, goodness and merk ness." "An evil tree cannot bring f rib good not endure sound doctrine; but of er the isown fruit; EVERY tree is known by its fui ." Eih. 5. We are commanded as saints, to pu formication far from us, and let it not be nam d. Col. 3. We are here admonished to beware of such things, for "the wrath of God come hot the children of dishedience." 1st Thes. 4. For this is the will of God, even your same

tific tion, that ye should abstain from fornica-

and to turn them out from amongst them, to \ "1 will therefore put you in rememberance, gether with the rai er and drunkard. See all though ye once knew this, how that the so, 6th c. Fornicators cannot inherit the king Lord, having saved the people out of the land dom of God. Rom. 1st "So that they are of Egypt, afterward destroyed them that be-

knew God, they glorified him not as God. And the angels which kept not their first neither were thankful, but became vain in estate, but left their own habitation, lie hath their imaginations, and their foolish heardreserved in everlasting chains under darkness.

But these speak evil of those things which These are murmurers, complainers, walking

Without understanding, cov |eth great swelling words, having men's per-But beloved, remember ye the words which

conchr things are worthy, of death; Not only Lord Jesus Christ. How that they told you there-should be

"This kn w also, that in the last days perllovers of their own selves, covetous, beasters Paul to the Gal. says "I say then walk in proud, blasphemers, disobedient, to parents, the spirit, and ye shall not fulfil the lusts of unthat kful, unhely, Without natural affec-

"For the time will come when they will bsts shall they heap to them elves teachers, aving itching ears; And they shall forn sway their ears from the truth, and shill be turned unto fables .- Chap. 4: v. 3, & 4.

Jeremiah repeatedly pro laims against it, says the prophets and priest are profane, dennitting adultery and walking in lies, David and Solomon were ruined for these crimes, nearly all the ancient churches, whether among the You will also discover by reading the epis | Jews, Gentiles or Nephites, were overthown

by these things. Is it a wonder then that men it not promised that withe Lion shall entistray standing in the same relation to God, having like the ox? That there shall be nothing to enjoyed the same spirit, and partaken of the burt of des rey in all my hely mountain? same knowledge, should not be tempted by the same adversary? and if overcome, should not share the same fate. Surely like causes produce like effects. The prophets also declare that it shall be so in the last days; that many should fellow after "Baal." Whether prophets or priests, shepher is or pastors, they would be led into adultery. I releation and all manner of Corruptions, thereby leading the people astriy. J cob the Nephite prophet had like tr uble in his church; the saints rai greedily after these corruptions, and edeavor ed to incorpor to the doct into of polygamy into their f. ith; excusing themselves because David and Solomon had many wives and concubines, which I icob said, was an abomi they exist at Nouven, are inexcusible for their nation in the sight of the great God, and for silence. To such, I would mer by say there which they were everthrown as a church, sa time fir every thing, and he is a fiol who and the Limanifes possessed their inheritances ries etidings my lord? when he has no tidas being more worthy. And God has said i lings to communicate. the last days, that he will not have such things in his church, "nevertheless because of the bretheren even "seventy times seven," but we spirit of adultery which shall creep in, it shall are not bound to bear with them, when they nearly be over brown, but shall not quite, be make crime a virtue, and will no longer repent. cluse of the promises and covenants made Reader, these men will tell you, that such with the fathers, to bring in the edispensal things as I have here stated, never existed at tian of the fulness of times." I would refer Nauvoo. But let God judge between them the reader to Isaiah, Ezk. and Jer. and many and us, and let the liars curse, fall on him who of the prophets; also, to the New Testament, lies. book of Mormon and Dec. and Cov. containlng more revent revelations, and then judge for yourself, whether God can approve of such crimes, and whether such abount nations should late No. of the Times and Seasons the folnot be "proclaimed upon the house tops," and towing resolution, passed by the High Coun-all men warned against such evildoers. I am it at Nauvoo; which was the first intimaaware that they publish all who dare tell of ion I received of any such inovement. their iniquity, as apostates and murderers. wishing to bring a mob on them to destroy enezer Robinson and wife be cut off from the the innocent. They think this will enlist the huren for apostacy.' sympathies of the people in their behalf, while they brand us as mobbers. But let their numbership in the church of Gud—but it is no threats towards us, and their utmost exertions new thing for a seclarian church, to cut memto prevent us holding meetings in Nauvoo, hers off by resolution, without giving them a wherein we were mobbed, give the lie to such privilege of speaking for themselves, agreea-

so much has been said, whereby they would im one! If having implicit confidence in the fain make us believe, refered to David and prophecies and promises contained therein. Solomons time, one-word only-need-ho said that they will all besfulfilled, makes an apast. The most "ancient order" I know of is that tote, then I am fully entitled to that appellaof Adam and Eve-in-the garden of Eden; If intion. If believing that God has set his hard is designed by the Almighty that man should again the second time to redeem the outcasts have more than one wife; it looks to me, that if Israel and the dispersed of Judah from their God dealt very partial with Adam in the mor-long captivity, and that he will work like ning of creation, when their society would simself, a wonder working God, and no nowhave been indeed pleasant to him, beside greater can stay his han I. constitutes apostacy; ly facilitating the peopling and "replenishing then be it known to all the world, I am an the earth." Is not the "ancient order" which apostate! If striving to keep the law of God,

hair of their heads. They are in the hands of

That the curse will be removed form the earth, and it shall yeald its strength? Surely this is he "ancient order" for-which we look.

I pray God, to open the eyes of those who are "led astray" before they tec the alike corrupt. Was Nathan an apos ate, because he old king David of his abomi ariges, and varned him to repent? Were Jer., Ezkl. and many other prophets, apostates, because they reclaimed against the iniquity of high funcionaries of the church? has Sidney Rigdon spostatised, because he would not sanction polygamy in the church of Christ! It may be urged that those, who disavew

such works of darkness, and knowing that We are also commanded to forgive our

MR. EDITOR: Dear Sir:-I have noticed in a

"Resolve 1, That Amos B. Tomlinson, Eb-

This is a new way truly to try a person for assertions. We have never tried to injure able to the law of God.

But to the facts in the case-If being a God who will deal with them as seemeth him firm believer in the old and new Testamen's. the book of Mormon, and book of Covenants. As to the "ancient order of things," of which constitutes an apostate, then most assuredly I. is to be brought about in the last days, that and preserving inviolate the order of heaven, very order which existed in "Paradise?" Is and wishing to live by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God, constitutes an apostate, then certainly I am an apostate! But if rejecting the order of God, treating lightly the law of heaven, and setting at defiance the commandments of the great Jehovah, as contained in his written word, constitutes apostacy, (which it most assuredly does,) let those who have so done, beware lest an apostate's doom be theirs.

"To the law and to the testimony, if they speak not according to this, it is because

there is no *light* in them."

E. ROBINSON. Yours.

We perceive that the adherents of the "Spiritual wife system," have fully satisfied themselves that they cannot maintain their ground by truth; and as a DERNIER RESORT have determined to try what virtue there is in FALSEHOOD. The last Times and Seasons charges Pres't. Rigdon with intsigating his followers to commit MURDER. We know verily that Pres't. Rigdon's uniform teaching has been "do violence to no man."

POETRY.

SELEČTED,

FOR THE MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE. A SONG OF THANKSGIVING AND PRAISE, FOR THE SAINTS.

Thanksgiving to the Lord of life!—to him all praises be,

Who from the hands of evil men hath set his people free;

All praise to him before whose power the

mighty are afraid,

Who takes the crafty in the snare, which for the poor is laid!

Sing, oh, my soul, rejoicingly, on evening's twilight calm

Uplift the loud thanksgiving—pour forth the grateful psalm; Let all pure hearts with me rejoice, as did the

saints of old, When of the Lord's good angel the rescued

Peter told.

And weep and howl, ye evil priests and mighty men of wrong,

The Lord shall smite the proud and lay His hand upon the strong.

Wo to the wicked rulers in His avenging hour! Wo to the wolves who seek the flocks to raven and devour:

But let the humble ones arise,—the poor in heart be glad.

And let the mourning ones again with robes of

praise be clad,

For he who cooled the furnace, and smoothed

the stormy wave And tamed the Chaldean lions, is mighty still Liberty st. Pittsburgh Pa.

to save!

extra binding, Pocket book fashion, for the Sidney Rigdon, Editor, Post Pain, or they will # conveince of travilling Elders, \$1,50.

Also, book of Doctrine and Covenants price \$1,25 single copy. Gospel Reflestor. Voice of Warning, History of the Prisethood. Winchester's synopsis, Prophetic Almanach for 1845, etc etc .- For sale at this office.

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Laure Day Saint's MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, JANUARY 15, 1845.

INFIDELITY, NO. II.

ter into the subject touching infidelity; what but finds in the world of nature sufficient init is, the causes which produce it, and the erest to call forth all the faculties of his mind arguments generally used to sustain it.

clusively says the Infidel that the bible is tian has to establish its truth, and failing to say are true, and sustained by the bible. Tha hatred of the christian through their fears, another equally honest, declares it is contra simply for expressing himself according to lost but that all men will be saved; and the he looks into the book of nature, the stronger idea of hell, or fire and brimstone is all non-the evidence that the world (called) christensense to them, it only signifies a guilty con-dom are governed to a great extent at least, by science in them who do wrong. The Meth-principles totally at war with truth as preodist regards these sentiments with holy hor-rented in nature. ror, and asserts that such doctrines are at open war, and contrary to the bible (which is the standard for both) and will prove the ruin they are true; and being true, they are conof all those who give heed to them, yea, he renial to his nature. He knows that it is true cannot even extend the hand of fellowshp to them, because he conceives it blasphemy in the sight of heaven so to do.

In view of these things the infidel asks this question, are they both right inasmuch as the y differ? do not each support their claims by evidence from the same book which book is true to the apporent satisfaction of both? and does not one enjoy as much happiness in his belief as the other in his? yes verily, but says he, they cannot both be right because they are opposite in nearly all of their principles and having equal confidence in both of them yet, by reason of his organization without which, cannot admit the truth of either, because if either have it, he can easily point out the er idea of a God without a body, parts or pasrors of the other, and show dim the way to possess it also, which he will do, provided he because it embraces nothing that can reflect is honest. But as this is not done, instead of upon his senses, and possesses no quality, in consolidating all men in one, establishing common with himself, being without form or harmony and union, which is the effect of figure and as a matter of course destitute of truth when observed, shows positively that motion; for nothing can move upless some they do not posess it.

Hence he considers it useless, and time ill I now Mr. Elitor, according to promise, en spent to trouble himself in relation to the matter;

and body, and by observing and studying her The Infidels, generally neither believe nor laws, he becomes acquainted with certain prindisbelieve in the bible, God etc. but for reason ciples wich make him happy; and he finds it which they conceive to be true set them both more important and of greater benefit to himaside as containing or rather giving an account self to devote his time to things that he and of things which, whether true or false, are to all, can understand, than to trouble himself them of no interest whatever, from the fact about a state of existence beyond this life, the that it is not in the power of man to become truth of which, cannot be established, by eviacquainted with them, claiming at the same dence such as truth requires, or, at least by time as much power to do so as those who be neither of the popular sects of the day. Thus lieve in them. They say also that as there the infidel feels justified, in standing aloof exists such a variety or multitude of contrarie from all those who in his opinion, fail in proties amongst those who profess to believe ducing evidence in support of their various them; one sect claiming that they are right, systems. In short he knows that he has the another that they are, and so on, prove con same means in his possession, that the chrisfalse, or that the people are dishonest inas do so causes him to doubt the statements of much as they all say that the bible is true; those who testify of its truth. Thus if he is and each have certain principles which they honest he will act, and acting he incurs the ry to the word of God. For instance the his understanding, which is so by reason of Universalists do not believe that any will be greater evidences in its favor, and the more

> He finds that he is governed by certain laws which are eternal in their operations, because genial to his nature. He knows that it is true that he exists, by reason of the principles which govern that existence being complied with; which, if not, would prove a negation of all ideas. He knows that two and two makes four, and that it always will; consequently it never had a beginning as it cannot have an end; and these truths being eternal will always produce the same effect when Again, he knows that called into exercise. his mind and body are both necessary in order to enjoy or to be benefited by these truths, or (to use a common phrase.) that they are frue says he, there is no intelligence. Hence the sions, is to him a total negation of all ideas

thing is moved, and that which is moved are more chimeras and without the least evimust be matter having form and figure.

(according to the Westminster creed,) is a fact that he devotes his time and labour withwhich are adapted to his mind or any other, thereby; whereas, had the time thus lost been and inasmuch as truth compels him to say, devoted to the study of the laws of nature that for a body to exist it must have form, size with his physical & mental adaptation to them and figure, he cannot believe (consistent with this truth) in such a God, supposing at the sary to understand the truths of this world as same time, that the bible sustains such another one hereafter (provided there is) and when idea, compels him to reject it also, for it is im- a man is perfect in all things here, he would, being without form, partaking of no qualities tells me that my true interest is to make myand the idea of having faith in a thing that exist, and not consume my time by endeavoris worse than nonsense and too absurd to gov-that true happiness is to be obtained only by ern any man that understands his right hand being governed by the truth. existence, and where there is no existence, truth which govern you here? and as you say if true, it is placed out of the reach of mortals, by the same principles that govern him. and would be the height of folly for-him to undertake to define the qualities of a being possessing no attribute by which he can form the least relationship.

The question now arises, are the infidels right, for it is evident that one or both must be wrong because the principles of one are exactly the reverse of the other; one believes that the earth was created from nothing that his God had power to speak nothing into some thing, when at the same time he could not have existed, for he has no body and of course destitute of form, and without form is an absence of every thing that is within the sphere of intelligence. Again the christian considers himself accountable to this God, that he is dependent upon him for all that he enjoys consequently feels it to be his duty to offer up praise and adoration for what he conceives is attained only through him, and by offending him subjects himself to his wrath and banishment from his presence, eternally after in torment, or in other words Hell; and that this punishment is necessary to satisfy the demands of justice, which he considers as one of the attributes of his God. Believing thushe dangerous, but that it is subverting to every thing that in his opinion should govern men,

dence, and instead of making man better, they Therefore to him the God of the christian, tend to make him more miserable, from the complete nondescript, having no qualities out any assurance of becoming benefitted possible for him to conceive of inanimate mat doubtless, be better qualified for the things ter without substance, much more an animate which you say are hereafter; hence reason which can influence or operate upon his mind; self familiar with things which are known to cannot be imagined not admitting one idea, ing to pry into the future; you christians say Well, suppose from his left; consequently-nothing but blind that a man is only capable of appreciating or fanaticism controls those who pray to a some-retaining the truth exhibited in nature, would thing that is not a something, for to pray to it not make him as worthy to enjoy and as any thing presupposes some relationship to capable to appreciate truth in the future world exist; but where there is no body there is no as you, who do not understand the laws of there is no idea, and where there is no idea that God is truth and loves those who obey it there is no relationship, because relationship is that he created the earth, and the laws which produced by intelligence. These are some govern it, that he rewards those who obey of the prominent reasons adduced by the infidel and punish those who disobey; if so, I find that in support of his views and knowing them to by making myself acquainted with all the be in unison with truth thus far it is not to be truth that pertains to this life, that he who supposed that he can relinquish a real, for judgeth me on that principle cannot condemn that which is but mere imagination and me, because I have been governed (in part)

As I said in the first place that my desire is to save all, so say I now again, and have been prompted (in bringing forward these different positions or principles) solely with a desire to give each an impartial investigation as far as I am able, my object is to arrive at facts which are as valuable when found in the brothel as in a palace, or amongst the infidels as the christians, and am as willing to give the same credit to the infidel for his truth, as when found in the christian, and consider myself bound to defend each as far as they are governed by it and no farther, and should I err in so doing I hope my readers will attribute it to the head and not the heart, I will say further, that I was once an honest infidel, and believed it with as much sincerity as I could any thing; yet I had errors which I could not see until I embraced Christianity. I say this from the fact that there are laws in nature which must become annihilated, admitting infidelity to be true, or at least curtailed in their operations.

Commencing with the infidel I wish to ask him a few questions. The first is, Do you considers that the society of infidels is not only maintain that intelligence is the effect of organization, or, in other words do you not believe that the intelligence which is in man exin order to prepare them to enjoy happiness lists by virtue of a combination of those ele-The infidel says that these ideas mentary principles which man possesses; and

that intelligence is the product of that organization? You answer in the affirmative, (at least this is the position maintained by Volney, R. Taylor, and the master spirit Baron D. Holbach, who stands pre-eminent among the infidel writers, and to whom I feel much indebted for a great deal of valuable information, not to be found in any profane work with which I have been made acquainted). Let us reason a moment on this point. I underflated by which all things are governed, and would have the same power to overcome death, which I have been made acquainted). Let us reason a moment on this point. I underflated by which all things are governed, and that unhappiness is only by its absence, for if main had the knowledge that Jesus had, he would have the same power to overcome death, or inother words, he would destroy its bondage. Just so with the man who wants a house, if he knows how, this knowledge gives him the nal in its nature; that it is one of its laws, and is not a subject of bondage. This be eternal; well then if intelligence is truth it then is freedom, which is so by reason of his conforming to those laws which govern it; one of which is experience.

This reasoning shows conclusively that it ly that it exists independent of that organization were of which is experience.

ly that it exists independent of that organization. To prove this, let us apply to the athing is known, the laws that govern it are science or truth of chemistry. By the aid of known also, hence the man can show the reathat science the body of man can be decom-son, or rather tell why he knows.

posed, and the various elements of gasses Again, if knowledge constitutes true hap-which compose his hody can be seperated, and in that separate state will weigh precisely as for a man is subject to sickness, pain and death much as when united, the question now is, is by reason of his ignorance, for no man would this matter thus separated intelligent? Cer-endure pain if he could overcome it.

tainly not, say you. Can that then which has If you admit that knowledge is essential to in itself no intelligence have power to commu-man's happiness, then you must admit that In short, would this matter, which you are unhappy, inasmuch as you are ignois in its separate state, without intelligence, rant of the fact that there is a God; and this by being brought together produce it? no, no, ignorance precludes you from the right of sayyet it must, proxicad your position is correct, ing that there is, or is not, for the knowledge but if not it proves to a certainty that intelli-must be equal to admit either; so also in regence is independent of organization, and that gard to the Bible, you cannot say that it is it is by reason of intelligence that matter is true or false without the knowledge of the fact organized. This must be evident to the minds in the case, yet you desire to know, because of all who reflect considerately upon the sub-you could then speak warrantably, that desire ject. The same truths that are in man existed being swallowed up in kaowledge. Thus it when he was a child, yet he was not capaci-was with Job, he said he knew that his tated to receive them from the lack or want of Redeemer lived—that he would stand in the experience, for it is by coming in contact with latter day upon the earth, and that in his flesh these things, and understanding their uses or he would see God—Job c. 19 Now sir, here is value that they can be appreciated or rendered a declaration that there is a God, and you useful, though in the absence of this know-cannot say that it is not so, consequently you

words no man can make truth an untruth; of Job is true, does not justify you in saying hence man lives by it and dies by it, and the that it is false, because you cannot be in posman who desires to live and is unwilling to session of evidence that will admit of it as you die is a man that would wish to see truth dewere not in existence, and its truth or falsity stroyed, for it is in my mind as necessary for being unknown to you does not effect it. Yet a man to die as to live, and that by reason of if it is true; your true interest is involved, his conforming to this immutable law he befrom the fact that the same principle that comes qualified to enjoy that or those truths operates or causes the body of Job to become that the could not by any other principle.

Again, for a man to build a house presup-would afford to you the same happiness were

ledge on his part the same truths existed undeveloped to him, which fact proves that man two and two make four, which gives you the is a dependant creature, at least that he is inright to say that it cannot make five seven or debted to previous and superior intelligence ten, and you would know (though all others for whatsoever he enjoys; for all must admit should insist to the contrary) that they were that truth is independent of man, or in other ignorant. Now, as you doubt that the saying

poses him to be fully acquainted with those you a subject of its operations. Again, you principles by which a house is built; but, sup-look at the sun, you witness and observe its pose he is ignorant of them, is he not indebted influences upon the vegetable and animal to intelligence superior to his own for the ac-kingdom, and are willing to acknowledge that complishment of that object, and does it not it is by reason of the warmth communicated follow that by the same rule they who do un by its rays that you enjoy the comferts that

this vegetation imparts, which not only are altogether inadequate to satisfy the claims proves that your physical existence is sustain or demards of that principle which is justice.

ed by an influence altogether independent of Examine these things, divest yourself of those
the earth on which you exist, but that it is by short sighted views. Seek wisdom. Try to
and through it that you are indebted for what
understand your true interest, remembering other way.

ant upon him for their daily bread; and the gences of heaven. endearment of a home which is made desolate by his death; and those children, once hap, y, are left destitute, without the means of support; their happiness and peace taken from them, without any just cause, are thus left to endure the pains of hunger, disease and death,

you enjoy. Hence you must admit that in that truth is pure freedom, and when you posthat which you call nature, there is a depend sess it, walk by it, then you will not have a ancy upon something entirely disconnected disposition to condemn any man who is ignowith it, and that dependency arises from the rant, but rather you will pity him, for you lack of these properties which the sun posses-being in possession of that which alone im-And here you must allow that it is to a parts true happiness can duly appreciate its higher order of intelligence, even in what you worth; while another equally honest may call nature that permits you to enjoy those consider you as setting forth doctrines which comforts and blessings which are attainable ne conceives (by reason of false tradition or only by obedience to its laws, and you would education) would tend to destry his peace, pronounce that man insane who should under-and the happiness of others; hence he is a take to maintain his physical existence by any stave to ignorance, but when you show him errors by virtue of the truth which you have Let us now see if that which you call nature in your possession, he will, if he loves truth, will carry out the principle of justice, (which forsake his error. But whether he does or not you admit is one of its laws) and if it will not makes no difference in your mind, you are -and justice being true, it will show that right, and all who dissent from your testimony truth is not an eternal principle by your own are wrong, consequently you are free, and argument. You say that justice demands that have a perfect right to oppose at the errors of punishment should be commensurate to crime, others, whether they are sustained by and that the life of one man is as valuable as hundreds or by thousands—popular or unpothat of another. Consequently no man can pular; high or low, rich or poor, priest or atone or make restitution only by what he people, in short wherever you find it. In my possesses. Suppose, for instance, that a man next I will endeavor to show the science of should murder an individual, does he not the scriptures in its true light, and the applicatestroy that which it is out of his power to tion of the principles to man as therein set restore? And does he not deprive that man torth, hoping, that by the blessing of God to whom he murders of those enjoyments which show the world of mankind the inestimable made him happy? Especially if his happide riches of the gospel through which we are ness consisted in supporting a family depend brought into a near relationship to the intelli-Yours Truly,

RICHARD SAVARY. [To be continued.]

GOSPEL OF JESUS CHRIST.

Feeling a desire for the salvation of all peowhich is made so by the hand of an inhuman ple, I now lay before the world those princiwretch, who shed the blood of innocence ples which were taught by our Lord Jesus Now, I ask, will your judgment permit you Christ, and his apostles, and as 1 veri y beto say that no injustice has been done, even lieve the word of God, I declare that a full should the death of his murderer atone for his salvation cannot be obtained, except through victim, do not the wife and the children|obedience to all the commandments laid down Can the life of its cause supply them in the new testament. Jesus Christ, the son with food and give them shelter from the un- of God, previous to his ascension, gives this pitying storm? If not, then it follows that commission to his apostles, "go ye into all there is disorder in the laws of nature, as you the world and preach the gospel to every term it; which at once proves the fallacy of creature he that believe hand is baptised, shall be saved, but he believeth that not, shall be You cannot say in reason, that those indi-damned; and these signs shall follow them that viduals who are deprived of the necessary believe, in my name shall they cast out devcomforts of life, had violated any of your laws its, they shall speak with new tongues, they of nature which required those sufferings in shall take up serpents, and if they drink any order that justice might be satisfied. If you deadly thing, it shall not hurt them, they shall do, or do not, will not alter the case, from the lay hands on the sick, and they shall recovfact that the father, husband, or brother had er." Mark, 16th chap. 15-18 verves. Also, given no offence by which justice claimed in Luke 24th chap. 45-50 verses, "Then their lives. These things, my respected in opened he their understanding, that they fidels, demand but a moment's reflection on might understand the scriptures, and said unto your part to satisfy you, that your laws of no them, thus it is written, thus it behoved Christ there (when limited to this sphere of existence) to suffer, and to rise from the dead the third

them out as far as to Bethany, and he lifted seeing it is but the third hour of the day.up his hands and blessed them." I under-But this is that which was spoken by the prostand that the apostles had not power at that phet Joel; and it shall come to pass in the time to go forth, and preach the gospel to ist days, saith God, I will pour out of my every creature, notwithstanding all the teach-pirit upon all flesh, and your sons and your ing and many instructions which they had daughters shall prophesy, and your young received from their Lord during his sojourn in men shall see visions, and your old men shall the flesh with them, they (the aposiles) were dream dreams; and on my servants and on my not fully qualified to preach the gospel, for hand maidens I will pour out in those days of they had not been endowed with the spirit of my Spirit." truth, which Christ promised to his apostles, I want to remark here, that there are before he was crucified, was not yet given many men living in this generation, believe "howheit, when he, the spirit of truth is come. that Joel's prophesy was fullfilled on the day he will guide you (the apostles) into all truth. of Pentecost; I cannot understand it so by the for he (the spirit of truth) shall not speak of word of God, for God says by Joel "I will himself, but whatsoever he shall hear, that he pour out my spirit upon all flesh," this did not (the spirit) shall speak, and he will show you take place on the day of Pentecost, for there things to come." John 16th chap. 13th ver. were only about one hundred and twenty disand in Luke 24th chap. 49th verse, Jesus ciples together on the day of Pentecost, and says "I send the promise of my father;" and that is one flesh only, as Paul says in the 15th John says that promise of the father, is the chap, of first Cor. 39th ver. 'all flesh is not spirit of truth, and that spirit was to be obtain- he same flesh, but there is one kind of flesh of ed by tarrying in the city of Jerusalem.

2d chap. of the Acts of the apostles, which to pass in the last days, saith God. I will pour reads thus, "And when the day of Pentecost out of my spirit upon all flesh;" the spirit was fully come, they were all with one accord caused men to speak in new tongues and proin one place, and suddenly there came a sound phesy, and see visions, and so on, the same from heaven, as of a rushing mighty wind. spirit is to be poured out in the last days acand-filled all the house where they were sit cording to the prophesy of Joel; for one among ting. And there appeared unto them cloven many thousand I believe God to be unchange-t ngues like as of fire, and it sat upon each of the, the same now he was eighteen hun-them. And they were all filled with the Holy Ired years ago, and I know if a man obey the Ghost, (or the promise of the father, which is same commandments now, as the people in the spirit of truth, according to Luke and the days of the aposites, he will receive the John.) and began to speak with other tongues, same gifts and blessings in these days, as as the spirit gave them utterance. And there those in the days of the apostles. Now I were dwelling at Jerusalem Jews, devout wish to observe, that the apostles, after havmen, out of every nation under heaven .- ing received the Holy Ghost, on the day Now when this was noised abroad, the mul of Pentecost, they were clothed with power, titude came together, and were confounded, and began to preach unto the people, Jesus and because every man heard them speak in him crucified. "And Peter testified this Jesus in his own language. And they were all a has God raised up, whereof we all are witnes mazed, and marvelled saying one to another, ses, therefore being by the right hand of God Behold, are not all these which speak Galile-jexalted, and having received of the father ans? and how hear we every man in our own the promise of the holy ghost, he hath shed tongue, wherein we were born? Parthians, forth this, which ye now see and hear, and and Medes, and Elamites, and the dwellers in many other words, did Peter, speak unto them Mesopolamia, and in Judea, and Cappadocia, of the resurrection. Now when they heard in Pontus, and Asia, Phrygia, and Pamphy-this, they were pricked in their hearts, and lia, in Egypt, and in the parts of Libya about and said unto Peter and to the rest of the a-Cyrene, and strangers of Rome, Jews and postles, men and brethren, what shall we do, Proselytes, Cretes and Arabians, we do hear then Peter said unto them, Repent and be the n speak in our tongues the wonderful Baptized every one of you, in the name of works of God. And they were all amezed, Jesus Christ, for the remission of sins, and ye and were in doubt, saying one to another, shall receive the gift of the holy Ghost, for what meaneth this? Others mocking, said, the promise is unto you, and to your children, These men are full of new wine." (Hear the and to all that are afar off; even as many as

day, and that repentance and remission of sins and qualified by the promise of the father, should be preached in his name among all which promise is the spirit of truth,) "But nations, beginning at Jerusalem, and ye are Peter, standing up with the eleven, lifted up witness so f these things, and behold, I send his voice, and said unto them, Ye men of Juter promise of my father upon you, but tarinary ye in the city of Jerusalem, until ye he nown unto you, and hearken to my words: For these are not drunken, as ye suppose, them out as far any tables and he lifted are in it is but the first hours of the day.

men, another flesh of beasts, another of fish-Now in testimony of this, please turn to the es, and another of birds." "And it shall come man who is commissioned of Jesus Christ, the Lord our God shall call." Peter exhorted saying "save yourselves from this untow-out of the water, and lo, the heavens were and generation," then they that gladly receiv-opened unto him, and he saw the spirit of God ed his word, were baptized; the same day desending like a dove, and lighting upon him, there were added unto them about three thousand lo, a voice from heaven, saying this is sand souls. Here my readers you will unmy beloved son, in whom I am well pleased." derstand that the promise of the holy ghost Matthew 6th chap. 3rd ver.

derstand that the promise of the holy ghost Matthew 6th chap. 3rd ver.
was not confined to the apostles; neither to that nor any other particular age of the world, who was a holy being, should be baptized, in for Peter says, "unto you, and to your children and to all that are afar off, even as many as more necessary it is that we, being unholy, the Lord our God shall call," now my readers, should be baptized for the remission of our if this promise of the holy ghost was to constinue, then certainly, faith, repentance, and baptised, in these days, as well as those who baptism, must continue also, as the holy ghost obeyed the law of God, in the days of the awas granted as the seal of their obedience, to postles, if we believe God to be unchangeathe commandments of God. Now my readers, it, all these principles are not essential; with whom is no variableness, neither you may lay aside the whole ordinances of shadow of turning,

was granted as the seal of their obedience, to posiles, if we believe God to be unchangeathe commandments of God. Now my rea-ble, the same yesterday, to day, and for ever, ders, it, all these principles are not essential; with whom is no you may lay aside the whole ordinances of shadow of turning, God, for they are all commandments of God. 1 find, in John, 3d chap, "There was a man In proof of this, I find in the last chapter of of the Pharisees named Nicodemus, a ruler of Matthew, Jesus says to his apostles, "go yethe Jews: the same came to Jesus by night, therefore and teach all nations, Baptizing them? to inquire concerning these things,) Jesus in the name of the Father, and of the Son, answered and said unto him, verily, verily, I and of the Hely Ghost, teaching them to ob-say unto thee, except a man be born again, he serve all things, whatseever I have command-cannot see the kingdom of God, Nicodemus ed you, and lo I am with you always, even saith unto him, how, can a man be born when a unto the end of the world, Amen." Every he is old," (Nicodemus, did not understand person possessing understanding, must allow the birth of the water,) "Jesus answered verthat when Jesus said all things he did not lly, verily I say not thee except a man be born mean apart, I know the question is often ask of the water, and of the spirit. he cannot ened, on hearing a quotation from the word of ter into the kingdom of God," thus you will God, what does it mean; for my self, I be see these same principles were taught by Jelieve that when the Lord speaks or reveals sus, there are many persons in these days, behis word unto the children of men, he means lieve that the Saviour intended this in a spiritual sense whereas Jesus said to Nicodemus, just what he says.

The word of God has been spiritualised so except a man be born of water, and of the much in former days, and in these days, by spirit he cannot enter into the kingdom of commentators and teachers of many kinds of God.' We all know that the word born, or faiths. But Paul says in the 4 chap, of Ephe, blith, signifies coming from one element 5th verse, "there is, one Lord, one faith, one into another, and this could not take place Baptism," and one body, as set forth by Paul unless a man go down into the water, and bein Cor. 12th. In Gal. first chap, the apostle come buried in it, Paul, in writing to the Ro-Paul, also says, "though we, or an angel from mans, in the 6th chap. says, "know ye not heaven, preach any other gospel unto you that as many of us as were baptized into Jethan that which we have preached unto you, sus Christ, were baptized into his death, let him be accursed." What was the gospel therefore we are buried with him by bapwhich Paul preached? That which was tism into death, that like as Christ was raised taught by Jesus Christ, Peter and the rest of up from the dead by the glory of the father, his apostles; of which baptism for the remiseven we also should walk in newness of life. sion of sins formed a part. I refer you to for if we have been planted together in the John the forcunner of Christ, who preached likeness of his death, we shall be also in the faith on the Son of God, and baptism for the likeness of his resurrection." My readers, if remission of sins. I read that "all Judea and we are willing, to be made in the likeness of Jerusalem came to John, to be Baptized of christ's death and burial, we must forsake sin him in Jordan, confessing their sins, and John and keep the commandments of God, we testified of him (Jesus) and said, I indeed must be buried in baptism, then by coming baptize you with water, but he that cometh up out of the water, we shall be in the likeafter me shall baptize you with the holy ghost ness of Christ's resurrection, then we shall and with fire. Then cometh Jesus from gali-walk in newness of life, (by receiving the lee to Jordan, unto John, to be baptized of spirit of truth, which spirit is given by the him, but John forbid him, saying, I have need laying on of hands, which I will show hereafto be baptized of thee and comest thou to me, ter.) I verily know that baptism by immer-lesus answered and said unto him, suffer it to sion, is equally as necessary for our salvation be so now, for thus it becometh us to fulfil all as faith, repentance, and the gift of the holy righteousnes, then he suffered him, and Jesus ghost, I also believe, that all the commandwhen he was baptized, went up straightway ments of God are equally essential to be observed. "He that believeth and is baptized, shall be tism. saved, but the that believeth not shall be

chap. 18-21 verses, which I believe will to Demascus, suddenly there shined round aprove baptism by immersion to every honest bout him a light from heaven, and he fell tohearted man, Peter says, "for Christ also hath the earth, and heard a voice saying unto once suffered for sins, the just for the unjust, him, Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me, that he might bring us to God. being put to and he trembling, and astonished (at the light death in the flesh, but quickened by the spir-of heaven, and the voice of Jesus,) said Lord it, by which also he went and preached unto the what will thou have me to do, and the Lord spirits in prison, which sometime were diso-said unto him, arise and go into the city, and bedient when once the long suffering of God it shall be told thee what thou must do. There waited in the days of Noah, while the ark was a certain disciple at Demascus, named was preparing, wherein few, that is, eight Ananias, and to him said the Lord in a vision souls were saved by water, the like figure Ananias, and he said, behold, I am here, Lord, whereunto, even haptism doth also now save and the Lord said unto him, arise and go into us, (not the putting away of the filth of the the street which is called Straight and inquire flesh, but the answering of a good conscience in the house of Judas for one called Saul of toward God,) by the resurrection of Jesus l'arsus, for behold, he prayeth, and Ananias

"and God said unto Noah, the end of all flesh the Lord (even Jesus that appeared unto thee tion,) make thee an ark of gopher wood, and with the Holy Ghost, and now why tarriest I find a saying like this after the ark was fin-thou, arise, and be baptized and wash away ished, "and Noah went in, and his sons, and thy sins calling on name of the Lord."
his wife and his sons wives with him, into 1 might give various other testimonies, for the ark," here you will see that there were instance, Philip and the Eunuch, who stopeight souls went into the ark, and were saved ped the chariot at the first water, that he by water, as Peter also testifies, the like fig-might obey the ordinance of baptism. ure whereunto, even baptism, doth also now reading the 8th chap. of Acts you will undersave us, now my readers, if this be the like stand that he had but a few moments previous figure, then it is neccessary for us to go down to this, heard of Jesus for the first time. into the water, and be covered by the watery The Ennuch went on his way rejoicing. I element, in order to be like unto the eight permight also mention many others; but I have sons, that were saved by going into the ark, given sffiu cient proof that bapt the primary of the pri this evidently proves that a man, must be born is one of the ordinances of the gospel, and

lius "a devout man, and one that feared God is to be confered by the laying on of the hands, with all his house, which gave much alms of those who have authority from God, or are to the people and prayed to God always."-|called of God, as was Aaron, Notwithstanding all this, Cornelius was com-named, Philip went down-to Samaria. See manded by an angel to send for Peter, to tell Acts 8th chap. 12th verse; "But when they him what he ought to do. You will see by this believed Philip, preaching the things concernmy friends after Cornelius prayed much and ing the kingdom of God, and the name of Jegave alms to the people, and had received the sus Christ, they were baptized, both men and visitation of an holy angel he had some things women." Again see verses 14-17 same to do yet, to make him an heir of the king-chap. "Now when the apostles at Jerusalem dom of God. When Peter came, he preach-heard that Samaria had received the word of ed unto him Jesus, while Peter yet spake un. Gody they sent unto them Peter and John, to them, the holy ghost fell on all them which who when they were come down, prayed for came with Peter heard them speak with (for as yet he was fallen upon none of them, should not be baptized, which have received on them, and they received the Holy Ghost,"

Our lord and saviour Jesus Christ said. Holy Ghost being poured out previous to bap-

I will farther refer you to the 9th chap. of

Acts, that you may see how Paul became an I will further refer you, to first Peter, 3d heir of the kingdom of God, while on his way went his way, and entered into the house, and I learn by reading the book of Genesis, putting his hand on him, said brother Saul, is come before me," (and God said farther in the way as thou camest) hath sent me, that unto Noah, concerning this temporal salva-thou mightest receive thy sight, and be filled

of water, in order to be in a saved state.

I will next refer you to Acts, 10th chapter, which speaks of a certain man named Corner order of the kingdom of God, the Holy Ghost heard the word, for the Jewish brethren that them that they might receive the Holy Ghost, tongues, and magnify God, then answered Pelonly they were haptized in the name of the ter, "can any man forbid water, that these Lord Jesus.) "Then laid they their hands the holy ghost as well as we, and he com-there it is evident they received the Hely manded them to be baptized in the name of Ghost by the laying on of hands, for Sithe Lord." Not withstanding the Holy Ghost mon, seeing that this was the case, offered had been already poured out, and this is the them money, that he might receive that powonly instance on record wherein I read of theler, but Peter said unto him, thy money perish

with thee, because thou hast thought that the gift of God may be purchased with money."

For farther testimony, I refer you to Acts, 19th chap. 4th verse, "Then said Paul, John verily baptized with the baptism of repentance, saying unto the people, that they should believe on him which should come after him frank letters for a third person, containing mothat is on Christ Jesus, when they heard this. they were baptized in the name of the Lord of a newspaper. Jesus, and when Paul had laid his hands upon them, the holy ghost came on them and they spake with tongues, and prophesied."-See also, Heb. 6th chap. 2d verse, where Paul is urging the saints to "go on unto perfection, leaving the principles of the doc trine of baptisms, and laying on of hands, and of resurrection of the dead, and of eternal judgements."- You discover in this passage that baptism is mention d in the plural. which signifies, the haptism of water, and of nothing which took place but was of the most the holy ghost, which was confered by lay pleasing character. ing on of hands.

Now my readers 1 wish to refer you to the 12th chap, of Cor. by reading which you will understand the effects manifested by the holy ghost anciently. The apostle Paul says ofgifts, of the holy ghost, namely, wisdom. knowledge, faith, healing, miracles, prophecy, discerning of spirits, diverse kind of tongues, interpretation of tongues, dreams and But all these worketh that one and the selfsame spirit, dividing to every man severally as he will, in the body or church of of the body of Christ, till we all come in the Ephe. 4th chap.

you, the gospel of Jesus Christ, as it was anciently taught by Christ and his apostles which consisted of faith, repentance, baptism for the remission of sins, the gifts of the holy até exclusion from the church by these tyrants, ghost by the laying on of the hands, which and thus intimidated, and compelled to obey gifts were for the work of the ministry and the mandate of their masters. A notable inedifying of the body of Christ, which were to stance of this was related to me while in Boscontinue until that which is perfect should come. I also wish to say to the whole world of mankind, that as God is an unchangeable -being, I firmly believe that the same gospel. and plan of salvation, holy ghost, and graces ity of wives, first made its appearance there, are equally necessary for the salvation of man, rose up against it, as every man of virtue the edifying of the body or church of Christ, would, and was so deeply effected with it, that and the work of the ministry, in this generation, as they were eighteen hundred years ago.

ROBERT KINCAID. of Christ.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. JANUARY 1, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to ney, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher

Will our friends and agents remember this.

It has become so customary for Editors and others, to publish journals of their trayels; and as we have just returned from a tour of upwards of two months in the eastern cities, for the satisfaction of our friends, we will give a summary of the events which took place during our journey, which to us were gratifying, as there was

Among the churches we visited, there was a great deal of excitement; many of the principle members had either withdrawn from the church or had been cut off, and of this number were the that "no man can say that Jesus is the Land, presiding elders of the church of Philadelphia, but by the holy ghost. There are diversities New York, Boston, New Egypt, N. J. and Woodstown, N. J. On inquiring into the cause of the difficulties, in every instance, it was the spiritual wife system which had caused the separation, and exclusion. The course pursued by the advocates of this system, which were the travelling elders, were, that as soon as a Christ. In which were set, apostles, pro- man became dissatisfied with the teachings of phets, evangelists, pastors, and teachers, which these believers in polygamy, and was bold were given for the perfecting of the saints, enough to express his dissatisfaction, calling for the work of the ministry, for the edifying the doctrine incestious, and adulterous, he or unity of the faith, and of the knowledge of she was immediately arraigned before the the Son of God, unto a perfect man, unto the church, and charged with disobedience to the measure of the stature of the fulness of Christ, authorities; and with slandering the heads of the church; an awful appeal was made to the Now my readers having presented before members of the church, at the time of the trial, and every one who dare vote in favor of the person charged. was threatened with immediton, old elder Nickerson, a man who was highly esteemed in Boston, and the father of the church there; when this system, of a pluralhe wept over the corruption that was creeping into the church, and declared his intention and I with many others, believe it takes the determination, to lift his voice against it; this very same gifts, and graces now, to make the church of Christ as it did in those days that was no sooner known, than he was beseiged by there should be no seism in the body or church two of the, so called, authorities, and threatened with exclusion, if he dare give testimony a-

were guilty of great improprieties, such as call-our Heavenly Father, for all his mercies and ed for the interference of every virtuous man; loving kindness, and for the glorious door of and the old gentleman was so infimidated by hope he has opened unto us. their threats, he shrunk from his duty, and in- On last Sunday we met with the saints in this stead of discharging it, with a manly boldness place, in our usual place of worship, with a actually lifted his hand in favor of those whose house full to overflowing, and lectured in the conduct he had previously deprecated in the morning. In the afternoon the saints met to strongest terms. Every effort of this kind was bread, at which time the Lord manife-ted made, that the most corrupt could invent, to himself in so peculiar a manner as to fill the conceal this system from the public view. Oth house with joy, and the hearts of the saints with ers were cut off in private meetings, without gladness. We have no reccollection of ever their having any knowledge of it, till they were seeing a greater manifestation of the spirit of informed by some runner sent for the purpose. God in any place. The Lord took the work inthat at such a meeting they had been cut office his own hands, and let all see, that our work from the church.

Every person who was known to be opposed in the Lord. to this system, if he or she could, not be won over, or made to succomb by threats, were ex- with love to God and love to men, and it was cluded, and their characters assailed in a most hard to refrain their lips from breaking out in outrageous manner, in order to destroy their in-loud accents of joy, and celebrating his praise fluence, that their testimony might not be be in other tongues; but as all the congregation lieved. By such extraordinary means did the spoke but one language, the saints contented advocates of this system attempt to sustain themselves with speaking in their own language. themselves; but it was all in vain, for conceal-Our cup of joy is now full, the Lord has sanctiment was no longer possible, the truth has been fied our work, and shown his approbation to our made manifest, as Paul said it should, so that course, in so striking a manner, that pentecost the world now knows, that every person, male itself was not more so, though more visible to or female, who adheres to these leaders, do it the eye. because they are in favor of the system of a plurality of wives, and for this cause they are from our beloved brother Elijah R. Swackhamfound numbered with them. Ignorance can no mer, which will appear in this number of our longer be plead.

A state of things of the above character, must of necessity, produce a confusion and excitement, in a greater or less degree; and such we were favored with the minutes of the conferfound through the whole of our journey.

After we left this city, we made no stop until we reached Philadelphia; there we found a sep_der Scientist, all of which will be published. eration had taken place in the church, caused as above; a church was organized, to which cause is onward with the eagle's flight, and that we delivered a short course of lectures, and then the Lord is working for us like himself, - the proceeded to New York, found that the same prophets at Nauvoo to the contrary notwithcauses had produced the same effects there; we standing. delivered a course of lectures there, and formed a church, and then proceeded to Boston, and said, when facts show that the Lord has not there formed another church. From thence we spoken, but they, with a heaven-daring which returned by way of New York, and passed into might make a pirate tremble, have taken his New Jersey, and formed two churches; return-name in vain, that they will give a sign to the ed to Philadelphia, and lectured again to the world that God is not with us, that from the time church there, and from thence came home.

been so successful in any one journey; success Now judge ye O saints, and hear ye sinners attended us at every place and in every step, who say the Lord has spoken when the Lord from the time we left till we returned. We de has not spoken. Scarce had the foul insult to livered as many, as would amount to nearly one heaven, escaped their lips, when the Lord be-

gainst those whom he had declared he knew that we have cause for unceasing gratitude to

of faith and labor of love had not been in vain

The hearts of the saints were overflowing

Shortly after our return, we received a letter paper, informing us of the re-organizing of the church at Cincinnati, and their wish to unite with us; and in a day or two afterwards, we ence held in that place; accompanying the minutes of the conference, was a letter from El-From these documents it will be seen, that the

As those at Nauvoo, who says the Lord has they declared the falsehood in the name of the At no period of our public ministry, have we Lord, we should go backward and not forward lecture for each day we were gone, and we feel gan to work in the bearts of the exints of Cis-

cinnati, and they rose, as with the voice of one could invent, has been resorted to in order to efslumbers not.

necessary attention to it.

We wish all the saints to understand, that shame, but they, as the dog, have returned to we are making all possible speed to be ready their own vomit, and as the sow that was washfor our general conference in the spring, which ed, to their wallowing in the mire. "They have will be held either in this city, or Philadelphia; made lies their refuge, and under falschood the place is as yet not decided on, but soon will have they hid themselves." be, and notice given accordingly; and we wish business accordingly.

filled up, as also that of the Twelve, the presi-way hinder its progress. dents of Seventies, Bishops, and various presidperfect according to the pattern given to us :for the Lord bids us make haste, and idle no time, for the time is short.

The sayings, and doings, of the apostates at Nauvoo, are all that is necessary to show the desperate condition in which they view their own affairs. Their whole course, since we left , that place last September, has been but one evidence following another, of the feelings of desperation, which pervades the breast of the whole mass. At the time of our leaving, the apostle Orson, whose sur name is Hyde, followed us to St. Louis, and the efforts he made there and in other places, are before the public, and the folly of them are as well known. Their papers in the mean time were hurried forth, containing all manner of nonsense and falsehood which any people, but those who felt their case desperate, would have been ashamed of. From thence till the present, there has been evidence multiplied upon evidence, that desperation was ing an imposing aspect. raging in their midst like a pestilence. Every whother any religious society of this or any oth-

man, and threw off the yoke of falsehood; and fect something to our injury; but all has been through them the Lord has spoken louder than in vain: and when the common course pursued words, and the world may now see that they by corrupt men to injure those whom they have the effrontery to speak falsely in the name dreaded, had failed, they had recourse to the of the Lord; as also the pouring out of the spir-heaven-daring stratagem of putting the name of it of the Lord on the saints at Pittsburgh, since the great God into the scale of corruption, to the foul slander on heaven, speaks to them in poise the ballance in their favor, by uttering Loud accents—repent, repent, for your judgment false prophecies, and saying thus saith the Lord; but for this the Lord has rebuked them, in a The calls on us at present are so pressing manner never to be forgotten, and if blindness that we will have to place the paper in the of heart had not happened unto them; and if hands of another editor, for we cannot give the their consciences were not seared as with a hot

iron, they would blush with confusion and

It was to us rather a matter of desire than oth_ all who expect to unite with us on this impor-erwise, that they should exert themselves to the tant period in our history, to be shaping their very uttermost, and knowing their corruption. It is our intention, at as we did, we were perfectly willing that they that time, to complete the organization of the should exhaust their power on us, and go all kingdom of heaven, as the Lord has directed. |lengths their corrupt hearts dictated, so that Let all those who have been ordained under they might have the gratification of reeking our hands, to be prophets, priests and kings, in their unprovoked vengeance on us, until they this last kingdom, unless they have by trans-were weary, and raise every tongue, and every gression rendered themselves unworthy-be pen, that their influence could command, for we making themselves ready, that they fail not to never desired to maintain a system of religion. attend; as-that Quorum will be, at that time that men, or devils, could destroy, or in any

From the attempts made by the Nauvoo deing officers, so that the organization, may be famers, and those who were under their influence, in the incipient stages of the kingdom, and at a time when it was weaker than it ever will be hereafter, and the rapidity with which the kingdom has progressed, all may see, but those who are willingly blind, that the Lord has the work in his own hands, and the efforts of men are vain, yea, worse than vain.

Every thing that we have undertaken, has prospered in our hands far beyond our highest expectation, and we think, we may say without exaggeration, that our progress has so far been without parallel, in the history of any religious society in our country.

The paper that we commenced, under circumstances such as no other periodical in this or any other country was commenced; has progressed, and is progressing, to a height, to all appearance now, that will give it a place among the extensively circulated periodicals of the

The affairs of the kingdom, are now assum-We strongly doubt thing that ignorance, corruption, and malice er country, according to its numbers, has so large a proportion of men of literature, talents & intelsociety is of this class; men of experience and of sound mind; and what crowns the whole is that the Lord is with us, revealing his will to us and what we lack in knowledge is abund antly supplied.

saints, but declare they have learned more a bout the scriptures, and the will of God in relation to his dealings, with men, in the last three months, than they had learned in all their life times before.

We have conversed with few or none of the

We have no spiritual wife system to blind our eyes and corrupt our morals-and no system_ever invented by men; or devils, could more effectually do it than that for with it brethren of the twelve heads, charging him comes every evil work, counterfeiting, coining, with a want of that brotherly regard that one stealing, perjury, and it is feared not even mur-apostle ought to have for another, and hopes der excepted. Men get a number of women a-that the rebuke he gives him, may follow him round them, and have no way to maintain them to the shores of Europe. We suppose that but by stealing, coining, counterfeiting, and the apostle William thinks that the apostle Wilford, whom he considers no better than other such corrupt schemes, they are constantly himself, should not have made so free with liable to exposure, and in consequence, re-his character while in Philadelphia, a short course must be had to lying, perjury, and every time before he left for England; and, indeed, species of duplicity, to conceal; and if infants we think that the apostle William is more should be likely to reveal secrets, what must than half right. We cannot see, for our parts, follow? murder, or exposure, and doubtless the

Having lifted our voices against such abom-believe and practice what he believes, and the inations; and not only the abominations, but apostle Wilford believed, and practiced the those who practice them, under the sanctimo-same things, we cannot see why the apostle nious garb of religion, we have found the Lord Wilford was not bound to defend the characpouring out his spirit, to strengthen us, and enter of the apostle William, in Philadelpha, lighten our minds, and comfort our hearts, and relation to his (William's) want of propriety. making our ways ways of pleasantness, and We think with the apostle William, that in all our paths paths of peace.

former would be chosen.

so great that we find it very inconvenient to beam out of his own eye, before he undertook fill the editorial chair of this paper, and, in to get the post ont of the apostle William's. consequence thereof, the paper for the future will be conducted under the editorial management of Samuel Bennett, M. D.; of whose abilities no man acquainted with him will doubt. We resign the paper into his hands, dinary character Legat myself to address a with the fullest assurance that he is every way few lines to you. Notwithstanding it has capable of rendering it both useful and been years since I voluntarily withdrew from Interesting; and we do recommend it to the the "church of Jesus Christ, of Latter Day reading-public, as a paper every way calcu. Saints," yet I have by no means been an unlated to gratify the inquiries after biblical truth: and we sincerely expect of all the watched them. For many noble spirits—saints, that no endeavor will be wanting on virtuous hearts, among them I have, (notwith-

We shall write as much for the paper with our own pen, as if we were the editor.

tion.

With these remarks we take our leave of ligence, as this society, indeed, a majority of the the editorial department for the present, with our heart full of gratitude to our heavenly father for the abundant mercy he has bestowed? on us, and grateful acknowledgements to the many friends who have sustained us in this most interesting period in our history, until our affairs have assumed a character of sta-

bility and much promise.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

- It would seem by the Times and Seasons and the New York Prophet, that there is a storm in the camp of the spiritual wife devotees. William Smith has come out over his own signature, in the Prophet, with rather more than innuendoes against one of his

all this matter he has been abused. We think The pressure of business on us at present is the apostle Wilford was bound to pluck the

there should not also be honor among spiritual

wife men. - New if the apostle William did

COMMUNICATIONS.

Hampton, Ill. Dec. 23, 1844.

President S. Rigdon:

With feelings of no ornoticing spectator of the course and doings of that society. With intense anxiety have I their parts to give it a widely spread circula-standing my many dark, lonesome hours) ever entertained the highest regard. As truly as I believed and valued the troth of divine revelation, so firmly did I believe the work of the "Latter day" would yet come out and prosper

this sharp pointed pen of mine, been raised a heart to find out wisdom and you shall have gainst that work, or people, to injure or harm it." From that moment to this the Lord has that work I could not I dare not oppose .- all the communications between you and pres. Since '36 when I have been in business and Law, and I am much pleased with the spirit that no man was prospered in their profession Law and his hrethren who are here with him. down, and soberly reflected and from the bot God. You may rely upon their word, upon tomofmy heart have offered up strong,-fer-their integrity of purpose to serve God, at the vent supplications and cries to the majesty of sacrifice of all things earthly. heaven, in-the name of Jesus, that He would I moved into this little village in 1840, and yet work as became his dignity and "purify have a good home here that has cost me about to himself a peculiar people, zaalous of good one thousand dollars, but our hearts are not works." To some, my conduct at times, may set upon it. We only say the will of the have appeared inconsistent and wrong, but to Lord must by us be done. We received the you sir. I can give full satisfaction.

under foot those sacred things committed to comes from you with intense anxiety. When their charge—promising permanent radical and we read it our spirits seemed to commingle in the separation of two of the first presidency ing upon the wings of the wind, and speeding with their friends, from the great body of tha ony way to you, to lift my feeble voice and people, who work iniquity, and your uncompen in defence of justice, truth, and injured promising opposition to all their iniquities and innocence. enormous abominations committed by them in Nauvoo and elsewhere in open and known to Pres. W. Law's last letter to you. I do violation of all the revelations of God, anciem not know (as yet) whether it is my duty to and modern. P rmit me, my dear sir to say wait till the northren wind ceases to freeze beto you that I firmly believe that God will fore I speed my way to you. One thing cershortly yea speedily (except they repent, and I tain I shall move as directed. You used to tell doubt whether they have power to do that) me that "I was a man after your own heart." come out in severe and awful judgments a One thing I know that on my first visit to Ohio, gainst that people who ence knew and assayed from no man did I receive so much intelligence to receive his pure divine law direct from concerning the divine volume as from yourheaven, and that too in solemn assembly con-self. But you could seldom act yourself vened: but since receiving and acknowledge in consequence of the abominable jealousy of ing it have violated abnost, if not altogether him with whom you were connected. And I every principle of its sacred pages.

course,) that the Lord has shown to me that your prayers. Until I see you my prayers by a union of President Law and yourself, to shall be unceasing that the "work of God" gether with each, your triends, that all the honmay roll in power. Give my love to all my est in heart among the Latter Day Saints and old friends, throughout the world will UNITE also, and I am yours in the bond form that company who will follow the saviour robed in white linen "clean and white,"

I, at this moment Sir, have the for his unspeakable gift," I deliberately chose consolation to know that never, no never, has the latter, then said the voice "apply your since I left them. Nay verily, the truth of been very kind to me indeed. I have seen seen distress all around me daily, and realized that they breathe. My word for it that Wm. more than 1, many times I have set me calmly are men of inestimable value in the things of

second No. of your Messenger and Advocate The first bright beam of sunshine-PER-last evening directed to A. Cowls; he, W. L. The first bright beam of sunshine—PER-nast evening directed to A. Could, and MANENT ray of hope which I have been and myself immediately repaired to my house enabled to discover, since the people of God in and quickly run over its pages. I assure you the last days, began to apostatise—to trample dear brother, that we regard every thing that lasting REFORM has now made its appearance with yours, and I can truly say I felt like ris-

We are in daily expectation of your answer am told by the brethren here that for the last Now sir let me say to you in confidence, five years you have been rather a spectator (for in each other we once had confidence.— than an active adviser in those measures at And in your constancy, integrity, and virtue, I Nauvoo, which have brought death upon the yet have the most unshaken confidence; prophet and lasting disgrace upon the church. although you remained by the side of Joseph This gives me more confidence in you, and I when I could not conscientiouly do so-but I am determined from this time forward to "be can now see the reason and wisdom of your a man after God's own heart." Help me by

of the New Covenant. W. E. McLELLIN.

In heart, in spirit, in faith, and in fervent pray P. S. We have meetings here at Pies. L's ers, I am with you, henceforth in the great three times a week, (and sometimes oftener) work. God has shown me by vision the rich-last eve (Sunday) we had much of the power es and glories of the world and the enjoy and spirit of God even to the prophesying of ments arising therefrom, and in immediate great things in the name of the Lord, which contrast "the treasures of wisdom and knowl will all be fulfilled. We all feel that the time edge from God," and bid me choose—after is at hand, when we must in order to abide viewing and weighing both sides "thank God belestial glory—arise and shake ourselves and

O God, give power to thy in the book of Mormon, and in the book of put on the armor. servants and give not thy heritage entirely to Doctrine and Covenants, and our continued reproach-O save a seed-the Branch.

W. E. M'L.

For the Messenger and Advocate. Cincinnati Ohio, Jun. 3d 1845.

Rigdon president of the Church of Jesus merica, and for many years to the people of Christ of Latter Day Saints. Dear Brother: England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales Germany, my heart's desire and prayer to God for you the Islands of the sens, and many other plagreatly multiplied unto you, and all that ad- at its head, and if it has not it is not the church here to the truth, for the truth's sake. It is of God? And have they been testifying falsnearly five years since I embraced the doctrine ly, and that too, in the name of the Lard when of God, and the Order of Heaven as taught in they have affirmed that his order is the same in the Bible, book of Mormon and book of Doc-levery age of the world as to its officers, orditrine and Covenants; and that too not in view nances, gifts and blessings; and that that ender, of being turned from it, or of rejecting the first as to its organization, is the order of heaven itbuild again the things; viz: Sectarianism or a vice of God, the voice of Jesus Christ, by the church without a prophet or spokesman, inspiration of the Holy Ghost, and by the And Sir: while I write one single transaction red it might be made known; and inastruch of the people at Nauvoo, who call themselves as we sought wisdom we might be instructed, saints, I tremble for them, and all that follow that we might repent, and inasmuch as we their example. And if my head were waters, were humble we might be blessed from on and mine eyes a fountain of tears I would high? No No. But the present apostacy weep for them until all were exhausted if they can be accounted for upon other principles could be reclaimed. Weep O ye heavens! than that the revelations are not of God, and and gird yourself with sackcloth O ye earth! that we have not embraced the true order of in con-equence of this soul destroying and heaven. heaven during apostacy which commenced at Nauvoo; O ve saints of God that are scatter-1844 as one of the most important periods in ed upon the face of the earth, hear ye, what I the history of the church of Jesus Christ of am about to write, and tell it to your children, Latter Day Saints; and upon what was done. and charge them to tell it to their children, in Nauvoo on that day as the end, as it were and let the charge go forth from generation to of an old, and the beginning of a new dispengeneration, that it may be a warning to the sation. And although pair ful and next to people of God in all comi g time; viz: that severing the most tender ties known to manon the ever to be remembered, and not to be kind on earth; yet what the people did at forgotien, 8 h of August 1844. (see Times and Nauvoo on the above date, and others in other Seasons of September 2d 1844.) at a special places that have followed their examples, is meeting of the church of Jesus Christ of Lat much more than a sufficient reason for every ter Day Saints convened at the Stand in the lover of God and consequently of the order of called the audience to order, and arranged ship from them. the several quorums according to their standif you can point out one single transaction that ffices. But that law does not enjoin it upon will begin to compare with this, will you me, nor any one, to sustain men in setting at please to do, it, for I cannot conceive of one naught the counsel of God. And the Holy Why, has all our searching in the Bible, Spirit in the which I received the gospel and

prayers to the Almighty God to know his will and the order of his kingdom, for many years. been in vain, and infinitely worse than in vain! And have these Apostles and their adherants been proclaiming a falshood for Elijah R. Swackhammer, to elder Sidney more than fourteen years to the people of Ais, that grace, mercy, and peace, from God our ces, where they have been constantly affirm. father, and the Lord Jesus Christ may beling that the true church always has a prophet Presidency; or of voting that I do not want self, and that that order has been given to a guardian, a prophet or spokesman. For if I them in these last days by no less than the which myself and others have been destroy-instruction of Angels, and that that order is ing for years I make myself a transgressor; to be found in the book of Doctrine and Cove. if there is any truth in Paul's testimony, Gal. nants in such plainness that we might come 2n 18th, which I have no inclination to do. to an understanding, and inasmuch as we er-

Sir. I look upon the 8th of August A. D. city of Nauvoo. President Brigham Young his church to withdraw their christian fellow-

Yes dear Brother, how unspeakably paining and the rules of the church. At which ful it is to turn from those that we have so time he asked them this all absorbing and im-much loved because of the new envenant, and portant question, viz: do you want a gnardian, whom we reinembered in our prayers, and a prophet, a spokesman, or wh t no you want? those to, from whom we received the gospel If you want any of these officers signify it by and order of the kingdom and priesthood.—raising the right hand. Not a hand was rais. And so long as they remained in the office in ed. President Rigdon, you have been with the which, God had placed them. I, for one, the church, and counsellor to President Joseph felt bound by the law of heaven and by the Smith almost from its commencement, and Sir, Holy Spirit to sustain them in their respective

the order of the kingdom will not suffer me to arbitrary proceedings, a vote was passed that sustain them. But it does lead me to exer-I should leave the house, but as they had invitapostatize.

August 1844. And the blessed Jesus has as little about their excommunication, as I given us a rule by which we are to know would about the Pope of Rome's. But the whether it is good or bad. For he says "by following Sunday the public were informed their fruits ye shall know them." Let not the that I had come to the meeting with a had elders of Israel and the saints of God be dis-spirit; a very bad spirit truly, because I would couraged, truth is still mighty and will pre not receive his ipse dixit, without evidence, vail over error. To learn what we have done and in contradiction of the revelations given. in this city you will see the minutes of our

conference. Amen.

For the Messenger and Advocate. St. Louis, Dec. 29th 1844.

It is now upwards of four years sequence of having some dubiety on my mind quotum of seventies and 2 elders. Opened in regard to the twelve's authority to preside by prayer by elder C. Seichrist. over the church; I have not attended their meetings so regularly. However a few days sen president and elder C. Seichrist clerk. ago, I was requested to attend a council meeting in this place, and thinking that I might mer state to this meeting the reason why we hear something brought forward to prove their have assembled ourselves together this afterauthority, I attended. After some business noon, to organize a branch acknowledging had been attended to (viz: cutting a man from bro. Sidney Rigdon as the first president of the church because he dared to believe the book the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day of Doc. and Cov.) the president called upon Saints. me to know if I believed that Joseph Smith lived and died a prophet of the Lord, and sed the saints, laying before them the er authorities to preside over that church, and book of Doctrine and Covenants &c., to every whether that was the church of Christ or not honest hearted saint, that bro. Sidney Rigdon I told him. I was one who did not like to red is the man chosen of God to lead his people ceive any thing without evidence, and as he in these last days had just been informing us that, that was the Resolved, That Elder C. Seichrist be first place to give instructions and correct errors, I counsellor to president T. L. Baker. wished some evidence for the authority of the twelve. He arose and said that Joseph had placed that zuthority upon them just before his death! I told him that was mere assertion and I wanted some proof before I could able to adjournment. Prayer by Elder E. R. accept it. But you may conceive my aston-ishment to find that instead of giving the evi-dence he called a vote of the meeting to cut ed an Elder of this church, Brother Taylor

sustain them. But it does lead me to exer-it should leave the rouse, our as they had invitorise the power of the eternal priesthood, and ed me there, I thought that if I did go out they all the faith that I can lay hold of to stop the should have the trouble to put their resolution progress of that accursed, soul destroying into effect. Such are the kind of arguments and heaven daring apostacy which comments the twelve and their adherants use, thus difced at Nauvoo. Hell seems to be moved fering from the saints in all ages, who were from beneath, for while writing this last sen-always willing to give a reason for the hope tance on the apostacy, a sister came in that was in them? The elder, who is pretty from some of the apostates, who have been well known in the taverns in this city arose making a mighty effort to lead her to follow and said that he did not like to hear Rigthe teachings of the twelve and their adher-don's name mentioned, because it always ents, and she declares that she will have noth-caused a bad feeling, now I would like to ing to do with the work in any way. Toknow why it should cause bad feelings, if he which I replied that I had told her that if she possesed the spirit of God? I dont think he listened to them that they would lead her to would get angry at the mention of a man's. name. I dont know that I should have trou-This is the kind of fruit brought forth by the bled you with those lines, had my name not tree that was planted in Nauvon the Sth of been brought before the public, because I care

Yours &c.

JAMES McCORD.

Minutes of a Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, held at Cincinnate, Ohio, Dec. 29th 1844 and Jan. 5th 1845. since I obeyed the gospel as it was proclaim-ed by the Latter Day Saints. Since that time ize a branch of the church of Jesus Christ of until a few months ago, I have been a regular Latter Day Saints, pledging ourselves to sus-attendant on their meetings both public and tain Bro. Sidney Rigdon as first president of private. But since the death of Joseph in con-the church. Present 1 high priest, 2 of the

Timothy L. Baker (high priest) was cho-

Resolved, That elder Elijah R. Swackham-

Bro. Swackhammer then arose and addreswhether I believed the twelve, to be the prop object of the meeting, and proving from the

When I remonstarted against such was then ordained by the laying on of hands.

counsellor to president T. L. Baker.

as priest to this branch.

ordained a teacher to this church, he was then Two weeks ago last Sunday I went to a meet-

Resolved, That president T.S. Baker belof the twelve.

treasurer of this branch.

branch of the church of Jesus Christ of Lat made system all to pieces, and I responded. ter Day Saints.

organization give in their names. brethren and sisters present gave in their family and the saints generally. names except one sister who said she was not well as usual, and in fine spirits, and hope you decided.

adopted, viz: whereas the twelve, and the and state all about the affairs of the church church at Nauvoo have most shamefully and that would be of benefit to us, and especially wickedly turned away from what they have with regard to our beloved Prophet Sidney. been teaching for more than fourteen years, Yours in the bonds of the new and everlasting and from what is most clearly set forth in the covenant. book of Doctrine and Covenants concerning a guardian a prophet a spokesman, and the first presidency, in that they have voted that they THE SAINTS IN PITTSBURGH TO did not want a guardian, a prophet, a spokesman or any of these officers; and whereas in doing this they have rejected president S. Rigdon who was ordained prophet, seer, and brethren beloved, because you have believed revelator under the hands of president Joseph the truth, and had no pleasure in unrighteous-Smith, previous to his death according to the ness. order of the kingdom, as set forth in the 14th section of the book of Doctrine and Covenants, charity, our love to you is stronger than death, and the only one of the first presidency who more durable than the grave. was left in the church whose right alone (I mean the first presidency) it was to re that HE whose we are, and whom we serve, ceive the oracles for the whole church. lowship them and all that follow their example in thus violating the order of heaven, until they and their adherents repent and turn to should preach any other gospel unto you than the order that God has given to us, as set that you have received, let him be ACCURSED forth in his revelations.

Resolved, That we feel ourselves bound by the sanctified. the laws of Heaven and by the spirit of God seer and revelator to the church of Jesus associated with him in carrying out the principles of God as set forth in his revelations.

Resolved, That these minutes be sent to

Saints' Messenger and Advocate.

Resolved, That we do all in our power to sustain the Latter Day Saints Messenger and Ad-

olved, That we adjourn sine die. TIMOTHY L. BAKER, Prest. C. Seichrist, Clerk.

Cincinnati, January 8, 1845. Dear Brother Savary, - I feel to rejoice that all his works-murders, lyings, thefts and mostly, if not all the respectable part of the adulteries.

Resolved, That Elder A. P. Taylor be second branch at Pittsburgh have gone in for the true order as instituted by Jehovah himself, there-Resolved, That Elder W. H. Seichrist act by rejecting the spiritual wife system, and all such abominable systems, that bring discord Resolved, That Brother Jedediah Howitt be and destruction into societies and families.

> ing held at Brother Hewitt's, by the advocates Brother Swackhammer, hav-

ing privilege to speak, rose and addressed the Resolved, That we be called the Cincinnati meeting about half an hour, cutting their man-

All that were then present are now Amen. Resolved, That the treasurer procure a book, with us excepting three. Dear brother I must for the keeping of the records of this branch. close after writing these few lines to you for

Resolved, That all those who sustain this the encouragement of you and the dear saints All the at Pittsburgh. Our love to you and your We are as

and your family and all the saints may enjoy The following preamble and resolution the same blessing. Dear brother, I hope you was offered by Elder E. R. Swackhamer and will write to me as soon as you receive this,

C. SEICHRIST.

THE SAINTS SCATTERED ABROAD SEND GREETING:

Our hearts are enlarged towards you

We salute you in the bonds of fervent

We know in whom we have believed, and is ABLE, and will, if we are faithful, assuredly therefore move that we, from this timedisfel keep that which we have committed unto him against THAT DAY.

If an apostle, a PROPHET, or an angel of God let his name be blotted from the records of

Our joy in you abound's because you have to sustain president S. Rigdon as the prophet, resisted that revelation of the devil, by which he sought to overthrow the saints of the last Christ of Latter Day Saints, and all that are days; and we ascribe ceaseless gratitude and praise to the father of all mercies, who has kept you and us in the hour of temptation, that our faith failed not; who has also brought us Pittsburgh, to be published in the Latter Day to a more perfect understanding of the character and wiles of the enemy of all righteous-

We tender you, in the name of Israel's God, the pledge of our fidelity and constancy to the principles of righteousness, virtue, and truth-the organization and doctrines of the kingdom of our God and his Christ.

We avow andying hostility to the devil and

and equity; adopt the celestial principles offcity. faith and love; and proclaim peace on earth, imported into the place—and how then, with-

and good will to man.

pect which opens before us-is within our most of the people are upon their industry for reach, is ours to achi ve - the glorious rest of support. If their city charter is repealed the saints on the earth! Our hearts are turned this witter by the Legislature, which seems in carnest desire towards our fathers, that welprobable, properly of all kind will decrease in may perfect that which concerneth them; and value-offices and emolyments which now we are well assured by the spirit which bear differd a support to the few leading men, will be eth record, that the acxious expectations of taken from thom, and the hopes of their city, the fathers are towards us their children like the fate of the prophet, will set in gloom. wailing for the adoption, to wit, the redemp tion of the body. Shall they wait in vain? Shall we not rather show to them, by our ardent union, integrity, and undivided efforts. that the day of their release is at hand?

Again, we rejoice with you, brethren, in the for the Messenger and Advocate. deliverance which our God bath already wrought out for us, in calling us with a high and holy calling, in seperating us from abominable and corrupt men, who have turned the truth of God into a lie, having sold themselves to the devil to do the work of thieving, lying, adultery, and bogus making; whose damna-

tion slumbereth not.

In undeviating fidelity to those ineffably precious truths contained in the Bible, Book of Mormon, and Book of Covenants, we rest upon a foundation which nothing can shake; we stand firm as the throne of the eternal one!

Every attribute in the character of Deity is pledged for our complete triumph. His power, wisdom, love, justice, mercy and truth, are all enlisted in our behalf, and plighted for our success. Our cause is not our own, it is the cause of God himself! Every principle of trath revealed to man, every promise contained in the Scriptures, warrant to us, on the sole condition of our integrity—victory! victory'!! eternal victory!!!

NAUVOO,-THE MORMONS.-A gentleman who has recently returned from Nauvoc, and who has some knowledge of the intentions of that people, gives it as his opinion that there will be a scattering among them in the spring. The business of the place will not sustain so large a population, and the more enterprising, particularly the mechanical class. will leave for other cities and towns where they can sustain themselves by their industry.

Already a number have left, and althouse the dwellings in the city are mostly occupied. it is by those in many instances who have come in from the country to spend the winter.

It has always been a mystery to us, how the population of Nauvoo were sustained-

The people generally are poor-the city has no commercial advantages—with the exception of the Temple, there are no public large population might be employed and suse every month, by E. ROBINSON. works or manufactories going on, whereby a tained. They produce nothing that brings money into the place, or, if they do, it is small

We expouse the cause of justice, mercy compared to the size and population of the The very provisions they consume are out capital to any extent, can a large pop-We congratulate you on the brilliant pros-julation be honestly sustained, dependant as -Quincy Whig.

LIST OF AGENTS.

The following named gentlemen are requested, and are hereby authorised to act as agents

Nauvoo.

Quincy.

Carthage,

Warsaw.

St. Louis.

St. Louis.

Memphis.

Kirtland.

Brighton.

Freeport.

New York.

Portage.

Nunda.

Granger.

Pawlet

Boston.

Toms River.

Phila.

Phila.

Cincinnati.

Leachburgh.

Springfield.

La Harpe.

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ILLINOIS. Eld. Josiah Ells, Eld. Samuel James, Eld. Moses Daily,

Eld. Geo. W. Crouse, Chancey Robison, Esq. Jeremiah Smith, Esq. Lucian Adams, Esq

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Eld. Leech, Nathl. Olney, Esq. Chas. C. Adams, Esq. Col. S. H. Olney,

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MASSACHUSETTS. Eld. John Hardy, NEW JERSEY.

Israel Ivins, Esq. ENGLAND.

Eld. George Walker, Manchester. TŘAVELING AGENTS

Eld. J. A. Forgeus, r, " J. Hatch, jr. Eld. B. Winchester, E. R. Swackhamer, " " A. B. Tomlinson, G. W. Robinson,

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THE PURPOSES OF GOD.

last days are multiplying, the interest of the this earth again, Acts 1st chapter, 10th and biblical student increases, and his desire to 11th verses, "And while they looked steadtime for our learning, grows more intent, and two men stood by them in white apparel; more fervent are the deep feelings of his heart which also said, Ye men of Galilee, why in search of intelligence pertaining to the fu-stand ye gazing up into heaven? this same ture events of the world. party has been contending against party, and shall so come in like manner as ye have seen strife and dissatisfaction have been spreading him go into heaven." But he is not to come shread, and notified abroad, and political animosities have been until many events yet future have transpired. severing the cords of uniton, and unstringing The Jews are to say blessed is he that cometh the nerves of government. The voice of op. in the name of the Lord. Matthew 23: 38, pression and the voice of the oppressed are 39, "Behold your house is left unto you desoheard in the land. The ratiling of the ser late. For I say unto you, Ye shall not see vant's chains, and the scourge of the master's me henceforth, till ye shall say, Blessed is he rod, are all multiplying the miseries of man; and civilization, that benefactor of the human race, is used as an engine of oppression in the commotions on the earth—wars and rumors of hands of tyrants, to scourge into submission wars; nation to rise against nation, kingdom the more unfortunate of the family of man. against kingdom; and famines and pestilences, At a time like this, where can we look, and to and earthquakes in divers places, and these whom can we look, but to the God who made us, to satisfy the aching void, to allay the useless anxiety, and take away the gloom of suspense from the heart of him who desires to look into the future, and see the ultimate destiny of his race.

To this end were prophets commissioned, To this end were and messengers sent. angels consecrated, and heavenly agents authorized to bear intelligence from the throne of God to man, that the future might be opened, and the dark curtain which concealed it might be removed, and man might peruse the history of his race, until the morn of the resurrection changed the complexion of all things

and the dark vail of futurity rolled up, and the with him, and stand on the Mount of Olives. light of invisible things illuminates his heart, It is vain for the believers in the second comand the history of his race is revealed.

ed night and day before the Lord that they for we have as good reason to believe he will might understand the things to come, and we not come at all, as to believe he will come unare told the angels desire to look into these der any other circumstances than those dethings—the sufferings of Christ and the glory scribed by Zachariah; for all the prophets have that should follow.

for visions and revelations the opening of take place before and at the time of his comthe result of their researches they have record-mistaken, and if mistaken about the circumed in the scriptures, from which we learn stances under which he was to come, as well many important facts.

One of these important facts is that that As time progresses, and the events of the same Jesus who was crucified is to come to understand the things that were written afore fastly towards heaven as he went up, behold; For a long time Jesus, which is taken up from you into heaven, The Jews are to say blessed is he that cometh that cometh in the name of the Lord." And hefore this takes place, there are to be great only the beginning of sorrows: "And ye shall hear of wars and rumors of wars: see that ye be not troubled: for all these things must come to pass, but the end is not yet. For nation shall rise against nation, and kingdom against kingdom; and there shall be famines and pestilences, and earthquakes in divers places. All these are the beginning of sorrows." Matt. 24: 6, 7, 8. Isaiah's account of what shall take place, in the 24th chapter of his prophecy, is set forth in strong language, all preparatory to his coming to reign on Mount Zion and Jerusalem. All the prophets and apostles have spoken the same things. There is not one of the sacred writers but have written of these things. The prophet Zechariah describes the precise circumstances, un-Man, who is capable of holding communion der which the Savior will come. It will be at a with his God, and sensible of his privilege, time when all nations will be gathered against cannot nor will not cease, until darkness is Jerusalem to battle, and during that notable turned into light, and suspense into certainty, battle the Lord is to come and all the saints ing of Christ to look for his coming at any To this end the prophets and apostles labor-other time, or under any other circumstances, said that wars, and great wars, will precede In view of obtaining this end they sought his coming, and to suppose no such thing will the transparent and the spirit of revelation; and ing, is to suppose the sacred writers were all might they be mistaken about the fact, and

we could doubt the fact as well as the circum and at his coming it will be a day of ven-

gence on the wicked. "The wilderness and The sayings of Zachariah are very strong, the solitary place shall be glad for them; and All nations will be gathered to Jerusalem to the desert shall rejoice, and blossom as the battle." The expression "all nations" can rose. It shall blossom abundantly, and releave no doubt on the mind that there will be joice even with joy and singing: the glory of great commotions on the earth before that bat- Lebanon shall be given unto it, the excellency tie is fought, and of so exciting a character as of Carmel and Sharon, they shall see the to put the whole world into motion. The ex-glory of the Lord, and the excellency of our citement must be very great, such as was never God. Strengthen ye the weak-hands, and known on this earth, when all nations can be confirm the feeble knees. Say to them that are gathered to one place in hostile array, but if of a fearful heart, Be strong, fear not: behold nothing of this kind takes place we can have your God will come with vengeance, even no confidence in the fact that the Savior ever God with a recompense; he will come and save you. But from what the Savior and the prophets be opened, and the ears of the deaf shall be

have said, little doubt can remain on the mind unstopped. Then shall the lame man leap as of the candid, that there is yet future a period an hart, and the tongue of the dumb shalf when for some cause or other there will be a sing: for in the wilderness shall waters break time of general excitement among the nations out, and streams in the desert. And the and kingdoms of the earth, one rising against parched ground shall become a pool, and the another, and wars following wars in rapid suc-lihirsty land springs of water; in the habitacession, until the nations of the earth will be tion of dragons, where each lay, shall be grass in commotion, and that between this time and with reeds and rushes. And an highway shall the Savior's coming; and that during the betthere, and a way, and it shall be called, time of these troubles the Jews will be gather. The way of holiness; the unclean shall not ed to their own land; and at the time the Sa-pass over it; but it shall be for those: the vior descends, they (the Jews) will be in their wayfaring men, though fools, shall not end therein. No lion shall be there, nor any ra-

There must be a place of be-there." above effects. ginning, the end will be at Jerusalem, and at time shall Michael stand up, the great prince the time of the coming of the Savior.

1saiah, 49: 8. olate heritages." heritages of man had become desolate.

coming, that no doubt can remain on the mind men, so shall they run. Like the mise o of the believers in his second coming, but chariots on the tops of mountains shall they great commotions yet await the earth, and the leap, like the noise of a flame of fire that de way of his coming will be prepared by wars voureth the stubble, as a strong people set in and bloodsheds, famine sword and postilence, hattle array. Before their face the people

Then the eyes of the blind shall There must be causes to produce every ef-venous heast shall go up thereon, it shall not feet, and there must be causes to produce the be found there; but the redeemed shall walk Isaiah 35: 1-9. "And at that

which standeth for the children of thy people: We are not authorized by the Bible to anti-and there shall be a time of trouble, such as cipate any thing in the form of rest for the never was since there was a nation even to earth till after the coming of the Savior, that same time: and at that time the people Isaiah says that the Lord will turn and over-shall be delivered, every one that shall be turn until he shall come whose right it is to found written in the book. And many of reign, plainly showing that until that time the them that had slept in the dust of the earth earth will be in confusion, nothing permanent, shall awake, some to everlasting life, and some nothing stable, all things subject to change to shame and everlasting contempt. And they The nations of the earth continue in an unset-that be wise shall shine as the brightness of tled state, changing, turning, and overturning: the firmament; and they that turn many to but when he whose right it is to reign shall righteousness as the stars for ever and ever." come the earth shall be established and quiet. Daniel, 12: 1-3. "Blow ye the trumpet in "Thus saith the Lord, In an acceptable time Zion, and sound an alarm in my holy mounhave I heard thee, and in a day of salvation tain: let all the inhabitants of the land tremhave I helped thee; and I will preserve thee, ble; for the day of the Lord cometh. for it is and give thee for a covenant of the people, to nigh at hand; a day of darkness and of establish the earth, to cause to inherit the des-gloominess, a day of clouds and of thick dark-At the ness, as the morning spread upon the mountime, according to the above sayings of the tains: a great people and a strong; there hath prophets, when the earth is to established not been ever the like, neither shall be any there are to be waste heritages to be inherited, more after it, even to the years of many genedesolations, wasting desolations, must have rations. A fire devoureth before them; and preceded this period of the world, so that the behind them a flame burneth: the land is as the garden of Eden before them, and behind There are so many things said in both the them a desolate wilderness; yea, and nothing Old and New Testament about the destruc shall escape them. The appearance of then tions, before and at the time of the Savior's is as the appearance of horses; and as horse

shall be much pained; all faces shall gather Lord cometh, and thy spoil shall be divided blackness. They shall run like mighty men; in the midst of thee. For I will gather all they shall climb the wall like men of war; nations against Jerusalem to battle; and the and they shall march every one on his ways, city shall be taken, and the houses rifled; and and they shall not break their ranke; neither the women ravished; and half of the city shall one thrust another; they shall walk shall go forth into captivity, and the residue every one in his path; and when they fall up-of the people shall not be cut off-from the city. on the sword they shall not be wounded. Then shall the Lord go forth, and fight against They shall run to and fro in the city; they those nations, as when he fought in the day shall run upon the wall, they shall climb up of battle. And his feet shall stand in that day upon the houses; they shall enter in at the upon the mount of Olives, which is before windows like a thief. The earth shall quake Jerusalem on the east, and the mount of before them; the heavens shall tremble; the Olives shall cleave in the midst thereof tosun and the moon shall be dark, and the stars ward the east and toward the west, and there shall withdraw their shining. And the Lord shall be a very great valley; and half of the shall utter his voice before his army; for his mountain shall remove toward the north, and camp is very great; for he is strong that exechalf of it toward the south. And ye shall flee cuteth his word; for the day of the Lord is to the valley of the mountains; for the valley great and very terrible; and who can abide of the mountains shall reach unto Azal; yea, it? Joel, 2: 1—11. "Hear this word that ye shall flee, like as ye fled from before the Lord hath spoken against you, O children earthquake in the days of Uzziah, king of of Israel, against the whole family, which I Judah: and the Lord my God shall come, and brought up from the land of Egypt, saying, all the saints with thee. And it shall come You only have I known of all the families of to pass in that day, that the light shall not be the earth: therefore I will punish you for all clear nor dark, but it shall be one day which your iniquities. Can two walk together, ex. shall be known to the Lord, not day, nor night; cept they be agreed ? -Will a lion roar in the but it shall come to pass, that at evening time forest, when he hath no prey? will a young it shall be light. And it shall be in that day, lion cry out of his den, if he have taken no-that living waters shall go out from Jerusalem thing? Can a bird fall in a snare upon the —half of them toward the former sea, and half earth, where no gin is for him? shall one take of them toward the hinder sea; in summer up a snare from the earth, and have taken no- and in winter shall it be. And the Lord shall thing at all? Shall a trumpet be blown in be king over all the earth; in that day shall the city and the people not be afraid? shall there be one Lord, and his name one. there be evil in the city, and the Lord has not the land shall be turned as a plain from Geba done it? Surely the Lord will do nothing, to Rimmon south of Jerusalem; and it shall but he revealeth his secret unto his servants be lifted up, and inhabited in her place, from the prophets. The lion hath roared, who will Benjamin's gate unto the place of the first not fear? the Lord God hath spoken, who can gate, unto the corner gate, and from the tower Publish in the palaces at of Hananeel unto the kind's wine-presses. Ashdod, and in the palaces in the land of And men shall dwell in it, and there shall be Egypt, and say, Assemble yourselves upon no more utter destruction. but Jerusalem. the mountains of Samaria, and behold the shall be safely inhabited. And this shall be great tumults in the midst thereof, and the op-the plague wherewith the Lord will smite all pressed in the midst thereof. For they know the people that have fought against Jerusanot to do right, saith the Lord, who store up lem; their flesh shall consume away while violence and robbery in their palaces. There-they stand upon their feet, and their eyes shall fore thus saith the Lord God: An adversary consume away in their holes, and their tongue there shall be even round about the land; and shall consume away in their mouth. And it he shall bring down thy strength from thee, shall come to pass in that day, that a great and thy palaces shall be spoiled. Thus saith tumult from the Lord shall be among them; the Lord: As the shepherd taketh out of the and they shall lay hold every one on the hand mouth of the lion two legs, or a piece of an of his neighbor, and his hand shall raise up ear; so shall the children of Israel be taken against the hand of his neighbor. And Judah out that dwell in Samaria in the corner of stales shall fight at Jerusalem; and the wealth bed, and in Damascus in a couch. Hear ye, of all the heathen round about shall be gatherand testify in the house of Jacob, saith the ed together, gold, and silver, and apparel, in Lord God, the God of hosts, that in the day great abundance. And so shall be the plague of that I shall visit the transgressions of Israel the horse, of the mule, of the camel, and of upon him, I will also visit the altars of Beth-the ass, and of all the beasts that shall be in el: and the horns of the altar shall be cut off, these tents, as this plague." Zachariah 14: and fall to the ground. And I will smite the 1-15. "And I beheld, when he had opened winter-house with the summer-house; and the the sixth seal, and lo, there was a great earthhouses of ivory shall perish, and the great quake; and the sun became black as eackeloth houses shall have an end, saith the Lord." of hair, and the moon become as blood; and Amos, 3: 1-15. "Behold the day of the the stars of heaven fell unto the earth, even as

a fig-tree casteth her untimely figs, when she following:-" And I saw an angel come down is shaken of a mighty wind. And the heaven from heaven, having the key of the hottomless departed as a scroll where it is rolled together; pit and a great chain in his hand. And he and every mountain and island were moved laid hold on the dragon, that old serpent, out of their places. And the kings of the which is the Devil, and Satan, and hound him earth, and the great men, and the rich men, a thousand years, and cast him into the botand the chief captains, and the mighty men, tomless pit, and shut him up, and set a seal and every bondman, and every freeman, hid upon him, that he should deceive the nations themselves in the dens and in the rocks of the no more, till the thousand years should be ful-mountains; and said to the mountains and filled; and after that he must be loosed a litmountains; and said to the mountains and integ; and after that he must be loosed a litrocks, Fall on us, and hide us from the face of the season. And I saw thrones, and they sat him that sitteth on the throne, and from the upon them, and judgment was given unto wrath of the lamb; for the great day of his them: and I saw the souls of them that were wrath is come; and who shall be able to beheaded for the witness of Jesus, and for the stand? stand?" Rev. 6:12-17. By comparing word of God, and which had not worshipped the above quotations, the question about what the beast, neither his image, neither had rewill precede the Savior's coming, and take ceived his mark upon their foreheads, or in place at the time of his coming must be for-their hands; and they lived and reigned with ever settled. Add to these quotations the 38 Christ a thousand years. But the rest of the and 39 chapters of Ezekiel, and compare them dead lived not again until the thousand years with the 14th chapter of Zachariah, from the were finished. This is the first resurrection. 1st to the 15 verse, and it will be seen what Blessed and holy is he that has part in the is to take place at the time of his coming, and first resurrection; on such the second death what will follow his coming.

tion are to the same import, and speak but one a thousand years." language on this subject, so that every intelligent reader of the revelations of heaven must not to come till after the first resurrection. believe that previous to the coming of the Sa-The saints that have part in the first resurrecvior there must be wars and bloodshed such tion, and on whom the second death has no as we have not known, and yet, strange to tell, power, shall rise and reign with Christ the among those who call themselves apostles in thousand years, and this resurrection is said the last days, it is called a species of insanity by Zechariah to take place at the time of the for any man to say he believed it, and also great and final battle fought at Jerusalem. that that day was at hand when these things Zech. 14: 5; the same as found in the 38 and coming of the Savior draweth nigh, and who monies of the prophets and apostles the idea does not know that if the coming of the Savior of converting the world to any religious creed draweth nigh, these things are drawing nighlis not the way the coming of the Savior is to also, and a man must be an apostle with a be prepared, but on a very different principle. should be "I, Parley P. Pratt."

his coming, as also after his coming, or else Christ, and this reign is said in the 5th chaphe is not capable of preparing the way of the ter of Revelations to be on the earth :-- "And and ignorant falsifiers may say to the contrary. hand of him that sat upon the throne.

Revelations of St. John, and in other parts of saying, Thou art worthy to take the book, and John's account of it is the to open the seals thereof; for thou wast slain,

hath no power, but they shall be priests of Every thing said in all the books of revela-God and of Christ, and shall reign with him

According to this account the millenium is

were to take place though they say that the and 39 chapters Ezekiel. By these testiwitness, when he is calling on the world to That is, the world is fast approaching a crisis prepare for the coming of the Lord and the or- which will come, and no earthly power can der of things he organizes, is entirely without prevent it or hasten it, with all the conversions reference to what shall precede the day of his the world can make, the world will at some coming. We know assuredly that such an future period, and that period before the composite as that God never sent, thought ing of the Savior, rise up against one another, nation against nation, and kingdom against If the Lord fulfills his word, and sends, as kingdom, and people against people, and fill he said he would, a spokesman, whom he the land with blood and carnage, and cease calls "my spokesman," and of whom he says not until all nations are gathered together at "he shall be a spokesman before my face;" he Jerusalem, and there fight a decisive battle, at will enable him to arrange the things of his which time the Savior will come and all the kingdom, in view of what is to take place saints with him, or all who have part in the preceding the day of his coming, as well as first resurrection, and from that time till the the things that shall take place at the time of end of a thousand years shall reign with coming of the Lord, whatever false apostles, he came and took the book out of the right There seems to be a mistake prevailing when he had taken the book the four beasts every where in relation to the events pertain-and four and twenty elders fell down before ing to the last days, and great efforts have been the Lamb, having every one of them harps, made and are making to obtain the thousand and golden vials full of odours, which are the years rest mentioned in the 20th chapter of prayers of saints. And they sang a new song,

and hast redeemed us to God by thy blood out into the city.

and maliciously, in the papers of the Mormons, - As to Nauvoo ever being a place for exten-

and that, too, in a time of perfect peace.

Who, that believes the Bible, could say The idea that there can be water power obotherwise than that there would be great bat-tained by means of the rapids to propel matles fought in the last days, and the greatest chinery is a mistake, and a great one too. ever fought since the world began. A Mor-The idea of propelling machinery by the curmon apostle could say it was an evidence of rent, is as idle as it is ignorant. The freezing was to be prepared, what would they say? If any portion of the river, so as to raise the wawe are to judge from the past, they would say ter; either from thence to dig a canal or race, by sleeping with other men's wives! But let or so as to erect machinery at the breast of the these ignoramuses foam out their own shame. dam is still worse; nor do we believe that any (To be continued.)

The Warsaw Signal gives an account of would only prove that the authorities ought to the proceedings of many of the citizens of take their case under consideration, for they Hancock county, in relation to the affairs of are fit subjects for a mad house.

Nauvoo and its citizens, which our readers would be gratified to know.

determined to mislead the public mind; they in other places, in the western country. are continually setting forth the condition of Owing to the character of the river banks, prosperity there, all the capital in the city has cumstances.

long since been swallowed up, and there is none left; if their situation admitted to esta-deed, the location is a bad one. There has blish factories of any kind. that has supported the city from its commence |four to eight miles from the city, and but small ment was the immigration, and nearly all the quantities within that distance, and wood will capital the immigrants had was expended in soon be out of the question only as brought a the purchase of a few city lots, and in build great distance down the river. ing a house to live in; this gave employment

business pertained to building. of subsistence has come to an end. There tion to the navigation of the river by reason of

nish themselves with houses at an expense so rapids. All the market that Nauvoo could affar beneath what it would cost to build them, ford for the sale of manufactured articles,

that few are now built. In consequence of this the building me porting a factory, and recourse must be had to

chanics last summer had to go in great num-other markets, and the rapids would present bers to St. Louis and other places, to get work a strong barrier in the way, while only the disin order to obtain means to maintain them-tance of twelve miles would place the manuselves and families, because none was to be facturer beyond the difficulty.

had in the city.

obtain it among the farmers, going from 20 formidable. to 50 miles distant in order to obtain it, and As to its ever being a place of commercial there labor to obtain food, and then bring it importance is out of the question. Around

The result of all this was that. of every kindred, and tongue, and people, and there was great suffering in the city; many nation; and has made us unto our God kings families being reduced to limited circumand priests; and we shall reign on the earth." stances, and deprived of all the luxuries of life, There has been much said both ignorantly and many of the comforts.

about the saints having said something about sive manufacturing of any kind, any person, great battles being fought in the last days, at all acquainted with its localities knows it cannot be. There are many reasons for this.

insanity to say so, and yet they are Christ's of the river would prevent its going several messengers, sent to prepare the way of his months in the year, if there were no other difcoming, and if they were asked how the way ficulties. The idea of building a dam across

person or persons ever seriously contemplated

doing any such thing; and if they did, it

A dam to do any good would cost millions of dollars, and when done, would not make a Both the papers published at Nauvoo seem water power half so good as could be obtained

the city as prosperous, and the future antici-at Nauvoo, a race would have to run along the pations as desirable, when the truth is, that beach of the river, and subject to be overflowed within that devoted city there is every thing at the time of the annual freshets, for a length but prosperity; the character of the inhabit- of time at once. No sane man would ever ants preclude the possibility of their being any think of erecting machinery under such cir-

If recourse must be had to steam, then, in-The only thing been no coal as yet found nearer than from

Another material objection to Nauvoo's to the various kinds of mechanics, whose ever being a place of manufacturing, or a city This means of any commercial importance, is the obstruccan houses be bought in Nauvoo, and any the Desmoine rapids, which are not safe for number of them, for one half of what they boats to pass some seasons, for many months cost, and persons going into the city can fur in the year. Nauvoo lies at the head of these would go but a very little way towards sup-

If the Desmoine rapids of the Mississippi The common laborers, which form a large ever can be used for the purposes of hydraulic class of the population, unable to find business power, it must be at a point south of Nauvoo, in the city, had to go out into the country and where the fall is greater and the banks less

Nauvoo the river forms a horse-shoe, and dependant on the inhabitants of the surround Nauvoo lies in the bend. Go twenty miles ing country, for the means of subsistance, ou east, and the river can be reached at Pontoosuc that means off, which will most assuredly be in one half the distance it can at Nauvoo, done, if the resolutions, as above, are carried and Warsaw at a distance of not more than into effect, and it wants no great casuist to Nauvoo. Warsaw lies below the rapids, and foresee the result, distress of the deepest and boats can reach it when they cannot Nauvoo gloomiest kind, must be the result, and many The consequence is that all the agricultural families must suffer hunger with all its conproductions of the country, reach one or other comitants. The idea about raising the city of the above places, and nine-tenths of it go to into prosperity by manufacturing, is so great Warsaw, because at that point there is no ob- a humbug, that we think any one acquainted struction, it is below the rapids, and can be with its true condition, could only pity the sent off at any time. Gentlemen wishing to necessity which drive men to such an ignoinvest capital in the mercantile business would rant subterfuge. The capital is not there, do it at a place where it best suited the charact and if it were there, no man in his senses for of the business, in the district of country would lay it out there for this purpose.

where they intended to operate. Warsaw, for the farmers of the surrounding they have met and adjourned. ficulty in sending his produce to market at country carry their resolutions into effect. Hence it is that all the great salt- Up to the last dates these great meetings ers of beef and pork that come into the country had resulted in bringing forth a willow hasfor that purpose never think of locating at ket and a web of worsted girting, and what Nauvoo, but Warsaw, or a point south. advantage in that, if they could find somebody

Never since the settlement of Nauvoo has in Nauvoo that could make fifteen of these there been a salting establishment in the place, baskets in a day, he could not realize enough and the only reason was the difficulty in get from them to feed a cage of woodpeckers, and pids to pass, that at certain seasons of the fact of publishing to the world that there was year the merchants of Nauvoo have their goods somebody in Nauvoo who could make a wil-Nanvoo, a distance of eighteen miles.

ing they are getting more gloomy every day: forth as it is, is all a reflecting mind needs, to according to the reports in the Warsaw Signature and the committee of one precinct has reported anything but prosperitions being city. Who would ever have thought of passed, which portend anything but prosperitions for the marvellous wonder that a ty to Nauvoo, or future peace to its inhabitionally where he dwelt, nobody but one in whose rounding country are forming themselves into associations, for the purpose of taking into fate of their city. It would be more strange consideration the relations between them and the citizens of Nauvoo, appointing committees Nauvoo, in the civilized world, where there to ascertain the amount of stealing and burgaries committed in the surrounding country, ket, and weave girting—articles that have been in use since the days of our fathers, and one upwards of \$1300 of property lost as above, of them comparatively gone out of use. upwards of \$1300 of property lost as above, of them comparatively gone out of use. voo. Should the surrounding country carry her and her prospects. these resolutions into effect, the result must that devoted city.

large pertion of the people of Nauvoo entirely people, with whom we are acquainted, woul

The Nauvoo papers are informing the world In Illinois where large amounts of merchan-of their trades meetings, and other things of diseare exchanged, every year, for the produce of like character, but who is the better of all the soil, no merchant, that was master of his these meetings; how much business do they business, would ever think of locating himself create, why just none. The people go and at Nauvoo, while there was such a place as return, and the papers inform the world that country could reach him easier at Warsaw such folly cease in that city! It will be very than Nauvoo; and then he would have no dif apt to cease if the citizens of the surrounding

ting over the rapids. So difficult are the ra- who is so blind as not to see, that the mere landed at Warsaw, and get them wagoned to low basket, and that to, as an evidence that anyoo, a distance of eighteen miles. the city was rising to prosperity, was the Instead of the prospects of Nauvoo brighten-effect of desperation, and that fact itself, set ing they are getting more gloomy every day forth as it is, is all a reflecting mind needs, to

all of which is charged on the citizens of This, then, is the true condition of Nauvoo, Nauvoo. Now, if the citizens of Nauvoo are her great ones being judges, that the gloom of guilty or innocent, it is the full belief of the despair which is gathering around her, can for persons thus plundered, that it is the citizens a moment be dissipated by the all important of Nauvoo have done it, in consequence reso-information—that somebody has made a wil--lutions are passed, the object of which is to low basket. But let us leave this miserable cease all intercourse with the people of Nau-subterfuge, and attend to other matters about If the statements made to the Warsaw Sig-

be fatal to a large mass of the population of nal, by the committees appointed for that purpose, be correct, then, indeed, the fate of the As we have before stated that there is a city is sealed; it must be so of necessity. No suffer such a city as the people of Illinois conceive Nanveo to be, to exist among them.

They say their cattle, their horses, their sheep, their hogs, their grain, their timber, their farming utensils, their household goods, in a word their all is falling a prey to somehody, and, from the best evidence they can get, these depredations are committed by the Mormons.

Now, whether the Mormons do them or not, unless the people of the surrounding country to the cause. A box containing an adequate supply for the editors of the European pression our judgment does not alter the case, for unless the people of the surrounding country to the editors of journals, public as well as the editors of journals, public as well as religious, for the signs of the times in the octult workings of Providence speak volumes. There is somebody doing it, and the highest cult workings of Providence speak volumes. degree of evidence rests on that people. the people of the surrounding country suffer untried plans and unprecedented expedients this order of things very long? Mest assurate not only for the planting of the church in the edly they will not, neither would any people states, but also in those of Europe and distant on this earth, and unless the Mormons can nations. Who, dearly beloved, can look at convince the inhabitants around them, that your past efforts without seeing in you one set they are innocent, the people will rise against apart by an all wise Providence for leading them; they will give themselves no rest until the church of Latter Day Saints into all truth. this object is accomplished.

committees of the different precincts, as pub. dresses, with a request to all the saints and lished in the Warsaw Signal, is unsufferable, lovers of our dear Lord, to give your series the if these complaints are really founded in truth, utmost publicity in all the continental lanand there are names signed to the reports quages as well as of other nations. Your which would entitle them to belief. Then the special appeal for pecuniary resources will case is desperate, either Nauvoo has a banditti raise a sum of 20,000 pound in Europe alone. of as great rogues as ever lived in any place for the deep interest the cause is new exciting in it, or else there is an awful den of them in all nations, with the earnest desire for insome where else.

can learn, rests on Nauvoo, and while it rests sible despatch, in your taking up a position there the public feeling cannot avoid being and sending forth a powerful and well directed aroused, and unless this feeling can be re-lagency to all parts of Europe. An address moved it will surely seal the fate of Nauvoo, upon this subject will enable you to command if they were the greatest saints that ever lived powerful aid, and you, dearly beloved, depend it would not alter the case, for the people with upon our co-operation for the interest of the whom they have to do think otherwise, and society under your own peculiar care, get the while they think so they will act in accord-addresses got up with all despatch, entering ance with their belief.

We have said so much to undeceive those who are disposed to be undeceived, and let the dress for a general establishment of journals public understand the actual state of affairs at and magazines, not only in the States but in Nauvoo.

don, containing the views of some gentlemen of things :-

London, Dec. 7, 1844.

Will that the time is now come for your adopting and seeing all that is wanted is publicity, we The state of things as represented by the trust you will prepare such a series of adstruction in things pertaining to the kingdom. The whole censure at present, from all we call for the most dextrous efforts with all posupon every subject at great length.

.The time also is come for getting up an ad-Europe, and which is a desideratum to which sufficient importunce cannot be attached in We publish the following letter from Lon-your public and private councils. We regret on, containing the views of some gentlemen that so little publicity has been given to the cause generally, seeing the interest the docin relation to the present interesting condition trine has awakened in Europe as well as all nations. You have only, dearly beloved, to take up a position upon this subject in all its Rev. and dear sir, We fondly hope this details to occupy that position your profound will find you and all friends in the enjoyment and well known genius has long merited, and of health. It is with no ordinary interest we for which a kind and gracious providence has look here at the steps you now take in origi-so pre-eminently fitted you. We feel here nating and setting in motion comprehensive that you will with all despatch give effect to plans for the establishing of the church in all powerful and well organized plans for plantnations, for it remains beyond question steps ing of the church under your own immediate taken upon this subject cannot fail, under your superintendence, and we need hardly say that superintendance and inspection, of producing the most magnificent and inviting field of use-the most signal and stupendous issues, for fulness is spread before you in all directions, this object, dearly beloved, we would earnestly in every part of Europe. And it is not the intreat you to take up your powerful pen, with least of our grounds of thankfulness to the

Lord but that you will at this time devise such the second time, to recover his ancient cove. plans for the illumination of the nations as nant people." We have the united testimony the signs of the times call for. It is impor-of all the prophets consentaneously to the gathtant. also, the journal be greatly enlarged, and ering of Israel literally, that the work of the a depot opened for tracts and small publications for supplying Europe; their sale here Arrangements also can be will be immense. easily entered into with foreign publishers for a reprint of them, allowing you a considerable He hath sent it. sum for the privilege, their perusal cannot fail of being greatly blessed by our eternal father, in raising up also a powerful agency in the several states, to go forth proclaiming the everlasting gospel, this is now worthy of your most serious consideration, and it remains beyond question thousands of all ranks would which we live, is the most eventful era in the come out and become fellow-laborers in this history of the human family. The work of the great work. Could you make it convenient, with a few friends, to come yourself to Europe and make a stay here of twelve months, with the time you will pass in your visits to the states of Europe, devising the best plans for preaching the gospel, and establishing sonal second advent of the Son of God as the journals in all quarters. The signs of the Redeemer of Israel—the first resurrection and times in the occult workings of Providence, the thousand years rest of the living and the call for active steps in sending forth an agency dead saints on the earth! The Most High hath to God's ancient people. The present is a declared, that this generation shall not all pass crisis we hope you will embrace for this object, also in the states of Europe, with a special away until all these things are fulfilled! address to them to embrace the gospel, and believe in the great Messiah, a mighty host the prophets, which not only developes the sucof Europe, if you can but procure an agency for Hamburgh, Amsterdam and Rotterdam, as well as Russia. church under your care may number in Europe, hefore twelve months, 50,000, with a powerful native agency there attached, for the most shall the END come." We have then no just extensive operations in all nations, paying a ground to expect the coming of the Son of Man tribute to your genius.

We remain, dearly beloved, yours in the

best of bonds.

Your Old Friends.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. FEBRUARY 1, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third person, containing mo-prophets in the last days. ney, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this,

----SALUTATORY.

In assuming at the request of our brethren, the editorial control of this paper at this most not unmixed with diffidence.

ous mortals may be deemed an impracticable prepare a people, who shall through sanctificathe eternal world, have dawned upon our mind, God, and exceeding faith in the promises of Jeand we see and do know that the God of Abra-hovah—enter into his rest. ham Isaac, and Jacob hath "set his hand again"

Lord shall prosper in his hand, that the word which he hath spoken shall not return unto him void; but shall accomplish the thing whereunto

It is in view of the solemn responsibilities which now devolve upon those who are the people of God in very deed, we have consented to devote ouselves to the present undertaking. We speak advisedly when we say, the age in Father has commenced, which will result in the fulfilment of ALL the sayings of the prophets, which remain unaccomplished—the establishment of Zion—the gathering of Israel—the per-

There is a chain of living light to be found in of them might be brought over in all the states cessive order of these events; but points us to he means employed, and the accompanying circumstances. For example, the Savior says, With a small agency the "THIS gospel of the kingdom must first be preached to all nations for a witness, and then until the gospel of the kingdom has been preached to-all nations for a witness, of that event. Again this presupposes the existence of inspired men on the earth; for it would be altogether impossible for the kingdom of God to exist without prophers; and it is out of the power of mortal to shew to the contrary. In exact accordance with this view, the sacred writers testify of the existence of a host of

> In pursuing the sacred history of the latter day work, we shall have occasion frequently to advert to the awful apostacy of the last days. the revelation of the Man of Sin, one of the precursory events of the advent of Messiah.

Our object will be to diffuse intelligence relinteresting epoch, we do it with cheerfulness ative to the most important of all subjects to man—on the kingdom of God; which is now That which in the estimation of presumptu-established on the earth for the last time, to enigma, is no longer so to us. The truths of tion of the truth, obedience to the ordinances of

We shall prove by the sure word of God,

that Sydney Rigdon is a servant called of God by revelation, and ordained in accordance with that Joseph Smith had no power or authority the law of God as a Prophet, Seer, and Revela-to confer upon any one-after he had ordained tor to the church and kingdom of God and that Sydney Rigdon a prophet, seer, and revelator! we are prohibited from receiving revelations We quote from the 14th section of the book of coming as commandments, from any other Covenants, "And this ye shall know assuredly. source; but to treat them as vain pretenders to that there is none other appointed unto you to an authority they do not possess—deceivers of receive commandments and revelations until he Beelzebub:

order of God in the organization of his church be taken from him he shall not have power, exand kingdom; one system of sanctification—cept to appoint another in his stead: and this the gospel as taught by the Savior and his shall be a law unto you, that we receive not the apostles; contained also in the book of Mor teachings of any that shall come before you as mon and book of Doctrine and Covenants. In revelations or commandments; and, this I give compelled to shew the apostles at Nauvoo and you may know they are not of me." We learn their adherents, in their true colours; as apos-from this that no prophet, seer, and revelator tates to every fundamental principle of right-was to be appointed during Joseph's life time eousness, without God, and without hope in the unless he forfeited his gift and standing by

they few or many, upon the true principles of simply to appoint another in his stead eternal life; having a correct conception of the moment then Joseph Smith ordained the indipurposes of God in the last dispensation; un-vidual, whom the Lord intended to stand in his derstanding the things written by the prophets, (Joseph's) stead, that instant all power and auand thereby seeing eye to eye. It is to such a thority as a legal revelator to the church, had people, the kingdom and the greatness of the departed from him; and in fact all power, in kingdom under the whole heaven will be giv-the kingdom of God; for "he shall not have en, and no power will prevent it.

and hearty co-operation of all good men, so far through a fallen prophet, and came to deceive. as they understand our motives. The bless-If those who had covenanted to "keep all the ing of Him, from whom all blessings are, will commandments of God, unto the end," had not be wanting in the support of our feeble ef-searched diligently for the law of God, they forts, to vindicate His cause and character; would have known-when the proclamation and establish righteousness on the earth.

S. BENNETT.

THE AUTHORITY OF THE APOS-TATE TWELVE.

All the enormous pretensions, and high sounding assumption of the dictatorship, by the apostate Twelve, hang upon one slender thread; to wit: the assertion that Joseph Smith invested them with the authority, to bear off the burden of the church! Sever this attenuated thread, and they fall like Lucifer never to rise again! With the revelations of Jesus Christ from the Prophet and Times and Seasons, have in our hand, we are at no loss whether to cut it or let it hang. With the word of God, which such adepts at lying and slander should so soon is sharper than a two edged sword, we sunder have exhausted their inventive genius, when at one blow, the lying dependence; and down, not a single number of their papers has hitherto down, nown fall the apostate Twelve, to ever-reached us, that did not exhibit a surprising lasting shame and contempt, So true is the in-aptitude in their conductors, for the manufacspired aphorism, "he that exalteth himself, ture of Fiction. The last number of the Times shall be abased."

be taken if he abide in me. But verily, verily We shall insist, upon what must be evident I say unto you that none else shall be appointed to every reflecting mind, that there is but one unto this gift except it be through him, for if it contending for these principles, we shall be unto you, that you may not be deceived, that

We shall shew by a "thus saith the Lord,

transgression. But in case he should so trans-Our chief aim shall be to unite a people, be gress, all the powerthat was then left him, was power, except to appoint another in his stead." We feel assured we shall secure the support The accursed spiritual wife revelation, came

> seph) was no longer the legal revelator to the church, because of transgression. The Twelve then received all their tremendous keys and authority from a fallen prophet! who had "no power" to give! Blind infatuation! A deceived heart hath turned them aside, from the holy commandments delivered unto us.

> went forth to the world, that Joseph Smith had ordained Hyrum Smith, and Sydney Rigdon.

> as prophets, seers and revelators-that he (Jo-

The "spiritual wife" conclave, as we gather concluded to let us alone. We marvel that and Seasons, charges President Rigdon with inciting his friends to commit murder. case they are alike criminal.

"I Parley P. Pratt," has issued a "procla-is; and I will give it him." 21: 25-27. mation" forsooth, which leaves the Autocrat of all the Russias completely in the back unto Ephraim the great things of my law, but ground—gives the go-by to any composition, they were counted (by him) as a strange thing. we venture to say of a man who was not safe. Speaking of the day when the children shall ly ensconced in a straight jacket! He claimes tremble from the west he says, Ephraim comunlimited jurisdiction over the eastern church-passeth me about with lies, and the house of es; no one must read, write, print, buy, or sell, Israel with deceit; but Judah yet ruleth with preach or preside, without special permission God, and is faithful with the saints. from his holiness "1 Pariey P. Pratt." The winds up his instructive prophecy in the foldocument is certainly a curiosity. We ad-lowing language: "Who is a God like unto

The superiority of mind over matter, the refined excellence of high intellectual and moral endowment, compared with sensuality—mere animal gratification, needs no demonstration; it commends itself to every man's conscience in the sight of God; it is self evident to every rational being.

tion, the gift of the Holy Ghost, and the spir deceitful tongue be found in their mouth. The burden of Malichi pours a flood of in-to teach adultery, fornication, and bastardy telligence on the events of the last days, and and all the crimes which follow in the wake, the corruptions which shall disgrass the as necessary concomitants—as celestial prin- priestly office, the lying treachery, and adulciples, commanded of the Lord, as the neces-tery, which shall exist, when the Lord shall sary prelude to the highest exaltation in the send his Messenger, to prepare the way bepresence of God!

of the devil; but it is not to us inexplicable. Jesus says many false prophets shall rise, the spirit of God has enlightened us on this and shall deceive many, he that shall endure subject, as it did Ezekiel detailed in the 14th to the end, the same shall be saved. chapter of his prophecy; not only so, nearly

They all the prophets and apostles, bear unequivocal must, or they might have known, it was a gra- testimony to the fact, that it was through just unitous lie, when they published it. In either such an ordeal, the saints of the last days had to pass, for the trial of their faith. Isaiah testifies that in the day when seven women shall If the subject were not of too serious a char take hold of one man, and when the Lord acter to be mirthful, it would be amusing-to shall have washed away the filth of the watch the desperate shifts of the spiritual wife daughters of Zion, by the spirit of judgment watch the desperate shifts of the spiritual wite daugnters of zion, by the spirit of judgment devotees, the shuffling and doubling of the filthy and the spirit of burning, in that day shall the dreamers is only surpassed by the marvellous expertness with which they swallow their own words—absolutely bolt them whole, without tors who destroy the flock, who practise decit, who prophesy lies, through whom the land stopping to masticate them in the smallest de, is full of adultery, who cry peace, peace, when gree. Parley P. Pratt the random "Archer," the Lord hath said there is no peace! who gree. Parley P. Pratt the random "Archer, the Lord hath said there is no peace: wno cannot draw the bow, without shooting the arrow over the house and hitting his brethren of the "twelve horns." Poor idiot! after he finds he has made a palpable hir, he didn't mean to do it! "I Parley P. Pratt" shall publish a "revised" edition of my "proclamation." I didn't wicked prince of Israel, whose day is come, when iniquity shall have an end. Thus saith mean to say what I DID say! I have got out when iniquity shall have an end, Thus saith of the place I was called to act in, and don't the Lord God; remove the diadem, and take know how to go about any thing; those "pesky" off the crown: this shall not be the same: ex-Rigdonites bother me so. . What shall I do? alt him that is low, and abase him that is high. The darling bubble of plenty of wives has burst! I will overturn, overturn, overturn it: and it shall be no more, until he come whose right it

The Lord by Hosea says, I have written vise all our friends to procure a copy, for their thee, that pardoneth iniquity, and passeth by special edification and amusement. age? he retaineth not his anger forever, because

It remained for the nineteenth century to develope, the most extraordinary spectacle ful picture of the work of the last days, and the world has ever witnessed. The example tells us it is a remnant of Israel, that shall not of a people favored with the light of revelado iniquity, nor speak lies; neither shall a

fore him; even him of whom he hath declared Horrible, well nigh unaccountable infatuation "he shall be a spokesman before my face."

Paul positively asserts, this crying aposta-

ev and full development of the son of per faithful and a wise servant, whom his lord dition, is to take place in the gathering of hath made ruler over his household, to give the saints; of course it could only refer to the them meat in due season? blessed is that ser-Nauvoo apostacy, and it does fit accurately vant whom his lord, when he cometh, shall the condition of things existing there. 2nd find so doing. Verily I say unto you, That he shall make him ruler over all his goods.-

Peter is very plain on this subject, in writ-But and if that evil servant shall say in his ing to all those who have obtained like precious heart, My lord delayeth his coming; And shall faith he says, "there shall be false teachers begin to smite his fellow servants, and to eat among you, who privily shall bring in dam-and drink with the drunken; the lord of that nable heresies, even denying the Lord that servant shall come in a day when he looketh bought them, and bring upon themselves not for him, and in an hour that he is not aswift destruction. No casuistry can make ware of, and shall cut him asunder," and apthis apply any where else; but to the Nau-point him his portion with the hypocrites; there voo apostacy; for the following reasons, these shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth. damnable heresies were to be introduced priv By reading this passage in connexion with ately; they were to bring upon those who in the declarations of the revelations of the last troduced them swift destruction: Where are days, we "can come to understanding, and the men who introduced the spiritual wife learn doctrine." The Saviour refers to a cersystem? Swiftly destroyed! What, the very tain servant in the last days, who was made men who taught the damnable heresy of ruler over his household; to give them meat "spiritual wives," in flat denial of the Lord in due season. The Lord says to Joseph that bought them, already swept from the Smith, "behold thou wast called and chosen earth by a violent and bloody death? Peter to write the book of Mormon, and to my mindoes not stop here, he gives us still another istry." Again, "for behold verily, verily, I key, by which we can easily unlock the mys-say unto you, that ye have received a comtery of the man of Sin and many shall follow mandment for a law unto my church, through their pernicious ways; by reason of whom him whom I have appointed unto you; to rethe way of truth shall be evil spoken of." ceive commandments and revelations from my How plain! these damnable heretics, were hand." Here then we find a servant, made to be men who had been teachers of the way ruler over the household of faith, to feed them of truth; had been in possession of the true with meat in due season. Note what follows. order of God; the plan of salvation. They were "and this know assuredly, that there is none to rive up among those who had obtained like other appointed unto you to receive comandprecious faith. Who does not see that the ments and revelations until he be taken, if he precious taith. Who does not see that the ments and revelations until he be taken, if he application rests completely in the true church abide in me." This shews most conclusive of Christ! It can apply no where else. Peter ly, that no other prophet, seer, and revelator, goes on and describes their character to the life, "as having eyes full of adultery, and that offly in the event of his transgression. One cannot cease from sin; beguiling unstable more testimony among many, will suffice for souls: an heart they have exercised with our present purpose. The Lord says to Jocovetious practices; cursed children." Again, seph Smith and Sidney Rigdon, page 293, for it had been better for them not to have! And inasmuch as they are faithful note more for it had been better for them not to have "And inasmuch as they are faithful unto me, known the way of righteousness, than after it shall be made known unto them what they they have known it, to turn from the holy shall do: and it shall also, inasmuch as they commandments deliverd unto them. What are faithful, be made known unto them the minute particularity! after having known the land of their inheritance. And inasmuch as way of righteousness, and received the com-they are not faithful, they shall be cut off, even mandments of the Lord, delivered to them; as I will, as seemeth me good." they were to corrupt themselves to such an Smith is cut off, and Sidney Rigdon is left! unwonted extent, that the latter end was What is the necessary inference? We can thus

last days and trace the subject in the light vant who was called in the last dispensation, duce a quotation from the sayings of Jesus in him. Christ, found in Mathew 24 chap.

hour your Lord doth come. But know this, ny, any thing is capable of—the truth of God! that if the good man of the house had known All who deny that fact deny the book of Covin what watch the thief would come, he would enants, deny the word of God, deny the work have watched, and would not have suffered of the last days, and as a matter of necessity, his house to be broken up. Therefore be ye can have no interest therein or in the resurren-

not the Sen of man cometh.

worse with them than the beginning. Identify the servant spoken of by Jesus Christ We will now turn to the revelations of the as a ruler over his houshould, with that serwhich they afford us. Before we commence to whom the Lord gave promise, that he with the book of covenants we will intro-should continue till his coming, if he abided

The fact then of Joseph Smith's transgres-"Watch therefore; for ye know not what sion, rests upon the highest degree of testimoalso ready: for in such an hour as you think tion of the just. When was it the kingdom Who then is a of heaven was to be kibened unto ten virgina

five of whom were wise, and five foolish? was after that unfaithful servant was out off, breathes forth a spirit more like the god of this But to proceed. The Lord says, it was in world; it seems to make but little difference consequence of-transgession in the church, what part of the subject he takes in hand, that all the persecution of driving from place whether it be an attempt to give the saints a to place had come upon them. So long ago, sign, by which they may know how to walk, as Aug. 1833, we have this declaration .- or whether he indulges in an attempt at lam-"And again I say unto you, if ye observe to pooning those who are determined to uphold do whatsoever I command you. I the Lord virtue. The same spirit of inconsistency and will turn away all wrath and indignation from wickedness is manifest. you, and the gates of hell shall not prevail a- Brethren I take it for granted that all just and gainst you." In Feb. 1834 the question is sensible men will consider that it is no better put for ever at rest. "But verily I say unto than a libel on the character and dignity of Jeyou, that I have decreed a decree which my hovah, for him to say that he wrote under the people shall realize, inasmuch as they heark-linfluence of the Holy Spirit, which Jesus en from this very hour, unto the counsel which sheds forth on his true brethren; where oh I the Lord their God shall give unto them .- where is the spirit of the Lord-where the Behold they shall, for I have decreed it, be-bowels of mercy-where the meekness and gin to prevail against mine enemies from this lowliness which the saints are commanded to very hour, and by hearkening to observe all cultivate?—no matter whether it be in the old the words which I, the Lord their God, shall or new Testament-the book of Mormon or speak unto them, they shall never cease, to the revelations of Joseph Smith, -the whole prevail until the kingdoms of the world are of the epistle more or less is either falsehoodsubdued under my feet; and the earth is given inconsistent unmeaning language-vulgar aunto the saints, to possess it forever and ever. buse, or in a word, railery. But inasmuch as they keep not my com-mandments, and hearken not to observe all him in the same terms, and then say that the my words, the kingdoms of the world shall spirit that Jesus sheds forth dictates it—what prevailing gainst them, for they were set to be honest mind that has ever read the teaching a light unto the world, and to be the saviors of the primitve apostles—the book of Mormon of men; and inasmuch as they are not the sa- or the revelations of Jesus through Joseph; viors of men, they are as salt that has lost its but what would fling back the assertion as savor, and is thenceforth good for nothing but false. to be cast out and trodden under foot of men. § 101, ¶ 2.

her judgements slumber not. Bear ye witness edge that they have "no new Revelations." upon your own heads.

THE WORLD:

says by the desire and full knowledge of his Supposing that they had a right to try Sidney brethren, to all the saints throughout the and also the power to reject him, that does by world—warning them to beware of Sidney no means say that they have acted wisely in Rigdon; and what he wrote, he says, was doing so; they were, commanded to be obe-written in an atmosphere tempered with the dient to their leaders, but were far from being pure spirit of God. I suppose he means Je-so, as even the revelations published will

It hovah; but alas the whole tenor of the epistle

I will now proceed my brethren to examine the sign, that Amasa has given to the Who then dare say with the word of God saints, by which he says they may know that in his hand, and a knowledge of the facts, Sidney is a false prophet, "Nothing that Sidthat there is no apostacy? or that it has not ney doeth shall prosper." Brethren greatis our been growing from that time until it has re-prosperity: again "all his friends shall be asulted in a complete rejection of the law of fraid that he is wrong;" be of good cheer brethheaven, and a certain fearful looking for of ren and examine well into the matter, and you wrath and fiery indignation, to be poured will find as we have in the Pittsburgh branch, upon the heads of the disobedient. Will the that he is right. "He shall be prevailed a-Almighty suffer his word to fail? It is im-gainst and shall not prevail." Brethren we portant that all interested should answer that have stemmed the current of difficulty, and question for themselves. Come out of ther soon by the help of the God of truth, we shall my people, that ye partake not of her sins for be going up the stream—many other things the day of her visitation is at hand; the groans has this inconsistent and perverse man written. of the poor, the cry of injured innocence, have entirely out of his own mind—for Brigham entered into the ears of the Lord of Sabaoth; and Young in one of the Nauvoo papers acknowlwe have faithfully warned you, your blood be Who then is Amasa that we should fear him. I would say to Amasa be not so high minded; but fear lest the God of Heaven should visit TO ALL THE SAINTS THROUGHOUT true that Moses Daily has gone back to them, and has confessed that he was wrong; but Dearly beloved Brethren, I perceive in the that does not say that he will always be de-Times and Seasons of the 15th of December ceived by them—I will say the same of elder 1844; that Amasa Lyman has written as he Marks. Time will prove who is right.—

Supposing that Joseph did lay upon) we say then to Amasa's epistle? the world at them the burden of the church, and give them large will laugh it to scorn, and the world does Millenial rest. Will they dare to quarre pure Spirit of God! Alas very much I fear with God because that He has chosen a man that it was the spirit of the god of this world. to enlarge the bounds and carry on the work The soft tones of the good shepherd, the pered St. Paul; because that he was as one born felt desire to bring back the lost and wandermighty power that St. Paul evinced. It made lost in the angry growl of his arbitrary mind. ceived that the churches that he founded came determined that no man shall take it away behind in no gift, of all the other churches .- from us, especially such a thief as Sidney .ing up the sum total of railery—let it even their will, all that he desired to do was to reblackgard and revile them in return—Awake! every thing that might prove a stumbling Awake!! my brethren to the interest of your block to the saints of the most High. I would souls, pray often and fervently for the orna-beg leave to ask Amasa, when the church bement of a meek and quiet spirit, this is what came a burden or burdensome? if Amasa does I have always heard Sidney Rigdon inculcate not know, I would beg to assure him it was notwithstanding all that the twelve have sta-when the anger of the Lord was kindled ated.

speaks of a few that were just outside and fire upon their heads. Brethern what will got cool air, that were not rotted. Where is they do? the nead of their church is taken.—Amasas reason? where his common sense? Parley P. Pratt and the rest, think that Jobeing rotted by long and constant setting? better now that he is behind the vail; thus there is not an old farm wife in any part of they say that Jesus is the head of Joseph-

every sign, and every token, and all the power not pretend to have the Holy Ghost to aid that he possessed; then let them look to it, for the them in what they do; yet Amasa says, he power that they possess will not bring in the wrote that in an atmosphere tempered by the to completion? let them beware what they do; suasive voice of sound reason, the captivating as well might the twelve apostles have reject expressions of pure and holy love, and heart out of due time, yet who will dare dispute the ing sheep are no where expressed, but all is up the sum of St. Pauls rejoicing; because "We have got the burden of the church laid on of the abundence of Revelation which he re-us by Joseph" says the twelve, and wo are If then the twelve prefer high mindedness, Brethren. Sidney never desired to take away vulgar abuse, and blackguard language mak-from them the burden of the church against I prey that I may never be tempted to move what God had commanded, viz: remove d.

quantithem, for the church of Jesus when it living the significant of the church of Jesus when it is acceptable in his sight has never been mentioned on the significant of the church of Jesus when it is acceptable in his sight has never been mentioned as a burden; but in every case upon at allow Page had a past of aggs have a significant or bation or hatching of eggs. Amasa says tioned as a burden; but in every case upon that elder Page had a nest of eggs here in record, when evil is declared against it, then Pittsburgh, and that he setting long and it is named a burden. I have heard much asteadily upon them rotted them all, and would bout Joseph having confirmed upon them have continued to do so until he died, if he every sign and every token; but much I fear had not been pulled off the nest; but he that all the blessings of God, will be coals of who ever yet heard tell of eggs that were good seph is still their head, and that he can acce the globe, but what would say such a thing Joseph is their head. I beg leave to differ never happened; but perhaps Amasa will say with them for this reason, the two cases are the eggs never were good; then my brethren, not alike, there is no analogy. Let it be elder Page must have made a great mistake, borne'in mind that Jesus triumphed over death, for he told us on several occasions that he hell, and the grave, arose again and was seen was very much pleased with us, and he would of many, ascended to the right hand of the not give the Pittsburgh branch, small as it was father, there to remain until the restitution of for all the religious people there was in Pitts-all things. This he hath proved to many, for burgh. As regards "Sidney Rigdon having he is still the heavenly revelator, and when just strength enough to pull him off the nest," he appoints a prophet, seer and revelator on I will just say that Sidney had nothing to do earth—mankind if they will receive it are I was present at the conference when blest with an increase of knowledge, regard-Elder Page himself proposed that Sidneyling things; and in many instances with conshould be presiding elder. This was second-siderable foreknowledge. The twelve talk ed by the lively chicks. Now it seems, be- very much about Joseph being still their head, cause the chicks unanimously elected Sidney, I will be bold enough to ask them how they that in the mind of E. P. and his brethren know? when did Joseph ever appear to them they became immediately rotten eggs again! to confirm or to the people of Nauvoo to con-Supposing that elder Page did nothing better firm the ipse dixit of the boasting twelve? I than rot his eggs, what credit will be get in know that they say the revelation is of Joseph the sight of God or man. Now every one say so-because it is said that the keys of the knows full well, by the aid of reason and com-kingdom should never be taken from him in mon sense, that if the eggs in a nest become this life nor in the life to come, there, say exposed to the cool air, they are very likely to the twelve, didn't we say so—yes certainly get addled, and become rotten. What shall but they afterwards contradict themselves by

ship, with us to exersise charity; for charity now. is meek and kind, is not easely puffed up, boasteth not itself; but is long suffering and their enemies had retired from the field, they, ready to do good. Now my brethren I am in their turn, met with a great annoyance by coming to the conclusion of Amasa's episile, the appearance of the Mormons; at whose apon which I will make a few remarks. Ama-pearance, the Campbellites or Disciples were sa says that he knows that Sidney is in the found united with those who had persecuted society of Devils, and he and they for it: he them, making common cause against the Morwants nothing to do with that family. My mons; and every exertion was made, that the dearly beloved brethren can it be possible that ingenuity of men could invent; but all was Amasa has ever learned the meaning of chari-fruitless; the Mormons prospered, and kept ty and yet make use of such language; is prospering, until the Campbelites, who had there a kind benevolent man that would talk but a short time before been masters of the in that unfeeling manner, to say nothing of field, sent forth the cry, " Let them alone-do the profession that he makes, and the claim not hear-do not go to their meetings;" thus that he makes to the possession of the Holy leaving the Mormons in possession of the Ghost, and even breathing a celestial atmos field, but the Mormons had hardly time to phere at the very time of writing. Much I breathe after their success, till they are, in their fear that he is laboring under strong mental turn driven from the field, by the seperation delusion; much I fear that hatred and malice of the Latter Day Saints. is too strongly portrayed in every word and every line of his epistle, for any candid reader the Mormons, that had been by their enemies. so miss observe it. Will it not be said, is this Character is attacked in the most violent the way and the manner in which the profesed manner, and those who, but a few weeks befollowers of Jesus conduct themselves? in a fore, had been lauded to the highest pinnacle of word will they not say Amasa must have fame, are assailed with the most abusive and made a mistake and could not have known vulgar condescentions, and all manner of evil what spirt he was off! Brethren let us pray said of them; but, sir, I see by the late Morto our Father in heaven, that the heart of mon papers that they, in their turn, are retir-Amasa and his brethren may be softened, and ing from the field, if I am to judge from their that their mind's eye may be opened to see late papers which I have seen: the old cry is their error, that they repenting of their arrosent forth anew, "Let them alone—let them gance and misdeeds, may again receive the die of themselves—have nothing to do with blessings of heaven, that if possble we may them." Leaving the Latter Day Saints, in meet together in the bond of peace and happy-their turn, masters of the field. ness, and be made the mutual pertakers of the blessings of the everlasting Covenant, this is difference between the Mormons and Latter my prayer and hearts desire, if the God of all Day Saints, but I will here state it as I underpeace shall see fit to grant it. A. F.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

saying, by preaching and by publishing that nominations come into existence since my all the authority and keys, that Joseph ever recollection. Some fourteen or fifteen years had was confirmed on them and they were to since, there arose a sect calling themselves bear off the burden of the church! strange in Disciples, by their enemies Campbellites. consistency—how can they have it, and yet the founders of this sect, or most of them, se-Joseph have it? would the world at large give perated from the Baptists. At the time of the least credit to such nonsense? Amasa may their first appearance, they were assailed by depend upon it, that the veriest infidel will the Baptists, and all other sects among whom have more honor in the sight of the God of they made inroads, with much bitterness, their heaven, in the exercise of reason, love, and enemies encountered them in their public pamercy, than any of those who boast of the pers; in their pulpits, and in all places; but gifts of the Hely Ghost and yet wontonly their success was such asto change the mode prostitute those gifts to suit their own purpo of warfare, and the cry went out, "Let them ses. My brethren let us learn the real mean-alone—do not hear them—hold no argument ing of charity; let us ask of God to enable us with them;" and they were left in possession to carry it out in practice; let us beseech of the field, and exulted no little in their tri-Amasa and all who have had church member-umph, and have continued to prosper until

Soon after their prosperity commenced, and

I do not know, sir, that I understand the stand it, and if I am wrong you will please correct in your paper, for I am indebted to it for my acquaintance with the subject.

I understand that the Latter Day Saints be-Mr. Editor, Sir,-Permit me through your lieve, in common with the Mormons, in the paper, which, if I am to judge from the cha-gifts of the gospel, as had in the New Testaracter of a paper, is destined to hold a high ment church, as also prophets and revelations, rank among the periodicals of the day, to ex- and they also believe the Book of Mormon to press some of my feelings, as they have been be a revealed book, and they believe in the awakened by viewing the course of the religi-book of Doctrine and Covenants as originally There have several religious de-received and acknowledged by the Mormon

church, and they contend that the Mormons John Hardy, in the Mormon church in Boshave departed from the original order of the ton) he will find facts elicited during the prochurch, as set forth in the book of Doctrine and Covenants, in two points. The first is in rejecting what they call the first presidency, subject, as William Smith, who has, since which, if I understand correctly, consists of these facts were disclosed, been appointed pathree persons; one called a prophet, seer and triarch of the Mormon church, and that, too. revelator, and the other two councillors to him. with the perfect knowledge of the existence of And the second is, that the Mormons have, in violation of their book of Doctrine and Cove-these facts by the leaders of that church at the nants, introduced a species of polygamy, or time he was appointed to that office. William some scheme of things, by which certain men, Smith is one of the twelve apostles of the having, what they call the priesthood, can Mormon church, and brother to the deceased the power of their, so called, priesthood, can prophet. Friend "D. K." put into our power have more wives than one, and, by virtue of get other men's wives united to them, for and you shall have all you can ask .- En. time and eternity, and live with them in common with their lawful wife.

From your paper I infer the above to be the important difference between the Latter Day of the situation of the various branches of Saints and Mormons. If in this I am not cor-the church east, west, north, and south, and rect, please say so in your paper, that I and the many letters addressed to us from persons others may know the difference.

society gain a victory so soon, when the at-gaged, and after seeking council from Him tack was made with so much violence, vitu- who never errs, we have come to the concluperation, and bitterness, as the attack of the sion to appoint the general conference, in this Mormons against the Latter Day Saints, in city of Pittsburgh, to commence on the 6th of this, sir, I congratulate you. The field is April next. As the 6th comes on Sunday, now yours, and if you have, indeed the truth that day will be devoted to preaching and the I wish you God speed.

D. K.

thing I have left out, that I intended to write, materials necessary to have a full and comviz. that in your war with the Mormons, you plete organization as set forth in our preced-never have condescended to render evil for ing number of this paper. evil, nor railing for railing, but bore their abuse without recrimination. entitled you to much credit with all candid will doubtless be interesting as well as vastmen, and is strong evidence of the confidence ly important. you have in the correctness of your course, that you rest your cause on the truth and just-D. K. ness of your principles.

ANSWER TO THE ABOVE.

To our strange corespondent D. K. your views of the difference, between us and the Mormons, are correct. It has been our desire difference between us and them; as we saw eye the real cause of our opposition to them. It is gratifying, therefore, to us to find that not been in vain.

possession of a pumphlet, (the trial of Elder with a stick, and prevented from accompliso-

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

After due consideration, and taking a view wishing to unite all their efforts with ours to I, in my observations, have not seen any push forward the cause in which we are enbusiness will commence on the 7th at which I subscribe myself your strange correspon-time we intend that a full organ zation of the kingdom will take place. The first Quorum P.S. In reading my letter, I find there is one of seventy is now nearly full. We have all the

We hope that all the friends of the kingdom This, sir, has of God, will give attendance, as the occasion

We would also inform our friends, that we have a choice selection of Hymn books now in press, which will be ready for delivery on the above occasion.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

ANOTHER RESCUE.

We learn, that last week an officer having to make the public acquainted with the real a warrant from Gov. Ford, issued on a requisition from the Governor of New York, for one Eaton, who is the king of the Nauvoo the Mormons using every effort in their power, Bogus Factory, went to the Holy City to without any regard to truth whatever, to abus make the arrest. The, the officer did on the public mind, and conceal from the public Friday evening, without difficulty; being afraid to venture with his prisoner that night across the prairie, he took Eaton to a favernsecured the assistance of two men to guard our efforts to disabuse the public mind have him, and put up for the night. About 11 o'clock, the prisoner having procured a pistol If our strange correspondent, "D. K." will by some means unknown, presented it to the put it into our power, by giving us any clae who was in bed sprung out, and endeavored to his residence, or how we can put him in to secure the door; but was struck by Eaton,

ing his object. The house being surrounded BOOKS! by Eaton's friends, he was carried off in tri- DOOK of Mormon for sale, wholesale and umph and the officer was mocked. And D retail, price \$1 single copy, \$10 per doz: this is Holy Nauvoo, residence of Gov. Fords extra binding, Pocket book fashion, for the peaceful saints .- Warsaw Signal.

NOTICE.

A man by the name of Tylestincoln, who was baptized into the church of Jesus Christ ed, and are hereby authorised to act as agents of Latter Day Saints, by Freeman Nickerson, for the Messenger and Advocate. in the city of Boston Mass. in the fall of 1842 is requested to address S. G. Flagg, Pittsburgh Post office, that his residence may be known.

POETRY.

APOSTACY OF THE CHURCH.

Zion lies waste, and thy Jerusalem, O Lord, is fall'n to utter desolation; Against thy prophets and thy holy men, The Sin hath wrought a fatal combination, Profaned thy name, thy worship overthrown, And made Thee, living Lord, a God unknown.

Thy powerful laws, thy wonders of creation, Thy word Incarnate, glorious heaven, dark hell, Lie shadow'd under man's degeneration, Thy Christ still crucified for doing well: Impiety, O Lord, sits on thy throne, [known. Which makes Thee, living Light, a God un-

Man's superstition doth thy truth entomb. His atheism again her pomp defaceth; Sin earthly, sensual, devilish, doth consume What was thy church, thy present church dis-

There lives no truth with them that were thine Which makes Thee, living Lord, a God unknown.

Yet unto Thee, Lord, mirror of transgression, We, who for carthly idols have forsaken Thy heavenly image, sinless, pure impression,

And so in nets of vanity been taken, —All penitent implore that to thine own, Lord, thou no longer live a God unknown.

Yet, Lord, let Israel's plagues not be eternal, Nor sin forever cloud thy sacred mountains; Nor, with false flames, spiritual, but infernal, Dry up thy mercy's ever springing fountains Rather, sweet Jesus, fill up time, and come To yield the Sin her everlasting doom.

A PARABLE.

There were two men, both dwellers in one town, The one was mighty, and exceeding rich In oxen, sheep, and called the field;
The other poor having nor oxy nor ealf.
Nor other cattle save one little lamb, [hand; Which he had brought and nourished by the every month, by And it grew up and fed with him and his, And ate and drank as he and his were wont, And in his bosom slept, and was to live As his own daughter, or his dearest child.

There came a stranger to the wealthy man; And he refused and spared to take his own,

And dressed it for the stranger in his house.

BOOKS!! BOOKS!!! convenience of travelling Elders, \$1.50.

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E. Robinson, Publisher, Post Paip, or they will not receive attention.

LATURE DAY SAINUS

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, FEBRUARY 15, 1845.

No. 8.

THE PURPOSES OF GOD. (Continued from page 101.

No one, we think, in any good degree ac habitable globe, and beheld all nations, on all quainted with the writing of the holy prophets the face of the earth, in one general scene of and apostles can doubt but that before the confusion, consternation, and dismay, and coming of the Savior their will be commotions threatening a complete ruin to the whole hulamities will not coase till the Savior comes, put an end to death, and him who had the forth by the sacred writers

There was perhaps no period of the world when there was so general a peace among the prophets have left on record, as the result of nations, nor at any time in the history of the their inquiries before the Lord, in searching world, when there was a greater disposition what or what manner of time the spirit that among the various nations to cultivate peace was in them did signify, when it testified bewith one another than there is at the present fore hand the sufferings of Christ and the time, still the writings of the prophets and glory that shall follow.

apostles are in their books recorded for all to

Then, indeed, if there ever were a period of look upon, and he who believes them must be the world when revelation was needed, it is lieve that the present order of things at no re-lat the period just preceding and during the mote period will change, and this state of pro-lume of these calamities; and if there is any found peace will by and by change into a state reliance to be placed on the prophecy of of war and bloodshed never before known, and Daniel, we are authorized to expect that God if so there must be a time and a place where will, and that in view of these events, reveal these wars will begin, and a country from himself to man; for how can the God of whence they will eminate.

tion was needed we are surely approaching it, and particularly one of the character that for notwithstanding the general peace which Daniel says he will. One that shall be able reigns, there are fearful apprehensions of what to stand in the midst of all these scenes of is laying in futurity, when we reach the place horror, dissolution, and general overthrow of all is laying in futurity, when we reach the place horror, dissolution, and general overthrow of all in the world's history. Even now there are the nations of the earth, and be able to stand discontents reigning in the minds of the peotithe advent of the Savior, which shall put an ple in almost if not all the nations of the earth end to all pations on all the face of the earth our own country has her fearful anticipations and after the Savior's advent stand forever.—arising, not from the interference of other had after the Savior's advent stand forever.—tions, but from her own citizens, her sectional Every intelligent reader of prophecy must interests and her political animosities and research the kingdom here spoken of by Daniel ligious aspirants—one party watching another was one that was to be set up after the downwith great jealousy. We, too, have our slaves fall of the Roman empire, and not one that was and our masters, the master watching the leaf up at the commencement of the Cæsars. and our masters, the master watching the set up at the commencement of the Cæsars, slave and the slave watching the master, and the time of the Savior's first advent. and yet another party watching both.

among them, the peasant and lord, the serfs for the world is the fact that the God of and czas, one groaning under oppression, and heaven will set up a kingdom, and, through the other wallowing in luxury and excess, all that, save to himself a people, that the earth

what is called the civilized world through the the reveal himself, that these things may come glass of prophicy, I oked down the stream of to pass. That he has not revealed himself to time until these elements of discord and causes the spiritual wife men, needs no comment from of discontent, burst forth into convulsions, like us! Did the Lord ever tell apy people that

a vulcano from the bowels of the earth, and spread their desolating fury over the whole and bloodshed, and sword, and pestilence, man family, and ere the effusion of blood was stalk abroad on the earth, and that these ca-stayed, Jesus, the Lamb of God appeared to and that all the conversions that can be made power of death, and still the world into silence; by either saints or sinners, cannot alter the and silence the clanger of arms among the nacase nor bring the Savior at any other time or tions, and to restore order and peace to the under any other circumstances than those set earth, and establish his reign in righteousness over all nations.

Such are the facts which the apostles and

heaven set up a kingdom, as Daniel said he Now, if ever there was a time when revelad would, unless he reveals himself to some body,

If we can rely with confidence on what Every nation and every people in the civi- Daniel and the other prophets have said, there lized world have the elements of discord is a period yet-future, that the only hope left portends future events of vast moment and should not be left as in the morn of creation, fearful consequences.

The prophets, in reviewing the changes in Ged made known his will? and to whom will

got out of the church who did not believe in and, take either horn of the dilemua, and we the plurality wife system, then, he said, that think Mr. Marks is not very good authority. system would conquer the world.

the believers in it a hatred to the very idea of poses of God, nor make true or false the words the prophecies of the Old and New Testament of the holy prophets and apostles of Jesus; ever being fulfilled. They laugh and scoff at neither has the hiblical student any thing to it, call it insanity. A notable instance of this do with the opinions of such unstable men: took place in Nauvoo last fall, when we de For, unstable as water, such men cannot prelivered an address upon this subject. Some vail. days afterwards the "Lion of the Lord" Th mounted the rostrum and laughed and scoffed stances were to immediately precede the comat the idea about battles being fought, and ing of the Savior This question, we think, their papers have teemed with it ever since is forever settled with as much certainty as the But Peter fold the world long ago that in the fact of his coming can be. So false prophets last days there would be mockers and scoffers, may scoff, and ignorant corrupters laugh, but saying where is the promise of his coming, for after all their folly, if ever the Savior comes it to deny that the Savior is coming at the time will be after great battles are fought, and while of great political commotions, which shall pre-bloody conflicts are desolating the world. vail throughout the whole earth, and at the time of awful and bloody battles, and that importance as to call forth the energies of these will immediately precede his coming is prophets and apostles for a series of years, in fact to deny the promise of his coming, for amounting in number to thousands. the promise of his coming was predicated on all the prophets and apostles that God ever inthe existence of the political commetions and spired in this world have spoken of these bloody wars that should exist at the time, and things, as things of the most eternal consefor a long time previous to his coming. These quence of any others that have or ever will are the specious things that Mr. Marks says transpire on this globe,, and can only be terdeceived him, and he informs the public that minated by the personal interference of the he is convinced that the spiritual wife system son of God himself, must have a place and a is the system that is to prepare the way of the time of beginning, and we have ventured and Savior's coming, or at least he says he is con-will now venture a prediction in relation to vinced that the twelve were the persons to lead them. That is, that these last of wars, that the church. Now this said Mr. Marks did will never end until the Savior comes, will say to us, while at Nauvoo, that the spiritual commence on this continent, and in the bosom wife system was increasing, and to use his of this republic; and that the seeds of the disown words, he said, "the twelve were going union out of which they will grew are now it with a rush;" and that no person could live sown. leave the world to judge, but if he is to be war one with the other, and it crease in vioorder of heaven. to this we have the following reasons to think nity to avenge themselves of injuries they tion of going, but afterwards went. On our from their present condition. arrival he said to us that he had been praying To a careful reader of the prophecies, there to his God, and that God had revealed to him is evidently some things said which seem to

sleeping with their neighbor's wives and that we were to lead the church, and that he daughters, and their neighbors sleeping with had made a solemn covenant with God, that their wives and daughters, had any thing to if no other person stood by us he would. This do with preparing the way of the Savior's he told us without our making any pretentions coming. But this is the result of the disco-whatever, for we never made, any. Now if veries made by these spiritual wife men, and all this were true, then Mr. Marks has put at by this system they calculate to conquor the defiance the expressed will of God, and vioworld, or at least they say so, as one of their lated a solemn covenant he made with him, oldest men declared, in Boston, that when all and if it is not true he told us a base falsehood, But Mr. Marks believing and unbelieving, This system has produced on the minds of saying and unsaying, does not alter the pur-

The great question at issue is, what circum-

These scenes, which are of such weighty

at Nauvoo unless he did embrace that system. This nation will, at a period now future, di-How good authority Mr. Marks is we must vide into parties, and these parties will go to credited, he has gravely told the world that lence until the government will loose its power, the spiritual wife system is true, and the true and the country be a scene of confusion and To this we have no object bloodshed. Party against party, and district tion if Mr. Marks wishes to prostitute his against district, until all peace and good order wife and daughter and himself also, to pre-will depart to return no more until the God of pare the way of the Savior's coming, it is heaven shall take the power into his own hands. surely his right to do so. But, to do justice This republic has a nation laying on her westo the females of his family, we do believe he tern border, with whom nevery good feelings never will get their to submit. In addition exist, and that nation only wants an opportuthe said Mr. Marks is not good authority. He claim to have sustained. In addition, there is wrote letters to us at Pittsburgh soliciting us yet another pation of colored people in the to repair to Nauvoo, before we had any inten south, who would glidly deliver themselves

suit the condition of these two nations, and none others. In Micah 5: 8, we have the commands us to organize his kingdom, that following saying: Jacob shall be among the Gentiles, in the midst from one end of heaven to the other before and of many people, as a lion among the beasts of during the time of these desolations, decreed the forest, as a young lion among the flocks of upon the whole earth, that he may establish sheep: who, if he go through both treadeth them in righteousness before him, that the prodown and teareth in pieces, and none can de-mise to Abraham may be fulfilled, and his seed

there are some people among whom a remnant though there is an end made of all other naof Jacob shall pass, and whom they shall de tions, the promise to Jacob was, that there solate. And also there is some people who should not be an end of him. will fall a prey to these servants, and all these These convulsions, hefore they close, will things are to take place if we examine the have made an end of all the nations of the whole connection closely among the things earth, not one shall be left, the kingdom of preparatory to the finishing the work with the God alone, and that before the desolation nations, and bringing in the redemption of ceases, will be larger than any one nation on Israel.

When, then, shall these sayings of the prophts be fulfilled; and who are the people which we are organizing the kingdom of God. among whom a remnant of Jacob shall go and as directed by the revelation of Jesus Christ. lay waste, and none be able to deliver out of their hands. The Book of Mormon says this remnant of Jacob are the Indians on our western border, but merely states the fact, without making known any of the circumstances under of our Savior in the fifteenth chapter of Luke. which it is to be done.

In relation to this matter we venture the pre-diction that those western natives as they are church preach on the prodigal son, 11-32 called, will fulfill this prophecy, and that on to a very crowded house. the inhabitants of this republic to the letter, pose he explained it? I thought at that time it and at a time when this nation has no power was illustrated very correctly. to deliver herself. At a time when she has was the Jews, and the prodigal son was the ruined herself with her intestine broils, and Gentiles; but since I have been baptized for when party is raised and at war with party, the remission of my sins and thereby receivand there will be mone to deliver out of their ing the gift of the Holy Ghost according to and will come on this nation, and the remnant understand these parables in a more correct of a mighty nation, that the prophets calls a and true sense. I have not received a college remnant of Jacob, will rise up in their strength education, as the bishop above spoken of. and lay the country waste, and will not cease but I depend on the spirit of God to lead and until the great God shall take them in hand guille me into all truth; to undertand what I himself, and stop them by a people which he have spoken and what I read, I will now

riah concerning the slaves will be fulfilled on plicity and delicateness in every part but for this republic, and that during the times of the its adaptation to the subject which it was depolitical contentions that shall make this na-signed to illustrate, and for the severity of the tion a scene of blood. will rise in their strength, and their masters had murmured against Jesus; because he aswill fall a prey to them, and they will unite sociated with publicans and sinners. Some with the Indians, and no power will be able parts of the parable will be better understood to deliver out of their hands till the Lord shall and appear with more force, if we take notice cause them to be subdued unto himself. And of those customs on which they were founded. thus shall the wars begin, that shall never the younger son required of his father the porcease until the Savior comes. From this nation of goods that belonged to him and the tion they will spread among all the nations of father readily bestowed them upon him; it the earth, and rage from nation to nation, and has been an immemorial custom in the east. from kingdom to kingdom, until all nations for sons to demand and receive their portion of shall be gathered to Jerusalem according to the inheritance during the father's life time, the words of the prophets, and fight the deci- and the parent however aware of the dissipat-

It is in view of these events that the Lord "And the remnant of through that he may collect together his saints saved, and inherittheir land for an everlasting If we are at liberty to belive the prophets possession, never again to be thrown down, for

this earth.

Such are a few of the events, in view of SIDNEY RIGDON.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

MR. EDITOR: SIR:-In reading the parable it brought to my rememberance a sermon that How do you sup-That such a time as above is coming Peter, Acts 2, 38th verse, it gives me to will raise up for that purpose, and thereby write a little concerning the parable.

Save the nation from a complete overthrow.

We again say that the prophecy of Zecha-ful parables in the bible, not only for its sim-

The slaves in the south reproof which it administered to those who sive battle called by Ezekiel the battle of Gog ed inclination of the child could not legally reand Magog, at which time the Savior will fuse to comply with the application, accordting to historical writers. The design of the subject to a heavy fine.

simmediately departed unto a far courry and the common joy. At this moment the elder self to a citizen, in that country who put him strikes his ear, he sees the inmates engaged to the meniel employment of teeding swine in the lively dance, he calls one of the sergarded as a great defilement to eat swine's any other member of the household exflesh, it must therefore have been deemed pecting to communicate the same joy to the the husks the swine ate, his extreme misery sound. is not reviled, he is not reproached by the far from this he is angery, and will not go in. great way off, and recognizing his long lost the sinner into power. The elder son thinks his neck and kisses him. The son comment no mercy. His father appears. Let us see ces the penitential confession which he had how he manages his case before his parent; previously resolved to make; but the father in-terrupts him, the best robe is put upon him as neither transgressed 1 at any time thy comin long robes. Luke 20: 46 The martyrs, but as soon as this thy son (not my brother) by way of honor, are said to have white robes was come, which hath devoured thy living given to every one of them. Rev. 6. And the with harlots, thou hast killed for him the fatviand that could be served; music and dancing any thing wroung. This is his opinion of were signs of honor likewise, himself; but what is the fact? He is now

The object of this parable was the same openly violating his father's commands; who with that of the two first in the chapter, with requires him to love his neighbor as himselt; this addition, Jesus here introduced the char-he hates his brother, and is angry because the acter of the pharisees, and under the figure of father, more merciful than himself, has received the elder son he exhibited it stripped of all its him into favor! why did he never think to deception. The circumstance that called forth complain before! not a word of fault previousthe three parables in Luke 15 should not helly to this had even fallen from his lips; the forgotten; when the publicans and sinners fact is, he never saw any reason to complain drew near to Jesus to listen to his instructions. until others were treated as well as himself. and he did not forbid them, the scribes and so long as he enjoyed his fathers bounty alone, the strongest terms, and murmured even that sin, he felt contented, and happy; but the mo-In the parables of the lost sheep, and stithe producal, then he is a gry, and will not go piece of allver, Jesus illustrated the propriety in. This was the real disposition of the pharthey were as righteous as they judged them loccase he received stances and ate with them. selves to be, there was no reason why he verse 2. Let us examine the case of this cla need of any assistance from him. In the par-father never gave him a kid that he should able vefore us, by painting in a masterly manmake merry with his friends. What! is this
mer the misery into which sin plunged mankind; he showed them that sinners were obthe children? verse 12, did not the father say
jects of pity, not of scorn, and by contrasting son thou art ever with me, and all that I have
the hatred and anger of the elder son, with the thin? The father closes the the joy felt by all the rest of the family at the scene by asserting the propriety of his con-

law was to protect the child from ill treatment prodigals return, he developed in the clearest on the part of the father; but if it could be light the misanthropic disposition of the pharshown that the child had seperated from the isees. The parable is carried along with great paternal mansion without just cause, he was judgment, until the repentant son has mingeled with the family, and music, feasting, The young mana, fter receiving his portion, and dancing, are put in requisition to denote waisted his substance in riotous living; he be-son who represented the pharsees, is introduc-gan to be in want, and went and joined him ed; he draws night o the house, the music

No Jew could see greater degradation than vants and inquires what these things mean. this among people of that nation, it was re-The servant, as full of joy unquestionably as more dishonorable and odious to be engaged in inquirer, tells him that his brother has retirmthe employment of feeding these animals.—ed, and that his father hath killed the fatted He would fain have satisfied his hunger with calf; because the hath received him sale and Now mark the pharisee, is he pleasinduced him to form the resolution to returned? does he rush into the house and seize his to his fathers house. Mark the young man's brothers hand, and bathe it in tears of bless, reception, his follies and sins are forgotten, he that he finds himself unable to surpress? no, father; but the utmost demonstrations of joy What is the matter? what excites his anger? are made at his arrival; the father sees him a only this, the father hath seen fit to receive son, he rushes out to meet him and falls on sinners ought to be cast off, and experience a sign of honor. It was so regarded by the mandment, and yet thou never gavest me a Jews; thus the proud scribes desired to walk kid, that I might make merry with my friends; redeemed are clad in the same manner. Rev. ted calf. Here the selfrighteousness of the 7. 9, 13, 14. A fatted calf was the riches pharisees is conspicuous. He had never done

pharisees expressed their astonishment in and the produgal was far away suffering in he should receive sinners, and eat with thein ment the father shows the least kindness to of his conduct, and convinced the pharisees of asees. Why did they murmer against Christ; should seek their society, as they stood not in der son a little more closely; he says, his

It was meet that we should make mer-expression "that it is almost insupportable" if ry and be glad, for this thy brother was dead God be for them? why the desponding expresand is alive again, and was lost and is found. sion "that it is better to make Nauvoo a com-If the pharisees to whom these parables mon sepulchre, or burying ground than submit

which was here so adroitly administred. We cannot fail to remark that every thing that the duty which Joseph confered upon in this parable is calculated to have an excellent influence on morals, every thing encoura-that requires direct Revelation to enable them ges virtue and discountenances vice. So we to perform and carry on successfully. may say of out Lord's parables in general; on to enable them to counteract the combined efall occasions, whenever he was speaking in forts of the world, that are now directed afigure, or without; the direct tendency of his gainst them. "Joseph," say the twelve "laid instructions was to induce love to God and the burden of the church upon us, and no man love to man-to foster tender emotions of pity shall take it away." compation, and charity to beget humility Alas we see now what poor human nature and meekness in the heart to discountinance is, when left to itself. - Now proud, now vounpride, ostentation, hypogrist, arrogance, and ting-and yet how weak. P. P. Pratt, in his and hatred. In fine, on such a moral teacher proclamation, boasts that they will cause as Jesus the world will never look again. kings to bow down and worship. Yet in a For his knowledge of the human heart, for his few days after we hear the doleful lament, wisdom in difficult circumstances, for the sim that the burden is almost insupportable. plicity and true sublimity of his parables, for Brethren what servant of Jehovah, under the his power to expose wickedness before the influence of the Holy Ghost ever yet said that eyes of those who practised it, for the influence the duty assigned him was a hard one? The of his instructions, and above all his life it world at large would respond if the question self, our Lord stands and ever must stand un-was put, we have no such record. rivalled throughout allthelworld! Reader, you

this age of the world, who murmer at every faith and ask direction of God the Father, and

earth. Men may mock and scoff; but the day portable. is not far distant when they will quake with Brethr J. McD.

For the Messenger and Advocate. THE SAINTS THROUGHT let us then bear in mind and feel very deeply \mathbf{ALL} THE WORLD.

DEARLY BELOVED BRETHREN;

I preceive by the Nauvoo papers of the 15th of Jan. 1845, that all to relieve the condition of the people in Nauis confusion among the officers of the church, voo. Let this question sink deep in the heart in consequence of the Charter of the city of of every one, for we are called upon to love held by the citizens of Hancock co., setting once held communion with us, but who now forth their belief that the various depredations refuse the counsel of the Lord, who have calthat have been perpetrated upon their proper-led us by every bad, wicked and vulgar name ty at different times, have been committed by that an extensive slang vocabulary can funish, the Mormons; or the community of persons but my brethren we must be guided by the bearing the name of Latter Day Saints, living pure and unalloyed principles of love. in and about the city of Nauvoo.

ist if God be for them? why all this fear and saint like meekness. If the exhibition of mal alarm if God be for them? why the sinking ice and angery feelings on the part of ou

were originally delivered, had any sensibility, to lose their charter?" if God our Heavenly they must have felt the force of the rebuke Father be for them who can be against them? Alas! alas!! much I fear that they begin to feel

This is an overwhelming and melancholy will see that we have shown that Jesus had proof that they have not got the gift of "Rev-reference to the pharsees and not to the Jews elation." That they are not able any longer and Gentiles. There are many pharisees in to look to Jesus in the exercise of the true

thing that is contrary to their own creed. If hear the Heavens respond my children, thy you have not obeyed the ordinances of the prayers are heard, go therefore and thou shalt gospel of Jesus Christ, I hereby call on you prevail. Alas it is evident that they look toin the name of Jesus Christ'to attend to it be ward heaven where all is a blank to themfore it is too late, for I do now testify to you they look around and every thing wears a porthat the God of heaven has commenced a work tentious, dark and dreadful appearance-and now in this our day, which cannot be put this wrings from them the awful acknowledgedown; until the knowledge of God fill the ment, that the state of things is almost insup-

Brethren how much need have we to pray fear, and tiemble at the mighty and powerful for Zion and her stakes-for if Nauvoo has things that God will pour out upon the wick-fallen from the lofty position that she once occupied, it is no more than what we also may do, If we are not careful to remember that Jehovah never issues contradictory commands,

humble before God to think of the cry of dis-

tress that now proceeds from Nauvoo. Brethren is there nothing that can be done Also, there are numerous meetings all men, more especially to feel for those who

ger must not be allowed to dictate to us, for Brethren why should all this confusion ex- we are commanded to bear all things, with

brethren, takes away from them their beauty more than God, is now behind the vail powerand excellence of christian character, so also less, he speaks no more, they pray but receive it would take away from us, if we presume to no answer to benefit them; the weight of rail upon them in return, or make use of any church affairs presses heavily upon them evexpression of joy at their unhappy state of cir-iry day, as they say, by foes within and withthis?—permit me to repeat one of the most im-which they have no remedy—no more do portant recommendations in the sacred written hear the southing voice of Revelation. ing, viz: "know thyself," from this we learn As I said in a former article I say again, that we are to study our own natural temper. Oh that they were wise! I will say now, Oh ment or condition, which if we do, then we that they would be counseled by the man whom are able to watch effectually the law of our they have rejected, that they might obtain formembers which is continually warring against giveness from the God of Heaven. There is the law of the mind. Now if we perfectly one thing certain, that unless they obtained the understand the different laws, by which we forgivness and favor of heaven, that all the are governed, and yet feel that we are not able powers of hell will exert themselves and that to control them, then let us ask of God who successfully against Nauvoo. They have algiveth to all men liberally. Celestial wisdom ready felt that they are not able to convince will aid us, and enable us to do and perform the people of the surrounding neighbourhood, all things that God requires. Not by any that they are not guilty of the things laid to means removing from us any of the laws by their charge, and as the difficulty increases, which we are governed, but by enabling us to what is there, but the intelligence of heaven find new and greater beauties in other and can avert it. more lofty spheres of usefulness, so that the

into the presence of God, unless some kin-of peace: Amen. dred spirit more obedient, having his heart filled with love, should be found to teach us the way of life; but this will never be done, if we receive not a more obedient spirit, a more living and pure spirit, than has characterized our Nauvoo brethren. Let then the fate of Nauvoo and the very circumstances which have tended to produce it, strengthen your minds. of the Spirit of life, which is in Christ Josus uncertainty, disturst, and fear.

Brethren in a former number I stated that the Trumpet gave an uncertain sound in the city of Nauvoo, their own acknowledgements To the Editor of the Messenger and Advocate. show that they do not know how to go forth DEAR BROTHER:-Having a desire to comso the battle. Joseph, on whom they relied municate intelligence to my fellow man, I a

Brethren how shall we remedy ou; these, brethren, are sources of difficulty for

Having made these remarks, I leave the law of our members is absorbed and used up the subject for the present, and may the God in the exercise of our mind under the direction of mercy, if it be possible and consistent with of the law of the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus. divine purposes, open their eyes to see their Brethren as this is the happy result of obe- error; and may we all feel how essential it is dience to the commandments of God, so we to hunt after those who have lost their way, see that if we refuse to follow the guides of and are without revelation, issuing like a pure heaven, and live by every word that proceed-and constant stream to refresh the weary traveth out of the mouth of God; so then we have eller, that we, and all whom God the father to suffer in the flesh all that the flesh is heir to shall see fit to call, may richly receive of this in this life; and carry with us the seal of con-demnation to the grave, then bear it with us est prayer with you, my brethren, in the bond

We make the following extract from a private letter, received from Nauvoo.

Nauvoo Jan. 25th 1845,

E. Robinson, Esq.

Dear Sir:- *

Let us blend our hearts—let us pray earnest down hill very fast, property has been falling ly for wisdom, that if possible, we may be down hill very fast, property has been falling able to plead and reason with them against the lever since you left, and I do not know how it able to plead and reason with them against the learn he much lower. The Legislature is about Nauvoo appears to be going course they are pursuing; and then snatch can be much lower. The Legislature is about course they are pursuing; and then snatch from the power of Satan those whom he delights to hold in bondage. This will, perhaps, seem hard to some of the followers of the twelve, that we should think them deceived; but what inference shall we draw, when we see that already, not only have they departed from the commands and revelations of the church, but are now about to adopt means to resist the law of these United States and the State of Illinois; seeming to prefer wholesale death by the adoption of the law of for my own part I wish I were in Pittsbugh wholesale death by the adoption of the law of for my own part I wish I were in Pittsbugh the flesh, than to have deliverance by the law or any where else than in this place, as all is

Yours, &c.

you at the same time, have no objections to insertines few lines in your valuable periodical. It is with feelings of love towards my fellor mention.

It was through the principle of revelation or intelligence, they were in possession of hat which enabled them to lay down their few words on the principle of revelation, or in lives for the cause that they had espoused. telligence.

power is not limited to any particular nation, tains, clad in sheep skins and goat skins, be known, and see ashe is seen.

Let any humble, contrite, man or woman embrace the plan that God has laid down and family were saved; and all who dispised they will, most assuredly, receive the spirit revelation or intelligence perished. which will communicate revelation upon reve-then was a temporal salvation to Noah and lation, it matters not how low their circumstan-his family, while all those who dispised reveces may be, it will make the beggar happier lation were distroyed. than the king on his throne. Let a man receive the Spirit of revelation, and it will ham, that caused him to leave his kindred. make him as bold as a lion, he will have no and go to a strange land which should afterfear of man. He will mount up as on eagle's wards be given to him, and his seed after him. wings; there can nothing be kept from him; for an everlasting inheritance. he is able to soar above all things, he is able were great blessings put on the head of Abrato understand the designs of God in futur ham; all the families of the earth should be time.

2: 9, that it is written that eye hath not seen. In revelation; again Lot who was a believer nor ear heard, neither hath it entered into the in revelation, was warned by two angels that heart of man, the things that God hath laid up the Lord intended to destroy the cities of Sodfor them that love him. In verse 10, he om and Gomorrah; and because he believed them; but by what way did he make them a temporal salvation; while all who dispised I answer by the spirit of revelation, revelation perished in the overthrow. He also informs us, that the spirit they received searched into all things, yea, the things of Joseph, who was sold to the Ishmalites for God. Hear then is the blessing of revelation. twenty peices of silver, and was taken into The intelligent mind is able to grow and exp Egypt, afterwards was sold to an officer of pand until it is able to comprehend all things Pharach's, and he was cast into prison, by the visible, or invisible, is able to stretch into the lalse accusation of his mistress, and although unseen world, and is able to understand as within the walls of a dungeon, God was with God understands. It is through man's being him, and according to the account Pharach in possession of that spirit that makes him king of Egypt, had two dreams. like his maker.

ing of our Lord Jesus Christ. Notwithstand-have told the tale. ing the many times he had been beaten with stance of temporal salvation, and it was rods. Notwithstanding he had been stoned in ough revelation. In fact we might view and been in perils of water, in perils of rob-the bible from Genesis to Revelations and fill bors, in perils of his own countrymen, and of volumes with accounts to the same effect, all heathen, and in the wilderness, and among shewing the necessity of revelation, but I false brethren. In hunger and colds, and na trust the few remarks here made will have the

vail myself of the opportunity, hoping that kedness, and other things, too numerous to

It was through the principle of intelligence believe that the peace and happiness of the which they had, which was superior to all human family depend entirely on revelation.-- others that caused them to suffer imprisonment The apostle Paul informs us, in Romans 1st and dungeons, chains and fetters of iron, and 16th, that the gospel of Christ is the power of martyrdom. It was their superior intelli-God unto salvation to every one that believeth. ger ce, that caused them to wander in caves, it seems, from the apostle's reasoning, that this and in dens of the earth, on rocks and mountongue, or people, Jew or Gentile, bond, or ing destitute and afflicted. It was by virtue In the 17 verse he informs us, that in of their religion, that they received revelations the gospel the righteousness of God is Reveal-from time to time, that increased their faith, ed; he conveys the idea that whoever em that they were enabled to converse with Jehobodies that system or order of things or Gos-vah, face to face, as a man speaks to his friend. pel, that they shall receive revelation upon We read that Enoch walked with God three revelation until they know God, as he is hundred years and his faith became so strongthat God took him.

It was through revelation-Noah and his It was by revelation from the Lord to Abra-

blessed in him: how was it that he received The apostle Paul informs us, in 1st Cor. such blessings? I answer because he believed says that God had made them known unto in revelation, he escaped, another instance of

who was a believer in revelation, was called The apostle Paul had so much intelligence, upon to reveal or make known the interpreby the scirit of Revelation that he exclaimed ration thereof which proved to be true, had it the affliction of this life, which he had to sub not have been that he believed in revelation, fer, was not to be compared with the glory or what would have been the consequence, famintelligence, that is to be revealed at the com-me, and dessolation, and few or none left to Here then was another in-

desired effect, for the time would fail me to would and seek a place-of safety and refuge. and of Jephthae, of David, and Samuel; and it will be too late. abled to subdue kingdoms, work righteous ing on the Gentile world. He imforms us, necs. obtain promises, stop the mouths of li-in Duteronomy, 30: 1-7, that it shall comemerous to mention.

man who will obey its requirements. It was come upon your enemies. the spirit of revelation that was in all the enemies of Isreal but the Gentiles? all the prophets have foretold, I would kindly who art thou that shall attempt to close the intreat all those who do not believe in levela-mouth of Jehovah, and say you shall not tion, to cease to raise their puny arm against speak any more? Dost thou know thou art the Lord, and his anointed. If you desire to holding a book in thine own hand, that reveals know the truth of these things, search the the destiny of the Gentile world? and because scriptures, enter into your closet, pray unto the Lord is making known these things unto the Lord day and night to make known unto thee that thou mayest escape the judgments you his will, for if the bible is true—if the which are coming on the earth, and be saved prophets testified correctly the Lord has one of in the kingdom of God; thou art fighting athe greatest works to perform that has ever gainst thy God, and saying we will not have been prepared since the creation of man. The any more revelation. Awake O ye kings, accomplished in the latter day? Answer, it is the Son of God at his second advent. lasting gospel to preach to all nations; mark rest that remains for the people of God. the latter part of the proclamation which was Nours in the bond of to fear God and give glory to him, for the hour of this judgments has come, According to the testimony of Luke 21: 24, 25, Jesus fore Etells the distruction of Jerusalam, by the For the Messenger and Advocate. Gentiles, and says that the Gentiles shall have Six Mile Ferry Mifffin Tp. Jan. 20, 1845. power over them, until the time is fulfilled; MR EDITOR Sir I am authoized by this and then mark what a change takes place. Branch to inform you that it is in a prosperous signs in the sun, moon, and stars—distress of condition and that we are receiving the mani-

earth will be in commotion; and what will be the situation of the wicked then? what will the

tell of Gedeon, and of Barak, and of Samson from the distructions and dissolations but alas! also the prophets, whose faith by virtue of rev. Let us examine a little more, and see what elation became so strong that they were en. Mos s says about all this trouble, that is com-

ons, quenchithe violence of fire escape the edge topass when all the blessing and the curses is of the word, and many other things too nu-come upon thee, (Isreal) and thou shall call to mind, and return, and obey the voice of God. Indeed the doctrine of the bible holds forth according to all that I commanded thee, thy nothing but revelation, to every man or wo-captivity shall return, and all the curses shall And who are the But the saints of God, in all ages of the world, that day is coming when all their power shall be caused them to rejoice in looking down the done away; and he whose right it is to reign stream of time, till God would perform his shall come, and put all his enemies under his glorious work, it caused them to cry aloud, feet. I believe, from the above quotations, both day and night in the language of tri the reader may perceive that unless they obey umph, hail glorious day thou glorious rest of the gospel of Jesus Christ, and be partakers peace, when all creation's gronaing shall for-of the gifts of the Holy Ghost; con the gift ever cease! It was these things alone that of revelation, that they may know how to esmade the saints rejoice. When they looked cape the judgments of God; they must suffer to the latter days, when God would com-among the wicked. Who art thou O man mence to bring about the glorious work, which that shall raise thy voice against thy maker?

enquirer might ask the question, what kind of and queens, and princes, and noblemen, froma work do the prophets speak of that is to be your midnight slumber and prepare to meet the renewal of the Everlasting covenants; Awake O ye inhabitants of the earth, both even the fullness of the gospel, which is to go far and near, for the Lord has decreed distructo every anation to prepare the way for the tion upon the face of the whole earth; for you second coming of the Messiah, and also for are living in a day, the most eventful period the restoration of the house of Isreal from of time, that has ever been on the earth since there long disperssion. See Revelations 14; the creation of man. Therefore turn from 6, when John saw a time when an angel your evil ways, and obey the message that Je-would fly through the heavens with the ever sus has sent, that you may have part in that

the everlasting Covenant, JOSEPH PARSONS.

MR EDITOR Sir I am authoized by this nations—mens hearts failing them for fear; festations of the spirit of God. We have three for the powers of heaven shall be shaken—meetings in the week and well attended, there Jesus informs us, in the same chapter, that is a goodly number of the honest in heart in kingdom shall rise against kingdom—nation and around this place,—and many are believagainst nation; every man's hand-will be rais-ing-the harvest in this place is ripe. Coned against his fellow. It seems that the whole sequently laboures are wanted. JOHN FRAZER.

Minutes of a conference of a branch, of the dispisers of revelation do then 2 why, he church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints

held at the Six Mile Ferry Mifflin TP Pa Jan. 20th, 1845.

the following resolutions.

Resolved, That we no longer have confi dence in the twelve, nor their adherents knowing as we do, that they have been teaching and practising doctrines calculated to desroy should be found in conflict with their the church of God?

Resolved, That we put impicit confidence in President Sidney Rigdon, and acknowledge him the Prophet. Seer, and Revelator, to the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saint-

Resolved, That this branch be called the Six Mile Ferry branch of the church of Jesus Christ

of Latter Day Saints.

Resolved, That we feel it a duty encumbent on us to do all in our power to sustain the Latter Day Saints Messenger and Advocate. Resolved, That their be a book procured for the keeping of the record of this branch.

Resolved That a copy of these Minutes be published in the Messenger and Advocate. JOHN FRAZER, President.

JOHN MCDONALD, Clerk.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. FEBRUARY 15, 1845

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third person, containing mongy, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher 61)a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

"And again the duty of the president of the office of the high pristhood is to preside over the whole church, and to be like unto Moses. Behold, here is wisdom—yea, to be a seer, a revelator, a translator and a prophet; having all the gifts of God which he bestows upon the head of the church."—Book of Cov. §3, ¶42 and slander.

"We have to announce that Sidney Rigdon has been ordained a Prophet, Seer and Revelator."—Times and Seasons Page 431.

"By thy words thou shalt be justified, and by thy words thou shalt be condemned."-Matt. 12: 37.

On the 8th of August, 1844, at a special meeting of the church of Jesus Christ of Latasked the saints what they wanted. Do you want a guardian, a PROPHET, a spokesman or what do you want? If you want any of these effort to suppress all books, not approved by officers, signify it by raising the right hand the inquisitorial tribunal, and the express NOT A HAND WAS RAISED .- Times and Seasons, page 637.

"You are now without a prophet present with you in the flesh to guide you."—Brig ham Young's Apostolic Epistle, Times and Sea and estates of her devotees. The same libersons, Page 618.

"A church without a Prophet, is not the church for me.

Met at Elder John Frazer's. And adopted It has no head to lead it, in it I would not be: New York Prophet.

> What a surprising tendency exists in the nature of man, to avoid the face of truth, if it wishes, and altogether at variance with their proposed schemes of gratification.

Where is the man who will not profess his desire to obtain truth; and yet where, Oh! where, shall we find the man who is ready to sacrifice all at the shrine of truth? If a proposition, or the renunciation of a fact, is found to be in perfect accordance with their cherish. ed idol, and darling theory of happiness, well and good; there is no difficulty in receiving it. But if that truth should upset their self complacency, if their supposed righteousness should vanish before it, as the dew before the rising sun-what reason, what subterfuge, what quibling, what casnistry, is resorted to in order to resist its force; and rather than receive it at all, the subject is proscribed-banished, as far as may be from their attention; its bare mention has become odious and pain-

This is the present condition of the "Spiritaul Wife" fraternity. We have pointed out to them the truth. We have shewn them that the course which they have pursued has violated every principle of reason and revelation; and outraged common decency, and common sense. They have in return poured forth upon us atflood of sheer falsehood, malignity. We did not expect them to produce any argument, for the all sufficient reason-we knew they had none to give. Their position and their conduct were incapable of being sustained by argument. The only recourse left them was to place the ban of inter diction upon the subject, in conformity with papel, that precedent of "Holy Catholic" noter Day Saints, convened at the stand in the tority. Indeed the genius and spirit of the old city of Nauvoo, President Brigham Young "Mother of Harlots" has fully developed itself in her modern coadjutor. The vigorous mention of certain books not proper to be used. The same domineering, dictatorial assumption

al distribution of anathemas of damnation.—

laded it would seem as though the old Mo reports issuing from their presses. ther" had taken a "revised edition" like Par- reports the city is represented, in a most flourly and his proclamation-of her earthly embo. ishing condition. The dawning of a bright diment, and was about to start with more than day, they would have fain made the public her youthful vigor, upon a fresh theatre of believe, was just beginning to shed its rays action for the establishment of universal har-upon them. A moustrous dam was soon to lotry, and universal damnation, under the be put under construction, that was to cost, new order of "Spiritual wifeism."

live in the east, and have farms or other propelelf make a city, of the size of Nauvoo flourerty, which they wish to exchange for proper-lish? ty in Nauvoo, that there is now a good opper mechanical opperations, reported in their patunity to effect the exchange to good advan pers, would have made property in that city so favorable an opportunity.

fairs in that city, would be glad to avail them-exchanges, to great advantage. selves of any opportunity of changing their property, with any person, and in any part of __The only object these deceivers could the country; believing that Nauvoo is destin- have in filling their papers with the glorious ed to a speedy overthrow, and unless they future prospect of their city, was to prepare cangull somebody in the east, and by false rep-the way for this notice, and if possible gull resentations, get exchanges made, they will somebody who was not acquainted with the loose their all.

The true state of affairs in relation to that of a letter from a gentleman in Nauvoo, to his friend in this city. Property, in Nauvoo, is of merely nominal value. No man knows what will be its fate; but the worst can be an ticipated. There is, at this time, in that city, a fearful looking for of judgment to come .-No man acquainted with the true state of af fairs, could look for any thing but destruction. Surrounded by a large population, as hostile as human nature can feel, and as determinedly fixed in their purpose, to overthrow that city, as they could be to accomplish any ob-

property in that city but would gladly ex-in language too plain to be misunderstood, the change it, at what they call a fair rate, for depths of sin and iniquity into which men can property any where else. that the distant public are informed that prop-land been acquainted with the principles of the erty, in that city, can be obtained on exchan-kingdom of heaven, but have turned therefrom, ges for property in the east, on favorable terms. and "turned the grace of God into lascivious-

the reports of the trades meetings and other darkness, how great is that darkness!"

according to Egir own calculation, \$250,000 who does not know that such a work as that, The Nauvoo Neighbour informs those who would employ hundreds of hands, and of it-This in connection with their various

tage, and solicits them to avail themselves of of great value, and the owners would rather have it there, than in any portion of the east. Why this notice? the fact is, those owning ern country. But in the very dawn of this property in Nauvoo, well understanding the great prosperity, behold the people in the east present situation and portentious state of af are informed that property now can be had, on

The bubble of this great prosperity is burst real state of matters and things there.

That they ever had any intention of buildcity, will be found in this paper, in an extract ing a dam across any portion of the Mississippi, no man acquainted with the things as they exist could possibly believe; or that there was the least prospect of their various mechanical associations prospering. These operations were in view of obtaining sale or exchange for their property by deceiving some of their eastren friends, over whom they have influence.

Can any people prosper, who have to condescend to such trickery and yet say the Lord I leave the public to judge.

We have before us a copy of a pamphlet ject. An overwhelming majority, in the Leg-entitled, "History of the Trials of Elder John islature, bent on repealing their charters. In Hardy, before the Church of Latter Day their midst is poverty, want and much distress; Siints, in Boston, for slander, in saying that and their condition constantly growing worse. G. J. Alams, S. Brannan, and William Smith Under such circumstances, who that owns were licentious characters;" which sets forth No wonder then fall, who have once enjoyed the spirit of God, How does this notice, however tally with ness." "If that light which is in you become

The disclosures are heart-rending and aw-cinity, who never were members of the church, ful; but it is only the first chapter in the great soliciting him, in the strongest terms, to comebook of disclosures of the doings and enormi and make them a visit, as they called to mind, ties of many of the leaders of that sect, which with fond recollection, the many interesting are about to be published to the world. Our and profitable seasons of the past, which they Savior says, "there is nothing covered that had enjoyed in his society, and wished to reshall not be revealed; neither hid that shall new those friendly associations, with the good not be known. Therefore, whatsoever ye feeling, warmth, and arder of old acquaint have spoken in darkness shall be heard in the ances and friends. light; and that which ye have spoken in the ear in closets, shall be proclaimed upon the Our correspondents and friends will

house tops;" which will most assuredly be bear in mind to pay their postage, as we can-

speaking of the spiritual wives, it LET THEM post office which are not paid. We admire

abroad, throughout the world, be of good or otherwise, they have cheerfully paid the cheer, lift up your heads and rejoice, for the postage, but when they had any money to Lord our God reigneth; he is at work among send, have not cumbered their own letters with the children of men, like himself, and none can it, but have handed it to the post master, for stay his hand.

Young's

Brigham

light of the morning; it moves onward in delay. While on the other hand some of our power, in splendor, and in great magnificence friends, wishing to assist in the great cause, Our hearts are made glad almost daily, by the have written us a kind letter, and inserted a cheering intelligence from abroad. Scarcely dollar bill for the paper one year, and forwarda mail arrives but it brings us glad tidings of ed it without paying the postage. good from the honest, and the upright-those comes to hand there is fifty cents postage to who have embraced the truth for the truth's he paid, which we are compelled to charge to sake.

lihois, Indianna, several from Ohio, and Mas-they had handed the bill to the post master, sachusetts, New York, and Philadelphia, all he would have sent it without any cost to any breathing the same kind spirit of love and joy, one. Will our friends remember this? rejoicing in the fulness of the gospel of Jesus Christ, and in the liberty wherewith the Lord has made them free; and that they are deliwho would lord it over God's heritage.

PRESIDENT S. RIGDON,

Having received several pressing invitations from brethren and friends in Kirtland, your chair nearer the fire.

Ohio, (his former place of residence) to come Mr. D.—With the knowledge of the fact. Ohio, (his former place of residence) to come to that place, and lay before them the peaceable things of the kingdom of God, left this city Elder Samuel Bennett.

PROVE IT," to the contrary, notwithstanding, the course of some of our correspondents and agents, for their care and wisdom in this thing. We would say to our brethren and friends When they wished to write to us for the press him to forward to us free, according to law, The progress of the kingdom is like the when it always comes safe to hand, without

declaration not make it a point to take letters from the

the writer, or at least we cannot give him Since our last we have received communi-credit for any more than we receive, which in cations from the saints in Missouri, Iowa, Il-many instances is only fifty cents, whereas if

> INTERESTING DIALOGUE BETWEEN MR. S. AND W. D.

Mr. D .- I have long sought an opportunity vered from the unhallowed influence of those to converse with you freely, on the strange events of the last days. Are you disengaged at present?

Mr. S .- Perfectly so. It will give me pleasure to enter upon a subject which engages my attention so completely. Draw

that God has restored the fullness of the gospel to the world, and actually shed forth the gifts of the Holy Ghost, I am at a loss to defor that place, on Wednesday the 12th instant, lermine how those who have once tasted of the in good health and spirits, accompanied by good word of God, and felt the powers of the world to come environed as they were in their dispensation with such a cloud of wit-Directly after his departure a letter was received, signed by several gentlemen of high structive lessons which it contains—the standing and influence, of that place and vi-Book of Mormon, which the Lord declares.

contains the fulness of his gospel, and which teries and revelations were his only "until I, corroborates in such a remarkable manner the the Lord, shall appoint unto them another in uniformity of the dealings of God with the his stead.'

human family, and beyond all this the law of Mr. D.—It is evident that the idea of a re-God given to them, written and placed in their velator behind the vail, or a dead revelator is hands for their guidance and instruction that superlatively absurd and rediculous, and dithey might not eir in the way of eternal life, rectly at variance with that provision of the I cannot conceive how it should happen that a law of God to which you have referred; that people so circumstanced should be found in any case whether Joseph continued faithful slighting all these privileges, disregarding the or not; at his death another must take his authority of God, trampling under their feet place.

his law, destroying the organization of his church, and by their actions plainly saying, we revelations received through Joseph, when will not have him to reign over us.

of that perversity and folly, which have dis We are expressly told no other shall be aptingu shed the race. Though it is not diffi pointed to that office while he lives, if he is cult to understand how such a glaring apostacy faithful, and in another revelation: neverthehas been produced! There never was and less, turough you shall the oracles be given to there never will be but one cause of apostacy another; which is a plain internation that he —that is unbeli f. The scriptures plainly would forfeit his office and another should take teach us that all actions which is acceptable to it and receive the oracles for the church. God is the result of faith predicated on the Another strong intimation is given of the fact word of God. The whole ground of control in the same section, the 85th, where Sidney versy between God and the children of men Rigdon and F. G. Williams are declared equal-

ject the order of God entirely.

The Lord has always been made. The question naturally arises, will the seeking a people who will submit to be go Almighty suffer his word to fail? verned in all things by himself. day he has not found such a people. presided as a prophet, seer, and revelator, were had placed in such an important position? well pleasing in the sight of God so far and Mr. S.—They knew if they received him so long as they would submit to be governed their "spiritual wife" system would be ex-

by the principle of revelation. revelator of the church?

Mr. S .- He did profess to have received cal lesson this scene of things affords. portant relation to prevent deception. save Joseph Smith, until he be taken, that is Son Jesus Christ. Amen. power shall have departed from him at that of the last days. tion of a revelator to the church.

Mr. S .- It is not a little remarkable that the closely scanned actually predict the fact that

Mr. S.—It is truly a melancholy exhibition he should lose his office by transgression.

has consisted in this, that they would not be with Joseph in holding the keys of this last kingdom, for the salvation of Zion and the na-Mr. D.—You have stated the matter cor-tions of I-rael, that through your administra-But what surprises me most of all is tion they may receive the word, and through that a people, under the control of the spirit of their administration the word-may go forth ininspiration, should get so far wrong as to re to the ends of the earth, both unto the Gentiles and Jews. It is worthy of distinct remark Mr. S .- They never could depart entirely that Sidney Rigdon is the only individual now from God, while under the control of the spirit living on the earth to whom this promise is

Up to this -Mr. D.—I cannot entertain the doubt that e. We are he will. That places the matter in a very told in the last days such a people will be strong light. How could that people at Nau-found. The church over whom Joseph Smith voo have rejected the individual whom God

ploded, and obloquy and expulsion from the Mr. D .- Did not Joseph Smith profess to church would ensue. Their condition renderreceive a revelation authorizing himself and ed them desperate and reckless, and having others to have more wives than one, and this, lost the spirit of God they were ripe for any too, while standing as the prophet, seer, and enormity. Mr. D.—What a deeply instructive practi-

such a revelation, but he was not then stand more than I ever before realized the immense in the legal relation of a revelator to the importance of searching diligently the com-church. The written code of the Almighty mandments of God, and living rigidly by the Lawgiver has scrupulously gnarded this in-requirements of his law. How vain and fool-portant relation to prevent deception. The ish a creature is man. May God the eternal 14th section of the statutes of heaven declares father keep us by his grace, and guide us by that no other shall be appointed to that office, his spirit in the way everlasting, through his until he dies, if he abide in God. If he (Jo- There is no event more clearly predicted by

seph) should not so abide, another shall be the prophets and apostles than the awful deappointed through him to that office, and his fection which was to take place in the church The prophets are full of it, Whenever his successor was accompanied with surprising minuteness of appointed he ceased to stand in the legal rela-detail. The apostles determined the time, the The 51st place, and the circumstances, with all the grasection also enacts that the KEYS of the mys-phic particularity of eye witnesses.

men, in the last dispensation, the church are the sorcerer, shall have their part in that lake obedient; to adhere to the commandments or is the second death. Verily I say, that they "they shall be cut off." they were thus warned, "Wherefore, let the Is it any way surprising that a people who church repent of their sins, and I, the Lord, had disregarded these repeate warnings, adwill own them, otherwise they shall be cut monitions, and threatenings should be found off." Again, "Behold the Lord requireth the actually cast off and rejected with their dead heart and a willing mind; and the willing and To any one intimately acquainted with the obedient shall eat the good of the land of Zion condition of things existing at Nauvoo, and in these last days; and the rebellious shall be at the same time acquainted with the revelacut off out of the land of Zion, and shall be tions of God-the ground of wonder would be sent away and shall not inherit the land; for if they were not cut off and signally punished. verily I say that the rebellious are not of the Who could read the following extract, and blood of Ephraim, wherefore they shall be doubt what is coming: plucked out. Behold I the Lord have made "Verily, Verily, I say unto you, darkness my church in these last days, like unto a judge covereth the earth, and gross-darkness the sitting on an hill, or in an high place, to judge minds of the people, and all flesh has become the nations: for it shall come to pass, that the corrupt before my face! inhabitants of Zion shall judge all things per-cometh upon the inhabitants of the earth; a taining to Zion: and liars and hypocrites shall day of wrath; a day of burning; a day of be proved by them, and they who are not desolation; of weeping; of mourning and of aposites and prophets shall be known."

nously guarded. "Thou shalt love thy wife Mand upon my house shall it begin; and with all thy heart, and shall cleave unto her from my houseshall it go forth, saith the Lord. and none else; and he that looketh upon a wo-First among those among you saith the Lord; man to lust after her, shall deny the faith, and who have professed to know my name and shall not have the spirit." In full view of have not known me, and have blesphemed this remarkably couched command, of him against me in the midst of my house saith the who is eternal and unchangeable, what an as Lord." These very intounding fact presents itself. dividuals to whom this was given, teaching a plurality of wives, as indispensible to the and others remain with you; that hereaft reheir city was known, shall be revealed. Let uch beware and re. That there are a ful fears among themselves

in the eyes of the people. before, he that looketh on a woman to lust af ruin, and make them bear a full share of the ter her, or if a v shall commit adultry in their vil, that their corruptions have brought on hearts, they shall not have the Spirit, but shall themselves. Infatuated as the Jews, before deny the faith and shall fear: wherefore I the complete distruction came on them, the cry Lord have said that the fearful, and the unbe was the temple of the Lord the temple of the

In the revelations of God to the children of and maketh a lie, and the whoremonger, and repeatedly admonished to be watchful and which burneth with fire and brimstone, which As early as 1831, shall not have part in the first resurrection."

Behold, ve geance lamentation; and as a whirlwind it shall come The sin of adultery is particularly and omi-jupon all the face of the earth, saith the Lord.

THE MORMONS.

It is surprising to see the folly and madfulness of celestial glory, and multitudes pro-ness of this people, with ruin staring them in fessing to receive and covenanting to walk the face, and without one ray of hope, they are all their days by this command-absolutely attempting to make those, that they think are in the face of angels and their creator, as unacquainted with their true condition, be-though their covenant were a mere farce—re lieve that they will continue to build-up-the ceiving the hellish and outrageous principle, city; while their situation is fast approaching as a tenet of their faith, a doctrine of salvation, a condition of things, nearly resembling the and acting upon it as such. This, sir, is re-Missouri tragady, and with all the evidence peatedly and emphatically mentioned; we that any people could have, that both them will quote another passage: "Wherefore I and their city are distined to an overthrow, the Lord am not pleased with these among endevaoring to get others into the same scene you, who have sought after signs and wonders of desolation with themselves, as though they for faith, and not for the good of men unto my were determined to make the ruin as extensive glory: nevertheless, I give commandments as possible. It would seem, with them, that and many have turned away from my com-the old saying "that misery loves company," mandments, and have not kept them. There is being fulfilled to the letter, or surely, they were among you adulterers and adultresses; would warn all their friends, if they have any, some of whom have turned away from you. to stay where they were, until the fate of

pent speedily, lest judgments shall come upon that a dire fate awaits them, is beyond all conthem as a snare, and their folly shall be middiroversy; as letters written, to this city, from manifest, and their works shall follow them hase who reside there abundently testify. There is scarcely a ray of hope left, but still "And verily I say unto you, as I have said they would fain lead others into the common lieving, and all liars, and whosoever leveth Lord, and continued to cry it until eternal realities, made them feel what they refused Another extraordinary means, is, the sendto believed, though warned and re warned by ing forth of their papers, praising themselves, those sent for that purpose."

The people of Nauvoo are another evidence people, when every body who has been and is of the same infatuation. No people so blind in any good degree acquainted with them, as a people who have corrupted the true religion of heaven; when they have put at defiance the law of God, they loose sight of all the principles of righted aness, by which society lished—has out stepped them all, he has is bound together and run into all manner of warned the Illinois Legislature, to beware folly and wickedness, legarding no man's how they take away the Nauvoo charters, nohappiness and peace, nor their own either.—Itifying them of what will be done in the east, At this time the people in the surrounding if they do so—and a mighty alarm it is to the country, and that almost unanimously, are Democrats if it is done-the Democrats forming into associations, for the express pur shall not have another President. Hear this pose of producing the overthrow of that city, all ye Democrats and take warning. "I Parand to settaer its inhabitants. Equally hostile by P. Partt' has said it. Poor Parly; if he is the Legislature of the state; from that ever had any senses, they have, like a swarm quarter they have all to fear and nothing to of bees when their hive gets filthy, fled. hope. It would seem from the public ex. The candid mind in reviewing the condition pression, every where given, that there never of this people, is lead to inquire why it is, that was a whole state, the feelings of which, were this people is thus hastening their own ruin? aroused to a greater indignation against a There is reader a cause for this, and one that people than the state of Illinois, is against the must produce this effect. They have so de-Mormons at present. Their papers, their pub-lic speeches, their Legislative proceedings of the civilized world in the introduction of the general expression of public opinion, their plurality wife system, that Nauvoo is and public feeling, their various and numer the only place, where they can live. What, I ous public meetings, all speak a language not ask the reader, would such a people do, in to be misunderstood except by that infatuated common society? where would they be suffer-

blindness of mind, that if they have one friend are hundreds of familes whom they have ruwho feels a sufficent interest in their condition to warn them of it, he is assailed, in the unless they can get a place by themselves.

The butt of their indignation, and every effort, is used for his distriction, so was the case of system, there was no other way of providing,

people.

ry of the world, where a people got them in that case, their fate could be easily told. selves into the situation the Mormons are in No wonder then that there is horror, confusion at this time at Nauvoo, when they were not and dismay, in that devoted city. overthrown. If the great God had ever inten-judgment sleeps not and their distruction ded that that people should prevail, surely he slumbers not, well may we use the language would have prevented their getting into their of St. John, and say "come out of her my peopresent situation. But such are their gross ple that ye be not partakers of her plagues," corruptions, that not only those the people fro for her distruction is sure, and her overthrow sake them, but their God also; and if ever is certain. there were a people who were without hope, and flee from her, before you share in her ruin. and without God in the world, the Mormons of

Nauvoo are in that condition. The means they use to sustain themselves, have no parallel in the history of nations or people, except it was the Jews, at the time. and just before their downfall. According to the reports, of the papers, and private letters, if any one in their midst, sees their danger, and is disposed to warn them; they comto them, or be intirely ruined. Such a state of things, we are told, was in Jerusalem before and during the time of their utter distruc-

and praising one another, as a law abiding

ed to live in their adulterous practices? No So great is their darkness of heart, and where bu: Nauvoo. If they leave there, there

the Jews, before their dessolation came to the for their spiritual wives, and how can they provide for them if drivern from Nauvoo, they There is no instance on record, in the histo-would have to pursue the same course, and, But their

Be warned then, ye saints of God

SIDNEY RIGDON.

We extract the two following letters from a pamphlet, published by Elder John Hardy, of Boston; containing an account of his trial, for the alleged slander of G. J. Adams, William Smith, and S. Brannan. The curious, in the mence stealing, and otherwise distroying their details of spiritual wifeism, can inform themproperty, until their are compelled to submit selves, by a perusal of the evidence adduced on that trial. We have a few thousands of copies on hand; and will supply our friends with them at the rate of two dollars per hundred.

Boston, Nov. 23, 1844. ELDER HARDY: Sir, -I respectfully submit the following to your disposal, with the that you are about to publish your trials, beearnest wish to aid you in the equitable mea-lore the church, for slandering G. J. Adams. sure which you have adopted in exposing to William Smith, and S. Brannan, in order to the just detestation of a high-minded public, defend your own character against their malithe promulgators of a system of extreme licen-vious thrusts, and expose to public view the tiousness, no less irrational in its nature, than corruptions of these men, and a certain clique that of the most deprayed of the human race; that are now attempting to sustain them. although its preachers pretend hypocritically these are the objects you have in view, I can to have the sanction of heaven. All virtuous sincerely say that Logmmend you for this people will applaud the spirited exertion praiseworthy undertaking, for certainly to exwhich you have made to open the eyes of pose the seoret and most extraordinary system those who may yet be ignorant of the contempor of wickedness carried on by professedly relitible measure adopted by certain individuals. not merely to screen themselves from merited that takes the least interest in the welfare of punishment, but to carry out their darling pro-mankind. I am bleased to see any man take ieets, setting at defiance the laws of God and a bold stand in favor of the truth, and in opman, and outraging common decency. About position to the most contemptible scheme of two or three evenings prior to your trial (so iniquity that has been introduced into the called) Elder Freeman Nickerson met me in church during the last two or three years, Suffolk Hall, and noticing my dejection of generally known by the name of the "Spiritmund, said he should like to go home with me, as he had a good deal to say to me; as we means of guarding the innocent and unwary walked along he said, among other things, female against the unballowed attacks of a "Brother Eaton, if I am called as a witness set of libertins, and retrieve the honest and during Brother Hardy's trial I shall tell the orderly portion of the church from the present truth; I suppose that I shall be cut off for it, I state of disgrace-to which these unsanctified expect the whole branch will be cut off, but excesses have reduced the whole society, and no matter if we are, we will all be haptized save them from a more horrible vorcex of woe, and enter into a covenant. Brother Smith northat-lies in the advance, yawning for heartdoubt will be dreadful mad with me for he has rending victims of dispair. So may kind got an auful temper when it is up, but I am not heaven protect you and crown your efforts afraid of him, or any other man; I never was; with signal success. I am ready to lay down my_life for the truth. With regard to the course pursued of late Well, Father Nickerson what kind of a charac by Elder S. Rigdon, I can say that if the ter has William Smith sustained heretofore? book of Dockrine and Covenants is true, he, in *Don't ask me," said he! "I don't want to say respect to his general or public movements, any thing about it? I don't want to get into has done nothing more than that which the trouble, but I mean to tell the truth if I am Lord has commanded him to do; he seeks not called upon. Don't be worried, Brother Ea- to lead the members of the church from the ton, it will all come out right." After your original or true principles and order of the

led to turn the grace of God into lascivious church.

JOHN A. EATON. -

Respectfully,

been settled."

ness.

New York. Nov. 13, 1844. ELDER HARDY: SIR, -I have been informed

trial, (so called,) I reminded Elder Nickerson same, but is laboring to get them to return, of the conversation which we had together, and (inasmuch as they have strayed from) and told him I did not know what to think of him; strictly adhere to them. Now, sir, I know he said, "Oh, how I wished the other evening that if what is written in the above book be that I had been in Brother Hardy's place, I true, he is the only lawful President of the would have acknowledged that I had dene church now living, and the only one holding wrong, and then all the trouble would have the keys of the kingdom; and by the book that he is equal with Is-But, said I, Brother Hardy is said in this book, that he is equal with Jocannot make such an acknowledgment as that, seph Smith in holding them. It has been because he thinks that he has done right; and said that he is trying to build up a church on Father Nickerson, you remember what you his own responsibility; this is utterly false; told me the other night yourself about Win highs only officiating in his proper office, and Smith. Well," said he, "Brother Eaton, if carrying out the true principles and order of we strike against our head we strike agains the church: those who shatan him in this caourse/ves," It is evident to my mind that Ei pacity, are sustaining this order; all that arder Nickerson has been overawed by William rogate to themselves this office, are aspirants. Smith, and made a convert to the pernicious and are acting without the sanction of heaven, doctrine that we must uphold the authorities and in opposition to the law of the church, and of the church right or wrong, a doctrine which if the term apostate is applicable to any one, has paved the way to a most lamentable apos-lit is to those who have taken a stand against tacy, with a large portion of the society, and the proper authority or authorities of the

> I have hitherto, and do now give out the following as a standing challange: "This is

in the Society, and hefore impartial judges, ing number of this paper. prove that either S. Rigdon is the proper man We hope that all the friends to preside over the Church, or that the book of God, will give attendance, as the occasion of Covenants and book of Mormon are not will doubtless be interesting as well as vasttrue. If I cannot do this I will manfully ly important. vield the point."

Nauvoo, it was a forced affair, got up by the in press, which will be ready for delivery on twelve to get him out of their way, that they the above occasion.

might the better errogate to themselves higher authority than they ever had or any body ever dreamed that they would have; and also (as they perhaps hoped) to prevent a complete expese of the Spiritual-wife system. which they knew would deeply implicate themselves. This trial deserves no other name than that of a religious farce. Rigdon has always been a most uncompro mising enemy to this system of corruption, which accounts for many stories that have Awake from her slumbers, in glory arise, been got up by the twelve and others, that he And send her loud anthems to God in the skies. has for sometime past been negligent with regard to his duty, and has not been much in-Her beautiful garments, as brilliant as gold; terested in the affairs of the church, &c. &c. The splendor of which has never been told;

Nauvoo, that they would not only destroy his influence, but that of all those that stood by him: of course as they cannot use truth to do this, they expect to invent and put in circulation falshoods, and thus accomplish this desirable work!!

Yours, respectfully. B. WINCHESTER.

Benjamin! the skill of spiritual wife men only extend to private teachings they have Her triumph and victory, the prophet's reward, no argument for public use except falschood.—And Jesus her head, her king, and her Lord. no argument for public use except falschood.-They are systematically diffled to that. It is part of their religion. They are trying it in conjunction with spiritual wifery, as a new scheme for superior exaltation? why dont Her watchmen in wisdom, shall see eye to eye. you know they propose to save men by lying? The book of Doctrine and Covenants and book The light of their truth, shall blaze as the day: of Mormon is nothing to them!

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

After due consideration, and taking a view of the situation of the various branches of the church east, west, north, and south, and Thy strength and thy power, increase to the last. wisting to unite all their efforts with ours to push forward the cause in which we are en Thy travail and sufferings shall not be in vain; who never errs, we have come to the conclu In numbers, like sand that's spread on the shore city of Pittsburgh, to commence on the 6th of April next. As the 6th comes on Sunday. Thy peace like a river, in righteousness flow that day will be devoted to preaching and the Thy streams of salvation-all nations shall kno business will commence on the 7th at whic! time we intend that's full organization of the kingdom will take place.

to say to the public, and the church of Latter of seventy is now nearly full. We have all the Day Saints, that I hold myself in readiness, materials necessary to thave a full and comafter due notice, to meet all the men of talent plete organization as set forth in our preced-

We hope that all the friends of the kingdom

We would also inform our friends, that we As regards the trial of Elder Rigdon at have a choice selection of Hymn books now

POETRY.

A SONG OF ZION.

BY S. RIGDON.

The time is now coming the day is at hand, When Zion in strength and in beauty shall stand;

Indeed sir, they have publicly declared in though held up to view in prophetic renown, The head of all nature with glory to crown.

> In strength, her foundations in firmness are laid And God in her midst, her glory and head, With light, and with truth and with righteousness, shine,

> And wisdom, and grace, and with mercy divine.

From time immemorial, in prophetic lore, She's been mark'd as the object of heaven's kind care,

Her strength shall increase, with each rolling

Her power and influence, in glory appear: Her walls in great strength, exalted on high:

To glory and rest they will point us the road; For all of her children are taught of their God.

O Zion the glory, and praise of the earth; Thy conquest is certain, from time of thy birth;

gaged, and after seeking council from Him Thy children, in multitudes, lengthen thy train, sion to appoint the general conference, in thi Thousands and thousands of millions, and more,

> Thy streams of salvation-all nations shall know The prince, and the peasant, the noble and mean; The first Quorum Find salvation in thee forever, amer

LATURE DAY SAINTS

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, MARCH 1, 1845,

No. 9.

We have just received the following very in-the natives, and those who are left are none the teresting letter from Otehiti, which will, no less busy. We have only haptized four white doubt, be read-with pleasure by all whe love persons, but there are a number more believthe truth and desire the prosperity of the king- to the truth. The natives, what few we have dom of Christ. his hand again the second time, and the honest rerested, and are very desirous of hearing, it is are rejoicing in Israel's God, for his arm is something which appears congenial to themmaking bare, and he is accompa ying the word with signs following:

- Otehiti, 19th Sept. 1844.

to address a few lines to you, which I hope every opportunity of sending us news, as I will be interesting to you, and also to all the issure you every scrap we can get respecting saints who are auxious for the spread of the he church will be sacred to us. Salute the gospel. & Brother Rogers has written to Ameri-saints for us. ca a month or two since, giving a statement of the affairs here, that is in a political point of view, which I am sorry to say, are not much better now than when he wrote. The natives are still under arms, the greatest part of them waiting for orders from the Queen, who has gone dawn to some of the leward islands. But in all probability the natives will eventue pen to answer your letter, which came to hand ally have to submit, which being the case, the resterday. The cheering intelligence it conquicker they do so, the better it will be for tained, was a source of much pleasure and them, both in a spiritual and temporal point gratification, to hear of your prosperity in your of view.

ter from him a few days since, which brings tude of business. I have been prevented from cheering news to us. There are on the island writing sooner, but I shall hereafter (no preeight or nine American mechanics, who are venting providence) keep up that corresponbuilding a schooner there. They have all buillence which ought to exist among brethren, one offeyed the gospel, and also quite a num to carry into effect those principles of eternal ber of the natives, among which I expect are truth, which have been devised for the salvathe king and one of the head chiefs of the istion of the human family. I am making every land, as Brother Pratt wrote us they had given trangement to come to Pittsburgh in the their names for baptism. He has organized a spring, that I may more fully engage in the branch of the church there, and there is every work, and stand in the place whereunto I have prospect of an abundant hervest.

so well on this island. Yet notwithstanding time after I visited him, and ir quired why he the Lerd is clearing the way before its, and had pursued such a course. Said he, I have we anticipate ere long an abundant harves for into darkness, and know not who are light, from our labors. In a recent hattle that was We had a warm time, said he, (referring to fought between the French and natives, the re-being-brought before the council) and they dewas an English missi mary killed, in course clared I should so n that paper or be expelled; quence of his foolistily exposing biniself. I took it home, showed it to my wife, and she Shortly after this accident they concluded to said sten it. I did so, and returned it. Said leave the island, the but the e (their numbe no, the tacke were there as my accusers. formerly being 14) which they suce have they inquired whother I believed Rigdon done. Tus, what has been I set others, has a sold stand at the field of the church? I rebeen gain to us, in taking out of our way inhed, he is ordained to the highest office of any set of men who were engaged with every ere one in the church, of whom I have any knowergy of their soul, to destroy our influence with ledge. I said, gendemen, have you any or-

The Lord has truly set to an opportunity, of talking with, are much incomething adapted to their supacities. We heg an interest in the prayers of the saints, that we may be prospered and blessed in our nission, and return in safety to the church and RESPICTED BROTHER, -I have made hold ur families. We entreat you also to embrace

Yours in the hond of the covenant. BENJAMIN F. GROUARD.

For the Messenger and Advocate. Laharp, Ill. January 28th, 1845.

PRESIDENT S. RIGDON:
Dear Brother,—This evening 1 take my mission to the eastern cities, and that the Lord Brother Pratt is still at Toohoui, a small is still working, confirming the word with island, 300 miles from this. We received a let-signs following. In consequence of a multibeen appointed. I see you have given Marks Brother Rogers and myself have not, owing a passing notice. I was not a little surprised to the unsettled state of affirs, made out quity in seeing his notice in the Neighbor. A short

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dination higher than that which I have receiv- when he was ordained. he said to us, Brethren, I am tired hearing the appointed president of the church. burthen of the church, you must round up every officer can officiate in all the offices beyour shoulders, and bear it till I rest. Said I low him. I am aware of that, said I, but we is that all the authority you have received? should observe the pattern that God has given They said, yes. Mr. Marks then told me he us, by keeping all the quorums perfect. The was present when the twelve were ordained pattern may vary (said he) according to cirand Brigham Young was ordained under Hy cumstances. Not in the same dispensation, rum Smith, to the office of prophet, priest, and said I. O, yes, said he. We were then inking, and Brigham ordained the rest of the terrupted, and our conversation closed, leaving twelve to the same office. And that he me under the impression that he was not in (Marks) was ordained to the same office under possession of a sufficiency of wisdom, and. I the hands of koseph Smith. He also stated may add, knowledge enough on that subject, that he was present when you received your to correct the errors of any man. He is, like ordination, under the hands of Joseph Smith; those who adhere to the same principles, as that it was as-follows: "I ordain you to be blind men traveling in darkness, while the a prophet, seer, revelator, and translator, to be light of truth, and the pattern that God has equal with me in holding the keys of this last given, is presented in bold relief, that the most kingdom, but not to excel: even so. Amen." superficial observer can discover the principles, He then said, I have no confidence in these and organization of the kingdom of God. Thus fellows (referring to the twelve and others) every one acquainted with the facts know that they are as full of the devil as they can live the pretended authority of these men rests on They will soon break up here; and some will a false foundation. I will now give a short go to the west. do you remember saying to me, that you had Brigham made his appearance on the stand, made it a subject of prayer, and had got a tes-assuming a great deal of dignity and self-imat the head of the church, and you had made a he, some want to know whether they must obcovenant before God, though all men fasake serve counsel, said he, you must take counsel, him you would not? Said he, I do. Well, I but some will say we will take counsel it it is said, remember the consequences.

in conversation concerning Marks, said they will be damned. had no confidence in him, but had got him built; some have prophesied it shall not be where they wanted him; they had destroyed built, but I prophesy it shall be built; said he, his influence!

I frequently think of the saying of the Sa-would not. The ox knoweth his owner, and the assi his master's crib, but Israel doth not know, in manuly, and they must take measures to my people doth not consider.

weeks since, he commenced by saying, Dothen said he, if you will not do as I say, I will you still believe that Rigdon is the man who tell you what I will do, I will go off and leave should stand at the head of the church? Said you, and take as many with me as will go, like 1, Having thoroughly investigated the subject, Lyman Wight. This confirms the statement I am firmly established in that principle; but of Marks. Query, If Brigham Young would I am now, (as I always have been since I came give counsel that is false, and prophesy a lie, into this church) open to conviction. Now, what benefit would those receive who believed sir, if you see my error, it is your duty to cor and obeyed his dictation. The corruption of rect it. Said he, Perhaps I have not wisdom his heart is still furthermore made manifest, enough. Said I, You stand in a place where when we take into consideration his views there should be a sufficiency of wisdom to with respect to the counsel and ordinances of correct every error. He remained silent. continued. Fam not partial, but am satisfied livered in La Harp, (last winter) after shame-with the man that God appoints; being or fully abusing the elders present, said he, many dained according to the law he has given on will go around the twelve to Joseph for counthe subject, in the Book of Covenants. Said sel, and he will tell them any thing, and when he, Brother Young has keys that Rigdon has they leave, he will curse them for fools, that

I inquired what those keys were, and how

He either knew notes ed myself? They said, No. I then inquired what those keys were, or perhaps was ashamupon what do you predicate your authority to ed to tell, and I was left without the information the church? They said, we were at the tion. I then inquired if they had filled up the Mansion sometime before Joseph's death, and quorum of the twelve since Brigham has been Will you go to the west? sketch of Brother Brigham's history. He said, no. Said I, Brother Marks, weeks ago I was at a meeting in Nauvoo, timony that Mr. Rigdon was the man to stand portance. An the course of his remarks, said good. I say, if you exercise your judgments, I have been informed that Erastus Snow, and do not take the counsel of the twelve you There is that temple to be I would prophesy it should be, if I knew it

He then spoke of the women and boys bekeep them in subjection. He spoke of the In a conversation with Orson Pratt, a few mayor and other officers net-doing their duty, I heaven being administered. In a sermon dethey knew no better.

And speaking concerning your ordination, he obtained them. Said he, I was not present at the time those bulls of excommunication

were hurled forth, like a thunderstorm, with-cussion, on the claims of Elder Rigdon to the out mixture of mercy, said he, Joseph ordain-presidency of the church of Christ, the Doced him because he wanted to go east, to get trine and Covenants, &c. heing rules of evipeaches, and apples, &c. &c. Mest shame-dence. I continued its publication two weeks, fully ridiculous! had called to stand at the head; to counsel, written law, knowing it would condemn them. ordain, and set in order all the affairs of the I see by the "fallen prophet," that Parley P., church in this last dispensation, that he should of "spiritual wife notoriety," after giving his be permitted to trifle with the consciences of chum, G. J. Adams, a wholesale rebuke for men, and abuse ordinances with which God swindling the saints out of money, has gone at had intrusted him. At the same time-declar-lit himself, and the poor dupes weekly bow ing if any man would speak a word against their laces to the "grindstone," as their names Joseph, he (Brigham) would knock them off in the "false Prophet" testify. If that is the the stand. See the blindness of the human only thing that will bring them to their senses. heart, when deprived of the Spirit of God, and the Lord help Parley to swindle them to their the light of truth. Lhave a better opinion of heart's content. There are two of the Boston the God that I worship, for he says if Joseph twelve tes that have parted with a few hundreds should ever transgress, he should not have each, and they have Parley and Brigham's power, except to ordain another in his stead, names for security. When they receive pay Brigham Young knows the fact that you have I will inform you! though it is hinted to me the legal authority placed on you, and would that it will be the same time that Adams goes try to hide his usurpation, under this refuge of to Russia, with his "sub-marine" infernal malies and misrepresentation. The great effort chines! which machines cost the saints from of the twelve and their adherents, is to prevent 3000 to 4000 dollars to may personal knowtheir people from hearing, they dare not inves-ledge, and where is the money? Echo antigate the subject before the public. Light swers where, unless Isaiah may be allowed has come into the world, but men love dark-to answer, 3: 14, "Ye have eaten up the vinness rather than light, because their deeds are yard; the spoil of the poor is in your houses. They will not come to the light lest. The twelveites here are resorting to the most their deeds should be reproved.

 ${f Y}$ ours respectfully, SAMUEL JAMES.

To President S. Rigdon.

For the Messenger and Advocate. Boston, Feb. 4th, 1845.

leisure moments in the agreeable task of ad-prominent elders of the church to eat their indressing a few lines to you on the affairs of terpretations of prophecy, and thereby prove the kingdom of our Lord and his Christ. Our themselves false teachers, even from the beprospects here in Boston, taking all things into ginning. For instance, the 12th chap. of Rev. consideration, are flattering indeed. We have instead of being fulfilled in the rise and fall leased a commodious hall, over the Boylston of the primitive church 1800 years sice, all Market, in Washington street, where we hold yet remains to be fulfilled in the church of the meetings regularly on Sundays and Thursday last days. The loss and restoration of the evenings, and other evenings we hold meet priesthood, which has been the theme of so ings at private houses. Our number is a many eloquent sermons by the apostles of this present 40, that have organized with usin full, church, has, by these wise heads, been proved and there is quite a number that meet with us, to be all stuff! and the priesthood has got to that have not yet joined us, and many that be restored at the dedication of the Nauvoo have turned from the apostates, and are nearly Temple!! ready to give up the whole work, in consequence of the awful corruptions that have hide your diminished heads, while the oracles, manifested themselves among the twelve and Nickerson and Brown take the rostrum. The tion.

church, which shows good sense, though not Devil and Satur is Sidney Rigdon!! much honesty.

That that man whom God but ascertained that they dared not abide the

inconsistent and idiotic interpretations of scripture, to support their sinking cause, than could even be dreamed of by sectarians, and I know of no parellel, unless it is Dick's interpretation of St. John's "angel flying through the midst" of heaven," which he says may be "missionaries travelling in balloons over the earth." In the course they have taken, they have DEAR BROTHER 1 now improve a few caused the twelve, with Joseph, and all the

O, ye Pratts, and Pages, and Adamses, their adherents. We have had the Spirit of great red dragon, with seven heads and ten God minifested among us in our meetings re horns, which is to stand ready to devour the cently in a remarkable manner, which has man child, and to draw the third part of the caused us to rejoice in the God of our salva-stars of heaven! is Sidney Rigdon! And the war in HEAVEN was between Michael and his The apostates here keep an "awful quiet" angels, and Sidney Rigdon and his angels! on the subject of the organization of the And the dragon, the old serpent, called the I published in the Boston whole of that chapter, and similar ones they Daily Bee a challenge to all the elders of the explain in the same laughable manner, in orapostates in Boston, to meet me in public dis-der to support their rotten and sinking cause.

Sidney Rigdon is the seven-headed and ten-council noted without a first president. that fought the battle in heaven with Michael, was not complied with in sec. 5, par. 8. that they might believe a lie and be damned, to examine the evidence in detail. because they receive not the truth, but have stand not, and shall utterly perish in their ow-instance. corruptions." In my next I will give an interpretation of a certain portion of John's Re and man or an idiot, when subject to fo quent velations, something that the apostates are little currence, are incompetent witnesses."—See the aware of, and if they do not get sick of ap Roscoe's Criv. Evd. 963, for reasons stated in plying "Revelations" to Mormonism, then Bibb's Evd. 139. Adams will not go to Russia and convert Michael the Prince; I will show the twelvites be the gainer or looser in the event of the cause will work out its own cure, only let it alonejoicing in the Lord.

<u>JOHN HARDY</u> Yours, &c.

P.S. The twelveites here have been so had hunciations. pushed that one of their elders wrote 400 miles, to a man out of the church, to have him write engaged, privately filling the minds of the peoagainst me, offering him pay for his trouble, ple with the poison of prejudice. And upon but instead of complying he sent him a most principles of common sense the decision is void, withering rebuke. So much for the honesty because the same persons who accuse Presiof the Boston apostates!

J. H.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

sity of discharging every duty, that in the day of their hypocricy and inconsistency-after of days, blood may not be found upon our gar-having, as they said, actually cut President to investigate the matter of Pres't. S. Rigdons Orson Hyde to St. Louis, who, through Brotrial of Sep. 8th 1844.

have the Times and Seasons, and book of Doc lagainst President Rigdon, shintld be removed. consider the general features of the trial, as to council with them.

We assure them, that the act of expulsion anger and prejudice. passed against President Rigdon is void, upon And lastly void!! because the whole affair

horned dragon. Sidney Rigdon is the false Book of Doctrine and Covenants, sec. 5. par. prophet that will call fire down from heaven. 5. 2dly, the high council was not lawfully Sidney-Rigdon is the self same man, or angel, organized. Sec. 5. par. 7. 3rdly, the law even Lucifer, that was cast out to the earth sthe council was called by persons havin no auand Sidney Rigdon is the Alpha and Omega thority to do so at a stake of Zion, S c. 3, par.

of prophecy. Dear brother, I should look up- 12; The twelve travelling high council thus on these things with astonishment, had not ecting in the office, and not under the direction the Lord said, by the mouth of one of his ser of the first presidency. A. d. 5thly, because vants, speaking of these very sa ne characters, the charges gainst President Rigdon were not that he would "send them strong delusion, substantiated, as will appear when we come

We ay also, that the decision is void upon pleasure in unrighteousness," vide the spirit principles of common law, common justice and tual wife system; there fore the most absurd common sense. Upon principles of common Upon principles of common and ludicrous, statement that cones from them haw a citation should be issued by a perion surprises me not, they being as a natural brute competent to try; accompanied by a copy of beasts, speak evil of the things they under the charges, which was not the case in this

21ly. The witnesses were incompetent: "a "It is a general rule that a person who is to

as spiritual wifeties, that two can play uponfin which he is called to give evidence is inone instrument, with what success judge after competent, and cannot be x mi ed." 2d. The spiritual wife doctrine begins Hawk P. C. 46, and 1st McNully's Evd. 53." to work in New Bedford; it is a system tha Upon principles of common justice, because the most shameful efforts were made by the the harder they deny it the faster it manifests twelve and their associates, to forestall public itself. The saints here stand firm, and are respinion, by inflammatory speeches, both in public and in private. Characterized by the nost outrageous falseboods, and violent de-Meeti gs were called in differint parts of the city, at which persons were dent Rigdon, denounce him, also prejudged him, by first withdrawing the hand of fellowship, then appear as witnesses, and pleaders against him, thus usurping the prerogative of BROTHER BENNETT:-Realizing the neces the high council, and then, to "cap the climax" 1 propose for the benefit of the saints, Rigdon off-(cut th mselves off) the twelve send

ther William Small, offered, in behalf of the To do so understandingly, the reader should twelve, that every thing which had been said and Cov. before him-while we proceed to if he, President Rigdon, would come back and Void, we repeat, because legality, and propriety. What I mean by le he witnesses were permitted unrestrained to gality is-according to the law of the church, abuse and insult the character of President as contained in the book of Doc. and Cov. Rigdon, before the high council and the pecand what I mean by propriety is according to ple, showing plainly two things. 1 to hat a common law -common justice and common the high council were unacquainted with, er sense; after which I propose to examine the regardless of their duties, and also that the witnesses were incompetent, rendered so by

principles of law; because, 1st, the high was a most ridiculous burlesque, upon ciril

common sense. Now for the charges and of the nations of Israel, and of the Gentiles, as evidence. that we take their own report of the trial, and ministration, they may receive the word, and alth ugh many things which transpired at the through their administration, the word may go time have been by them suppressed, but we forth to the ends of the earth, unto the Gentiles will ju 'ge them by heir own account of this first and then behold, and lo they shall turn most shaa eful" àff iir. ferred to the Times and Seasons, October and the arm of the Lord shall be revealed in power November, 1814.

in par. 2, after a m st singular application of vation." much every way," (by the way Brigham is As this organization appears to be the bursingular, much every way you can fix him: len of all the testimony, we wish the reader it is said that on a cert in eccasion in Mi-coobserve that it can have no bearing whatsourt, he tock a most singular fincy to his ever upon the charges, for the reasons above wifes night dres.) he winds up by enumerat stated. We now present to the reader the ing six or seven parties, the twelve farming charges, which will be found on page 649. the seventh of list. In par. 3, attempting to par. 2, as follows:amalgamate some of the parties, he tells a most . Elder Rigdon has not conducted himself malicious filsehood, and that, too, under the like a man of God, nor a councillor to the first solemn obligations of a witness, by saying presidency, since he came here from Pittsthat the adherants to the Book of M rmon burgh." As to the 2d part of the charge, we Book of Decrine and Covenants, and will say, had President Rigdon degraded himself form a party in contradistinction to the adher so much as to have taken council of that ants of President Rigdon, as the first president. welve-headed, would-be presidency, we would Par. 4. Brigham commences doing business most freely have confessed him guilty of the for the benefit of L. Wight, J. Emmet, and thirst part of the charge, for what honest man, others, which, though rather a wholesale to say nothing of a man of God, would have business, may be right for aught I know, but associated with so desperate a set of men, the inference intended in the remark relative the whole question then for consideration is, to L. Wight, is false, and he knew it to be so has " President Rigdon conducted himself like at the time.

that President Rigdon is the first president of and elsewhere. the church, however this admission is followed by the assertion that President Rigdon had to ensuare the people, and allure their minds ordained men to be prophets, priests and kings, by his flowery elequence, (note) what to do Note, if the admission is good for any thing O. H.? Good or evit? According to your the ordinations were good and proper, because, own testimony, President Rigdon repeatedly 1st, the first president had already ordalised said, that he did not wish to divide or injure persons to the same office, as will appear by the people, St. Paul might be damned for the Elder Marks' testimony. And, 2J, because none but a president can ordain a prophet. ble offence. As long as the twelve will admit that S. Rig rest our case on the 85 section of the Book of nent of God. Doctrine and Covenants:

"And again verily I say unto thy brethren, accounted as equal with thee in holding the be taken, if he abide in me. keys of this last kingdom: ās also through

jurisprudence, and insulting to reason and in their ministry for the salvation of Zion, and The reader will please remember many as will believe, that through your ad-Here the reader is resum, o the Jews : and then cometh the day when in convincing the nations, the heathen nations, We commence with Brigham's testimony the house of Juseph, of the gospel of their sal-

the time. I cannot stop to notice all the irrelevant hurgh?" Not at Kirtland, not at Missouri, matter contained in B. Young's testimony, but but for the last three weeks? Brigham finish-the fact that he has travelled months with ed his testimony for the present by repeating, blood in his shoes is too good to be forgotten. "Elder Rigdon has ordained persons to be but what his inveterate sores has to do with pr phets, priests and kings." And introduc-President Rigdon is more than I can imagine. ed Orson Hyde, who testified to a long rigma-Page 748, opened with a virtual admission role of what happened to him in New Haven

> 2d item, That President Rigdon attempted same thing if it had happened to be a damna-

3d item. Orson Hyde says that the church don was the first surviving presiden, so long has twelve heads; that Joseph appointed we may safely admit the fact of the organization of the "School of the Prophets," but it President Rigdon, yet it proves ene of two they sack out of the admission which, from things—either that Orson Hyde testified talsetheir inconsistency, we may expect, then we ly, or that Joseph transgressed the command. See Book of Doctrine and Covenants, sec. 14:-

"And this ye shall know assuredly, that Sidney Rigdon and Frederick G. Williams, there is none other appointed unto you to retheir sins are forgiven them also, and they are ceive commandments and revelations until he

"2 But verily, verily I say unto you, that your administration the keys of the school of none else shall be appointed unto this gift exthe prophets, which I have commanded to be cept it be through him, for if it be taken from organized, that thereby they may be perfected him he shall not have power, except to appoint

another in his stead and this shall be a law man of God, and as the president of the church. unto you, that ye receive not the teachings of but that the twelve who were present behaved any that shall come before, you as revelations like ruffians. The rest of I, Parley P. Pratt's or commandments: and this I give unto you, testimony is made up of burlesque, falsehood that you may not be deceived, that you may and nonesense, about the Maid and her Milk know they are not of me. For verily I say Pail, Gladin Bishop, Queen Victoria, &c. adunto you, that he that is ordained of me shall mitting, most reluctantly, however, that Precome in at the gate and be ordained, as I have sident Rigdon had declared that he would do told you before, to teach those revelations nothing to divide or injure the church. This which you have received, and shall receive proves no unrighteousness in President Rigdon, through him whom I have appointed."

in time and eternity, to deliver over to the abominable sinner. Here endeth I, Parley P. buffetings of Satan? Shame! Shame! Pratt's first lesson.

sons:—"We know by the spirit that this was timony in relation to a circumstance which in Elder Rigdon's heart." Tis nonsense to occurred 2850 odd years ago, to one of the try to shame a blasphemer.

6th item. "Elder Rigdon threatened to turn of-Exit. al benefit of the saints—now we ask the reathe Times and Seasons. He finishes his tesder what has been proven by these two wittimony with the old story about Kirtland, and ness against the character of President Rigdon what a dead man had said.

as a man of God? We feel that every candid Elder John Taylor.—As Elder Taylor is person who examines the evidence, will reply the only witness against President Rigdon, nothing, not one thing that can be alleged who seems to be governed by the reles of eviagainst President Rigdon's character as a man dence, which should govern a witness; his of God. But they do prove one thing, viz remark in relation to what had been said bethat the act of expulsion is void, for the roa fore is the more singular; we have already sons before enumerated. I, Parley P. Pratisaid that no evidence sufficient to censure, dives at once 15 or 16 years into the past, and much less to condemn the first president, was wading with gigantic strides up to the present, adduced upon the trial, and we repeat, that up

meeting, further saith "that Elder Rigdon what President Rigdon was doing in Pittspledged himself to support the authorities of burgh? Well, ought Taylor to testify to a the church, as now organized, and that ne fact which he did not know? Certainly net. other busines except the regular prayer meet. Now we do know that this part of Taylor's ing should be attended to; but I took the lib-testimony is false. And can prove it false by erry to inform the people that no business many witnesses.

would be attended to except the regular prayer

unless, indeed, I, P. P. P. goes by the Irish 4th item. Orson Hyde further saith, "1 rule of contraries, which seems to be the one will now give some testimony, which has adopted by the twelve, when referring to the been handed to me of what Elder Rigdon has Book of Doctrine and Covenants on the mosaid," (without giving names) goes on to say tives of President Rigdon. That is, when "one of the Rigdon's party said to a brother, President Rigdon says, that he does not want &c." in the name of common sense what kind to divide the church or injure the people, by of testimony is this upon which to damna man their (the twelve's) rule he must be a most

5th item. Page 650, par. 4, Times and Sea- O. Hyde re-appears, and continued his tes-Tis nonsense to occurred 2850 odd years ago, to one of the greatest adulterers that we have any account

Note, to bring iniquity to light is a A. Lyman testifies, that what the twelve virtuous act, to bring to light a good thing is have said is correct. That they have told no less virtuous. And the fact of their fearing their minds, and acted upon it. Very imporexposure accounts for this same witness's tant testimony if one could believe him.—See journey to St. Louis, before mentioned. Or second confinon sense reason .- Witness furson Hyde proceeds with his testimony about ther saith, or rather asks a variety of questions things which happened in Missouri, some six -a singular position for a witness truly-and years before; but in his remarks about things further saith many nonsensical things, too nuwhich happened in Missouri, it is most sin-merous and too foolish to be edifying to the gular that he omitted all mention of certain af-reader. However, as it is a curiosity, the fidavits put forth about that time for the speci-freader is respectfully referred to page 654-5 of

says, "I, Parley P. Pratt, invited Elder Rig- to the commencement of Elder Taylor's redon to a council at Brother Taylor's, called by marks, the attempt to criminate President the twelve, but Elder Rigdon excused himself Rigdon was a perfect burlesque upon testion account of company," further saith, "that mony. Elder Taylor first asks a question in Elder Rigdon gave an appointment for the relation to President Rigdon's mission to Pittsnext Thursday, to transact important business burgh, and answers it himself in the negative. for the shurch," but that seven of the twelve Now, we ask, could Elder Taylor, he living thought proper to interrupt the business of the in Nauvoo, be personally acquainted with

Now, what confidence can any man place meeting." So far I, Parley P. Pratt's testi in the testimony of one, who when under the money proves, (if it proves any thing) that solemn responsibility of a witness testifies to President Rigdon did conduct himself like ala fact, the truth of which he could by no possible means know ! The assertion that Pre-followers of Mr. Smith, of some six year mit adultery? No. What then? rection, I have seen many attempts (and Times and Seasons. cidedly the height of impudence.

J. M. GREIG. "

J. M. G.

Brighton, Feb. 28, 1845.

getful some people are.

been suppressed by them, yet we are willing ed on page 175 of the same book. Verily that they should be judged by their own account of this shameful affair. But in his rebe appointed unto this gift except it be through marks about things which passed in Missouri, him; by reading the first paragraph, you will to the creating affidavits, made in that state, spokesman for his people, now Sin is it not for the special benefit of the saints. How forvery certain that either you or the Lord was reafful some people are the children of the saints are for either the Lord difference to a very certain that either you or the Lord was reafful some people are the children of the saints.

For the Messenger and Advocate. TO BRIGHAM YOUNG.

other sources, that yourself, in conjunction through the same source, that he would raise with your quorum, are the acknowledged lead up a man unto his people like unto Moses, ders of that part of your church, located in and on the 27th day of june 1844, Ioseph Nauvoo, and a few other places; L would Smith came to his death by violent hands, therefore, through this medium, take the lib and on the 15th day of August following Mr. Young comes out in an epistle to the church, not only for my own satisfaction, but for the benefit of all others, that may feel to take an neration are without a prophet in the flesh. Interest in their eternal welfare. I will just Now the pith of your argument to me Sir apstate, that I do not profess to be a follower of pears to be this, that his Satanic Majesty for the twelve, neither, do I profess to be a follower of the twelve, neither, do I profess to be a follower of the twelve, neither, do I profess to be a follower of the taking Mr. Smith away before he had ordainhaving had an acquaintance with many of the taking Mr. Smith away before he had ordain-

sident Rigdon had ordained to the office of pro-standing, I have been led, without the shadow phet, priest, &c. we do not deny; but that of a doubt existing in my mind, to believe President Rigdon does not hold that office him-that the ground work of Mormonism, so callself we do deny, and all that is said aboutled, is true as held forth by the elders of this priests ordaining elders, &c. is evidently in church; and I feel that the time has fully tended to misslead. Who does not know come, for me as an individual, to reduce my that prophets, priests and kings were ordained belief to practice, but in consequence of the under the hands of Brother Loseph? See p. disunion which has taken place, among you 666. And does not Elder Taylor know that as a people, I find myself placed in rather an President Rigdon was called by the God of awkward predicament, out of which, by my Heaven, to be equal with Brother Joseph in own wisdom, I am at a loss to know how to holding the keys of this last kingdom. Seelextricate myself; for while each party claims Book of Covenants, Sec. 85. If President with an equal degree of tenacity to be the Smith could ordain to these offices cannot legitimate leaders of the church, by what rule President Rigdon? But to proceed. Elder shall I be able to judge the matter, except by Tayl r says, some people think these things written testimony. One thing however is cersmall matters, but it was for a transgression tain, one of the two parties must be wrong, of this kind that Satan was cust out of heaven, and consequently must fall short of that rest But what did President Rigdon do. Mr. Tay-which remains for the people of God. Now-lor? Get drunk? No. Steal? No. Com-Sir: with these facts starting me full in the-For resist-face and having an ardent desire to know the ing authority! For resisting authority? Yes, truth, that I may obey it, I shall proceed to gentle reader. Here, then is the whole alpha ask a few questions, and to point out some apand omega of this great ado about not conduct-parent discrepencies, hoping that some one of ing like a man of God. The first presidency your quorum or perhaps Mr. Lyman, may feel resisting the authority of the twelve travelling sufficiently interested in the welfare of their high councillors, who are to act under his dispecies to favour us with a reply through the some of them most amusing ones too) to ex- In the above named paper on page 618 I cell in impudence, but I give it up, this is de find the following statement over your own signature, you are now without a Prophet

present with you in the flesh to guide you. In connection with this I shall quote from P.S. The reader will please to remember D.C. page 387, spoken by the mouth of the that important circumstance, or rather unim-Prophet Joseph as follows, "I will raise up portant, that we take their own report of the unto my people, a man, who shall lead them trial, and although many things which trans like as Moses led the children of Israel for ye pired after the trial of President Rigdon, have are the children of Israel &c. again it is record

> wrong; for either the Lord did not mean what he said, or Mr. Young said one thing and meant another. In the year 1831 the Lord emphatically de-

clared, that no one should be appointed unto Dear Sir,—Having been informed through the gift of a revelator except through Mr. the medium of the Times and Seasons and Smith, and in the year 1834 we hear him say

ed a man to, fill that all important station. Young, because this church has always been notwithstanding, the promises made on the led by revelation, and always will. that prophet, there would not have been so great a discrepency between your own tes imo ny and that of the Loup's; but as it now stands I shall respectfully solleit Mr. Young to un ravel that mystery. Again on the 103rd page book of Cov. 12th

paragraph, the twelve are represented as being a presiding traveling high council, to offi ciate in the name of the Lord, under the direction of the first presidency; but in this there is not one word said about the twelve this important s ation; it reads as f llows:- of the quorum of twelve.

387 page that he would raise a prophet up ap find my words written or pri ted in a book pointing also in as strong language, the called Times and Seasons, page 683. But source from whence he should receive that or what now are we to do Mr. Young? The dination. I here remark Sir, had you come man that should have taken Juseph's place out and honestly told the people, that you were sleeps the sleep of death. Oh, but echoes the same book, page 431. S. Rigdon has been itdained to the same office. Stop; not so fast, stammers friend Y ung, we acknowledge the ordination of Mr. R. but-but-but, Sidney yould lead the people to destruction, Joseph said so, wonder, did the Lord know this fact, before he said that Sidney should be accounted as equal with Joseph, in holding the keys of the kingd m; and Joseph, why did you or-dain Mr. R. to be a prophet, seer, and revelator, if you knew he would lead the people to having two counsellers, one to be stationed festruction. If Joseph was present with us upon their right and the other upon their left, I we might hear him say, God commanded me find nothing to warrant this new order of things to ordain him, and who was I, that I should in the book of the law of the Lord; and, I resist the will of my maker? Now, sir, I ask must c hifess that it has very much the appear-you in the spirit of candour, laying aside every ance of placing six wheels upon a waggon, in personal consideration, do you not believe, stead of four. You, however, sir, by you which I really think must be the fact, from superior wisdom, may be able to reconcile this you own admission, that God foreseeing that new manœuvre of yours in church tactics, to Hyrum would be called upon to pay the some ancient order of things, unknown to us light of nature at the same time with Joseph, in the eleventh hour dispensation. In your caused the same ordination to be placed remarks, at conference, held on the 6th Oct. upon Mr. R.'s head, so that the full organizalast. See Times and Seasons, page 683. You tion of the kingdom should not be broken up; say, did Joseph ordain any man to take his otherwise for what purpose was he ordained? You answer, he did. Who was it? I also see in a letter written by W. W. Phelps. Answer, Hyrum. And again on page 431 of in answer to one written by W. Smith. pubthe same paper, we have the following an-lished in a late number of the Times and Seanounciation, viz.: We have to announce that sons, wherein Mr. P. assays to give a descrip-Sidney Rigdon has been ordained a prophet, tion of the interior of the temple at Nauvoo, seer, and revelator. Now, in addition to this when completed, speaking of the arrangement we have the word of the Lord, spoken by the of the seats, he says, the first seat is to be ocmouth or his servant Joseph. See Dectrine cupied by the first presidency, the second by and Covenants, page 330, And again, verily the quorum of the twelve, and so on, enume-I say unto thy brethren, Sidney Rigdon and rating the different quorums. Now, sir, I ask Frederick G. Williams, their sins are forgiven how can the first presidency occupy their them also, and they are accounted as equal places in that house, when there is no first with thee in holding the keys of this last king presidency acknowledged by you in your predom, and in the 5th paragraph of the same sent organization? Perhaps Mr. Lyman may dom, and in the 5th paragraph of the same sent organization? Perhaps Mr. Lyman may section there is something said about the beable to unriddle this mystery, as he now length of time that they should continue to fil seems to be occupying the right, left, and rear Ah, Amasa, you And now, verily I say unto you, I give unto have moved one peg down, in my opinion: I you a commandment, that you continue in the will point out one more discrepancy and then ministry and presidency, and when you have pring my letter to a close. In a late number finished the translation of the prophets, you fithe New York Prophet, there is a riddle put shall from henceforth PRESIDE over the af forth to the saints by P. P. Pratt, demanding fairs of the church and the schools, and after the modest sum of 200 dollars to be made up giving some other instructions concludes by the him elf-and two others of his brethren in saying, and this shall be your business and the ministry. I would ask, how does this mission in all your lives, to preside in council accord with the Doctrine and Covenants, page and set in order all the affirs of the church 119, where the command is given to take neither purse nor scrip. Now Mr. Prau, had forglance of this part of the subject, as presented that he owns a little but the largest private reknowledges if Hyrum Smith had survived sidence, and decidedly the best house in the Joseph, he would have stood in Joseph's place. Query—What nocessity was there for this?

Oh, the subject is a plain one, says friend What Mr. P. worth 3000 dollars, and not fairs of the church and the schools, and after to e modest sum of 200 dollars to be made up

willing to spend a little in the cause of truth. Mr. Benson, also one of the individuals refer red to in Mr. P.'s riddle, owns a good proper ty in the same place. This wholesale begul a or rather demanding. I must confess, savor very much like taking the fleee and letting the porlambs go naked. In view of Mr. P. riddle fam led to reflect up in what I hear Mr. Joseph Smith say up in the public stand when on a visit to that place, here is Brother Parley, said Joseph, he will tell you of hi sufferings in the state of Misson i, of his sufferings in jail, and how many trials he has endured, but he don't say how much morey-haccumula ed when on his mission to England nor how he came by it. P. or Brother Parley. was there not a little sulpliur near by about that time. Query, don't it look very much like fulfilling the old adage-keep all you have What say yougof, and get all you can. friend Parley?

I close this epistle by repeating, that I ar dently invite an investigation of this subject. for he that wont reason is a bigo -he that car not is a fool, and he that dare not is a coward. 1 remain yours, &c.

D. J. G. Pittsburgh, March, 1845.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. MARCH, 1, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third person, containing money, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

"And again the duty of the president of the office of the high pristhood is to preside over the whole church, and to be like unto Moses. Behold, here is wisdom-yea, to be a seer, a revelator, a translator and a prophet; having the Lord God Almighty, travelling in the greats all the gifts of God which he bestows upon the head of the church."-Book of Cov. §3, ¶42

·We have to announce that Sidney Rigdon has been ordained a Prophet, Seer and Revelater."-Times and Seasons Page 431.

"By thy words thou shalt be justified, and out in the following strain: by thy words thou shalt be condemned. Mati. 12: 37.

ter Day Saints, convened at the stand in this page 637.

"A church without a Prophet, is not the church foi me,

it has no head to leadelt, in it I would not be. New York Prophet.

The delay in the present No. of the paper has arisen from the determination to have eady for distribution at conference our new_ Hymn Book, which is now so far advanced that we feel warranted in saying it will be for sale, neatly bound in fine morecco at 374 cts. single copy, or \$30 per hundred.

There is in the revelations of God to the hildren of men, a period pointed out in the istory of Adam's race, designated as a day of ighteensness—a reign of peace—the Sabbath f the earth of a thousand years duration. .

The fact is generally admitted, but the precise means by-which it is to be accomplished, s a subject of doubtful disputation, notwithtanding the prophetic testimony is as clear on he chain of precursory events, as it is with regard to the ultimate issue. Our design at the present is to notice the-

important circumstance referred to by the prophets, that a special messenger is to be sent to prepare the way for the coming of the Son of Man; one whose duty it is to set all things in order, and make ready for the reception of that august personage-the King of Kings and Lord of Lords. Be it remembered that Jesus of Nazareth is now coming as the lion of the tribe of Judah, to the salvation of Jacob his called, and Israel his chosen, to establish Zion, and to make Jerusalem the praise of the whole No longer the despised Nazarine, but ness of his strength, to take vengeance of those who know not God, and obey not the gospel of eur Lord Jesus Christ.

Isaiah, under the spirit of prophecy, breaks

"Comfort ye, comfort ye my people, saith Speak ye comfortably to Jeri sayour God. On the 8th of August, 1844, at a special lem, and cry unto her, that her warfare is acmeeting of the church of Jesus Christ of Lat complished, that her iniquity is pardoned; for he has received of the Lord's hands double city of Nauvoo, President Brigham Young for all her sign. The voice of him that crieth asked the saints what they wanted. Do you in the wilderness, Prepare ye the way of the want a guardian, a propriet, a spokes nan or Lord, make straight in the desert a highway what do you want? If you want any of these for our God. Every valley shall be exalted, officers, signify it by raising the right hand, and every mountain and hill shall be made NOT A HAND WAS RAISED. - Times and Seasons, low: and the crooked shall be made straight, and the rough places plain; and the glory of Wou are now without a prophet present the Lord shall be revealed, and all flesh shall with you in the flesh to guide you."—Brig see it together; for the mouth of the Lord hath ham Young's . Spostolic Epistle, Times and Sea. spoken it." straint of the spirit exclaims:

shall prepare the way before me; and the Lord way before Elijah-having no power to conwhom ye seek shall suddenly come to his fer the Holy Ghost. That work being accomtemple, even the messenger of the covenant, plished, he is called to administer the Holy whom ye delight in: behold he shall come, plished, he is called to administer the Holy saith the Lord of hosts. But who may abide Ghost by the laying on of hands, even as the the day of his coming? and who shall stand apostles of old; and the Lord declares posiwhen he appeareth? for he is like a refiner's tively that they to whom he administers shall fire, and like fullers' soap? And he shall sit as a refiner and purifier of silver; and he shall purify the sons of Levi, and purge them as gold and silver, that they may offer unto the in these preliminary stages -he is called to Lord an offering in righteonsness. Then shall hold the keys of the kingdom of heaven; and the offering of Judah and Jerusalem be pleasant unto the Lord, as in the days of old, and as in former years. And I will come near to you to judgment; and I will be a swift witness against the sorcerers, and against the of the school of the prophets. (Sect. 85.) In adulterers, and against false swearers, and against those that oppress the hireling in his wages, the widow, and the fatherless, and that turn aside the stranger from his right, and fear not me, saith the Lord of hosts. For I am the Lord, I change not, therefore ye sons of Jacob are not consumed."

We are well aware that these prophecies have respect to the forerunner of the Son of God, in his advent of humiliation; but it must be abundantly obvious, that they have especial reference to that servant, who shall be commissioned to prepare the way for the glorious advent of Israel's King; accompanied with his saintly escort, to take formal possession of the kingdom, which shall extend from sea to sea, and from shore to shore.

To those who are not mere professors in their credence of the work of God of the last days, but really believe the word of the Lord received through Joseph Smith, we shall be able to show not only that such a servant has been sent, but to point out the very individua designated by God himself as such :-

"Behold, verily, verily I say unto my ser vant Sidney, I have looked upon thee and thy works. I have heard thy prayers and pre-pared thee for a greater work. I hou art bless-sealed these truths upon the hearts of his chilthou wast sent forth even as John, to prepare forth upon them, so that they can testify that the way before me, and before Elijah watch should come, and thou knew it not ._ Thou did haptize by water unto repentance, but they re of a surety that the testimony which he brings ceived not the Holy Ghost; but now I give is true, and that God hath sent him. The orunto thee a commandment, that thou shalt deal through which they have been called to baptize by water, and they shall receive the Holy Ghost by the laying on of the hands, even as the apostles of old."

forerunner of the last days, is markedly su-opposition to overwhelming numbers who pro-

Malachi, in view of the same event, by con-the Baptist. He comes, it is true, in the humble capacity of a proclaimer of repentance "Behold I will send my messenger, and he and baptism. He is first sent to prepare the receive it.

Having acquitted himself acceptably to Godpreside in council; and set in order all the affairs of this church and kingdom, during the term of his natural life; also to hold the keys the same year he is called to be a spokesman to the then revelator of the church. (Sect. 95.) In January, of the year 1841, the Lord promises to this same individual-Sidney-Rigdon, And he shall lift up his voice again on the mountains, and be a spokesman before my FACE." In April, of the same year, the Lord commands Joseph Smith to ordain him a prophet, seer, and revelator; which ordination was published to the world in the official organ of the church.

The crowning manifestation that God has considered him called and chosen and faithful, is found in the fact, that he has removed every man from the earth, whose authority could in any degree conflict with that of Sidney Rigdon. Above all in the fact that the Lord God has lifted the vail of futurity, and shown unto his servant the things that are coming on the earth; the wars, the distress, and the perplexity of nations—the order of the kingdom of heaven—the advent of Messiah and the establishment of the rest of God on the earth.

This is not all, the Redeemer of Israel hath ed, for thou shalt do great things. Behold dren, by the power of the Holy Ghost shed they not only verily believe but they know pass, has been a fiery one; they have been called to withstand prophets and apostles; It will be observed that the work of the and to hold fast to the testimony of Jesus, in perior in its character to the mission of John fessed to be saints. The mercy of God has

has been with us all our lives long, will never &c. &c. forsake us-unless we turn aside from the holy have had them three years from the time they commandments committed unto us.

Brethren, how great is our calling! Let us walk humbly before the Lord, watching continually unto prayer; walking in all the ordinances of the Lord blameless; by an abiding them. faith on the Son of God, who loved us and gave himself for us, that he may purify us unto himself a peculiar people, zealous_of good works. forted, for the Lord hath spoken it. Zion and the greater powers, till he can find a peoshall rejoice, for this is Zion, the pure in heart, ple that will obey him in all things. and they shall see God, "The time, yea the set time to favor Zion has come," and all their true interests as a people. efforts of ungodly men, apostates, or demons, can effect nothing against the truth, but will struggle is now at hand which is to DECIDE redound to its ultimate triumph.

The twelve have been calling incessantly build the temple, and support the Priesthood, de so, a great endowment, and great keys of murdered, and robbed and driven, and now power, when the temple is finished; when in again threatened with extermination. truth, they never have received those keys or that endowment themselves-consequently, have no power to confer it upon others, which ets lined with ALL they had, or could com-Parley begins to have frankness enough to ac-mand, to buy materials and provision. this subject, from the N. Y. Prophet of Feb. 22, 1845.

the authorities at Nauvoo to which we call riots, and martyrs in the cause of muth and the particular attention of our readers.

The fact is, the welfare, and even the salvation of the saints abroad, as well as in the west, depends on our diligence in building up Nauvoo and the temple, and defending but so it is. For instance, if Nauvoo is not this suffice; our hopes are glorious. preserved, built up, and strengthened; and thus been to the east as far as Portland. where Jesus can come and reveal the fulness left a-good feeling. the sword.

sustained and kept them, and his grace has strong; wexed valiant in fight, stoped the been sufficient for their every need. He who mouths of lions; quenched the violence of fire

The Church of Latter Day Saints might were first organized, as well as to have labord and groaned under oppession, poverty and misery; for fourteen years. But they have never been sufficiently united as a people, nor sufficiently united and trustworthy to OBTAIN And if they are not careful, the same cause

will produce the same effect now .- And if it does, they will come short of the faith, blessngs, and powers which alone can save them. The righteous shall be com- And the Lord will withhold the greater things It does appear to us that the members, some of them are slow to comprehend and realize

whether the kingdom of God can come with power in your midst, or whether it must be withheld till a generation is prepared to receive it? If you did you would arise as one upon the Mormons, for money and means to man, and take your means and strength and build the temple, and support the Priesthood, throw it into Nauvoo, to build the city, the (THE TWELVE,) promising them, if they would those who have suffered and bled, and been

Do you realize my brethren, that the great

would be there with a WEAPON IN ONE HAND and a tool in the other, and their pock-We extract the following on you would swear by the living God, that Nauvoo and the Saints should be sustained, strengthened and preserved from bloodthirsty murderers and persecutors, or else beithe bury-We publish in this number a circular from ing place of more than thirty thousand par freedom.

Yea your young men and your middle aged

(For the Messenger and Advocate.) Boston, Feb. 7, 1845.

To President S. Rigdon,

and protecting the place, the sanctuary, and the Dear Brother,—I take my pen to inform you people there. This may seem strange to some of our wellfare in Boston. We are happy, lea kept from the power of the enemy who are in Bedford, near Saco, Main, three times last seeking our destruction; then the temple will Sabbath, to a large congregation, especially not be preserved, completed, and enjoyed by the in the evening. They said it was the best saints, and if the Temple is lost by our neglect, preaching they ever heard. Some were deathen there is no Sanctuary, or place on earth cons in the Baptist church, in that place. I God is with us. of the ordinances pertianing to the holy priest- Hardy and Brothers Wingate and Hutchings hood; and to the powers of heaven on the earth, are one. - We desire your prayers that we keep so as to restore to the Church those powers by humble, and so please God that your heart with which the ancients subdued kingdoms, put to ours and all of our dear brethren, may rejoice flight the armies of the aliens, broke the bond-together with that joy that is unspeakable and age of their oppressors, escaped the edge of full of glory. It appears that those men and Out of weakness were made women that the Lord has chosen from among

them that were balled, are they who have ever lived peaceably, and done all that has been standing at the head of those they say are unanimously adopted. But when they get to their spirit worthless. tual wife zenith, then shall the saving of So land u changeable being; and that when he lomon be verefied: - "Then shall the righted establishes a system for the salvat on of his ous man stand in great holdness before the people, it is like himself-unchangeable. face of such as have afficied him, and madthey shall be troubled with terrible fear, and a First Presidency, in his church, one of shall be amazed at the strungeness of his sill which to act as prophet, seer, and revelator to vation. So fir heyord all that they looked fro the church. And they repenting, and gnawing for anguish Resolved,—That we hold no communion of spirit, shall say within themselves, This with any church who do not want prophets. was he whom we had sometimes in derision seers and revelate s; without which they canand a proverh of repreach. We foods ar not receive the word of the Lord. counted his life madness, and his end to be has not shined unto us, and the sun of righte-ter the pattern of the church in heaven. tion: yea, we have gone through deserts ments, to live close to him by first in his Son where there is no day. But as for the way of Jesus, that we may enjoy more of his Spirit, the Lord we have not known it. What has and be found among the wise virgins, at the pride profited us? or what good hath riches, coming of our Lord. All these with our vaunting brought us? a post that hasteth by; and as a ship that going resolutions. passeth over the waves of the water, which when it is gone by, the trace thereof cannot be found, neither the pathway of the keel in the waves, &c."

We like to hear from you as often as you can send us all the particulars, so we may gain wisdom, for our enemies bring all of their guns to bear on us, but all are bomb proof. God up against us, but pass by with all its rage fellowship from all who adhere to any other over the catract of despair, forming in all its form of church government. fury, and the smoke of their shame go up for with his abominable teaching, and influenced our rule of faith and practice. Brother Clinton's wife to leave him, and two such awful work. I we tand saw the bereaved by our faith and prayers. family in tears. O. God! when will this brother she has been gone a week and over; cate, for publication, if he sees proper. broke up the family. Nickerson told her to let her husband go to hell; if he would be a Rigdonite he must be a had man. They al ways did live in love before.

Respectfully yours, WM. HUTCHING.

St. Louis, Mo. Jan. 13, 1845.

According to previous announcement, the done in rightenusness, and have not dared to branch of the Church of Jesus Christ of Lat-lift up their heids lest the task masters would be Day Saints, in this city, met on the 12th You, sir, the apostates countlinst, when the following resolutions were

Res lved, That we believe God to be a wise

Resolved, -That according to the Book of no account of his labors. When they see it Doctrine and Covenants, God has established

Reso ved .- That we acknowledge and upwithout bonor. How is he numbered among hold Sidney Rigdon, as he is the only remainthe children of God, and his lot is among the ling First President of the Church of Latter Therefore we have erred from the Day Saints-pointed out to us in the revelaway of truth, and the light of righteousness tions given-which church was organized af-

ousness rose not upon us. We wentled our-selves in the way of wickedness and destruc-sistacce of God, to obey all his command-

Resolved,-That the editor of the Messenger things are passed only like a shadow, and as and Advocate be requested to publish the fore-

WM. SMALL, President. J. M'COARD, Clerk.

Minutes of a meeting held in the Leechburg branch, on the 8th day of Dec. A.D. 1844. A. H. Nangle was chosen to preside, and Noah Metz secretary.

On motion, 1st, Resolved that we recognize. Almighty is our strong hold, to which the no other order than a church governed by a righteous run and are safe. I'he wicked come first presidency, and we henceforth withdraw

2d, Resolved, That we recognize Sidney a memorial of a fallen people; while the sons Rigdon as the only one of the first presidency of God stands on the hanks of deliverance and now upon earth, of which we have any knowwith a joy and gratitude to God, that they shave ledge, or to whom we will adhere, until we escaped the awful catract, to which others btain an account of his death or legal expulhave become a prey. Nickerson, the champi-sion from the church. And we take the Bible, on of spiritual wifery, is yet hear, going on Book of Mormon, and Book of Covenants, for

3d, Resolved, That we sustain President little babes with him; my heart aches to see Sidney Rigdon in the office of first president,

4th. Resolved. That a copy of the above be cease. Brother Clinton is with us, a good sent to the editor of the Messenger and Advo-

A. H. NANGLE, President.

N. METZ, Secretary.

For the Messenger and Advocate. Mr. Editor: —As I had the privilege of secing a parable that was delivered by Orson Hyde, in St. Louis, which will do him in mortal honor in that line of business, or wil show the weakness of the man. As the parable is intended to have reference to the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and the similatude being so false. I could not but make a few remarks on it. He says the order of the United States, and the order of the church are the same, and that when the President dies. the Vice President takes his place, that I wil But we will look at the order acknowledge. of the church; we find in the 3rd section of Doc. and Cov. 11th paragraph, that of neces sity there are three presiding officers to preside over the church, one of them being president over the other two, but the three united composed a triumvirate president over the whole church, we also find in the 12th par. of the same section, that the twelve are traveling, presiding high council, to officiate in the name of the L rd, under the direction of the presidency of the church, hold there reader. What is the word of the Lord, on the subject, why the twelve are to officiate under the direction of the presidency, they say that two of that quorum are dead, and that they cu the other off now, if that is true, that they have tion of the church at Nauvon, and he compared out the head off, they must stand still, for they had no authority but to act under the direction he "when the president of the Gutted States of the presidency of the whole church ther lies, the vice-president takes his place; just head, but they say that now they have no head so with us. Joseph's de. d. we, the vice-prefer they unitedly are the head, and now the sident, take his place." You have only to church is organized right, as much as to say i read it to see how appropriate it was to his was organized wro g before. O wisdom!! was! Would it not have been better to have wisdom!! If a man fought under Washington, said, the senate takes the president's place?" and followed him till be saw from the could him the would have been too glaring and the step up and take Washington was fighting under him when the swallow any thing, if one of the twelve says (Washington) was dead, would be bestelling it, no matter if it contradicts reason and revertible to the tright. the truth! I say verily nay. We also find i lation. the 51st section of Doc. and Cov. 2nd par. speaking to Oliver Cowdery, "but thou shall not write by way of commandment, but by wisdom, and thou shalt not command him (Jo seph) who is at thy head and at the head of the church, for I (the Lord,) have given him the keys of the mysteries, and the revelations, which are sealed, until I shall appoint until them (the church) another in his (Joseph's) stead. If God was to appoint one man in Jo-seph's stead, can twelve men, in truth stand up before God and say we unitedly constitute that one man! again I say nay.

We will now look at the pyrable, I say if the President dies the Vice President takes his place, and if he dies the spe ker of the Se nate takes his place, and not the whole of the members to stand up and ay, we unitedly constitute the speaker of the Senate. There fore-I say that the twelve stand in the same relation to the church as the members of the Senate do to the United States, so near as the things of God, and the things of man, will with the order of his kingdom; pray God to the sequel of those shominations.

give you his spirit, that you may be led into ill truth, and that you, o'e and all may keep the commandments of God and be saved in his kingdom is my prayer. Yours, &c.

J. LOGAN.

We are in the constant receipt of the most cheering intelligence from our old friends, and new ones are continually adding. The exhile rating reflection is found in the fact that the Lord has taken his work into his own hand. and is operating on the hearts of the people without human effort. Thy will, O God, belone, as in heaven, so on earth.

A BEAUTIFUL PARABLE.

St. Louis, Jan. 13, 1845.

We have been honored, f r the last eight or line days, in this city, with the presence and instruction of Orson Hyde, and as I expect you are aware of his proneness to use parables I thought you might be edified by the following:-He was speaking on the present condit to the government of the United States, said . You have only to Yours, &c.

JAMES M'COARD.

We publish the following letter containing the TRUTH in relation to that hideous monster. LSpiritual Wifery" as taught and practised by the apostate Twelve and their followers,-We had fain hoped and believed that the worst features of the beastly incarnation were confined to Nauvoo; but from information of indoubted character, we find the unseemly thing has actually pushed its way into every note and corner, where it could gain a foothold.

If the writer intends to identify this system f things, with the doctrines contained in the book of Mormon, or the hible, he is strangely at fault; no shadow of justification can be found in either. The lesson inculrated by those sacred records, teaches us that wrath, of the Lord, that you may become acquainted indignation, and anguish, necessarily flow as

[From the Boston Investigator.] MORMONISM_THE "SPIRITUAL WIFE" DOCTRINE.

Mr. Editor, -I return you my sincere thanks oppose them. their abuse. Let them honorably defend and unblushingly practised in Boston, Low-their doctrines; prove, also, if I have made ell, New York, Philadelphia, and its outrage. any charges unsustained by evidence; if I ous doings in the "Holy City" of Nauvoo, I have, I will "own up." It is my firm, honest shall prove by unimpeachable witnesses. I helief, that Mormonism is calculated to up-challenge them to disprove it, if they can, and hold the worst vices of our frail nature, and as I shall be such a torrent of proof as will be such is an incubus on society. My object is, a caution to the Eucledians of "this day and

by a hundred witnesses.

had a revelation from God, that there were Why, let me ask, has Parley P. Pratt, a number of spirits to be born into the world charged Elder Adams, in public print, of swinwere the eause of bringing forth these spir-this, if philosophy could find it out? to the number they were the means of bring nisfatuus. "Oh! SHAME, where is thy blush?"

ing forth. This, Mr. calculated, with a little sophistry, to delude the villary that parades society at large.

(for which he has a good appetite) he sins: but could give her.

defend each other to the last. liberty to use the grossest slander and falsehood to terrify into silence those who dare oppose them. They all solemnly disavow for your linerality in offering the use of your in public; but the proof is now so palpable columns to any Mormon wishing to reply to and self-evident, that they must father it. any of my communications. In writing I as one, can solemnly prove before any against the Mormons I feel no ill will person court of justice, that the doctrine was taught ally towards any of them; neither do I fear me; and as for its being most scandalously

to show it in its true colors; and in striving generation."
to do so, I shall strictly adhere to what I. Is this a doctrine to be countenanced by know to be true, and what can be sustained men whom human nature has left with one a hundred witnesses. spark of honesty or common sense? Forbid The "spiritual wife" doctrine, I will explain it Nature's God! Whilst I have an arm to Whilst I have an arm to as taught me by Elder W——e as taught raise, a voice to speak, or a pen to write, I by Joseph Smith, Brigham Young, Elder will not see my fellow beings swindled, delu-Adams, William Smith, and the rest of the ded, brow-beat, slandered: abused, by vilquorum &c., &c. It is as follows:—Joseph lians under the mask of religion.

before their exaltation in the next; that Christ dling the saints, teaching false doctrines, "seal-would not come until all these spirits receiving people up" to eternal life? ("spiritually,") ed or entered their "tabernacle of clay;" that &c. &c. Let the saints answer it, Why these spirits were hovering around the world did Joseph give Elder Adams the "sealing and at the doors of bad houses, watching for power," even to preaching the spiritual-wife a chance, however dishonorably, of getting in-doctrine publicly? Why did Elder Adams to their tabernacle; that God had provided read his "commission" from Joseph in Suffolk an honorable way for them to come forth—Hall, Boston, giving him power and "keys" that was, by the "Elders of Israel" sealing up above the Twelvel. Answer that, and let Elvirtuous women, and as there was no proder Adams answer for himself—no quibling. Their only chance of heaven was to be "sealed der Adams to trial and cut him off, as they up" to some Elder for time and eternity, and have hundreds of others in like circumstances? be a star in his crown forever; that those who is not there something more than matural in its would receive a rewald—the ratio of which with all this evidence before their eyes, the reward should be greater or less according saints will still uphold this spiritual wife ig-

The holy hypocrite is the most destructive Editor, is the substance of serpent that can assail the happiness of the the "Mysteries of the Kingdom" in as few human family. Under the mantle of Church words as I can use to explain it. That it is power he can work a greater mischief than all the "faithful" weakminded, is self-evident. Like the mole, he winds his way unseen They reason thus. That God is no such even to virtue's fair citadel; and while you a being as the scriptures would believe; that fair fabric in ruins: but you are nothing the woman was made for many and those seeming wiser—the victim is held under bonds; fear jealousies of the Almighty, represented in the of the world's exposure, and remorse of conbible, were for the blinding of the Gentiles sience, is half-stifled in the promise of a greatest that might not include a beginning the control of the sience, is half-stifled in the promise of a greatest that might not include a beginning the control of the sience. that they might not indulge their propensities er reward, by the FALSE TEACHINGS of these which God gave them, without his express per-unsanctified caltiffs in the sight of God, than mission. Thus, if a child steals an apple her true and faithful or betrothed husband Woman! as you value your if the father gives him the apple, there is fair fame, your peace of mind, and every thing no sin in eating it. The members of the that is dear to you, turn with horror and dis-"spiritual" brotherhood and sisterhood are gust from the outlines of a religion and the teach-bound to keep it secret from the world and ings of men whose actions insult your ears those of "little faith;" and if found out, to and understanding. Shun it and them as you

would a draught of poison distilled from the would have destroy every press in the Union. deadly night-shade or black hemlock. Ay only such as upheld their doctrines, if they more; for one would surely kill you, whilst the could secure the opportunity. other would make you drag out a miserable. Away with all mock sympathy say we, despised existence, worse to the feeling heart they have violated the law of the state—they than a thousand deaths."

nature of your God, prove ye are not Molts which the people of this state in their simpliand fools by ignorance made drunk"; prove, city have extended to them-then let those that "God has extended the saints' under privileges be taken from them; and they be standing;" that ye can "see as ye are seen, put on an equal with other denominations and know as ye are known." Do consult the and sects. We shall refer to this again. common sause that nature has given you, and turn with a blush from the things ye arejackall to lions of iniquity. Do this, and I will feel more than rewarded if I can but save the great mass of the population of the city is one fellow being from the fangs of these de in a state bor dering on starvation. There is testable serpents of bigotry and intolerance no business going on, and no means of ob-- Respectfully yours,

HENRY ROWE.

Portland, Feb, 3, 1845

(From the Quincy Whig.) MORMON MEETING

tian feeling and benevolence, Heaven help all can the more successfully perloin and hide it. such as are compelled to fellowship with them. Warsaw Signal. The object of the meeting and of the exertions of the two Saints who made themsives

conspicuous on the occasion, was to create Our readers are all aware that the city of Nau-

They most positively denied the chages bro't rels. fect people on earth, &c. &c.

ter feeling.

But after reading their resolutions de-of beef and a hide returned upon finding it out, nunciatory of the presses, alluded to, what hope with a note of apology, stating that the thief would there be for the safety of these press-thought it was gentile beef. to exercise unlimited sway. Knife and the incendiary's torch would be sume that he has none.] the order of the day. Where they had the power they have destroyed one press already under a law of their own creation, and they inst, says:-The New York, Prophet, a

have thrown a whole community into anarchy And ye men, who houst of the likeness and and confusion they have abused privileges.

FROM NAUVOO

A gentleman from Nauvoo, informs us, that taining subsistance only by charitable donations from the richer classes. Subscriptions are passing thro' the city for the relief of the poor, & every day baskets are carried around to collect provisions for the starving. from the Rigdonites, are numerous as ever, The Mormons held a meeting at the Court potwithstanding the 400 police. Indeed, this House in this city on Monday evening last police is a protection to thieves, rather is made Two of the brethren from Nauvoo spoke and up of thieves in great part, who when out at if their speeches were evidence of their chris-night, ostensibly for the protection of property,

RICH DECIDEDLY,

sympathy; for the poor down-trodden, perse-voo is divided into two factions; the Rigdoncuted Mormons, and if possible to save their ites and Twelveites-the latter being the most numerous and far the greatest scound-The Twelveites in order to force the against the Saints, of stealing declared that Rigdonites into measures, commence a system the Mormons were the most heavenly and per-of pilfering, which became so oppressive that some of the Rigdonites could no longer stand During the evening, the proceedings of a their losses and either left the city or renounpublic meeting, held at Nauvoo, were read-ced their fatth. Amongst the latter class, is characterized by the most vindictive and bit-William Marks, who being a man of property, sustained heavy losses by thefts, and on One of the resolutions of this meeting, was account of the unsettled state of his business very abusive of the Warsaw Signal, Alton could not leave the city.—He, therefore pub-Telegraph and Quincy Whig: it charged lished a note a few weeks since in the Neighthose prints, with disseminating the princiles bor, renouncing Rigdon - joining the twelve, of mobocracy, and their columns had been, and exhorted all with whom he had any influ-and were occupied, by the "pens of murderers" ance to do likewise. A few days after this, all to "deafen the cry of innocent blood;" but we his stolen property was returned. His harness, have not the time and room to follow the pro- he says, was buried while absent. Now we ceeding through, and show their bitter malice, call this decidedly rich; but it is of the same and hatred of every thing saving Mormonism, class of cases, with that reported by Mr. Kee-This people preach up their benevolence gan, in another column, where a saint's cow and a great liberality towards mankind in gen-was stolen-by mistake, and an equal emount

Warsaw Signal. es the Alt in Telegraph, Warsaw Signal, By what authority the editor intimates that and the Quincy Whig, were those wretches those persons in Nauvoo whom he calls Rig-The assassin's donites, are scoudrels we know not, and pre-

The Pittsburgh Morning Post, of the 10th

Mormon paper utters some direful threats against the democrats because the Legislature of Illinois repealed the Mormon city charter. He promises that the Mormons will alwote with the whigs in 1848, and defeat the democratic canidate for President. If Mr. Clay should be the next whig canidate, we may expect to see many interesting lett r pass between him and his Mormon friends, and we would not be much surprised if—to make assurance double sure—some of the most arden of the whig leaders should become Mormon Prophets.

Parley P. Pratt prays that he may never have the spirit of the saints at Pittsburgh (apostares from the plur lity wife system.) Parley, you put me in mind of a very strong sectation in New Hartford, N. Y. when he could not reply to Mormonism, said to the saint with whom he was conversing, well, "Mr. S. if Lam wrong, I hope God will keep me wrong, and dam mesfor being wrong."
Your prayer Mr. Pratt, may be answered.

CONFERENCE NOTICE

After due consideration, and taking a view of the situation of the various branches of the church east, west, north, and south, and the many letters-addressed to us from persons wishing to unite all their off its with ours to push forward the cause in which we are en gaged, and after seeking counsel from Him who never errs, we have come to the conclu sion to appoint the general conference, in the city of Pittsburgh, to commence on the 6th of April next. As the 6th comes on Sunday, that day will be devoted to preaching and the business will commence on the 7th at which time we inteld that a full organ zation of the kingdom willntake place. The first Quorum of seventy is now nearly full. We have all the materials necessary to have a full and complete organization as set forth in our preceding number of this paper.

We hope that all the friends of the kingdom of God, will give attendance, as the occasion will doubtless be interesting as well as vast-

Ly important.

We would also inform our friends, that we have a choice selection of Hymn books now in press, which will be ready for delivery on the above occasion.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

POETRY.

FATHER AND SON.

Son. It would content me, father, first to hear How the Eternal framed the firmament; Which hodies lead their influence by fire, And which are fill'd with Winter's heavy use; What sign is rainy, and what star is fair; Why by the rules of true proportion. The year is still divided into months,

The months to days, the days to certain hours; What fruitful race shall fill the future world; Or for that time shall this round building stand; [awe What lawgivers, what kings shall keep in Mens minds with bridle of the eternal law. Father. Wade not too far my boy, in waves

FATHER. Wade not too far my boy, in waves too deep;

The feeble eyes of our aspiring thoughts. Behold things present, and record them past, But things to come exceed our human reach. And are not painted yet in angel's eyes;

For these submit thy sense, and say-"Thou power!

That now art framing of the future world, anowest all to come not by the course of heaven,

By frail conjecture of inferior signs,
By monstrous floods, by flights and flocks of
birds,--

By howels of a sacrificed heast,
Or by the figures of some hidden art,
But by a true and natural presage,
Laying the ground and perfect architect
Of all our actions now before thine-eyes,
From Adam to the end of Adam's seed;
O Heaven! protecting weakness with thy

strength,
So. look on me, that I may view thy face,
And see these secrets written in thy brow.
O Suc! come dart thy rays upon my moon,
That now mine eyes, eclipsed to the earth,
Vlay brightly be refined and shine to heaven;
Transform me from this flesh that I may live

Before my death regenerate with Thre.

O then great Godl ravish mine earthly sprite
That for all time a more than human skill
May fill the faculties of all my sense;
That when I think the thoughts may be my

That when I think, thy thoughts may be my guide. And when I speak I may be made by choice

The perfect echo of thy heavenly voice."

Thus say my son, and thou shalt know it all.

BOOK of Mormon for sale, wholesale and retail, price \$1 single copy, \$10 per dozt extra binding. Pocket book fashion, for the convenience of travelling Elders, \$1.50.

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LATTER DAY SAINT'S

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

Vоь. Т.

PITTSBURGH, MARCH 15, 1845.

No. 10.

of all these abominations, but were not satisfi-For the Messenger and Advocate. Mr. Editor,-Having returned a few days ed, and were very anxious for us to go there. since, from a visit to Lake County, Ohio, in that they might know the truth of these reobedience to the request of many of our old ports. We think we can say with confidence acquaintances, in that part of the country, we that the people were all satisfied, and expressare inclined to give a brief sketch of our jour ed to us great indignation at a people capable ney, which occupied a little overthree weeks, of such enormities. roads, we were prevented from arriving as evening, it was the arrival of brethren William soon as we and our friends expected. In an Law and William E. McLellan, from Hamparrival, or a large number of them had dispersed. On our arrival we were welcomed by hundreds of our old acquaintances, with a that the ties of friendship were not broken. It had been upwards of seven years since we changes had taken place during our absence.

An appointment was made immediately on test, and the public mind, in relation to hundreds of our old acquaintances, with a the spiritual wife system, and the abominations concerning it. As Joseph Smith and that the ties of friendship were not broken. It others had attempted to get him into it, and in many things about it that we never knew because had taken place during our absence.

An appointment was made immediately outerst, and the public mind, was quieted, and all An appointment was made immediately on rest, and the public mind, was quieted, and all

-and we addressed a very attentive congrega. Painsville, to go there and deliver a lecture in tion, and probably as large a one as was ever that place, accordingly we went, and addressgathered in that or any other part of the coun-ed a large and respectable congregation there. try, under similar circumstances. We made During the week we received a message from an appointment for the Tuesday evening fol. some of the citizens of Cleveland, informing lowing, and also the Thursday evening. On us that if we would accept an invitation from the Tuesday evening again, to our great surprise, citizens of that place, and lecture there, we the house was filled. the people, and again on the Thursday even spectable inhabitants; with this request weing following. On Thursday evening we gave were unable to comply. the history of Nauvoo, and the events that led to the death of the Smiths, which, of course, we traced to the introduction of the spiritual Kellogg was appointed presiding elder. Duwife system; for all do know, that know any ring our stay there were lectures delivered by thing about it, that it was the introduction of Dr. Samuel Bennett, and brethren Law and

gus money making, counterfeiting, stealing, reproach was not heard. lying, perjury, and a train of abominations. feelings, and feel as if we left the same. juries, to ruin the characters of innocent per- roughly handled.

In consequence of the bad condition of the An unexpected circumstance took place that ticipations of our arrival at Kirtland, an ap. ton, Rock Island County, Illinois. Brother pointment had been made for a meeting in the Law addressed the congregation for some temple; on Sunday morning, the 16th of Feb. time, setting forth what he knew about the but the congregation had dispersed before our people and the affairs of Nauvoo; some of

our arrival for meeting at candle light, and doubts removed. notwithstanding the night was very dark and The next Sunday we lectured again in the the roads exceedingly bad, yet the temple was temple to a large audience. The week follow-It will seat about nine hundred persons ing we received a request from the citizens of We again addressed would receive it from some of the most re-

that system which led to the death of the McLellan, all of which tended greatly to en-Smiths, and that if that system had not been lighten and settle the public mind, We need not say that there were prejudices introduced they might have been living men

We had a fair opportunity of setting removed, for we did not find any to remove; before a large congregation the operations of the people were open, and willing to hear, and that system, and its effect on the people of we received the kindest treatment at the hand Nauvoo; showing that it was the inlet to all of all with whom we had intercourse. The the corruptions which followed. Such as bottongue of slander was still, and the voice of our money making, counterfeiting, stealing, reproach was not heard. We found good

We set before the people the plans used by the There was some nestling by a little band of devotees of this system to conceal their ini-spiritual wife folk; they felt as if their darling quity from public view—their lying and persystem of religious libertinism was rather inries, to ruin the characters of innormal roughly handled. They had several secret sons, in order to hide their corruptions from meetings, and passed some resolutions to be the public eye. The people there had heard published in the spiritual wife papers at Nau-

voo, and Phenias H. Young went his way with Jesus, and that of the Savior himself. John Young, one of their number, ex-sober and reflecting mind is led to inquire into pressed himself, as we were informed, in one its own fate, and the fate of those with whom of their spiritual wife meetings, to this effect, it is associated. that he would rather go to hell with that sys- In former days, when the servants of God

was a good one.

has left little doubt in our mind, that the Lord desire to understand the fate of the kingdom is working on the hearts of the people there, of heaven, or church of Christ, with which they by making known to them the things that per were associated, and what would be its fate tain to salvation, and by stirring up their amidst the general ruins and overthrow of the minds to investigation.

the prospects before the church at Kirtland, prisoner on the Isle of Patmos. He wept bitare as flattering as any church we have or-terly when there were none found who was ganized. The deep interest taken in our meet-able to open the book, and loose the seals thereings by many who never belonged to any of. John well knew that that book contained church, and the feelings they expressed on the the history and fate of the church of Christ; occasion, portends well for the prosperity of and if there were any found that could open the church there, as also the many in and that book, and loose the seals thereof, he could about that place, who, at former times have obtain the lenwhode which he desired most helonged and still believe the doctrines as we of all, and learn the fate of the church of do, and who feel a deep interest in their disse. The book was finally opened, and mination; but in consequence of what they the contents thereof made known, greatly to believed to be corruptions, having gained so the gratification of John.

The great desires of the prophets and apositill; but we think many, if not all of them, tles, and their deep researches have given us will unite with the church there, and we think much light on these matters, and enabled us, the prospect now is, that Kirtland will not in some good degree, to satisfy our inquiries, much longer be called a city forsaken, but she pertaining to this same subject. will yet be a place of praise.

The change in the town of Kirtland since into the world, seem to have all arrived at the any person capable of feeling. judice was running high, and the spirit of op the destruction of the earthly existence of the position exceedingly bitter, and so violent that church, and to continue, with other causes, to our peace was entirely destroyed, but on our increase and prevail, until the saints were to

We received many solicitations to again visit the place, and many were desirous that we sult, in part at least, of apostates. should go there and spend a part of our time apostacy which was to make its appearance, at least, if not make it the home of our family, was to have power, and the sincere and true All of which are under advisement.

ask.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

At a period of the world like the present, come. when all are looking for and expecting importhese fears are awakened by reason of the

tem, than to heaven with the one we taught, were made acquainted with the changes and We think, for the honor of trutha his choice revolutions which were destined to rend in pieces the political and religious institutions Many things which we learned while there, of the world; they always manifested a strong

warious nations of the earth. A notable in-If we may be at liberty to judge, we think stance of this is recorded of St. John, while a

For a long series of years, the prophetic messengers sent

the winter of 1838, (the time we left) is not same conclusions, that during a long period of greater than the change on the feelings of the the world, the fate of the church of Christ was At that time we left Kirtland, under very doubtful. Apostates were to be numercircumstances calculated to try the feelings of ous, and corruptions were to prevail to an Public pre alarming extent, which were to combine for

return all was calm-all was quiet-all was be worn out and over come-Daniel, 7 chap. courtesy and kindness. The hand of friend-25 verse. As, also, Rev. 13: 7, "And it was ship was extended, and every office of kind-given unto him to make war with the saints, ness was tendered to us to make our visit de and to overcome them: and power was given sirable and our stay pleasant, that any could him over all kindreds, and tongues, and nations."

> These sufferings of the saints were the rewershippers of God, were to be brought into great straits, and great calamities were to be brought on to their head through these means,

until the saints were to be worn out and over-

Such was to be the fate of the true church tant events, events of a character affecting the of Christ for a long series of years, following whole human race; three ening the whole each other in succession. The prophets could world with convulsions and distress; changesee nothing but cause of sorrow and mourning, ing and overturning the various forms of goand the saints in trouble and wo, until they vernment, and revolutionizing all the establishsaw the whole organization dissolved, and the ed orders of society, and particularly one when true church laid in ruins. In the former ages of the world, whenever

testimony of the holy prophets and apostles of an apostacy made it appearance, it had power

and bring upon the a calamity after calamity vexed his righteous soul from day to day with and finally death and dissolution of the body their unlawful deeds;) The Lord knoweth how organized; and if any escaped it was by con-to deliver the godly out of temptations, and recealment or otherwise.

the nations and religious organizations became self-willed, they are not afraid to speak evil less formidable; broken up in diversity of f dignities. Whereas angels, which are opinions; separated from each other both in greater in power and might, bring not railing

heaven. come into our possession, there were apostacies was rebuked for his iniquity, the dumb ass from the truth to take place in these last days, speaking with man's voice forebade the madand of as deep and ruinous a character, as far ness of the prophet.- These are wells withas putting at defiance the true doctrines of out water, clouds that are carried with a tem-

struction on their own heads.

among you, who prively shall bring in damna-with them than the beginning. ble heresies, even denying the Lord that been better for them not to have known the

godly: And turning the cities of Sodom and tion that ever defiled the human heart.

to prevail against the true worshippers of Godydwelling among them, in seeing and hearing, serve the unjust unto the day of judgment to The scene changed as time progressed to be punished; but chiefly them that walk after wards a close, and the political and religious the flesh in the lust of uncleanness, and discondition of the world, became diversified, and pise government. Presumptious are they,

their political and religious institutions, until accusations against them before the Lord. But they became weaker, and a better state of feel-these, as natural brute beasts, made to be taken ing reigned among the various nations. Re- and destroyed, speak evil of the things that ligious higotry and intolerance greatly soften-they understand not; and shall utterly perish ed; and a greater willingness to hear and to in their own corruption; and shall receive the understand for themselves, prevailed among reward of unrighteousness, as they that count the people generally; and after the prophets it pleasure to riot in the day time. Spots they and apostles had looked into futurity, and unlare and blemishes, sporting themselves with

derstood the state and condition of society, as their own deceivings while they feast with time aproximates its close, they saw the con- you; having eyes full of adultery, and that dition of the true worshippers of God undergo cannoceease from sin; beguiling unstable souls a great change, not less so than the world at -an heart they have exercised with covetous large, por less beneficial to themselves, and to practices, cursed children: which have forthe general prevalence of the true doctrines of saken the right way, and are gone astray, following the way of Balaam the son of Bosor, Though, according to the things which have who loved the wages of unrighteousness; but

Christ was concerned, as ever had existed in pest; to whom the mist of darkness is reservany former period of the world; but the aposted for ever. For when they speak great swelltales were not to have power to effect the ruining words of vanity, they allure through the and destruction of the true worshippers of the lusts of the flesh, through much wantonness, living God; but on the contrary, bring de those who were clean escaped from them who The student of live in error. While they promise them liberthe scriptures cannot but wonder at the change ty, they themselves are the servants of corrupwhich the apostles show will, in relation to tion: for of whom a man is overcome, of the these matters, take place in the last days same is he brought in bondage. For if after Peter, in his second chapter, gives the follow-they have escaped the pollutions of the world ing account of the apostacy of the last days through the knowledge of the Lord and Savis "But there were false prophets also among our Jesus Christ, they are again entangled the people, even as there shall be false teachers therein, and overcome, the latter end is worse For it had

bought them, and bring upon themselves swift way of righteousness, than, after they have And many shall follow their known it, to turn from the holy commandment pernicious ways: by reason of whom the way delivered unto them. But it is happened unto of truth shall be evil spoken of. And through them according to the true proverb, The dog covetousness shall they with feigned-words is turned to his own vomit again: and the sow make merchandise of you; whose judgment that was washed to her wallowing in the now of a long time lingereth not, and their mire." An apostacy of a deeper and blacker characdamnation slumbereth not. For if God spared not the angels that sinned, but east them down ter than the one here described by Peter, never to hell, and delivered them into chains of dark-could exist. The character of the apostates ness, to be reserved unto judgment. And spa-are discribed as being of the basest kind, putred not the old world, but saved Noah the ting at defiance all the laws of decency and eighth person, a preacher of righteousness, good order, being devoted to debauchery, dubringing in the flood upon the world of the un-plicity, ornelty, and every species of corrup-Gomorrha into ashes, condemned them with earlier periods of the world such an apostacy an overthrow, making them an ensample unto would have laid waste the true church of God, those that after, should live ungodly; And de- and have driven the true worshippers of Godlivered just Lot, vexed with the filthy conver-linto exile or death; but mark the change,

sation of the wicked: (For that righteous man verse-1st, and bring upon themselves swift dis-

bring swift destruction on their own heads.

last days, and though there were to be corrup regardless of the means by which they did it, ters, and that as great as ever existed in any not even perjuries excepted? Surely blind-period of the world, they would not have power to destroy as in former days, to destroy unto Israel, until their destruction come to the those who feared and worshipped the living very uttermost.

God in deed and in truth; on the contrary. In all this matter the saints are to escape, their folly was to be made manifest:—"But for it is on account of corruptions that men are shall be manifest unto all men, as theirs also to perish in the last days, and not because was." And their abominations made public they walk before the Lord blameless; such and swift destruction would come on them-are commanded to turn away from corruptions.

Such is the testimony of the apostles in re-shall overcome and not be overcome. lation to the people of the last days. It was not more certain that that servant whom the would admonish, that they walk in all godly Lord raised up in the last days to give meat to sincerity, maintaining the doctrine of Jesus his house in due season, if he should become Christ in all purity and righteousness; for by evil, and, instead of doing as the Lord com-this they stand or for want of this they fall. manded him, go to eating and drinking with No people in the last days who have been the drunken, and smitting his fellow servants, made partakers of the Holv Spirit, can stand should be cut off, then it was that all the cor-quiless they maintain the truth in righteousrupters, who caused the way of truth to be evil ness. - Should they corrupt their way before

could not escape.

the saints begin to expose the corruptions of that their persecutions in the last days, will be those who have introduced the very abomina-in-proportion to their corruptions; the less tions, which the apostles have said should be their corruptions the less their persecutions, introduced into the true church in the las and the greater their corruptions the greater days, these corrupters begin to cry, you are their persecutions, and the promise of life is going to bring mobs on us, and have our lives altogether dependent on their walking before destroyed? Answer, They see their fate writthe Lord blameless. ten in the volume of truth; they surely are Let it also be remembered by the saints, not so ignorant as not to see, that in case of that when they hear the cry of fear and dis-

And again in the 3d verse, Whose they cannot escape. Hence the cry of persejudgment now of a long time lingereth not culion. Hence the great effort to conceal, and their damnation slumbereth not. Accord Hence the fear, dread, and dismay. Hence ing to these sayings, all the power these apos the fearful foreboadings of judgment to come, tales should have was to bring destruction on for their judgment is not to s' .mber after their themselves, and hasten their own judgment and abominations are made manifest, neither will The testimony of all the apostles their destruction sleep. Do they, vain men, agree in this, that in the last days, when God suppose that by crying persecution, mobs. should again set his hand to establish his You are bringing destruction on us, will save church, it should be at such a period, and un them? Do they not know that the decree has der such a condition of things in the world, been long since passed in the courts of heaven, that those who departed from the way of truth, that if they did the things which they have though they could cause the way of truth to be done, that destruction and only destruction evil spoken of, yet, in so doing, they would awaited them? Can they avert the judgment of God, by trying to stop the mouths of these

The power of apostates was to cease in the whom they have injured, and tried to injure, last days, and though there were to be corrup regardless of the means by which they did it,

and swift destruction would come on them-are commanded to turn away from corruptions selves. Neither had they power to escape: and corrupters: This know also, that in the "For when they shall say, peace and safety; last days perilous times will come. For men then sudden destruction cometh upon them, as shall be lovers of their own selves, covetous, travail upon a woman with child; and they boasters, proud, blasphemers, disobedient to shall not escape." No effort at secrecy to parents, unthankful, unholy, without natural conceal their abominations could save them affection, truce-breakers, false accusers, incon-However privately they might bring into the inent, fierce, despisers of those that are good, church their dam abletheresies, it would bring traitors, heady, high-minded, lovers of pleaon their own heads swift destruction. They sure more than lovers of God; having a form might creep into houses, it mattered not how of godliness, but denying the power thereof: slyly they did it, and how secretly they led from such turn away." It is one of the great astray silly women, their folly would be made privileges of the saints of the last days, that manifest; they would be detected, and swift they will be preserved by keeping the comdestruction would come on them, and they mandments of God, and by walking blameless To such the promise is that they in his sight.

To the faithful, then, in Christ Jesus, we spoken of, should bring on their own heads the Lord, they will bring switt destruction on swift destruction. The same fate awaited all their own head, as some have already done, the same decree was on all their heads. and others are doing. Let all those who are Let me ask why it is that the very instant called to be saints learn one important fact,

exposure destruction will come upon them and may, and threatened death, among those who

have been made partakers of the Holy Spirit. that the persons making that crue dave cor-rupted their way before the Lord; for it is on

such that the Lord has threatened judgment, reader of the Messenger and Advocate from and not on the faithful in Christ Jesus. If its first commencement in this City, and I

any of us commit error—to which all are lia-have occasionally read the Times and Seasons ble—let us not attempt to hide it by crying published in Nauvoo, Ill. I here is a very wide persecution against those who seek redress at difference in opinion between the conductors

Let the judgments of God which have be-been said in your papers, to forever settle the fallen and are befalling those who have already matter in the minds of all those who desire to corrupted their way before the Lord, and caus-know the truth on this subject, for the sake of ed the way of truth to be evil spoken of, he and THE TRUTH. There are those however who everlasting warning to all who desire hereaf- are disposed to cavil and misrepresent, in or-

tles and prophets, the Lord would not again, some of my history, and some items connected after the saints who were to make their ap-therewith. pearance, through the ministry of the apostles, I united with the church of Christ, and whom Jesus called, at the time of his first ad-was baptized by Hyrum Smith in Jackson vent into the world, should have been worn co. Mo. August 1831. A few days thereafter,

tems grown out of it, set his hand again until land, Ohio, preaching by the way. ferent nations so modified, as to admit of the Township where I first saw Joseph Smith, existence of the true church of Christ, on the Sidney Rigdon, Oliver Cowdery, &c. Durand not corrupting the true doctrine of Christ; were ordained to the High Priesthood.

own heads. alone exist by maintaining the form of doctrine In '34 Joseph Smith with several hundred delivered unto them, in purity and righteous-men arrived in upper Mo., in order to assist called with an holy calling, in the last days, ing but little, the company was disbanded and so far dispise their calling as to become work-many returned to their homes. In a conference of iniquity instead of workers of righteous-1834. 1 was chosen to accompany president

pernicious ways. And those leaders who in-conferance was called in Kirtland during which that part of the revelation given in Fay-troduce heresies and corruptions, so as to cause ette N. Y. 1829 relative to the choosing of the way of truth to be evil spoken of, they may twelve apostles was taken into consideration,

on all who follow them. holy calling; abstain from all worldly lusts name among the number of the twelvewhich war against the soul. Possess your the 27th of the same month, in a conferance vessel in sanctification and honor; each one Orson Hyde and myself were chosen to act as steeming other better than himself, and the required to keep a record of the most impor-God of peace will be with you.

SIDNEY RIGDON. Apostles. Now for the benefit of your reads

Pittsburgh March 15, 1845.

BROTHER BENNETT,

have been a constant

our hands, f r the wrong done them, but let of those two papers and their contributors as us confess our faults, redress the wrong, and to the person or persons to whom the first Aucease to do evil; for if we seek to practice ini-duity, by concealing it, remember the judg. Christ, rightly and legally belongs, since the ments of God will overtake such.

ter to serve the Lord in truth and in righteous der to blind the minds of the unsuspecting.

I feel disposed to trouble you sir: with a few According to all the testimonies of the apos remarks, relative to this subject, giving you

out and overcome, and the church organized in conference I was ordained an Elder, and in by them be broken up, and all kinds of sys-company with him traveled through to Kirtthe spirit of bigotry and intolerance shoulded there on the 18th of October, and on the have so far abated, and the laws of the dif-the 25th I attended a conference in Orange

principles only of the saints keeping pure, ing this conferance myself and nine others that they so doing would eventually overcome I went home with Joseph Smith and spent -but if, on the contrary, they corrupted their some weeks with him. In the spring of 1832 way, and by virtue of their corruptions, put I removed to Jackson Co. Mo. which was themselves into the power of their enemies, then, among us generally called Zion. In they would bring swift destruction on their the fall of '33, I shared largely in the persecusions and injuries which the church sustain-The church of Christ in the last days, can ed in that Co. in consequence of mob rule.

Should any of those who have been the church in regaining their rights. Affectness, in so doing they are preparing destruct Smith to Ohio, where he then lived. On the tion for themselves, and all who follow their 14th-day of the month of Feb. 35 a general

look for swift destruction on themselves, and and it was determined that the time had come for them to be chosen. I acted on that ocea-Brethern, beloved of God, remember your and being chosen, I had to record my own tant matters touching the ministry &c. of those

ers, I wish to quote some items from this by revelation," then filled up their vacancies Apostolic record kept by Hyde and myself .- in their own quorum, and in that attitude pre-Apostolic record kept by Hyde and myself.—In their own quorum, and in that attitude preDuring the above council president Smith prosented themselves before the church and the
phisted that "if we would be careful to keep
world, there would have been some semblance
of the same authority and church government
esting and important ones ever seen." Durthat is presented in the pattern in the book of
ing this interview he proposed this question. Covenants. But as they now present them"What importance is there attached to the callings of the twelve Apostles, different from
they violate the order in the book of Covenats.

They go contrary to Joseph Smith's own inAfter some observations by others Joseph structions as recorded in their record of their After some observations by others Joseph structions, as recorded in their record of their Smith in his official capacity, gave the follow own proceedings. ing desission, viz: The Twelve are called to What conclusion according to the above be a traveling high council, (not stationary) to must we form concerning them, and all those preside over all the churches of the saints who adhere to them! It is inevitable. among the Gentiles, where there is no presiden are fallen! are fallen!! And brethren you cy established. They are to travel and preach need not wonder if they have or do become among the Gentiles, until the Lord shall come the habitation of devils, and the held of every mand them to go to the Jews. They are to foul spirit, and a cage of every unclean and hold the keys of this ministry—to unlock the hateful bird." door of the kingdom of heaven unto all nations, From the day that the church was first orand preach the gospel unto every creature.— ganized with the various presiding authorities, This is the virtue, power and authorty of their up to this day, I have always considered that apostleship, amen." I wish to make one more according to the book of covenants, that church quotation from the record of the twelve. Kirt-could not exist without a first Presidency, and land, May 2, 1835, a grand council of all the that that first Presidency was the head of the presiding authorities of the whole church was church. So the twelveits understand it. But-After the tug of war is, how many individuals comassembled, Joseph Smith-in the chair. the council was opened, he arose and made pose that presidency or head? many observations, and among them the fol-wenture an assertion, that no intelligent man lowing. Now I want all your readers who or woman who ever belonged to that church have any doubts respecting the duty, calling, juring Joseph Smith's lifetime ever thought, or power of the twelve to preside to hearken, that, that quorum of first presidency or head Joseph Smith's words as authority are often could have more than three individuals in it at quoted by those who trank the twelve can less time. Now if it is true that when we cut gally preside in Nauvoo. Listen and I will the head off from the natural body—the body give you his own words, taken verbatim as be dies.—Just so true it is that that part of the delivered them, as Elder O. Hyde and myself church who set aside the head or first presiplaced them in the record of the twelve. The dency, consisting of three through whom the original copy of which, is now in my posses. Lord said, "he would give his oricles to his sion. But now for the sentiment, here it is church," must inevitably die. The head con"The twelve apostles have no right to go into tains the brain, which is said to be the seat of

sult their own record, but if they ever do read But that would not mend the matter, and I canit, they cannot believe it. For if the they did not see how I can be be them out of the dillicular

this belongs to the twelve."

-above their authority.

and Rigdon, who with Joseph Smithling to the pattern given in the book Covenants

Zion, or any of its stakes, where there is a regular high council established, and there untertake to regulate the matters pertaining intelligence is gone.

Take away the head, and then sensation and dertake to regulate the matters pertaining intelligence is gone.

Brethren do any of you wish to be members and regulate and set in order all matters, refin a body or church, which has neither intellilative to the different branches of the church. The more sentence he uttered immediately the twelve at Nauvoo had authority to set afollowing the calculations with the sent of the se Brethren do any of you wish to be members following the above viz: "No standing high side the first presedincy, consisting of three council has authority to go into the churches and become head themselves, then they should abroad and regulate the matters thereof, for have placed a quorum of three or some other number below them, in order that there might The twelve at Nauvoo certainly never con- be the same number of quorums in the church.

they never would, having no more than aposty into which they have voluntarily plunged tolic authority, try to regulate the afairs o themselves, by their own free will. They Zion in the stake at Nauvoo. They must and have rejected the first presidency, and have do know that they are acting out of their place (Pharisee like) assumed Moses seat for themselves. The question to my mind is clear If after they pretended to cut off presidents that no church is the church of Christ accord-

constituted the first presidency, they had gone Sec. 3 unless it has a quorum of three—and to work and appointed three of their own num-only three, as a first presidency. Any part ber and ordained them to the first presidency, or branch of that church assuming a different 151 - 101 1

form of government, or placing themselves semblies? Who wrote the most revelations at under a different set of authorities is not the the seer's mouth? Who had a vision of the church of Christ, is not addressed by any raveglories of the eternal world, and of the sore elation in that books. The revelations, directorments of the wicked, and gazed upon them tions, and promises contained there, were justly with Joseph Smith? Who sat day afgiven to a church who were under the im-ter day, month after month, and year after mediate presidency or presiding authority of year, and assisted in translating the old scrip-Hence I said they of Nauvooltures by the power of inspiration, and by that were fallen. And as they did not like to re-labor accumulated a fund of intelligence contain God in their knowledge, he has given cerning the things of God, surpassing any them over to a reprobate mind, to do those man now living? Who is it, on whom the things which are not convenient. God has Lord suffered the heavy hand of affliction to given them up unto vile affections," Rom. 1. fall and abide for years in Nauvoo, that he As president S. Rigdon's claims to the first might neither loose his priesthood, nor yet go presidency have been so ably set forth in the into those abountations for which the Lord Messenger and Advocate, I will now only add caused the overthrow or downfall of that man a few things farther on that subject. who, if he had been faithful, would have stood

He became personally acquainted with Jos. at the head of the kingdom of God Almighty, Smith in December 1830, and from that to when Jesus made his second appearance? And this, has sustained a very different relation to finally, who is it to whom the Lord has open-the church of Christ from any other man in it ed the heavens and shown the pattern upon Joseph had translated the book of Mormon by which his kingdom should be organized; and the gift of inspiration from God, had done atthe principles by which it must be governed, good work in that, and also in organizing the in order to be prepared for the events that are church; and being only a youth and the Lord coming on earth, and in order to bring in everknowing the many temptations to which he lasting righteousness. To fill the world with would be subject, and also knowing the age, righteousness, peace, and jey in the Holy the experience, and the integrity of Elder Ghost? Yes, who is it that with every power Rigdon's heart said to him in a revelation cov and faculty of his soul, publicly and privately, sec. 11, par. 4. "I have sent forth the fulness opposes every species of iniquity, usurpation of my gospel by the hand of my servant Jo-and violation of the laws of God and man, in seph: and in weakness have I blessed him, the church or kingdom of God: and who reand I have given unto him the keys of the commends to the saints by all his teachings, and mystery of those things which have been seal-by his daily examples to work righteousness ed, even things which shall come from this and righteousness only, in order to be redeemtime until the time of my coming, if he abide ed? I answer distinctly and emphatically in me, and if not, another will I plant in his that that man is President Sidney Rigdon. stead, (not twelve others,) wherefore, watch feel my interest identified with his, and I feel over him that his faith fail not." "Watch over also to stand by him in all righteousness behim." I ask, watch over whom? Who re-fore God, while he stands as a man of God to ceived the command? the important command, plead with the world. W. E. McLELLIN. to be the Lords watcher? and that too over the Lord's prophet. I answer, the man to whom the Lord said "now I give unto thee a (For the Messenger and Advocate.) commandment that thou shall baptize by wat-LAMENTATION FOR THE DAUGH-TER OF ZION. er, and they shall receive the Holy Ghost by I'How doth the city sit solitary! She that the laying on of the hands, even as by the apostles of old." And of whom it is said in was full of people, how is she become as a

stead. Much more might be said on this subject, have given them vain and foolish things, and

queries. - What man now living has had the they boast of the burden, and are exalted in most extensive knowledge and experience in sin. For their light has ceased to shine! the church of Christ, since the year 1830?—

30, thou daughter of Zion! Consider What thou hast done! Shall a woman destroy what thou hast done!

the book of Covenants page 408, speaking of widow. She that was great among the na-Sidney Rigdon, "he shall LIFT up his voice tions, behold she doth mourn, for her prophets again on the mountains and be a spokesmun be sleepeth in the dust, and her twelve horns are Here are some of the greatest lopped off; her priests and her elders have expromises and privileges ever delivered to alted themselves, and her virgins are afflictman, since the world begain-"A SPOKESMAN ed. For virtue has departed away!

BEFORE MY FACE. Watch over him that his 2 How hath her gold become dim! and faith fail not, lest he fall!! But if he (Joseph) the law of heaven they have changed; for the transgress and fall another will I plant in his word of the Lord they regard not; and good tidings they will not receive! for their prophets.

but I will here introduce some important their iniquity they have not discovered; for

sided jointly—shall I say equally with Joseph her young, or hide them in a secret place? Or Smith, in all its councils, in all its general as shall the poor faint for hunger ! For the meek as great as the sea! Thy virgins and thy young men are fallen; and thy beauty has fa-

ded away!

4 O, thou daughter of Zion! thou hast taker of the cup and art drunken. Thou hast made red, tongue, and people, under the whole heathyself wicked for thy inheritance is turned to strangers, and thy temple is a fabric of pollution! thine enemies council against thee, they hiss, and laugh thee to scorn! They say Behold the day they have looked for has come for her sceptre thath ceased to sway!
THOMAS F. WILLIAMS.

MSSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. MARCH, 15, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third-person, containing mo ney, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

has been ordained a Prophet, Seer and Revelator." -- Times and Seasons Page 431.

by thy words thou shalt be condemned." Matt. 12: 37.

On the 8th of August, 1844, at a special meeting of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, convened at the stand in the asked the saints what they wanted. Do von want a guardian, a PROPHET, a spokesman or what do you want? If you want any of these officers, signify it by raising the right hand NOT A HAND WAS RAISED .- Times and Seasons, page 637.

"You are now without a prophet presen with you in the flesh to guide you."-Brig ham Young's Apostolic Epistle, Times and Sea

To our Patrons:—In consequence of publishing and printing the Hymn Book in season for our conference, it has put our paper back for several days; and as we are all anxious to make preperations for the conference, we have concluded to passover the 1st of April No. and date the next paper on the 15th of April-By so doing we shall be able to give our subscribers the proceedings of the conference at a very early day and save ourselves much anxiety.

Our friends will lose nothing by this arrangement, as they will receive their full compliment of papers, (24 No's.)

days of the advent of Jesus Christ, more re all see "eye to eye," by the full eanon of markable in its character, than the coming Scripture contained in the Bible? Solve me forth of the Book of Mormon. More than four this problem. teen years have now elapsed since this singular

and the poor you dispise! For thy breach is vulging the secrets of generations, long, since gathered to their fathers, and proclaiming the commencement of a series of stupendous events, affecting intimately every nation, kind-

Although there is no kind or degree of evidence wanting, which is usually admitted sufficient to establish the truth of any record of whatever kind; indeed we venture to say, it possesses characteristics peculiarly its own, which indelibly stamp upon its pages, the impression of eternal truth; yet it has hitherto failed to excite that deep and general interest, which the intrinsic importance of its contents demand. We are not at a loss to determine why it is so. . This may be aptly styled the artificial age. The opinions, the manners, the pursuits, nay even the religion is made for show; men dare not think without a precep "We have to announce that Sidney Rigdon tor; it would indeed be at the eminent hazard of the thousand and one diverse systems of truth, should men once get it into their heads "By thy words thou shalt be justified, and that they were permited to exercise a little thought. An unnatural morbid sentiment prevails, which effectually blocks up the avenues, to the most valuable and exalted field of human investigation; in the attainment of that city of Nauvoo, President Brigham Young intelligence, which can only satisfy and fill the "aching void, of the immortal spirit that is in man. "The Bible contains all that is necessary for our salvation." The canon of scripture is full." These are the maxims of a race of zealous religionists, who propose to evangelize the world, and bring about the devoutly to be desired condition of things, when all shall know the Lord, from the least unto We do not impugn their mothe greatest." tives; but we altogether disallow the adequacy of their proposed plan of accomplishing the object. The means are not equal to the end. Is it not a fact that sects and parties are multiplying annually, amongst Christians. we mean those who ptofess to believe sincere. ly in the divine authenticity of the Bible, and that it contains all that is necessary for salvation. In the name of all that is reasonable, No circumstance has occurred since the then, we ask, how is it possible that men shall

It is because we believe that all scripture cord first emerged from its hiding place, di-given by inspiration of God is profitable, and

because we receive the testimony of the Biole of the ancient inhabitants of this continent; complete. Atleast thirty inspired records are usalem. Know ye not how he told the Jews, mentioned in the Bible, which are now-not other sheep I have which are not of this fold, tains all that is necessary to salvation, these that there may be one fold and one shephold the maxim that the canon of scripture is he lost sheep of the house of Israel." im equal in absurdity with it, and a palpable other branch of the house of Israel, not of the contradiction in itself to the other two. The Jewish fold. The Book of Mormon relates The Bible is the only rule of faith and prac what that mission was, and how it was accomtice. If the Bible contains all that is neces plished. It is an additional evidence of the came either of these erroneous dogmas into ex-linvented by men or devils. To the honest inin the Bible. So far from it, the whole genius lue than the riches of the whole world. and spirit of that inspired record, is diametri-surrounded by a thousand testimonies of its cally opposed to the imposition of such a more truth, and the best of all is, it leads those who al incubus. If there is any principle taught in follow its direction to the Lamb of God, that the Bible, it is that God never had a people taketh away the sin of the world;" to the existing on the earth, whom he acknowledged fountain of all wisdom and knowledge, that that he did not reveal himself to them, made they may drink deep of the waters of life, and known to them his will, and poured upon them be satisfied; that they henceforth live "holy, the spirit of inspiration. It is a virtual rejec-harmless, undefiled, and separate from sintion of the Bible, to say that it contains all that ners." is necessary to the salvation of man: "It is in effect saying that the Bible is unworthy our credence. Amos declares, "Surely the Lord God will do nothing but he reveals his secret of Jesus of Nazareth, a perfect example of unto his servants the prophets." Solomon says, "Where there is no vision the people perish!"- David says, "Truth shall spring by treading the path which his footsteps have out of the earth." John, in his sublime his hallowed, who was the way, the truth, and tory of future events, shown him by the angel says, "I saw another angel flying through the midst of heaven, having the everlasting gospel to preach to them that dwell upon earth; to ingress by the door, that the sheepfold, that every nation, kindred, tongue, and people." The Bible, in short, contains a string of prophecies and promises, with regard to a future glorious epoch in the history of the human family, when God shall reveal unto them the abundance of peace and truth; and it is by that means alone that the knowledge of God can ever cover the earth, as the waters cover the sea.

What then is the Book of Mormon?

as verily true, we reject the anti-Christian and to whom, the Savior personally appeared and absurd notion, that the cannon of Scripture is idministered, after fulfilling his work at Jerknown to be extant! So that if the Bible con hem also I must bring in;" at this time, were superorgatory works of inspiration, and herd." You will observe it was a branch of Peter did not understand the matter when he the house of Isr el to which he there refers, declared they were all profitable. Those who for he distincly says, "I am not sent but to complete in the Bible, also hold another max. Redeemer's mission, then, had respect to ansary for salvation, and if nothing is to be be-truth of the gospel, or God's plan of saving lieved that is not found in the Bible, how men, in contradistinction to all the systems Certainly neither of them are found quirer after truth, it is therefore of greater va-

We shall revert to this subject again.

Is it true that we have given us in the person obedience to the principles of eternal salvation? By imitating the pattern which he has left us the life, we can enter the holiest of all whither the forerunner hath for us entered.

Although it is necessary we should make our we may be constituted legal heirs according to the promise-that is not all which is requisite to secure the "inheritance of the saints in light."-It is not enough that we yield obedience to the first principles of the doctrine of Christ, unless we go on unto perfection, "by patient continuance in well doing unto the end."

The standard of excellence which is erected It is by the Saviour, is nothing short of the perfeca true record of a branch of the house of Israel tion of Deity. "Be ye perfect, even as your

father who is in heaven is perfect" This Rigdon organized a branch of the church in implies the renunciation of all evil, and the that place, and we feel assured a good work is advocacy and practice of all good. We are begun there, which, by the blessing of God at once directed to God as the source of will result in an abundant harvest. unmixed good. "The works that I do," remarkable declaration, "are the works which to the sisters of the church that seem my father do." In acting then upon the principles which you see do govern the principles whi me in my life you can become perfect even as me in my life you can become perfect even as your father who is in heaven is perfect, and John 14: 15. Whosever transgresseth, and this is the only road that leads thereto.

Some professing religionists have such a mean opinion of their God, that they insist, pleased to give certain laws or command-He has required of his creature man more than ments, both for the temporal and spiritual salhe is able to give; in other words, it is impos sible for man to keep the commandments of God.

tempted in all points like as we are, yet without sin." Do we ask by what principle did one principle which we must think, more judge between truth and error, and to come in -watching, unto fasting and prayer. this duty or means of victory.

likewise, and the kingdom is yours by the will of the Father.

Ohio, whom we had the pleasure of accom-understand the true character of that God whom he represented, for God has declared, The very friendly and cordial re- whom no represented, and the Lord, I change by his mouth—For I am the Lord, I change ception we met with deserve our warmest not, therefore ye sons of Jacob are not conthanks. President Rigdon delivered several sumed. Now James says, 1st chapter 17th, addresses to very large and attentive audien- Every good gift, and every perfect gift is fromces in the Temple, and we have every reason lights, with whom is no variableness, neither to believe that a general good feeling exists in shadow of turning. Again, Book of Doctrine Kirtland and the adjacent country. President and Covenants, sec. 37, par. 1, Listen to the

abideth not in the doctrine of Christ, hath not God .- 2 John, 1: 9. In all ages of the world God has been

vation of man; but we propose at this time

to confine our subject more particularly to those sayings of Jesus Christ, and his immediate followers, unto which, by yielding ourselves It is recorded of Jesus Christ, that "he was obedient, will, in the end, procure our exhaltation to a celestial glory, for in vain do we eall him Lord; Lord, if we do not the thing's he has commanded us, consequently it is of he evercome? Hear his answer, "resist the the last importance for us to understand the Devil, and he will flee from you." There is rule or criterion whereby we may be able to than any other means in our power, conduces possession of this knowledge for ourselves, to our victory over the Devil, and all his works view the words of him who spake as never In man spake; by their fruits shall ye know what condition did the Son of God encounter them. We, as a people, profess to believe in that memorable onset of Satan, in the wilder the principles set forth in the Old and New Testaments, also in the record of the Book of ness? And how gloriously did he triumph Mormon, and in the authenticity of the Book on that principle. How remarkably he ad-of Doctrine and Covenants, so called, I would monished his disciples to the performance of here remark that that man or woman who is willing to yield implicit obedience to the principles of eternal truth, as spread over the face To those who have diligently perused the of the two last named books, and carry them sacred records, we would ask, in what condi-out in their lives, as their rule of faith and tion, and under what circumstances, do we practice, cannot fall short of that rest which find men in every age, and in every clime, from the fountain of eternal truth, and unadulseeking and obtaining power with God and terated by the interpolations of men. For my-power with man, by the out pouring of the own part I freely acknowledge my willingness Spirit of God; so that no power save that of to abide by the doctrines laid down in those God, could withstand them? Go thou and do volumes, and in these we do not find a single precedent on record, that goes to establish the destrine, that God ever gave a law to man, having in view his eternal salvation, at the expence of a part or portion of his creatures; and if he never gave any such law to mankind, in President Rigdon has returned from a very former ages of the world, we have no reason agreeable visit of several weeks, to Kirtland, to believe that he ever will, or Malichi did not

voice of the Lord your God, even alpha and let every woman have her own husband: omega, the beginning and the end, whose verse, Let the husband render unto the wife course is one eternal round, the same yester due benevolence. What is this Paul says? day to-day, and forever. Numbers 23: 19— Husbands (in the plural) love your wives, not God is not a man that he should lie, neither husband (in the singular). But to place this the son of man that he should repent. The subject beyond all possibility of controversy, Psalmist says, 103: 62, the Lord executeth in any says, and let every woman have her OWN righteousness and judgment for all that are opnussed. Psalm 89: 142, Justice and judged did not see down through the dark visia of ment are the habitation of thy throne. From time, the good things that were in reserve for the above quotations we understand, first, that us. No, this delightful state of things never God, in his character, is unchangeable; which entered the head of little Paul, not withstanding brings me to this conclusion, that the gospet he ascended into the third heavens, and saw that was preached unto Abraham, as spoken things which were unlawfull for him to speak. of by Paul, Gal. 3, was the same that is preach. Ah, says little Snow, Paul was a grunny! ed by those having authority in the presentage Yes, echoes W. W. Phelps, and so is Sidney of the world. The believing and practising What! Brether Silvey had a view of the of which will save a man in the kingdom of third heavens (See Doc. and Cov. page 346) God. And, in the second place, we learn that and yet it did not enter your head, no more he executeth indepent for all the appropriate that the second of the property of he executeth judgment for all the oppressed than it did brother Paul's, that a man should I now ask if it is not a system of oppression have from ten to five hundred women, married to lead a man, standing at the head of a fami-or not married to them. Why, Paul, you must ly of interesting children, into a covenant to have made mistake, some how or other, when obey every revelati n or every order comi g you said, let every woman have her own hus-from a certain source, asking no questions, band. Query, Gould a woman have her own and in a few days after one of his daughters husband if he was held as common stock by to be demanded as a wife for a married man, five or ten women? and not a question to be asked by the father. Sisters, did you ever think of this? Would I have come to this conclusion, that every not this be a co-partnership concern, to all inthing coming in the shape of a commandment tents and purposes? I will now quote from or revelation, purporting to come from God. Doctrine and Covenants, page 148: Thou whether given by the mouth of man, woman, shalt not lie. He that lieth and will not reor child, and which in itself is in the least cal-pent shall be cast out. Thou shalt love thy culated to sever the bonds of affection, which wife with all thy heart, and shalt cleave unto bind man to his fellow-man—husband to wife, her and none else; and he that looketh on a parents to children, and which in itself is cal-woman to lust after her, shall deny the faith, culated to sap the foundation of that union and shall not have the spirit. which binds and cements the family circle to pent not shall be cast out. Thou shalt not gether, and which in its nature must have a commit adultery; and he that commits adultendency to create jealousy, envy, strife and tery, and repenieth not, shall be cast out. But fraud, and to bring anarchy and confusion upon the that has committed adultery, and repents a body of people. Such a revelation, I say in with all his heart, and forsaketh it, and doth my opinion, is not from God, or God has not it no more, thou shalt forgive. But if he doth revealed himself in his true character in form-it again, he shall not be forgiven, but shall be er revelations, and to prove this position shall cast out. Truth being Again, on page 204: Verily I say unto you, be the burden of this subject. my object, I shall appeal to the law and to the as I have said before, he that looketh upon a testimony in that day when our first parents woman to lust after her; or if any shall comcame forth from the hands of their creator, he mit adultery in their hearts, they shall not made use of the following strong but beautiful have the spirit, but shall deny the faith, and language. See Gen. 2: 24, Therefore shall shall fear. Wherefore I the Lord have said, a man leave his father and his mother, and that the fearful, and the unbelieving, and all shall cleave unto his wife, and they shall be liars, and who soever leveth and maketh a lie, saying of the Lord, that he did not even admit have their part in that lake which burneth with of the possibility of a subsequent command fire and brimstone, which is the second death. being given, which would have a tendency to Verily I say, that they shall not have part in sever that union. We will also listen to the the first resurrection. On page 174 there is a principle laid down teachings of Brother Paul upon this subject for a few moments-Husbands, love your well worthy our consideration. And if he or

wives, even as Christ also loved the church she shall LIE#he or she shall be delivered up

contained in Gen. Again in Paul's first letter tin Harris, says as follows:—And again I to Corinth, 7: 2, Nevertheless, to avoid for command thee, that then shalt not covet thy nication, let every man have his own wife, and neighbor's wife. But, says the objector, this

and gave himself for it-Eph. 5: 30, and in unto the LAW of the LAND.

the 31 verse repeats the word of the Lord as

On page 262, the Lord, in speaking to Mar-

revelation was binding opon him only to whom carnel connection with another woman or woit-was given. To this I reply, what is bindinen? And by so doing am I not violating the ing upon-one, as a rule of facth, is binding up-laws. I the land? The Lord makes use of on shoth r.

We will now review what we have above more to the purpose. D.c. and Cov. page 194 written. It would appear that the live shall - For he that keepeth the aws of G d has no be cast on if he reputs not. And it is also need to break the laws of the land. Wherevery evident that aman, according to the word fore be subject to the powers that be, until he of the Lord, is bound to love his wife-not reigns, whose right it is to reign. wives with all his heart, and if he ever looks now ask those pretended friends of the law of upon another woman to lust after her, shall God, if they really believe the above quotations. deny the faith, and shall not have the spirit to be the word of God? If you answer in the Here I an icipate an objection; which is this, affirmative, I would further ask, by what authe twelve at Nauvoo, and their adherents de thoulty do you make the word of God of none not look upon the marriage contract as beingleffect, by practising polygamy, and that in its binding, except the ceremony is performed by worst forms, and lying by the wholesale to one possessing the sealing power. To this cover up your deeds of darkness? objection I answer—Why then did God give In the Book of Mormon, page 133, the Lord the commandment so far back as the year 1831, speaking by Jacob aith, Wherefore I the Lord for the sealing power was not then given, and God will not suffer that this people shall do why did he say he that committeth adultery like unto them of old. Wherefore, my breth-the second time shall not be forgiven. And ren hear me, and hearken to the word of the even him that looketh upon a woman to lust Lord, for there shall not any man among you after her shall not have the spirit. Ah, say have save it he one wife, and concubines he after her shall not have the spirit. those men, with eyes full of adultery, it does shall have none; f r I the Lord God deligteth not mean what it says, or, at any rate, we are in the chastity of women. And whoredoms a royal priesthood—a chosen generation; it is are an abomination before me. Thus saith the for us to offer up spiritual sacrifices; for unto Lord of Hosts. And on the 132 page, in us pertaineth the blessings, and the promises, speaking of David and Solemon, makes the and beside all this is committed unto us the following declaration, Behold, thus saith the fullness of that priesthood. So that whatever Lord, this people begin to wax in iniquity: they we bind on ear h is bound in heaven. So that understand not the scriptures, for they seek to if R. should take a notion to H.'s wife in his excuse themselves in committing whoredoms, absence, all that is necessary to be done is to because of the things which were written conbe sealed. No harm done, no adultery com-cerning David and Solomon his son. Behold mitted; only taking a little the advantage of David, and Solomon truly had many wives rights of priesthood. And after R. has gone and concubites, which thing was abominable the round of dissipation with H.'s wife, she is before me, saith the Lord. afterwards turned over to S. and thus the poor What is this he saith? Why, a man shall silly woman becomes the actual dupe to two have but one wife, and concubines none, for designing men, under the sanctimous garb this reason—and its one of the best of reasons of rights of the royal priesthood. H. by and —he delighteth in the chastity of woman. by finds out the trick which was played off What do we gather from this? Why, we upon him in his absence, by his two faithless learn one important fact at least; if a man has friends. His dignity becomes affended, (and ten wives, nine of the ten are unchaste women. well it might) refuses to live with his wife, Moreover, if it was an abomination in the sight but to be even with his companions in iniquity, of the Lord for David and Solomon to have takes to himself three more wives. Kind more than one wife, it was and is an abominareader, be not startled at the above recital of tion in his sight for others to have more than facts. I received the account from one who one. Hold, not so fast, says our triends in said he was acquainted with the facts. But the west, do you not see that the Lord-speaks to return to our subject, we quote again from this to the descendants of Joseph, upon this Doc. and Cov. page 174-And if he or she continent in that age of the world? shall lie, he or she shall be delivered up unto only so, if you will read a little further you the law of the land. And on page 334—will hear the Lord say, by the mouth of his Therefore 1, the Lord, justifieth you and your servant Jacob, "For if I will, saith the Lord brethren of my church, in befriending that law, of Hosts, raise up seed unto me, I will com-which is the constitutional law of the land, mand my people; otherwise they shall heark-

And as pertaining to laws of man, whatsoever en unto these things.

is more of less than these cometh of evil.

What is this the Lord has been saying? subject well understood by all those who are Answer, We are to befriend, or in other words at all acquainted with the contents of the Book to sustain the laws of the land. Question, of Mormon, that the system of having more Am I acting in accordance with the laws of wives or concubines than one, as practised by the land, by committing adultery? Am I not committing adultery if I have a wife, and have APOSTATE church at Nauvoo, is predicated

upon the word of the Lord to Jacob, as above revelation, to which I invite the attention of quoted: And that there has been a revelation every honest man and woman. It is this:—
given to the church, or part of said church, we had did not sin in the case of Uriah, save in
readily admit. According to this revelation the death of Uriah. And Hyron Smith did. every high priest is entitle to the modest number of ten wives. Furthermore it is a principle—that Solomon did not sin in having many of exaltation. Now, that the sealing power vives and concubines, but that his sin conhas been committed to certain men in the
church supposing we admit, yet in order to

What does all this go to prove? In the make that principle effectual and valid in the first place it proves that God never gave that sight of heaven, it must be done in accordance revelation, because it carries a lie upon its face with the economy or laws of God. For in to begin with, or the words of Jacob, as constance, supposing that in the month of March, rained in the Book of Mormon, page 133, are 1844, Joseph Smith, by virtue of the power not the words of Got, because he has declared vested in him, delegated the sealing power to emphatically that God was displeased with B. Young, H. C. Kimball, and oth rs; on the David and Solomon, and that these things 27th June following Joseph Smith is called were an abomination in his sight. Secondly, upon to yield up his spirit into the hands of I contend that if the revelation was really from him who gave it. Now, as the church of God, and they believed it to have been given Jesus Christ is organized with prophets and by him for the purpose of raising up seed, apostles, for there must needs be a first presidence would no violent nor artificial means be dency according to the order of the kingdom, made use of for the purpose of thwarting na-Sidney Rigdon, according to the Book of Co-ture in her courses If the sisters of this church venants, being the legitimate (and the only would read the Book of Mormon and Book of one) spokesman before the face of the Lord, to Doctrine and Covenants more than they do. lead his people, but is not acknowledged in and withal be prayerful and humble before the his place and standing by Young and Kimball, Lord, they would find less time to listen to the they placing themselves at the head. Now, leachings of these men, who have beyond all with these facts before us (for I believe them manner of doubt, made a covenant with death to be such) I would ask, in the name of the and an agreement with hell. Lord, what is their sealing power worth? As John says, Hereby we know that we know God lives! and as my soul lives, under these him, if we keep his commandments; and he circumstances. I would not give the balance that saith I know him, and keepeth not his jected them with all the powers he had delegof P. P. Pratt, at which I wish to take a gated unto them, "so mote it be." glance. Now, I would like to talk a little to

It is a fact underied by the leaders of the are you wrongfully accused of practising poabove system, that that revelation was given lygamy? Have, or have I not written the for the astensible purpose of raising up seed truth, as set forth in this article, in the presence unto the Lord.

The writer of this article was a resident of ousness? sixteen girls at one time at her house, for the purpose of procuring abortion. Lask, in the Theodore Turley's brewery and gun-smith name of humanity, is this the way to raise up shop in Nauvoo? And what use that cruciseed unto the Lord? To say nothing about ble was put to, standing on a small furnace in the number who are guilty before God of a one corner of said room? I once made freeto certain sin, for which the Lord slew a certain ask Mr. T. to what use that lever was put, and individual for, in a former age of the world, he said it was to "mash" fingers and toes unrecorded in Gen. 38: 8—10.

There is a certain feature orthodied in the time. corded in Gen. 38: 8-10. — der. But, to be candid, if I did not know bet-There is a certain feature embodied in that ter, I should think it was to mash (move)

of two blue beans for it, for that very moment commandments, is a liar, and the truth is not they, by their folly and wickedness, rejected in him. In the New York prophet, under date the Lord's prophet, that very moment God re-Feb. 22, there is an article over the Signature We will now turn our attention to an investigation of the merits of the above revelation. Brother P. do be honest, and tell us candidly, of that God who will judge the world in righte-Do you not know that I have stated the city of Nauvoo on year, and during that facts in this letter to which you are knowing? time I never heard of more than three or four Did you not teach the system of polygamy in births having taken place there for which no Salem, Mass, and John E. Page was called fathers could be found. 1-then believed, in upon to settle it, when there? to say nothing the honesty of my heart, that these were similabout how much the Sundial has taught and lar cases to many others that takes place in all practised it himself, according to his own con-I think it very likely, however fession? Keep mum, John, you are in the octhat a certain Mrs. T. living some forty miles cupancy of a glass house. And now, brother from Nauvoo, may be able to throw a little Parley, as to bogus making I would ask you light upon the above subject, for it has been one or two questions. Can you tell me what told me by those who say that they had it from that powerful press, with a long lever, is inher own mouth, that she has had as many as tended for, or to what use it has been approheads under. And just now I would like to respect to the young woman I do not give her before I left Nauvoo! Can you answer that honest man and woman.

question. Brother Turley! Now, br ther In conclusion, I would say, that whatsoever use of it sometimes. For instance, you have their having women sealed up to them, (the essayed to take hold of the radder of the ship, up stles) for the purpose of exalting them to instead of being employed in trimming her! SISTERS! I tell you, as God lives, your Don't forget the rocking boat, brother Parley! SISTERS! I tell you, as God lives, your and to you really aim at innocence, virtue, seallings are calculated to bind the fetters of and truth! If this be the truth, why then do darkness upon you, and to bring you down to the purpose set of white inless in public and the chambers of death! I want you

tice them too?

thing of mercy or humanity, they would prove saviours upon Mount Zion! These are they cording to law.

York, has been driven to insanity in conse-first resurrection, these are they that must quence of his wife Susan having left him? suffer the torments of hell. I therefore ex-Did you know that I saw said Susan leave hort every honest man, woman, and child to off from the church, apon his own confession, voo, to come out of her. and the testimony of a young woman from stand foremost of my friends, are John Wollf Jersey, formerly from New York, she having and family, and Albert Gregory and family, the fruit of their illicit intercourse in her arms L. R. Foster, and Dr. John Beruhisel. he had promised to marry her. Sparks! Does not the Book of Covenants expressly say, that all contracts of marriage shall be held sacred and inviolate? Your own family told me of a young woman that was set completely beside herself in consequence of a disappointment of the above nature; but out of

ask brother Turley a question. Pray where name. The man, who is a high priest, is still did you get that five do lar counterfeit bill from in good standing in the church! Such felwhich you passed upon me about three days lows should be treated with contempt by every

Parley. I wish you would take little time, and things are lovely, whatsoever things are honanswer some of my questions, but I pray do est, and whatsoever things are in accordance not call it all foul and malicious falsehoods with the pure principles of eternal truth, let all for we that do know better will not believe you, here be held up in broad relief, for the exami-There is one declaration of brother P.'s worthy nation of all mank. d. for truth will hear its of notice. He says those that publish andrown weight. The principles of eternal truth those that patronize the Mussenger and Advo trequire not the covering of falsehood to sustain care their object is to procure the murder of them. And that man who resorts to stratagem all the men, women, and children of the saints! and talseband, for the purpose of imposing his Stop, not so fast, brother Parley, do you principles upon virtuous females, leading not know that I have three daughters in the astray the honest and unsuspecting into bye deviced city. Nauvoo, so that I am satisfied in and forbidden paths, bringing rain and dism, own mied, that the above charge is as designace upon whole families. These are they titute of truth as it is void of common sense, that are sons of Belial: They may talk about Not but that brother P. is a man possessed of their sealing power, and the fullness of the good common sense, but he makes a wrong priesthood being committed unto them, and

you teach one set of principles in public and the chambers of death! I call upon you teach different principles in private, and practiherefore, in the name of the Lord, to break You know, as God lives, this asunder from you the bands that bind you, to this system of things. Believe their teachings You further say, if the Saints at Pittsburgh no longer, and frown such men from your sohad any sense of law or justice left, to say no lejety. For those are they that cannot become the saints guilty, and only destroy them ac that cannot be numbered with the one hundred and forty and four thousand, these are I would ask you another question, Did you they that cannot stand to see the Savior come. know that brother German, formerly of New these are they that cannot have part in the

Cincinnati, on my way to this place in Nov. come out from among them. I, also, in the last, in company with G. J. Adams, for Nauname of the God of my fathers, call upon the voo? Did you know that I occupied said husband of my daughter, Wmr Pitt, in the city Adams' berth on board the steamer the two of Nauvoo, to come out of her, and bring with nights I remained in Cimcinnati; but where him his wife and my other two daughters, and he sleat I did not SEF? he slept I did not SEE! Question, Did or God will bless you, for the Lord, not me, has did not your quorum send a man out to preach spoken this word. In a word I call upon all after the high council at Nauvoo had cut him my eastern friends, living in and about Nau-Among those that

at the time? This man is now considered to be in good standing among you, and is now, II hope to visit my old friends in the city of believe, preaching in the east, and is since New York, if advisable. And I pray my married to another woman, but refused to mar heavenly father to bless the saints, and prery the object of his deception. She said that serve them from the power of those who are This was seeking your eternal destruction.

I remain yours, &c.

J. GIBSON DIVINE. Pittsburgh, March 24, 1845.

For the Messenger and Advocate. Why is it that God will call man to judg

ment for the deeds done in the body? It is eternal death, or separation of body and spirit because of the responsibility which rests upon in the eternal world. him in this state of prepation. that responsibility because of his intelligence. Adam and Eve could go forth on earth and act It was because man possessed the principle of understandingly, knowing the consequences. intelligence, that light came into the world, They and their posterity could go and work as a law for man's actions. That law, and all out their salvation with fear and trembling." the requirements that God has ever made upon Here I can see a beauty and an excellence in man, have been in strict accordance with man's the economy of God in his creation or formabest interest. Man never was nor never will tion of bodies for the habitation of intelligence be condemned for having power or intelligence for spirits. But having power to choose or to refuse ex | But if the opposite of good and evil did not isting in him, God will call him into judgment exist, if man in his sphere of action were not and reward him for the right use of his intel-subject to influences, and if he had not an inligence and power, or he will receive his dependent power of choice, then I cannot see punishment for "loving darkness rather than how he could be brought into judgment, and

er creation. wards are fixed upon the principle of the power to choose the good and refuse the evil. But he will be rewarded or punished according to how was man to know what was good from that which was evil. I answer, the God who formed him into man, did not leave him until the back that which was evil. I answer, the God who cording to his deeds, then he can gain no honformed him into man, did not leave him until the back the car have no reward ache had given him a rule of action, had given then he can have no eternal life. And without him light, had given him a law adapted to his eternal life in prospect, what would man be in capacity. But to answer this question more fully we will look at man more minutely, after he was placed in this sphere of action, with spirit and body united. After man had been created, he walked erect in the garden and communed familiarly with his Creator, and that too without a veil intervening. Here he received not only the principles upon which his future happiness? If good and evil are he could exercise faith, but he received actual knowledge of things as they were, and went motives, that he would sometimes scarcely But his partner Eve, forth to act upon them. not having the understanding which he had, violated the commandment which God had given, through or by the suggestion of an enemy. Adam saw the condition of his companion, that she was severed from him by that He looked upon the consequences of her disobedience, and understandingly stepped forward and partook with her of the same transgression. Paul, in looking over this subject, pled upon the revelations of God.

WM. E. McLELLIN. says in his letter to Timothy, that "the man was not deceived." By that act the first pair came understandingly to the knowledge of good and evil. ..

Then having the plan of redemption made Offended justice struck, we had been quite known unto them, by revelation from their Lost in the shadows of eternal night: Creator, and good on the one side, and evil en Thy mercy, Lord, is like morning sun, the other clearly before them; they were Whose beams undo what sable night hath taught that to do good would obtain a reward, a redemption from the fall, and an eternal life Or like a stream, the current of whose course at the right hand of God. the suggestion of the enemy, would bring con-Oh, let me glow beneath those sacred beams, demnation before God, and before all intelli-And after bathe me in these silver streams; gent beings, and the punishment of separation To thee alone my sorrows shall appeal; from God, and consequently from the society Hath earth a wound too hard for heaven to of all the good—of all the holy; and finally an

And he has Surely with these principles before them

light," for living beneath his privileges, and be either rewarded or condemned. Because for abusing his rights as the Lord of this low-when there is but one object presented, and but one kind of influence attending, there can be But man could not have received a reward no choice; and if no choice there can be no for not violating that law, had there not been above another. Choice is preferring one thing an opposition inciting him to evil. For all re-above another. If, then, there is in man power to select or choose, we can see plainly how this world? Only a notable monument of folly in the work of that Deity who created him. Again, if the enemy had not power to bring up motives before the mind of man, as well as the Lord, how could man exercise that noble power of intelligence existing in him, upon the right exercise of which depends all not placed before him, so nearly equal in-their know which to choose, in order to his greatest good; then where the propriety in those sayings in holy writ, "Choose you this day whom you will serve." "That he may know to refuse the evil and choose the good," &c. We can see by the above how it is all men will be judged according to their actions while in life. It will because they abused the intelligence which they possessed, and rejected and tram-

MERCY TEMPERING JUSTICE. Had not the milder hand of mercy broke The furious violence of that fatal stroke done;

But to do evil, at Restrained a while, runs with a swifter force; heal?

HOPE IN GOD.

In thee, dear Lord, my pensive soul respires, Thou art the fulness of my choice desires; Thou art that sacred spring, where water-

Thrice happy man, thrice happy thirst to

The fainting soul to so, so sweet a spring; Thrice happy he, whose well resolved breast. Expects no other aid, no other rest; Thrice happy he, whose downy age hath been Reclaim'd by scourges from the prince of sin. And early season'd with the taste of truth, Remembers his Creater in his youth-

- DEPENDENCE-ON GOD.

Even as the needle that directs the hour. Touch'd with the loadstone, by the secret power

Of hidden nature, points upon the pole; Even so the wavering powers of my soul, Touch'd by the virtue of thy Spirit, flee From what is base, and point alone to thee. When I have faith to hold thee by the hand, I walk securely, and methinks I stand: More firm than Atlas; but when I forsake The safe protection of thine arm, I quake Like wind shaked reeds, and have no strength at all.

But like a vine, the prop cut down, I fall.

GIVE A TRIFLE.

BY D. C. COLESWORTHY. It is a trifle-give a mill To help the poor along; Tis not the amount -it is the will That makes the virtue strong.

"I have but little," never say, ""Twill not avail to give:" A penny if you give to-day Will make the dying live.

It is the spirit-not the gold Upon the waters cast-That will return a hundred fold. To cheer and bless the last. Then give a trifle cheerfully, From out thy little store, With interest it will come to thee,

When thou wilt need it more.

DIED-In Nauvoo, Hancock County, Illi on the 15th February last, Mr. Asa Works sen. aged 83 years, after a lingering sickness of about six months. Mr. Works was one of the few remaining soldiers of the revolution, who fought under General Washington. Full of zeal for his country and his home he entered the army at the early age of eleven years, and was wounded at the battle of Monmouth, New Jersey, and in the great cause of indea member of the Church of Jesus Christ of will not receive attention.

Latter Day Saints, and went through all the afflictions and persecutions which that people had to er dure in the State of Missouri, in 1838. And although his blood had been shed in the cause of liberty, yet was he drove from In screams to him, that seeks with hely thirst; his Lome by a ruthless mob for worshiping God according to the dictates of his own con-He endured all these things-with patience, knowing that God would judge the When he came to gather up his feet, wicked. and resign his spirit to him who gave it, he could exclaim, "I have kept the faith!" Thus fell as leep a patriot in the cause of his country and his God, in full assurance of a glorious resurrection, when the Son of Man shall set his feet on the Mount of Olives, and the voice of oppression is no more heard.

> POOK of More on for sale, wholesale and retail, price \$1 single copy, \$10 per doz: extra binding, Pocket book fashion, for the convenience of travelling Elders, \$1,50.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

After due consideration, and taking a view of the situation of the various branches of the church east, west, north, and south, and the many letters addressed to us from persons wishing to unite all their efforts with ours to push forward the cause in which we are engaged, and after seeking counsel from Him who never errs, we have come to the conclusion to appoint the general conference, in the city of Pittsburgh, to commence on the 6th of April next. As the 6th comes on Sunday, that day will be devoted to preaching and the business will commence on the 7th at which time we intend that a full organization of the kingdom will take place. The first Quorum of seventy is now nearly full. We have all the materials necessary to have a full and complete organization as set forth in our preceding number of this paper.

We hope that all the friends of the kingdom of God, will give attendance, as the occasion have doubtless be. interesting as well as vastly important.

THE LATTER DAY SAINTS'

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE,

SAMUEL

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TERMS.—One Dollar per annum, payable, in all cases in advance. Any person pro-curing five subscribers, and forwarding us five pendence had to endure many hardships and privations. About three years since he became

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PITTSBURGH, APRIL 15, 1845.

No. 11.

A SERMON DEDICATED TO THE SAINTS OF THE LAST DAYS.

BY S. RIGDON.

"Let no man break the laws of the land, for he that keepeth the laws of God, hath no need to break the laws of the land: wherefore be subject the Book of Mormon, were written before the to the powers that be, until He reigns whose right it is to reign, and subdues all enemies under his feet."-Book of Cov. \$18, ¶5.

The above text, which is taken from the book of Doctrine and Covenants of the church demand the strictest attention of all who profess to be members of the church of Christ. They were written particularly for their use building of the cause in which they were enand benefit, and in every respect suited to their present and future condition, be that as or was i it may. It is said in the book of Mormon, the laws to be framed, do it for the purpose of that the Lord had this government established causing those who believed the Book of Morfor the purpose of building his church under mon to be persecuted? And those persecuits protection, or words to this effect; clearly tions to be brought on by reason of the comintimating that the laws, and institutions of mandments of the Lord compelling those who the government were every way suited to obeyed them to break the laws? To obtain the end for which they were intended.

If our text has any meaning at all, it establishes one fact, beyond controversy, that vernment formed for this purpose, any governsuch are the laws of this land: that in order ment would have answered his purpose. But to obtain salvation, it is not necessary to break to suppose this would only be to insult the them, that they are of a character that every Deity. duty can be performed and requirement complied with, that is in any way connected with dom to this nation, and caused the government our salvation, without violating in any degree or trampling on the political institutions of the country.

When the Lord says that he organized or for a particular purpose, we have all confidence that they were every way calculated for ever at rest by the words of our text. not break the laws of the land, we feel our-God, or it was not given for salvation. people, which renders it necessary for them to vation. violate the laws of the land, and that every vio-

them it is not by virtue of his commands that they do so; for as far as keeping his commandments are concerned, they would not have driven them to such a necessity.

It is worthy of remark that the sayings in

church was organized. Thus authorizing the people who believed the book to believe that if on the belief of that book, and according to the things contained in it, they should be organized into a church, they could do it in a country, and among a people, where the Lord had previously prepared a code of laws suited to the up-Query, was this a false expectation or was it not? Or-did the Lord, in causing this object the Lord need not have given himself much trouble, to have had a special go-

When the Lord said that he had given freeto be organized so as to make it a place suited for building his church, he could have but one meaning, and that was, that in this land he could build his church, without being brought caused political institutions to be organized into contact with the municipal laws of the country; and this view of the subject is put to obtain the end for which they were in- are here told that the commandments of the stituted, and when, by after revelation, he Lord do not come in contact with the laws of says to those, for whose benefit he said he the land, and no man who keeps them need had caused them to be established, and after break the laws. From the above view of the the thurch had been organized by special di-subject, we learn firstly, that every commandrection from himself, that in order to keep ment which renders it necessary to break the his commandments, they (the church) need laws of the land in order to keep it, is not of selves at liberty to believe, that there is nothing secondly, that those who obey such commandpertaining to the salvation of that church or ments, are not promoting the things of sal-

No fact we think can be plainer to those lation of the laws of the land, is uncalled for who believe in the Book of Mormon, and the In this case the language is very expressive, Book of Doctrine and Covenants of the Church, that those who keep his commandments, need than the first position we have taken. Should not break the laws of the land. He does not say that those who profess to keep his commandments, will not break the laws of the laws of the land; he only says they need not do it. The lamb as to say that there is nothing in his commandments that bring men into collision with the laws of the la

vernment to be established for the express pur-But our text comes happily to our relief, and pose of having his church built up in it, or un-declares that no man need break the laws of der its protection? What is the use of go the land, in order to obey the religious instivernment? The answer is, to protect, the tutions of heaven, the same as to say that the rights and interests of those who are its sub-political and religious institutions of heaven Take this conservative principle from were not in opposition to each other, and he governments, and they are curses instead of who obeyed the religious institutions of heaven, blessings to any people. The only object a had as good a right to the protection of the po-God could have in establishing a government litical institutions, as those who obeyed the for the benefit of any people, was that the peo-political institutions only. But let us suppose ple, for whose sake it was organized, might be for a moment, that the Lord does give a comprotected by its laws and institutions. In this mandment that is in violation of the laws case it was said to be done for the purpose of of the land, and cannot be kept without establishing the laws of heaven in it, and for breaking them, and what then becomes of the building up of the church of Christ in it. our text? In that case need a man break Now we ask why establish a government for the laws of the land in order to keep the laws this purpose? No man can answer otherwise, of God? Judge ye, and what become of the than that those who belonged to that church, truth of the Book of Doctrine and Covenants, when hall the might be an established. when built, might be protected by its laws, and of the Book of Mormon, and when they and political institutions; for no other object fall, what becomes of the church?—all perish but this could be, that was worthy of God, together. yea, we might say of men; but should it so! Hence we conclude, and we think justly too. happen, that in the course of events, the Lord that any commandment or revelation that

ed them, of what avail would the government be God, or else it is not given for salvation. Are we, then, to understand the Lord as say-vernment, or caused it to be done, for the puring, that he caused liberty to be established pose of building his church in it, and should on this land, that his church might be cursed he ever at any time give revelations comin it, and the blood of his saints shed? no man manding his people to do things which are in

to give commandments in opposition to the it amounts to the same thing, that as soon as political institutions which he had caused to there comes a commandment from the Lord, be established. If it should be otherwise, we which is in opposition to the laws of the land. must charge the great Jehovah with a dupli-there is an end to both the Book of Mormon city and baseness that would make the baser and the Book of Doctrine and Covenants; and sort of men blush.

We ask the reader to notice, particularly, long shall we believe that any commandment that the Lord is said to have caused this go coming, it matters not who from-prophet, vernment to be formed, long before his church apostle, revelator, or seer, that cannot be kept was in existence, for the purpose of building without breaking the laws of this land, is not his church in it, in his own due time. Had of God, unless it is given in wrath, and into the Lord power enough, and wisdom sufficient being before him the laws of this land, is not the Lord power enough, and wisdom sufficient being before him the laws of this land, is not him the laws of the laws of this land, is not him the laws of the laws of this land, is not him the laws of the laws o cient, having before him, at the same time, given. the entire platform of his church, being the Our second position, we think, is not less author of both himself, to adapt the one to the manifest. That those who obey such comother, so that the laws and institutions of the mandment or commandments, do not promote two need not come into collision? Who will the things of salvation by so doing. of his God.

should deliver commandments which were in comes in the last days, which is in opposition opposition to the laws of this land, and thereby to the laws of this land is not of God, for God make the government punish those who obey-cannot contradict himself, or else he ceases to be? None, only to be an engine to inflict But some may say the Lord gives revelation punishment on those who obeyed the require-to be only for a limited time, and then they ments of heaven; and pray what use was a are superceded by others. However true this government of this description to those whom may be in other cases, it cannot be in this; the Lord had separated to himself? All must for the difficulty in the Book of Mormon gets answer, none; but a great evil-a great curse, into our way, that the Lord organized this go-

in his senses will or dare say it. What then; opposition to the laws of this land, he would why; if the Lord did do as the Book of Mor-impeach his own character. mon says he did, he certainly never intended View it in what point of light we can, and as long as we believe these to be of God, so

answer he had not? We presume none. Then It will not admit of controversy to suppose if the platform of this government was such as that any revelation which is not of God does not to admit of the introduction of all the laws in any degree promote the salvation of, any. of the kingdom of heaven and not be in con-In relation to revelations in general, as giventact with them who is to blame? The Lord de-in the different ages of the world, a few words clares he was the author of both; either, then, may not be amiss. There are things said on he lacked ability or else will to do so, and in this subject which is of importance for all to either case a man must have a sorry opinion know, who believe in prophets and revelators in these last days... -

In all ages of the world when the Lord monitions being given, supposes that there through men, revealed himself to the inhabit-was a conservative power in the people by ants of the earth, or any portion of them, there which they could detect false prophets and were certain things delivered, the object of false teachers, and save themselves from the which was to guard the people against importain that such would bring on them, and if sition or fraud being practised on them, by de-they did not use that power. God would consigning men, or by the recklessness of pro-demn them for it, and they should share the phets, should they prove recreant to their God fate of the prophet. This subject is made so plain in the 14th or to their trust, and by these things both the

people and the prophets were bound. The chapter of Ezekiel that the most ignorant may prophets were bound within certain limits in understand:—"Then came certain of the eltheir revelations, and when they stepped be ders of Isral unto me, and sat before me, and yond these limits, they were transgressers, the word of the Lord' came unto me, saying. and indangered their own salvation. The son of man, these men have set up their idols case of Moses is proof to the point—and the in their heart, and put the stumbling block of people were bound by the same rule; and any their iniquity before their face; should I be thing which was delivered by the prophets, enquired of at all by them? Therefore speak within the prescribed limits, they were bound unto them, and say unto them, Thus saith the

to receive; but beyond that they were not Lord God; Every man of the house of Israe bound, but, on the contrary, became transgres-that setteth up his idols in his heart, and putsers, as well as the prophets, if they received teth the stumbling block of his iniquity before or practised any things contrary to the fixed his face, and cometh to the prophet; I the Lord will answer him that cometh according principles laid down to govern them all.

the pattern of things given him. And why sojourneth in Israel, which separateth himself

to the Lord, through Moses, to receive and will stretch out my hand upon him, and will

When the Lord called Moses and sent him to the multitude of his idols; that I may take as a revelator to the children of Israel, he the house of Israel in their own heart, because showed unto him a pattern of things, beyond they are all estranged to me through their idols. which he was forbidden to go, and by him de-Therefore say unto the house of Israel, Thus livered a certain order of things, to be obtain-saith the Lord God, Repent, and turn youred and established by the revelations he was selves from your idols; and turn away your to give through him. Moses had a special faces from your abominations. For every one charge not to go beyond, nor to come short of of the house of Israel, or of the stranger that

was this charge given, seeing Moses received from me, and setteth up his idols in his heart, all his council directly from heaven? Why and putteth the stumbling block of his iniquity did not the Lord take the admonition himself, before his face, and cometh to a prophet to ininstead of giving it to Moses? There is a rea-quire of him concerning med, I the Lord will son for this, and one to which all would do answer him by myself. And I will set my well to give heed. By this command Moses face against that man, and will make him a was forbid asking the Lord to permit him to sign and a proverb, and I will cut him off do any thing contrary to the pattern of this position.

do any thing contrary to the pattern of things from the midst of my people; and ye shall given, and also to see that what he did receive know that I am the Lord. And if the prophet was carried into effect, and nothing else. The people of Israel had bound themselves the Lord have deceived that prophet, and I

carry into effect all things pertaining to the destroy him from the midst of my people Israel. pattern given. Neither Moses nor the people And they shall bear the punishment of their were at liberty to depart from it. If Moses iniquity; the punishment of the prophet shall had proved recreant, and either sought of the be even as the punishment of him that seeketh Lord revelations in opposition to the pattern unto him; that the house of Israel may go no given, or in opposition to the law that govern-more astray from me, neither be polluted any ed him as the leader of Israel, the people were more with all their transgressions; but that not bound to receive them, and if they did, they may be my people, and I may be their they became transgressers. Take this con-God, saith the Lord God. servative power away from the people; and In the above sayings of the prophet, we are there are things said in the Bible, which sa-told, 4th verse, " Every man of the house of vors of nonsense. All-the rebukes given to Israel, that setteth up his idols in his heart, ihe people, for being led by false prophets-and putteth the stumbling block of his iniquity and all the admonitions to beware of false before his face, and cometh to the prophet.

received their teachings.

teachers, would be nothing but perfect folly, the Lord will answer him that cometh accordand an insult to them, for if they were bounding to the multitude of his idols." Let us ask to receive a prophet, and obey him, let him say if this man got his answer from the Lord, acwhat he would, if he did-it in the name of the cording to the multitude of his idols, if others Lord, what sense would there be in admonish though the answer actuarly came from the ing them to beware of false prophets, and Lord, should obey the revelation given, would threatening them with condemnation if they it condemn, them or not? Let what follows The fact of such ad-lanswer the question: "If the prophet he de-

be deceived when he hath spoken a thing, I

ceived when he hath spoken a thing, I the them, which form of things they had received, Lord have deceived that prophet, and I will by which they were freed from sin, see 18th stretch forth my hand upon him, and I will verse, "Being then made free from sin ye bedestroy him from the midst of my people came the servants of righteousness." From Israel." So both the persons asking, and the what we learn in other parts of the New Tesprophet getting the answer are all to be cut off tament, the form of doctrine here spoken of What then would be the fate of others, if they was the same as that given to the twelve at believed and followed in their footsteps? The Jerusalem. In the 2d chapter Gal. 7th, 8th, answer is easy, they also would be cut off.

matter commanded, are to be accomplished.

dealings of God with men, in all ages, they received, let him be accursed." have been regulate upon the above principle. saints were commanded to reject any man who The apostles, before they were permitted to go would attempt to teach any other form of docforth and preach the gospel, were commanded trine, yea, more than that, an angel from heato tarry at Jerusalem till they were endowed ven if he attempted to do it. with power from on high, that is, until they had tern of things, after which they were to build, rsceived the Holy Spirit; and after they had reto the world, and when the people believed, and not before the saints? were bound to aid in carrying out that plan or scheme of things, and receive every thing the Lord commanded them to do for its accomplishment, by those whom he had called for that purpose: but they were not under any obligation to receive or obey any thing which was in opposition to the form of doctrine de-There are sayings found livered unto them. above position, beyond reasonable controversy. judge both the world and the angels?

swer is easy, they also would be cut off. and 9th verses, Paul says as follows:—" But These sayings of the prophet places the contrarywise, when they saw that the gospel of matter in a clear point of light, that the people the uncircumcision was committed unto me are not bound by any law of heaven, to follow as the gospel of the circumcission was unto a prophet or prophets, when the things they Peter; (for he that wrote effectually in Peter declare, though it should be in the name of the to the apostleship of the circumcision, the Lord, and the thing actually be from the Lord, same was mighty in me towards the Gentiles) when it is in opposition to the things previously when James, Cephas, and John, who ously given in relation to the dispensation, seemed to be pillars, perceived the grace that or order of things established, and the objects was given unto me, they gave to me and Barto be obtained through the dispensation in nabas the right hands of fellowship; that we which the revelations are given. In all such should go unto the heathen, and they unto the cases the people have the right to object, and circumcision." From this we see that by renot only to object, but they are bound to op-velation Paul and Peter had received the same pose, under pain of sharing the fate of the pro- form of doctrine or pattern of things, by which phet. When God makes known certain ob they were bound themselves, and by which all jects to be accomplished, and the means who believed and obeyed their word, were also through which these objects are to be obtained, bound, and neither party was at liberty to deand the people covenant with God to do the part from it. This is so clearly stated in the things which he requires, that obligation ex-first chapter of the epistle to the Galatians, as tends no farther than the accomplishing of that to admit of no doubt, "But though we, or an object, and not to the following of a prophet or angel from heaven, preach any other gospel prophets, in a departure from the principles unto you than that which we have preached revealed, by which the purposes of God, in the unto you, let him be accursed. As we said before, so say I now again, If any man preach As far as we have any knowledge of the any other gospel unto you than that ye have

Paul, in the 6th chapter of his first epistle to received the entire platform of things, or pat-the Corinthians, from the first to the close of the fifth verse, says that the saints in all matwhich they could not receive until after they ters pertaining to themselves, should judge the world, yea, more than that, they should judge ceived the pattern of things, after which they angels :- " Dare any of you, having a matter were to build, they went forth proclaiming it against another, go to law before the unjust, Do you notaknow they baptised them into that church or order of that the saints shall judge the world? and if things, and by virtue of their baptism, they the world shall be judged by you, are ye unworthy to judge the smallest matters? Know ye not that we shall judge angels? how much more things that pertain to this life? ye have judgments of things pertaining to this life, set them to judge who are least esteemed I speak to your shame. in the church. so, that there is not a wise man among you? no, not one that shall be able to judge between in the New Testament, which establish the his brethren?" By what rule were they to In the 6th chapter and 17th verse to the Ro-mans, Paul says to the saints, But God be ceived. If an angel from heaven should come thanked, that ye were the servants of sin, but ye have obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine which was delivered you. By this we learn that there had been a form of or false prophet, they should reject him. That destrine or pattern of things delivered unto the apostles themselves were bound by the

pattern of things given, and that the people things? saith the Lord: shall not my soul be is not justified by the works of the law, but by guilt, when they were guilty, was because the faith of Jesus Christ, even we have bethey did not use their power.

lieved in Jesus Christ, that we might be justified in Jesus Christ, that we might be justified by the works of the law, but by guilt, when they were guilty, was because the faith of Jesus Christ, that we might be justified by the works of the law, but by guilt, when they were guilty, was because the faith of Jesus Christ, even we have be-they did not use their power. tified by the faith of Christ, and not by the ing with mankind. When he began at any works of the law: for by the works of the law period of the world, to reveal himself to man-shall no flesh be justified. But if, while we kind, he, in the first instance, made known to seek to be justified by Christ, we ourselves the prophet or messenger whom he had sent, also are found sinners, is therefore Christ the the things to be obtained, and the general platminister of sin? God forbid." Here Peter form of the scheme by which the end or ends is charged with being a sinner, for having dewere to be obtained, and the messenger sent, parted from the form of doctrine delivered nim, laid this platform of things before the people and sharply rebuked for it. Query, Were for their reception or rejection; when the peothe people that followed him in his departure ple received it, he held them bound to see that from truth justified, or did they promote their the order of things set forth, was preserved in salvation in so doing? All will answer they purity, and if they departed from it they were did not.

Lord reveals a dispensation to the world, can ered to them; and having this power they himself prevert that very order of things, re- were held guilty if they did not exercise it. is a conservative power in the people to pre-or form of doctrine delivered unto them. serve in purity the order of things delivered to By means of the above order of God's dealthem through messengers sent for that purpose; ings with men, he placed into the hands of and what further proof need we that such a the people a conservative power, that if propower in the people is necessary.

scriptures, which go to establish the above themselves-detect their view of the subject beyond controversy. In maintain the truth; separate themselves from the fifth chapter of Jeremiah and the 31st verse the corruptors and corrupted, and not be parthe -prophet says, "The prophets prophesy takers with them neither in their sins nor in falsely, and the priests bear rule by their their condemnation; and if the people did not means; and my people love to have it so: and exercise their rights, and use the power given

who had received and obeyed the form of doc-lavenged on such a nation as this?' The Lordtrine delivered, were also bound by it, but not here says, or asks if he will not be avenged on bound to follow the apostles, or any one of such a nation or people; and why be avenged them, when they departed from it, is so clearly on the people? Because they loved to have set forth in the 2d chapter of the epistle to the it so, instead of lifting their voice against the Galatians, that no doubt can remain on the prophet—they loved his lies. But if the peomind:-4" But when Peter was come to Anti-ple were bound to receive, implicitely, all the och, I withstood him to the face, because he prophet said, why were they to blame? If was to be blamed. For before that certain that were the case they could not; but the came from James, he did eat with the Gentiles; very fact of the people being guilty, shows but when they were come he withdrew, and that they had a right to reject the prophet's separated himself, fearing them which were lies. In the second chapter and the second of the circumcision. And the other Jews dissembled likewise with him; insomuch that commended for having tried them which say Barnabas also was carried away with their they are apostles and are not, and found then dissimulation. But when I saw that they liars—"I know thy works, and thy labor, and walked not uprightly, according to the truth of thy patience, and how thou canst not bear them the gospel, I said unto Peter, before them all, which are evil; thou hast tried them which If thou, being a Jew, livest after the manner of say they are apostles & are not, and hast found Gentiles, and not as do the Jews, why com-them liars." Let us ask why are all these pellest thou the Gentiles to live as do the things said? There is but one answer can be We who are Jews by nature, and not given, and that is, that the people had both sinners of the Gentiles, knowing that a man the right and the power to do so, and their

to be judged accordingly, and, having the From the above quotation we learn an im scheme of things before them, they could deportant fact, that an apostle, commissioned of tect any prophet or apostle who attempted to the living God, and one through whom the teach a doctrine subversive of the things delivvealed to the world through and by him, so as And hence it was that they were required to to make him the subject of severe rebuke by detect prophets, apostles, and even angels, if What further proof need we that there they attempted to corrupt the order of things,

phets, seers, revelators, or even angels, proved There are many other things said in the recreant to their trust, the people could save corruptions, and what will ye do in the end thereof?" Here to them, they also became transgressors, and the people are charged with loving to have it shared in the judgments of code. In the 1st so, when the prophets prophets prophets; and the chapter of the epistle to the Ephesians, the question is asked, What will ye do in the end subject is still presented in a stonger point of thereof? For the answer to this question see light, if possible, 15, 16, and 17th verses we the 29th verse, "Shall I not visit for these have the following sayings :- " Wherefore I

also, after I heard of your faith in the Lord kept without breaking the laws of the land Jesus, and love unto all the saints, cease not you need not keep it.

to give thanks for you, making mention of you

in my prayers:

the Father of glory, may give unto you their idols which is in their heart, whether it the spirit of wisdom and revelation in is in opposition to the laws of the land or not, the knowledge of him:" Here the apostle and this for the destruction of both the prophet says that he prayed that the saints might have and the peosle, as king, but the Lord has, in the spirit of revelation in the knowledge of

God, and goes on till the close of the chapter, showing what they could know by this spirit The eyes of their understand ing would be enlightened. They would know for the destruction of the prophet, and those

the hope of their calling, the riches of glory, the excellency of God's power, and many other

things to which we direct the attention of our rupted. In the first epistle of John, second readers. chapter and 20th verse, we have the following,

"But ye have an unction from the Holy Ones and ye know all things." The saints are here The saints are here said to have an unction from the Holy One.

and (by it) know, or may know all things. We think sufficient has been said to settle

the question forever in the mind of all who The order of heaven, which wish to know. includes the gift of the Holy Spirit, puts it into the power of the people, in dispite of corrupted apostles and prophets to the contrary,

to understand the truth, and detect error, and if they do not use that power, they will be held responsible for it before God.

In relation to the saints of the last days, we them. think there ought to be but one opinion. The Lord, long before his church was established, phet has a right to claim, at the hand of the

view we have taken of the way and manner of who has lived. God's dealings with those who had gone he-

has set to his scheme of things delivered to us; that he has bound himself within the limits of the laws of this land in delivering his revela-

tions to us. ancients, may also be able to guard ourselves against the disolute habits of prophets, and the corruptions of those who might seek to oppress

To this end he has placed the matter in a cituation, that the people may, see, and under-He has set bounds to the field of revelation, and told the saints that no revelation

which is necessary for their salvation, will be in violation of the laws of the land. The saying of our text is a curious one. He (the Lord) selves, though prophets and seers corrupt their

given, to keep which will cause a violation of heads swift destruction. the laws of the **m**d, but he says, he that keep-

eth my commandment need not break the laws of the land; as much as to say, if I, or any rupt their way before him, and it is needful for

The Lord reserves to himself the right to give revelations to those who set up their idols

That the God of our Lord Jesus Christ in their heart, according to the multitude of

our case, told us how we may know whether

the revelation, said to be given, is of this character-if it requires a breach of the laws of the land to keep it, then know it is intended

who, like himself, are corrupted, obey it not, lest you perish with the corrupters and cor-

But to bring our subject to a close. have learned from the foregoing that the Lord

in sending prophets into the world to reveal his will to men, never sent them with absolute and undefined powers, and the people to

obey them, let them say what they would, but on the contrary, the prophet was bound within prescribed limits, and when he passed these limits the people were not bound to follow him, but to reject his teaching. Paul says, in

the first verse of the 11th chapter of 1st Cor. "Be ye followers of me, even as I also am of Christ;" but the Corinthians must have had some means of knowing when Paul was fol-

lowing Christ, or else the admonition was vain. This was the form of doctrine delivered unto We learn in the second place, that no pro-

caused a government to be organized, which people, that they shall hear and obey him, let he said he did in order that his church might him say or do what he will, and when any be built up in it; and at an early day of its ex-person, prophet or no prophet, makes this istence, said that it was not necessary for his claim, all may know he is an imposture, and saints to break the laws of that government in his claims false, foul, and damning, for God order to keep his commandments. From the never gave such power to any man living, nor

We learn thirdly, that prophets whom God fore us; we can see the limits which the Lord has sent, and who has revealed a dispecsation to man, can afterwards violate the established

principles of that dispensation, and bring on their own heads and all that follow them cer-This he has done that, we as the tain destruction. We learn, fourthly, that the saints of God have deposited with them a conservative pow-

er, and always have had, which they were bound to exercise under pain of the displeasure of heaven; the edicts of prophets to the contrary notwithstanding.

We learn, sixtly, that the saints has and always will have it in their power to save them-

does dot say that there will not be revelations way before the Lord, and bring on their own

We learn, sixthly, that the Lord claims the right to give revelations to a people, and to prophets, for their destruction, when they corother, give a commandment, that cannot be the saints to have a clear understanding of the

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fall into the snare and also perish. We learn, sevently, that if any revelation

come to the saints of the last days, which cannot be obeyed, without breaking the laws of this land. It matters not by whom it is given. prophet, seer, revelator, or an angel from hea-associated with the noble men of the earth; men ven, they are bound to reject it.

To conclude, we say to the saints, read, reflect, and save yourselves from this untoward

generation.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. MARCH, 15, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to frank letters for a third person, containing money, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher through our beloved President; we know verily of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

·· We have to announce that Sidney Rigdon has been ordained a Prophet, Seer and Revelator. "-Times and Seasons Page 431.

"By thy words thou shalt be justified, and by thy words thou shalt be condemned."Matt. 12: 37.

On the 8th of August, 1844, at a special meeting of the church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, convened at the stand in the other "as a terror to evil doers, and the praise city of Nauvoo, President Brigham Young asked the saints what they wanted. Do you want a guardian, a propher, a spokesman or what do you want? If you want any of these officers, signify it by raising the right hand. NOT A HAND WAS RAISED. — Times and Seasons, page 637.

You are now without a prophet present with you in the flesh to guide you."-Brigham Young's Apostolic Epistle, Times and Sea-

sons, Page 618.

Our conference is over. The meeting kindred spirits, congregated by the same im pulse, from almost every part of the United States; many of whom had never beheld each other in the flesh-yet influenced by the same Spirit-inspired with the same indomitable deyotion to the cause of God; filled with the same holy zeal, to stand forth in defence of bleeding Zion and vindicate her cause—the cause truth and righteousness these feelings pervading every breast, as we have every reason to of gratitude, that God had brought them there. believe they did, to a man; what meeting could approach nearer the communion of the departed our God is established in righteousness. The just? Who, that was priviledged to participate in that commingling of congenial spirits, in tion by the outpouring of his Spirit; by vision, the social circle, at the family alter, in the and revelation. Who, then can determine the cord of the Father and the Son, and made them seed. The least of all Kingdoms!

order of things revealed unto them, lest they realize that God was there; that they were sitting together in heavenly places in Christ Jesuswho, that was at that conference will ever forget it; in time or eternity? Not one.

We feel, if we are not one ourselves, we are in whose breasts, those exalted and heavenly principles which dwell in the bosom, of Godfind a place. We hail them as Gods elect messengers of salvation to the human family; called and chosen, one thing yet remains to secure to themselves a crown of righteonsness which fadeth not away-to be faithful. We do not for a moment doubt that they will cherish, treasure up and exhibit in their lives, those pure and holy instructions delivered by the Spirit of truth by the testimony of the same Spirit, if they do, they shall stand as among the things that CANNOT be shaken and must remain.

We will not attempt to describe the feeling of admiration which was produced in our heart, in looking upon that band of brothers, as they met and pledged themselves in the presence of God, angels and each other, to vindicate the cause of virtue and holiness, to stand by each of them that do well." If we had cherished one lingering doubt in our breasts as to whether those men were the servants of the living God, in deed and in truth; it must have vanished for ever. The ready alacrity to make every sacrifice which might be required, to secure the triumph of truth and righteousness, and restore peace and joy to the whole earth-the intense interest manifested, to preserve inviolate the sacred principles of eternal salvation-the heavenly heroism which esteemed all things but as dross, compared with the excellency of the knowledge of Christ Jesus our Lord-would have led any honest man to exclaim, this people is my people and their God is my God. This in fact was the precise condition of some individuals who came only as spectators, and with no very favorable feelings; who were led to humof ble themselves before the Lord in the waters of

baptism, and pour forth their fervent ejaculations What shall we say more? The kingdom of King has sealed his acceptance of the organizasolemn assembly, and unite in the sacred obli-eternal consequences which shall flow from that gations, consecrations, and dedications; above unobtrusive assembly? Compared with the all who that felt the holy unction which bore re-kingdoms of this world as a grain of mustard

Leonard Rich

Jesse Morgan

Lewis James

James Twist

John W Rigdon

Robert Kincaid

Algernon S Rigdon

We appear in this number under our distinc Josiah Ells tive character, as the Messenger and Advocate Samuel James of the Church of Christ. Heretofore our readof the Church of Christ. Heretolore our lead-ers have been fully apprised, of our disposition Ebenezer Robinson and firm determination to establish the "ancient Austin Cowles landmarks," and now we have goften them fairly Samuel G Flagg. delineated, we intend in the strength of Israel's Edward McLane God, to lend a helping hand, to bear them off in James Logan their victorious career, to immortal triumph and John A Forgeus - William Stanley eternal conquest. Hyrum Kellogg

The "Church of Christ," is the only appella-George M Hinkle tion of that organization acknowledged of God Dennis Savary as his Church, known in the revelations of Jesus Briggs Alden Christ, or by which it shall be known at the Hugh Herringshaw last day. Consult 1st Book of Nephi 3rd chap Timothy L Baker Book of Mosiah 3rd Chap. Book of Covenants Christian Seichrist John Duncan \$2; \$13 ¶21. \$43 and numerous others places. William Richards

The Conference "Address" will appear in our next.

MINUTES

Of a Conference of the Church of Christ, held in the City of Pittsburgh. commencing on the 6th Matthew Smith and ending on the 11th of April, A. D. 1845. Algernon S. Rig

The Saints assembled in conference at Pitts William Hutchings burgh, Pa. agreeable to previous public notice, David L Lathrop on Sunday April 6th A. D. 1845 at their Hall No. 201, Liberty street, at 101 o'clock A. M Jos B Bosworth meeting opened by singing, and prayed by S. George Morey Rigdon, who then preached to the saints on John Evans the subject of the Priesthood, text I Peter 2: 9; Benjamin Winchester Abram Burtis "But ye are a chosen generation, a royal priest-Joseph H Newton hood, an holy nation, a peculiar people; that Wm D Wharton ye should shew forth the praises of him who Jacob C Jenks hath called you out of darkness into marvellous light."

In the afternoon the saints met to partake of three, but for a special mission. the sacrament; at which time the spirit of the Lord was poured out in great effusion on the the quorum should die or transgress so as to be whole assembly, and the meeting was interest-cut off, that the place or places should be filled ing beyond any thing before known.

sons were haptized.

Monday April 7, 9 o'clock A. M. Conference God requires that you should, now and hence met according to appointment, and opened by forth, act in your authority and bear off triumsinging and prayer. President S. Rigdon the phantly the church and kingdom of God.first president of the whole church presiding, Here is the begining—you must triumph until who appointed Wm. E. McLellin, Joseph M. you meet the Son of God on Mount Olivet.—Cole and George W. Robinson, clerks. The I lay it upon you in the name of Jesus, that you President arose and read the first Hymn in his shall be the kings over whom the Son of God God with the conference and addressed him in presence of God when Jesus shall come with solemnity, In tears and in strong and fer-all the hosts of heaven; when heaven and earth vent supplication, and dedicated himself and shall be redeemed.
the conference to Almighty God. Then all Elder Sidney Rigdon then said the quorum persons were by him named and recorded thus the kingdom of God into their hands. in the quorum of seventy three, viz: throw myself into your arms. Now,

Jeremiah Hatch jr Thomas Lanyon Leonard Soby James M Greig E R Swackhammer Charles A Beck William White Benjamin Stafford John Frazier William Small Peter Bover Samuel Bennett James Blakeslee Amos B Tomlinson Fred Meryweather Joseph Parsons George T Leach John Smith James Smith George W Crouse William E McLellin Joseph M Cole George W Robinson Sidney Rigdon James G Divine James Spratley Jeremiah Cooper William Brothers

Archibald Falconer

Richard Croxall

Absentees. John W Latson John Hardy Edward B Wingate John Robinson John F Olney John Greenhow was called forward and or-

dained to the same authority with the seventy The president then observed that if any of

The by others. He then gave a solemn warnevening was devoted to baptism. 29 per-ling to all to take heed "that no man take thy crown."

own new collection of Hymns and after it was shall reign as King of kings and Lord of sung by the congregation, he kneeled before lords. I lay it upon you to be crowned in the

that had been ordained under his hands to be was now full-was organized agreeably to the prophets, priests and kings unto God, were re-pattern of heaven, and he had now so far done quested to come forward and take the front what God had commanded him, he therefore seats, and after they had done so the following surrendered the control and management of lation shall I sustain to this kingdom? office shall I hold?

the affirmative, without one dissenting pronounced. voice.

the Son of God on mount Olivet, and the we have seen thy salvation earth is redeemed.

President Rigdon then nominated Samuel venerable Patriarch, for two hours. James to the office of counsellor to the first | Monday 21 o'clock P. M. Conference met unanimous assent.

President Rigdon then nominated Ebenezer Robinson as counsellor to the first president, committee of five individuals be appointed to which also received the unanimous vote of the draw a preamble and resolutions expressive of quorum and the church.

Rigdon to the office of father and Patriarch of dress to the people of these United States and said church, which also received the unanimous the world, setting forth their iniquities and the vote of the quorum and the church.

understood the nature of the covenant into Hatch, jr. Wm. E. McLellin, Joseph M. Cole

which elder McLellin had entered with him.— and George W. Robinson as said committee. He understood its weight, its importance and Voted unanimously. feel disposed to take me by the hand, and do be done by the unanimous consent. future prosperity of the kingdom now organ-dom-bear it off triumphantly.

What the most sofemn invocation to heaven, to preserve them and his own work till the time of Whereupon Elder Joseph M. Cole arose the end, and by Lis kingdom, now established and nominated Sidney Rigdon as first presi-bring in the redemption of the fathers and dent of this kingdom and church, and to stand the rest of God to all his children." Elder as prophet, seer, revelator and translator, to this J. M. Cole then proposed the quorum should church and kingdom of Christ of the last days, rise to their feet, and that elder McLellin. which was seconded. The vote was put by should pronounce the covenant, and all should W. E. McLellin, one of the secretaries, and say amen, and then go forward individually carried by a unanimous vote, every member and take the president by the hand. The of the quorum standing on his feet. It was quorum then arose, and with uplifted hands to then put to the whole church, and was carried heaven, stood, while the solemn covenant was But the scene thereafter no pen. can paint, no tongue can tell; our venerable

W. E. McLellin then stepped forward in patriarch first stepping forward and taking his obedience to the word of the Lord to him in a brother by the hand, recounting over the histovision, and took the president by the hand, and ry of their youth, the scenes of early life, and declared his determination to stand by him and their present union in the kingdom of heaven, his family in all righteousness before God un-while the whole house melted into tears. He til the time of the end. And said, this I do was followed by all the quorum, one by one, sir, in view of that relation which we as indi-their hearts overflowing with gratitude and viduals shall sustain to each other in the last thanksgiving to God, that he had deigned to struggle; and the relation which we shall count them worthy to have so important a sustain to this kingdom at that hour; and the place in his kingdom; the solemnities of eterrelation that we shall sustain to the heavens—nity reigned in the hearts of the whole assemto the Eternal God. I pray God, sir, to pre-bly, and the whole house was filled with the serve you faithful in your office, till you meet spirit of God, untill all said it is enough. Lord Coference then adjourned, by prayer by our

president, which being presented first to the again and was opened by singing hymn on page quorum and then to the church, received their 109 "Behold the glories of the Lamb," and

prayer by president S. James. President S. Rigdon then proposed that a the views and feelings of this kingdom, rela-President Rigdon then nominated Carvel tive to the people of Nauvoo, and also an ad-President Rigdon, then said, that he well don then nominated Samuel Bennett, Jeremiah

bearings. And I well know said, he, that that .He said, I want now to say a few things to was only a pattern for all of this quorum who this quorum. Every thing in this body must the same thing. President Robinson then senting voice of one man raised against any stepped forward, and took our venerable first matter proposed, kills it. I have been hitherto president by the hand and gave vent by words held to approve myself before heaven, in orand tears, to that depth and powerful feeling ganizing this kingdom according to the pattern of his soul, on the awfully solemn responsi-given to me. I have this day stood up before bility resting upon them on this important oc. God, to organize his kingdom. You are now He spoke with ardor relative to the organized. Now go forth, hear off this king-

ized. President S James followed, but pen Brethren, beloved, I desire to give you a by language cannot paint before the mind the few principles for your future government. In scene, while he held his tried friend by the this quorum let your yea be yea and your nay hand, expressing his firmness of purpose, to nay, for what is more than this cometh of evil. stand by him in his place, during the future It is one of the fundamental principles of the progress of this kingdom of God, now organized—spoken of, of old by Daniel, "which tence, there must be confidence abiding confishould never be thrown down," and while he dence in all the authorities in one another, so lifted his heart to their God and broke forth in that no more is required of each other than

their yea or their nay, and if this confidence by that, he might restore that which was lost, does not exist it is because there is evil among and again establish righteousness amongst you; your conduct to each other should be such men, that when he came some might be saved, as to establish a confidence unbroken, no de-land not the whole world destroyed. ceit, no duplicity; no dissimulation can be your eyes you have a pattern of iniquity in practiced, without breaking confidence; and Nauvoo which is governed by principles the where there is no confidence there the king-very oppostie of the kingdom of heaven. This dom of God is not. It should be your aim pattern God has given you that you need not and unceasing effort to secure each others err. They refused to be God's ministers of confidence; if any should be overtaken in a righteousness to the world, and God has made fault, let him not try by stratagem to conceal them ensamples of sin, that his kingdom might it, but let him confessitinal humility of heart, have a living pattern before their eyes, and that he break not the confidence of his breth (thereby establish his kingdom in righteousness, ren, for if he does not this he will sin and final-for where righteousness is not, there the king-So-walk toward one a-dom of heaven is not, for the kingdom of heaven ly lose his crown. nother that your yea may be yea with all and is not meat and drink, but righteousness, and your nay, nay with all; for if ever you lose peace and joy, in the Holy Ghost. Righteousthis confidence in one another, know assuredly ness is essential to the existence of the kingthat there is evil among you, and let there beldom of Gad, for this end was it established aamong youras there was in the divisions of Reu-mongst men, when truth was to spring out of ben, great searching of hearts. Say nothing se-or, on the earth, righteousness was to come creely about each other that you would not say down from heaven. God has set up his king-openly, and let your confidence abound one to-dom that in it might all righteousness be fulfillward the other, in all righteousness and peace, ed, & it is here that righteousness and peace are otherwise satan will beguile you, and you to embrace each other. Think not beloved brethren, that we have the kingdom absolute, lose vour crown, You received this organization not only will but through righteousness, and righteousness

lingly, but I feel, yea, I know you rejoiced in only. Let iniquity then depart from your your high privilege. Brethren let truth and hearts, from your houses, and from the church truth only dwell upon your lips, know that the of God, that you all may possess your vessels throne of God is established in truth, and noth-in sanctification, and honor. ing but truth proceedeth from it. It is hecause What will be gained in the triumph of this God is a God of truth, that he sustains kingdom on earth? It will restore to all that his supremacy in the heavens. It is because which the world has lost, it will secure to he cannot lie, that the sons of Jacob are every person all their rights and priviledges, not consumed, and it is because he is a God of securing to all, every blessing their natures are truth that we are permitted to establish his capable of enjoying. In all the relations of kingdom on earth, should the Lord depart from life men will be governed by principles consistruth his throne would fall to rise no more, and tant with our natures, peace and power restored, if his kingdom on earth should not be foun-all our relations made to promote our happided on truth, it will also fall. It is truth and ness. Husbands will love their wives unto truth alone which can sustain it, and that will death, wives will reverance their husbands, sustain it as sure as it and nothing else has children will obey their parents, and parents place there. Let every one speak truth and will not oppress their children, all the relation only truth with one another. Let no false come of life will be sanctified, and be only so many munications come out of your lips. Let your fountains from which happiness flows. hearts always be open before your God, and What is eternal life? It is an eternal union seek not to conceal by misrepresentation for of body and spirit. What is it that will over-

mean's, get in a situation where you will be true than this in the kingdom of God, that no driven to the necessity of using falsehood or man has a right to do wrong, because he has misrepresentation to conceal from others your power to do so, what we mean by power is, doings or sayings, your fall is certain, for if God the person who does the wrong, can by reason is ever driven to this necessity his throne will of his influence sustain himself in doing so. If fall. Let truth then dwell righly in your hearts, any of you, because you have influence to susand righteousness flow from your lips, that you tain yourselves, inflict injury on others, the may bear off triumphantly that great charge which God has committed to you. On this point, beloved brethren, I would admonish in

such will fall and come short of the glory of throw any people?

God. / If any of you should hereafter, by any have power to do it.

Why did God say he would set up a kingdom in the last days? It was because righteousness had departed from the earth, and iniquity prevailed, and if the Savior came and
found the whole world in iniquity, he would will-the wrath of God come on the children o
curse the whole earth, and to save some he
disobedience. If you have inadvertently o
deigned to set up a kingdom that, through and otherwise inflicted injury on any even the leas

To do wrong because they

No principle is more

of your power to sustain yourselves, in the er-we toward him, under the same circumstances. For you have committed, or the injury you may Let your characters stand in this grand have inflicted, for God will not hold such guilt-work, without spot or blemish. Take no liless. It is your duty as soon as you discover cense from the faults of former prophets or

the Lord is kindled against you, and you be ter in the day when they will be held up to t off in his displeasure.

The Lord never gave you power to be used before you. Never let it be said, as it is writted as a clock of maliciousness but for the call. cut off in his displeasure.

for a cloak of maliciousness, but for the salten of Noah, that you wallowed in drunken-vation of yourself and others. Let none of ness, as of David and Solomon, that your ot the Lord, but use it for their salvation. Let your passions as other men. doing wrong to gratify their envy, and God the firmament forever and ever.

has made an example of them, that others Finally brethren, let it be said of you, that

have in the day of God Almighty, power to fault before God?- By settling up you accounts hurl down all those who oppressed them. - with you own hearts, every night and morn-When God judges the world in righteousness, ing before God. Let this be a part of your

between this and the Savior's coming; as also presidency.

redeemed, in that day. There were many much spirit. all present.

kingdom. What would be the opinion a man to the quorum. would entertain of his God if while he was proon him, surely his opinion would not be that Benediction by president E. Robinson. of respect or of high regard. He would think he had a strange God, equally so must God

of your brethren, seek not to avail yourselves | ly father must be as unfavorable towards, us as

that you have committed an error, to repent of apostles. Let it be said in the day of rest, it and make restitution to the injured person of that we have kept ourselves unspotted from persons for the evil inflicted, lest the anger of the flesh. Let there be no blot on your charac-

you therefore seck to avail himself of the pow works were an abominations in the sight heaver of his priesthood to lord it over the heritage en. Nor of Elias that you were subjected to Nor as of Peter Nauvoo and her corruptions, be an everlasting that he was a dissembler, and profaned the

warning to you all, see her prophets sleep in name of God. Take warning by these examdeath, monuments of the displeasure of God ples of unrighteousness in the prophets which to all generations, see their wives a hiss and have gone before, and gird yourselves with

by word in the mouth of all living because by care and caution. That when you appear in virtue of what the Lord did, and their friends the grand council of the redeemed, your chardid, they attempted to sustain themselves in acters, unblemished, may shine as the sun in

might beware. These things have transpired those are they who have come up through for our ensamples, on whom the end of the great tribulation, and are not defiled with wo-

world shall come, and to all those at Nauveo men, but have washed their robes and made and other places who shall live ungodly.

The least in the kingdom of God, will

Brethren how will you keep yourselves from

he will judge by the universal voice of the re-business and fail not .- Brethren, I say to you deemed, should it be found at that day. that in the name of Jesus my master, "the king any even the least of our brethren have been dom is yours." All your authority is equal injured by us, or ever appressed by us, they will the one with the other. This quorum is the have power to refuse our admission to a place highest tribunal in the kingdom. No appeal This kingdom is organized in from its decisions. No one of you can silence view of all the events which are to transpire another. That authority belongs to the first

to prepare us, and all others who unité with Brethren hear my voice to day, obey the us, for that great and notable day of the Lord, principles of truth delivered, and you never, soken of by all the holy prophets, that we no never shall have a charge prefered against through the obedience to the doctrines of the one of you. But if you do not obey the laws kingdom, may commend ourselves to God and of this kingdom, and work out salvation, you to one another, which, if we fail to do, we will will be cursed with sore cursings. Never lose our crown, and not be counted worthy of a break the Laws of this land at the suggestion part among the sanctified. No oppressor.—of apostle, prophet or even Angel. Brethren No abuser of themselves with mankind. No sing a song of Zion. Page 118, "The Lord; with mankind of Zion." tyrant can be admitted into the society of the my pasture shall prepare," was sung with things said on the subject of the judgement, The president then said: Three presidents

which made a deep impression in the mind of and twelve of the other's of this quorum canact and pass decisions upon all important mat-Let love reign among you without dissimuters that come before them, provided all those lation, is one of the important doctrines of the who leave, delegate their authority by writing,

The brethren then stood on their-feet and fessing his high regard for him, he should sieze sung "The spirit of God" &c. Conference the first opportunity to inflict irreparable injury adjourned till to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. Tuesday 9 o'clock A. M. April 8, 1845.

Conference met according to adjournment, think he had a strange kingdom, if dissimula-after singing an hymn on page 98 "Let all the tion reigned in it. The opinions of our heaven-saints &c. President S. Rigdon kneeled

with the meeting and opened the conference by prayer. The names of the Quorum was then called and president Rigdon arose and said the there they condemned or rebuked the spirit the business was for the members of this grand nanifested by brother Alden. They vecuncil to enter into a solemn covenant with rising to their feet, in condemnation.

rums. The first Quorum having been organized, viz: Sidney Rigdon, Ebenezer Robinson, Presidents of the stake at Pittsburgh, and and Samuel James; the Twelve came next in was accepted by the unanimous vote of order, -here he made some remarks relative the Kingdom. to his own privilege in appointing the Quo- Samuel G. Flagg-was then presented for the rums, saying that he had a right before the other president of the stake at Pittsburgh,

rums would be subject to a change, as there to be are individuals who will be placed in these whole Church. Quorums to-day, who will be taken out and D. Savary, placed in other Quorums, which will hereaf-John Smith, ter be organized in the Kingdom of God, and James Logan, others be appointed to fill their places. The Matthew Smith, following persons were then named, to fill the Robt. Kincaid, Quorum of the Twelve, viz:

heavy burthens; he also said, the Quo-

Hugh Herringshaw, Sam'l Bennett, Jeremiah Hatch, jr. James Blakeslee, Benj. Winchester, E. R. Swackhammer, Josiah Ells, Wm. Small,

D. L. Lathrop, Joseph M. Cole, G. W. Robinson, Wm. E. McLellin.

All of whom were presented individually, ram Kellogg, who were presented one by one and accepted by the unanimous vote of the and accepted by the unanimous vote of the Kingdom by saying, yea.

The following persons were then nominated as presidents of the Seventies, viz: A. B. Tomlinson, J. F. Olney,

F. Meryweather. Leonard Rich, Geo. T. Leach, J. M. Greig.

Wm. Hutchings,

All of whom were presented one by one, Kingdom.

presented, all voted in the affirmative except presented, and accepted by the unanimous vote

They voted by

each other, which was done by lifting the ent ones labored to save brother Alden. Presright hand, while the covenant was pronounc-ident Rigdon observed that no one of this ed by Wm. E. McLellin, one of the secreta-council, must or can ever rise in this King. ries, and sealed by, an Amen, of all the Quo-dom, to veto or vote against the pringiples of this council or acts of this body, by his own

The President inquired, by what name this judgment, contrary to the judgment, or unanichurch shall be called? When it was movemous vote of every other member present, exed and seconded, that it be called THE CHURCH cept he do it by direct revelation from God .-

or Christ, which was carried unanimously. He must say thus saith the Lord God, &c.
The President then proceeded to organize Brother Alden withdrew his objections, the church, agreeable to the pattern given in when Elder Savary was received by the unanthe Book of Doctrine and Covenants, by nom-imous vote of the Kingdom, as President of inating individuals to fill the different Quo-the stake at Pittsburgh.

Samuel G. Flagg-was then presented for the Lord, to select the persons for the different and was accepted by the unanimous vote of Quorums, in view of relieving himself from the Kingdom. The following persons were then presented

standing High Counsellors for the

C. A. Beck, Thomas J. Lanyon. J. A. Forgeus, Peter Boyer, Lewis James,

James Spratley, John Frazier, All of whom were presented one by one, and accepted by the unanimous vote of the Kingdom.

The following persons we ethen presented for Presidents of the High Priest's Quorum, viz. Austin Cowles, Wm. Stanley, and Hi-

Kingdom, The following persons were then presented for presidents of the Quorum of Elders, viz: John Duncan, Briggs Alden and William White, who were presented individually, and accepted by the unanimous vote of the Kingdom. The following persons were then presented

and accepted by the unanimous vote of the for the Quorum of Bishops, for the whole church, and presidents of the Lesser Priest-Presidents of the stake at Pittsburgh, were hood, viz: William Richards, T. L. Baker, then presented, when Richard Savary was and Richard Croxall, who were individually

Briggs Alden, who voted in the negative.—of the Kingdom.

Brother Alden was called upon for his objections, when he arose and said, "I do not consid-W. E. McLellin arose and read the name of

er him possessed of a fatherly disposition, rath-leach individual, in his respective Quorum, er austere and severe in his manners," &c. W. when all, who where present, answered to E. McLellin arose and desired Brother Alden their-acceptance to the place assigned them; to wandraw his objections without further in-land manifested their determination to magnify vestigation, but he declined, and the matter their calling agreeable to the grace of God was investigated. G. M. Hinkle, Joseph M. given them.

Cole, Samuel G. Flagg, James M. Greig, and The Conference then sung an Hymn, and

adjourned to 2 o'clock, P. M. Benediction by Wm. E. McLellin.

Tuesday 21 o'clock, P. M., Conference Council. met pursuant to adjournment, and was open-except seven of their number are present. ed by the president reading Hymn on page Out of respect, the oldest man in their coun-Prayer by George T. their own body. which was sung.

Leach.

The covenant which had been entered into in the morning, by the Quorum of Seventythree, was now related to Austin Cowles, who had been absent in the forenoon by sickness, who cheerfully entered into the same; and also, signified his acceptance of the office of President of the High Priests' Quorum, to which he

had been apointed in the forenoon. President Rigdon delivered the following. item of law, by revelation: If any member the Grand council, and that subject to the rules of this Quorum comeinto it with a false spirit; and thereby interrupt its deliberation and bu Quorum, the papers must be sent to the first siness, for such an offence, that member can only be forgiven once and no more. This is an item in the laws of the Kingdom, and I de-

liver it to you in the name of the Lord.

commune with him. This is the most important thing I have to say to you. It is the President Rigdon said we will now continue the organization of the Quorums.

the unanimous vote of the Kingdom. appointed to the following missions:

vicinity, in this State. Benjamin Stafford, to the State of New form a part,

York.

James Twist, to Pennsylvania.

New Jersey, Maryland, and any other place and where the Lord may open the door.

Lord shall direct.

and other places.

Archibald Falconer, and Joseph Parsons, to Brownsville Green co., and Va.

L. Sobey, to Philadelphia.

and other places.

J. Libgan was appointed secretary and recorder all the world, for a testimony to all, that the

for this church by a unanimous vote. Resolved, That all Licenses to offices, shall

fied by the recorder.

now desolved, and the different Quorums of the dents of the Seventies. church called out and formed in order, begin-High Priests, you must notify the presidents ning with the Twelve.

The president then proceeded to give charge to the respective Quorums.

To the Quorum of the Twelve.

The Twelve are a travelling presiding High They can never set as a Quorum

"Father of mercies, in thy house," cil, should set to preside in the deliberations of In conferences, they are to

preside alternate, from the eldest to the youn-They should keep a record of all their gest. proceedings. They are a court, having ap-

pellant jurisdiction in all cases relating to the Appeals can be made to you churches abroad. Evangelists court, and also, Elders' from court in the churches abroad, if circumstances

will admit you are required to hear also, all appeals from the Seventies' Quorum, whether at home or abroad. There is no appeal from the decision of your Quorum except to

governing that council. In appeals from your

presidency, who have the right to determine whether the appeal shall be heard or not. Stand, brethren, before God, so that you can

perogative of this Quorum only, as a Quorum, The following persons were nominated in the absence of the first presidency, to con-Evangelists, and accepted, individually, by secrate to God, those of the Grand council, Also who are now absent. I lay this upon this Quorum. No Quorum in the church, has a George M. Hinkle, to lowa and the West-right to rule over this Quorum, except the first George W. Crouse, to Chambersburgh and presidency. You are also, subject to the descisions of the Grand council, of which you

Go, Brethren, and teach not only she gospel. but the rules of propriety in the family circle. Ewd. McClain, and James G. Divine, to and in the walks of life, in all righteousness, lowliness of heart. I give to you this charge in the presence of God and these elect

Jesse Morgan, to the North, and where the messengers, whom God has chosen, or elected for the salvation of the world. For God's J. Cooper, and Wm. Brothers, to Michigan election of angels or messengers is for the salvation of man.

When you want assistance, call upon the presidents of the Seventies, or High Priests, or Elders' Quorum. You can also, call on the Christian Seichrist,, to Cincinnati Ohio, Bishop for Priests or Teachers if necessary. You are to see that the gospel is preached to

end may come. When you ordain young men, ordain them be signed by the first President, or in case of to be Elders, and notify the Presidents of the his absence, by one of his counsellors and the Seventies, that they may place them in their church where their tuition. When

Resolved, That said Licenses shall be recor-ded in a book kept for that purpose by the re-corder, and the date of record, and page of Elders, you will notify the presidents of the book, endorsed on the back of the same, certi-linto that Quorum, to be under their tuition, except they wish to enter into the Seventies' Quo-The grand council of Seventy-three was rum, in that case, you will notify the presi-

When you ordain of that Quorum, that they may be received a under their tuition. When you ordain Priests. let them be middle aged, or aged, but not youn a

men; when you ordain Teachers and Dea-conversation, put to silence the ignorance of cons, let them be aged men only; you will foolish men. notify the Bishop of all ordinations of Priests, ply themselves to reading, and to much Teachers or Deacons, that they may be placed study, that they may become acquainted with under his direction, and tuition. the revelations of heaven, that they may be

receive his patriarch I seal.

Let the foregoing, be an unchangeable law of all the duties of your high calling, and in for all the Quorums and individuals in their the presence of whom you will have to render ordinations, until the time of the end: verily an account of your stewardship, at the time of thus saith the Lord.

To the Presidents of the Seventies. Your office is the same with the Twelve in his having waded through great affliction in

send Elders wherever they may direct. You are a court having original jurisdiction umphantly. in all cases arising in your own Quorum, any one of you presiding with your Quorum .-An appeal taken from the decision of your jurisdiction in no case. You are to receive ap-

Quorum must be taken to the Twelve. No man in any of the Quorums can ordain quorums of High Priests, and Elders, and a man to any office higher than a High Priest, from none others. In case of the absence of except the first presidency, and that with the any of your members, you can fill their place consent of the Grand council. Any member or places for the time being, with High Priests. of the Grand council can ordain to any office or Elders, as the case may be; provided there in the church, from Deacon to High Priest; but are seven of the original counsellors, always no officer in the church can ordain to any of present. The presidents of the stake, at the fice higher than that which has been confered seat of the first presidency, will preside in upon himself.

be actively engaged in preaching the gospel, of the absence of two, one can preside: but if as much as circumstances will admit; your bu-neither of the presidents be present, you can siness, therefore, will be, to be fathers to God's sall upon the first presidency, either of whom will teach them as well by example as by pre-side jointly, as the case may be. When any man who has authority, oryou, and inform you of it.

demption of the purchased possession. and supplication, walking in all holiness and uprightness of heart before God and man, that

You will consecrate all the officers you or-workmen that need not be ashamed; being dain, according to the pattern which you have able rightly to divide the word of truth, giving received; and give them a certificate of their to every man his portion as his circumstances ordination and consecration, that they may may be. I give you this charge in the presappear before the patriarch of the church and ence of God, and his elect messengers, who will expect at your hand a faithful discharge

Teach them that they ap-

the end. Here he gave a burst of feelings relative to

the Grand council, but in your Quorums, you life to reach this day, where he could place the are subject to the counsel of the Twelve, and burthen of the Kingdom of God upon the shoulders of men who would bear it off tri-

To-the High Council. You are an appellate court, having original peals from the Bishop's Court, and from the

your councils. In case of the absence of one Those under your charge will be required to of the presidents, two can preside, and in case

It is expected of you, that you can preside, in your council, or they can pre-Prefer not one man above another in your dains young men they must turn them over "to court. Do justice to all, even to your enemies. Yours is to take if you should sit in judgment upon them. the youthful mind and train it to bring lightlis not your duty to try to convict, or acquit any and salvation to the world; for salvation comes man, but to understand the truth of every case to the world only through this Kingdom; and which shall be brought before you, and deterrighteousness, through this Kingdom alone, mine the truth in righteousness before God, will be established among men. You then whether the person or persons brought before are a school, where ministers of righteousness you, are guilty or innocent of the charges preand salvation are to be taught, and from you ferred against them, and deal with them accorto go forth into the world, to hasten the reddingly.

Brethren, pray much, that the wisdom of Receive, then, the young men, and all oth heaven may rest upon you, that you may judge ers who may be sent unto you, and train them of all matters according to the wisdom of God, to usefulness before God, that they may coleven as the Lord would do himself; were he forth in righteousness, bearing the glad tidings present, and sitting in judgment on the case. of the Kingdom of heaven, and be ensamples That all appeals that may be taken from you, to the world, in virtue, in meekness, in faith, may be taken in unrighteousness, and not in in long suffering, in gentleness, knowing that lighteousness, the persons appealing refusing the day of the Lord is at hand. Teach them to submit to a righteous decision; unto this to be sober, to call upon God, with all prayer end, I bless you in the name of Jesus Christ. To the Evangelists.

We have chosen you because you are strong they may be as lights shining in the world men. Men who are able to go forth alone, giving none occasion to the adversaries to speak proclaiming the gospel and teaching the docreproachfully, but hy sound doctrine, and holy trines of the kingdom. Your office in the grand council is the same with the other quo-the Twelve, and out of your quorum send aids rums; but in your travelling and journeyings, to them at any time when required, to such to preach the gospel, each one is to be directed place or places as they may designate.

by the Spirit of God, which is in him, and go

Your quorum is a court, to try all cases of

by the Spirit of God, which is in him, and go Your quorum is a court, to try all whithersoever it may direct. You will be sub-difficulty amongst its own members. ject to the Twelve in their counsellings, and taken from your quorum, will be taken to the

act in concert with them; and to be aids and High Council. helps to them, in setting in order all the affairs. Brethren, the persons over whom you pre-

of the churches abroad. side show to you what manner of men you You have the right and authority to hold ought to be; that you may walk out and in becourts, in the churches abroad. You may pre- fore the aged and venerable of the church of side in individual churches, in case of trials; God, stiewing the examples worthy of imitayou will have the right to call Twelve Elders tion, that they also, witnessing your upright or High Priests, to try any officer, or member deportment, and Godly conversation, may be in the church, except a member of the grand constrained to acknowledge that God, of a council. This court shall be a court of aptruth, is in you, and thereby be led to respect peals, to which appeals can be made from tri-you as those whom God has set over them, and als in the churches abroad. It is also, a court glorify God-on this account. To the Bishops.

of original jurisdiction in the churches. Αppeals taken from this court, may be taken to You are to be the fathers of the widow and the Twelve, if circumstances will admit; if orphan, and to soothe the cares of the afflicted, not, they are to be taken to the Bishop's court to administer to the wants of the poor and

Go your way brethren, remember that you needy, and to be peace makers in the church are to be fathers in Israel, and not as lords of God; to this end, you are to receive the over God's heritage; in all things approving consecrations of the church made for this puryourselves unto God, in all long-suffering and pose, and to deal them out to those who are patience, enduring as seeing him who is invis worthy, in wisdom and in prudence, as God ible, knowing that the day of the Lord is at may give you understanding and discernment. hand, and the God of peace will be with you. It will be your duty to aid the saints in getting To the Presidents of the High Priest's Quorum. labor, for the sustenance of themselves and

absence of the first president, it is the duty of will be for you, if you have means in your the president of your quorum, to preside in the hands, to see that their wants are supplied. councils of the whole church, and be unto the It will be for you to make application to the church as the first president. you have to do with those of high authority in poor, and also, to make application to all the the church, and preside over the High Priests travelling authorities, to take contributions of the church of God. When High Priests among all the churches, or people, among are ordained in the church, you are to be duly whom they may travel, preaching the gospel, notified of the same by the person or persons in money, or such other things as they may ordaining them, and you are to take them un have to spare and are disposed to give, for this der your instruction, and teach them the duties purpose, that your store house may be suppli-of their high calling. You are to be in sub-jection to the counsel of the Twelve, in send-ing to them aid out of your quorum, when re-You are also, judges in Israel to judge in ing to them aid out of your quorum, when required, and to such places as they may direct. matters between man and man, in all cases of difficulty difficulty brought before you. Your court is

with the members of your own quorum. Ap-one of both original and appellate jurisdiction. peals taken from your quorum will be taken to All original cases in the church brought before

the high council. with God, that all your counsellings and teach hear. ings may be in wisdom; so walk that your abroad, and from the courts of the Evangeconsciences may not condemn you, and then lists to your court, will be bound to hear; but will you have boldness before God your Hea-you will receive no appeals from the Quorum

venly Father. To the Presidents of the Elders Quorum.

You have to do with the aged men in the court, must be taken to the High council. church of Christ, as none but aged men will be placed in your quorums. When any aged hood in all its departments; and to see that men are ordained to be Elders, it will be the there are presidents appointed to preside over duty of the person or persons ordaining them, the Priests, Teachers and Deacons. It will to give you notice thereof, and you will receive be the duty of all the authorities if they ordain them into your quorum, and teach them the any of the before named officers, to notify the duties of their office and calling before God.

Your station is of a dignified nature; in the families. To you the poor will look; and it

In your quorum church for means, wherewith to supply the

your court, excepting a complaint against a Brethren, it is your privilege to have power member of the grand council you are bound to All cases appealed from churches

> of the Seventies, High priests Quorum, or Quorum of Elders. Appeals taken from your

You are also, to preside over the lesser priestpresidents of those respective Quorums of such You will be in subjection to the counsel of ordinations, that the individuals thus ordained may be placed under their tuition and instrucsidents of the before mentioned Quorums in the risy and falsehood, are inculcated as virtues

Brethren, your office and calling is of such ble ruin and dispair; Therefore & a character as will require you to learn much before God, and before the church; that you and truth. may obtain for yourselves a good degree, and great boldness in the faith.

A word to all.

It will be the duty of every Quorum, to keep that it is sometimes lawful to lie, a Book, in which the names of all the members of their respective Quorums will be regis-God impels us to yield implicit obedience to Also, a record of all their proceedings, the law of the land. and all important incidents in their history .and travellings, while preaching the gospel, nants. and rolling on the kingdom of heaven; and be in their power.

instructing all the Quorums to be in the house, are secretly taught by the feaders and many of After giving an appointment for Elder George believing them demoralizing and destructive, M. Hinkle, to preach at 7 o'clock this evening, combining all the worst features of barbarism, and a Hymn sung, the conference adjourned, and containing all the elements of the wildest by prayer by Elder Cowles, till 9 o'clock to lanarchy, and would if uncheked by the power

morrow morning.

[To be Continued.]

Preamble and Resolutions, of the Church of Christ.

Whereas, the connexion which has hereto-day of October next. fore existed between ourselves and the people

to God and our fellow men; and Whereas, in consequence of the rejection by quested to attend. that people, of what we undoubtedly deem to be the order of the church and kingdom of God, and the introduction of doctrines and practises clearly inimical to the law of God, and altogethgether subversive of the laws of the land, abror gating the marriage contract, and substitutingunder the professed sanction of Heaven, a system of extreme licentiuosness, uprooting every legal restraint, and eminently calculated in its very nature to produce the entire distruction of every virtuous tie, and pouring contempt upon every holy principle, contained in the revelations of God to his creature man; and must inevitably entail upon that people abject wretchedness and wo, subjecting them to the righteous condemnation of every virtuous intelligence, whetherin heaven or in earth; And

Whereas, the better to conceal the justly It will be your duty to instruct the pre-odious system of polygamy—duplicity, hypocduties of their calling, that they also, may be the more sacred obligations constantly violated, qualified to instruct their respective Quorums families and individuals plunged into irrevoca-

Resolved, That we hold no fellowship with wisdom and discernment; therefore, seek wis-the people calling themselves the church of dom at the hand of your God that you may be Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and can thoroughly furnished anto every good work; have no communion with them, unless they that you may magnify your office and calling repent and obey the principles of righteousness

> Resolved, That we maintain the truth and the truth only, at all hazards; renouncing at once, and for ever, the unsanctifying dogma,

Resolved, That our subjection to the law of

Resolved, That we maintain and do earnest-It is also, required of the Evangelists, that ly contend for the faith which was once, and is they keep a record of all their proceedings, and again, delivered to the saints, contained in the of all important incidents in their journeyings Bible, Book of Mormon and Book of Cove-

Resolved, That we feel it a solemn and immake a return to the general church recorder, peritive obligation, we owe to God and our at every annual conference, as far as it shall fellow men, to disseminate to the extent of our ability, correct information regarding cer-The president then gave a general charge tain pernicious doctrines and practices which and the their places, in order, at to-morrow the members, of the society called the church morning, at 9 o'clock, for the consecration.— of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints; verily of truth, ultimately extinguish the species.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

A special Conference of the Church of Christ will be held in Philadelphia on the 6th

All absentee members of the Grand Councalling themselves the church of Jesus Christ cil from the general Conference, and all offiof Latter Day Saints, renders it necessary that cers of branches, Presidents, Priest, Ceachers we publish to the world, a succinct statement and Deacons, as also all travelling High of facts relating to the position we now sustain Priests and Elders, who were not present at the general Conference, are particularly re-

By order of the Twelve.

S. BENNETT, C'lk.

[Ensign, please copy.] :-

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE,

OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST,

BENNETT.

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MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE,

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, MAY-1, 1845.

No. 12.

For the Messenger and Advocate. .

Mr. Editor: period of great events, spoken of by all the future period of the world, that there are to be holy prophets, our inquiries into bible truths blood, fire, and pillars of smoke, the sun turnbecome more intent; our desires deeper, and ed into darkness, the moon turned into blood, our anxieties more intense, to understand those and the stars of heaven to fall. things which were written aforetime for our self to reel to and fro like a drunken man, the see in the events which are passing, both in of all flesh to gather blackness. The rich men, the political and religious world, that the affand nobles, and every poor man, and wicked fairs of men are fast approaching a crisis, which man, to call on the mountains and on the rocks portends convulsions and commotions before to fall on them, and hide them from the face of unknown. The various nations of the earth, him that sitteth upon the throne and from the are forming relations, of such a character, that weath of the Lamb. It is in this period of the the time will soon arrive when it will be next world that Babylon the great is to fall, and to impossible to have any serious convulsion rise no more: her merchants to stand afar off, in any one nation without affecting the whole. The very condition of things, I apprehend, that made us rich with her delicacies; and her spoken of by the holy prophets, when they describe a state of things of such an unheard of the world, that it shall burn as an oven, and of character, as to bring, at one time, all the the proud, and all that do wickedly shall be nations of the earth to Jerusalem to battle.—stubble; and the coming day that will burn This could only be done by changing the con-them up, so that they shall be ashes, is also in ditions of the nations in their relation to one this period of the world. another, so as to identify their interests so near-of the world that nation is to rise against naly, that no individual nation could go to wartion, and kingdom against kingdom, and to be with itself, or two nations go to war with each wars and rumors of wars, and carthquakes. other, without affecting the whole.

scriptures, cannot fail of seeing the fact, that world that the Lord will hiss for the fly of all the sacred writers contemplate a state of Ethiopia and the bee of Assyria, that they also things, in both the political and religious world, may come and fight. It is in this period that that will eventuate in wars and commotions, all nations will be gathered to Jerusalem to of so dire a character, as to endanger the exis-battle, where the fowls of heaven shall be of so dire a character, as to endanger the existance of all the nations of the earth; and in gathered together, and have a great feast on order that any of them may be left or any portion be saved, the God of Heaven will have to they shall eat and drink, till they are full.—

The Lord will also come with vengeance, together. It is during and just preceding these treading on his enemies and trampling on his events, that we are to look for the finger of God toes, until his garments are stained with blood to be shewn, in preparing for the grand events as one treading in the wine press, taking venwhich are to terminate the present state of the geance on them that know not God and obey world's existence, and usher in a new order of not the gospel. Treading them in his wrath, things—which order, when established, will and trampling them in his fury, until Idumea last, according to the testimony of the Apostle is laid waste, and Edom utterly desolated and

John, one thousand years.

tablished on this Globe, I need not stop to before him, and it is to be very tempestuous prove; for he who would ask me to do that, round about him, preparing his way before

template the period of the world's history will set his hand the second time to recover

which, remains to be fulfilled, as replete with events peculiar to itself; events of a fearful As time is hastening on the as well as glorious character. It is in this Every sincere biblical student can sea to heave itself beyond its bounds, the faces It is in this period and famines, in divers places; and all nations Pthink that every intelligent reader of the to wail and lament. It is in this period of the

no place found for him. That such a new order of things will be es- God is to appear in majesty, a fire devour certainly does not believe the bible; but it may him, and putting things in order, that he may not be amiss to enquire a little into the charac-judge the nations, and prepare the way for his ter of that new age or period of the world, and saints. Such are a few of the things reserved into the character of the events which lead for the period of the world yet future; and such is the light in which the prophets and all the If we are to take the bible for our guide in sacred writers represent it. It is in view of matters pertaining to the future, we must con-all these things that the prophets say, the Lord

ple which will be able to stand when all these things take place.

is all to be done, because such things as above which the sacred writers call Babylon, is so ple, lest the whole earth perish, and there be world, among those who had a bible, and benone left; and in order that some may be left lieved it. Paul, in the 8th chapter to the Rofalse religions of the world.

on which the hopes and expectations of all the whole creation groaneth and travaileth in pain saints, since the days of right eous Able rested, together until now. And not only they, but the sacred writers, their hopes did not rest in Paul says that the whole creation travailed in any thing they enjoyed during their life time, pain and groaned until then. nor any thing they should enjoy in the unseen and Enoch, were part of the creation as well world after their death; but on things which as Paul, and so were all the prophets, and which they viewed as effecting their condition the days of Paul, who wrote some four thousin their separated state, and bringing about and years after the martyrdom of Abel; and for them, in "that day," the day when the groaning till his day, and that he and they kingdom of God, that was set up here, should would travail in pain together, until the rebe triumphant.

vior had described the scene, as above written, redeemed. says, "And when these things begin to come redemption drew nigh. Now if their redemp-faith is also vain.

the remnant of his people, and prepare a peo-1800 years after their discease, if not more. That the Apostles themselves did not calcu-

late on attaining their redemption, until the All that the Lord is to do in the last days, world was redeemed from all false religions, mentioned, are coming on the earth, and the plainly taught in their writings, that it seems Lord is to step forth to save to himself a peo-strange how any other idea could get into the the Lord will exert his own power, make bare mans, uses language so strong as not to be his own arm, set up his own kingdom, and bear easily gotten out of the way by theorists. it off triumphant, amidst the ruin and over- For the creature was made subject to vanity, throw of the nations, and the downfall of the not willingly, but by reason of him who hath kingdoms, and the entire destruction of all the subjected the same in hope. Because the creature itself also shall be delivered from the bon-There is also, in this period of the world, dage of corruption into the glorious liberty of another scene of things to transpire—things the children of God. For we know that the and in which they rejoiced; and in view of ourselves also, which have the first fruits of which they laid down their lives for the word the Spirit, even we ourselves groan within ourof God, and the testimony they had to bear to selves, waiting for the adoption, to wit, the re-According to the testimony of all demption of our body." In this quotation, should take place, in the last days, in this world, righteous men, who had lived and died before that everlasting glory which was in reserve yet Paul says they were travailing in pain and

triumphant. demption of the body; and Jesus told the dis-That the Savior in his addresses to the ciples of his day, that at the time when they Apostles, during the time of his sojourn here, should see the things he there described begin inspired them with high expectations, that at to take place, they should lift up their heads the time of the triumph of his kingdom here, and rejoice, for their redemption drew near; they should be heir in common with the saints, and Paul says the whole creation travaileth in who should bear off that kingdom, is so plain pain, and would travail, whether dead or alive, as not to admit of any doubt. In the 21st until the time of the redemption; and further chapter of Luke, and 28th verse, after the Sa-says, that at that time their bodies would be

Surely then, these writers never conveyed to pass, then look up, and lift up your heads: an idea that saints, at the time of their death, for your redemption draweth nigh." Let it would enter into either their rest or be rebe noticed that the disciples, to whom he addeemed; but died in faith of a rest that would dressed himself, lived 1800 years ago; and be at a time when the kingdom of God on earth the scenes described have not transpired yet, but should triumph. In the 15th chapter of the are yet in the future; and the apostles are long [1st. Epistle to the Corinthians, Paul uses lansince dead, and Jesus well knew that would guage not to be mistaken, on this subject : be the case; but whether dead or alive, when "But if there be no resurrection of the dead, the things there described began to take place then is Christ not risen: and if Christ be not they were told to lift up their heads, for their risen, then is our preaching vain, and your Yea, and we are found tion then began to draw nigh, it had not come; false witnesses of God; because we have and, though they were dead long before, still testified of God that he raised up Christ: their redemption had not come, nor was not to whom he raised not up, if so be that the dead come until the things there described, should rise not. For if the dead rise not, then is not have taken place; for when these things began Christ raised: and if Christ is not taised, your their redemption was drawing near—of course faith is vain; ye are yet in your sins. Then that which was only then drawing near they had they also which are fallen asleep in Christ are not in possession, nor never had. It the perished." Here the apostle declares that disciples could credit the Savior, they were to unless the dead rise, then they that have fallen expect their redemption was dependent on asleep in Christ have perished. What can be things which were to transpire here, and that, plainer than that they would perish if the

dead did not rise, that there present state is not Lord, holy and true, dost thou not judge and a state of salvation; for if it were, though the avenge our blood on them that dwell on the dead never rose, they would not perish; the earth?" Here he says he saw under the alfact of their present state being one in which tar the souls of them that were slain for the they could perish, unless something else took word of God and for the testimony which they place, proves that their present state is not held, and they cried with a load voice, saying that salvation which was promised, and is not How long, O Lord, holy and true dost thou the thing embraced in their faith, but that state not judge and avenge our blood on them that wherein they cannot perish, is the things after dwell on the earth. Now John had this vision which they look, and for which they laid down hundreds of years, yea, thousands of years af-Saviour said to Luke: "Then, look up, and were then under the altar, crying, How long, lift your heads; for your redemption draweth O Lord, till our blood is avenged. Nothing nigh." A something that was to take place can be plainer than this, that their rest and hundreds of years after their death.

in the 11th chapter to the Hebrews (See from the fact that they were asking how long till the 4th to close of the 13th verse; it is too their blood-should be avenged? No one can long for quotation here, but we invite our read-doubt but that they were longing for that peers to read it.) Here the apostle introduces riod, at which time their redemption would glorious language of their faith, but in the 13th up their heads and rejoice, because their relanguage: "These all died in faith, not hav-they were thus crying under the altar their ing received the promises, but having seen redemption had not come. them afar off, and were persuaded of them, and During the apostle's continuence on the Isle embraced them and confessed that they were of Patmos, he had another view of the unseen strangers and pilgrims on the earth.' But world. The account of this vision is given in notwithstanding their faith, virtue, and right the 18th and 19th chapters. See from 21st cousness, still they did not receive the pro-verse of the 18th chapter to the close of 9th mises, but saw them afar off. May we ask verse of the 19th chapter, to which we would how far off? Till the time spoken of by the invite the attention of the reader. He says in Savior, in Luke, when they should lift up the 21st verse of the 18th chapter, that a their heads and rejoice; for their redemption mighty angel took up a stone like a great mild drew near. From the 20th verse to the close stone, and cast it into the sea, saying, thus of the chapter he brings to view Isaac, Jacob, with violence shall that great city Babylon be Joseph, Moses, Rahab, Gideon, Barak, Samp-throwndown, and shall be found no more at all; son, Jepthae, David, Samuel, and the pro-he then describes her desolation, until the close phets; and though he speaks in terms of high of the chapter. In the 19th chapter he tells commendation of their works of faith, and what he heard after Babylon was desolated: commendation of their works of faith, and what he heard after Babylon was desolated; gives them a place with the cloud of witness-he says, verse 1st, "And after these things I es, and yet, in the 39th verse, he says, "And heard a great voice of much people in heaven, these all, having obtained a good report through saying, Alleluia: salvation, and glory, and faith, received not the promise." Here the honor, and power, unto the Lord our God:" apostle leaves them, and leaves us, with the Verse 2d, "For true and righteous are his assurance that they saw something, expected judgments: for he hath judged the great something, had faith in something, that they whore, which did corrupt the earth with her never obtained, died without, and from what fornication, and hath avenged the blood of his the Savior said, are without it till this day; servants at her hand." but when the signs of the Savior's second It is here said that the blood of the Lord's

ing nigh. them that were slain for the word of God, and it leaves no room for doubt.

This gives great force to what the ter many of them had been slain, and they their redemption had not come when John saw This same subject is kept in view by Paul, them-though they were in heaven; and from

Abel, Enoch, Noah, Abraham, and Sarah, and come; and doubtless would—as the Savior after having set forth their faith in strong landtold the disciples, as before quoted, that when In the 12th chapter, he gives them althey saw certain things taking place on the place among the cloud of witnesses, speaking in earth, to look up and rejoice—look up and lift verse of this 11th chapter uses the following demption was drawing nigh; for surely when

appearance are being seen, then, like others, servants had been avenged at the hand of they will lift up their heads and rejoice, for Babylon. In the quotation from the 6th chapbehold, that which they saw afar off is draw-ter, they were represented as crying with a loud voice, and asking how long until our John, in the Revelations, if possible, makes blood shall be avenged: and John says that the subject still plainer. He gives us two after Babylon, as shewn to him in vision, had visions he had of the invisible world; the first fallen to rise no more, they all cried with loud is in the 6th chapter of Revelations, 9th and voices, saying, Alleluia, for the Lord hath 10th verses: "And when he had opened the avenged the blood of his servants. These sayfitth seal, I saw under the altar the souls oflings put together, make so plain a case, that for the testimony which they held: and they promised to the prophets and apostles, cannot cried with a loud voice, saying, How long, O beenjoyed until Babylonis forever overthrown,

and that the saints being in heaven does not was commanded to write, "Blessed are the dead the heavens will rejoice, and not till then .- forth." in the 6th chapter and 10th verse, as before sion "henceforth," would forbid the idea .to be avenged, is on the earth.

tain signs, indicative of the downfall of Baby-would not rest from their labors and their lon, to lift up their heads and rejoice, for their works follow them till the angel announced redemption drew nigh; because, though they the downfall of Babylon—from that time the were in heaven, their redemption could not dead that had died in the Lord should rest from come until the downfall of Babylon. They their labors, and their works follow them. might die, as did the ancient prophets, and see We think then enough has been written to it afar off, but not inherit it till then; and they leave no doubt on the mind, that all the saints, might believe in it, and embrace it, but until whether in heaven or elsewhere, whether dead the downfall of Babylon, they could not in or alive, are waiting for something which is

a reason for its being so. It is there said that and when that something takes place here the thou hast made us kings and priests unto heavens and earth will rejoice together. When God, and we shall reign on the earth." Now one is redee ned, all are redeemed; and the if the redeemed are to reign on the earth, this redemption of the whole purchased possession cannot be done until Babylon is overthrown will come together. and destroyed.

put together, is called Babylon the Great-and glory as well of fear and dismay. before the heavens can rejoice.

mumber of angels or messengers flying through and consume all these kingdoms, and it shall the midst of heaven, having messages to those who dwell on the earth—one had the everlast of the vision of the image to determine the fact ing gospel to preach; another the downfall of that the kingdom spoken of was to be set up Robulon to another the control of the control

alter the case; for though in heaven, they are that die in the Lord from henceforth. yea, waiting and crying for the downfall of Baby-saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their lon, in order that their redemption may come, labors; and their works do follow them." Now and cannot sing Alleluia until Babylon is in-flet the reader mark, particularly, that the dead tirely desolated; and when that takes place that die in the Lord were to rest from "hence-Why "henceforth?" Had not all And what puts the matter forever at rest, that who had died in the Lord, in all ages of the Babylon was here on the earth, is what is said world, rested from their labors? The expresquoted, Howlong, O Lord, holy and true, dost From what time then should we date the thou not judge and avenge our blood on them "henceforth?" From what had been previously that dwell on the earth. Here then the Baby-said we are not left to conjecture. The anlon that is to be thrown down, and at the swer is, after Babylon had fallen, "From downfall of which, the blood of the saints is henceforth the dead that die in the Lord shall be avenged, is on the earth.

rest;" and the very form of expression would Well then might the Savior say to his disdetermine that until then they would not rest; ciples, as before quoted, when they saw cer-it made no difference when they died, they

to take place yet in this world, in order that The 5th chapter and 10th verse may give us they may inherit the promises made unto them;

From all that we have on record, the con-A few words may not be amiss on the term clusion is forced on us that the last days are Babylon, as used by John. The old city, to be the days of wonders—the fixed period in Babylon, was destroyed long before John the purposes of God, for the bringing to a close wrote the Revelations; and yet he says the of all the works of salvation promised the great city, Babylon, was to be thrown down, world, or any portion of it, since the days of long after his day, so he could not mean the righteous Abel. The time of fulfilling proold city, Babylon, but in opposition, the great mises, of redeeming pledges between God city, Babylon. What is this great city Babylon and of establishing the truthe and city. Babylon to the old city. In relation to the old city, Babylon, the the covenants made with the fathers, and inhabitants undertook, in defiance of the Al-bringing in everlasting righteousness, filling mighty, to build a tower so high as to reach the heavens with joy and the earth with gladheaven, which was nothing more nor less than ness, and to this end the whole universe will a false system of salvation; and from that day be put in motion, ere long, and all the eleto the present, any false system of salvation is ments of discord exercised, and all the powers called Babylon; and all the false systems of heaven exerted, and it must be a period of

it is Babylon the Great that is to be thrown In view of all the foregoing matters and down, before the saints can sing Alleluia, and things Daniel said, at a fixed period, the God of heaven would set up a kingdom which could We have a saying in the 14th chap, of Reve never be destroyed, but would stand forever. latons, which is also as appropriate to this, as See Dan. 2d chapter, 44th verse: . "And in one thing can be to another, to which we in the days of these kings shall the God of vite the attention of the reader. (read from the heaven set up a kingdom, which shall never 6th verse to the close of the 13th.) John gives be destroyed. and the kingdom shall not be us here another vision he had, when he saw a left to other people, but it shall break in pieces Babylon to announce, and after the messen-after the downfall of the Roman empire, and ger had declared that Babylon had fallen, John not during the time of its existence, as many

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kingdom, it is to be something which, after it heaven or on earth, until the kingdom spoken is set up, will continue unbroken—unchanged of by Daniel, was set up, and the glad tidings till the coming of the Savior; and finally bethereof went forth among all nations; and the come universal. That this kingdom is not the kingdom had prevailed against Babylon the present religious or political order of things. Great, and cast it down to rise no more; and needs no proof from me; for they are already then salvation comes to the whole purchased

broken up, divided and sub-divided, and all possession, and until then to none of them. thinking men do expect something different That Daniel and others understood it in this from what now exists; and it will require point of light, we think is plain. something different from them all to fulfil the that Daniel had seen the kingdom set up and One thing is certain, that the triumph, in the vision; and the messenger

prophecies can never be fulfiled without some which had been with him, at the close of the thing making its appearance in the world diffusion, says thus, (see 12th chapter of Daniel, ferent from what now exists, and unless it is 13th verse,) "But go thou thy way till the the kingdom spoken of by Daniel, no mortal end be. for thou shalt rest, and stand in thy being can tell what it is; for the bible speaks lot at the end of the days." It was here said to of nothing else, and of that it does speak, and Daniel, to "go his way till the time of the

that in such terms, as to shew beyond contro-end; for thou shalt rest, and stand in thy lot versy, that if there is any thing else makes its at the end of the days.". The fact that at the appearence, and by that the promises are ful-end, Daniel should rest, so exactly corresponds

filed, then Daniel was mistaken; for he says with what John says in the 14th chapter of that should become a great mountain and fill Revelations, 13th verse, as before quoted, that the whole earth, and stand forever;—and no we can only gaze with wonder. John says, two things like that could exist.

gospel of the kingdom shall be preached in all told, that at the time of the end, he should rest, the world for a witness unto all nations; and and stand in his lot; and until then he was to then shall the end come." - Here we are told go his way, and not expect to rest, till the end that before the end comes "this gospel of the come. Now if we want to know when the

scriptures.

kingdom must be preached to all, for a wit-end will come, it will be when Daniel's kingness." To make this easy of understanding, let dom has triumphed-and by it, Babylon the us define the term gospel, which is neither less Great is fallen to rise no more; then Daniel nor more, than glad tidings. So then it a will rest, and all the saints in heaven and else-

Hence the glad tidings of that king-judge, will give me at that day." dorn were everlasting glad tiding. Atl other Paul; doubtless the day when Daniel will gla tidings that had gone before, were but for stand in his lot, and all the departed saints a season, but that of the kingdom everlasting. shout Alleluia. But if any doubt this, the last

I think then, from all these things, we have part of the verse puts it at rest, -" and all them reached an important point, in relation to men, also who love his appearing." It is certain

that he was commanded to write, after the

In relation to this kingdom we have some angel had proclaimed the downfall of Babylon things to say, which we find written in the the Great, that from that time (the downfall In Matthew, 24th chapter and of Babylon) they that die in the Lord should 14th verse, we have the following: "And this rest from their labors; and here Daniel was

mounts to this,—that glad tidings of the king-where will shout Alleluia.

dom must be preached to all, before the dead

That the apostles viewed the matter in this saints could lift up their heads and rejoice, and point of light, and only in this, we think canbefore their redemption could come. John, as not admit of reasonable controversy. Paul in

recorded in the 14th chapter of Revelations, the 2d Epistle to Timothy, 4th chapter, from 6th verse, says; "And I saw another angel fly the 5th to the close of the 8th verse, says as in the midst of heaven, having the everlasting follows: "For I am now ready to be offered, gospel to preach unto them that dwell on the and the time of my departure is at hand. I earth, and to every nation, and kindred, and have fought a good fight, I have finished my tongue, and people." Here John describes course, I have kept the faith: henceforth there tongue, and people." Here John describes course, I have kept the faith: henceforth there "an angel, flying through the midst of is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, heaven, having the everlasting gospel to preach which the Lord, the righteous judge, shall the beautiful to me only, but

to them that dwell on the earth;" that is, the give me at that day: and not to me only, but everlasting glad tidings. What are these ever unto all them also that love his appearing."
lasting glad tidings? Doubtless the glad tid The apostle tells Timothy that he was then ings of the kingdom, spoken of by the Savior; about to leave the world, and surely now is the for the kingdom was to be everlasting, accord-time for Paul to leave his testimony respecting to Daniel-never to be given to other peoling his hope; and here it comes, verse 8th, ple, but to break in pieces and destroy all in- "Hence there is laid up for me a crown of stitutions that had gone before it, and stand righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous

both the living and the dead; that the promise then, that the crowning was at the time of the of God, made to the world, through and by Savior's appearing, which will be when the messengers sent, of salvation, could not be kingdom has triumphed. To this end Paul

says to Timothy, in the 1st verse of this chap-ters all seem to have viewed it as future, in ter, "I charge thee therefore before God, and their day. James says, in the 2d chapter, 5th

by the sacred writers. 1st Epistle to the Thes- whole earth. apostle says thus: "For they themselves shew vey the idea that the order of things which of us what manner of entering in we had unto they have introduced, was the one which was you, and how ye turned to God from idols, to to prepare the way of the Savior's second adserve the living and true God; and to wait for vent. Paul, in the 13th chapter of 1st Corinhis Son from heaven, whom he raised from the thians, from the 8th to the close of the 12th dead, even Jesus, which delivered us from the verse, says as follows: "Charity never failwrath to come." Now mark the cause of eth: but whether there be prophecies, they Paul's rejoicing. The Thessalonians had shall fail; whether there be tongues, they turned from idols, to serve the true God, and shall cease; whether there be knowledge, it to wait for his Son from heaven. Whose Son? shall vanish away. For we know in part, God's Son. Why wait for him from heaven? and we prophesy in part. Why not, when they died, go to heaven to which is perfect is come, then that which is him? Because their redemption was not in part shall be done away. When I was a come when they died, but when, through the child, I spake as a child, I understood as a triumph of the kingdom, Christ himself was child, I thought as a child: but when I beto come from heaven; and then came the re-came a man, I put away childish things. For demption of the purchased possession, and not now we see through a glass darkly: but then salonians not only had turned from idols, but then I shall know even as also I am known." were waiting for Christ from heaven. In the The apostle here says that he only saw in part. 2d Epistle to the Thessalonians, 2d chapter and prophesied in part, but when the perfect we beseech you, brethren, by the coming of away. For now, says Paul, we see through our Lord Jesus Christ, and by our gathering a glass darkly, but then face to face: now I together unto him." Here again the same know in part; but then shall I know even as doctrine is taught; and the Thessalonians I am known. Mark, reader, "when the perwere besought in view of the coming of the fect is come;" not when Paul goes to it—but Lord Jesus Christ, and their gathering togeth when it comes here. Who can read this, and are on earth: even in him." By this we are there are sayings worthy of notice: "That 1 he fullness of times, and that the things in ing made conformable unto his death; if by heaven as well as on earth, are to be gathered, any means I might attain unto the resurrection even all that are in Christ. This dispensation of the dead: not as though I had already atof the fulness of times, must be from its effects, tained, either was already perfect; but I folthe same as the dispensation of the kingdom, low after, if that I may apprehend that for which, according to all we have seen, is to pur which also I am apprehended of Christ Jesus. the heavens and the earth together, and bring Brethren, I count not myself to have apprein the redemption of the purchased possession, hended: but this one thing I do, forgetting whether in heaven or on earth.

the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall judge the verse, as follows: "Hearken, my beloved quick and the dead at his appearing and his brethren, Hath not God chosen the poor of kingdom." Here then Jesus is to judge the this world rich in faith, and heirs of the kingdead and the living at his appearing and his dom which he hath promised to them that love kingdom—or at the triumph of his kingdom, him?" According to what is here said, the So then at that time Paul expected his crown, kingdom here spoken of, was future at that and he could not reasonably expect it before; time; for he says God had chosen the poor of for the Savier had left it an analysis and left it are and the says God had chosen the poor of for the Savior had left it on record that when this world rich in faith, and heirs of the king-the signs of his coming, and the organization dom which he hath promised to them that love and triumph of his kingdom appeared, they him; not heirs of a kingdom, which we aposshould then lift up their heads and rejoice; for tles have now established, but one that Godtheir redemption drew near—and Paul could has promised. Now what kingdom was it not expect his crown till his redemption came. God had promised? We know of none but We will here make a few more quotations the one spoken of by Daniel; neither could to shew how clearly this subject is written outlany other exist, seeing-that one was to fill the salonians, 1st chapter, 9th and 10th verses, the The apostles, in their teachings, do not con-

But when that Hence Paul rejoiced that the Thes-face to face: now, I know in part: and 1st verse, Paul says as follows: "Now came that which was in part was to be done er unto him. In relation to the gathering to not see that Paul expected some order of gether, see Episile to the Ephesians, 1st chap-things, subsequent to the time he wrote, which ter, 10th verse, where we have the following: was to be superior to the order of things intro"That in the dispensation of the fulness of duced by him and the other apostles. In the times he might gather together in one all things 3d chapter? from the 10th to the close of the in Christ, both which are in heaven, and which 14th verse; of the Epistle to the Phillippians. told that the gathering together, here and else-may know him, and the power of his resurrec-where, is to take place in the dispensation of tion, and the fellowship of his sufferings, bethose things which are behind, and reaching In relation to the kingdom, the stered wri-forth unto those things which are before.

press toward the mark for the prize of the high what you call the high calling of God in Christ calling of God in Christ Jesus." The apos-Jesus. The dispensation of the fulness of tle, in this quotation, says, that "he did not times, in which dispensation all things in suppose himself to have attained, either were Christ were to be gathered together, whether already perfect." Now compare this with his they were dead or alive, in heaven or on earth; saying, in the 13th chapter and 10th verse of and, until after the introduction of which, the Corinthians, as above quoted. There he says, resurrection of the dead cannot come. "When that which is perfect is come, that which you say, Paul, is the mystery of God's will; is in part shall be done away." Here he says, which he had revealed unto you:—the perfect I do not suppose I am already perfect. Why thing which was to come, and without which Paul, not already perfect? Why? Because you could only see in part, and prophecy in the perfect has not come; and until that does part, and that perfection only comes by and come we only see in part, and prophecy in part, through this dispensation.

Now what is the perfect thing which Paul had not attained, and for want of which he could ted, with what the other writers have said,

only see in part, and prophecy in part. In the land there are some conclusions forced on the lath verse of the 3d chapter to the Phillipians, mind of vast importance to all. John saw an he calls it the prize of the high calling of God angel flying through the midst of heaven, havin Christ Jesus, for which he presses toward ing the everlasting glad tidings to preach to or along the mark. In the 11th verse of this those who dwell on the earth. Daniel saw, in same chapter, he gives us a clue to it. He vision, the God of heaven set up a kingdom, says, "if by any means I might attain to the that was never to be destroyed, but was to break resurrection of the dead." Why so Paul? Is in pieces and destroy all kingdoms, and stand

here he would say he meant what he said.

doubt, but at some time, he would be raised sation through which this was to take place. from the dead; and he also as well knew that must be the kingdom which Daniel saw-the that time would not be until after the perfect one that was to stand forever, and break all thing had come; therefore, he pressed toward things in pieces. And, from what John the prize, that the resurrection of the dead says, that dispensation was to be established might come. What this same apostle says by an angel bringing the everlasting glad tidin the 9th and 10th verses of the 1st chapterlings, which must have been the glad tidings to the Ephesians, is as appropriate to this as of this kingdom or dispensation; for these one thing can be to another: "Having made tidings, when they come, were to be everlastknown unto us the mystery of his will, ac-ing—they were to endure when heaven and cording to his good pleasure, which he hath earth had passed away, and the things in of the fulness of the times he might gather to sus are gathered together. are on earth: even in him." So then the se- he might gain the prize. It was that, in the dispensa- A third thing is, that this dispensation was tion of the fulness of times, he (the Lord) to be introduced by an heavenly messenger would gather together all things which are in sent from heaven for that purpose, and not by Christ, whether they are in heaven or on earth. virtue of the priesthood the apostles had; for Surely then, when this gathering comes, there they did not pretend to have it, but Paul sought will be a resurrection from the dead, -when for it, and greatly desired it above all things, the things, in Christ Jesus, in both heaven but said he had not attained it.

pensation of things here for that purpose. Now Paul we understand you. You were a succession of priesthood from the apostles. striving to obtain another dispensation more Supposing then the different denominations

there not to be a resurrection of all, both just forever. And God had revealed the mystery and unjust? How then, Paul, can you fail to of his will to Paul; and that was, that there attain the resurrection of the dead? Paul, was to be a dispensation, called the dispensawhat do you mean? I suppose if Paul were tion of the fulness of times, through which all things in Christ, were to be gathered together, Paul must have known that there was no whether in heaven or on earth. The dispen-

purposed in himself: that in the dispensation heaven, and the things on earth, in Christ Jegether in one all things in Christ, both which Another important thing is, that this was are on earth and in heaven: even in him." The not the dispensation introduced by the aposapostle here says that God had made known the tles, but one God had made known to them mystery of his will to him, which he (God) had that was to come, which Paul called the myspurposed in himself. What was that purpose tery of God's will—the prize of the high calling and mystery, the 10th verse answers: "That -the perfect thing; and when it was introin the dispensation of the fullness of times duced, tongues should cease, prophecyings he might gather together in one all things in fail, and former knowledge vanish away; for Christ, both which are in heaven, and which this Paul considered all things but dross, that

and earth are gathered together. And all this We shall take the liberty of saying a few to be brought to pass by establishing a disthings about priesthood as it now exists in the world. Great have been the efforts to prove

glorious than the one you had. This is the or any one of them, can prove a regular un-prize after which you were running. This is broken chain of priesthood from the apostles,

what avail would it be in the last days; who ry, the greatest:-but as the idea is with those would be the better of it? The dispensation who maintain that opinion, that that was the of the last days was to be introduced by an an-light in which his enemies viewed him. This gel from heaven; and one John saw in a vi again is not true; for so far from his enemies sion, long after his day, descending from heav-thinking he was least in the kingdom of heaven, with the everlasting glad tidings—the glad en, they did not believe he had any thing to tidings of the kingdom. It matters not who do with it. They believed he was an imposhas got the priesthood, in succession, from the tor, and was of the devil, and that God had apostles; it is of no avail, but only proves that nothing to do with him, nor he with the kingthey have not the priesthood that pertains to dom of heaven. View the case as we may, the kingdom of God—for this was to come by and that view of the subject must be very an heavenly messenger, long after the apostles' doubtful. day. Whoever has the priesthood of the king In the 14th verse of this chapter it is said of

cession from this angel, and no other way. of the fulness of times will never come, and shall prepare thy way before thee." John the resurrection of the dead will never come; was then the Lord's messenger sent before the kingdom spoken of by Daniel will never the face of the people to prepare the way become; the everlasting glad tidings will never fore them. come; the prize of the high calling of God In the 17th chapter of Matthew from the in Christ Jesus will never come; Babylon the 10th to the 13th verse inclusive, it is said of Great will never fall to rise no more; and the John, "And his disciples asked him, saying, rest of God will never come, and all that have Why then, say the scribes that Elias must slept in Christ Jesus will perish. For all first come? And Jesus answered and said these things depended, not on what the apos- unto them, Elias truly shall first come, and tles had left on record, nor on any priesthood restore all things. But I say unto you, That they had left among men. but on the minis Elias is come already, and they knew him not, tration of an angel, that was to come after but have done unto him whatsoever they listtheir day, who was to lay the foundation of ed. Likewise shall also the Son of Man sufanother dispensation, by giving power to men fer of them. Then the disciples understood

bout the mission of John the Baptist. In the that Elias must first come?" What gave rise 11th chapter of Matthew, from the 7th to the to this question, was the transfiguration, as close of the 11th verse, the Savior says thus, related in the preceding part of the chapter, concerning John: "And as they departed, Je-land the Savior's charge, that they "tell no sus began to say unto the multitude concern-man of it till the Son of man be risen from the ing John, What went ye out into the wilder dead." They asked Jesus then, why the ness to see? a reed shaken with the wind! But scribes said Elias must first come? that is, what went ye out for to see? a man clothed in before the resurrection of the dead. The an-

what went ye out for to see? a man clothed in soft raiment? behold, they that wear soft clothing are in king's houses. But what went ye out for to see? a prophet? yea, I say unto place before the resurrection of the dead. And you, and more than a prophet. For this is he then says, verse 12th, "But I say unto you, of whom it is written, Behold, I send my messenger before thy face, which shall prepare thy way before thee. Verily, I say unto you, Among them that are born of woman there hath not risen a greater than John the Baptist; notwithstanding, he that is least in the kingdom John the Baptist. That is, they understood of heaven is greater than he." In the 9th him to say that John the Baptist was the reverse he says that John "was more than a proph-storer for whom Israel looked.

dom of God, has it either directly or by suc John, "And if ye will receive it, this is Elias, ssion from this angel, and no other way: which was for to come;" and in the 10th verse, Many have said that the ministering of angels had ceased; if so, then the dispensation I send my messenger before thy face, which

that he spake of John the Baptist." We will, at this place, say a few things a question is here asked, "Why say the scribes

of heaven is greater than he." In the 9th him to say that John the Baptist was the re-This, connectet;" and in the 11th_verse he says, of alled with the saying in the 14th chapter and 11th that was born of women there hath not been a verse, makes the matter plain: that if the Jews greater than John; notwithstanding, he that would receive it. John was the Elias which is least in the kingdom of heaven is greater was to come; but in consequence of their re-It has been the opinion of many jecting both John and Jesus, the restorationthat the Savior alluded to himself, when he promised unto Israel could not come, and the said "that he that is least in the kingdom of kingdom of heaven would be given to another heaven is greater than he." There are diffi-people, and one that would bring forth the culties in this view of the subject, that must fruits thereof. See Matthew 21st chapter 43d render it very doubtful. The first is, that it is verse: "Therefore say I unto you, The king-not true: the Savior, in truth, was not the least dom of God shall be taken from you, and given in the kingdom of heaven; but on the contra-to a nation bringing forth the fruits thereof."

From all the above quotations, we can arrive at some degree of certainty, what it was the Savior meant, when he said John was more than a prophet. His mission was peculiar to himself; he was not only a prophet, but he was sent on a mission that no other prophet ever had, a restorer unto Israel,—to turn the hearts of the fathers unto the children, and the hearts of the children unto the fathers, and pre and was called to order by Austin Cowles, pare their way before them; that the kingdom president of the High Priests Quorum, the of heaven night come unto them, through first presidency not being present, the mornwhich the resurrection of the dead woulding was spent in singing, prayer and exhoreventually come. Hence, " of all that was tation, until the usual hour of adjournment. born of women there was not a greater than Conference then adjourned until 2 o'clock. He had the understanding to do what none else could do; and had the Jews received it, he would have done it, and instead of and was called to order by Austin Cowles; Israel being scattered and cursed, they would the first presidency, and the high Quorum enhave triumphed over their enemies, and through tered and took their seats. President Rigdon them would have come the resurrection of the arose and read Hymn on page 104 'Airise, adead, and all the glory promised to the world. rise, with joy survey," which was sung by They would have obtained the rest of God, the conference. and enjoyed its power. This was the object of John's mission to them; but because they the commencement of this conference I have rejected him he died without doing it, and left had one unceasing desire, deep, and intense. them to be cursed. wish the reader particularly to notice in rela-rest, whether God would accept our work .tion to John's mission, that he was not said to The Spirit whispered me this morning to set be the messanger to go'before the Lord's face, apart some brethren, and consecrate them to and prepare the way before him; but the Lord's God, in a room in my own house, which I did; messenger to go before the face of the Jews and (which was the reason I was not with you this prepare their way before them. Behold I morning,) and after the washing and anoint send my messenger before thy face which shall ing, and the Patriarchal seal, as the Lord had prepare thy way before thee. The correspond-directed me, we kneeled, and in solemn praying account in both Mark and Luke are the er we asked God to accept the work we had same. See Mark 1st chapter, 2d verse, and done; during the time of prayer there appeared Luke 7th chapter, 37th verse. Let so much over our heads, in the room, a ray of light forsoffice for the mission of John.

To be Continued.

MESSENGER AND

PITTSBURGH, PA. MAY, 1, 1845.

frank letters for a third person, containing mo-in the air, dressed in glorious attire until, like ney, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher Elisha, we cried in our hearts, "the chariots of a newspaper.

Will our friends and agents remember this.

In consequence of the length of the conference minutes, the publication of several ing, that he thought his imagination was runvery important communications, had to be de-ning away with him, after which we arose with us, as their communications will appear cation to God, at which time, it was shown in our next.

We have just received the startling inteltigence, that at 52 minutes past 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 7th of April, the City of Mexico was nearly destroyed by an earthquake.—bore testimony to the manifestation of the Our readers will bear in mind that that was power of God in the Ireavenly vision; he then the very day on which the Kingdom of God gave the substance of a revelation given this was organized in this city.

MINUTES

Of a Conference of the Church of Christ, held in the City of Pittsburgh commencing on the 6th and ending on the 11th of April, A. D. 1845. CONTINUED.

Wednesday Morning, 9 o'clock, April 9. Conference met agreeable to adjournment.

Wednesday Afternoon 2 o'clock, Conference met pursuant to adjournment,

After which, President Rigdon said, since There is one thing we that was, to have the matter forever put at: ming a hollow square, inside of which, stood a company of heavenly messengers, each with a banner in his hand, with their eyes looking ADVGATE. downward upon us, such then passing on the earth; there also appeared heavenly messengers on horseback with Postmasters are authorized by law, to crowns upon their heads, and plumes floating of Israel, and the horsemen thereof;"even my little son of fourteen years of age saw the Vision, and gazed with great astonishment, say-Our Correspondents will please bear and lifted our hands to heaven in holy convoan angel in heaven registering the acceptance of our work, and the decree of the Great God, We would say to our friends abroad, that the kingdom is ours, and we shall prevail; that almost every mail, brings us cheering my anxieties therefore, in relation to our work news of the progress of the kingdom of God in organizing the kingdom, and the acceptance of that organization, by our heavenly Father, is now forever at rest.

Elder Wm. E. McLellin, then arose and bore testimony to the manifestation of the morning, relative to the opening ceremony of dedicated the conference by prayer. arose, and said, brethren, I wish to say some heaven, and a solemn covenant, by which we things to you which will benefit you on bound ourselves and families to God, was the present occasion, he set forth in a clear pronounced, which was sealed by a loud amen, manner, the principles which constitute the by every individual. After which an hymn fulness of human happiness, giving much im- was sung, and the Conference proceeded to portant instruction in relation to it,

President Rigdon then proceeded to ordain quorums. Hiram Falk and Curtis Hodges to the office of High Priests. After which several bottles Austin Cowles, president of the high priest of oil were presented and consecrated to the quorum, to preside over the councils of the

consecration by washing and anointing. El church, in his absence. der J. M. Cole, washed the quorum of the The president then ordained Solomon Rum-Twelve, and President E. Robinson the Pre-field an elder in the church. sidents of the High priests quorum, who were The hour of adjournment having arrived, anointed by President S. Rigdon. The wash and the washing and anointing not yet coming and anointing continued to the hour of pleted, after a few remarks by president Rigadjournment, when conference adjourned by don, the conference adjourned to 2 o'clock this singing and prayer, till to-morrow morning at afternoon. Benediction by Austin Cowles.

Thursday, April 10, 9 o'clock, A. M.

and was called to order by president Austin James. Cowles, after which the first presidency and The washing and anointing was continued, high quorum entered, when the conference until all the official members present were awas opened by singing an hymn.

that the whole earth might not be smitten with diction by President S. Rigdon. a curse when he comes. And also, upon the Priesthood which pertains to the kingdom of which desolated our city. While we were God, shewing its relation to the heavens and thus organizing the Kingdom of our God, and also, to the earth, setting forth the power of consecrating the officers thereof, to the Most that priesthood in relation to the salvation of High, our city was fast laying in ruins by the the fathers who have died before, and of the violence of fire; and our friends and neighbors children who should come after; and without in the midst of sorrow, distress and confusion,

after, could be saved. He spoke of the baptism for the dead show-rain. ing that it was of no avail, unless the persons ment, president Rigdon presented before the being baptized for the dead, should maintain Lord the deep distress and great calamity their integrity and power before God, until which was then befalling the inhabitants of they obtained the priesthood of the kingdom, the city; presenting before the heavens the and through that priesthood bare off the king widow and the fatherless, and the sufferings dom triumphant, and through these means pre- and deep afflictions that were everwhelming sent themselves before God, triumphant, with our city; praying God to atay the violence of their dead with them.

Elder Joseph M. Cole then kneeled and de prayer, an escort of heavenly messengers that dicated the Conference by prayer, during which had hovered around us during the time of this

the consecration; after which he kneeled and prayer, at a fixed period, the right hand of He ther each member of the Conference, was lifted to the washing and anointing of the rest of the

President Rigdon then proceeded to ordain whole church, in the absence of the first pre-The quorums then proceeded to the holy sidency; and to be the first president unto the

The hour of adjournment having arrived, 2 o'clok, P. M.

Conference met pursuant to adjourment, and Conference met pursuant to adjournment opened by singing, and prayer by president S.

After having finished the anointnointed. The president then addressed the conference ing, president Rigdon read a hymn which was on the subject of covenants, setting forth upon sung; after which all the quorums took their what principle it was the hearts of the fathers seats in proper order, to receive their Patriar-were turned to the children, and the hearts of chal seal. The Patriarch then proceeded to the children to the fathers, showing that this place his Seal upon their heads, sealing upon power belongs to the kingdom of God alone, them all the promises and prophesyings proand also, the necessity of having the kingdom counced upon them, during their washing and of heaven organised in addition to the church, anointing, commencing with the quorum of the in order that this covenant of binding the Twelve; next in order came the presidents of hearts of the fathers to the children and the the Stake at Pittsburgh, and the High Counhearts of the children to the fathers might be cil. After, these quorums had received their entered into, before God, that the way of the Patriarchal Seal, the Conference adjourned coming of the Savior might be prepared, and until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. Bene-

that priesthood, no person who now lives, or were flying for their lives, amidst the ragings who have lived before, or who shall live here of the devouring elements, to places of safety, and leaving their all to perish in the common In the closing prayer, for the adjourn-And unless they did fire, that our whole city be not laid in ruinsthat they would be cut off, and perish, and in which prayer the Conference joined with their dead with them.

all the feelings of their soul. During this

Conference, were seen leaving the room, the the whole work in the hands of God, so that course of the wind was instantly changed, and it might be done according to his will. city saved from an entire overthrow.

Friday morning, 9 o'clock, April 11.

Conference met pursuant to adjourment.which was sung. Cowles.

must bind the heavens by a covenant. It is nization of the kingdom of promise, of which in the power of this Kingdom to bind the heav-|you, individually, form a part. From the earliest period of the history promise handed down from generation to gen-this Kingdom, in your hands, may triumph; eration, that whenever there were any people each one for himself, presenting himself benize the Kingdom of God, God promised to claring in the presence of God, the holy mes-that people, that he would bear them off tri-sengers, and one another, at the same time umphant, with the Kingdom hey had organ-decreeing in your hearts before God, that if ized, and with it give them all things.

In all past time, God bound men on according to the promise made through the earth, but now, by virtue of the promise which prophet Daniel, it shall not be your fault, God has made us, respecting his Kingdom, thus binding the heavens for a fulfilment of we must turn around and bind the heavens, the promises made, concerning it. After that the promises which God has made con-which the covenant was entered into before cerning his Kingdom, may be fulfilled upon God, by all standing on their feet, with their our heads, inasmuch as we have obtained the hands lifted to heaven, while the president power, and organized the Kingdom of pro-pronounced the covenant, which was sealed

In explanation of this covenant by which we bind the heavens, let me ask a question: is solemn, sublime, and grand. Upon what principle did this Kingdom come the hearts of the fathers to the children, and into existence? between him and his God, bowing in a secret when the Lord comes, the whole earth may place, before God, where there was no eye to not be smitten with a curse; and we may see him, or ear to hear him, but that of Jeho-secure our line of progenitors and decendants, vah's alone, decreeing in his heart in the pre-from one end of the line to the other. sence of God, and calling upon heaven to wit-lestablished principle in the kingdom of heavness the decree, that if the kingdom of pro-(en, that those whom God has chosen-to be ormise, spoken of by Daniel did not come into dained to be kings and priests unto himself in existence in this generation, it should not be his kingdom, have the right before God, to the fault of him who now presented himself bind the heavens in solemn covenant, to perbefore the heavens for this purpose; and who feet their salvation, to secure unto them the now was in the presence of God, decreeing salvation of those whose salvation is necessabefore the heavens in his heart, and ready to ry to perfect their own; and without which do the will of his God, whenever made known, their own salvation never could be perfected. thus binding the heavens to that promise, to In order to make this covenant, each one set up and organize that kingdom; after which for himself must stand before God, with his he declared to the heavens, that if they would hands lifted to heaven, and in the presence of send to him at the time appointed (which was God, as a king and a priest unto God, express the 6th of April, 1845,) the persons necessary before the heavens, his will and his desire, in and sufficient to organize that kingdom, and relation to his fathers, and his, and their descensuch persons as God approved, that he would dants, and ask God to seal in the heavens organize that Kingdom according to the pat this promise and this blessing, to be fulfilled tern which he had received; and that he would upon their heads, when the redemption of the use such persons for that purpose, as the Lord purchased possession shall come; thus bindmight send to him, let them come from what ing the hearts of the fathers to the children,

the violence of the flames were stayed, and our cording to this covenant, thus made with the heavens, and this bond wherewith the heavens were bound, you are here from almost every part of the United States, and Europe; President Rigdon read a hymn from page 147. strangers to each other in the flesh, of differ-"How oft in sweet meditation my mind," ent religious opinions, each one for himself Prayer by President declaring, "the Lord had sent him;" many of you not knowing for what, until you came: The President said this Conference is draw- and few, if any, understanding the great obing to a close, and the most solemn part is ject for which you were sent: that you may now coming; which is that of covenant mak-understand why it was the Lord operated up-We have covenanted with each other; on your minds to come hither, we have given it is now our duty to covenant with heaven, you the account of the foregoing covenant be-ro complete the victory of this Kingdom, we fore our God, the result of which is, the orga-

Now, brethren, it becomes your privilege to of God's dealing with men, there was one bind the heavens, by a similar covenant, that found on earth, who would obtain and orga-fore God, with uplifted hands to heaven, de this Kingdom does not triumph and prevail.

> by the loud amen, of every individual. We have another covenant to make, that It was by one man alone,—the hearts of the children to the fathers, that

nation or kindred soever they might, as the and the hearts of the children to the fathers; Spirit of the Lord might designate; leaving by which covenant, we bind heaven and earth together; for unto this end was the dispensa-pronounced the covenant, in the presence of tion of the fulness of times established, that God, and it was sealed by a loud Amen, of all things in Christ, might be gathered togethevery member of the kingdom.

er, whether things in heaven, or things on earth, which dispensation of the fulness of item of law, by revelation, to regulate the

direction, have now organized it.

world, and then violate all the laws and ordi-forever. nances of heaven, appointed for carrying the of this we have in Nauvoo, never to be for bear it off triumphantly, for it is thine. forward as the Lord directs, and no evil spirit the appointed ways of heaven; to carry into effect the covenant or covenants they make with their God; and in consequence of these into the heavens, will do so. Be patient, until we get all the death, has made ravages in their midst; mobs, machinery prepared and put together, every in dispite of all their covenants to the contrational their great ones; and in dispite of all their great ones; and then we will set it in motion, and God will make it roll through the earth in majesty and God, threaten distruction and entire over-throw of their city, which, if they repent not, fill the whole earth. will speedily come upon them, and no power can prevent it. And if that city is ever overage evening previous, were confirmed and withtheavens, and trifle with the God who made them; "for if God be with them who can be and instructions pertaining thereunto; that council to be ordained and set apart to the your covenants may be fulfilled on your heads. High priesthood. and that nothing pertaining thereunto shall fail. Unto this end, you must learn to put far our moving forward, that now it was a mental from you all evil, and remember in all things, struggle, but the time will come, when it will

his hands lifted to heaven, while the president to each one speak only in his proper place.

times is the same as the dispensation, of the conduct of the members of this Kingdom, in kingdom spoken of by Daniel; which dispen-relation to each other, to wit: that if any memsation, God in his infinite mercy, has been ber of the Grand Council should disturb the pleased to give unto us, and we, under his deliberations of the council at any time while conducting their business, by being under the A few explanations with regard to this cov-linfluence of a bad spirit, thus shewing that enant, before entering into it. When those he had not kept himself in all righteousness whom God has caused to be ordained to this before God, and the council should be called power, will, in righteousness before God, to upon for a vote of condemnation of the spirit have any thing done for their own salvation, manifested by said member, if any member of or that of their fellow-men; expressing that the council believing the brother to be under the will before God, they bind themselves to ob-influence of a bad spirit, but out of sympathy, serve all the laws, and institutions of heaven for fear of the evil that might befall the broththat God has appointed and ordained to carry er, should refuse to vote in condemnation of that will or desire into effect. And when they the spirit manifested by the offending broth-do this, the heavens are bound to fulfil this er, such person, or persons, shall be cut off, desire upon their heads; and secure unto them and be no longer members of said grand counthe thing thus willed, in righteousness .- cil, for thus "saith the Lord," in order that his Nothing could be a higher insult to the heav-kingdom may be preserved in righteousness ens, than for the authorities of the kingdom before him, and satan have no place in it; of God to stand up before him, and there, in therefore, brethren, let this be a solemn warn-the solomn attitude of the servants of God, ing unto you, that you keep yourselves in all will, before him, that a certain thing should be righteousness before God, that no foul spirit done for their own salvation and that of the have any dominion over you, henceforth and

The president then said, I am determined said will into effect. Such an indignity as when we come to the end of our consecrations, this, could not fail of bringing the judgments to present the kingdom to the heavens spotless of God upon their own heads. An example before God, and say Father, receive it, and There is a people professing to have have moved cautiously since we commenced. power before Ged to enter into covenant with Brethren, let me alone to-day. Let me go him, and when they do so, put at defiance all forward as the Lord directs, and no evil spirit

Several sisters who had been baptized, the

President Rigdon then proceeded to ordain against them." Let these be ensamples unto Stanley G. Flagg, and George Richards to the you, that when you make covenants before High priesthood; and said it was the privi-your God, you may observe to do all the laws lege of the sons of the members of the grand.

President S. James spoke of the order of to work righteousness, hence forth and for be otherwise. He drew a figure of the officers of an army, each moving and acting in his After which, the covenant was entered into proper place, is the way by which they preby each individual standing on his feet, with vail. Be careful brethren, in this kingdom

Let God counsel through the proper channel, and no more. and all will be well.

During the consecration, president Rigdon ordained Edwin Stafford to the office of an Elder. After having finished the consecration of the grand council in the Kingdom of God, which was put to the Conference, and carried unanimously in the affirmative.

3d. That if any member of the grand council consecration, by washing and anointing .-

ing been shown in a previous vision, that of the spirit manifested by the offending brother, brother Cole would be slain before the coming such person, or persons, shall be cast off, and be of the Savior. on the part of brother McLellin, that he should seph were carried out of Egypt, until the the Conference, and carried unanimously in the kingdom of God should meet Jesus upon The President then said, these items of law mount Olivet; that there, his bones might, with the bones of his brother and namesake, the Kingdom of God through all generations to who was carried thither out of Egypt, come come. forth together in the morn of the resurrection, kingdom of God,

Conference adjourned till 2 o'clock, P. M. Benediction by Elder Wm. E. M'Lellin.

Friday, 2 o'clock, P. M.

Conference met pursuant to adjourment, and that paper sustained. was opened by singing a hymn, and prayer by Elder James Blakeslee.

Elder W. E. M'Lellin arose and said, every thing should be done in its proper place, and in the Conference, and carried in the affirmative. order; he having made some remarks after the by a unanimous vote. dismissal of the Conference in the forenoon, relative to the Bishop, which he acknowledged additional instructions to the Quorums. All ap-was out of place, and he now takes it back; ob-peals from courts held in the different branches serving, that however correct his instructions will be to the Bishop's court, or to the Evangelist's given them.

ceived as laws for the government of this grand Grand Council, which is an end of controversy, council, in its deliberations.

1st. No individual or individuals, can ever Lord, or else remain silent.

mously in the affirmative.

2d. If any member of the grand council come, sed to be suspended and brought to trial, or not. into it with a false spirit, and thereby interrupt No business can be done by the Grand Council;

For the second offence he shall be cut off.

The conference proceeded to finish their also, as an item of law for the government of the special in the Kingdom of God. which

tion, the president read a hymn on page 145, should disturb the deliberations of the council "The great and glorious gospel light," &c. at any time while conducting their business, by which was sung by the conference.

being under the influence of a bad spirit, thus Wm. E. McLellin then arose, and related showing that he had not kept himself in all rightto the conference the substance of a revelation coursess before God, and the council should be given to himself and Joseph M. Cole, on last called upon for a vote of condemnation of the evening, while in their room, at the house of spirit manifested by said member, if any mempresident S. Rigdon, after having offered up ber of the council believing the brother to be solemn prayer to God, which was relative to the bones of the said Joseph M. Cole; it have brother, should refuse to vote in condemnation in a previous vision, that The revelation had required no longer members of said grand council

Moved and seconded that we receive this also, enter into a covenant with brother Cole, to as an item of law governing the grand council carry his hones with him, as the bones of Jo- in the Kingdom of Heaven, which was put to

Resolved, That the Patriarch be entitled to.

to partake in the triumph and glories of the fifty cents for each blessing, that he delivers in writing to the person asking it at his hands. Resolved, That we unanimously pledge our-

selves to the editor and printer of the Messenger and Advocate of the Church of Christ, to see

It was then moved and seconded that President Sidney Rigdon be appointed Trustee in Trust for the Church of Christ, which was put to

President Rigdon then proceeded to give some might have been, it was not his place to have court, as the case may be. All appeals from the given them. President Rigdon then presented before the will be direct to the Bishop's court. High Priests and Elders can bring their causes direct to the Bishop's court, without first passing their quofor the more perfect government of the grand council; and asked whether they should be recouncil; and asked whether they should be recouncil; are appealed to the council asked whether they should be recouncil asked whether they should be reconstructed.

in all cases. The Grand Council has original and final rise in this Kingdom, to veto, or vote against jurisdiction in all cases of trial with its mem-the principles of this council, or acts of this bers. If any church or churches, quorum or body, by his own judgment, contrary to the quorums, individual or individuals, see fit to judgment, or unanimous vote of every other prefer a charge against any member of the member present; he must do it by direct reverse Grand Council, he must present his complaint lation from God. He must say thus saith the in writing together with the papers of his with lation from God- He must say, thus saith the in writing, together with the names of his witnesses, and the substance of what can be proven Moved and seconded that we receive the above against the accused, to the first presidency, who as an item of law in this Kingdom of God, which alone holds the power to judge on the nature of was put to the Conference, and carried unanithe case, and determine whether the character of the complaint is such as to require the accu-

its deliberations and business, for such an of-unless there are twelve members present, with sence, that member can only be forgiven once the first presidency at their head and this only

It is therefore, required, that before we adjourn this Conference, the members of the Grand Council sign a written instrument delegating their power to the council, to act according to the above principles.

Conference adjourned till 7 o'clock this even-

ing, to close the business.

Friday Evening, 7 o'clock.

was opened by singing, and prayer by Bishop children, commanding us to proclaim the near Richards.

The members of the Grand Council then proceeded to place their names to an instrument of To this end hath He again established the writing, delegating to the council the right to act for them in their absence; and also, to the covenants which they had previously entered

into with each other.

rest of God.

President Rigdon proceeded to confirm two sisters who had been baptized last evening.

the word of God, by the unanimous vote of Olivet and be received by his people as "King the Conference.

The Book of Covenants, as received by the elation of God, and law to govern his church.

tore him; which the Lord did, and bore testimony by his Spirit, that he had accepted their work, and placed his seal upon it.

Elder J. M. Cole then related to the Confewhich shall transpire in the world until the Sa-lto the words of Jesus, all the meek, that have

vior comes.

Conference adjourned to meet in this city, on pure in heart shall see God; for "He shall the 6th of April, 1846.

SIDNEY RIGDON, Wm. E. M'Lellin, President.

- -

Joseph M. Cole, George W. Robinson,

Secretaries.

ADDRESS,

Of the Committee of the Church of Christ, to the Citizens of the United States, and the world, on the subject of the Organization of the Kingdom of God, spoken of by Daniel.

by the other members of the Graud Council made to the fathers, and the fulness of time delegating their authority to them, in writing has arrived, in the which He hath promised to set His hand to bring in everlasting righteousness-to establish Zion no more to be thrown down—and make Jerusalem the praise of the whole earth. That "God, who at sundry times, and in

divers manners, spake unto the Fathers by

the prophets," hath in the "dispensation of Conference met pursuant to adjournment, and the fulness of times," spoken unto us, their approach of the Son of God, the Redeemer of Israel, as King of kings and Lord of lords .gospel covenant, and set up the kingdom spoken of by Daniel the prophet, represented by the Saviour as like unto a grain of mustard Whilst the brethren were thus engaged, Pre-seed, that a people may be prepared and set sident Rigdon addressed the Conference; he apart, under the immediate direction of the said this evening closed our Conference. The "King eternal, immortal, and invisible," as Kingdom and Church of Christ were now orga-messengers of salvation to the inhabitants of nized, so far as the Lord had revealed the pat-the earth, crying, repent, for the kingdom of tern to him. That God had sanctioned all that Heaven has come, enter therein, that ye may had been done, and sealed the decree in heaven do the will of God on the earth as it is done that this Kingdom should never fall, but should in Heaven. Repent ye, O inhabitants of the Repent ye, O inhabitants of the earth, for the great day of the Lord is at hand. when all those who are waiting in obedience to his commandments, shall see the King in

The Book of Mormon was then received as his glory, when he shall descend upon mount of righteousness and King of saints."

Know ye not that all the saints, from the General Assembly of the Church, in Kirtland, days of righteous Able to the present moment, Ohio, in August, 1835, was received by the "died in faith not having received the promise," unanimous vote of the Conference, as the reverge expecting to receive their inheritance never expecting to receive their inheritance The Conference then stood upon their feet till "God the righteous Judge" should again with their hands lifted to heaven, and received set his foot upon this earth? Our beloved the holy convocation, presenting the covenants brother, Paul, whom having not seen, we love, which they had entered into, before God, and fought the good fight, and finished his course, all the work they had done, asking God to re- and kept the faith, yet has he not entered into gister it in heaven, and place his seal of appro-his rest, but looked forward to that dispensabation upon the great work they had done be-tion of the fulness of times, which should gather together in one, allthings that are Christs, whether they be things in heaven, or things on the earth, or things under the earth. rence a vision of heaven, shown to him last fall, There remaineth, therefore, a rest for the giving a history of all the important events people of God on the earth, when according

ever been, shall inherit the earth, and all the

reign, whose right it is," and "be King over all the earth."

Brethren, fellow men, members of the same common family, we approach you in the name of Jesus Christ, in behalf of your progenitors -the fathers where are they? waiting with longing anxiety in the eternal world till the hearts of the children shall be turned towards them—untill the fathers and the children shall be indissolubly bound together in the bonds of faith, and love, that their prayers may come up, with one consent, in the ears of the Lord of Sabbaoth, and give him no rest till He ful-Be it known to all nations, languages, and fill the things which He has promised, and people, that the God of Abraham, Isaac, and finish the work which He has covenanted to Jacob, hath been mindful of the covenants perform, that righteousness, and peace, and

joy in the Holy Ghost may prevail over all the of God, and the song of the Lamb?"

groaneth and travaileth in pain together until lawful Sovereign of the earth, with His retinow; and not only they, but ourselves also, nue of sanctified ones-to be co-workers to which have the first fruits of the Spirit, even gether with God "in the redemption of the we ourselves groan within ourselves, waiting purchased possession?" this honor have all for the adoption, to wit, the redemption of the they who are members of the church Christ, body." This is the testimony of one who and who walk in obedience to all the precepts, was caught up to the third heavens, and saw and ordinances, and commandments of Jesus and heard the things he here declares; there Christ, and remember His judgements and fore, he says, we know there is no rest for the statuates to do them. fathers till the resurrection of the just, and then shall we all rest together. But the first resurrection can only take place at the coming has given us understanding and wisdom, in of our Lord Jesus Christ; "Christ the first the knowledge of these things, that our hearts fruits; afterward they they that are Christ's at are enlarged and filled with love and good his coming." Again, the Massiah can never will to our fellow men, desiring they may come, till the way is prepared before Him. - hear the glad tidings of great joy, now pro-"Behold I will send my messenger, and he claimed to all people, kindreds, and tongues. shall prepare the way before me." One of That good thing, which the Saviour of manthe most striking and important features, in kind taught his disciples to pray for continuthe work of preparation, consists in turning ally, has come-the kingdom of God has 4the hearts of the fathers to the children, and come, to the intent, the will of God may be the hearts of the children to their fathers;" un-done on earth as in heaven. The marriage less this welding is actually consumated, the supper is soon to be prepared, when the Bridewhole earth would be smitten with a curse, groom shall drink wine new in his father's as destitute of that "faith which worketh by kingdom. We tender you, in the name of love and purifies the heart." The fathers are our master, a precious invitation to the weddependent on the children, and the children ding. He has given us instructions that you are dependent on the fathers; "for they with-out us, cannot be made perfect." Neither coming array, prepared and made ready can we without them. Through the faith and with oil in your vessels, when the cry shall obedience of the fathers, the Lord gave to them go forth, "go ye out to meet him." We im"many great and precious promises," which plore you, turn not a deaf ear to our message, yet remain unaccomplished; and he hath now lest you be found among those with whom is set his hand to fulfil those covenants. To weeping, and wailing, and gnashing of teeth. bring about his merciful purposes, the God of Israel hath made known the relations that exist between the fathers and the children in the covenants and promises, and the manner in which they must be bound together in the bonds of love and peace; and both bound to the heavens in covenants of righteousness and truth, that all who will, may participate in the blessings and glories to be sealed and ratified in the coming and kingdom of Jesus Christ our Lord.

erance of the whole earth. He, who is no re-kind as to answer my letters heretofore. remission of your sins, that you may receive how we stand in this section of country.

ardently desire to have a part in that organiza-"For we know that the whole creation tion which shall welcome to his dominion, the

SAMUEL BENNETT,

JEREMIAH HATCH ir. WM, E. McLELLIN, JOSEPH M. COLE, GEORGE W. ROBINSON, Committee.

New Bedford, Mass. April 17, 345. DEAR BROTHER:

As I have not had the pleasure of hearing from you since July last, only through the Awake to righteousness, all ye dwellers medium of news paper letters, which I have upon the earth—kings and subjects, princes read, and which, by the way, I like very and pesants, rulers and people—the kingdom much; I write to you at this time in hopes of getof our God is established for the joy and deliving an answer, as you have been always so. spector of persons, commands you alike to repent, and in the simplicity and meekness of ious matters, as it is a subject of interest to both little children, to be haptized in water for the of us, and you would no doubt like to hear

the gift of the Holy Ghost through the laying New Bedford, being a little off the route of on of the hands of those who are ordained and extensive public travel, has not till lately, sealed to that power, that you may enter into been at all agitated with the subject of Rig-His kingdom, and participate in the blessings, donism as it is called, there having been no glories, promises, and covenants which apper-one here to set before the people the claims of tain to the kingdom of God, and can be ob-Elder Rigdon to the first Presidency of the tained no where else. Do you desire to be Church; for that reason the saints had heard found numbered with that hallowed throng nothing of the matter, except through the mewho shall "sing the song of Moses the servant dium of the New York Prophet, andother

strong Twelveite channels; therefore, it was heathen rage, and people imagine a vain thing no marvel, that not only myself, but the whole before now; -it proves the truth of the poet's branch over which I was presiding Elder, words, should unitedly uphold the I welve as head of "In virtue's cause may too much zeal be had; the church, which we did till the visit of Elder The worst of mad-men is a saint run mad." John Hardy to this place, about three weeks I have lengthened my letter already beyond ago; he set forth the proper organization of the what I intended, and I will draw it to a close. church, and the claim's of Elder Rigdon, in Please give my respects to Elder Rigdon, and so plain and forcible a manner, that I was forc- tell him that the saints would like to see him. ed to give the subject a careful examination, if he comes this way: in fact their is a good elation and commandments of God, as revealed ward the money to the editor. through Joseph Smith, I must object the Twelve, as heads of the church, and uphold Elder Rigdon in his legal office of Prophet, Seer, and Revelator. I made known to some of the brethren the conclusions I had come to, and they sent to Boston for the presiding high priest of this District to come on, which he Elder Chrismon, a High priest direct from the hastened to do as soon as possible, to look out for wolves in sheep's clothing; but instead of church in Nauvoo, said a short time since, in Cinstripping off the sheep skin, and showing cinnati, that the twelve were not paying out much the wolf naked, plain, ferocious, and un-money on the temple, as they intended to use the motamed, to the sheep of this fold, he, by his ney for travelling, when they leave Nauvoo; that own acts, convinced those who were honest e-they were now corresponding with James Emmelt, nough to be willing to stand by truth, through evil as well as good report, that his cause was a lame one indeed, for he would not come to a suitable location for the church in the vicinity of the law and testimony, but merely railed a-Red River; but that they were keeping the brethren gainst Brother Rigdon, calling him a granny, in Nauvoo, ignorant of their intentions and plans. and saying he loved apples and peaches better than the truth, and that we must go be- fall, when a motion was made to have James Emmett yond the written word now, as Joseph was cut off from the church, Brigham says let brother Emthe mediator between God and the church; mtet alone, he will come all right. thus setting Jesus Christ aside, virtually denying the Lord that bought him.

After two or three vulgar and ridiculous ing, and called on myself and the rest of the day of October next. brethren and sisters, to state their views of the branch, expressed similar views, when he quested to attend. made a motion that they be expelled from the One of the elders branch, which was carried. wished to know, as not one of us was tried for any crime or transgression, what we were cut off for,—whether for transgression or be-lieving the Book of Covenants? Elder Benson said it made no difference which.

Thus I have given you the present position There is a branch of twelve of affairs here. or fourteen members, determined to stand by the law of the Lord, though they are railed at, and printed about the first and fifteenth of and called apostates, and charged with being every month, by leagued with those who have shed innocent blood; yea, even the blood of the prophets,and that too by professed saints of God. There Liberty-st. Head of Wood, Pittsburgh Pa. is nothing but what is laid to our, and our brethren's charge: in fact, I never saw the ble, in all cases in advance.

which I did in as honest and prayerful a man-field for labor in this vicinity for an elder if ner as I possibly could, and the result was, he can send one. I want you to send the Mesthat I was convinced that if I followed the rev-senger and Advocate to me, and I will for-Yours in the bonds of the Gospel,

C. A. ROGERS.

Richard Savary, Esq.

IMPORTANT TO THE MORMONS.

We have just received a letter, stating that who left Nauvoo last fall, and that he is looking out

This corroborates with Brigham's declaration last

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

A special Conference of the Church of lectures of this sort, he called a church meet. Christ will be held in Philadelphia on the 6th

All absentee members of the Grand Counsubject. I stated, that from a careful exami-cil from the general Conference, and all offination of the subject, I considered the twelve cers of branches, Presidents, Priests, Teachers could not be in their place, and that I could and Deacons. as also all travelling High not sustain them any longer. Ten or twelve Priests and Elders, who were not present at more of the oldest and best members of the the general Conference, are particularly re-

By order-of the Twelve. S. BENNETT, C'lk.

[Ensign, please copy.]

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE.

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PITTSBURGH, MAY 15, 1845.

No. 13.

ESSAY ON FUTURE EVENTS.

No. II.

In view of John's mission, it was said that "the least in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he." We look at this just as it is said. an effering in righteousness." that the least in the kingd m of heaven is greater than John, and if there are those who are less than John, it is because they are not in the kingdom of heaven, but some other institution or order of things. The declaration is a positive one, and it is either true or false.

From what we have previously written on the kingdom, and doubtless the kingdom here alluded to, we are prepared to examine the subject of the standing before God of those who are in the kingdom of heaven. We have previously shown that the kingdom was to be introduced and established through and by a heavenly messenger, who was to visit the earth after John the apostle, wrote the revelations, who was to bring to the earth the everlasting glad tidings, something which had not been announced before; for though there had been glad tidings proclaimed before, yet, the everlasting glad tidings had not been proclaimed before. From what is said in the 3d of Malichi and 1st verse, there was to be a messenger inspired that was to obtain a standing before God, different from all that had gone before. "Behold, I send my messenger. It be the one spoken of in Malichi, who is to and he shall prepate the way before me: and the Lord whom ye seek shall suddenly come liness must be turned away from Jacob, beenant, whom ye delight in behold, he shall fore the sons of Levi can be purged. come, saith the Lord of hosts." Here the Lord is to send a messenger, who is to pre this point, that the messenger spoken of by pare the way before him, [the Lord.] This Malichi, and the deliverer spoken of by Paul was never said of John the Baptist; it was means the same person. Certain it is that said of him that he was to be a messenger sent the Jews expected some such a messenger of the Lord before the face of the Jews, and previous to the resurrection of the dead, and to prepare their way before them; but of this the restoration of all things, and it is equally one it is said, he shall prepare the way before as certain that John the Baptist did not do the the Lord, and what follows shews that this work assigned this messenger, neither have messenger was neither John the Baptist, nor any others ince his day; and if ever the Lord any or either of the apos les; for soon after designed to send such a messenger he has a the appearance of this messenger, the Lord work to do yet. was to come suddenly to his temple, and it is Isaiah speaks of

and like fuller's soap! And he shall sit as a refiner and purifier of silver; and he shall purify the sons of Levi, and purge them as gold and silver, that they may offer unto the Lord None of these things have taken place yet,

and John the Baptist and all the apostles are

gone long since. No doubt, then, ought to remain as to the fact, that the messenger here spoken of, was none of those former messengers; but one that was to come and prepare the way before the Lord, preceeding the coming of the Lord to his temple, when he would purge the sons of Levi. Paul has some sayings in the 11th chapter to the Romans, which eem to allude to the same messsenger. Ses 25. 26 and 27th verses. "For I would not, brethren, that ye be ignorant of this mystery. (lest ye should be wise in your own conceits) that blindness in part is happened to Israel, until the fullness of the Gentiles be come in. And so all Israel shall be sayed; as it is written, There shall come out of Zion the Deliv-

erer, and shall turn away ung dliness from Jacob: For this is my covenant unto them, when I shall take away their sins." According to this, there is to go out of Zion a deliverer, and he shall turn away ungodliness from Jacob; for Paul says, "it is thus written."-Where is it written about this deliverer, unless

We think there need be but one mind on

Isaiah speaks of a messenger which seems confirmed by a "behold he shall come" so also to be the same. In the 11th chapter and that there is to be no misgiving in the case. 10th verse he says, "And in that day there "he shall come," and when he comes "he is to shall be a root of Jesse, which shall stand for be as a refiner's fire and fuller's soap, and an ensign of the people; to it shall the Genshall sit as a refiner and purifier of silver, and tiles seek; and his test shall be glorious."—
shall purify the sons of Levi, and purge them What follows in the 11th verse, the root of as gold and silver, that they may offer unto Jesse here spoken of, who is to stand for an the land on offering the land on offering the land on offering the land. the Lord an offering in righteousness." See ensign to the people, and to whom the Gen-2nd and 3d verses. "But who may abide the tiles are to seek, and whose rest shall be gloday of his coming? and who shall stand when rious, has also a work to do in relation to the he appeareth? for he is like a refiner's fire, Jews; for in that day; what day? the day when the root of Jesse shall have obtained a again into their land that I gave to their fathglorious rest among the Gentiles, the Lorders."

will set his hand again the second time to re-

as to do a great work among the Gentiles. and if they mean what they say, there is no difficulty about them for Malichi's messenger of Israel, for none other can do it; and if he does it not the prophecies all fail. In the 16th the sons of Levi many before the Lord, that the sons of Levi many before the Lord, that the sons of Levi many for the gathering and redeeming of Israel, for none other can do it; and if he does it not the prophecies all fail. In the 16th verse the Lord says, "Behold, I will send for many fishers, and they shall fish them; and afterwards, will I send for many hunters the gathering and redeeming of Israel, for none other can do it; and if he does it not the prophecies all fail. In the 16th verse the Lord says, "Behold, I will send for many fishers, and they shall fish them; and afterwards, will I send for many hunters which in amount is a same work, and must

which in amount is se same work, and must tain, and from every hill, and out of the holes be the same persons and must receive his of the rocks." Now Moses could not bring

power and authority by the hand of John's lations, John could not prepare their way beangel who was to come with the everlasting glad tidings; and if not we are left to conjec-

ture how he did or was to get them.

The work to be Ferformed by the messen ger here spoken of as of such a character that no reasonable man can doubt the necessity of revelations in order to do it; this is a fact that will not admit of controversy. Moses could not lead Israel out of Egypt and establish them without revelations. John the Baptist, to be qualified for his mission, had to be more than a prophet. And the apostles could not build the primitive christian church, without revelations direct from heaven. Now all this necessary, and here is a mesesenger spoken of, whose work far surpasses them all, and yet he is to be without the aid of direct revelation from heaven. This we think is supposing too much. Jeremiah says, in the 16th chapter of his prophecy, from the 14th to the 17th verse inclusive, speaking of what shall take place concerning Israel in the last days, as follows: Therefore behold, the days come, saith the Lord, that it shall no more be said. The Lord liveth, that brought up the children of Israel out of the land of Egypt; but the

Lord liveth, that brought up the children of Israel from the land of the north, and from all

the lands whither he had driven them: and I will bring them again into their land that I gave to their fathers: Behold, I will send for

many fishers, saith the Lord, and they shall

fish them; and after will I send for many hun-ters, and they shall hunt them from every mountain and from every hill, and but of the holes of the rocks." According to these say-

ings, the work of this messenger is to far excell all who have gone before, so much that and new Testaments. the work of former messengers shall be for-

Here then is a work beyond Moses, John, cover the remnant of his people which shall or the apostles, and one which cannot be done be left; from Elam, and from Cush, &c .- without direct revelation from heaven, no The root of Jesse here spoken of, is then, more than those former messengers could do

doubtless, the messenger, through whom Is-theirs, and who will say this work is done-rael is to be gathered, and redeemed, as well none dare say it; and if it is not done then Malichi's messenger, Paul's deliverer, and

Isniah's root of Jesse has yet to do his work,

fore them without being more than a prophet,

and the apostles could not build the church of Christ without special revelations for that purpose, and how can this messenger, and the fishers and hunters, do all this mighty work without direct revelation. Well hath Jesus without direct revelation.

said the least in the kingdom of heaven is There is not a fisher or greater than John. hunter in the kingdom of heaven but must be greater than John, or else the work assigned them can never be done; for all know John could not do these things.

Jesus said Elias must first come, and restore Why is it said "first come," that all things. is, he must come before something else cancome, and what is that something else? from the connection in Luke, as before quoted, it

was the resurrection of the dead. the doctrine the scribes nad taught, that before the resurrection of the dead Elias must come, and the Savior said it was true.

The question is who is this Elias? admitted that John was the Jews' Flias; but the Savior says they did to him as they listed, and all things was not restored, and yet that must be done or the resurrection of the dead will not come, for Elias must first come. The saying of Malachi is here to the point, as above quoted, "Behold I send my messenger

and he shall prepare the way before me:" how prepare the way before the Lord: there is but one way to do it, viz. to restore all things; and to do this, the least in the kingdom, through and by which this is done, must be greater than John. We have now a wide field before us, the work asigned these last day messengers, is every where written in both the old

Isaiah in the 1st chapter of his prophecy "It shall no more be said, the Lord 25th, 26th, and 27th verses says this concernliveth that brought up the children of Israel ing Israel, "And I will turn my hand upon out of the land of Egypt, but the Lord liveth, thee, and purely purge away thy dross and that brought the children of Israel from the take away all thy tin: And I will restore thy land of the north, and from all lands whether judges as at the first, and thy counsellors as he had driven them, and I will bring them at the beginning: afterward thou shalt be cal-

led. The city of righteousness, the faithful answer must be, the Fishers and the Hunters; city. Zion shall be redeemed with judge- for they, as before quoted, were to bring them ment, and her converts with righteousness." from every mountain, and every hill, and out Here it is said verse 26 "And I will restore of the holes of the rocks. Now if they were thy judges as at the first, and thy counsellors to bring them from every mountain, and every as at the beginning; afterward thou shalt be hill surely it was by them that the north was called, the city of righteousness, the faithful to give them up, and the south not to hold city." When will this be done? It will be them back, and their sons come from far and when the Lord will turn his hand upon them, their daughters from the ends of the earth. In and purely purge away their dross, and take the 11th chapter of Isaiah's prophecy, there away all their tin;" see 25th verse. How are things said, which, if there were no other will this be done? by Malachi's messenger, scriptures to the point, would settle the ques-"who shall prepare the way of the Lord, that tion forever, speaking of the gathering of Ishe may come as a refiner's fire, and as fullers' rael, after the root of Jesse had lifted his soap, and thoroughly purge the sons of Levi," ensign to the people, and had obtained a and Paul's deliverer, who shall turn away glorious rest among the gentiles, see 14, 15, ungodliness from Jacob, and Isaiahas root of and 16, verses, "But they shall fly upon the Jesse has gathered them. Then it is that Zi-shoulders of the Philistines toward the west on shall be redeemed, verse 27. But those and they shall spoil them of the east together, who do this work must be greater than John; they shall lay their hand upon Edom and Mofor surely John did not this work; but how ab; and the children of Ammon shall obey can Israel have her judges returned as at the them. And the Lord shall utterly destroy first and her counsellors as at the beginning, the tongue of the Egyptian sea; and with a and yet there be no more revelations given. mighty wind shall he shake his hand over Was it not by special revelations, that Israel the river, and shall smite it in the seven had judges at first, and counsellors at the be-streams, and make men go over dry shod.— Did not Moses get revelations, yea. And there shall be a highway for the remnant did not Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob get them? of his people, which have been left, from As-Did not the seventy elders set apart by Mo-syria; like as it was to Israel in the day that ses prophecy? It is said they did not cease he came out of the land of Rgypt." Mark reato prophecy; how is it then that Israel willder this particularly, "and the Lord shall uthave her authorities as at the beginning? shotterly desitoy the tongue of the Egyptian sea; cannot have them unless they can get revela- and with his mighty wind, shall he shake his tions from heaven. Isaiah when looking at Israel, as being re-seven streams, and men shall go over dry shcd.

ated thee, O Jacob, and he that formed thee, this ever come to pass, that the Assyrian capbe with thee; and through the rivers, they them will be greater than John the Baptist, shall not overflow thee; when thou walk for John did no miricle. Truly then said Jeest through the fire, thou shalt not be burned; sus, when he said that the least in the kingneither shall the flames kindle upon thee .- dom of heaven is greater than John. For I am the Lord thy God, the Holy One of That all who believed in the prophets, ex-

hand over the rivers, and shall smite it in the deemed, and when ungodliness is turned or And there shall be a highway for the remnant ered says 43d chapter from the 1st to the 7th ria; like as it was to Israel in the day that O Israel, fear not: for I have redeemed thee, tives or ten tribes, will again return with all I have called the by thy name; thou art mine, the power that attended Israel when they first When thou passest through the waters, I will came out of the land, if so, those who lead 1srael, thy Savior; I gave Fgypt for thy ran-pected the appearence of a restorer, or one to som, Ethiopia and Seha for thee. Since thou come to establish the kingdom of God, is a wast precious in my sight, thou hast been fact we think so plainly written, that it canhonorable, and I have loved thee; therefore not admit of a reasonable doubt. At the time will I give men for thee, and people for thy of the crucifixion, when the Lord cried Eli, life. Fear not; for I am with thee; I will Eli, lama Sabachthani! Some of those who bring thy seed from the east, and gather thee stood by, said "this man calleth for Elias. from the west; I will say to the north give The rest said let be, let us see whether Elias up; and to the south, keep not back: bring will come and save him." See Matthew 28th my sons from far, and my daughters from chapter, 47th and 49th verses. Why say, the and of the carthy over a rear the little man calleth for Elias. the ends of the earth; even every one that "this man calleth for Elias," and then say is called by my name; for I have created the beliet us see whether Elias will come to him for my glory, I have formed him; yea, I save him," unless there was some messenger have made him." The Lord will say to the expected that they called Elias, and one in the north, give up, and to the south keep not back; character of a deliverer. In the 24th chapter bring my sons from far, and my daughters of Lukethere are some sayings of the disciples. from the ends of the earth. Who is it that which go to establish this fact, of the general. thus commanded to bring Israel? the expectation of the appearence of a character, www.LatterDayTruth.org_

coming for the deliverence of Israel. See 21 come life or death it matters not, it was beverse, "But we trusted that it had been he cause God had promised to establish his kingwas to restore all things.

David in 14th Psalm, and 7th verse has did by the Savior's own words; but they had some sayings which will throw light on this other evidences of it, that was, that notwithsome sayings which will throw light on this their evidences of it, that was, that not with subject "Oh that the salvation of Israel were standing all the power and spiritual gifts come out of Zion! when the Lord bringerh which they had received, they were not suffished the captivity of his people, Jacub shall ient for these things, and thought it was their rejoice, and Israel shall be glad." Divid greatest glory to be accounted worthy tolinherthen looked for salvation coming out of Zion, it with the saints who accomplish this work. from Jacob." The salvation then which Da who would obtain the power, and orginize vid desired, was to come by reason of a deliv- the kingdom of God, and obtain the prize of erer, which was to go out of Zion, and tur a the high calling of God in Christ Jesus, and way ungodliness from Jacob, and Paul also by that means be, like N ah, become heirs of says verse 27, that was according to a cove a new world; and Paul thanked God that the nant the Lord had made with them, and when Colossians were made heirs with those saints that covenant was fulfilled the sins of Israel in light, these heirs of the new world. would be taken away, and all Israel be saved. all these saying are made plain, by getting in culties.

which should have redeemed Israel." This I m on earth, that they rejoiced; and abstract was a communication had between two of from that, they had hope in neither life nor the disciples after the crucifixion, while or death. To this, and to this only they looked: their way to Emmais. The disciples then, as and from what we have before written, that well as those who crucified the Savior, all ex- was the apostles only hope, whether in lite or pected a deliverer, a restorer, an Elias, which in death; they never looked for rest until the was to come, and they understood that this kingdom of heaven should triumph here. said Elias was to establish the kingdom of Another fact is equally as certain that they heaven? To this point we have some things all expected, that God would inspire messen. written by Luke, Acts 1st chapter; 6th verse gers to establish his kingdom, send an Angel "When they therefore were come together, they from heaven for this especial purpose, that powasked of him, saying. Lord, wilt thou at this er might be given to men for this purpose; for time restore again the kingdom to Israel?"- they all knew that it would take men who Why did the disciples ask this question?- were greater than John to do this work, for "Lord wilt thou at this time restore again the luntil, his day there never had been a greater kingdom to Israel?" surely because they ex horn of women than John the Baptist; yet the pected that the kingdom would, at some tim mostle knew t at she least fister or hunter in be restored to I raci. Hence the Elias that the kingdom of heaven, would be greater than I ho, and if they knew it no other way, they

and that salvation to be when the Lord had Hence Paul says to the Colossians, 1st chapbrought back the captivity of his people, at er and 12th verse "Give thanks un'o the Fath-that time Jacob would rejoic, and Israel beer, which hath made us meet to be partakers Now compare this with what Poul of the inheritance of the saints in light."says in the 11th chapter of the Romans 260 Who are the saints in light? what we verse "And so all Israel shall be saved; as in have before written will settle this quesis written. There shall come out of Sign the turn. It was the saints who would attain deliverer, and shall turn away ung diness the dispensation of the fulness of times, and

This then is the point of light in which No wonder then that David said "Oh that apostles and prophets viewed the saints of the salvation of Israel had come out of Zion, the last dispensation, and so did the Savior him-then Jacob would rejrice, and Israel be glad." self, for he said they would be greater than Why rejoice and be glad? because their sins but. Paul says they were to be the saints would be taken away, and they would be sad in light; were to obtain that which he strove ved. And all this to come to pass by a delive for but could not obtain; and ye, we are told, erer being sent, a messenger to prepare the h t they are to get no revelations, have no way before the Lord, a root of Jesse, by visions to enjoy, no spiritual gifts, and still whom the captivity of Jacob was to return.

By puting all these things sogether, we can saints in light, be heirs of a new world, understand why it was said "That Elias must do that that none others on this earth had first come and restore all things," and that ever done. How shall we, or how can we "we verily thought that it should be he, that reconcile these things? Surely, working mirwas to restore the kingdom to Israel." "Will acles, and getting revelations, is a small mat-thou at this time restore the kingdom to Israel," fer compared with reconciling the above diffi-

to possession the views the Jews had in relation to themselves, and the purposes of God have a priesthood, through, and by which, they could do that which neither prophets and The expectation then of Israel, and the pro-apostles before their day could do; and the phets and aposities, all rested on the establish ideliverance and complete salvation of all in ment of the kingdom of heaven. Let there heaven, and all on earth, depended on them.

They were to turn the hearts of the fathers to God, the salvation of the fathers, and the rethe children, and the hearts of the children to demption of the purchased possession—cast the fathers, and thereby save the whole earth down Babylon the great, and put the heavens from a curse; and that, at the time of their and the earth together, and make those who triumph, the saints in heaven should should waiting in heaven for their blood to be Allaluia, for their blood had been avenged on avenged, shout Allaluia.

had corrupted the whole earth. Let any person seriously contemplate what than in the Bible. Daniel says about the kingdom the God of write about the glory of the last days, and it heaven was to set up, and it will be found is another thing to inquire how and upon what that all that heaven and earth can hope for principle it is, these glories are to be ushered must come by it, and those who found it, and in and established. The same may be said bear it off triumphant. When it was to be of the second advent of the Savior. It is in set up, it was to continue until it became a the estimation of some, a matter of great joy, great mountain and filled the whole earth. It to think and believe that the Savior of the mattered not what order of things or order world is coming to reign on the earth, and of things existed when it was set up, political lestablish righteousness among men; but there or religious, it was to subdue all, conquer all, are few, very few, that are willing that the and break all in pieces; and when it had done way of his coming should be prepared. They this, it was to stand forever. Now, what are unwilling he should send any heavenly ever Babylon the great was or is, if it existed messengers to give power to organize the disin the world at the time this kingdom was pensation of the fulness of times, and inspire set up, it would eventually fall before it, and men with power to turn the hearts of the be broken in pieces, and become as the chaff tathers to the children, and the hearts of the of the summer threshing floor, so that the children to the fathers, and prepare the way winds of heaven would carry it away. So before the Lord, that he may come. Ah, no? surely then as the saints in heaven are wait this is imposition, gross imposition; but the ing until Babylon the great is fallen before Savior is coming: O yes, he is coming, and they can proclaim their complete deliverance, that is joy enough, and it will be a day of or shout Allalma—so sure it is, that they are glory when he comes. The same thing is dependent on the rise and progress of this said about the gathering of Israel. Israel is kingdom for their eternal rest; for to suppose to be gathered, and possess their own land, any thing else, would be to suppose that the their sins are to be taken away, ungodliness Lord was going to work by some unrevealed will be turned away from Jacob, God will be means and deny that which he had revealed their conditions. means, and deny that which he had revealed; their God, and they shall he his people; their for he has revealed no other way or means by sins and their iniquities will the |Lord rewhich he would bring about the complete de remember no more. liverance of the world than by and through done, that we know nothing about : neither is

this kingdom. a millenium; but it is quite another thing t a millentum; but it is quite another thing t but it is not to be done by giving revelations, inquire after the way the Lord had appointed All these strange things are common among to usher in this new condition of things. And men; hat, what adds to the singularity of how common among men is it, to hear per-this is, that there are to be no more miracles, and yet say there are to be no more revel- utterly destroyed, and the river of Egypt is to tering of angels. If such is the case, there must be something about which the Bible knows nothing hor did any of the sacred write leave one syllable on record concerning The Savior never so much as once mentioned it; all the millenium mentioned by any of them, is the one which is to be introduced by an heavenly messenger; with the everlasting glad tidings, through and by which. the Lord's messenger was to be authorized and empowered to establish the kingdom of ion, President of the Church of Jesus Christ-God, and by that kingdom gather the Jews, of Latter Day Saints :- Beloved Brother my

those who dwelt on the earth, and that through | This is all the millenial the Bible says any them, God had judged the great whore that thing about; what else there is of millenium in the world, has been obtained else where,

It is one thing to talk and

there any thing said about how it is that the There has been a great deal said about the Lord will write his law upon their hearts, and gathering of Israel, and about millenium in imprint it on their minds; for, as for revelation the world. This is easily said, and people can there will be no more, and yet the Lord is to really or pretendedly rejoice in the prospect of write his law upon their hearts some how.

But how all this is to be

sons rejoicing in the hope of midenial glory, and the tongue of the Egyptian sea is to be tions, no more prophecyings, no more minis be smitten, and men shall go over dry shod as they did when they came out of Egypt; but he days of miracles are past. Strange indeed. But to pursue the kingdom, and hear what the scriptures further say.

[To be Continued.] .

For the Messenger and Advocate. CINCINNATTI, OHIO, March 10, 1845.

Elijah Swackhammer to Elder Sidney Rige establish righteousness on the earth, turn away earnest prayer for you is, that grace, mercy, ungodliness from Jacob, bring in the rest of and peace from God our Heavenly Father, and his Son our Saviour may be greatly mul-crowded houses, most of the Mormons were tiplied unto you and all that love the truth for there, and Lorenzo Young with them. the truth's sake.

be assured it gave me unspeakable joy and the tip of the ladder and if they could ascend. the saints rejoiced with me. above that, let them do it; or to speak with-

them yet one week, during which time we as usual: but they recoiled upon his, and the would expect to receive intelligence from mormon's heads. One Graver accepted a Pittsburgh, which to our satisfaction we did challenge to discuss the next evening, the folas you will see from the above.

Latter-Day Saints Messenger and Advocate, Latter-Day Saints, according to the Book of the very name of which cheers the heart of a Doctrine and Covenants, to which alone we saint, and had commenced getting subscri were to appeal. The evening arrived, the bers for it, and had sent you the names of a house was crowded to overflowing and the ten to my brother in New York: I have no this great champion as they considered him, doubts as it respects him and the rest of my triumphed over in about five minutes. have thus far been led out of the errors of the alter the question, but brother Griffith M. Robage, and by the same blessing they shall be erts, and several other gentlemen spoke out in led out of the present apostacy.

been blessed according to the word of his Prophet.

I'll praise Him for a prophet's voice, His people's steps to guide; In this I do and will rejoice, k Though Mormons all deride.

how heavenly does the work go forth.

now neavenly does the work go forth. It is and yet so great is the darkness of heart of not yea and nay, but yea and Amen in the some of that apostate people, that they canLord by the power of the Holy Ghost: Oh, not see or will not see their situation.

The next lecture was on the spiritual wife father done on earth as it is done in Heaven, doctrine, and as the Mormons are so un villing to believe what has been taught and practiced in many of the churches, I reminded marks, as I hope will not be uninteresting to them of Orson Hyde's teachings in that yourself and the readers of the Messenger church, last fall when he was there, to two I visited brother Alexer. Lemmon and family young and respectable sisters, from the 3d three-fourths of a mile this side of Miamito wn, chapter of Hosea. This took place at Roland Laurel, a part of which family are members, going I received when on my way to this city Mr. Ketchum one mile west of New Salem, from Logan county, all which they, no doubt, whose daughter is a member of the church well remember I expressed my astonishment.

And a small church at Melroy; these are in At the close of this lecture one Goodale Indiana. I have been thus particular on ac-undertook to say something, but it only made count of our travelling Elders.

vited him to a seat with me in case he wanted I most gladly acknowledge the reception to reply. Upon which I observed to the peoof your kind and interesting letter of the 10th ple, that truth never suffered from investiga-January 1845, which I received the 14th; and tion, and that I was determined to stand upon

The very requirements of the Lord which out a figure: that I would not advocate a sys-I received through you he had put into my tem of religion that was not superior to every heart, and thus by the testimony of two wit-other, or above every other. After I got through, nesses every word was established. A few Young arose and observed, that he would not evenings before I received your letter I told undertake to reply to what I had said, but the brethren here that I would remain with make a few remarks, which were slanderous

you will see from the above. lowing question, viz: The twelve are the Thad seen the necessity of sustaining the Presidency of the Church of Jesus Christ of

few, and by the favor of the Lord I have been Mormons were there, expecting, at least some enabled to obtain fifteen in all. I have writ- of them, as I was informed, to see me by relations. By the grace of my God they first attempt on the part of this man was to

the congregation and declared the question to The word of the Lord concerning my mis-be correct. I then submitted the question to sion thus far, has been fulfilled, and I have all that were present, the previous evening, when it was proposed, who also decided that that was the question, upon which the apostate creature observed, that he would not dis-

cuss it, and took a seat. This perfect failure on the part of the Mormons in an attempt to maintain their ground was more than a thousand other arguments against them, and a When we are under the influence of God, second deadly blow to them in that region,

It is and yet so great is the darkness of heart of

three-fourths of a mile this side of Miamitown, chapter of Hosea. This took place at Roland a small church in Dayton, and one of some Crispand's, as I understand, and as to the thirty members in Waynesville; the foregoing fact of his teachings or referring them to this are in Ohio. I also visited the church at chapter for information on this, with the New Trenton, a part of which live at Mount-twelve and many of their followers, all ab-Carmel, brother and sister Robert Richey near sorbing subject, I received it direct from one Liberty, a small church in Alquina, Mr. John of the young ladies which statement was cor-Pettingill and family on Sains Creek near roborated by one of that family. The fore-

their case appear worse in the eyes of all that In Waynesville I delivered three lectures to were not blind, and all that were willing to

see did see who had the truth, on every sub-she had ever seen before; or, the moon, never ject, and who had it not. The people of this before appeared so gloricus. In it she saw place, and every other, treated me with kindness, except now and then an apostate Mormon. And I believe my labors were not in cording to my view of it, a part of which I vain in this place among any class of people, the Mormons not excepted, for I believe there are some good ones among them. I left a which the twelve preside; and the one over minority of the Dayton branch in favor of the truth, though much opposed at first, because they, like many others, had heard nothing except on the one side, and they had no Book of Doctrine and Covenants that they might examine for themselves. Brother Lemmon received the truth, and observed, that he had been satisfied for some time that there was place, and every other, treated me with kind-the Lord's face with a veil over it. been satisfied for some time that there was out of the trunk which form the fork, represementing wrong in the church, but that he sent his counsellors which are associated with had not been able to seg it until that evening, him by virtue of their ordination under his for he had no Book of Doctrine and Cove hands to that responsible and important stafall conference of 1843, and heard Hyrum nity of his presidency, the church will arise Smith prophecy that you would yet triumph to the which, and in the which, the Lord will over all your enemies. Now if those persons appear. The church at Alquina Fayette counwho were arrayed against you at that time, ty, were much opposed even to hearing; a who spent two days in trying to criminate few, however, felt inclined to examine the who spent two days in trying to criminate few, however, felt inclined to examine the you and cut you off without sustaining the subject. Willard Snow was there and Mr. first or a single item, had not been your enemies and moved against you from beneath, why did God move upon Hyrum to prophecy then and there, and evidently too in view of ception. I invited Snow to a discussion of the and there, and evidently too in view of ception. I invited Snow to a discussion of your enemies remember this and take warn-lectures in this place, one to the Mormons. ing from it.

and its fulfillment thus far and all full convice His wife received the truth. will satisfy me. my heart; it has been my motto ever since, this city. and intend to hold on to it. The foregoing is not from passion of any kind, but from what I know and believe of the past, and of the present, and of that which is to come.

At Melroy I delivered four discourses, and the little branch in this place decided in favor write a few lines to you, which perhaps will of the truth except brother Ignatius Frund, be interesting to you and the saints in Cincinand, perhaps his wife, who were carefully nati. Last Sabbath I held a debate with a examining the subject. our faith.

and related a vision that she had more than, I and follow the apostate Sidney Rigdon. -

nants. He also observed, that he was at the tion. Through the authority, power and eterwhat those persons were doing; that you the first Presidency in public, but he would would yet triumph over all your enemies. Let not accept the invitation. I delivered three Brother Richey is sceptical on the whole sub-

Dear brother, this prophecy in your favor, ject, but observed that we were right if any. The spiritual tion of its being fulfilled to the very extent, wife doctrine had not been neglected by the causes me to rejoice in God our Saviour, and faithful ones. In New Trenton Branch I demy soul doth magnify the Lord for his good-livered fourteen lectures, three of them in ness toward you and all his children, and in Mount Carmel and vicinity. The effect of his name let our motto be victory, victory, truth, when people are willing to hear, demoneternal VICTORY, for nothing short of this strated by the Holy Ghost, may be seen by I acknowledged you as the the following letter from brother Lewis Muitze, President of the church with this principle in to Elder Baker, President of the church in NEW TRENTON, Franklin County,

January 21, 1845.

BELOVED BROTHER: At the request of brother Swackhammer, I

Sister Ketchum re Campbellite minister about seven or eight ceived the truth and rejoiced to see one of the miles from this place, and there I heard that Lord's servants as she lives far from any of brother Swackhammer had come to Trenton, and was about to turn the brethren from the Sister Petingill received the truth joyfully, faith, and make them to foreake the "Twelve" think, a year ago; at least before the division then thought it my duty to go and have a Contook place in the church. It was as follows: ference called, and demand brother Swack-She saw in the west two moons some distance hammer's licence, cut him off from the church, apart, at the right and left of each other; and deliver him over to Satan, &c. &c. l clouds arose and obliterated them. She then found him at the house of brother David-looked toward the east and through the fork Miller's, where he laid before me the truth of a tree she saw the most splendid moon that as it is in the Revelations of God. It (the

darkness I suppose) fell from my eyes like|cording to ancient custom. Acts, 13th chapscales, a new light burst upon my spirit's er. My thanks to you and your family for darkness, which had covered me for some the kindness and good tre-tment I received at time, vanished away, and before night I respon house not long since, when introduced joiced in the knowledge I had received, and it thy brother Swackhammer in connection with the ancient order of things, and tris with a brother Calvin Burns, who is now with me heart of gratitude I look back upon the gulf I rejoicing in the truth. My best respects to have passed without sinking into it.

are willing to do the will of God at all haz respect I subscribe myself your brother in the ards. Additional testimony of the iniquity of new and everlasting covenant. some of the twelve, and particularly Amasa Lyman has been found here. After Conference which is to be held on Saturday the 8th ing letter, I submit the following scriptures:

Ohio, and then to Pittsburgh.

more the truth of the words of brother Rigdon they are not beyond its reach. For with thee the Prophet, viz: that now is the beginning (God,) is the fountain of life, in thy light of good days, for he is rejoicing in the truth, shall we see light. Oh continue thy loving. and he is greatly blessed in his labors. He is kindness unto them that know thee, and thy going to send six dollars to Elder Rigdon for righteousness to the upright in heart. Psalms the Messenger and Advocate. Brother Swack 36. Now, the just shall live by faith; but if hammer has prospered in the good cause be-any man draw back, my soul shall have no youd the most sanguine expectation. We pleasure in him. Hebrews 10:38. have here a pamphlet containing the trial of Elder John Hardy in Boston, where G. J. this city, he has stood like a man of God, Adams, and William Smith, were proved though young.
guilty of the most abominable and brutish In conclusion, permit me to say, that if deeds I ever have heard of. I shall give you those people calling themselves saints, among an extract of a letter sent from Boston by G. whom, and for whom by the blessing of God J. Adams, to our Elder in New York, as fol-II have labored, and for whose especial benefit lows:

expect some soon.

Such abominations could not but be dis pleasing in the eyes of a holy God, and was MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE: calculated to bring rain upon the church; but God in his mercy has pointed out the way for the honest to escape the wrath to come, and prepare themselves for the rest of God. and Redeemer for his kindness toward us it of a newspaper. revealing his will unto us, that we, by rendering obedience to his commandments may secure a place in the celestial glory, and become heirs and joint heirs with Jesus Christ. Let when he will come to take possession of the kingdom.

success in a good degree to the manner in vorable, others were expected to unite. , which he was set apart for this mission ac aftention of the people there, was arrested by a

sister Swackhammer, brother Hewitt, and all The saints here have their eyes open and the saints in Cincinnati. With sentiments of LEWIS MUITZE

For the benefit of the writer of the foregoof February, I shall go with-brother Swack-because he has forsaken us and the truth, and hammer on his mission through the state of is now in darkness like Elder Marks in Nauvoo. Oh that God would have mercy upon Brother Swackhammer realizes more and them and give them repente ce unto life if

Brother Calvin Burns is with the saints in

he sent me, many of whom publicly renoun-I have just returned from New Bedford ced the apostacy, received and confessed the and sister Susan is with me. I was S. U. truth, acknowledged and prayed that God (sealed up) to her last night. Go it. She has would bless his prophet Sidney Rigdon-I a thousand dollars left to her, and expects say if they are overcome and perish, let their four hundred or five hundred dollars next blood be upon their own heads, for they know Go it again. I have no money but that I have discharged my duty in the fear of Yours in hope of the rest of God. God.

PITTSBURGH, PA. MAY, 15, 1845.

Postmasters are authorized by law, to ye saints of God, how great reason have we frank letters for a third person, containing mo-to thank and praise the Father of our Lord ney, when addressed to an Editor or a publisher

Will our friends and agents remember this.

Since our conference, a number of the Elders who reside in this city, have gone on misus continue to be faithful and yo on unto pers sions in different parts of the country, proclaims fection. Let us do the work whereunto the ing the kingdom of heaven; we have heard Lord called us, and proclaim the goodness of from three of them since they left, at Plesant-God, and his gospel, to every nation, kindred ville in this State, the residence of brother Fratongue and people, that all the sheaves of zer, where he had been blessed with the priviworthimay he gathered out of Babylon, and lege of baptizing four into the kingdom; he was the way prepared for our Lord and Savious soon assisted in his labors by elders A. Falconer and J. Parsons, who delivered several lec-Brother Swackhammer ascribes his good tures with good success; the prospect was fa-

notable case of healing; a young girl that was pocrites that fearfulness was to surprise; then deat, was brought to the brethren to be admin-let the New York Prophet, and the papers at istered to, which they did by anointing with oil, Nauvoo go forth, and proclaim the true charafter which they prayed for her and laid their acter of their people to all nations, and let the hands on her, in the name of Jesus, command-world know that the prophecies are fulfilling. and the result is manifesting itself.

Lord and in their high and holy calling, that righteous, for the Lord will redeem Jacob his staid, in order to assist the inquiring in that Holy One of Israel, the Lord of the whole earth place to come to a more perfect knowledge of shall he be-called. Fear not then, Jacob, neithe truth, and to administer to the believers the ther be thou dismayed O Israel, for the Lord things of the kingdom.

In addition to the abiding testimonies given at the conference, that the Lord is with us, in to be the Zion of God. Who was it that was deed and in truth, he is multiplying those testi to be afraid in Zion? Sinners. monies, by confirming the word with power.-The Lord is revealing daily to his servants the doctrines of the kingdom, giving line upon line sons, you say you are afraid, and you say fearand precept upon precept here a little and there fulness has surprised you. Who are you? Isaa little, until their hearts are rejoicing with joy liah being judge.—Sinners-Hypocrites. unspeakable and full of glory. No men have ever gone into the world to proclaim the gospel, having stronger evidence that the Lord was with them, since the day of pentecost, than have the elders who attended the conference in this city. They find the Lord continually with them to counsel, direct, and confirm; and tho' that sink of corruption, at Nauvoe, has left men, without our noticing it. their name as a reproach to us, the Lord's chosen, yet even in this we rejoice, knowing as we think he certainly did not intend to say. He do, that the scriptures must be fulfilled, and the testimonies of the prophets, written aforetime, Christ was a more dangerous institution, than rejoicing to see them fulfilled on us; for thereby the Lord shews unto us that we are his chosen:

While the saints are thus rejoicing their ears howlings of the sinners and the wailings of the hypogrite. Well did Isaiah say, "the sinners our eyes, we hear of dread, dismay and horror. York, every advancement made by the king-to say so, he will certainly recall it. dom of heaven, brings from these papers a burst of horror, fearful of being murdered; the cry of murder, and murderers is sounding forth from them, in language that cannot be mistaken; surely the words of the prophet are fulfilling, the

ing in his name that she be made whole, and That the sinners in Zion are afraid, indeed, and instantly her hearing came to her. This, as hat fearfulness, has, of a truth, surprised the might be expected, caused the sincere to reflect, apporrite. Not so with the righteous; for them the wilderness and the solitary place are to be Brothers Falconer and Parsons soon after glad, and the desert blossom as the rose." The lest to visit other places, rejoicing greatly in the voice of God to the righteous is, "rejoice ye they might proclaim the everlasting glad tidings people, and Israel his chosen; fear not for thy of the kingdom in other cities. Brother Frazer maker is thy husband, and thy redeemer is the

> thy God will be with thee, and deliver thee. The people in Nauvoo claim for themselves. that fearfulness was to surprise? The hypocrite-So then Mr. Prophet, and Mr. Times and Sea-

> The Editor of the Gazette, in this city, has favored us with a passing notice in his papers of the 7th and 8th inst. for which we owe him an acknowledgement, granting him the privilege of his own peculiar style, which we think is a sufficient rebuke to him, with all honorable He has however, said some things which we

surely did not intend to say that the church of must all be accomplished, it only adds to our the Mormon institution at Nauvoo, because they did not believe in polygamy, the divine right of lying, and in insubordination to the laws of the land, though he has said it; or, at least, are saluted, as might be expected, with the that is the only inference we can draw, from what is said, as that is the mark of distinction between us. This we believe he did in haste, in Zion are afraid, fearfulness has surprised the without due consideration, and we are not dishypocrite." This is literally fulfilling before posed to avail ourselves of his want of proper care and attention to what he said; believing from the Mormon papers at Nauvoo and New that after proper reflection, if he did not intend

If the Editor really wishes to indulge himself in his manner of expression, we will let him have his liberty, and he may enjoy it. We canonly say, as to "fanaticism," "heresy,", "impious mumery," let God judge between him and sinners in Zion are afraid, fearfulness has sur us; but we shall think, till otherwise convinced, prised the hypocrite; for it were the sinners in that they were made in haste and without due Zion that were to be afraid, and it were the hy-consideration, and that on proper reflection he will be disposed, as an honorable man would,

we took of the fire in our paper, which desola- ter! how shall we do? And he answered, fear ted our city, deserves a notice from us. The not: for they that be with us are more than they Lord either did stay the flames or he did not: that be with them. And Elisha prayed, and said if he did not, then, indeed, the citizens of Pitts see. And the Lord opened the eyes of the young burgh must be, in the estimation of heaven, in man; and he saw; and behold, the mountain was a state of corruption too great to admit of divine full of horses and chariots of fire round about interposition in their favor, and surely then our Elisha.—2nd Kings 6: 15—17.

And for this cause Hezekiah the king, and religion could not make them any worse. If the prophet Isaiah the son of Amoz, prayed and the Lord did stay the flames, it was because cried to heaven. And the Lord sent an angel, some people sought this deliverance at his hand; which cut off all the mighty men of valor, and for he says concerning his people that he will the leaders and captains in the camp of the king for he says concerning his people that he will of Assyria.—2nd Chron. 32: 20, 21.

be sought of them, that his mercies may be be. Then Nebuchadnezzar the king was astonstowed upon them. We consider the citizens led, and rose up in haste, and spake, and said of this city are indebted to the great God that unto his counsellors, did not we cast three men our whole city was not laid in ruins; and if our bound into the midst of the fire? They answered and said unto the king, true, O king. He heavenly Father did interpose in our behalf, answered and said, lo, I see four men loose,

scripture:

And there came an angel of the Lord, and sat under an oak which was in Ophrah, that pertained unto Joash, the Abi-ezrite: and his son Gideon threshed wheat by the wine press, to hide it from the Midianites. And the angel of the Lord came upon him, and a light shined in the prison: and he smote Peter on the side, and raised him up, saying, arise quickly. And his chains fell off his hands. And the angel said unto him, gird thy-

or.--Judges 6: 11, 12.

above instance, to give Gideon instruction how vision.—Acts 12: 7-9. to deliver Israel from the Midianites to whom And now I exhort you to be of good cheer; they were then in bondage. In the process of for there shall be no loss of any man's life aed, being in bondage to the Philistines, when the Lord again interposed in their behalf, in his usual way, by sending an angel to Manoah, the father of Sampson, and laying the foundation shall be heirs of salvation?—Heb. 1: 13, 14.

for another deliverance of Israel, as will be And after these things I saw four angels seen in the 13th chapter of Judges.

sheba seventy thousand men. And when the And another angel came out from the altar angel stretched out his hand upon Jerusalem which had power over fire, &c.—Rev. 14-18. to destroy it, the Lord repented him of the evil,

And when the servant of the man of God was risen early, and gone forth, behold, an host com-What he has said in relation to the notice passed the city both with horses and chariots. And his servant said unto him, alas, my mas-

and stay the flames, he did it by sending heav-walking in the midst of the fire, and they have enly messengers for that purpose, for such has no hurt; and the form of the fourth is like the been his manner of dealing from days of old, as will be seen from the following quotations of for ever. My God hath sent his angel, and hath shut the lions' mouths, that they have not

And when the morning arose, then the angels hastened Lot, saying, arise, take thy wife, and thy two daughters, which are here; lest thou be consumed in the iniquity of the city. And while he lingered, the men laid hold upon his hand, and upon the hand of his wife, and upon the hand of his two daughters; the Lord being merciful unto him: and they brought him forth, and set him without the city.—Gen. 19: 15, 16.

And there came an angel of the Lord, and sat

the Lord appeared unto him, and said unto him, self, and bind on thy sandals. And so he did the Lord is with thee thou mighty man of val-.—Judges 6: 11, 12.

The heavenly messenger proceeds, in the was done by the angel; but shought he saw a

time, Israel, through transgression, fell into the me this night the angel of God, whose I am hands of their enemies, and were sorely afflict- and whom I serve.—Acts 27: 22, 23.

standing on the four corners of the earth, hold-So the Lord sent a pestilence upon Israel from the morning even to the time appointed: and should not blow on the earth, that the wind the morning even to the time appointed: and should not blow on the earth, nor on the sea, there died of the people from Dan even to Bar-

And another angel came out from the altar,

The foregoing are a few of the many instanand said to the angel that destroyed the people, it is enough: stay now thine hand. And the angel of the Lord was by the threshing-place of Araunah the Jebusite.—2nd Samuel 24: 15, 16.

Why the Lord did not stay the flames sooner building up of Zion. See Isa. 63: 10. Thy than he did, we leave to him who holds the holy cities are a wilderness, Zion is a wilderthe instance alluded to.

and our whole city not laid in ruins.

his words are as follows: "Too little attention tice to the religious public.

Catholic, will be noticed in our next.

For the Messenger and Advocate. MR. EDITOR:

human family in the last days.

pose of the inhabitants of the world in the dis-gemple. out of his mouth, shall not return void. It ces. See also, Psalm 132, from the first will be difficult to set forth the manner God to the 7th verse: also, the 13th. "Lord, will dispose of the world without first speaking of the Mount Zion, and identifying its loshow he sware unto the Lord, and vowed cation, for they are subjects so completely unto the mighty God of Jacob. Surely I blended, that we cannot perfectly understand will not come into the tabernacle of my them without learning something about the house nor go up into my bad. I will not them without learning something about the house, nor go up into my bed: I will not

floods and flames in his hands, and makes them ness, Jeriisalem a desolation. We learn by ministers of destruction at his pleasure. We the above, that Zion is not, as some suppose, believe when the spirit of God dictates to the or near by. St. John when he was on the people of God to pray for any judgment to be Isle of Patmos in a glorious vision, saw one stayed, that that prayer will be answered. He hundred forty and four thousand stand upon commands men to pray always, as their reason-the Mount Zion after they had been redeemed able duty, and leave the event with God, but with the Lamb in their midst. See Rev. 14 :: when his spirit calls upon his people to pray 1st, 2d, and 3d verses. In the 7th chapter for a particular thing, at a particular time, that he saw the same number, twelve thousand for prayer will be answered. Such was the case in each tribe. See ninth verse. After this I beheld, and lo, a great multitude which no man could number. John said they stood before We greatly rejoice then that God was entithe throne, and before the Lamb. See Isa. treated in behalf of our city-the flames stayed, 24th chapter and 23d verse. The Lord of Hosts shall reign in Mount Zion, and in Je-I his paper of the 8th inst. we think the Edi-rusalem, and before his ancients gloriously. tor has done injustice to the religious public; Let me ask the question: will he reign in Mount Zion, and have no throne there? Now reader, enumerate twelve thousand for each has been paid to this heresy by the religious tribe, besides a great multitude which no public." All persons acquainted with the facts, man could number, and Jerusalem, and all the will exonerate the religious public from the region of country round about there could not charge of negligence and want of attention in hold them. We understand that wilderness. the case complained of. We know of no effort when applied to land, is that which is wild that could be used, that has not been used to stop the progress of this church; we hope the Psalm 48: "Great is the Lord, and greatly editor will take this back, also, and so do just to be praised in the city of our God, in the mountain of his holiness. Beautiful for situation, the joy of the whole earth, is Mount The remarks of the editor of the Pittsburgh Zion, on the sides of the north, the city of the great king. God is known in her palaces for a refuge. For lo, the kings were assembled, they passed by together. They saw it, and so they marvelled; they were troubled, and hasted away. Fear took hold upon them Forasmuch as many have taken it in hand there, and pain, as of a woman in travail. to write a declaration of those things which Thou breakest the ships of Tarshish with an they most surely believe, it seemeth good to east wind. As we have heard, so have we me also to write concerning some of those seen in the city of the Lord of hosts, in the things, which in a special manner concern the city of our God: God will establish it for ever. Selah. We have thought of thy lov-The manner the Most High intends to dis ling-kindness, O God, in the midst of thy According to thy name, O God, so pensation of the fulness of times, is a subject is thy praise unto the ends of the earth: thy of all subjects, and is fraught with eternal con-right hand is full of righteousness. Let mount sequences. There never was a dispensation Zion rejoice, let the daughters of Judah be committed to the world without a law, and glad, because of thy judgments. Walk about there never was a law, without a Prophet or as Zion, and go round about her: tell the tow-the ancients would say, a man of God to re-ers thereof. Mark ye well her bulwarks, conceive that law from the Lord. And God has sider he palaces; that ye may tell it to the promised by his prophets that in the last days, generation following. For this God is our the law shall go forth of Zion, and the word God for ever and every he will be our guide of the Lord from Jerusalem. See Micah, 4 : even unto death." By the prophets we learn And God has promised or declared by his that Zion will be located in the sides of the prophets, that the word that has gone forth north, and that she hath bulwarks and palaeye lids, until I find out a place for the Lord, of Israet. Paul tells us that covenant shall

an habitation for the mighty G d of Jacob e meant of Zion. The prophet Mich in-Lo, we heard of it at Ephratah, we found it in forms us that the law shall go forth of Zioo. the fields of the wood. We will go into his fact that he propher Jeremiah says: tabernacle, we will worship at his footstool. 31st chapter, 31st, 32d, and 33d verses, "Be-For the Lord hath chosen Zion; he hath de hold, the days come, saith the Lord, that I sired it for his habitation. According to the with make a new covenant with the house of 48th and 132d Psalms, Zion will be located Israel, and with the house of Judah: not acin the sides of the north, in the fields of cording to the covenant that I made with their the woods. Again, God hath chosen Zion fathers in the day that I took them by the and desired it, for his habitation. See Isa, and to bring them out of the land of Egypt; 24: 23. "Then the moon shill be confound which my covenant they brake, although 1" ed, and the sun ashamed, when the Lord of was an husband unto them, saith the Lord: hosts shall reign in mount Zion, and in Jern but this shall be the covenant that I will salem, and before his ancients gloriously. That with the house of Israel; after those It is proven by the above quot tion, that the days, saith the Lord, I will put my law in Lord intends to reign in mount in as well her inward parts, and write it in their hearts; as in Jerusalem, when he app are in his glory, and will be their God, and they shall be my See Psalm 1021, from the 13th to the 23d people." By this, we are informed, that he verse. "Thou shalt arise, and have mercy will put his law in their inward parts, and upon Zion: for the time to favor her, yea, the write it in their hearts. set time, is come. For thy servants take New, kind reader, judge ye, will God pleasure in her stones, and favor the dust make a new covenant with the house of Israel, thereof. So the heathen shall fear the name and perform all that he has promised, and of the Lord, and all the kings of the earth thy yet have no prophets upon the earth to reglory. When the Lord shall huild up Zion ceive his law and carry it to the House of he shall appear in his glory. He will regard Israel? Jeremiah, 16th chapter, 2nd 16th the prayer of the destitute, and not despise verse: "Behold, I will send for many fishers, their prayer. generation to come; and the people which after will I send for many hunters, and they shall be created shall praise the Lord. For shall hunt them 'from every mountain, and he hath looked down from the height of his from every hill, and out of the holes of the sanctuary; from heaven did the Lord behold rocks." But, to our subject of the location of the earth; to hear the groaning of the prisoner, Zi n. See Isa. 51st chapter, 9th 10th, and to loose those that are appointed to death; to 11th verses. "Awake, awake, put on strength, declare the name of the Lord in Zion, and his O arm of the Lord; awake, as in the ancient praise in Jerusalem; when the people are days, in the generations of old. Art thousant gathered together, and the kingdoms, to serve it that hath cut Rahab, and wounded the the Lord. He weakened my strength in the dragon? Art thou not it which hath dried way; he shortened my days." By the bove the sea, the waters of the great deep: that Psalm, we learn that the Lord will build up hath made the depths of the sea a way for Zion, and when the people and kingdoms are he ransomed to pass over? Therefore the gathered together to serve the Lord, he will redeemed of the Lord shall return, and come appear in his gl ry.

See Romans, 11th chapter, 25th, 26th, and By the above we learn that God will dry 27th verses. For I would not, brethren, up the great deep and make a path in the that ye should be ignorant of this mystery, sea, for the redeemed of the Lord to pass over lest ye should be wise in your own concerns in. Again, it proves that Zimis the oposite side that blindness in part is happinened to Israel, of the great deep, from the place where they notify the follows: in Zion, for Israel my glory. See Psalm 14: non, to wit, the redemption of our body."

This shall be written for the saith the Lord, and they shall fish the a; and with singing unto Zion; and everlasting joy God hath declared by his prophets, that the shall be upon their head: they shall obtain salvation of Israel shall come out of Zion, stadness and joy; and sorrow and mourning when the fulness of the Gemiles be come in shall flee away."

until the fulness of the Contiles be come in will be understand the re-And so all Israel shall be saved, as it is writ demption means the resurrection of the body, ten, there shall come out of Zion the Deliverer, for short of it no man can be redeemed. See and shall turn away ungodliness from Jacob : Romans, 8th chapter and 23d verse. "And for this is my covenant unto them, when I not only they, but ourselves also, which have shall take away their sins." But where is in the first fruits of the Spirit, even we ourselves written? Isaiah said: I will place salvation gream within ourselves, waiting for the adop-"Oh that the salvation of Israel were the holy apostles groated within themselves come out of Zion! when the Lord bringeth vaiting for the redemption of the body, then back the captivity of his people, Jacob shall they are not yet redeemed, nor will not be un-rejoice, and Israel shall be glad." The pro-til the first resurrection. Also, 25th verse: phets and apostles has informed us that God "But if we hope for that we see not, then do

we with patience wait for it." St. Paul well friends." By the above quotations we have understood (notwithstanding he had been made free from the law of sin and death by the law of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus ast side f J rusalem. See also Book of that he would not be redeemed until a c retain day appointed. Notice what he said to the Thessalonians 1st epistle, 4th chap. 16th bridegroom, for hebold the bridegroom come verse, on this subject: "For the Liote time!" shall descend from heaven with a shout, with still defere mount Olivet? Then will be fulshall descend fr m beaven with a shout, with still d before mount Oliver." Then will be fulthe voice of the archa get, and with the tromp filled the parable of the ten virgina. The of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first. "kingdem of heaven organized with the daugh-Again, in his first epistle to the Corinthians, wer of Zion, where the first dominion to nes, chap. 15: verses 22, 23: "For as in Adam all will go firth to meet the bridegroom and atdie, even so in Christ shall all be made alive tend the marriage supper of the Lamb.

But every man in his own order: Christ the We have shown it by the word of the Lord.

first fruits; afterward they that are Christ's that the re emption will take place at the at his c ming." Paul informs us that the coming of Christ. We have also, proved, dead in Christ will be redeemed at his com-that he will-come to the mount called Olivet. ing. Again, the apostle said, I have fought a See Jel, 3d chapter, 1st and 2d verses: "For good fight. I have kept the faith, henceforth behold, in those days, and highlat time, when there is laid up for me a crown of righteous. I shall bring again the captivity of Judah and ness which God the righteous judge will lerusalem, I will also gather all nations, and give mes at that day, and not only me, but will bring them down into the valley of Jealso, all them that love his appearing. By hoshaphat, and will plead with them there the above, we ascertain that no man will be for my people and for my heritage Israel, crowned until Christ comes, because a spiri whom they have scattered among the nations, without a bedy cannot be crowned. Again and parted my land." By this last quotation Christ said in a parable, the last laborers you will see that all nations will be gathered should have their pay first. Therefore, the to the mount called Olivet; at the foot of the apostle counted the long absence of the pirit meant is the valley of Jehoshaphat, where from the body, a burden; and Paul said, we Christ will plead with the nations of the earth, ourselves, groan within ourselves, waiting for and separate the goats from the sheep. We

the adoption to wir, the redemption of the have proved by the word of the Lord, where body.

the redemption will take place; and we have

hands? Then he shall answer, those with is the place the trumpet shall be blown? Joel which I was wounded in the house of my has answered this question. 2d chapter and

We have proved that when the Lord shall proved that, a part of God's people will rebuild up Zion, he will appear in his glory; turn to Zion on the path he makes for them and we have proved when he appears in his in the sea, when he dries up the great deep, glory, he will redeem his saints. And when ofter they are redeemed, with songs of everthey are redeemed, they will return and come lasting joy upon their heads. By the foregowith singing unto Zion on the path God makes ing quotations, we have learned that the great for them in the sea. Now if we can identify deep lieth between mount Olivet and mount the place he will come to at his appearing. Zion. Isaiah said the redeemed of the Lord we shall know it is the eposite side of the shall return to Zion. Kind reader, ask yourgreat deep from mount Zion. The first testi-self whether any person can return to a place mony we shall bring, you may find in Acts they never left!

1st chapter, 11th and 12th verses: "Which Having-ascertained to a certainty, that also said, we men of Galilee, why stand your unt Zion is located somewhere on the opogazing up into heaven? this same lesus site side of the great deep from Jerusalem, which is taken up from you into heaven, shall he reader by this time may be ready to enso come in like manner as ye have seen him quire where is a continent of land sufficiently go into heaven. Then returned they untilarge to hold one hundred forty and four thou-Jerusalem from the mount called Olivet, and, besides a great multitude which no which is from Jerusalem a Sabbath-day's man could number. We shall refer our read-journey. See also, Z-ch. 14th chapter and ers to the 18th chapter of Isaiah and first verse:

Journey, See also, Z-ch. 14th chapter and ers to the 1sth chapter of sam and first verse:

4th verse: "And his feet shall stand to that wo to the land shed wing, with wings, day upon the mount of Olives, which is be which is beyond the rivers of E hiopia."

Olives shall cleave in the midst thereof to understand about a land having the resemward the east and toward the west, and there have of wings beyond the rivers of Ethiopial that seed to support the rivers of the mountain shall remove toward the north, and 3d verse: "All the inhabitants of the world, and the felicitation of the world. half of it toward the south." See also, 13th and dwellers on the earth, see ye, when he chapter and 6th verse: "And one shall say lifteth up an ensign on the mountains; and unto him, what are these wounds in thinc when he bloweth a trumpet, hear ye." Where

first verse: "Blow ye the trumpet in Zion and when I saw her I wondered with great and sound an alarm in my holy mountain." admiration. And the angelesaid unto me, The ensign shall be raised and the trumpet wherefore didst thou marvel? I will tell thee blown in Zion, according to Joel and Isaiah, the mystery of the woman, and of the beast where the present shall be brought to the that carrieth her, which hath the seven heads, place of the name of the Lord of hosts, the and ten horns." See also, 9th verse: "The mount Zion which Isaiah saw beyond the seven heads are seven mountains on which nivers of Ethiopia. Now, reader, place your the woman siteth. 18th verse: "And the self where Isaiah dwelt among the Jews, and woman which thou sawest, is that great city then look for a land which is according to the that reigneth over the kings of the earth. above description, and you may look a long 12th verse: "And the ten horns which thou time and leave the continent of America out of sawest, are ten kings, which have received your geographical researches before you will no kingdoms as yet, but received power as find it. kings one hour with the beast." 14th verse:

Having located, or rather ascertained, that "These shall make war with the Lamb, and the continent of America is prophetically the Lamb shall overcome them, for he is Lord called mount Zion, we shall now introduce of Lords and King of Kings, and they that our subject for a text. See Isaiah, 28th chap-are with him, are called and chosen and faith-ter and 22d verse: "Now therefore be ye not ful." We shall here ask one grand question: mockers, lest your bands be made strong; for Where did the Lamb and his company of I have heard from the Lord God of hosts a faithful ones come from, that overcome these consumption, even determined upon the whole ten horns? This question we shall endeavor earth."- God has a consumption decreed that to answer in the sequel of our history. shall overflow with righteousness. It is no these tenkingdoms are overcome by the Lamb a consumption of pestilential diseases only, and his company, they will go and destroy but a consumption of the nations of the earth, that great city that reigneth over the kings of When the Lord works, who can hinder? the earth. 15th verse: "And the ten horns See Isaiah, 28th chapter and 21st verse: "For which thou sawest upon the heast, these shall the Lord shall rise up as in mount Perazim, hate the whore, and shall make her dessolate he shall be wroth as in the valley of Gibeon, and naked, and shall eat her flesh, and hurn that he may do his work, his strange work; her with fire: "And that will be the final end and bring to pass his act, his strange act." of that power that banished John onto the Isle. But where will he begin to get a starting of Patmos. The Lord showed Nebuchadpoint? We shall quote to John; he was exi-nezzar that power from beginning to end in led for his religion, and saw a glorious vision, the figure of a great image; he saw the emand one like unto the son of man who told pire divided to the Medes and Persians, and him to write the things which thou hast seen, then to the Grecians, and after to the Romans, and the things which are, and the things and eventually ten kingdoms grew out of it which shall be hereafter. The things he had as tipified by the feet and toes of the image. seen, was the first part of the vision; the Sir Isaac Newton, enumerates them thus: things that are, was to the seven churches First; the kingdom of the Vandals and Alans in Asia, Rev. 4th chapter and 1st verse: "Af in Spain and in Africa. Second; the kingter this I looked, and behold, a door was dom of the Suevians in Spain. Third; the opened in heaven; and the first voice which kingdom of the Vesigoths. Fourth; the king-with me, which said, come up hither, and I dom of the Burgundians. Sixth; the kingwill shew thee things which must be hereafdom of the Franks. Seventh; the kingdom of the Tanks. Seventh; the kingdom of the Tanks. ter." It would be very natural for John to the Brittons. Eighth; the kingdom of the enquire concerning the power that had ban-Huns. Ninth; the kingdom of the Lambards. ished him there, and while in the vision the Tenth; the kingdom of Ravenna. See Dan-Lord showed him the end of that power. See iel, 7th chapter and 7th verse: "After this I Revelations, 17th chapter, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th saw in the night visions, and behold a fourth and 7th verses: "So he carried me away in beast, dreadful and terrible, and strong ex-the spirit into the wilderness: and I saw a ceedingly; and it had great iron teeth: it dewoman sit upon a scarlet-colored-beast, full voured and brake in *pieces, and stamped the of names of blasphemy, having seven heads residue with the feet of it: and it was diverse and ten horns. And the woman was arrayed from all the beasts that were before it; and it in purple and scarlet color, and decked with had ten horns." gold and precious stones and pearls, having a lt is an established fact in the history of golden cup in her hand full of abominations the world, that the Roman empire, was the and filthiness of her abomination: and upon tenth kingdom that had dominion in the place

m purple and scarlet color, and decked with had ten horns."

It is an established fact in the history of golden cup in her hand full of abominations the world, that the Roman empire, was the and filthiness of her abomination: and upon her forehead was a name written, mystery, Babylon the great, the mother of harlots and the kingdom that had dominion in the place of the Chaldaic or Babylonian. Out of it grew ten kingdoms according to profane, as well as abominations of the earth. And I saw the world the prophetic history of the world. Daniel woman drunken with the blood of the saints, and with the blood of the martyrs of Jesus; viz., tipified by the feet and toes of the image,

the God of heaven shall set up a kingdom for ever." These ten kingdoms according to dency of all the church affairs, in said State .-"I beheld then because of the voice of the day and year above written. great words which the horn spake; I beheld even till the beast was slain, and his body destroyed, and given to the burning flame. As concerning the rest of the beasis, they had three witnesses, every word shall be estabtheir dominion taken away: yet their lives lished, he also says, blessed are you, when were prolonged for a season and time." The men shall revile, and shall speak all manner of, eleventh kingdom that grew out of the Ro-evil of you, falsely for my sake, for so perseman empire, according to Daniel's vision, cuted they the Prophets. Now the point I was to be destroyed and put out of existence; have in view, to reach, in the recommendabut the first ten was to have their dominion tion given me by P. P. Prait, is this, he says taken away, but their lives prolonged for a that Elder Divine has dissented from the church season and time. Notice the 12th verse; and joined hands with a hand of apostates, at Lamb and his company, and be overcome, Highers; now Parley, you know in your very but their lives will be prolonged for a season soul, when you made the above declaration, and a time, to help the Lamb and his company that you were guilty of trying to palm an imthrow down old Babylon. If the Allied Pow-position upon the SAINTS, and not Elder ers make war with the Lamb, and his called Divine; and for the information of every honest chosen and faithful ones—of course, they man, and woman, I would say that the King-

AMOS B. TOMLINSON.

[To be continued.]

PARLEY P. PRATT. DEAR BRO. BENNETT:-

In the New York Prophet, of March 29th, ter of these disenters to practice deception and there is an article published over the signature hypocracy, and to palm themselves upon the of the individual whose name stands at the branches of the Church, as members of the article referred to is headed very Church they are seeking to destroy. Of BEWARE OF IMPOSITION! the caution, I confess Parley; oh, shame where is thy blush: really is a very salutary one, and one with which I it would appear that Parley's senses are fast am well pleased. I also rejoice, that P. Plaking leave of him. Pray, sir, how many of Pratt has been led by the influence of some my eastern friends, where your humble servant spirit, to give me so high and exalted a recom has labored from time to time during the last mendation, for I do assure you, my dear Broth-six years past, can you gull into the belief that er, that I do esteem it a much stronger and bet- when I appear among them I am recommend-Ler recommendation, than the following which ing myself as a member of the Church at Nau-I received from under the hand of B. Young, voo? I answer not one; for they know by and W. Richards, on the same day that I took this time, that I claim to hold no affinity with my line of march from that city of corruption. such men. I therefore wish it to be distinctly

CITY OF NAUVOO, Nov. 4th 1844. that shall break and consume all these king doms, and shall stand forever. See Daniel, that, our beloved Brother, James Gibson Di-2d chapter and 44th verse: "And in the days vine, is hereby called and authorized to go of these kings shall the God of heaven set a mission to the State of New Jersey, and to up a kingdom, which shall never be destroy preside over the Church of Jesus Christ of ed: and the kingdom shall not be left to other Latter day Saints, in the 3d Congressional people, but it shall break in pieces, and con-District of said State, in company with Brothsume all these kingdoms, and it shall stander Ezra, T. Benson, who is to take the Presithe best knowledge we can get by tracing the We, therefore, give unto this our beloved brothhistory of the world down to the present day, er-this letter of recommendation, as being includes the European or Allied powers. See worthy the fellowship and esteem OF ALL Daniel, 7th chapter, 11th and 12th verses: SAINTS. Given under our hand and seal the

> Brigham Young, President of the Twelve, Willard Richards, Clerk. The Savior said, that in the mouth of two or

"According to Daniel's and John's visions, Pittsburgh, who stand in direct connection with these ten kingdoms will make war with the Sharp, Col. Williams, the Laws, Fosters, and make war with the Lamb's kingdom which dom of heaven has been organized, in this Daniel said should be set up in the days of place, in accordance with the pattern, shown these kings. Although it should be like a Br. Rigdon, from the Heavens, designated by stone cut from the mountain without hands, revelation, and that organization accepted, by or like a grain of mustard seed; yet it will him, who is Lord of lords, and King of prevail and not be prevailed against. This kings; but not one of the above named indikingdom in order that the Allied Powers can viduals are in the organization, and neither are make war with it, must have a location some lany of them, members of the Church of Christ, where in its commencement. We ascertain so that you knew, at the time you penned that by a careful perusal of the word of God, that article, wherein you saw fit to couple my name it will commence with the daughters of Zion in common with my brethren, among the a-where the first dominion comes.

bove named persons that you were about publishing a ties the of misrepresentations as black as your own heart, and as the major part of your quorum is corrupt. You continue by saying, that it is a peculiar trait in the charac-

understood, that we have separated ourselves hydra-headed monster, to preside over and take from the apostate Church—and that every in the head of all the Church aff its in the east, dividual, whether he is from Nauvoo, or from ern states, will never debate the question, the islands of the seas, or from any other place must repent of all his sins, and be haptized for the regission of the same, otherwise, he Now P ut says prove all things, and hold fast

or she, cannot have part in the motter.

Parley ppe is to be very uneasy, lest 1 should visit the Churches in Now Jersey - and that I should decrive the Saints in that section and pound him in a mortar, with a pestel, among of country, where my labors heretofore have vheat, yet will his folly not depart from him.

reveal unto his servants, within the last few pring the station that God has placed you in.

land, or of God; if in my WEAKNESS, I have ing a thi oble-full of common sense, to believe made an attack upon the virtue of my neight your testimony, appertaining to the right of bor's wife (although I was unsuccessful) don't the First Presidency of the Church of Christ, speak of it." Poor Parley, how weak you without examining the subject himself. There were two things which transpired in Nauvoo, cuse me of telli g lies, or I shall take the liberty of shewing him a certificate, from under ject:—in a conversation I had with Orson the hands of a certain sister; for I hold this Hyde, he told me that if I did not know who maxim to be good, that a Preacher of the Gos.

Why sir, you are ten times worse than a pre-before the Lord, in accordance with Hyde's fessed Infidel; for an Infidel is willing at all recommendation, and have been shewn by times, to back up his theory by the power of logic and reason; but I, P. P. Pratt, an Apost Twelve at Nauvoo, yourself included, are tle, and one of the twelve horns of the Church, Apostates, and that President Rigdon, is the' (as it is called) at Nauvoo, having been duly Prophet, Seer and Revelator of the Kingdom commissioned, and qualified, as a part of the of God. Yours, J. GIBSON DIVINE.

whether I have in reality any authority or not. On! consistency, whith r hast thou fled? hat which is good; but Purley says, prove sothing, and hold fast to as many wives as you can get. Solomon says, if you take a fool

principally been confined; he is careful to I well remember the time when Parley was warn them not to receive me. Now in this I prepared to discuss the principles of Mormondo rejoice, that in all my ministerial labors Tism, either in public or private, either by day have taken especial care to set a good examinately night, and never flinched from the task, ple to those among whom I have been called but rather courted the opportunity: how is it to preach, by laboring with my own hands then? has Mormonism undergone a change! and also to commend myself to the conscience- are not the principles of the Church of Christ

of all men, by a virtuous walk and chasteconversation, so that not ithis unding Parley. Trepeat my mot o, as contained in the ninth
warning the Saints to beware of Elder Divine.
I know many will rejoice to see-him again, that will not reason is a bigot, he that cannot
and the more so to hear him speak of the sub
lime truths, which God has been pleased t

This is not egotism in me, ne ther viz. to fill the station of the First Preidency am I boasting, but I thank my God that I dare fithe Church of Christ, and at the same time, speak the truth without shame or remorse to fill the quorum of the Twelve, bring forth Yes! Parley warms the Saints not to receively our strong reasons, and shew us from such me, until I make satisfaction, and thereby be lestin ny as the Church of Ghrist have always restored to confidence again—now I wish to been able to adduce, to prove any principle look at this matter a little:—eh! confidence—that she held forth to the world, for a "thus what does this mean! To keep your broth saith the LORD;" and I for one shall feel myer's secrets locked up in your own breast—solseli bound to receive it; but your "Strange that if "I (Parley Pract) have been guilty of Inconsistency," is no argument in your favor. a misdemeanor, by violating any law of the Indeed, I am astonished at any man, possess-

pel of Christ should do nothing that he is or me to get re-baptised, and get the spirit of ashamed of, should it be known to all the world. Truth, and that would lead me into all truth: A word to Parley ab ut consistency, and I the other was about two days before I left will bring my letter to a close. In another Nauvoo, when Brigham Young came to my part of the same paper, over his (Parley's) house, and asked me to give him my two signature, is there an article headed, "Strange daughters (one about nineteen, the other about Inconsistency," he says, we frequently hear seventeen) to be his wives, which I positiveof debates, respecting the subject of who should by refused, and at the same time offering me head the Church, whether the Apostles [opos-two good women in exchange for them; I suptates] or Mr. Sidney Rigdon: and winds up pose what he meant hy good women, was such his close, logical, reasonings, by saying, there as had gone the rounds of dissipation. I told ore, I never investigate, or agitate this question this lion of adulterers, that I wanted but one with any person. This is giving areason of the wife at a time, and begged the right of getting hope that is within you, with a witness to it, one of my own choosing. I laid this matter

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ESSAY ON FUTURE EVENTS.

Nδ. 111.

"The law and the prophets were until John: since that time the kingdom of God is preached, and every man presseth into it." By this,

'We have the following curious sayingsed, and every man presseth into it." By this, about John-the Baptist. See Matthew, 11th the kingdom of heaven was not only preached, chapter and 12th verse: "And from the days but every man pressed into it. When John of John the Baptist until now, the kingdom of came, he cried, "repent, for the kingdom of heaven suffereth violence, and the violent heaven is at hand;" "repent, therefore, and take it by force." There are many other pas-believe the glad tidings.". It was also said sages in the scriptures, that may throw light on to the Jews, that the kingdom of heaven was these sayings. It is said in the 13th verse: in them or among them, and yet after that "For all the prophets and the law prophesied time, James said, the kingdom was yet future; until John." And then these sayings follow All these sayings are easily reconciled, when in the 14th verse: "And if ye will receive it, we see the subject as the Savior and apostles this is Elias, which was for to come." By did. that the Jews indepstood that the law was to dom of heaven suffered violence," since the cease when Elias came, and the prophets had days of John the Baptist, thus informing the thus testified; and from that time the king-Jews, that that which they looked for had dom of heaven was to be proclaimed. In the been preached to them since the first com-1st chapter of John's gospel, from the 19th to mencement of John's ministry, and had been the close of the 23d verse we have the follow proclaiming to them ever since; and notwithing: "And this is the record of John, when standing all their desires for the kingdom to the Jews sent priests and Levites from Jeru-come, and their glorying in brilliant anticipasalem to ask him, who art thou? And he contion of the glory they should receive when the fessed, and denied not: buttconfessed, I am kingdom was established—it had received not the Christ. And they asked him, what nothing but violence at their hands, and that then! art thou Elias? and he saith, I am not from the commencement of its proclamation Art thou that prophet? And he answered, no till then, and that the violence they were then Then said they unto him, who art thou? that inflicting on John and on the Savior, was we way give an answer to them that sent us; against their long expected and desired kingwhat sayest thou of thyself? He said, I am dom of heaven, John being the "Elias" who the voice of one crying in the wilderness, had the power, and the only one who find, to make straight the way of the Lord, as said establish the kingdom with Israel, this being the prophet Esaias." John is here said to his mission to the Jews, and the reason why deny being "the Christ," or "Elias," or he was more than a prophet. Every violence "that prophet." From the inquiries of the offered to John, was violence against the king-Pharisees bere made, we learn that the Jews dom of heaven promised the Jews, on condicapeated a "Christ," an "Elias," and ano-lion that they would receive the messenger ther messenger here called "that prophet." who came with power to restore the kingdom Some have found a difficulty between the say-

Some have found a difficulty between the saying of the Savior here, and that in Matthew The Jews, long before John's mission, had the FIth chapter and 14th verse, where the violated many, yea, nearly all the command-Savior says of John: "If ye will receive it, ments of God delivered to them; but they, this is Elias, which was for to come;" and never had offered violence to the kingdom of yet John says to the Pharisees: "I am not heaven, until John came proclaiming it; after Elias." Let those who think they see a difficulty, mark, that Christ said, John was the the kingdom of heaven, and their violence Elias if they would receive it; if they would against Jesus, was also against the kingdom not receive it, John would not be the Elias, of God, netwithstanding their former iniqui-John of course said he was not." Elias, alty, if they had received John, they would have ter it was manifest the Jews would reject got the pardon of their sins, and been restored.

to the favor of heaven; hut when they did

In accordance with the prevailing opinion violence to him, their last ray of hope peramong the Jews, that at the time the restorer ished; for on obtaining the kingdom, their
came, the law would cease; it was said that only hope rested, and when they did violence
the law and the prophets were until John, and to John, they did violence to their last hope,
after that, the kingdom of heaven was preach and their dewnfall was certain. In view of
ed. See Luke 16th chapter and 16th verse; all these things. Jesus says in the 23d chap-

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fer of Matthew, and 37th verse: "O Jerusa-saying, to the effect, that the thing was true em, Jerusalem, thou that killest the prophetslin another sense, if it were false in the sense and stonest them that are sent unto thee, how in which it was spoken. Well might Paul often would I have gathered thy children to say, that "blindness in part had happened gether, even as a hen gathereth her chickens unto Israel, until the fulness of the gentiles under her wings, and ye would not! Behold, be come in."-Romans 11: 25. The Jews your house is left unto you dessolate."-then rejected John, crucified Jesus, and did Why was their house left unto them desolate? viclence to the kingdom of heaven, under the They had committed an act in doing violence impression, that by that violence they would to the kingdom of heaven, that sealed their forcibly take the kingdom, and deliver themdestruction, and insured their overthrow; but selves from the power of their enemies. Leavin committing their violence, they did it in ing this for the present, we will attend to the view of securing to themselves the kingdom, other sayings respecting the kingdom, which and through and by this violence, they in- we find in the New Testament. tended to take the kingdom; hence the words In Matthew 12th chapter and 28th verse it of the Savior: "and the violent take it by is said: "But if I cast out devils by the force," or expect to take it by force. That Spirit of God, then the kingflom of God is the Jews expected and intended to take the come unto you." See Inke, 10th chapter and kingdom of heaven, and that their violence 9th verse: " And heal the sick that are thereing against both John and the Savior, was done and say wate them, the kingdom of God is in order to take the promised kingdom, we come nigh unto you." We might quote multhink cannot be a matter of doubt with those titudes of scripture which are to the same efacquainted with the scriptures. In John's fect: such as "the kingdom of God is in gospel, 11th chapter, and 47th, 48th, 49th and you"-" come near unto you"-"the king-50th verses, it is thus gaid: "Then gath-dom of God is preached, &c. &c. In relaered the chief priests and the Pharisees altion to all the passages in the New Testacouncil, and said, what do we? for this man ment of the above character, a few words will doeth many miracles. If we let him thus place them in a clear point of light. It was alone, all men will believe on him: and the said by the Savior, "that since the days of Romans shall come and take away both our John the Baptist, the kingdom of heaven was place and nation. And one of them, named preached," and from what we have written Caiaphas, being the high priest that same above, John had power, if the Jews would year, said-unto them, ye know nothing at all thave received it, to have established the kingnor consider that it is expedient for us, that dom; but in consequence of their having reone man should die for the people, and that jected and killed John, that power was taken the whole nation perish not." A few remarks from the earth; still the kingdom of heaven is all that is necessary on this quotation in was preached, and a new order of things inorder to see its hearing. Keep in mind what troduced through the priesthood and ministry we have before written, that all the Jews, not of the apostles, by which those who believed even the Pharisees and Scribes excepted, ex-the glad tidings proclaimed and obeyed the pected the kingdom of God to be established instruction given, could be made heirs of that among them, through which they expected to kingdom, when it was established and had triumph over all their enemies, that when they triumphed, would inherit in the blessings got the kingdom, they would deliver them of the saints in light, through whom that selves from the Roman yoke, and from the kingdom would be established, and borne off power of all nations. Now mark their say-till the Savior come. Hence the apostles ing about Jesus, verse 48th: "If we let him went forth proclaiming the kingdom, calling alone, all men will believe on him; and the upon all, Jew and gentile, to believe and obey Romans will come and take away both our the gospel, that they might be heirs of that place and nation." And again in the 50th kingdom. So that all who believed and obeyverse: "That it is expedient for us, that one ed the teachings of the apostles were made man should die for the people, and that the heirs of the kingdom, but their being heirs, whole nation perish not."

Now the Jew's hope of deliverance was dom at the time their heirship was obtained; intigly predicated on their obtaining the for Paul says in the 4th chapter to the Galakingdom, and it was by reason of this, that they expected that their place and their nation would be saved from the Romans; and they say, as quoted above, "that it we let they say, as quoted above, "that it we let this man alone all men will believe on him, and the Romans will come and take our place and nation." The same as to say, if we let him alone we will lose the kingdom of heaven, and be entirely overthrown, and "it is better that one man die, than a whole nation better that one man die, than a whole nation istry of the apostles, they became heirs of the

kingdom, heirs of God, and joint heirs with redeem the whole purchased possession, and Christ, but did not not could not enter into unite the heavens and the earth together, and the inheritance until the time appointed of the bring in everlasting righteousness. father; but still the kingdom of God was fact is so plain, that we think none can doubt among them, had come to them, was pro that in order to do this there had to be some-claimed since the days of John the Baptist—thing different from that established by the and, when "that prophet" came, "that root apostles. If we could now at this late period of Jesse," "that deliverer," and established of the world, establish a New Testament the kingdom, and it was borne off triumphant, church, as did the apostles, with all its prophthen was the time appointed for those to whom ets, apostles, pastors, teachers, gifts, heal-the apostles had ministered, to change their ings, miracles, tongues, and interpretation of heirship into possession, and no longer beltongues, what could it do? The highest it heirs but possessors. could do, would be to make those to whom

We have a saying of Paul in the 11th they administered, heirs of the kingdom; but chapter to the Romans, which is to the point could not bring them into the possession of See the 7th verse: "What then? Israel hath the inheritance; for that, the apostles themnot obtained that which he seaketh for; but selves, when they were here, could not do; the election hath obtained it, and the rest were and who acting under their authority could do What was it Israel sought for !it ! surely none; " for the servant is not greater We have before shown, that it was the king-than his lord, neither indeed can be." dom of God; and here Paul says they had Surely then, wo to the world, the dead and

not obtained it, but the election had; that is, the living, if the angel has not nor never the apostles had obtained power to build the brings the everlasting glad tidings, the kingkingdom of God, and prepare materials for it, dom of heaven will never be established so that at the day of its triumph It might be Babylon will never be thrown down; the dis-

Surely then, we have reached an important the heavens and the earth never be gathered; point in relation to the salvation of the world all the promises made to the world fail; and that all that have gone before our day, and all those who have died in Christ perish. the dispensations delivered to men, have left. We wish to say a few things more in rethe world without reaching the promise made lation to the Jewish expectations concerning.

dispensation to come into the world, in order to cease, and the kingdom of heaven was to that they may change their heirship for pos-be proclaimed and established, and their earsession, and enter into the inheritance and in nest desire was to obtain that kingdom, feel-

herit with the saints in light.

he make in the earth." What more need we say, to show that the dureth throughout all generations. The Lord acquainted with the things of God, have been those that be bowed down.

pensation of the futness of times never come;

to them of God our heavenly Father, and that the kingdom of God, and on what these exall those who were administered to by the pectations were founded. We have shown primitive apostles, are waiting for another above, that the Jews knew that the law was ling assured, if they did, they would prevail; We may, if we will look, see the greatland finally triumph over their enemies. And

necessity of "the Elias" coming, that the they expected an Elias, a restorer, to be sent hearts of the children may be turned to the and commissioned of heaven to establish that fathers, seize upon heaven's offered boon of kingdom, and through that kingdom restore the kingdom, and cease not till they have ob-all things; turn the hearts of the fathers to tained the redemption of the purchased post the children, and the hearts of the children to session, and brought the rest of the fathers, the fathers, and thereby save the whole earth and this will of necessity, turn the hearts of from a curse. the fathers to them; for the fathers could not They felt themselves fully authorized to have equal interest in an order of things, believe this from the testimony of the proph-

which left them without their rest, as they ets. David in whom they believed, had said could have in one which was to eventuate in so many things about the kingdom, and about their complete redemption, and in their change its glory, that the expectations of Israel were ing their heirship for the possession of the intraised exceedingly, high. In the 145th Psalm heritance. No sooner would the hearts of from the 10th to the 15th verse inclusive, the children be turned to the fathers, than David says: "All thy works shall praise thee, those of the fathers would be turned to the O Lord; and thy saints shall bless thee. They children, and then specifify will the earth he shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom; and redeemed from the curse. It was in view of talk of thy power; to make known to the sons this, that the Lord said he would "cut his work of men his mighty acts, and the glorious mashort in righteousness, for a short work would jesty of his kingdom. Thy kingdom is an everlasting kingdom, and thy dominion en-

expectation of all who, in any degree were upholdeth all that fall, and raiseth up all The eyes of all resting on the fact, that the God of heaven wait upon theet and thou givest them their would at some-fixed period in the world, es-meat in due season." And again, in the 103d tablish his kingdom, and through and by it, Psalm, after viewing the dealings of God with

men, and the frailty of the human family, in particular notice. It is said of these, withey the 17th and 18th verses, he begins to set forth shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom, and the grounds of his hope and foundation upon talk of the power of God;" those who are which his happiness rested, as follows: "But not sain; will do neither; they will neither the mercy of the Lord is from everlasting to speak of the glory of the kingdom, nor talk of everlasting upon them that fear him, and his God's power—the saints will do both. A righteousness unto children's children. To people may talk of the power of God, and not such as keep his covenant, and to those that be his saints, and they may speak of the gloremember his commandments to do them."

Who can read these sayings of the Psalmest, saints; but when a people talk of both, we and not see the light in which he viewed the are bound to believe they are the saints of the kingdom of God, and the results which were Lord, for this is what his saints are to do. to follow its organization on the earth. In We have a remarkable instance of this now the above quotations the context will be suffi passing in this city. The saints here began cient to show, that David's whole expectation to talk of the glorious majesty of God's kingfor the salvation of Israel, entirely depended dom, and of his power in staying the violence on the triumph of the kingdom of God, not of fire. This indeed appears strange talk on the triumph of the law as it then existed to some of our citizens; to them it is wild in Israel. He says in the 11th verse of the delusion, and editors afar off in the land 145th Psalm; "All thy works shall praise are crying delusion! knavery! Witness the thee, "A Lord, and thy saints shall bless Cleveland Herald. Bishops and Editors, are thee." How shall his saints bless him? all on the alert. What is the great alarm? Ith verse: "They shall speak of the glory There are a people in this city who have venof thy kingdom, and talk of thy power." 12th lured to talk of the power of God, and the verse; "To make known to the sons of men glorious majesty of his kingdom, as David his mighty acts, and the glorious majesty of said the saints would do. This is all; and his kingdom." Who then, that had confi this is enough to alarm a Bishop, to arouse dence in David, could avoid locking forward the vituperation of a son of the west, and with deep desire for the coming of the king-greatly to enkindle the ire of a city Editor. dom of God? There rested their hope; there Still, after all the excitement, the saints will the saints were to talk of the power of God; talk of the glorious majesty of the kingdom it was there that the mighty agis of God were of God. And why the saints talk of it and to be made known to the sons of men. It not others? Because others have no underwas the glorious majesty of his kingdom in standing about it. To them, it is an idle tale; which his saints were to rejoice, and not in but to the saints a matter of rejoicing, because the law; for his kingdom was to be an ever-line kingdom of God is to "rule over all the lasting kingdom, and his dominion through learth." This made David sing of it, the out all generations. From verse 13th, to the prophets to rejoice in hope of it, and the apos-close of the Paslm, David shows the glorious ties desire that it might be given to Israel. results of the kingdom where his hopes alone

the grass of the field, and finds no hope only that those who are not saints, should be startin the kingdom of God, and there he finds led at the idea of the saints talking of God's hope for the living and the dead. For though they perish as the grass, and wither as the not saints, and know nothing about the power flower, yet the mercy of the Lord is from of God, and as little about the kingdom. him, and his righteousness unto children's whole earth. dom of God is to rule over the whole-earth Jews-and Gentiles, the fathers and the chilyet there is hope both in life and in death; understand it, or ever will; to others, pro-God has his throne in the heavens, and his fessors or non-professors, it will be as one kingdom ruleth over the earth.

The saints will not only talk of the glori-In the 103d Psalm as above quoted, he carries his views still farther; he views the markind as fading and perishing as others would be saints, supposes the feel and feel and

Nearly all the ignorance in the world in rechildren; to such as keep his covenant, and lation to the things of God, arises, from a to those who remember his commandments to want of understanding of the things pertain-Why will the Lord do all this? ing to the kingdom and power of God; the Because he hath prepared his throne in the very things about which the saints were to heavens, and his kingdom ruleth over the talk. If ignorant professors understand the This then is the reason assign-glories that pertain to the kingdom of God, ed for the hope of the righteous. The king-the relation it bears to the salvation of both though the righteous are cut down as mederen, the dead and the living, they also would grass, and wither as the flower of the field talk about it; but none but saints ever did teaching the doctrine of "strange Gods;" and There are a few sayings in the above quo will remain so until the Lord shall have essations about the saints, which also deserve tablished it in righteousness over the whole earth, and then they will open their eyes in called the everlasting gospel, and that ever the unseen world, being in terment, and be-lasting gospel to be proclaimed, not by the wall their tenorance and hardness of heart apostles, but by an angel from heaven. If

that they did not believe, then, this is correct, all the preaching and Taking what we have quoted from the leaching men can do by virtue of the authority Psalms, in connection with what Daviel says received from the apostles, will leave Babyin the 2d chapter and 44th verse of his pro-lon, where they found it. phesy, and the 7th chapter 13th and 14th verses, and we can see why it was that the Jews one thing we think is certain, and that is, so earnestly desired the kingdom of God, whatever that thing called Babylon the great and the reason why they looked to that as is, it is a semething which grew up notwith their only hope. If what was said by David standing all the power and priesthood the aposand Daniel were true, they could as well as the which Paul alluded, when he said the any others might, if they were in their stend, to which Paul alluded, when he said "the see that if this kingdom passed into the hand, mystery of iniquity doth already work," and of others, they must fall, and if they obtained would do till a certain time. What makes us it, with it they obtained all things. According to these prophetics it was the same thing, is, that it is calling to these prophetics it was the same thing. ing to these prophecies, it was to "break in ed "mystery Babylon;" and Paulsays, "the pieces all kingdoms, and stand ferever to injustery of iniquity doth already work." This fill the whole earth; a kingdom which was mystery of iniquity, was in all probability, to bear rule over all tongues, languages, and kindreds of the earth, to be everlasting, certain, that it was something that was to foltonever be given to other people; the dead low after the days of the apostles, and if it as well as the living to be particles in the special in despite of all the rejection. as well as the living to be partakers in its spread in despite of all the priesthood the glories, and when the Son of man came, this apostles left on earth until it became Babylon was the kingdom which was to be given to the great, it would be a very unfair conclusion all-absorbing question to the Savior: "wilt growth until it became great, could after it

thou now restore the kingdom to Israel?' ets, and the New Testament apostles and or any of them, had it before, it would have prophets, and they cannot avoid seeing that been easier to stop it before it got great, than this, of all others, was the subject that en- to cast it down to rise no more after it had be-When the apostles come great. grossed their attention. contended for the resurrection of the dead, it

pected it.

heaven fairly before us as taught by all the according to their ministry and apostleship; sacred writers, we may well say the last days for according to that dealing, Babylon grew are to be days of wonder. The prophet Isai-up and became great, and the same cause ah then said right, when he said of the Lord, would let it remain great. A change then, that in these days he would perform his work, must take place, and how will that change his strange work, and do his act, his strange take place? If it is not by the angel John act. If all the things spoken by the prophets saw with the everlasting gospel, we are left and apostles are ever fulfilled, the day or days to conjecture; and in that case, the angel saw in which they will be fulfilled, above all by John, had no business; he brought tidings others, will be the days of wonder. We the world did not need; for the apostles had must expect a new body of inspired men yet all the power necessary, and could transfer it on this globe; men having received authority, from generation to generation. not from the apostles and prophets of old, but from the mission of an heavenly messenger

the great. thrown down by reason of any power or priesthood the apostles had left when they were vent of the Savior put the heavens and the taken; for had this been the case, they would earth together—bring those forth who were have said so; but when they speak of the under the alter in heaven, and cause the heave downfall of Babylon, they speak of it as a ens and the earth to shout Allaluia.

consequence, which shall follow a something

Well then, might the disciples ask the to draw, that that which could not prevent its became great then overthrow it, where would Let any man read the Old Testament proph. all this power come from? For if the people,

Look at it then as we may, and the concluwas in obedience to the triumph of the king-sion is forced on the mind, that it will require dom of God. It was through that they ex-the interposition of heaven in some way, to cast down Babylon the great, different from Having then the subject of the kingdom of the Lord's way of dealing with the apostles,

View the subject in any point of light we sent through the midst of heaven for that can, and we are left to embrace the plain purpose, and bearing good news that are to-be scripture facts, that in the last days an aneverlasting, and through that, cause the down-gel was to visit the earth to inspire men to fall of that which the scriptures call Babylon found and bear off the kingdom of heaven. and thereby gather Israel-establish right-It is a matter for all to notice, particularly, eousness on the earth—cast down Babylon—that thing called Babylon, was not to be bring in the redemption of the purchased pos-

For the Messenger and Advocate. Adam till the present time. servants the Prophets, that he would com- and he saved in the Kingdom of heavenmence to do a great and marvellous work The Apostle Paul said in his days, to the among the inhabitants of the earth in the saints at Rome, there is therefore now no conlast days, which will cause the wisdom of the demnation to them which are in Christ Jesus, wise men of the earth to perish, and the un-who walk not after the flesh, but after the derstanding which they gain from the world Spirit, for the law of the spirit of life in Christ shall-be hid, because the Lord has said by the Jesus, hath made me free from the law of sin mouth of his servants the Prophets, that-his and death. power shall be made known in the last days for the salvation of Israel.

has commenced; and who shall be able to Spirit of Christ he is none of his. stand! why those who receive precept upon St. John tells us in the 3d chapter of his

heaven.

these last two months, are the judgments demned. elamor of war. oppress the hireling in his wages, the widow, the doctrine be of God, or of man.

about the judgments of God covering the earth, The generation in which we live, is one that and darkness the minds of the people, and I is admired by the inhabitants of the same, said it will be by the revelation of Jesus that more than all generations from the creation of we will be able to stand amongst the wreck Yea, the Proph of nations; and I said repent and believe the ets of old looked down through the vista of gospel of the Kingdom of heaven, now I detime, in vision, and beheld the great work of sire to point out to you the way that is laid the Lord to be accomplished in this generation, down in the Scriptures, that you may escape Yea, the Lord has spoken by the mouth of his the judgments that are coming on the earth,

By the above saying of Paul, I understand all who are not in Christ Jesus are condemned; And this shall be done by the Lord giving but Paul said the spirit of life which he obunto his servants precept upon precept, and tained in Christ Jesus, made him free from the line upon line, that they may teach the child-law of sin and death. I understand Paul to ren of men the way which they can escape say that the spirit of life is only obtained in the judgments of God, which is coming on the Christ Jesus, which freed him from the law of Therefore, repent; O ye inhabitants of sin and death, and made him an heir of the the earth, that you may escape the wrath of kingdom of God. Paul says more about the God, for the day of his judgments in the earth spirit of life; now if any man have not the

precept, and line upon line from the God of Gospel, that Christ said to Nicodemus, "For God so loved the world, that he gave his only The inhabitants of the earth may cry peace, begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him peace, and say all things are well with us, for should not perish, but have everlasting life; we are walking in the old paths, but we will for God sent not his son into the world to connot have precept upon precept, and line upon demn the world, but that the world through line, for the bible is all the revelations the him might be saved; he that believeth in him Lord is going to give us, but know for assurity is not condemned, but he that believeth not all ye inhabitants of the earth, it will be is condemned already, because he has not beby the power of God being revealed unto lieved in the name of the only begotten Son." us that will cause us to stand in these days, Here we see, that he that believeth not the for the things which have come upon the earth words of the only begotten Son of God, is con-Moreover, Jesus says, "For he which are spoken of by the Prophets, that whom God hath sent, speaketh the words of should come on the earth in the last days. God." And again, Jesus said, when he was a Therefore, repent. O ye inhabitants of the in the flesh, "The words which ye hear are earth, and obey the gospel of the Kingdom of not mine, but the father's which sent me;" heaven, for the judgments of God will not and Jesus said to the Jews, "I come not to stop, but they will increase year after year; do mine own will, but the will of him that sent yea, kingdom will arise agains: kingdom, na-|me;" and also Jesus answered them, and said, tion against nation, and state against state; "My doctrine is not mine, but his that sent yea, the nations of the earth will be in one me." I am aware that the people in this gen-Now know for assurity, O ye eration do not look at these things as they inhabitants of the earth, that the Son of God read, for if they should they would under-will make his second advent to the earth when stand just what they mean, and that is what the inhabitants of the earth will be at war one Jesus said to the Jews about the will of his with the other; yea, in that day the power of father, that if any man will do his will he God will be revealed to his servants. The shall know of the doctrine, whether it be of Lord has said through his servants the Prophets God, or whether I speak of myself. By this that he will be a swift witness against the saying we understand the people were taught sorcerers, and against the adulterers, and to do the commandments of God, and by so against false swearers, and against those that doing, they had a promise of knowing whether and the fatherless, and that turn aside the the privilege the people had in the days of stranger from his right, and fear not me, saith Christ, and the apostles, and the same privilege is granted to this generation, inasmuch as Now my readers, I have said some things God is unchangeable—the same now as in the

days at the apostles—and is no respecter of lowing them that would believe another gospersons; but (as Peter said to Cornelius) in pel from that which the apostles preached; every nation he that feareth him and worketh but the apostle Paul said to the saints in his righteousness, is accepted by him. Now my days: "If any man preach any other gospel readers, the law which is laid down in the unto you than that ye have received, let him New Testament, came from him who is perfect, he accursed." with whom is no variableness, neither shadow And again my readers, we find the testi-

of turning, and as David says in the Psalms, mony of Luke, which reads thus: " And (Jethe law of the Lord is perfect; and Jesus said, sus) said unto them, (the apostles,) thus it is Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Fath-written, and thus it behoved Christ to suffer.

and to rise from the dead the third day, and er which is in Heaven is perfect. By the above testimony we understand that that repentance and remission of sins should God is perfect, and the law which he gave be preached in his name among all nations, through his Son, to the apostles, is perfect beginning at Jerusalem." By this we are also; and we read in the New Testament, able to understand where it was to commence, when men obeyed that law, which was given and the way it was to be preached to all nato the apostles, that they received blessings; tions; and by reading the 2d chapter of the as you will find written in Mark; also in Acts. Acts of the Apostles, you will understand In the 12th chapter of 1st Corinthians, the that when Peter preached the first sermon on apostle Paul tells us about the blessings the the day of pentecost, and testified unto the people received in his day by obeying the law Jews, that they had crucified the Son of God, Now I will point out to you, my whey were pricked in their hearts, and said readers, the law of God, as it is laid down in unto Peter and to the rest of the apostles, the New Testament, by reading the 28th chap limen and brethren, what shall we do." Here ter of Matthew, commencing at the 18th verse, you see that these men believed the gospel as (which speaks of Jesus giving commandments it was preached by Peter. Now bear in mind to the apostles, after the resurrection) "And the commandment that Christ gave to the Jesus came and spake unto them, (the apos-apostles, saying: "He that believeth and is tles,) saying, All power is given unto me, in paptized shall be saved." Peter having this heaven and on earth; go ye therefore, and commandment from Christ he was able to teach all nations, baptising them in the name tell them what to do, that they might have of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy their sins remitted, which reads thus: "Then Ghost: teaching them (all nations) to observe Peter said unto them, repent, and be baptized all things (not a part) whatsoever I have come every one of you, in the name of Jesus Christ, manded you; and lo! I am with you always for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive even unto the end of the world, Amen." the gift of the Holy Ghost, for the promise

Now the question is, what were all nations is unto you, and to your children, and to all

to observe after they were taught by the apost that are afar off, even as many as the Lord I will answer this question by the our God shall call." testimony of Mark, 16th chapter, commencing at the 15th verse: " and he (Jesus,) Lord call any person in these days? the most said unto them, (the apostles,) go ye into all of the people will say yes. the world, and preach the gospel to every assuredly, if God calls any people in these creature. He that believeth (the gospel you days, he will call them to obey the very same apostles preach) and is baptized, shall be kind of gospel as Peter preached on the day saved, but he that believeth not shall be of Pentecosi; and that was, faith in the word damned," (or condemned.) By this we un-of God, and repentance, and baptism by waderstand that when men believed the gospellter, for the remission of sins, then they had that the apostles preached, they were com-the promise of the gift of the Holy Ghost, manded by Jesus to baptize them according which was confered by the imposition of the to the testimony of Matthew. And moreover, apostles hands, as will be seen in Acts 19: we have in the testimony of Mark, a promise 5, 6. When they heard this, (the words of the gifts and blessings following those Paul spake unto them,) they were baptized in who would believe the gospel which the the name of the Lord Jesus; and when Paul apostles were commanded to preach, which had laid his hands upon them the Holy Ghost reads thus: "And these signs shall follow came on them, and they spake with tongues,

Now I want to ask one question, does the Therefore know, reads thus: "And these signs shall follow came on them, and they spake with tongues, them that believe; in my name shall they and prophesied." Also, in the 8th of Acts we cast out devils, they shall speak with new learn that Philip went down and preached to tougues, they shall take up serpents, and if the people of Samaria, and when they believe they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt ed Philip's preaching, "they were baptized them, they shall lay hands on the sick, and both men and women." After this, the aposthey shall recover." You will bear in mind, these gifts and blessings were to only follow received the word of God, "sent unto them those that obeyed the gospel as it was preached to received the word of God, "sent unto them those that obeyed the gospel as it was preached to promise of any gifts or blessings folcoive the Holy Ghost; for as yet he was fallenged.

Corinthians, that no man can say that Jesus the least of them to the greatest, and Jesus man to profit whithal. For he says "to one was given the word of wisdom; to another, the word of knowledge; to another, faith; to an-MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE. other the gifts of healing; to another the working of miracles; to another, prophecy; to an other, discerning of spirits; to another, diverse kinds of tongues; to another, the interpretation of tongues; but all these worketh that linson will appear in our next. one and the self-same Spirit dividing to every man severally as he will."

Now my readers, 1 have set before you in ward; since the conference, several additions short, the law of God as it is laid down in the have been made to the church in this city and New Testament, and the blessings that men obtained by obeying that Taw. Now I have arrived to a point where I will have to ask been blessed with the privilege of initiating you a question, and that is, has God ever changed the law which he gave through his church in Boston has been greatly favored of Son to the children of men? I believe you will the Lord by a mary llous display of his goodall answer, not f r none who reads the New ness and by the outpouring of the Holy Ghost, Testament can point out a single place where

God says he will change the gospel law .-Therefore, my readers, I have proved that God is perfect, and his law is perfect, and conse this city, but we er joy sweet communion with quently it must be as good to-day as when it was given. Therefore, all I have to say now is, that I know the law is not changed, but if reign in every heart, and joy is beaming on men will obey the law as it is laid down in every countenance; while we are thus assemthe New Testament, they shall receive the bled together, we feel as though we are sitsame blessings which the saints enjoyed in the ing in an heavenly place in Christ Jesus; days of the apostles. This I know for my self and not for another. Yea, we live in a and we are constrained to say like one of old, generation when God has spoken from the vit is good for us to be here." heavens to man on the earth, and given him Thus, while Parley P. precept upon precept, and line upon line, that upon the Elders of the Mormon church to come

upon none of them: only they were baptized the earth, then the heavens and the earth will in the name of the Lord Jesus. Then laid be together, for the earth will be full of the they their hands upon them, and they received knowledge of God as the waters cover the great deep. Yea, in that day, all the inhabthe Holy Ghost. Paul informs us, in the 12th chapter of 1st itants of the earth shall know the Lord from

is the Lord but by the Holy Ghost. And he will be king over all the earth. All persons also speaks of the gifts of the Holy Ghost, have this privilege by obeying the law of God. which they received by obeying the gospel; that they may obtain the spirit of life which even that gospel which Christ said should be is in Christ Jesus, that they may inherit the preached in all the world for a witness, then the earth a thousand years with the King of shall the end come. But Paul says the man-kings, and Lord of lords. Search the scrip-ifestation of the Spirit was given to every tures, for they testify of these things. ROBERT KINCAID.

PITTSBURGH, PA. JUNE 1,-1845.

The communication of Elder A. B. Tom-

The progress of the Kingdom of God is onvicinity. The church in Philadelphia has new members into the kingdom; and the the Lord by a marvellous display of his good-

as will be seen by Elder Hutchings letters. Not a Sabbath passes with the Church in the Spirit of God-the love of God seems to

Thus, while Parley P. Pratt is calling

he might arganize the kingdom of God which apon the Elects of the mornion enter to come is spoken of by Daniel the prophet. Yea, I out from the Gentiles with the gospel, and not speak the truth and lie not, the kingdom of preach to them any more, saying "you cannot God is organized on the earth, and it will roll do it by the power of the Holy Ghost," the forth until it becomes a great mountain and Lord is blessing us with the gift of his Spirit, fills the whole earth. Yea, in that day the and with knowledge pertaining to the things Son of God shall burst the heavens, and come and with knowledge pertaining to the things forth with power, and great glory, to redeem of his kingdom, to a greater extent than we his servants who bear off the kingdom of God have ever before realized; therefore, we say to the nations of the earth. Yea, in that day he the elders in Israel, the messengers in the will redeem all who are in Christ Jesus; if in kingdom of heaven, the fishers and hunters of their graves, they shall be redeemed there from; if in the heavens, they shall come forth the Lord, go forth in the name of Israel's God, from it, for the heavens shall pass away as a lift up your voices in righteousness, and spare scroll when it is rolled up, and all the heaven not, proclaim the everlasting glad tidings of ly host shall descend, and will inherit the the kingdom, to the Gentles and to all the earth; and all those who are living in the flesh world, and the Lord God of Hosts will in that day, which are in Christ Jesus, shall bless you with the outpouring of the Holy he redeemed from their enemies, and inherit Ghost, and confirm the word with signs

yet to be thy nursing fathers and their queens live church; and that the Lord interposed in thy pursing mothers" and they are to "bear thy sons upon their shoulders, and thy daugh ters in their arms."

The Catholic, of the 10th ult, has been pleased to copy from the minutes of our confetence, certain things, which the leaders of that paper have thought sufficiently worthy of their notice; acompanying the extracts with occasional-remarks, and as a Mr. O Connor is the head of the Caholic concern in this city. we are justified in believing, that in the comments alluded to, we have a rare and true specimen of his religeous theory. We have alwayentertained a better opinion of the Catholic faith, than the remarks made in his paper will justify. So we shall have to lower our opinion.

Taking into connection the extracts and comments, they present to the mind a curious that principle which, rejecting the necessity specimen of religious faith; one that we and existence of an overring guide, allows should have thought no respectable dignitary in any church would be willing to acknowledge. The sentiments in our minutes are call-faith is to be found only in the ark of the ed famitacism; this is well enough. Where church? When will they cease to be "tossed in the fanat cism consists, the public is not in o and fro with every wind of doctrine," the formed; it is perhaps enough for a dignitary to say so, and all must be silent. The Bishop thinks our doutrines are "absurd enough."-i-cts the necessity and existence of an uner-How much absurdity makes enough, is surely ing guide?" CI the principle of the divine ina question for the learned, and a Bishop rerposition, the principle that heaven reveals ought to have told the ignorant and unlearn-himself to his saints, and interposes in their absurdity, when he has too little to make a by them. And this is the principle which alcatholic, or when he has too much, or just a lows every man to follow whatever his reason sufficiency! for if we were to judge of the may suggest as conformable to revelation.catholic faith by the specimen before us noth. Is it so Bishop? Then Sir, this was the ing but absurdity would make one.

believe the ancient faith, the faith of the prim. Cathologism is the primitive church. what? the faith of the primitive church.

ing of angels, and the divine interposition revelations, any ministering of angels, or any

following, for the kings of the Gentiles are not deny that such was the faith of the primitheir behalf and others, when they sought in righteonsness at his hand, and that this was ne of the essential differences between the ancient christian church and all others .-Neither will be dare deny that the priesthood of the primitive church, was consecrated to God for this purpose that through their ministration all the blessings of heaven might be bestowed on the church, not even the gift of he Holy Ghost excepted. Then pray, Mr. O'-Connor, how comes it, that this is now absurdity, and yet, the primitive church still exists? But the most currous of all is what the Bishop says about the church? His words are as fol-1.00-2

"We think no one can read those extracts without being induced to lament the weakness of human nature, and seriously to examine the merits of that principle which directly leads to the most unacc untable delusionsevery man to follow whatever his reason may suggest as conformable to revelation. wil experience teach men, that security of, dupes of delusion, and perhaps of the" concing levices" of interested men.

What principle is it, Mr. Bishop, that "re-Now Mr Bishop, has a man enough of thehalf and in behalf of others, when sought of principle which governed the primitive church What is it that has called forth the disap-as long as the New Testament gives us any probation to our faith from the Bishop's per account of it. So this, according to modern or some of his dependants. It is because we Cathologism is an absurdity, and yet modern

itive church; and here in Pittsburgh is a dig. But the Bishop asks when will experience nitary, calling himself a dignitary in the prim teach men, that security of faith is to be found itive church, crying fanatacism, absurdity; at only in the ark of the church!" Now what church is this, in which security of faith is It is the belief in revelations, the minister-jonly to be found? A church without any through and by the prayers of the church, that manifestations of the divine power, because this dignitary calls absurdity. Upon what a church with these is an absurdity in the principle is it, that the Catholics call their Bishop's estimation. Then safety of faith, church the primitive church? Surely, he will must be deposited in a church where none of

those exist, and yet, it is such a queer thing priesthood had no more powers than theirs that it does not allow every man "to follow this the Catholics denied, asserting theirs whatsoever his reason may suggest, as con-have all the powers of formable to revelation."

So a man, in order to have security of hith, a priesthood in the world, must neither have reason nor revelatien, and such a character not only to claim priestthen he will have security of faith. Well, hood, but also maintain the true doctrine of Mr. O'Conner, you are a hopeful Bishop.

against the Catholic church, that the members the necessity of crying delusion, absurdity. must believe the priest, though it should be though the people thus charged only claim against both reason and revelation; but we the powers of the primitive priesthood. always supposed it to be slanderous; but to This is but an honesty acknowledgement our surprise, there is one dignitary in the on the part of the Bishop, and one the prois there "absurdity enough" in all this, or will have made; and we think the protestants owe leave you to answer. We should think there his hiding place, and placing him in the comwas a sufficiency to answer the purpose of mon ranks of his neighbors. any knave.

cease to be tossed to and fio with every wind no way to conceal the nakedness of the aniof doctrine" the dupes of delusion, and per-mal; but raise a dust about delusion, heresy, haps of the "cunning devices" of interested &c. in order to hide from the public gaze men?" We answer, it will be when those their true character. who think they have the true priesthood but have it not, will examine their true standing priesthood is as good and has as much power as hefore God, and see their error, and cease to mine, "and then you will say right; make no lead the people astray by mistaken pretentions, more pretentions to the priesthood of the true and resign their pretentions to the priesthood which God has instituted and not man! for had in instituting a priesthood among men, the true priesthood will lead men into truth was that through that priesthood the Lord and not into error, and God will sanctify their might communicate his will and blessings to ministrations, by the gifts of the Holy Spirit; man. Take this away, and one man can be and those to whom they administer, will a priest as well as an other, and any laborer receive the testimony from on high that they kind as a bishop. are God's ministers, set apart of heaven for The Catholics can have no claims to be the this purpose. Or else it will be when God primitive church, only, because in their church pretenders, and establishes his true presthood, in one church over another. If the Catholics the earth with the true knowledge of God.

communications; but still he wishes the that priesthood are the primitive church.

the primitive priesthood; but since there has appeared priesthood, that of getting revelations, ob-We have often heard such charges made taining visions &c. The Bishop is under

church bold enough to assert it. Well bishop testants have long since known he ought to it require more to make a good Catholic. We us something for drawing the bishop out of

After all the high pretentions of Catholic The Bishop again asks: "When will they dignitaries to the true priesthood, when fairly

makes bare his own arm in defence of the they have the primitive priesthood; neither is truth, and cuts down in his wrath all false other, only the superiority of the priesthood thereby restoring that which is lost, and filling then are the primitive church, they have the primitive priesthood, and, if they have it not, The Bishop finds himself without the but what says the Bishop? it is absurd fanatpriesthood of the true church or kingdom acism to claim the powers of the primitive of heaven, and he cannot obtain divine priesthood, and yet, the Catholics without

What was it that rendered the faith of any people to believe it, and is driven to the man safe in the primitive church? it was the necessity of calling the powers of the power of the priesthood in that church, betrue priesthood, absurdity. And in order to cause the priesthood of that church had powsupport his own pretensions to priesthood. This is what the protestants have always them the knowledge they desired. It was on said of the Catholics, that the Catholic this principle they could "bind on earth, and it

should be bound in heaven, and lose on earth, tures, was to be established and triumph. and it should be losed in heaven," but take And this we have a right to claim at the this power from the priesthood, and their bind hand of Mr. O'Conner, and he is not at libing and losing were vain, and the attempt to do erty to, depart from it, without sacrificing so an insult to heaven. But the Bishop calls every principle which belongs to a gentleman. this power fanatacism, absurd, &c. and yet, In publishing the minuites of our conferif he claims the priesthood of the primitive ence, we had respect to the many churches church, he claims the right to bind on earth, of our order scattered over the country, who and what he binds on earth to be bound in believe, not only in a priesthood, but in the heaven; but the power of prevailing with the powers which belong to it. They care no heavens, and getting the mind of God in rela-thing about men's pretentions to priesthood tion to that binding is, according to his landunless the Lord acknowledges by his spirit, guage, "absurd enough." Well if it is more and sanctifies all they do, by making known absurd than the Bishop's pretention, we that what is done is according to his will .should think it was "absurd enough" to an-It was for their satisfaction we were particswer his or any other man's purpose, no ular to give the events which transpired at matter how deep his designs to deceive. The and during the conference, that they might truth then is, the Bishop has not this binding know of the goodness of God to us ward, and power, for if he had, he would never say that the Lord was with us. We had no that it was absurd for there to be the min-lidea in thus discharging our duty to our istering of angels, in answer to the prayers friends, that we were going to kindle the ire of the saints, or divine manifestations to those of our neighbours, or cause a hishop to diswhom God has called and chosen; and respect the robes of his dignity; but so it the very proof that the bishop has not has happened, and we cannot help it. sidney rigdon. the true priesthood is the fact of his, saying these are absurd, and, consequently, is in-. Introduction capable of determining whether God has To the various Branches of the Church of Christ, called any man or number of men to be

priests and ministers before him. Catholic church, we deny their having the say a few things in relation to their government, true priesthood; giving them all they claim, It is the prerogative of each branch to choose that of an unbroken chain of ordination its own officers, for the better management of since the days of St. Peter; and though its own affairs. No evangelist, by virtue of they can prove this chain of ordination—a his office, has a right to assume the authority something that is strongly to be doubted—over any individual branch, only by the request still they will come far short of establish and appointment of said branch. Neither ing their right to the true priesthood of has the General Conference a right to appoint the last days on this principle; but when a presiding or presiding officers to preside they have established the fact of their reg-over any individual branch, unless said branch ular succession of ordination from Peter, they requests the Conference to do so;—but in case have proven to the satisfaction of every one not such request is made, the Conference has acquainted with the bible that theirs is not no power to appoint. No person going from the true priesthood, by which the kingdom the General Conference, and acting under its of God was to be established, through which direction, has a right, by virtue of their apthe glory and triumph of the saints were to pointment, to claim the presiding authority come; for this is a priesthood the apostles nev-over any branch of the Church.

er posessed to have, themselves being judges,

The Conference has a right to appoint an

they never had themselves. our name upon the public, and that not with in their vicinity; but this does not give the the courtesy which becomes a gentleman, evangelist authority to claim the presidency we have a right to demand of him to support of the branch. Evangelists and others have his assertions and prove to the world, our fan a right to build branches any where, where the atacism and absurdity, and we also challange Lord opens a door for them, and to preside him to prove that he has the true priesthood; over said branches if they choose, and the and when he shall have shown on what prin-branch so desires—which in all instances ciple he claims it, with the bible in our hands would probably be the case: but if the evanwe are ready to meet him; and we will say to gelist and the branch thought best, he would the bishop, to begin with, that we will allow have a right, at the request of the branch; to him the right of having an unbroken chain of appoint another to preside, and go his way and ordination since the days of Peter the apostle; build others, and take the general superintenbut we will ask him to prove that that ordina dence of all the branches thus built by him, tion gave him the priesthood by which the knowing at all times he was under the direckingdom of heaven, as mentioned in the scrip-tion of the Twelve.

GREETING:

From recent occurrences in some of the But with due defference to the Bishop and branches of the Church, we deem it a duty to

and they could not give to others a priesthood evangelist to go and labor within the bounds of any branch, for the purpose of aiding and Inasmuch then, as the bishop has obtruded assisting the branch in establishing the truth

sentiments; and if a person is put under bondage he is not frée.

It is every person's right to serve God or lettiles of the country. it alone, as far we are concerned, and for his conduct he must be free to act or else he cannot of Christ that never belonged to the Church of be judged. Let every branch then choose its ... Latter Day Saints." The Church of Christ own presiding efficers, and let no man try thin her eclesiastical organization, is the same obtain it only at the r quest of the branch it as the Church of Christ was, before the exisself. If there is a branch organized which is tonce of the Church of "Latter Day Saints." established in righ cousness before God, they Lord does not so manifest to the branch, let the body into their church. let him act where he can until the Lord shall lar in every essential particular. give him another place.

labor as such, if they fail to do so, and get our ever gave to man; and unless it is "the abomof their place, and thereby do injury instead of mattern which maketh desolate," spoken of by good, for this they must give an account to the Daniel the Prophet, standing where it should

Let evangelists and all others, therefore leave the world to say what it is. when they accept and are sent on a mission. suffering all things for Christ's sake, and if quired to enter by the door of baptism. ih many.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

TO THE PUBLIC.

in April last, in this city, and thereby are lia any way connected with them, who respects ble to do us injustice. It appears to be the truth and decency, righteousness and good or-Impression that the Church of Christ is a der, and before whose eyes is the fear of God, branch, or some way connected with that aban will seperate from them, whether in Nauvoo donedly corrupt Mormon institution at Nauvoo. or elsewhere, and let the corrupted and cor-No greater mistake than this can exist. Church of Christ has no relation to them, nor We ask the editors of our city, and all othconnection with them, more than it has with ers who desire that the true state of the cases any other society. The Church of Christ ut as it is in relation to the Church of Christ, terly denies their authority, receives no mem- and the Mormons at Nauvoo, should be known bers from that body, only as they receive them to the world, would give the above one inser-

There are rights which belong to every by baptism, on the confession of their faith member and every branch of the Church of and repentance. Neither is the Church of Christ, which must be held secred, or else the Christ composed of those who belonged to Church becomes a system of tyranny, and that sink of corruption. There are of those, aspiring men will assume authority destruction the Church of Christ, who wer connected tive of the rights of others, and in vi lation of with the "Latter Day Saints;" but who utthe laws of Heaven. The Church of Christierly refused to have any part with that branch is a system of liberty and not oppression.—in Nauvoo, after the introduction of their base "If the Son therefore in ke you free, you shall system of polygamy, which was followed by be free indeed," is one of the Savior's noble v system of lying, perjury, and coining, and counterfeiting, &c., and is fast terminating in open collision between them and the authori-

There are many who belong to the Church

The Church of Christ is not chargeable, in will have wisdom to choose the right person my way, with the abominations of the Nauto preside over them; and if any desire, led voo corruptions, any more than the Methodist him desire it before the Lord, and if it be the or Presbyterian Church would be, if on the con-Lord's will that he should have it, the Lord fession of their repentance towards God, they will so manifest to the branch; and if the should receive of those that belonged to that person know, assuredly, that desires it, that it is not the Lord's will be should have it, and and of that nondiscript in Nauvoo, are dissim-

hing after its own likeness, and has no foun-When evangelists are sent out to a place to dation for its order in any revelation that God

not, that is, as the Church of Christ, we must

In relation to the various branches over see that they fulfil their mission faithfully which it tries to hold a controlling influence, and cease not to do good, and be not anxious as soon as those who love the truth among. to preside over branches, till the Lord gives them, become acquainted with the strue state them success in their mission. They are ex of affairs at Nauvoo, they forsake them: and pected to be those who can give proper in many of them come to us, and seek admission struction to all, and be examples of humility linto the Church of Christ, and are always re-

they are found wanting, and unfaithful in the consequence of this, we have more knowledge smaller matters, the greater things will not be of their corruptions than any other people could committed to their charge; for he that is not have. Many of those to whom they have refaithful in a few things, will not be faithful realed their secret iniquity, expecting them to partake in it, on finding out their true characters, have left them immediately, and come and joined the Church of Christ, and put it in possession of facts of such an awful character, In reading the public journals of the day, we as to make humanity blush; and we think we find that they are laboring under mistaken no speak advisedly, when we say that the time tions about the Church of Christ, organized is not far distant when every person who is in

The rup ers share the fate that awaits them.

tion in their paper, and thereby correct the sboken of by God, through his prophets, unpublic mind, that justice may be done us.—derstood this subject, they would never rest public mind, that justice may be done us.—derstood this subject, they would never rest. We would also request the members of the satisfied until, I stael, Jacob, and Judah were Church, and the travelling elders to get this restor d, and the kingdom attain to that percopied into as many papers as they can.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

(For the Messenger and Advocate) Pittsburgh May 15th, 1845, and year 1 of the tens me away. The Lord willing, you shall Kingdom of God. Elijah R Swackhammer to the Editor of the

Messenger and Advocate of the Church of Christ.—Dear Sir may prosperity in the king dom, attend you and all its members, for this is the burthen of my prayer day and night.

For the last few weeks I have been hold ing forth the kingdom and the everlasting payable in advance. By it we learned of the gospel or glad tidings of the kingdom, to a safe arrival of our brethren to the West. portion of the people in Beaver Co. Penn. to whom I expect to return to-day. Brother are pleased with the Ensign, and wish its en-Jeremiah Hatch has been with me, and we terprising and faithful conductor, abundant were favoured with the company of brother success. The brethren would do well to pats David L. Lathrop for a few days. But he ronize it. We extract the following: left us to go on a mission to his afriends and to some of the people of New York.

Brighton, and three miles above, in New-nals, published in the present and last Nos. Brighton, three in Sharon, two in Boldsville of the Ensign, you will discover, without the And in Bridgewater, and quite a number in aid of mental spectacles, that satan is making Freedom. Four have received the kingdom a powerful effort to arrest the progress of the under the hands of Elder Gregg, who was work of the Lord on earth and it devolves upwith us at a few of our meetings, in the or-on you to assume the strength of faith, so merdinance of baptism, which according to Jesus cifully bestowed upon you by your indulgent and all of his messengers, is the only door of heavenly parent, and prepare, come weal admission. An interest, I am glad to say, come woe, to stand by Christ and his last, places: the people are beginning to take sides/conveylive efforts previous to his ingrargeration. on the all absorbing subjects that we have and every heart will be tried. Do you not presented; the line is being drawn between feel him? Do you not at times feel a letharthe advocates of truth, and the advocates of gy—a disposition to think lightly of your reforth as clear as the sun, and as fair as the Beware! The devil is plying you, and eter this kingdom; that the heavens might be con- ness—it brought you peace, comfort, love. of the just might be brought to pass or that the will not cast you off. spirits of the just might come and take posjoy the rest of God; until then the whole creation will grown and travail in pain together tend that the kingdom of God was set up on whether in heaven or on earth. And I am the day of penticost; but, if we compare

fection that will compel, as it were, the heavens to yield the Savier of the word, that we might enjoy the rest, for until then I say, as before, we will not obtain it. Time hashear from me from my place of labour. Amen.

We have received the April No. of the Ensign, a highly interesting monthly periodical. published by Elder George M. Hinkle at Buffalo, Iowa Territory, at \$1 per annum,

TO THE SAINTS ABROAD

We have held meetings in Newport in old Beloved brethren: By perusing my jourand in Bridgewater, and quite a number in aid of mental spectacles, that satan is making places; the people are beginning to take sides couvulsive efforts previous to his incarceration, And I would to God that his kingdom ligion and of those who are connected with were now to the point in the which it will shine you in the service of our blessed Redeemer? moon and as terrible as an army with banners; nal death awaits you if you alow him to come and that fine linen clean and white might be off victorious! Reflect. The time was when a fair representation of the righteousness of you received the word of the Lord with gladstrained to give up the Son of God, the king is it so now? If not, turn again to the God of kings and lefd of lords; that the resurrection who listened to you in former times, and he Pray! Pray!! Pray!!!-

Daniel tells us of seeing a little stone, cut session of their bodies; that we might sit down out of a mountain without hands, which itself in the kingdom, with not a few, but with Adam became a great mountain and filled the whole Abel, Seth, Enoch, Noah, Abraham, Isaac, earth. He also gives us the interpretation of Jacob, Moses, John, Jesus, the Apostles and the vision, and says that the little stone repreall the men and women of God, and all sented the Kingdom of God which should be the little ones (for they have not sinned not set up in the last days. That kingdom is having the power.) that ever have or may now set up! The little stone has commenced yet live. This, Dear Brother, will be the rolling, and each successive revolution adds to wedding of weddings and marriage of marits size and velocity! Would you know the riages; and when the forgoing takes place, particulars—the history of its earliest motion? we, if faithful, with all the redeemed will en-Read our "journal of tour East."

well satisfied that if all who desire the rest Daniel's visions with history we will find lit-

tle difficulty in coming down to the Roman large branch of the Mormon Church, accomempire, or, as Daniel calls it, kingdom. In panied with Brother Hardy; we had a good his vision given in the seventh chapter, heltime, God was with us; some of the most divides this empire and makes two of it, re-respectable part of the city, and all the presented by the legs of the image; again it respectable citizens were very much taken is divided into ten, represented by the toes. — up with us, as though we had a covenant of After the last division comes the little stone, peace for the troubled soul, and a balm for evsmites the image, grinds it to dust, becomes alery wound.

We could not get a public discussion with great mountain and fills the whole earth .-Histofy informs us that no division had been the Mormons, nor would the president let us made of the Roman empire on the day of pen-tacost; but, the divisions, as seen in the when they did not use it; neither would he vision, have since that day, been made, and suffer any of his members to come and hear the little stone has just got under way, and us, but was like the dog in the manger. will, most assuredly, perform its destiny, and met Mr. Little in the street Sunday evening,

and challanged him to come to the Town Hall that quickly. Now, dear brethren, we know that this king-and hold a public discussion, when a long dom is set up, and will prosper in the thing controversy took place between us, which

whereunto it is sent. Be wise, dilligent, and drew a crowd around us in front of the Conpray continually to God that he may give you gregational church. Brother Hardy had

light upon the subject.

gone to the Town Hall to his appointed meet-You will also find by reference to my journal, ling, but I had drawn all the attention of the that an union of our church with the one for-people, so brother Hardy suspecting what merly called "The church of Jesus Christ of was passing, and finding no one come, nor Latter day Saints," was effected at the Pitts-brother Hutchings, came back to see what burgh Conference. The principles and doctrines taught by us, in times past, will continue proceeded to the Marmon Hall to open his to be impressed upon the attention of these artillery on Rigdonism, as he pleases to call with whom we shall labor. Our doctrine has it. The Spirit of the Lord God said to me, suffered nothing from the new and important go to this people and cry aloud, and spare not, position we now occupy. Our name alone and show them their transgressions. I told has been shorn of its fair proportions. We brother Hardy I should go to the Mormon have agreed to dispense with the latter parts meeting, he said he would go too; so we of both names, and called the union "The wrote on the Town Hall door, "Adjourned tochurch of Christ." We consented to this ar Mormon Hall," when we repaired thither, rangment from the reflection that, being the where the people followed us and crowded Church of Christ, we are his bride and must the house full; they were serving out Little's ultimately be his wife. We are not now a stuff against the servants of God. I arose in the mere handful, depending entirely upon the name of the God of the universe, and warned ministerial labors of one man; but are now them not to speak a word against that man of members of a Church respectable not only for God, nor against one of those whom God had its size but for the activity, industry, intelli-called and chosen, upon the peril of their gence and piety of its ministry. We can no souls, for the command of God was, speak longer be looked upon as an ignis fatuus in the evil of no man; and as 1 hurled the truth, western wilds; but as a part of a bright lu-by the power of God against error, the power minary, whose steady light is now encircling of darkness gave way, and light burst forth: the world, and ere the close of the present every soul gazed upon me with intent anxiyear will illuminate the earth from pole to ety, as I lay the cause of God before them. pole. Almighty God has prepared the way After I got through, Mr. Little got up and and determined that all nations, kindreds and commenced a tissue of lying, slander, insults tongues shall hear his call this once, last time, and littleness, to which, one of the citizens Now is the time for us to act, and God grant a very worthy man, said the kingdom of God you grace that you may perform the duties was likened to ten virgins, five wise, five

that may severally be required of you with foolish, and if Mr. Little kept on they could alacrity and promptitude, is the earnest and soon tell who the foolish ones were, the difconstant prayer of your humble brother in the ference was so plain. From this meeting we

service of Christ, G. M. HINKLE. EXTRACTS OF LETTERS RECEIVED

FROM TRAVELING ELDERS. Boston May 16, 1845 They all treated us with the greatest friend-

DEAR BROTHER FLAGGE I take my pen in hand to let you know tions, not worth naming, and they are sorry of my prospects thus far. I have been out of enough, I think, to wish they had done differ-town a good deal since my return from con-ference, to Peterborough, where there is a ly, and all my dear brethren in Pitteburgh.

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had private interviews with some of the best of the church; suffice it to say, nearly the

bless them in the name of the Lord God.

ship and politeness; with a very few excep-

whole of Peterborough is for us.

This is in haste, I will write again; the Lord Hutchings and Brother Wingate took each knows I love you all, I do not mention allother by the hand, while Brother Martin, as a your names, but I think of you all individu faither amongst us, with the younger brethern ally every day in my prayers to God for you in sympathy acknowledged to each other, if Please to tell the Editor of the Messenger strang time they had hart each other's feelings. and Advocate, to send a papor to Elbridge hey were sorry, and would never, while the W. Clark, Peterborough, N. H. He has world stands, do it again, God being their help. paid me one dollar, I am going to send some er. With burning love as the heart of one man. more with it in a few days. I have baptized at half past twelve we adjourned." eight here, and there are many more to be rest of God.

WILLIAM HUTCHINGS.

We have received another letter from Brother Hutchings, dated, Boston, May 19, 1845, by which we learn the Church in that city has attended to the ordinances of the Kingdom of has prospered me since I left. I traveled Heaven with glorious results, as will be seen twelve miles the first afternoon, when the from the following extract. honest and intelligent; he was not a secta-

"A meeting was appointed at my house for rian, but had been endeavoring to show them on, and lifted our hands to Heaven, and in in it. solemn prayer consecrated the oil; after which we prepared to an adjoining room, one by one, and on Thursday visited a Methodist preachto wash and anoint till all were washed and er and warned him faithfully; he soon beanointed; while the rest of the brethren were came silent. He told me of a Mormon that in prayer and exhortation. After this there was was in the place, I called upon him, he rea brother felt to go and be baptized; and came ceived me well, and wanted me to stop and back and received his washing and anointing preach to the people. I staid with him three The brethren all but two remained at the house days and preached twice, it made a good im-The brethren all but two remained at the nouse days and preactine twice, it made a good infinity in prayer during baptism. After this we stood pression.—Monday went to Franklin, from up and confessed, and covenanted together to thence through the woods in Warren county, stand by each other, in all righteousness, during our lives; also dedicated ourselves and families, and all that we had to God, all seal-appointment this evening; may the covenant with a loud amen. We also bless us with his spirit.

Vectorday we righted a small branch of before me like a bright cloud, and my speech promised to return. I believe they will come failed me, and my tongue began to flutter out of the Old School. Brother Smith thinks like a leaf among the leaves; and in this of staying a few weeks in this vicinity. We cloud there appeared to be a centre, and in that preached on Monday the 19th, about ten miles the Lord's Supper, when such a glory was drink, and when I am weary, he furnishes felt to be over, and around us, and in us, as I me a bed to rest on, for which I feel to thank never realized here. Brother Hardy, Brother and praise his excellent name. Pray for me.

Your brother in the hope of the We make the following extracts from Elder Benjamin Stafford's Letter addressed to his family, who writes from Jamestown Chetauque county, New York, under date of May 20, 1845: "I take this opportunity according to promise, to write you, having been ab. sent from home two weeks; my health is good. You will want to know how the Lord spirit of the Lord led me to a man who was

washing and anointing. I prepared all things, their error for twelve or fourteen years; he and on Monday evening the brethren met, and believed the word of God, and declared to me, I commenced counseling them not to do any that according to it, the sects must be wrong. thing but by the Spirit of God, and let the meet-I advanced our faith to him, when he wanted ing be dictated by it; and then several pfayers me to preach that night; he proffered his went around with great feeling, while the table house and to find a congregation, so I preachwith the emblems of the Lord's Supper was in ed to them; he received it well, and promised our midst; all looked sublime. We then stood to see to these things. If he should come around the table which the oil was placed up linto this church, he would be an ornament

covenanted to do all we could to bring in the rest of God, in the presence of God, with up-Latter-Day Saints, about eight miles from lifted hands to Heaven; and while in the at-this place. We bore out testimony to them titude of this covenant, as we did at Confer in the name of the Lord, they received us ence, about to say amen, something appeared well, and wanted us to preach to them; we

centre the Son of God; I did not see the whole from Jamestown, had a good hearing; I beform of a personage, but a glorious light; and lieve there are some here who will obey the I talked for some minutes in an unknown gospel; may the Lord help them.

You may want to know how the Lord prosseemed to be directed to this personage in the pers me in temporal things; I must say he cloud. In a few minutes I found myself with is very good to me. When I am hungry he my brethren amazed. We then partook of feeds me, when I am thirsty, he gives me

We have before us a letter written by one of the brethren who have gone West to settle their business, and to preach the gospel, directed to his family in this city, from which source, that there is in Nauvoo a report in cirwe make the following extracts:

" Iowa, May 11, 1845.

DEAR COMPANION: that through the goodness of God our heav-tailzed from the true order of the kingdom of enly Father, I am in the enjoyment of good God, and inclined to stray after the twelve. have you come to stay? not understand the term whistling out of Book of Mormon, and Doctrine and Covenants; town,' therefore I will explain it: they have the friends of Elder Rigdon have the whole of a club in that city of corruption, which have that truth. organized themselves, and are equipped with dirks, pistols, and large knives to whittle supposed that I ever was so far duped that I with; they take a club or cane of some kind, could not see, hear, and, read for myself, I can and commence whittling on it, and whistling only say he was much mistaken in the person. after the person or persons they wish to get I trust that in a few days I shall be more rid of, and in this way to expell them out of at leisure than at present when I shall avail out of the place; they run him to the river again. and got him in a skiff and sent him into the Territory, and would not let him transact any business; he had letters for some individuals there, but could not deliver them.

attend to my business. I left in the afternoon a hot drop!" for Iowa.

may give me his spirit to direct, with that the Mormons set our city on fire. of the mighty God of Jacob, that I may be should they be held accountable for the conable to speak in that way that will strike duct of one of those who denounce them.—with terror their guilty consciences. Yes, I have is neither reason nor justice in such a sak your prayers, and the prayers of the saints in my-behalf, and in behalf of our brethren, that God will deliver us out of the thanks for his frankness in presenting this mathands of our enemies; for I must say, that I believe our lives are at stake if God would. believe our lives are at stake, if God would permit them, for the wickedness of this peo- MESSENGER & ADVOCATE, ple, is truly greater than any one could imutter astonishment at the awful corruptions which this people have entered into; for there are some whom it seems God has given over (Book, Job and Xylographic Printer.) No. 197 to work all manner of wickedness. I must close, and I ask my heavenly Father to bless TERMS.—One Dollar per annum, payable,

other's society impeace. Affectionately Yours." Pittsburgh May 21st. 1845

BROTHER E. ROBINSON.

Sir:-I have within the last two. of three weeks learned from an authentic culation that I have forsaken the church who receive Elder Rigdon as the president of the same, or to use my own language, and thus, con-

I take my pen this morning to let you know vey the true import of such a report, aposta-

* I arrived in Nauvoo, on the Now sir this is without any foundation in truth evening of the 5th, and the first thing was whatever, and here allow me to take the liber-After my reply, the vy to say once for all, that I know to a certainanswer was, you are a Rigdonite, you will ly that if there is any truth in the doctrine and be whistled out of town. Perhaps you will order of the church as set forth in the Bible.

If any person in Nauvoo or elsewhere, have They whistled father Austin Cowles myself of the opportunity to write to you Yours as ever B. WINCHESTER.

The Mormons.

We regret that some of our brethren of the On Wednesday morning, I was accosted press-we do not allude particularly to those by one of them who asked me what my bu-of our own city, are endevouring to cause ill siness was in the city; I replied that I had feeling against the Mormons on account of been absent from the place for nearly a year, the infamous wish of the editor of the Nauvoo and I came to attend to my husiness; he told Neighbor, that "God, who never errs might me to leave the city, and that I could not sprinkle, upon every man and city, who belies stay there. I told him that I was going to the saints, as upon Pittsburgh, now and then,

The great fire was, at worst, the result of I have only to say that my trust is in my most culpable carelessness, but there is noheavenly Father, and my prayer is that he thing to convince the most credulous bigot that wisdom, knowledge, and faith, that will entithat our Mormons are not of the church at able me to stand before them in the strength Nauvoo, but bitterly oppose it, why then

OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST

agine. I have not language to express my is printed about the first and fifteenth of every month, by E. ROBINSON,

thee, and give thee his spirit, and grant every in all cases, in advance. Any person procurblessing thou needest, and hasten the day blessing thou needest, and hasten the day five dollars current money, shall receive one when we shall be permitted to enjoy each volume gratis. All letters must be addressed to E. Robinson, Publisher, Post Paid, to re-

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE

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No. 15.

SERMON No. 2. THE LAST DAYS.

BY S. RIGDON.

desting; the changes to which he is subject; out of nothing, is quite a different thing. standing which, could not fail to increase our united form man. intelligence, and that in relation to things happiness.

tion; a subject fraught with vast importancelly taught that no believer in the Bible will to all. into something. The people say Moses said conversation here related, was between two

he has said, with the idea given us in the crea-TO THE SAINTS OF tion of man, there is a ray of light over the whole subject. He says that God formed a body out of the dust of the earth, and, after he had formed it, he put a spirit or life into it : Hebrews 2d chapter 6th verse. "What is man of this we can conceive; we can conceive of that thou art mindfull of him? or the son of man God forming a body out of the earth, and we that thou visitest him?"

There has been much preaching, in the diff of its then having life. Here is the point at ferent ages of the world, about G d the Fa-which the history of creation becomes intel-ther. Jesus Christ, the Holy Spirit, angels, ligent, and, with the idea Moses gives us in devils, heaven and hell, time and eternity; relation to man, we can form some idea of but it is our intention to say some things about creation. We can conceive of God forming man: our text asks the question, "what is and fashioning matter so as to render it a man?" and there is force given to the inquiry habitation of spirit, and of his putting spirit from what follows; "that thou art mindfull offinto it when it is thus formed, and making him." That there must be importance attached one subservient to the purposes and benefit to him since God is mindfull of him, is certain; of the other for eternity; two things which and every man must feel an interest in under-loriginally were separate, being united, and standing himself; in inquiring into his own be made mutually beneficial to each other for-

history; his present situation; his future ever; but to conceive of God making either his capabilities; his incapabilities; where he is from and whither he is going; and whether is the uniting of body and spirit, and the er he had an existence before he was man; forming and shaping of body for this purpose, and, if so, what change he underwent from and hence we learn that man is a combinathe former to the present state; and whether tion of spirit and body, either of which is he will cease to be man at any period of his capable of a separate existence; but a spirit existence; are all questions which we, as separate from body, is not man, nor body men, have a deep interest in, and, under-separate from spirit, is not man; but the two

A query now suggests itself. which would be calculated to increase our spirit which inhabits this body, exist before it was in the body? And if so, was it intelli-In order then to understand the irquiry in gent? That the spirit can exist without the our text; we will say a few things about crea-body, and when separated from it, is so plain-Query what is creation? It is said to attempt to deny it, and that it is capable of he God making all things out of nothing.— exercising all the rational faculties is equally This may be true or it may be false for ought certain. We have a singular account given any man knows about it, to us they are words us by the Savior, that puts this forever at without any meaning; for we have no concep rest. See Luke 16th chapter, from the 19th tion of nothing, and until we have we can verse to the close of the chapter, to which we have no idea of God manufactoring nothing would direct the attention of the reader. The so, if he did, that would not alter the case, it disembodied spirits, Abraham and the rich would not give us power to conceive of noth-man; by this conversation we learn much ing, neither would it give Moses power to do about spirits when separated from the body. it; for Moses was as incapable to conceive of They are capable of conversing with each nothing as we are, and if Moses said so he other, of being tormented, and comferted, and used words without conveying any idea to they also take with them, in their disembodhis own mind or to others. When we speak ied state, the recollection of things which of creation, we speak of it at a point where took place while, in the flesh, in this world; it is tangible; where the mind can conceive they retain the knowledge of their family reof it. In the history of creation given by lations, and carry with them the family affections, we cannot conceive of it till he reach-tions and their desires for the welfare of their es the creation of man, at this point we can lather's family, and, in their disembodied understand him, and the mind can conceive state, desire the salvation of their relatives what he says, and then tooking back on what which they have left in this world.

It was said of the rich man that he opened in this age say they have revelation enough, his eyes in hades or hell, as our translators they need no more. Now who is it that have rendered it, being in torment, and be-would not desire more, and that on this inheld Abraham afar off and Lazarus in his portant point. Who but would like to snow bosom. The rich man was dead, and so was where he was in that day, and what were Abraham and Lazarus, and yet they beheld the mood or modes of his existence? if he each other, and "the rich man lifted up his had any. A man who says he is satisfied eyes" and called to Abraham. By this we with the revelation he has about himself, is learn that disembodied spirits can see, hear, surely greatly in love with ignorance. No-and converse, and are capable of suffering thing could be more desirable to him, whose and of being comforted.

important facts in relation to man, that the question, in truth, and tell where he was, and principle of intelligence, which is a part of what part he was taking in the rejoicings of him, never ceases to exist, whether in the that morn of morns when Chaos first began body or out of it. If it then existed at all be to be organized, and this world to spring up fore it was in the body, it was intelligent or from darkness and the deep. Was that prinintelligence. On this subject we have some ciple of intelligence in me, that is capable of things said in the scriptures worthy of no-exercising all the powers of rationallity, when That there were intelligences in exist-seperated from this body, then existing? and ence besides the Deity before the formation if so, how long before, and where was it then? of man, is as plainly taught as it is that God These are important reflections which must made man. The Lord says to Job as follows arise in the reflecting mind; but how shall in the 38th chapter of Job, from the 1st to the any man answer; the world say we are to have close of the 7th verse:

whirlwind, and said, who is this that darken reveal the secret; they would call him an imeth counsel by words without knowledge?—postor, and say away with him, away with Gird up now thy loins like a man; for I will him, God is to give no more revelation; and demand of thee, and answer thou me. Where on this principle the question in our text must wast thou when I laid the foundations of the remain forever unanswered: "What is man?" earth? declare, if thou hast understanding .- for if we cannot know what man is in his sep-Who hath laid the measures thereof, if thou erate parts, we will never know what he is in knowest? or who hath stretched the line up-the whole.

on it? Whereupon are the foundations there. It is at this point that he who desires of; when the morning stars sang together, revelation. It is at this point, in relation to and all the sons of God shouted for joy!"

the earth was laid, "the morning stars sang and become acquainted with his own history: together, and all the sons of God shouted for and be able to answer the question when as-Who were these "morning stars and ked, "what man is." sons of God?" were they the spirits that were As to the fact, whether our spirits did exafterwards put in the flesh by the creation of ist before the creation of this world, we have man, and "sang together" and "shouted for some things said by Solomon in the 8th joy" when the first ray of hope burst on their chapter of Proverbs from the 22d to the close minds, rejoicing that through the creation then of the 31st, verse which may throw some going on they should receive bodies, and by light on the subject. "The Lord possessed me recieving bodies, they would be made to bear in the beginning of his way, before his works a different relation to the Deity from what of old. I was set up from everlasting, from they then did, inasmuch as the Deity, in the the beginning, or ever the earth was. When they were no deaths. I was brought fifth.

of the earth! declare, if thou hast understand as yet he had not made the earth, nor the fields ing: what an important question "where was | nor the highest part of the dust of the world. thou when the foundations of the earth were When he prepared the heavens I was there: the question home to himself, and ask "where depth: When he established the clouds above: was Lat this time?" "had I an existence or when he strengthened the fountains of the was Lat after production of nature's God?" deep: When he gave to the sea his decree, that the who has understanding declare.—that the who has pointed the foundations of these or the country together and charted for its aid they ment; when he appointed the foundations of them together and charted for its aid they ment; when he appointed the foundations of them together and charted for its aid they "sung together and shouted for joy." Men the earth: Then I was by him, as one brought

desires for knowledge terminate on him-elf, Having the above knowledge of the capa than to have this dark place enlightened by a bilities of disembodied spirits, we learn some ray of revelation; to be able to answer this

no more revelation; they close the mouth of Je-"Then the Lord answered Job out of the hovah, and if he were to send a messenger to

of fastened? or who laid the corner-stone there knowledge, that is of avail, deeply desires himself, that he asks for light and truth that Here it is said, when the corner-stone of he may be able to trace his own existence.

person of Christ, would also take a body?

This question neccessarily presents itself, when there were no fountains abounding with from what the Lord says to Job in the 4th v. water. Before the mountains were settled, where was thou when I laid the foundations before the hills was I brought forth. While Every reflecting mind is ready to bring when he set a compass upon the face of the

joicing always before him; rejoicing in the istence, and yet they are contented; they have habitable part of his earth; and my delights got enough, yes and their salvation depends were with the sons of men."

Orientals of personifying the graces, is here would send to give them any more light personified, and made to speak, and among about themselves; he would be a hiss and a its delights were with the sons of men before and contempt among all. the earth was, or the dephts were brought forth of men at that early period if they had no ex-sitence, and if they had any existence, they their own estimation, and wanting no more, must have had it before they were in the board not only wanting no more, but refusing es, and unless we get more we must remain ignorance of itself: man knows not his own in ignorance: a desire for more. If our spiritual existence whither he is going, nor never can without was the effect of creative power, we do not more revelation, and yet he says he needs no know it, and whether the great Creator form-more; but though he needs no more revelaed them out of nothing or something, are mat-tion, he finds it necessary to supply the place ters of pure conjecture with all who pretend with conjecture, and make up the deficiency to talk about it, or whether they existed on the with immagination's wildest flight: but any same principle he does, are matters which can thing to satisfy the mind. But a man whose only be settled by revelation; for every thing mind is not bounded by some prejudice, nor

on the same principle as it can conceive of his having it; that man is the effect of creative power is not doubted, that is, the combination of body and spirit, but that the spirit is the ef fect of creative power is quite a different thing. That creative power is exercised in uniting hody and spirit together, is a matter admitted by all; but that either of them were made out of nothing by creative power, is what no man on this earth understands: and if he says so he does it without conceiving of it in the smallest Here is the place where conjectures is made to supply the place of revelation. Endless are the conjectures of men in relation to our spiritual existence. Some say the spirits of all were created in the six days; others that they are created as there are bodies prepasome another, and this because there is a say they are fully satisfied that it will always remain so, and that all revelation has ceased forever; notwithstanding the extent of the field here unexplored, and which never can this history. be explored only by the revelation of Jesus

up with him: and I was daily his delight, re-lation to their own history, and their own exin their estimation on their remaining in ig-Wisdom, according to the custom of the norance; and wo to the messenger that God the many things said, it is made to say that byword in every mouth; an object of reproach

Such seems to have been the condition of How could its delight be with the sons the world since the fall, and in consequence of dy; here we are lost; here the revelation ceas- to have any more, the world to this day is in But this is sufficient to create history; cannot tell from whence he is and else about it which any may pretend to know holden under bonds by some ignorant religious creed, seeks rest only in knowing the One thing is certain that the highest and truth, and understanding things as they are; eatest of all existences has his existence himself as he was, is, and will be When he greatest of all existences has his existence himself as he was, is, and will be! When he independently of creative power; no man will takes up the bible to search after his own histodare say God created himself out of nothing ry, where does it begin? in the presne of eteror that he is the effect of creative power in nity; a vast eternity existing testore he was any way; but has his existence independently fashioned into man, and all silence and darkof it, and the mind can as easily conceive of ness, except a few allusions which can no all other existences, having their existence more than arouse his curiosity, and strange, the religion, through which he expects to be saved, forbids his search into his early existence, and places the hiss of the world, and the seal of damnation on his head, if he dare inquire at the hand of his God respecting it.

Who can contemplate his own history without desiring deeply desiring to have more revelations? we answer none, only those whose religion has veiled their hearts, and made them insensible to every desire capable of enobling the character of man, whose devotion is heightened by ignorance; and whose religious the-ory degrades and beasterises the feelings, and one who considers ignorance his only passport to glory. Such can set and sing Psalms, and talk of heaven, and of having their hearts red for them. Some have one conjecture and knowing their redeemer lives, while they forbid blank in revelation on this subject; and men enobling thought to prevade their breasts; say they are fully satisfied that it will always enobling thought to prevade their breasts;

There is not one candid reflecting mind Our bible begins our history with among men, but at the time of his sober the union of body and spirit. The whole eter-reflection, would desire to have the dark nity before that period remains in darkness places in his history lighted up, and, if and silence, and yet, men have revelation it were not for the influence his religion enough; they want no more: they are igno- has on his mind, would as sare as he beant of one of the most important points in re-lieved in a God, seek to him for intelligence. that he might understand all things pertain called and chosen of heaven, was not so much to expound old revelations as to obtain ing to himself.

While we are on this subject, let us depart others by their faith in God, such as were a little from the train of thought immediate adopted to the situation of those for whose benly before us, and ask a few questions. efit they were obtained. Whenever the world

Why is there this darkness over the world reaches a period where it needs no more revein relation to the history of man? One of lation, then priesthood ceases and the only two causes must be assigned. Either God priesthood, which the world can have under is not willing to make it known, or else uch circumstances, is a man made one, whethmen are unwilling to receive it. If we as er Catholic or Protestant, and all they can do sign the first as the reason it will be hardle to turn the hearts of the people away from to sustain the character of the Deity in his the truth, and turn them to fables. But this dealings with the human family: There is last paragraph is a digression from a digresno principle of paternal duty, with which sion, and we will return to our first digreswe are acquainted; that will justify such a sion. course, as the one here ascribed to the Deity That there is darkness over the pages of would be. No parent would be considered man's history, will not be denied, by any, but among men, as discharging his duty to his gross ignoramuses, and that at a place where family in withholding from them any intel-the wise and learned have found embarrassment

legence which was in his power to give.—on account of it, needs no other proof than the We would charge them with guilt, with various attempts made to supply the deficienthe want of respect for their tamily, and cy with conjectures. This darkness is either with culpable negligence; and would con-caused by the Lord refusing to give any revederen them for their neglect of parental duty, lation on the subject, or because the people yet, strange, we would justify the same will not receive it. The former of these is as-course in the Deity. He could but would suming an untenable position, and the latter not give. He possessed the power but must be the cause. What is, or was it for would not exercise it. He had intelligence which the Lord complained of men? was it bebut withhold it. We should think indeed, cause they desired too much k owledge of that a pretended service rendered to such a him? or was it because they rejected the mes-God, must be a cold ceremony, or the per-sengers whom the Lord sent to give shem son rendering it, must hold the old maxim/knowledge; and refused to receive the mesas true, "Ignorance is the mother of devo-sage with which they were intrusted? In antion." swer to this question there can be but one o-But what does this principle lead to? If pinion. "They killed the prophets and stoned

closely examined, it is the same principle them that were sent unto them was the comcarried to its legitimate issue which excludes plaint. The Lord called and they refused, he the bible from the common people. Why is stretched out his arm but they would not obey." it said that revelations have forever ceased? Is it strange then that there should be found the answer is because they are not necessary, places in man's history that are unrevealed? there is enough already written for the salvathe Lord was utterly forbidden to do it, and
tion of man and the ask again why is the bible if he attempted it, we be to the man of men
withheld from the common people? the anthrough whom the attempt was made.—

some use, for if they cannot get revelations, er they may disagree in other matters. a priesthood; believing that man would be to develope the whole truth he damned unless the Lord gave or continued a declare to the world; before the whole priesthood to explain his revelations to the was told, the people began to world, but those who deny the power of get-have enough of revelation; we need no ting revelations, and yet claim for the people more, and the messengers whom the Lord

swer is they can be saved without it, and it is "They would be stoned." "They would be not necessary for their salvation that they killed." should have it. The Catholics in this respect. How much better is it at this day! Wo to act consistently, they carry their principle to him now by whom the Lord would deign to its proper issue. They do not only deny the fill up and complete the authorished sistory of necessity of getting revelations, but also of the man. He could expect nothing but abuse use of the ones already attained, only for the from the world, professing and non professpriesthood; they hold that a priesthood is of ing. All parties would agree in this, howevthey claim the right of being the only expoun- There never has been a generation on this ders of the old ones; thus having some use for earth yet, that would suffer the Lord had to

the use of the old ones, and their power of un-had sent, "were whipped, were stoned, were derstanding them, have a priesthood that is sawn as under;" and pursued until-their warse than folly, and of no avail to any blood had sealed their testimony. And all their they cannot get revelations, and the this because the people, in their own es-They cannot get revelations, and the this because the people, in their own esteople con understand the ones they have limation, had revelation enough. To this without their aid, themselves being judges, end the Lord said he would, in the last in opposition to both these, the priesthood, days, establish his kingdom, that there might knowledge of the L rd might "cover the shake the hand, that they may go into the earth as the waters aid the sea." gates of the nobles." How is this kingdom [To be continued.]

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE 207.]

ing out of the Roman empire, shall make war like as of a great people: a tumultuous noise with the Lamb, and the Lamb shall overcome of the kingdoms of the nations gathered tothem. Daniel tells us these ten kingdoms gether; the Lord of hosts mustereth the hosts shall be consumed by the kingdom the God to battle." How will the Lord of hosts musof heaven shall set up; therefore, we under ter the host of the battle? the answer is in the stand that the Lamb, and his chosen and faith-third verse, by commanding his sanctified ful ones, constitute the kingdom that Daniel ones. From whence do they come? 5th ver. from far, and hiss unto them from the end of Now reader, place yourself where Isaiah the earth: and behold, they shall come with was, at Jerusalem, then look for Isaiah's far speed swiftly:" See also chapter 11: 12th v. country, and see if you do not find it on the "And he shall set up an ensign for the nations land shadowing with wings, which is beyond and shall assemble the outcasts of Israel, and the rivers of Ethiopia, where Isaiah said the the four corners of the earth."

will raise up an ensign to the Nations; and mountains in a far country from Jerusalem, his unto them for the end of the earth? It is and a trumpet to be blown, and call upon all at the place of the Mount Zion, on the land nations to see and hear, what follows? see shadowing with wings which Isaiah saw be-lisaiah 13th chapter, from the office the 22nd you the rivers of Ethiopia, where the Lord verse inclusive.

will cause an ensign to be raised, and a trumpet to be blown, and call upon all nations to hand: it shall come as a destruction from the dom of Heaven shall have overcome the king at another; their faces shall be as flames; dominion taken away, they will bow to the both with wrath and fierce anger, to lay the standard and come out from Babylon and land desolate: and he shall destroy the sincome under the banner of the kingdom. See ners thereof out of it. For the stars of heavmy people, that ye be not partakers of her sins his going forth, and the moon shall not cause hath filled, fill to her double.

sorrow." John give us a description in the as a sheep that no man taketh up: they shall, 17th and 18th chiapters of the Revelations how every man turn to his own people, and flee old Babylon shall be destroyed, Isaiah gives every one into his own land. Every one that us a similar discription. See Isaiah 13 ch, is found shall be thrust through; and every commence with the first verse. "The burden one that is joined unto them shall fall by the of Babylon, which Isaiah the son of Amoz sword. Their children also shall be dashed did see." How did this burden commence? to pieces before their eyes; their houses shall

be a people to whom he could communi-See 2nd ver. "Lift ye up a banner upon the cate his who'e mind and will, that the high mountain, exalt the voice unto them, See 3d ver. "I have commandorganized? ed my sanctified ones, I have also called my ESSAY ON THE PROPHESIES AND mighty ones, for mine anger is not upon them that rejoice in my highness. What place in Zion will this organization take place? 4th v.

John informs as that these kingdoms grow. "The noise of a multitude in the mountains, But in answer to the grand query, "They come from a far country, from the end

from whence do they come? see Isaiah 5: 26, of heaven, even the Lord and the weapons of "And he will lift up an ensign to the nations his indignation, to destroy the whole land." gather together the dispersed of Judah from ensign should be raised, and trumpet blown. After the Lord has caused an ensign to be Where is the far country where the Lord raised, or banner to be lifted up on the high

see and hear. Having identified the place Almighty. Therefore shall all hands be faint, where the Kingdom of God was to be set up, and every man's heart shall melt; And they according to the words of God, we shall en shall be afraid; pangs and sorrows shall take deavorto follow its course and examine some hold of them: they shall be in pain as a wor of its fruits. Lis evident that after the king man that travaileth: they shall be amazed one dom spoken of by Daniel and John, and their Behold the day of the Lord cometh, cruel Rev. 18 ch. 4 verse. "And I heard another en and the constellations thereof shall not voice from Heaven, saying, Come out of her, give their light: the sun shall be darkened in and that ye receive not of her plagues." Af her light to shine. And I will punish the ter God has called his people out of 'Babylon world for their evil, and the wicked for their he tells them to reward her, even as she re-liniquity; and I will cause the arrogancy of warded you. See 6 and 7 verses. "Reward the proud to cease, and will lay low the her even as she rewarded you, and double ac haughtiness of the terrible. I will make a cording to her works: in the cup which she man more precious than fine gold: even a man than the golden wedge of Ophir. ···How much she hath glorified herself, and fore I will shake the heavens, and the earth: lived deliciously, so much torment and sorrow shall remove out of her place, in the wrath of give her: for she saith in her heart, I sit a the Lord of hosts, and in the day of his flerce. queen, and am no widow, and shall see no anger, And it shall be as the chased roe; and he spoiled, and their wives ravished. Behold, upon a moment's reflection that this idea is I will stir up the Medes against them, which erroneous; for if any body of people that conhave no pity on the fruit of the womb; their ders to the nations that lived in the antidelueye shall not spare children.

beauty of the Chaldees' excellency, shall be is no where promised they shall ever be again. as when God overthrew Sodom and Gomorrah. It shall never be inhabited, neither shall first, again he said they shall rise at the comit be dwelt in from generation to generation: ing of Christ. St. John tells us that the rest neither shall the Arabian pitch tent there; of the dead shall not rise untill one thousand neither shall the shepherds make their fold years after; the rest of the dead must mean the there. But wild heasts of the desert shall lie wicked. And as they do not rise until one there; and their houses shall be full of doleful thousand year after, they will not be gathered creatures; and owls shall dwell there, and by the resurrection power when Christ appears satyres shall dance there. beasts of the islands shall cry in their desolate have passed away, to wil: the Egyptians, houses, and dragons in their pleasant palaces: Sodom and Gomorrah, and others which will and her time is near to come, and her days not rise at the coming of Christ; therefore, shall not be prolonged."

By the foregoing quotation, we learn that ing nations, when he said, before him should the day of the Lord will follow. It will not be gathered all nations. only be upon the mother of harlots that sits In view of this gathering, see Isaiah, 66: upon seven mountains, but upon all nations. 18. "For I know their works and thoughts; Notice 7th verse; "Therefore shall all hands it shall come, that I will gather all nations be faint and every man's heart shall melt."—and tongues; and they shall see my glory." Compare the above with Luke 21: 25,26, 27. You will see by the connection in the 19th v. "And there shall be signs in the sun, and in the Lord had no reference to resurrected naand the waves roaring; men's hearts failing nations." We learn by the above, that some them for fear, and for looking after those will make their escape from the pestilence, things which are coming on the earth; for the the sword, and the fire, and hail; and the powers of heaven shall be shaken. shall they see the Son of man coming in aland send them on missions. Compare Joel cloud, with power and great glory."

gathered to Jerusalem at the coming of Christ; nations and tongues will be gathered to Jerubut lest there should be any dubiety in the salem, when Christ appears in his glory. minds of any on this subject, we shall add a "For, behold, in those days, and in that few more quotations to put the matter forever time, when I shall bring again the captivity at rest in the minds of all. We are aware of Judha and Jerusalem, I will also gather that the sectarian world have not generally all nations, and bring them down into the valbelieved, that all nations will be gathered to ley of Jehoshaphat, and will plead with them Jerusalem at the coming of the Son of man; there for my people and for my heritage Israel although there is not a plainer doctrine taught whom they scattered among the nations, and between the lids of the bible, yet I have never parted my land." heard it taught by the sectarian preachers of the day of the Lord cometh, and this generation. How shall we hear without thy spoil shall be divided in the midst of thee. in his glory, and all the holy angels with him, cut off from the city. And before him shall be gathered all nations; when he fought in the day of battle.

shall not regard silver; and as for gold, they stitute a nation, become extinct or pass off shall not delight in it. Their bows also shall from the stage of action, that moment they dash the young men to pieces: and they shall cease to be a nation. Let me refer my reavian world; the floods swept them away: And Babylon, the glory of kingdoms, the that moment they ceased to be nations, and it

> And the wild in his glory. And as many wicked nations our Savior must have had reference to the liv-

the moon, and in the stars; and upon the earth tions; "and I will aet a sign among them, and distress of nations, with perplexity; the sea I will send those that escape of them unto the And then Lord will make priests and Levites of them, 3: 1, 2, and Zechariah 14: 1, 2, 3, with the We have proved that all nations will be foregoing quotations, and you will see that all

a preacher? and how shall they preach except For I will gather all nations against Jerusathey be sent? and as faith cometh by hearing lem to battle; and the city shall be taken, and the word of the Lord, we shall quote a few the houses rifled, and the women ravished; passages on this subject. See Matthew 25: and half of the city shall go forth into captiv-"When the Son of man shall come ity, and the residue of the people shall not be Then shall the LOBD then shall he sit upon the throne of his glory: go forth, and fight against all nations, as and he shall seperate them one from another, feet shill stand in that day upon the mount of as a shepard divideth his sheep from the Olives, which is before Jerusalemon the east, goats:" According to the above, all nations and the mount of Olives shall cleave in the shall be gathered before him. Some may midst thereof toward the east and toward the have supposed that the nations here spoken of are the dead that will be gathered by the resurrection pewea; but they will see at once, the north, and half of it toward the south."

We shall endeavor to set forth some of the blessed the two sons of Joseph; see Genesis means the Lord will make use of, to bring 48: 16. "The angel which redeemed me about this gathering, as, he has revealed it to from all evil, bless the lads; and let my name his servants the prophets. But first we shall be named on them, and the name of my fathrefer you to the sayings of Christ to his apos ers Abraham and Isaac; and let them grow tles; see Acts 1: 6, 7. "When they there-into a multitude in the midst of the earth."—fore were come together, they asked of him, See also 19th verse. "And his father refused saying, Lord, wilt thou at this time restore and said, I know it, my son, I know it; he again the kingdom to Israel? And he said also shall become a people, and he also shall unto them, it is not for you to know the times be great; but truly his younger brother shall or the seasons, which the Father hath be greater than he, and his seed shall become put in his own power." If the kingdom had a multitude of nations." Again read Moses' been set up or restored to Israel, as some af-firm, why then did the apostles petition to Deut. 33: 17. "His glory is like the first-Christ to have it restored? Again, some sup-ling of his bullock, and his horns are like the pose that the Gentiles received the Kingdom horns of unicorns: with them he shall push spoken of, at the hands of the aposities; but the people together to the ends of the earth; Christ's answer to his apostles when interro-land they are the ten thousands of Ephraim. gated, teaches us that that was not the fact; and they are the thousands of Manassah."-Said he, "it is not for you to know the times What do we learn by the above quotations? or the seasons which the Father hath put in First, we learn that the tribe of Ephraim had his own power." Therefore, they could not not kept themselves, or their blood unmixed be made Eliases to restore the kingdom to any with other people, but became as Jacob prophbody. Again, he taught them to pray, "thy esied, a multitude of nations in the midst of kingdom come." It would have been perfect the earth. Although they have lest their Ty Inconsistent to pray, thy kingdom come, geneology, yet the Lord has had his eye upon when they had already sought and obtained it their progeny: and in view of their restoration The Lord likened the kingdom of heaven said, (see Isaiah 61: 9.) "their seed shall be unto a grain of mustard seed, which a man known among the Gentiles, and their offspring sowed in his field, which when it was sprung among the people: and all that see them, shall up, became the largest among herbs. Accord acknowledge them, that they are the seed the

was entirely abolished.

Lord will make use of, to gather the people shall push the people together to the ends of together from the ends of the earth. See Jer-the earth. See also, Jeremiah 16: 17. "For from the north country, and gather them from not hid from my face, neither is their iniquity the coasts of the earth, and with them the hid from mine eyes.' blind and the lame, the woman with child and AMO her that travaileth with child together: a great They shall company shall return thither. come with weeping, and with supplications will I lead them: I will cause them to walk by the rivers of waters in a straight way, wherein they shall not stumble: for I am a the promise which I made you on leaving father to Israel, and Ephraim is my first-born." the Lord says, "Ephraim is my first-bile, of my progress in this last kingdom born." It is a well known fact, that Ephraim was the youngest son of one of the On our way home we had the misfortune to raim was the youngest son of one of the Constant and the misfortune to raim was the youngest son of the Constant and the misfortune to raim was the youngest son of the Constant and the misfortune to raim was the youngest son of the Constant and the misfortune to raim was the youngest son of the Constant and the misfortune to raim was the youngest son of the Constant and the misfortune to the constant and the same than the constant and the same than the constant and the promise which I made you on leaving your city. The promise which I made you on leaving the promise which I made you on leaving your city. younger sons of Jacob; how then is he God's lose overboard, a little boy of about twelve first-born? The prophet was speaking of the years old, between Pittsburgh and Cincircturn of the remnant of Israel, in the last nati; his body was not found. We preachdays; which will be brought to pass by the ed several times in the cabin, on board the power of the kingdom of God. But how is Yucatan, and had a pleasant time. Ephraim his first-born? See John 3: 6.— On our way from St. Louis to Nauvoo we "That which is born of the flesh is flesh; and were accompanied by several Mormons, who that which is born of the Spirit is spirit."—soon found out who we were, and began

ing to that parable, it will be the largest king-Lord hath blessed." dom on the earth. Instead of that apostolic It is also proven that the work of the Lord organization becoming the largest kingdom on shall commence with the Ephraimites, among earth, its enemies prevailed against it, until it the Gentiles, where he is first born into the kingdom. And Moses said that Joseph's But to our subject of the instruments the horns, which are Ephraim and Manassah, "Behold, I will bring them mine eyes are upon all their ways: They are

AMOS B. TOMLINSON.

West Buffalo, Iowa, May 21, 1845. My DEAR SIR:

I now take my pen to redeem

See also, Hosea 7:8; "Ephraim hath mixed throwing firebrands, as their manner is, at himself among the people." Again the Pathose who differ with them in religion. We triarch Jacob, said to his sons, "gather your-firmly withstood the assault, each one to selves together, that I may tell you that which his man, for a few hours, until it became hall befall you in the last days." He also too hot, and they began to writhe under the lash of truth, and finaly cry for quarters, sured brethren, he is with us working with which we granted; but when they had got signs following those that believe. My press their old artillery oiled up, and well swabed of business deprives me of writing as much out, and plenty of amunition in store, (I as I would wish, and as I intend writing again mean falsehood,) they sallied forth again in in a few days to brother Robinson I will let full vigour and strength of action, determi-the foregoing suffice, ned to conquer or die. This attack Sir, was a deadly aim at you, as the head of this

kingdom or church on earth, with a determination to destroy your character, as the most effectual means of stopping the work. But

having been so frequently trained in their whole system of warfare, we were ready for them at every onset, and met them with the power of truth. When they were finally com-E. Robinson Printer, \$1 per an. in advance. pelled to leave the field, without having gained a single point over us, so we gave

God the glory, and came off satisfied.

o'clock Saturday evening before the monthly meeting here, which is every fourth Sunday in each month. The Saints came out at eleven o'clock, and notwithstanding I was is apparently spreading without any effort on very weary and unwell, I preached a lenghty our part, as letters addressed to us will show. sermon to them, when several arose and de-It has proved, as we always believed it would, manded baptism, stating that the Lord, previous that when the Lord established his kingdom, ous to our return, had shown them by revelation, all about the union in the conference at he would move it forward by an irrisistable and it has been one continual stream of preaching and baptizing ever since; we have already baptized about fifty persons since our re-

baptized. Many have told us, in passing

around, that they are satisfied and determined

to be with us soon, and I know of but one,

who everdid belong with us, now standing op-

posed to us. So dear Brother, the Lord has

answered my prayers, and is fulfiling his promises to me, in behalf of my brethren.

Elder Blakeslee, myself, and our families are all well. I find Elder Blakeslee to be an Isralite indeed, in whom there is no guile, he is a treasure to me in this ministry; and together all things have to give way before us. He will move to Buffalo soon. I have not seen father Cowles since our return, but am told they mobbed him out of Nauvoo, and deprived him of staying there to wind up his business. Lyman Wight has returned to this country from the north, and is going to the Indian country with his whole force soon; and some of them say to arouse the Laman-

ites. of the Lord will roll on in spite of all the ple to investigate to insure belief; there is no powers of darkness combined. Give my love reasonable man, who has a desire to know the to your family, and all the saints in Pitts-truth as it is, but can come to a knowledge of burgh. May the Lord pour his spirit copiously upon you all, is my prayer; for be as-it, if he can lay aside the prejudices of his ed

Yours in the bond of the New Covenant.

G. M. HINKLE.

PRESIDENT S. RIGDON.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. JUNE 15, 1845.

We have the pleasure of saying to the saints that each week brings us cheering in-We landed in West Buffalo about twelve telligence of the increase of truth amongst men, and of the spread of the spirit of inquiry

Pittsburgh. We had a meeting again in the hand, without excitement or commotion, stirafternoon, for farther instruction on the things ing up the hearts of the people, and the honest of the kingdom, and for baptism. This evening seven were immersed, and the next day
nine others. I then started in company with
the testimony of his grace. In this city we Elder Blakeslee, to go and visit the different are baptising less or more every week, and branches according to our former organization, there are a number now who have expressed their intention to unite with us. surrounding country there are doors opened

> tion on their minds. The elders whose business confine them in the city, all find places to preach by going a few miles into the country on Sunday, and very respectable and attentive congregations. We have never been in any part of the country where there has been so general nedisposition to hear and investigate, as there is at

> within twenty miles of the city, and they

seem disposed to examine the subject with

candor, which cannot fail of producing convic-

this time in the villages and country surrounding this city.

turn, and this evening several more are to be and opening for preaching, in different places,

This spirit of inquiry, has been awakened without any particular efforts on the part of the church; and the event is in the hands of Him to whom pertains the kingdom, the I feel assured dear Brother that the work power, and the glory. It is only for the peo-

ucation, and receive the doctrine of Christ as Davis, of Georgia, dated \$1. 1845, exit is written in the scriptures. tracts from which will be found in another

us and others, is that we believe in direct reveland learn that he is still, as heretofore, a firm elations received from heaven, to direct the advocate of the truth; and notwithstanding saints in the present day as in former days: - the great apostacy which has taken place in and that the true church of Christ in every the church of Latter Day Saints, we have adage of the world, have had and will have this divional testimony almost daily, that there privilege. That it has had it, in ages past, is are many of that people, who have not bowed not denied by any who believe in revelation; the knee to Baat; but embraced the truth for, but men think there can be a true church of the love of it, and will, ere long, renounce Christ in this age of the world, and that those who have turned the grace of our God church receive no revelations, nor have any into laciviousness. In reply to brother Davis of the powers or spiritual gifts of the primitive we would say, that it is a strict observance church.

latter opinion, they believe that both these in the Bible, Book of Morinon, and Book of churches, the one which had the spiritual Covenants, which alone will insure a man an gifts and the one which has them not, are both inheritence in the kingdom of our God, and a the church of Christ. How this can be we place upon mount Zion, with the hundred are not told. Christ says of his church, "it forty and four thousand who are to stand as is one," not two. Now how two things so saviors in the last days; and will prepare. dissimilar as a church having all the powers those who obey and live by its precepts, for and spiritual gifts mentioned in the scriptures, that Sabbath of rest which remaineth for the and one having none of them, can be the same people of God, which is about to dawn upon church is beyond our conceptions. According the world. to our conceptions of things, two things which are different in every essential particular, are not the same; and until we can see how this the most incredulous that Nauvoo is a sink of can be possible, we will have to believe that corruption, is the pitiable condescensions of a church without the spiritual gifts mentionthat people to sustain themselves; there has
been-nothing like it in any age of the world,
with which we are acquainted: there is no
Christ, or else the one with the spiritual gifts,
command of the Savior extant, which he dewas not the church of Christ, or else Christ livered for the salvation of his people, but must have two instead of one, and if this last that people find themselves under the necessimust have two instead of one, and it this past ty of violating it in order to sustain themis admitted, it is paramount to saying he selves. Deception in its most forbidding never had one.

we will have to remain so, till we have minds truth. They deny, or attempt to deny, the sufficient to believe that two things are one existence of the very doctrine on which they It was said to the saints of former days,— pretend that their exaltation depends: it was said to the saints of former days,—No people that were honest in the reliilf you were of the world the world would gious belief, would thus dissemble. A true love you, but because you are not of the world saint would publish his faith to the world, therefore the world hate you." Nothing can though he would suffer death for it; and rebe truer than this in our case, we share the en-Christ's sake; but such means as they resort mity of Catholics, Protestants, and Mormons to, to support the truth, as they call it, shocks This composes, the civilized world, and of all common sense. Has it come to this, that course we are not of them, and the only reason men must lie, defame, and slander, in order to is that we believe in obtaining revelations. - ustain the religion of Jesus Christ-write This the primitive saints did, and for it the shameful anonymous letters, that the veriest world hated them. We are in good compamouth in the haunts of debauchery—bear ny.

our friend and brother Elder Lysander M. letters, and publish them in their papers, and

The great difference in principle, between olumn. We were happy to hear from hun, of the principles of the fullness of the ever-If we understand those, who advocate this lasting gospel of Jesus Christ, 28 contained

All the evidence that is necessary to satisfy forms, is resorted to by them, to make people However deluded the world may call us, think they are different from what they are it

false witness of every kind? and all this to We have been favored with a letter from support the truth of heaven. Write ignorant

pretend they received them from correspond found in the solemn exercise of prayer, and Christ is to prevail.

No wonder that P. P. Pratt, on a certain prayers. Elias stayed the heavens by prayoccasion, said, in speaking of the means by er, and again when he prayed, they gave forth which they should sustain Joseph Smith, rain. "we must lie to support brother Joseph, it is also a high privilege, what can be more gratiour duty to do so." This principle they think lying to the mind of the true followers of is omnipotent; it would sustain not only Christ than the reflection that it is his privil-brother Joseph, but the apostles also: but this edge, in good report as well as evil, to comscheme of supporting brother Joseph has con-init his ways, into the hand of his God, with signed him to an untimely grave, and will whom are the issue of life and death: in con-

who are driven to the same necessity. the lowest depths of degradation, would try and supplication be made possible to them to conceal their true character from the world, that believe.

Men, who are not conscious of iniquity in the Prayer, to the saints, becomes doubly desight of God or man, fears no exposure of lightful, because they have the assurance that their real sentiments; they rejoice in it. The the Lord will both hear and answer their hope they have left.

their deeds of iniquity, or to become acquain-their injury instead of doing them good. duct, they would hail with delight the oppor-not be answered; they were afraid that they

world; and on them their only hope depends things—which is both a duty and privilege—for their present and future welfare. Truly it should be done in view of devoting them to their case is a pitable one.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST SCATTERED ABROAD.

In discharging a duty we owe to you, we by night; in public and in private, he was must and will prevail.

erits at a distance. All this and a multitude he taught his disciples to pray lest they of other things that decency blushes at, are should enter into temptation. All the manithe means by which they say the truth offestations that were made to the former day prophets and apostles, were the result of their

Not only is prayer made a duty, but is bring distruction upon the heads of all others fidence that the Lord will hear and answer the fervent prayer of the righteous. No people who had not sunk themselves in that appear impossible to men, can by prayer

people of Nauvoo think to sustain themselves prayers, and though it tarry long, still in the by trying to shew that others are as corrupt due time of the Lord they will receive every as themselves; and supposing they should desire of their hearts, offered up in righteoussucceed, would that prove they were right-ness to their heavenly Father. It never was eous men? O vain men! but this is all the the intention of our heavenly Father, in instituring the ordinance of prayer, that his name-Why is it that there can no man go there should be invoked in vain, or that men should but a hand of ruffins must follow him through pray and never receive at his hand; but on the streets, whistling and whittling to make the contrary, that all things whatsoever they him leave the city? there can be but one thing sought should be granted to them. It was which is calculated to produce such an effect, in consequence of this, that the ancients asked and that is their corruptions are so manifest the Savior to teach them how to pray, lest, and so debasing, that they dare not suffer any through their ignorance, they should ask man who is a lover of decency, to gaze upon things and obtain them that would tend to

ted with their true character. If that people It was a something never thought of by the were conscious of the rectitude of their con-former day saints, that their prayers would tunity of showing to all, who choose to visit might err in asking, and seek at the hand of them, that they were not what they were repre- the Lord things which would tend to their desented to be; but such is their debauchery, they struction, instead of their salvation, and there-dare not let a respectable man stay one night fore desired to be taught how to play. Saints in that city, without harrassing and threaten should be careful in praying, to ask only those ing him lest he take the liberty of inquiring into things which they believe to be of importance their sayings, and doings in their secret places and necessary for their own salvation and that They seem to think, if we are to judge of others. The prayers of the saints ought from their writings and their general deportal ways to be directed to the great ends of memerical duplicity, falshood and debauche-salvation, and seek things only which tended ty, are to be their pasports to rest in the eternal to this orbital in hoth a detread a pixely and an their thair calls to the saints or their pasports to rest in the eternal to this orbital in hoth a detread a pixely and an electrical saints or their pasports to rest in the eternal to this orbital in hoth a detread a pixely and an electrical saints or their saints or the saints or their saints or the saints or their saints or the sai the purposes of promoting the salvation of ourselves and others, and not with a view of wasting them on our lusts; for by keeping our hearts right in these matters, we will not seek in vain.

It is on this principle the Lord has ordained feel called upon to say a few words to you on to establish his kingdom, by and through the the subject of prayer; one of the most impor-prayers of his saints, and it will be in answer tant of all duties which is required of men. to the prayers of his people, that he will hast-The Savior of whom it was said, he had all en the redemption of the purchased possespower in Heaven and on earth, was noted for sion. Do we desire the kingdom should trihis unceasing devotional exercises by day and umph? let us pray unceasingly for it, and it Do we desire that

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and power of God to rest upon us, that we prayers, the love of God will be shed in bu our houses and families may be devoted to en unto us. the service of God! let us make our houses To such of you as belonged, at one time, to houses of prayer, and we will surely prevail; the, so called, "Latter day saints" see the for where there is a house sincerely devoted downfall of that people, who, at one time had to God by prayer and supplication, there the the world within their power; but how have Lord will be, and were the Lord is, there they fallen, and why? because they become peace and righteousness will prevail.

lation to their families, let them bring the false accusers, instead of loving their enemies. Lord near to them and into their houses by they hated them, and turned the grace of our incessant prayer and supplication, and the Lord Jesus Christ into laciviousness; bring Lord will be entreated in their behalf, and ing the wrath of both God and the people of they can prevail if they faint not, nor get wea-themselves, and hastening their own destruc and the poor widow is to point, and is a lestword in the mouth of all living. They son of great importance to all who desire to thought to sustain the truth by lying, righteous

not prevail.

While their enemies were cursing, law of Christ. might proclaim the truth. they would pray for their enemies, seek of God that they might love their enemies, so that they might be enabled, when a door was their enemies give them an opportunity to idence in this city. teach them the things of God then their hearts Thirteen years ago, at a time when we

Christ's sake with patience. we do that the day of the Lord is at hand. Re-knowing the source from whence we receive member the sayings of our beloved brother ed it. There are many in Nauvoo who

our hearts should be always right in the sight Paul, "pray without ceasing, and in all things of the Lord let us seek it before the Lord by give thanks." Rejoicing in tribulation know, prayer and supplication daily. Do we desire ing that tribulation worketh patience, patience to be able to teach and preach to the edifica-experience, experience hope, a d hope will tion of the people? let us pray for the spiri not make us aslamed because, through war may be enabled to do so. Do we desire that hearts by the Holy Ghost which will be can:

revilers, evil speakers, instead of blessing Let none of the Lord's ministers fear in re-they cursed, instead of praying they became The Savior's parable of the unjust judge tion, until they have become a hiss and a by prevail before the Lord. See Luke 18th chapness by penjury, and the church of God by a ter from the 2nd to the close of the 8th verse, busing themselves with mankind; "trom It is impossible that any person should seek such," as commanded you have turned aways the Lord with full purpose of heart, and yet Let their downfall be an everlasting warning

to you. Do gain sayers revile you? bear i One of the great objects of prayer is, that with patience. Do they reproach you? rejoice our own hearts might be right in the eight of that you are counted worthy to suffer reproach the Lord; and prayer is the means the Lord for Christ's sake. Do they curse you? bless has ordained for that purpose, and is in all them. Do they despitefully intreat you? pray cases effectual. It was because of incessant for them. Do they seek to destroy yon? comprayer that the former day saints prevailed to mit yourselves into the hands of your Lord the astonishment and confounding of their and render not evil for evil, and so fulfil the

they were blessing; while they were reviling Finally brethren let every house be a house the saints were praying, and through their of prayer; every body a temple of the Holy prayers were prevailing. When persecution Ghost; every church a house of God and a was raging, they were calling on God gate of heaven; and let your prayers and to enable them to speak the truth with all suplications ascend up both night and days. boldness, without fear or dismay. When the that your minds may be stayed on God, your people refused to hear, they prayed that there faith fail not, and the cause of truth prosper. might be an effectual door opened, that they in your houses, and the God of peace shall be To obtain this, with you, Amen.

SIDNEY RIGDON.

*** HISTORY OF FACTS.

opened, to proclaim the truth in all righteous. As matters of fact may always be toldness, for if in their hearts they hated their en- with safety, when they are of such a tharemies, and a door were opened for them, they acter as to do good and not evil: we will would not have power to proclaim the truth to chronicle a matter of fact, which has taken, them; but if they loved them, no sooner would place in relation to us and our present res- 2

were prepared for it, and then they could teach were in this city under circumstances calthem in all good conscience and Godly sincer culated to render what we then were told doubtful, it was told to us, that we should he Let these things Dear Brethren be ensam-live in this city, and do a certain work ples to us, let us do likewise: Let the prophets here pertaining to the kingdom of God; a and apostles, who have gone before us, be en-work that must be done in this city and samples unto us of enduring suffering for could be done no where else. We lived at Let us endure the time in Kirtland Ohio. After our return as seeing him who is invisible, knowing as to Kirtland we declared the thing openly

well recollect what we then said, as Brigham try to destroy us, any more than Esau should You're. Phiness H. You're and a number self-successfully from Wallways expected of the is, e fled to our recollection at the server at his hand, knowing, as we did; that time we were leaving Nauvoo, for the God has placed a scal upon his head, that place, what we list declared, in a public annot be taken off; the touth of which will concilin Killand in relation to who oppear in the morning of that day, if not bewould take place in the city; and teminded us of the fact of our then saving, we would the just. be sent to this city to do a certain thing pertaining to the kingdom of God,

find that we were a going to set our face teen years ago. like flint against the corruptions of Nauvoo, of none effect. So that we fear them not, hell can prevent it. neither regard them, knowing as we do that own heads.

her corruptions when the Lord fulfils his promoves on as steadily as time in its course, mise in the full to us. We have known and as undisturbed as nature in its movelong time that Mr. Hyde could not, if heavements.

en acted on the principle of even handed The Nuclues that the Lord showed us justice, be saved, and have part in the first we should form in this city, has been organized. resurrection. This we published a number around which all the righteous of the earth, of years ago, publicly, on the stand at according to the promise, should centre, and Nauvon, as all know. We now know that our eyes are beholding the promise verified; if God is a God of justice, he cannot be sathe sound—has gone forth, the righteous are the decree went forth that he should not have hope set before, them, and though it has been part in the first resurrection. And though he but two months since the organizing of the said to us, that it was the fear of being killed kingdom, hundreds have entered in and are by the mob, that caused him to commit the entering continually. To those who have corperjury. All this might be true; but Esau rupted their way before the Lord, we say "Go" lost his salvation and priesthood for a much to, now, and weep and howl for the miseries. less crime, and could never get it afterward, which are coming upon you," your corrupthough he sought it with many tears.

reg when the Lor I will distribute rewards to

Mr. N. K. Whitney and others can testify to the truth of what we say on the subject of B. Young, in particular said to us, in re our being in this city. Men must be in a conmarking on it, what a singular thing it was lition not desirable to act as the apostates at that the Lord should have revealed to us the Nauvoo are acting, and if we had no other fact of our returning to this chiv to live, and evidence of their apostacy than the ignorant alterwards to send us a direct different course, course they are pursuit of in relation to us, this with no probability of the thing revealed ever would be sufficient. Here the Lord is doing being fulfilled; but, says he, the object the what we declared openly thirtien years since. Lord trad in doing so, was to prove you, and he would do; fulfilling a promise made to us see whether you would be faithful and true thich promise he could not have fulfilled and to him in life or in death, and having found less he had sent us to this city; under the very you faithful, he now sends you to do the circumstances anger which we came. Nor work he revealed to you, you should do it could be have fulfilled his premise, unless the your native land. The above conversation people of Nauvoo had apostatised from him was had in May of '44, the month previous to and the very things taken place there which our leaving Nauvoo with our family for this have taken place. These were all necessary to city. But no sooner did this said Young the fulfilling of the promise made to us thir-

We can say of the promise made to us as than his mind changed. It was the abovelis said of Jerimiah when it was said "the alluded to communication which caused us word of the Lord came to him" so it was with to say to Mr. Hyde, on board the steam boal us "the word of the Lord came to use withat St Louis, that our course was marked on out seeking it, at the time, or withou having and we should pursue it. Our course had done it at any time respecting the thing manheen marked out; twelve years before that ifested by it; but it came, and the Lord is time, and the promise then made is fulfilling fulfilling it before our eyes, and we rejoice as fast as time can fulfil it, and all the false greatly and will rejoice, for the Lord of a truth hoods invented and published in Nauvoo by is faithful to his promises and though it tarry apostates, cannot make the promise of God long, it will come and nothing on earth or in

How vain are human efforts when they are their corruption will be answered on their wielded against God. Here we are in perfect peace and quietness, and the promise of the There has not been one week since our stay Lord made to us thisteen years ago is beinthis city, that there has not something takening fulfilled and nothing can hinder it, while place which was promised us in the communic Nauvoo they are lying, howling, and foanication as above; and we verily know that ming like a tiger in a net but all dies all will be fulfilled; and wo! to Nauvoo and away in the distance, and the cause of truth

ved. From the time of his perjury in Missouri gathering, and the saints are rejoicing, in the we are not surprised that Mr. Hyde should priesthood has "rotted as a garment," and

your righteousness as rags, and as filthy gar- This notion of our being members of tha ments that are moth eaten, and it cannot hide corrupt body of people originated in the facvour shame. Ye adulterers and adulteresses, of their having preached, in that section o shame will country, some things pertaining to the you, "your refuge of lies," will not hide you, Kingdom and Church of Chris; with has and your "agreement with hell will not save been organized since they ceased to be minisyou.

shame; your abominations are a stack in the kinodom, and church; and the name of any nose of Jehovah; your "turning things upside people, that holds some truth, may be applied down," will not avail you. The storm of to us with as much propriety as that of the wrath is gathering, and it will burst on your Mormons. And if we are to be distinguished heads as the whirlwind, and desolate you as by former names we must be called the Morthe pestilence. for your inheritences are defiled under you. - &c. Church, for the members of the kingdom Your unouths are full of cursing and bitter-land Church of Christ organized the 7th and ness, the poison of asps is under your 8th days of April 1845, in Pittsburgh Pa. are tongues, with your lips you utter deceit and from a nong this, and almost every other class falshood."

sorrow, when they are full you shall be hun faith in Jesus of Nazarath, as the Son of God. gry, when they are clothed you shall be naked; and repentance toward. God, and baptism in the day of your visitation draweth nigh, and the name of Christ, by some one having aushame shall cover you forever and ever.

SIDNEY RIGDON

Pitlsburgh, Nay 18, 1845.

of the Messenger and Advocate of the King people will, or will not, admit that the fordom and Church of Christ.

Beaver county, in order to porclaim the King-do us great injustice in calling us by any other doin, and the gospel of the Kingdom to the name. Therefore we hope that the brethren, people of other towns and villages, that they and all people, will call us by the right name. also, may have an opportunity of having the And be it known unto all, that every one gospel of their salvation and be saved by an whether members of the Mormon or any other obedience to it. Brother J. Hatch Jr and church, or of no church, enter the kingdom and Brother Ellis also left, for the same purpose, church of Christ, enter it by haptism. For and have gone to Washington, and other coun-Christ gave himself for the church that he

Our meetings were generally well attended, of water in ohedlence to the word. and the people were divided in there opinions apostolic. Ephesian Church, after they had as it respects the work—some contending for been baptised twice, were commanded to read some against it. We anticipate some be pent and be baptised against or to do their ing brought out of darkness into the light of first works, in the which haptism, of course, God, in that section.

village, and the house was well filled. or four persons present-we left another ap self in the God of wruth and he that sweareth p intment and went to fulfill it-not one per-in the earth shall swear by the God of truth cordingly inquired particularly, and, was can to be hid from our eyes.

ters of righteousness; and all the truth, no mat-God has looked upon you, and beheld your er by whom it is held, will be lodged in this Your city shall be desolated mon, Methodist, Preshyterian, Baptist, &c. of people; and if those with whom we are not When the righteous rejoice you shall be in connected in a church capacity, will admit that the hour of your destruction is not slumbering; thority from him, and the laying on of the "death and hell is moved from beneath to re-hands such and prayer for the reception of the ceive you at your coming," and everlasting Holy Ghost, and the receiving of it, constitutes a body of people the Church of Christ, with officers in it according to the will of God, then we are entitled to the name by which we are called, and which we wish to Elijah R. Swackhammer. To the Etitor be known, by all people. And whether the going is God's order of constituing his church Beloved Brother: - This morning we left and kingdom we know that it is, and that they might sanctify and cleans it with the washing was included. See Acts the last of the 18th Premit me sir: to relate a curious circum and first of the 19th, and Revelations 2nd,

This notion of our being members of tha

We held two meetings in a certain But the truth is, that there name, we had the house was well filled. The of there ungodly deeds, is left for a curse unter the house was well filled. The of there ungodly deeds, is left for a curse unter the house was well filled. The of there ungodly deeds, is left for a curse unter the house was well filled. Kingdom and its gospel were the subjects of us; as it is written, "and ye shall leave your discourse—the people seemed to be well sat name as a curse unto my chosen; for the Lord isfind—accordingly we left another appoint. God shall slay thee; and call his servants by ment, and went to fulfill it—there were three mother name: That he who blesseth himson but those of the family. By this time and nothing but doing the will of God will we felt very anxious to know the cause, ac-cause the former troubles to be forgotten and

didly informed, by the people of the house And to all the saints to whom our office and that the people, with whom they had convers calling pertains, we would exhort and beseech ed said they had no fau't to find with us, nor by the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, and our doctrine but we were Mormons, therefore by our gathering together unto him, as did our would not countenance us or come to hear us, beloved brother Paul, not to be deceived, but to work the works of righteousness, that we even as the Gentiles which know not God: ing worthy of our high calling; and do not then in any matter: because that the Lord is let us, as others have done, bring an eternal the avenger of all such, as we also have forereproach upon ourselves, and others with warned you and testified. For God hath not when we associates which we do know, is called us unto uncleanness, but into holiness now the greatest cause of the present opposi-He therefore that despiseth, despieth man, but G d, who hath also given us his We are willing to endure all things for Holy Spirit." ion to the truth.

the sake of truth. But we do say, in the name Finally he speaks to all that call upon his, of Jesus, that we are not willing to suffer Christ's name. Now Brethren let it be reand bear reproach eternally on acc unt of the membered that every tree is known by the ungodly deeds of others. The Lord God will kind of fruit it bears, and that from the abundance of the control of t not justify men women or children, in lying, dance of the heart the mouth speaketh. And and stealing, and in sending forth corrupt David says, speaking of the kingdom of God comunications out of their mouths, neither of the last days: the 10, 11, 12, and 13, verwill he justify bitterness, nor wrath, nor an see of the 145 Psalm. ger, nor clamour, nor evil speaking, nor forni-cation, nor any uncleanness, nor covetousness, and thy saints shall bless thee. They shall neither filthiness, nor foolish talking, nor jest-speak of the glory of thy kingdom, and talk ing for none of these things comes from him; of thy power; to make known to the sons of and they bring his judgments upon those who men his mighty acts, and his glorious majes-

dliness far from them. For any kingdom throughout all generations? that is not a kingdom of righteousness and These are saints and we pray you to remempeace and joy in the Holy Ghost is not aber the words of this Psalm, and let us be kingdom of God. And let it ever be remem-perfect, be of good comfort, be of one mind, bered that the pure in heart are to see God, live in peace, and the God of love and peace and not the impure.

Paul in his letter to the church at Corinth that righteousness exalteth a nation or kingspeaks thus, "Unto the church of God which dom and that six is a reproach to any people. is at Corinth."

Brethren beloved of God, and of us his serv-

Upon this we remark that, all who are ants, for your sake and of the world, we most baptised into Christ constitutes the church of earnestly wish you to remember, "that a God, and that there is no condemnation to friend in a time of needs one indeed." Now Corinthians, 6: 9, 10, 11.

the spirit of our God."

first to the 8th verse inclusive.

more and more. For ye know what comformable to his death, and all this in order mandments we gave you by the Lord Jesus. to attain unto the resurrection of the dead, of For this is the will of God, even your sanctification, that ye should abstain from fornication. That every one of you should know the people of God. And when we include how to possess his vessel in sanctification President Sidney Rigdon and Brother Example of those who have suf-

practice them. And we do not want any ty of his kingdom. Thy kingdom is everlastamong us who are unwilling to put all ungod ling kingdom, and thy dominion endureth

will bless you. Remember, O do remember,

such of them as walk after the spirit, and not the Messenger and Advocate of the kingdom after the flesh. Them that are sanctified in and Church of Christ was comemenced under Christ Jesus he calls Saints. And strictly different circumstances from any other paper speaking these are the only ones entitled to in the country; and it has been sustained by a the name. And these are the characters that liberal people most of whom, from the fact, put far from them all ungodiness. See Ist we believe, of their loving God and his cause and kingdom more than the things of this world. "Know ye not that the unrighteous shall And like brother Paul of old, what things not inherit the kingdom of God? Be not dewere gain to them, those things they have ceived; neither fornicators, nor idolaters, nor counted loss for Christ, in that they have eff minate, not abusers of themselves with and do administer to the wants of his sermankind. Nor theires, nor covetous, nor vants in every way they can. And now, we drunkards, nor revilers, nor extortioners, shall extend an invitation to the brethren and inherit the kingdom of God. And such were friends far and abroad to aid us in this great some of you; but ye are washed, but ye are work. And we thank our God that there are justified in the name of the Lord Jesus, and by men in our day who have counted all things but loss for the excellency of the knowledge ... Also 1st Thessalonians 4th chapter from the of Christ Jesus their Lord; and for whom they have suffered the loss of all things, and "Furthermore then we beseech you, breth-count them dross in order to win Ohrist, and ren, and exhort you by the Lord Jesus, that that they may know him, and the power as ye have received of us how ye ought to of his resurrection, and the fellowship of his walk and please God, so ye would abound sufferings, and if needs be will be made con-

satisfied that we speak the truth in Christ and we exhort you to do the will of God in all has made the hearts of many to rejoice not dom for which we suff red. And let me say be sustained, in their effort to send the lightlin the name of the Lord that, you can have no of the kingdom and Church of Christ to the lidea of the anxiety that brother Rigdon has for dark corners and places of the earth, that are you, unless God reveals it ro you by his spirit. full of the habitations of cruelty. May the God We, know this man and his family, his of this kin dom forbid it. Our beloved bro-house has been our home from before the orther President Rigdon, has suffered more than ganization of the kingdom, and we have an to die a thousand deaths, (and his family opportunity to know them, that you have not shave sufficient with him) and all this that G double know him from another source from might have a man prepared to stand before which it is the privilege of all to know him him and organize his kingdon of the last and to know all about the work of God. days. And we do speak the truth before God, For the sake of the truth, we will add anand he not, when we say that his example other testimony in favor of this, our brother as a man, and as a saint, as a husband and a rvants of the Lord for your and the as a man, and as a saint, as a husband and and s rvants of the Lord for your and the as a father, as a minister of Jesus Christ, and world's sake, which aught to be received in his as a citizen of his kingdom, is worthy of imitation, and shall not such a man be sustained? That where he was born, and raised, where he in the cause in the which, not only we, but remained until his character was formed, the heavens are deeply interested; and shall and where he took a public stand in the relianot the paper for which he writes be sustained gious world, and labored f r vears, in addition to his having done husiness in the things of people, and his ministers let this love be this world a long time, even where he now lives, manifested to him, and to them, and to the no one so far as my knowledge extends, has world by corresponding deeds. We have had aught to say against his public, or private charexperience in the religious world for some acter, and we have labored in this section of twelve years, and we are constrained to say country before, and since, president Rigdon' we are heartily sick of this love of the tongue returned to the place of his birth, and where both toward God and his creatures. And now he formly labored, as a relgious teacher and we want to see a people that will rise up in therefore have had every opportunity to know the strength of Isreal's God, and love not if the people had aught to accuse him of. inerely in word heither in tongue but in deed, And this is not all we have been fivored with according to the truth. as did our beloved brother James. does it profit my brethren, though you have his childhood, and with others and we are glad faith and have not works? can faith save you? to have it to, say that they have invariably had

ked and distitute of daily food, and one of you favor. And it is unspeakably gratifiing to say unto them, depart in peace, be ye war have a man, of this character, holding the office med and filled, and give them not those things in the kingdom and Church of Christ that which are useful to the body what will it he holds, and that the nearer we labor to him benefit them. And how often have we seen in the vineyard of the Lord the less the opit the case and have heard persons say to such as position; and to hear his old friends say "we were in distressed circumstances, "may the would like to hear Elder Rigdon preach, and Lord bless you" when they aught to have put if he will come and preach for us we will do there hand in there pockets and blessed them our part in bearing his expences." themselves, or in some other way have blessed. Brethren, there is no one thing more pleas-And though mankind has been most shame-ing, than that a man's character holding fully imposed upon, that is no reason why the station that this our beloved brother holds we should not do our duty to God, and to before God, and his brethren and the world, each other and to all men. Therefore let is good enough to sustain itself, in spite of those that have it in there power assist those, all the opposition that may be against his reli-who have it not in there power to assist them gion. Brethan do be persuaded to act upon and chosen, and are fithful in his kingdom Romans 15: 2-6. "Let every one of us and church, (and in this number we place first please his neighbor for his good to edification. our beloved President,) notto be forgotten that For even Christ pleased not himself, but, as

fered in the loss of all things we are for you and with tears rolling down our cheeks And shall they, through whom God things you may be counted worthy of his king-

And we would say the privilege of conversing with gentlemen rother James. What that have been acquainted with him from And again. If a brother or a sister be na-something good to say about him or in his

And let those whom God has called the principle set forth in the following verses. his hands may not hang down, and that he may be free to lab ur in his calling. For remember that he has no salary, settled upon him neither has his fellow laborers in the ded one toward another according to Christ Jework of God, as other men in other churches.

Brethren beloved, we have unceasing desires in behalf of those of whom we speak and sus Christ." Amen. Washington. June 5, 1845.

Ohio at Beaver, and came in sheffield, a small the fulliess of the gospel of Christ as preachtown, where we stopped all night and preached by the church of Jesus Christ of Latter ed to the citiz no. We next came to Clinton. Day Saints, and embraced it, and was saits 10 miles, where we proclaimed the Kingdom fied with all until the death of Joseph; since and gospel of the Kingdom to a large and attentive congregation on Friday, Saturday and der the authority of the Twelve; there are Sunday, the people treating us very kindly .- schisms in that hody, and I cannot sustain A Mr Hood opened his house for us in the everthem. nings of Friday and Saturday, and on Sunday we held our meeting in a grove, The Ceceders commanded to prove all things and hold fast In that region are very higowed and mimerous, to that which is good. I feel that truth will endeavored to keep when members from bare investigation; and I desire to come to coming out to hear us their doctrine received a the truth as it is, and to sustain the same, death blowin the estimation of other classes, and shall do it at all hazards; for truth shall the world (i.e. Sectarians) call Infidels, who will stand in these last days. treated us most kindly and manifested much There is a branch of the church is this place interest in our deciring acknowleding that of about 40 members, and it has become diit was that of the Scriptures. This would vided, and we need we have need very upparted in the place for Bro her Savary. Next we by treated by those who are authorized with came to Bargetstown where we preached but authority from the Twelve. I wish you once—next to Mt Preasant where we also lee would send me one copy of your paper, with tured once—thence to Cannonsburgh where the terms, and I will send you the money:—we could not obtain a house. We conversed we wish to spread light and truth, in the with some citizens there who were anxious world. I desire that every man should have that us, and promised when we returned his right, and shall labor for the same; and I that they would secure a Hall for us, owned feel that right will come, for I trust in a right by a man who was absent from town: We eous God, he will bring all things right in his left, and stopped with a Mr. John Cooper own due time.

The about 3 miles North of Washington who is a lam your brother and friend in Christ, full-believer of our dectrine and who treated us with the utmost kindness. We gladened To Sidney Riction, Esd. his heart and he ours. He became a subscriber to our paper Brother Ellis wishes you to President S. Rigdon send to his address Mr. J. Cooper Washing. Dear Sir I accidentally learned you ton. We left 13 numbers with him and you publish a paper at Pittsburgh, of which I nei-will please forward their from the 13th number know the name or price: but I wish you ber. Since we left we hit e heer in good spirits to send it to me, to the amount enclosed. and met with very good treatment. Wherev-er we have preached the gospel, we have the Gospel, as they have been taught by the given every and any person an opportunity to Church of the Saints, and I wish to continue object to our doctrine, and not one man has with a people, who believe and teach the ever yet lifted his voice in opposition. shall leave this for Waynesburgh, Green Co, L am very respectfully your brother in the next, and whether we shall go farther south we bonds of Gospel peace. cannot tell. We shall probably return through Westmoreland and arrive in Pittshurgh the first of July.

warmest and most friendly feelings. Your Brethren in the Gospel.

JEREMIAH HATCH Ja. ROBERT ELLIS.

Mansfield, Conn. June 1, 1845.

DEAR BROTHER In the New and Ever-BROTHER ROBINSON DEAR BROTHER in the New and Everlines entiform you of the mission thus far. write you a few lines hoping they may find We left Bright in the 27th it crossed the you in good health and prosperity. I believe

I wish to know the truth as it is; we are especially the lefidels; there are many of what prevail, and error shall fall, and God's church

it was that of the Scriptures. This would vided, and we feel we have been very unjust-

I am your brother and friend in Christ, HENRY H. WADE.

We same.

L.M. DAVIS

We are growing stronger every Since our last we have received a letter day and have no fear of going among strangers. from Elder John A. Forgeus, dated Laharpe, The farmers through the region we have III. May 22, 1845, from which we make the travelled have suffered and are suffering much from drouth and frosts—the passures being fillowing extract:

dried up corn destroyed, fout killed, and it is Next Sanday I expect to preach 3 times feared much of the wheat crop injured severe-in Montrose, lower. I preached twice last ly There seems to be a fearful looking after Sabbath in McGary, Hancock county, Ill. 8 things that are coming on the earth. miles from Carthage, and made friends with Please to greet all the Brethren with our Mormons, and anti-Mormons; in the evening varmest and most friendly feelings. Your at 5 o'clock preached in Laharpe to a large congregation, and was followed by Elder S. James. There were ten baptized here on Saturday, and others soon will be?"

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE,

OF THE CHURCE OF CERTST.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, JULY 1, 1845.

No. 16.

. SERMON No. 2.

DEDICATED TO THE SAINTS OF cap.

THE LAST DAYS.

BY S. RIGDON.

birth till his death. man's existence, we can learn some things when it is his own future condition after otherwise than by revelation; but before and which he is searching. after that, revelation alone gives light, and if There are some things said in the conversait does not, all is conjecture.

self with terms only, regardless of all ideas. - was. wicked are to be eternally, and Abraham's ted when separated from the body.

more he satisfies his mind the best way he

Who, that reflects at all, but will, in his

meditations, wonder if these disembodied spirits, have a planet some where in the [Continued from page 229.] spirits have a planet some where in the bounds of creation on which they dwell, that Hebrews 2d chapter 6th verse: "What is man is as well suited to their condition as this one that thou art mindful of him? or the son of many to ours; and that on that planet, as on this, that thou visitest him?" But to return and inquire What is man! det; and in it there is an Abraham's bosom We have ascertained that his history is lossed a place of torment; nothing but a in the past, we will now inquire what it is in stopid system of feligion could keep the mind the future. All we know or can know about of man from destring to follow his history init we know by revelation, all beside that is to this dark period of his existence; but, say conjecture, and it is a matter of some consethose whose religion is founded on principles quence to distinguish hetween what we do that would repel with indignation a messenknow, and what we conjecture. There might ger of heaven sent to enlighten them, we need be an exception made, taking that part of no more feveration; but a mind delivered from man's history embracing the period from his such ignorant prejudices, would desire reve-During this period of lation on every point where there is darkness.

tion above quoted between Abraham and the One fact is doubly known that man is rich man, that strikes the mind with great doomed to die. This experience as well as force. The rich man requests Abraham to revelation teaches us; but after death all we send Lazarus to his five brethren, and warn can know about him is by revelation; by reve them that they come not to that place of torcan know about him is by revelation; by revelation; by revelation then we learn that the spirit still is in ment. Now why warn them in this world, existence when the man is dead as well as unless there was something they could do in when he is alive, and that it is capable of be this world, that would effect their condition ing tormented, and of being comforted, as there, and a something that could not be done when alive. But the few facts which we there. Lazares could not administer to the have in relation to this state of existence, to comfort of the rich man there, but he could which all are destined, only create a desire in make something known to his (the rich man's) the mind for more. The man who has got brethren who were here in the flesh, that if revelation enough, on this period of man's exthey would hear and obey, would keep them istence, must have a mind that can content it from the place of torment where the rich man

He may say the rich man was in hell and From this we learn an important fact, that Lazarus in Abraham's bosom; but what is men can do something in this world which hell, and what Abraham's bosom, is not re- has an effect on their spirits in their disemvealed, but we have got the terms and that is bodied state, and by reason of something they. revelation enough, we need no more, as many do here, their spirits are comforted, and by If this is the hell where they say the reason of not doing it their spirits are tormenbosom the heaven, then they must be very this not the case, why did the rich man desire near together, within talking distance; but that Lazarus might be sent to his five brethwhy multiply words about it. There is no ren, lest they should go to the place of torment man living, who helieves the hible, but would where he was? no other reason can be assign. desire more revelation in relation to this dark of for this request only, that by their hearing period in the history of man, and we strongly and obeying the message it would effect their doubt whether any man can invent for him peace and happiness, in that invisible worldself a set of prejudices sufficiently strong to But all the light we have in relation to this quiet all his desires, so, that if he would con important period in man's history, is not suffices the truth, he would say he did desire ficient to satisfy the mind even of those who more revelation, and he had not enough to say they have revelation enough and need to satisfy him, but believing that he can get no more; but here, again, all the powers of conthe most stupid higot.

edge of it, as with, and that men's understand-that, make it the place of residence for the ing has nothing to do with their salvation; - wicked etertally; for the above quotation is they can be saved without knowing any thing the last sylable that is said about it in revelaabout it as well as with it. ---

condition there.

The next place where we find man, leaving into it, and will be thate eternally burning; him in his disembodied state, is raised from and this will do to satisfy our wind. ple do, there is a silence on man's history be shaken that remain.

than heaven and hell; and in order to do this not be shaken or moved. give them [heaven and hell] an eternal exist. Here then the kingdom which the saints

had conjecture would cease. Let us while at this point say a few things maineth when they are both removed.

jecture are put into requisition, and efforts about heaven and hell. Whatever that thing made to supply the deficiency of revelation, is which the scriptures call hell, the account and satisfy the void there is in the mind of we have of it, is that it is cast into the lake of fire and brimstone, what becomes of it after

All must admit that there is not a fulness that we are not informed; but conjecture on these points pertaining to man; and every helps us, and gives it an eternal existence afattempt to throw light upon them, is done by ter it is cast into the lake of fire and brim-tone. conjecture alone, and always must be, unless See Revelations 20th Chapter 13th and 14th the Lord interposes and gives more revelation verses. "And the sea gave up the dead which

The situation of man, from the time were in it; and death and hell delivered up of his death until the time of the resurrection, the dead which were in them: and they were is one about which there is so little said in indged every man according to their works.the revelations extant, that how any may can And death and heldswere cast into the lake say he needs no more revelation is strange of fire. This is the second death." This is indeed, he must think that salvation, in disthe last account we have of hell in revelations, tinction to all other things pertaining to man, that it "gives up its dead," "and is cast into is a scheme that can operate as well without lake of fire," which John calls the second the persons effected by it having any knowl-ideath. Nothing but conjecture could, alter

tion. But after this time, the wicked are in One thing we have learned that the spirit existence; but where are they to dwell! this after its separation from the body, is capable is the difficulty. What a few sentences of revof suffering, as well as when in the body; and slation would do for man; what a world of that there is nothing in this disembodied state conjecture it would save, just by telling them itself, which can save a person from suffering, where the wicked would pearter hell "was and if they do not suffer in that separate state, cast into the later of fire," but the people say it is because of something they have done we do not need revelations; we can make up while in the flesh, which has effected their the deficiency; we will say that hell has an eternal existence, and the wicked are all cast

the dead, and here again our information is There are also some things said about heavso limited that we have recourse again to con- en that places the conjectural theory of the unlecture. The fact that man will be raised from believers, in revelation, in rather a doubtful the dead seems to be plain enough, but what situation. In the 12th Chapter of Hebrews followes after this, is the place where conjec [26, 27, 28, verses Paul says thus "Whose ture is needed and where it is made to sup-voice then shook the earth: but now he hath ply an important place in our history; and all promised, saying, Yet once more I shake this because the people are determined to have not the earth only, but also heaven. And this no more revelation, and they find difficulties in word. Yet once more, signifies the remove following man to his final destiny, and are ing of those things that are shaken; as of driven to the necessity of doing something things that are made, that those things which to satisfy the mind; and the only means they cannot be shaken may remain. Wherefore have is conjectures. In order therefore to we receiving a kingdom which cannot be carry out their religious system they give to moved, let us have grace, whereby we may their hell and to their heaven an eternal ex serve God acceptably with reverence and god-

istence; their supposed wicked they put into ly "." hell eternally, and their supposed righteous their supposed righteous their supposed righteous their things which are to be shaken, and that conjecturing being discounted to be shaken, and that conjecturing, being in direct opposition to these things which are shaken are to be re-what revelation we have; but what will peo-moved, and that it is the things which cannot And in the 28th after the resurrection, and what is said about verse we are told what it is that cannot be the resurrection can leave no doubt that both shaken "wherefore, we receive a Kingdom the righteous and the wicked are some where which cannot be moved." By this we are in existence eternally, and men find them-told that all things shall be shaken, but the selves under the necessity of providing some kingdom which the saints receive; salt other place for them, and can find out nothing better things shall be moved; but this kingdom can-

ence; and all this because we must not get receive, is put in opposition to both heaven any more revelations, it revelations could be and earth. Heaven and earth can be shaken and removed, but the kingdom of God rehas now become of the conjectural theory of The bible begins with man's history at the the unbelievers in revelation. This eternal time of the union of body and spirit, and clohome for the saints is shaken and removed, see it with the resurrection. All that any man but the saints still remain, but where is their can say about man before or after this time, is place of residence? Heaven is removed and conjecture, and conjecture only, for revelation their conjectures have hatched no other place is silent on the subject. It raises all from for them; then a religion that denies the power the dead; some to reverlasting life and some er of revelation, and the priviledge of obtain- to shame and everlasting contempt," cast hell ing any intelligence from heaven, is a strange and death into a "lake of fire" rolls heaven Paul the apostle found the up "like a scroll," and it passes away, and Athenians in this condition, at the time he burns up the "earth and the works thereof;" See Acts of the apostles and there the revelations in our scriptures visited that place. 17th chapter 22nd and 23rd verses: leaves man. Men in order to carry out their Then Paul stood in the midst of Wars kill, religious theory, and give any degree of im-

and said. Ye men of Athens. I perceive that portance to them, go to conjecturing and in all things ye are too superstitious. For as give hell and heaven an eternal existence, and I passed by, and beheld your devotions, I put their righteous into one and their wicked found an afterwith this inscription, TO THE into the other, but the only authority they UNKNOWN GOD: Whom therefore we have for this is sheer conjecture; but though, ignorantly worship, him declare I unto you." they say, they need no more revelations they

This people had conjectured themselves in are so dissatisfied with what they have, that to the belief of an unknown G d, and, as Paulithey cannot raise their minds without bold said, whom they "ignorantly worshiped".-- conjectures; and those in direct opposition to Their immaginations had not only given exist, the hible. ence to a God, but also to system of worship. The revelations we have in our seringures; suited to his character. Paul looked upon leave both the righteous and the wicked at a

person would; for any religion of the kind treflecting mind the great necessity we have for whether in Athens or else where must be su more. It is at the point of the resurrection perstition, if there is any such thing; but where man, according to all, begins his eterhow much better a system that has to conjectual existence; that is an existence without

nity so much spoken of. It is at that time If one is superstition the other must be. Paul is not alone in what he says about conjecture says that all are raised, that the the heavens being removed; to his savings righteous received their reward and enter into we may add what Isaiah says in 34th chapter heaven for eternity, and the wicked their doom

of heaven shall be dissolved, and the heavens but say all the sacred writers, who have writtheir host shall fall down, as the leaf fallethiled up as a scroll, and passes away, and hell

of their places". And these put together set hell have an eternal duration, and after the tles the question forever, that the heavens are resurrection men will find their eternal home to be rolled up, pass away, and cease to ex-in one or the other of them. ist: we mean whatever the scriptures call. Strange darkness of the human mind, that heaven. So that not only what is called hell, men can persuade themselves that they have

dence for them; for since they are to have no which are extant, is there any thing any way more revelations, all the way they can satisfy in accordance with the existence of eternity. or is it a matter of no consequence to man, to their minds, is by conjecture.

both as superstition, as any other intelligent period in their history, which shews to every ture a place of future and eternal residence. change; beyond the resurrection lies the eter-

4th verse of his prophesy. And all the host and are cast into hell, to be there eternally; shall be rolled together as a scrolly and alliten on the subject, heaven at that time is roloff from the vine, and as a falling fig from the is cast into a lake of fire; so the theory ends, Peter in his 2d Epistle 3d chapter and feaves the righteous and unrighteous and 10th verse says thus. But the day of the without a residence. Lord will come as a thief in the night; in the Why do men thus conjecture about heaven which the freakens shall pass away with a and hell? it can only be because they lack rev-

great noise, and the elements shall melt with elation on the subject, and as they believe they fervent heat, the earth also, and the works will never have any more, and their conthat are therein, shall be burnt up" and John jectural religious theories would be too lame, in Revelations 6th Chapter 14th verse has the without having some place for an eternal resfollowing sayings: "And the heaven departed idence for the righteous and wicked, they are as a scroll when it is rolled together; and driven to the necessity of conjecturing in dievery mountain and island were moved out rect opposition to the bible, that heaven and

but what is called heaven are, both to pass a revelation enough, and yet be under the neces-way: but both the righteous and the wicked sity of completing their religious theory by are still in existence, when hell and beaven conjecture. But this subject is made plain are no more; but where is their residence? by contemplating man as having an eternal conjecturing religionists will have to go to existence. Let us ask what account have we work again, and conjecture some other resi-jof man after the resurrection in our revelations know any thing about himself after the resurtion, that the whole of revelation which is know any thing about himself before that that eternal period of man's history is left to time.

man's salvation, surely a few rays of light resurrection, and his eternal all depends on thrown upon his path in his eternal course that state of existence, and yet a complete siwould contribute to this end. We are told lence about it, and what adds to the singularthat to the end that man might have a state of ity of the whole, is that man says he needs no rest and glory after the resurrection, were all light on the subject; he can conjecture a sufrevelations given to man, and still they carry ficiency for himself. him to the time of the resurrection and there Religious bigotry alone could produce such leave him, and yet they were designed to have a state of mind. If the mind were not bound an important influence on his condition for vast in chains by religious bigotry, of the most crueternity; and yet all is silent, all is conjected character, no mind could or would be test in ture beyond the resurrection, and beyond that such darkness; it would seek light; it would period is endless duration, and revelation seek intelligence; it would seek knowledge; were given for the express purpose of effect but religious bigotry that curse to society and ing a man's condition in that expance of end-enemy of intelligence, the cruelest of all tyrants less duration, and yet man left in darkness in forbids the search, and commands Psalms to relation to it, and yet he has revelation enough, be sung, and praises hymned, and anthems all he needs; strange indeed.

way to the theory that we have revelation Such is the situation of those who say they enough, men must sing Psalms about a some need no more revelation. worshiping an "unknown God."

and shout hallaluias, and rejoice in hope of what of them have been fulfilled, and be able this great glory which awaits you, while the to make the distinction clearly; We presume jecture what it is, and where it is; but we must self; though he may say he needs no more rejoice greatly in it. No mind could be con-revelation. tented under such circumstances but one stupified by religious prejudice.

that period which begins with the union of view of fact. after the resurrection, all in perfect darkness; never will be any more revelation than what and if there is any period in man's history is now extant, is to suppose what is either im-It is said by all that it was for the object of history of man given, beyond any thing we

If so it was not necessary to let him given, was given, and notwithstanding this, conjecture with the bare fact, that man is des-If intelligence has any thing to do with tined to enjoy some state of things after the

chanted, in hope of a glory that conjecture It would appear that every thing must give has conjured up, and ignorance has sanctified.

thing of which they have no knowledge-te- Who after all, is there on this earth, but joice in hope of it, die in anticipation of it; would rejoice at the idea of obtaining a full pend all they have to posses it, and yet know understanding of his own future history; there ot what it is, all darkness; all uncertainty; is, we think, no such a being that has intellind we are left to conjecture what it is, and gence now living or ever did live. Men say where it is, and what will be our condition they want no more revelation, when in fact when we are there. Surely this is worse than they do, and would be glad exceedingly glad if the Lord would give to themselves such Who can contemplate the Deity, as deign-light as they desire. Who that believes the ing to enlighten the human mind, to lead the bible but would be glad to have all darkness mind of man forth into an acquaintence with taken off of it, so that when they read it they another state of existence, whither he is has could understand it clearly, and know precisetening; a state of existence pregnant with eter-ly what the various writers meant by their nal consequences, and leads his mind to the varied way of teaching mankind, comprehend door, and there stops and tells him now you the ancient prophets, and know to a certainty know a sufficiency about it, now sing Psalms what prophecies are yet to be fulfilled, and glory is not revealed, nor any light given by there is no man living but would desire it, and which it can be understood, but we must con-would rejoice if the Lord would do so to him-

Every thinking man feels too much interest, in the future, not to desire to have some rays When we lay aside all our ignorant religion of light in relation to the events of future time, ous bigotry, and look at revelation as we find and-what awaits himself in the period of his it, how does it appear? all is darkness per history which lies in futurity. Men may say taining to man before the union of body and what they please about revelation, and wantspirit, and all is darkness after the resurrecting and needing no more; for no man says so All the knowledge we have of man is only in view of his religious theory, and not in

body and spirit, and terminates with the resur-rection, occupying a few thousand years from the prophecies, which says that "the knowlthe creation till the resurrection. A vast eter-eldge of the Lord shall cover the earth as the nity before the greation, and endless duration waters do the sea," and yet suppose that there that is of importance, it is that period after he possible with God or man; before such a thing enters eternity at the time of the resurrection could take place there must be an extended securing to man eternal rest after the resurrec-have written. Or to suppose that there will be

the least to the greatest," without any adition-had who did it. al revelation, is so void of all reason and common sense, as to be absolutely ridiculous .- diving into futurity, when under a proper in-Leaving this we will inquire after man's ca-fluence, is established by an evidence that pabilities.

bout man's capabilities which are worthy of entirely owing to being placed in a situation notice. Whatever man has done, is all the proof we need that man was capable of doing That men can attain that, is proven from the so. There is nothing ascribed to man, in the fact that they have done it, and what has been revelations of heaven, only the things he was done by man can be done. All these things arrow out of man's capabilities as We have capable of; all the prophets and apostles, and grow out of man's capabilities. We have workers of miricles, mentioned in the scrip-some sayings of the apostle Paul, in the 1st tures, were men and men only, and were capa- chapter of the Epistle to the Ephesians that ble of doing the things they did as men; that such things as they did were within the compass of the powers of the body and minds of men, we think none will doubt. That these men were the description of men were the descendants of Adam, will not spiritual blessings in heavenly places in be contradicted. All things did by them, christ: According as he hath chosen us in were things that Joshua who commanded the sun and moon him in love: Having predestinated us unto was but a man; he was constituted as other the adoption of children by Jesus Christ to men are, had nothing peculiar in his nature. Men in this and all other ages were constituted as was Joshua and Elias. Why then did not all others are revealed as a constitution of the property of the glory of his will, To the praise of the glory of his protections and the Beloved. In whom we have the second in the Beloved. they were differently constituted, but because these men had obtained some medium of communication with the Deity, others had not, and others were as capable of this as they were, had they have been pleased under size bleasure, which he hath purposed in himself. ted as they were, they had not only power to times he might gather together in one all things in Christ, both which are in heaven, others have done to God but they did so—had all others have done to God but they did so God but they did so—had all others have done to God but they did so God but the were in this respect not like them.

elations and obtain visions, were the sons of the praise of his glory, who first trusted in Adam as we and all others are, and what they Christ. In whom ye also trusted; after that did others are as capable of as they were.—

The only cause that others did not as they did salvation: in whom also after that ye believed in home that others did not as they did salvation: in whom also after that ye believed chaining visions, and looking into futurity, as sion, unto the praise of his glory."

others are ofdoing as they are, and had others

Paul here declares to the Ephesians upon obtained the same relation to the Deity they what principle it was that he had all powdid, they could also have exercised the powers of the powers of

a time when "all shall know the Lord from had obtained the relation to the Deity those

The fact that the mind of man is capable of cannot be gainsaid, that men have done it: We have many things in revelation said a-but this high attiainment of human nature, is were things that men were capable of doing him before the foundation of the world, that Elias who stayed the heavens, was a man. not all others get revelations and exercise the the Beloved: In whom we have redemption same powers they did! it was not because through his blood, the forgiveness of sins, actions were differently and the same powers. were, had they have been placed under cir-pleasure, which he hath purposed in himself; cumstances of a similar character, and instrucothers have done so, they could have been as and which are on earth: even unto him: In Joshua and Elias, but for want of this they whom also we have obtained an inheritance, being predestinated according to the purpose All the apostles who had power to get revisel of him who worketh all things after the countrions, and obtain minima was the same of the countrions, and obtain minima was the same of is because they obtained a different relation to ye were sealed with that holy Spirit of prom-the Deity from what others did, and, in that relise, which is the earnest of our inheritance, lation, were as capable of getting revelations, until the redemption of the purchased posses-

It cannot be doubted that all the says in the third verse "Blessed be the God great works done by the prophets and apostles, and father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who are things , which can be done by men; that hath blessed us with all spiritual blessings is, men by sustaining a certain relation to in heavenly places in Christ Jesus." By God, can look into futurity, and see the events this, it was by virtue of his being "in Christ of coming time,—can tell what will take Jesus" that he had obtained "all spiritual place for hundreds of years before it comes to blessings." In the fourth verse he says pass, can command the planets and exercise that to this end God had chosen this way power over the elements; by attaining a certain of communicating his spiritual blessing to relation to the Deity. All who obtain that re-men "before the foundation of the world." lation can do it, and all who do not cannot do According as he hath chosen us in him it: though, those that cannot, could if they before the foundation of the world." ChoThere can be no mistake then in relation to because he was not "in Christ Jesus." If he this matter. God had chosen or appointed could not see visions it was because he was this way as the way, through which spiritual not "in Christ Jesus." If he had not the formings, yea, all of them, could be communities of sins, it was because he was not "in to man; and this choice or appoints. Christ Jesus." If he had not "redemption was before the foundation of the world, through the blood of Christ," it was because Paul, notwithstanding he had all the powers he was not "in Christ Jesus." If God did of both mind and body before he was in Christ not "abound toward" him "in all wisdom and he had afterwards, yet, he could not exercise prudence," it was because he was not "in them in that way until he was in Christ Jesus." If he were not "sealed by the sus; when, he had obtained that standing body spirit of promise," it was because he before God, he could then exercise his powers was not "in Christ Jesus." For God, acin obtaining spiritual blessings to a fullness. Cording to Vaul, had pre-determined before Paul's nature by being "in Christ Jesus," but Jesus" all the above things could and would would that there were any new additions to the foundation of the world, that "in Christ Paul's nature by being "in Christ Jesus," but Jesus" all the above things could and would the christ that there were any new additions to the foundation of the world, that "in Christ Paul's nature by being "in Christ Jesus," but Jesus" all the above things could and would the christ that there were any new additions to the foundation of the world, that "in Christ Paul's nature by being "in Christ Jesus," but Jesus" all the above things could and would the christ that there were any new additions to the foundation of the world, that "in Christ Paul's nature by being "in Christ Jesus," but the christ paul man to the

after that, he could exercise his powers in be obtained. To this end God had made choice a way which he could not before. The sub-of this plan of putting men in Christ Jesus? sequent fact of the quotation, is devoted to before the foundation of the world; that being making known the great advantages there in him, they could hold communion with God. were to men by being in Christ Jesus. 6th and, through that communion with God, obverse, in Christ Jesus he was accepted. _ tain all spiritual blessings, all wis san and "Wherefore he hath made us accepted in the pruderice, know the mystery of God's will obbeloved." Verse 7th, it was by virtue of his tain forgivness of sins and redemption in his being in Christ that he [Paul] had redemp-([Christ's] blood. This is the wason why "In whom we have redemption in his God was "mindful of him," [man,] and the Verse 8th, it was by virtue of Paul's reason why he [God] "visited him. being in Christ that he obtained all-wisdom From the powers and capacities of man, as and prudence. "Wherein.—that is in Christ, bove set forth, we can see why it was that -he hath abounded toward us in all wisdom God thought him [man] worthy of his notice. and prudence." Verse 9th, it was by reason because, by being united with Christ Jesus, of his being in Christ that he had made known he could "search into the deep things of God, to him the mystery of God's will. "Having and comprehend the height, the length, and made known to us the mystery of his will, ac the breadth of the love of God, which passeth cording to his good pleasure which he hath knowledge." Though there are dark places purposed in himself." verse 10th. It was in man's history; man was capable when proin consequence of his being in Christ, that he perly directed to search them out, both before would be gathered when the heavens and the he was in the flesh and after the resurrection. earth were gathered together. "That in the It was because man possessed these gigantic dispensation of the fulness of times, he might powers that caused God to "visit him." gather together in one all things in Christ, Lord midgestanding what man was, caused which are in heaven and in earth .- thim to be mindful of him; and before the verse 11th. He had obtained his inheritence foundation of the world laid a scheme by by being in Christ. "In whom-that is in which man could be united with himself

the spirit of promise. "In whom [in Christ] scheme of heaven, designed to benefit man, also after ye believed, you were sealed with seems to have been planed and adapted to his that holy spirit of promise. capacities, that through the medium of the All spiritual blessings then that Paul andidirection given him man might rise in the others obtained, was not because they were scale of intelligence, until he could be associdifferently constituted from other men, or had ated with his God forever. No man can read powers and capacities greater than others; the proclamation, called the gospel, and the but because of certain relations they had ob-effects ascribed to it, without seeing its adaptained to "Christ Jesus." By virtue of these tation to man's capacities. By comparing the relations they obtained "all spiritual bless following scriptures the matter is made so ings, all wisdom and prodence, redemption, plain that any but the willingly ignorant, canforgivness of sins, and inheritance;" indeed not help but see. Mark 16: 15-17. And all that caused them to differ from others in he said unto them, Go ye into all the world these things. If others did not possess these and preach the gospel to every creature. powers and spiritual gitts, it was because that believeth and is baptized, shall be saved; they were not in Christ Jesus; for in but he that believeth not shall be damned.— Christ Jesus" all such blessings abounded .- And these signs shall follow them that be-

Christ—also we have obtained an inheritence [God,] that he [man] might, through the being predestinated—those in Christ—ac spirit of revelation, he partaker with him in cording to the purpose of him who worketh all wisdom and all knowledge, and share all things after the counsel of his will."—with him in his eternal glory and eternal rest.

In Christ they were sealed with In view of man's capability the whole

liever in my name shall they cast out devils: to whom the apostles should administer; "in

they shall speak with new tongues; my name shall they," not you, "cast out Acts 2: 14-18. "But Peter, standing up devils;" "they" not you, "shall speak with with the eleven, lifted up his voice and said new tongues;" 18th verse, "they" not you, unto them, Ye men of Judea, and all ye that "shall take up serpents and if they?" not you, dwell at Jerusalem; be this known unto you, drink any deadly thing it shall not hurt them," and hearken to my words: For these are not not you, "they," not you, "shall ay hands on drunken as ye suppose seeing it is but the third the sick, and they shall recover:" hour of the day. But this is that which was We have marked the above sayings, partic-

spoken by the prophet Joel; and it shall come ularly, to shew what it was that was proposto pass in the last days, shith God, I will pout ed to those who received the apostolic adminout of my Spirit upon all flesh, and your sons istration, not but the apostles had the same and your daughters shall prophecy, and your power, but what was here said about those young men shall see visions, and your old men who would receive their word and administrashall dream dreams: And on my servants and tion, and not about the apostles themselves.

on my hand maidens I will pour out in those Who can examine the above quoted sayings days of my Spirit; and they shall prophecy." of the Savier, and not see the promise made

And again the 37-39th verses, Now when to those who received the apostles and obeyed they heard this, they were pricked in their their word. It was said, "That he who behearts, and said unto Peter and to the rest of lieveth and is baptized shall be saved," and the apos les. Men and brethren, what shall the after sayings shew upon what principle we do? then Petersaid unto them Repent and the salvation was to be accomplished; it was be baptized every one of you in the name of by bringing those who believed, into a rela-Jesus Christ, for the remission of your sins, tion with the Deity, hy which they could be and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost, made partakers of both the wisdom, and pow-For the promise is unto you, and to your child- er of God, and having that wisdom and power ren, and to all that are afar aff, even as many can be heirs of eternal life. us the Lord our-God shall call.22. Connect It was the case with the Savior and the athis with the Acts 8: 14-17, Now when postles when they-promised salvation or eterthe apostles which were at Ferusalem heard nal-life by obedience to what they taught, that that Samaria had received the word of God, we also show the principle by which the salthey sent unto them Peter and John: who, vation or eternal life was to be obtained. In when they were come down prayed for them the commission given to the apostles, it was that they might receive the wholy Ghost; for to be by obtaining power with God, through

Then laid they their hands on them, and they clearly manifest in the teachings of Peter on received the Holy Ghost. The day of Penticost, it requires no small de-And again Acts 19: 5, 6, When they heard gree of dishonesty, and duplicity to avoid it, this, they were baptized in the name of the and all who do have to condescend to low Lord Jesus.

as yet it had fallen on none of them; only they which the people obeying could inherit the were baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus; blessings pertaining to salvation. This is so

Lord Jesus. And when Paul had laid his trickery and degraded condescention. hands on them, the Holy Ghost came on them; On that memorable occasion the apostle reand they spake with tongues, and prophesied." garded the commission he had received, and The above passages when duly considered took occasion from the ignorance of the peoshew plainly that the scheme of heaven, inten-ple, to explain the gift of the Holy Ghost, as ded for the salvation of man, was a scheme declared by Joel the prophet, see 16, 17, 18th adapted to the peculiar capacities of man, verses of the 2d chapter of Acts, as above quothrough which he could hold communion with ted. In this quotation, it is said the effect of the Diety, and, by the communion thus held, the pouring out of the Holy Spirit should be he could rise in the scale of intelligence until that of prophecying, seeing visions, and he could become a companion of the Deity, dreaming dreams. After this, and when the and share with him in his intelligence, wis Jews asked what they should do, he reasoned, dom, power, and glory. What we have quot verses 38 and 39, "Repent and be baptised ed from Paul's savings in the 1st chapter offevery one of you in the name of Jesus Christ. the Enhesians, shews plainly what effect had for the remission of sing, and ye shall receive. been produced on him by his submission to the gift of the Holo Ghost." Now why rethe will of heaven. From the commission ceive "the gift of the fluly Ghost?" because it given to the apostles, as quoted from Mark, was said that certain signs should follow them nothing can be more evident than the same of that believe, and these signs, if we credit Joel's fect which had been produced on the minds of testimony, could follow only by receiving the apostles by their submission to the gospel, "the Holy Ghost;" and, if they receive the was also through the same means to be produ-"Holy Ghost," they must follow, and it was ced on all those to whom they [the apostles] in consequence of the signs following that shall administer. In the 17th verse as before salvation was attained. No signs following, quoted it is thus said "And these signs shall and no salvation; and in order to carry the sys follow them that believe," that is, the person tem to its ligitimate issue, and shew that it

was every way suited to the end for which it was introduced, Peter say verse 39, "For the MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE, promise is to you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call," that is the promise of "the gift of the Holy Ghost," which Joel had said, would be a power by which they could prophe see how the cause of truth moves on quietly. ey, see visions and dream dreams.

What then can be more clearly set forth than the fact, that the gospel proclamation was predicated on the capabilties of man to hold communion with God. It was to be so with man through all time; the promise was there the Lord is not; it is so with individunot only to the children, of those who were present; but to all that were afar off even as many as the Lord our God shall call. So that men, according to this, were to be the same the Lord ceases to communicate to or with through all time; all were to be capable of redthat person, because the Lord does not dwell Holy Spirit, to prophecy, see visions, &c. and what adds to this, is, that it was the promise -which was made to the obedient. Now take in darkness and fear, not knowing what to beance, and baptism? none surely, only as they

The account given us of the execution of the holding communion with God by obedience ed unto them, and the people believed, he bap-be peace. tised them both men and women; and the Peter and John" who when they arrived, of Penticost, they who obeyed should receive ing evidence that all both men and women are darkness. capable of having power with God, and capa- All that ale of being saved, as the gospel proposed to their hearts right before the Lord, and he will . Holy Ghost."

To be concluded in our next,

PITTSBURGH, PA. JULY 1, 1845.

It is to us, a matter of great satisfaction, to and peaceably, without excitement or confu-Truly, it is said that the Lord is a God of order and not confusion. He dwells only where there is order. Where confusion reigns als as with his church: whenever the mind of an individual gets into disorder and confusion, ceiving the Holy Spirit, and if to receive the in the midst of confusion. How frequently we see those who profess to serve the Lord, away the promise and what avail is the re-lieve nor what to do. All is wrong; but why What advantage in faith, repent is it so? the Lord is the same. The answer must be the person has got out of his place, brought the person, who was the partaker must be the person has got out of his place, thereof, into a near relation with the Deity, by and the Lord will not follow him; had he staid. which he could obtain communication with where the Lord had placed him, and by so do-God, and be a sharer in his [God's] wisdom, ing, kept his own heart right before the Lord, prudence and power, by which salvation comes, there would have been no darkness in his high commission given to the apostles, as quot-mind. Darkness in the mind of a saint, is aled above, goes to comfirm what we have said, ways the result of error committed by him .if it needs confirmation, and shews that others Though persecution rage, and iniquity prevail, besides the apostles had this same power of yet, if a man's heart is right in the sight of to the gospel. The case at Samaria is to point. God, he will have no darkness in his own Philip had gone there; and when he had preach mind; between him and his God it will

Let those who belong to the church of apostles, when they heard of it, they "sent Christ remember this, and it will relieve them "prayed for them and laid their hands on them from many hours of uncalled for anxiety. If and they received the Holy Ghost," that is, all the world are wrong, and are in confusion, the men and women who had been baptised at he who keeps his heart right before God will Samaria. Just as Peter had said on the day be at peace; his mind will not be darkness but the 'Holy Ghost."-Thus carries the truth of light, not confusion but peace: and no darkwhat Peter said to its utmost limits. In this ness comes on the mind of a saint when he is instance both men and women were made par-standing in the place where the Lord placed takers of the "Holy Choet" by obeying the him; for in that place the Lord will commune gospel; this shews that both men and women with him. Whatever place or calling is aswith God, and obtaining wisdom and power signed to a man in the kingdom of heaver. with him, Peter said on the day of Penticost, is the place and the only place where the that when the Lord, in the last days, poured Lord will commune with that person, and out his spirit on all flesh, their sons and their out of that place he will find confusion and daughters should prophecy, and the servants and handmaidens; and at Samaria it was con-darkness, and though all rejoice he will be infirmed, both men and women received it; abid-trouble, and all are in light he will be in All that the saints have to do, is to keep

see to them, and bear them off triumphant in all things pertaining to his kingdom.

Just as our paper was going to press, we against the Partialists, the Partialists against received a cliedring letter from our beloved the Universalists, and the Campbellites abrother Hutchings, dated Boston, June 24 gainst all. These, we suppose, are the chords too late for insection in this number; we intend by which the union is strengthened. making extracts in our next. We make room Will not the editor next favor the public however, to say, the church in Boston is being with a Polynesian uni n? He will have no aroused to the performance of their duties. difficulty in proving that the land which comtheir meetings are becoming well attended, pose the Polynesian Islands all belong to one and the spirit and power of God is poured out world, and that they are all situated in the upon them at times, in a marvellous manner. Pacific ocean; and by the same process of The sick have been healed in their midst, by reasoning by which he can prove the Protestthe mighty power of God, and they feel to re ants a unit, he can prove the Polynesian 1sjoice in the glorious liberty of the gospel of lands all to be one Island. our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ.

Hutching's letter, and in reply, we would say can see no reason why it should not be in to him, and the church in Boston, and to all geography also. Go ahead Mr. Editor, if the saints, do not get weary in well doing, but you cannot prove the whole Protestant world continue humble and faithful before your a unit, you may obtain a little salt and potaheavenly Father and the Lord God of Israel toes by the operation. will bless and prosper you spiritually and temporally; you shall have wisdom poured out upon you, and the hidden treasures of knowledge shall be unfelded to your understanding. and you will be made to rejoice in the Holy One of Israel; you shall have joy of heart, and not sorrow; you will have the peace of God flowing unto you as a river, instead of mourn ing; notwithstanding persecutions may rage and the hand of affliction may seem to be laid heavily upon us, yet, if we continue steadfast, they will work out for us a far more exceed. ing and eternal weight of glory; for know as suredly that the kingdom, and the gospel of the kingdom, which we have entered into and espoused, will triumph and prevail, in spite of all the powers of earth and hell; for the great the walls up, has only confirmed what he Jehovah decreed in the bosom of eternity from said would be done. This he said would be before the foundation of the world, that his done, and their enemies could not prevent EVERLASTING KINGDOM, which Daniel saw or-them from doing it, notwithstaning the case ganized and setsup in the last days, should never be moved or shaken, though heaven and has come to pass; and there can be no

PROTESTANT UNIONIST.

called the Projestant Unionist." What will come next! "Protestant Unionist!!" the Methodist, the Methodist against the Cal- and to wasting and distruction. vinist, the Pedo Baptist against the Baptist, the Baptist against the Pedo Baptist, the Unileaving on a mission to the East; he leaves with our best wishes and prayers, and we trust he tarians against the Trinitarians, the Trinitarians will receive the co-operation of the brethren in Jians against the Unitarians, the Universalists the promotion of the cause of Zion.

This is an age of discovery truly, in sci We rejoiced greatly on the receipt of Elder ence, literature, politics, and religion, and we

NAUVOO ONCE MORE.

It is singular to see what lengths the people of that city will go to sustain themselves: no falshood too glaring for them to publish to the world; indeed they seem to think that on falshood alone depends their salvation -They hatch up prophecies and put them into the mouths of others, and then shout that the propliecy has failed. When the cap stone was put on the temple, there was a great shout that the prophecy of Elder Rigdon had failed. Now what prophecy had failed? Elder Rigdon never said that the walls that temple would never be built, but on the contrary always said they would be, and much more than that done to it, and, getting might appear doubtful. And, as he said it earth should be staken, moved and pass away. Joubt now but all the rest he said about it will take place.

How singular must a religion be that has There have been placed upon our table, a no foundation to stand on but falshood; but few numbers of a paper, published in this city, the doom of those who made lies their refuge, and who hideth themselves under falshood, s set forth sufficiently clear in the scriptures; and as sure as the prophet told the truth, so Queer enough. The Calvinist protest against sure that people is destined to an overtherow,

Elder Elijah R. Swackhammer is about

COMMUNICATIONS.

ESSAY ON THE PROPHESIES AND COMING EVENTS.

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE 231.]

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE 231.] Marriage Supper. And Moses placed the The Lord has set his hand again the sec. Shepherd the stone of Israel in the wife of cond time to recover the remnant of his peo It seph. St Paul informs us that our Lord ple, according to Isas', prophesy 11th chap er sprang out of Judah; of which tribe Moses 11th verse hand is beginning to restore any pake nothing in particular concerning Priestjudges as at the first, and counsellors as at the hood. The Kingdom of heaven will go out beginning." See Isaiah Ist chapter 26th and to meet the Bridegro mat his coming, and no 27th verses, "And I will restore thy judges doubt they will have Malachi's Messenger to as at the first, and thy counsellors as at the lead, with their judges restored as at the first, beginning: afterwards thou shalt be called and their counsellors as at the beginning. The city of righteousiess, The faithful they not only have a promise leaper like city: Zion shall be redeemed with jedgment, unto Moses, but a muliitude of others. The and her converts with righteousness." By Lord has promised to send for many hunters, the above we learn that Zion will be redeem as you will see in Jeremiah 16th chapter 16th ed with jungment, and her converts with verse. See also Rev 17th chapter 14th verse. righteousness, or in other words, every thing And they that are with him are called, and that can be shaken will be taken out of the chosen, and faithful. See also Isa 13th chapway, that the Kingdom which cannot be shatter 3d verse. "I have commanded my sanction may remain. One may be ready to ask tified ones, I have also called my mighty the question, how was Israel's judges at the ones. See Joel 2d chaqter 2d verse. "A first? the answer is they had a Moses and historeat People, and strong there hath not been counsellors; they also had 70 Elders which ever the like, neither shall be to the years of constituted the executive department in their many generations." I might quote a multi-ecclesiastical government, this restitution tude of passages on this subject, but I think thus far has taken place. Christ compared the the above sufficient to show that Isaiah's judg-Kingdom of heaven to a net cast into the sea, es and counsellors will be restored, preparatowhich gathered of every kind both good and ry to the coming of Christ. We have proved bad. It bedome neccessary that this gather in the former part of this treatise, that North iug should take place in order to obtain a suf-America is the mount Zion. We believe also, ficient number of tried and chosen ones to or that the Most High established a free govern-ganize the Kingdom. The principle of chos ment here, in order to bring about his own ing is the same now as it was when purposes. See Isa 29th chapter 7th and 8th Moses said to the children of Israel, choose verses. "And the multitude of all the nations ye this day whom ye will serve. See also that fight against Ariel, even all that fight a-Book of covenants 5th sec. 2d paragraph; "Be-gainst her and her munition, and that distress, hold here is windom let every man choose her, shall be as a dream of a night-vision. for himself until I come."

bring forth her children in the last days .- the nations be, that fight against mount Zi-Shall she have a leader? See Isa 66th Chap-lon" ter. 7th verse Before she travailed, she Isa. foresaw that nations would rise to fight

shall prepare the way before mer and the his soul hath appetite; so shall all the na-LORD whom ye seek, shall suddenly come tions be that fight against mount Zion.— to his temple, even the messenger of the cove—What did England accomplish in the revolu-nant, whom ye delight in: behold, he shall inonary war? again what did they accomplish come saith the LORD of hosts." And Mai in the last war? it was unto them as the

his goods. And you will find the Lord has

promised to appoint a servant to rule over his housefold, or a man child to lead Zion, or

messenger to prepare the way before him

that the Bride may make herself ready for the,

It shall even be as when a hungry man dream, The reader by this time may be ready to im-leth, and behold, he eatheth: but he awakethagine whether the Lord has promised to send a and his soul is empty; or as when a thirsty man like unto Moses, to rule over his house man dreameth, and behold, he drinketh; but he hold to prepare the Bride for his coming .- awaketh, and behold, he is faint, and his soul God has promised that Zion shall travail and noth appetite: so shall the multitude of all

brought forth; before her pain came, she was against Mount Zion: and he likened them to delivered of a man child." Compare the a-the dream of a night vision; if a man dreambove with Malachi 3d Chapter 1st verse .- eit he eatheth and awaketh and is hungry, or Behold, I will send my messenger, and he dreameth that he drinketh and awaketh, and

24th chapter 45th 46th and 47th verses.—dream of a night vision.

"Who then is a faithful and wise servant, whom his lord hath made ruler over his house-hold, to give them meat in due season? Bless-the mount Zion: It will be unto them as the mount of a right vision. It will be unto them as the mount of a right vision. ed is that servant whom his lord, when he dream of a night vision. It will only fulfil the cometh, shall find so doing. Verily I say un Prophesy of John, and Daniel and other proto you, that he shall make him ruler over all phetic declarations.

See Micah 4th chapter 11th and 12th ver-pass in that day, that the Lord shall set his Now also many nations are gathered a hand again the second time to recover the gainst thee, that say, Let her be defil d, and remnant of his people, which shall be left, let our eye look upon Zien. But they know from Assyria, and from Egypt, and from not the thought of the EORD, neither under-Pathres, and from Cush, and from Elam, and them as the sheaves into the floor."

would be set up in the last days, with the E. Judah shall not vex Episiam. But they shall phramites God's first born and also foundly upon the shoulders of the Philistines tothem in Isaiah's far country. We shall en-ward the west; they shall speil them of the deaver to follow their fate and see if they cross east rogether; they shall lay freir hand upon the sea; when they go to Jerusalem to meet Edom and Moab; and the children of Ammon inclusive.

and I will save the house of Joseph, and I will streams, and make men go over dry shod .-God, and will hear them. And they of Ephra-leame, up out of the land of Egypt." im shall be like a mighty man, and their heart shall rejoice as through wine: yea, their that Judah and Ephraim will become recon-Thildren shall see it, and be glad; their heart eiled to each other, and the Lord says as we shall rejoice in the LORD. I will hiss for before quoted in Jort that when he brings athem; for I have redeemed them: and they gain the captivity of Judah and Jerusalem, he shall increase as they have increased. And will also gather all nations; and bring them. I will sow them among the people: and they down into the valley of Jehoshaphat. We shall remember me in far countries; and they have shown the means the Lord will make shall live with their children, and turn again. The little provides the provides the same of the gather the nations. Zechariah in-I will bring them again also out of the land forms us that they will pass through the Sea of Ezypt, and gather them out of Assyria; with affliction, and smite the waves of the and Lebanon; and place shall not be found up. And he shall pass through the sea with affliction, and shall smite the waves in the sea, and all the deeps of the river dry up: and the pride of Assyria shall be brought down, and the sceptre of Egypt shall depart a Preidents S. Roben & E. Robenson:
way. And I will strengthen them in the
Lord; and they shall walk up and down in have enjoyed as good health, or better, than is
his name, saith the LORD,

In the 11th verse. the Sea with affliction, and shall smite the dear families—in the far distant west. waves of the Sea, and all the deeps of the I remained (together with my brethren,) river shall dry up. Compare this with Issiah on the steamer Yucatan until we arrived in 18th chapter 1st verse. "Wo to the land Louisville, Ky. the Captain, of which treated Shadowing with wings which is beyond the us very kindly indeed. the 16th verse inclusive,

rest shall be glorious. And it shall come to and mourning would fill their souls

stand they his council: for he shall gather from Shinar, and from Hamath, and from the islands of the sea. And he shall set up an When the allied powers come and makelensign for the nations, and shall assemble the war with the D aughter of Zion, they will be o feuteasts of Israel, and gather together the disvercime according to Johanno Daniels Proph persed of Judah from the four corners of the ecy, then will the Daughter of Zion by way earth. The envy also of Ephriam shall of reciprocity return the compliment. depart, and the adversaries of Judah shall be Having shown that the Kingdom of Heaven out off: Ephraim shall not envy Judah, and

the bridegroom at his coming. See Zich .- half obey them. And the Lord shall utterly 10th chapter from the 6th to the 12th verse estroy the tongue of the Egyptian sea: and nclusive. with his mighty wind shall he s ake his hand over the river, and shall smite it in the seven bring them again to place them, for I have And there shall be a highway for the remnant mercy upon them: and they shall be as though of his people, which shall be left, from Assyr-I had east them off, for I am the LORD their in; like as it was to Israel in the day that he

By the above quetations we have found and I will bring them into the land of Gilead sea; and the deeps of the rivers shall dry AMOS B TOMLINSON.

[To be continued.]

Hampton, Itt. May 28th, 1845.

I will: In the 9th verse, the Lord says, they shall give you a brief sketch of my journal since 1 remember me in far countries; and they shall bowed a farewell to you as the steamer was live with their children and turn again.— leaving the wharf of the Iron-but burnt city, And he shall pass through to bear me with others to the bosonis of our

There were a great rivers of Ethiopia, that sendeth Embassor-many passengers on board bound westward. ders by the sea, in vessels of bull rushes (or to hunt newhomes in the vast widerness of as some translators say rushing vessels)." prairies that lie stretched out there inviting. See also Isaiah 11th chapter from the 10th to by all the richness and luxuriance of their soil and foliage, to settle on their bosoms and make "And in that day there shall be a root of homes. O! if they but knew the troubles Jesse, which shall stand for an ensign of the that were ahead of them-their glee and song people; to it shall the Gentiles seek: and his of "westward ho," would cease, and sorrow

As we glided down the Ohio on Wednesday Next moreing after the breakfast table was woman, very religious, and belongs to what cleared away they again collected and I en- is called "the Christian order." deavored to show them the characteristic dif-ference between us and all other religious de-nominations. When I had got about hall tended circuit preaching with them. As soon rather broke up our meeting.

and asked the liberty of making a few re fashioned methodist sermon. marks. It was granted, and I spoke about half enough while I rested—to stimulate me. sixteen years absence.

My feetings I cannot desscribe to you, esafternoon, liberty was obtained to preach or pecially considering the circumstances under board. The presengers both above and he which I made the visit. I found him able to low assempled in the cabin and Elder Hinkle with we around the neighborhood and with his usual zeal-addressed them for morely istamong our relatives. I have but two broththan an hour on the subject of our holy religers and one sister living. The oldest broth-After supper they assembled again and er is a local Methodist preacher, the youngest Elder S. James delivered to them a lecture professes no religion. Our sister is a good

through saying what I had intended, a cabin as the preacher closed speaking I walked up boy about twelve years old fell overboard as d into the stand to him and asked for the priviwas drowned, notwithstanding all the exertions tege of speaking, but was denied. I then to save him; he sank to rise and breath no asked for the pivilize giving out some appointment until the "sound of the last trump."— ments, but the self-important, man-made priest The excitement of the moment closed or would not even suffer me to do that much, in a Methodist meeting house. There had been a Before we arrived in Louisville I had writ-stand erected with seats around it, which hapten a letter to my Father, directed to Bagdad pened to be on my brother's land, he said to Tennessee intending to mail it there in order me to preach there if I wished. A's soon as to inform him of my whereahours in the world; the preacher had given out an appointment at but before we arrived in Louisville I had re-libe same place for one of his own fraternity auceived intelligence that I must go personally and make my Father a visit—with this promise that if I would go I should have the primise that if I would go I should have the primounted a bench and told the people, (among vilege of introducing him into the Church of Christ—and then of receiving a Fathers blessing under his hand. My heart leaped for joy, and I said—with the Prodigal son "I will the stand. But one of the trustees came to arise and go to my Father." I was not disobe dient but left the society of brethren, whom I had been born and told the people, (among whom I had been born and brought up.) that I would preach that evening, the next Weding under his hand. But one of the trustees came to me that afternoon and told me to go and preach in the meeting house. I did so, to a large contributed that I can say in truth, I love with a pure morning. I have no doubt but that the largest heart fervently, and I Took stage Friday nigh (morning, I have no doubt but that the largest 2 o'cleck, and on Sunday 2 P. M. I was congregation would have assembled that was among my distant relations and old acquain ever together in that neighborhood. As it tances in the south part of old Ky. There was was, the large meeting house was filled to a meeting in the neighborhood for evening so overflowing. I had spoken one hour and one that I could not make an appointment. I half when the little Methodist minnister arwent with them to hear a Cumberland Pres (rived. He came just in time to occupy his Byterian, with the promise that I would preach hour. On his arrival I sit down—inasmuch if Le would let me. He had commenced before as his appointment had been given out before When he was through I arose mine. In an hour he preached a right new an hour, in giving them a solumn testimony arose again, (without intermission,) and spoke and warning in the name of the Lord. They about two and a half hours on the propriety seemed all attention, and when I was through and necessity of "true prophets in the last requested me to make an appointment for the days"—and in holding up to public gaze the regulation and the last requested me to make an appointment for the days."—and that man have invested by which next day at the old Baptist meeting house. I false system that men have invented by which did so and preached, and also in the evening to get to heaven. The audience seemed fasto a large audience for that country. Even the tened to their seats with almost perfect stliness old Baptist ministers attended. Tuesday the during that great length of time. O, if you 22nd Treached my oldest brothers I staid and could have been there, to have seen that little preached to him and family, and neighbors, Priest sitting by my side in the pulpit while until Saturday morning, he then accompanied his system of homespun Migion was compared me some 25 miles farther to my yougest fothers, with the Lord's system from heaven, and seen He stands six feet four inches and one half his writhtings while he dare not even lift his under the standard-in height, and weighs tongue in self-defence-you could but have 224lbs. without being fleshy-A kind of pitied him and desired him, yea even have walking giant, with him our Father lives, asked him to have forsaken a system so fraught Here in the dusk of the evening April 26th I with absurdities. During my discourse some met with my natural Father 79 years old after man sitting near me wrote with his pencil in his hymn book "Are you a prophet or not?"

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and sliped it up on the stand by my side. caught on fire too—as mine did, and the future something seemed to whisper to me, open the world have opened up before you and you book and age what was in it. When I saw would have gazed upon the important events the sentence or query. Flaidit down and pure and scenes through which you and I will have sued my discourse, until at a proper time, to pass shoulder to shoulder, hard to hand. sued my discourse, until at a proper time, to pass smaller to shoulder, hand to hand, secretly prayed the Lord to answer the query and heart to heart, before we shall see this himself. The poured out his spirit upon me world redeemed, sin destroyed. Satan bound, marvellously—and its voice was "prohesy south the saints rise, and all the righteous enter into of man." The future was opened up before the rest of God, and dwell on the face of this me and I rolled it off with a voice that started earth in perfect peace. some of them from their seats. And I must Judah was Jacob's 4th son-from him came say-that I even felt some atsonished myself the chief ruler in his Father's house. Josephat what I saw and declared. The meeting was seperated from his breihren. He wanclosed, the people dispersed, and I had in dered in a land of strangers many years, but tended to leave for home the next day, but because he loved righteousness, because he during the afternoon my Father said to me feared the Lord, and communed with the that he believed with all his heart, and heavens, he saved or was the means of dedesired to be baptized. My brother, his lady, livering all the race from famine. By faith our Father and myself-started to the river-the obtained the father's first blessing or the about a mile distant—but before we reached birth-right. "Let my name he named upon the water's edge a large company of neight the lads." Gen. 45: 16. 1st Chron. 5; 2 hors and friends had joined us, and notwin &c. I am my Fathers 4th Son. I wandered standing my fatigue from long speaking 1 16 years from home among strangers, during could not bear to immerse my aged Father with- which time I witnessed the organization of the out again calling upon his neighbors to be kingdom of God on earth. I then flew, as it lieve and go with him in obedience. Consequently I lifted up my voice again for about Father and relations, bearing glad tidings one hour at the Cumberland's brink and then upon my lips. And happy, thrice happy that we went down and I buried my own dear man who received my testimony - For then Father in the waters of baptism and raised the Lord gave him a greater-even a testihim up again to go forth and walk in newness mony from Heaven. Thus I proved the testimony of the Lord to of lif. It would be difficult for me to discribe or me, and left my Father rejoiceing in the New

soul! The next day May 5th I had a special by stage from thence by steam to St Louis,

meeting at my own natural sister's when land then to Hampton where we arrived on only invited our relations, (a small congregathe 17th at sunrise. All were well, and are tion assembled,) so as to have a kind of fare-well among them. There I explained to them We passed Nauvoo early on the 16th. The Church of Christ-and also for the gift of the putting up the rafters on the temple.

you to imagine my feelings-especially Covenant. I made him a present of a book while T and my brother walked ahead and of Mormon, and he read, he told meduring my the old gentleman rode along behind us absence from him visiting among our relacalling our attention thus, "well my boys; obe-tions—80 pages in two days not withstanding dience is better than sacrifice, praise the Lord his old age. On the 6th I left for Hampton. O, my soul &c. Ah! my dear brethren, my One of my oldest brothers son's accompanied soul shall magnify the Lord!! My Father me home. He is a young man 22 years of has harkened to the voice of the spirit of the age. He will accompany us to Pittsburgh in Lord, has obeyed the truth. My Father in in order to go to school. I hope he will be a the flesh is in the kingdom of the Lord O my mate for Sidney in their studies, as well as in We went down to Nashville other things.

the nature of laying of hands for blessings boat only called a few moments. So that I After which I laid my hands on my Father's had no time to rove over the City, or even to head and confirmed him a member of the speak to any of its inhabitance. They were

· Holy Spirit And being so directed, I set I arrived on the 17th and on the 20th Heft him apart by ordination to the holy priesthood for Buffalo, only remaining 3 days with my according to the holy order of the Son of God little family. I feel that I have no time to I then in the midst of my relations took the spare idely. I returned last evening being seat and received under his hand a Father's about 8 days, settling my business and preach blessing-and his first blessing. By faith ling ALL THE TIME. I tell you brethren, I am. have obtained the birth right in my father's a living miracle of preaching. I preach about family—and more. O my brethren if you all the time when I am awake, and I dream acould have been present and heard "the word hout the things of the kingdom when I sleep. of fire." as they burned in the aged man's Not one flitting even, of unhappiness has rolled heart, and how he poured them out in bless-across my heart—so far as my religion is coning on me while his hands were on my head cerned, since the 6th of April. I pray continuate seems to me that your souls would have ally for deliverance. Since conference I think

Iknow what it is to have "perfect love casting of far countries: gird yourselves, and ye shall out all fear.

WILLIAM E. McLELLIN.

For the Messenger and Advocate.

McKeesport Alleghe, y county Pa. June 15. 845, and year 1, of the Kingdom of God.

willow our calling and office pertains.

sealed." "Stay yourselves, and wonder; God; and look upward. you the spirit of deep sleep, and hath closed seal the law among my (Christ's) Disciples." your eyes: the prophets and your rulers, the From this we learn that whatever it is, that seers hath he covered. And the vision of all is have called the testimony, and the law, that is become unto you as the words of a book that they were to be bound up and sealed among Jes sealed."

tles, evangelists, pastors and teachers in this fact is, that those who have them not, are not our day, or age of the world, how are we to Christ's Disciples, no matter what they call know them, and that they are sent of God? wemselves, or how much they boast of having For many profess to be his ministers.

upon mankind, we are perfectly willing to give is the law here spoken of, that was to be sealthe principles by which they can try, or exam od among Christs Disciples was it not that ine us, and all others who profess to be the form of doctrin to which the people yielded ministers of Jesus Christ: for God hath not bedience, or were given up? kind, after the first coming of the Savior. And word, which is able to save your souls. with other scripture, who are, and who are not unto a man beholding his natural face in a his Disciples. Isalah 8: 9, to 22, inclusive.—glass: for he beholdeth himself, and goes his Associate yourselves. U ye people, and ye way, and straightway forgetteth what manner shall be broken in pieces: and give ear, all ye of man he was. But whose looketh into the

be broken in pieces; gird yourselves, and ye I long to be with you again We expect shall be broken in pieces. Take counsel toto leave within three weeks, and then pass gether, and it shall come to nough; speak the direct to your place. I never real zed till word, and it shall not stand; for God is with since our conference what it was to be ledus. For the Lord spake thus to me with a and Jearn my day from day today from the trong hand, and instructed me that I should Lard direct. The scriptures in arvellously not walk in the way of this people, saying, say unfold to my prind when I read them. My ye not, a confederacy, to all them to whom this profit to Great for you night and day. And people shall say, a confederacy; notther fear I fear, nor be afraid. Sanctify the Lord of prosper in our hands. O my brethren I feel hosts himself; and let him be your fear, and an abiding evidence that it will prosper let him be your dread. And he shall be far a That our seems no even and the realized sanctuary; but for a stone of stumbling and That the kingdom will finally triumph over for a rock of offence to both the houses of Is-act its enemies—great or small. rael, for a gin and for a snare to the inhabitants of Jerusalem. And many among them shall stumble, and fall, and be broken, and be snared, and be taken. Bind up the testimony, send the law among my disciples. And I will wait upon the Lord that hideth-his face from Elijah R. Sweckhammer, to all people, to the house of Jacob, and I will look for him-Behold, I and the children whom the Land In humility before the Lord, we present our hath given me, are for signs and for wonders selves before the world, that they may know in Israel from the Lord of hosts, which dwellto whom to look for instruction, in the things leth in mount Zion. And when they shall say pertaining of and his kingdom, and their unto you, seek unto them that have familiar own salvation, notwithstanding they are live spirits, and unto wizzards that peep, and that ing in the midst of the fulfilment of the follow-unter; should not a people seek unto their G diring predictions: 2 Timothy, 4: 3, 4, "For the to the living for the dead? To the law and to time will come when they will not endure the testimony: if they speak not according to sound doctrine; but after their own lasts shall this word, it is because there is no light in hear to themselves teachers, having itching them. And they shall pass through it hardly ears; and they shall turn away their ears from bestead and hungry: and it shall come to pass the truth, and shall be turned unto fables." that when they shall be hungry, they shall fret Isaiah 29: 9, 16 and 11 to the end of the word themselves, and curse their king and their And they shall look cry ye out, and cry; they are dranken, but not unto the earth; and behold trouble and darkwith wine: they stagger, but not with strong ness, dimness of anguish; and they shall be For the Lord hath poured out upon driven to darkness." "Bind up the testimony,

sus Christ's Disciples, and this excludes them But says one-if we have prophets, apos from being among any others, and the eternal religion. And our principle is, to let God be Well, knowing that we are not imposing true, if it makes all the world liars.

left mankind without an unerring rule on this James 1: 21-25, "Wherefore lay apart enbject; and that too, in view of what he knew all filthiness and superfluity of naughtiness, would take place on the earth, or among man-ind receive with meekness the engrafted in order to set forth the three classes into which he ye doers of the word, and not hearers only, God has divided mankind, we give the follow-deceiving your own selves. For if any be a ing, from which we will show, in connection hearer of the word, and not a doer, he is like

perfect law of liberty, and continueth therein, the testimony and the law, were to be only the being not a forgetful hearer, but a doer of mong his (Christ's) disciples. the soul, and this is the gospel, or that which ye will, and it shall be done unto you." and to rise from the dead the third day, and it is because their is no light in them. he preached in his name among all nations, light shall not shine." And this is according beginning at Jerusalem. And ye are witnes to the testimony of all the scriptures. See "Therefore let all the house of Israel know "And now I beseath the suredly, that God back mode." ses of these things."

assuredly, that God hath made that same Je-though I wrote a new commandment unto thee, sus, whom ye have crucified, both Lord and but that which we had from the biginning, pricked in their heart, and said unto Peter and that we walk after his commandments. to the rest of the apostles. Men and brethren is the commandment, That, as ye have heard what shall we do? Then Peter said unto from the beginning, ye should walk in it. them, Repent, and be baptized every one of For many deceivers are entered into the world. you in the name of Jesus Christ, for the remis who confess not that Jesus Christ is come in sion of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the flesh. This is a deceiver and an antithe Holy Ghost. For the promise is unto you christ. Look to yourselves, that we lose not

be made among all nations, begining at Jeru the Son. If there come any unto you, and salem. And he whom God has sent, speak bring not this doctrine, receive him not into salem. And he whom God has sent, speak bring not this doctrine, receive him not into eth his words, as it is written, For he whom your house, neither bid him God speed. For God has sent, speaketh God's words, for God he that biddeth him God speed, is partakgiveth not the Spirit by measure, John 3: 34. The Italic words we omit as they and all such are not in the original language, and they off times destroy the meaning of the word of God, he that knoweth God heareth us; he that times destroy the meaning of the word of God, he that knoweth God heareth us; he that times destroy the meaning of the word of God, but the spirit of truth, and the spirit of error. Hereby know we the spirit of truth, and the spirit of error. We are for the sent, will prevert them by adding to, or diminishing from what the Lord has spoken, for the salvation of man. "Bind up the testimony." a falling away first, and that man of sin he re-Jesus said "search the scriptures, for in them vealed, the son of perdition. it, "ye search the scriptures for in them er by word, or our epistle." ye think ye have eternal life." Notwith- Also Paul's Epistle to the Romans, 16th standing they search the scriptures, yet, the chapt. 17th and 18th verses.

the word, this man shall be blessed in hi-food will the Bible do any man unless he has deed." From this we learn, that the law in the word of God abiding in him. As it is Isaiah, is what James calls the ingrafted word, written, John 15: 7, 10, "If ye abide in me," and the law of liberty, which is able to save and my words abide in you, ye shall ask what mankind are called upon to obey; which in If ye keep my commandments ye so Il abide another place, and by another apostle, is call in my love; even as I have kept my Father's led the power of God upto salvation, to all commandments, and abide in his love." that believe it, and the first thing to be obser Peter's exhortation is, to adhere to the test ved by firm or her, that is not a disciples of timony, or prophetic word, 2 Peter 1: 19, Jesus, is to believe, repeat and be baptized. We have also a more sure word of prophecy; or born of water for, or in order to the forgiv whereunto ye do well that ye take heed, as ness of sins, and then such an one is entitled unto a light that shineth in a dark place, until to the gift of the Holy Ghost; and any one the day dawn, and the day star arise in that does not proclaim this Doctrine, be a sure your hearts." Now the Lord by Isaiah says, ed, he is not sent of God. Luke 24: 45 - 48 in view, of the great apostacy from God, Also, Acts 2: 36-39, "Then opened be their and his religion, or doctrine, that we are to apunderstanding, that they might understand the peal to the law (go-pel) and to the testimony, scriptures, and said unto them. Thus it is (the scriptures or prophetic word,) and that if written, and thus it behaved Christ to suffer the people do not speak according to that word, that repentance and remission of sins should Bishop Lowthe renders it, "Upon them the

Now when they heard this they wer that we love one another. And this is love, This and to your ghildren, and to all that are afair those things which we have wrought, but that off, even as many as the Lord our God shall we receive a full reward. Whoseever transgresseth, and abideth not in the doctrine of Now any one that does not make this pro-Christ, hath not God. He that abideth in the clamation is not sent of God, for this was to doctrine of Christ, he hath both the Father and

"And now I beserch thee, lady, not as

salvation of man. "Bind up the testimony." a falling away first, and that man of sin he reye (Jews) think ye have eternal life; and they Therefore brethren, stand fast, and hold the are they which testify of me. 'Some render traditions which ye have been taught, wheth-

testimony was not in them, for Jesus said to "Now I beseech you, brethren, mark them them, "And ye have not his (the Father's) which cause divisions and offences, contrary word abiding in you," John 5: 38,39. And to the doctrine which ye have learned; and this proves, also, what we before stated, that avoid them. For they that are such serve not

our Lord Jusus Christ, but their own belly; do what I will with mine own? is thine eve and by good words and fair speeches deceive evil because I am good? the hearts of the simple."

Also the Epis le of Paul to the Galatians, but few chosen.'

1st chap. 6-9 vesrses.

"I marvel that ye are so soon removed from constrained by the Spirit of God, to say some him that called you into the grace of Christ things to those of the Kingdom and Church of unto another gospel: which is not another; Christ, to whom our calling and office perbut there be some that trouble you, and would tains; for, before the judgement seat of Christ, pervert the gospel of Christ. But though we we will have to render an account of our or an angel from heaven, preach any other stewardship; therefore we wish to be faithful gospel, unto you than that which we have that we may do it with joy, and not with grief, preached unto you, let him be accursed. As for this would be a sad thing, and unprofitable we said before, so say I now again, if any to us.

hear.

Matthew 20: 1--16. early in the morning to hire labourers into his of doing our duty in this respect. And when he had agreed with the vinyaid. abourers for a penny a-day, he sent them in-exhortation on this subject. to his vineyard. And he went out about the market place; and said unto them, Go ye also his Kingdom and Church, and that we may into the vineyard; and whatsoever is right, I obtain the rest. Amen. will give you. And they went their way .-Again he went out about the sixth and ninth hour, and did likewise. And about the e-leventh hour he went out, and found others The Book of Mormon. Price \$10 per doz. standing idle, and said unto them, Why stand single copy. ye here all the day idle? They say unto him, because no man hath hired us. He said trate collection, neatly bound in fancy coloured mothem. Go ye also in the vineyard; and what-rocco: Price, \$30 per hundred; 37 cents single. The above books also for sale by George T. when even was come. He lord of the viner Leech, New York City. By Geo. M. Hinkle, when even was come, the lord of the vines Leech, New York City. By Geo. M. Hinkle, yard saith unto his steward. Call the labour-land, Ohio. ers, and give them their hire, beginning from the last unto the first. And when they came that were hired about the eleventh hour, they But when the received every man a penny. first came, they supposed that they should is printed about the first and fifteenth of every have more; and they likewise received every month, by man a penny. And when they had received house Saying, these last have wrought but (Book, Job and Xylographic Printer,) No. 197 one hour, and thou hast made them equal unto us, which have born the burden and heat of

So the last shall be first, and the first last: for many are called,

In concluding this communication, we feel

And as we cannot be every where man preach any other gospel unto you than present, we feel constrained to imbrace the opthat ye have received, let him be accursed." portunity to say something to the brethren, Having given the testimony, or the rule of through the medium of the Messenger and God, and of his former-day servants, by the Advocate of the Church of Christ. And be-which all may know who are, and who are loved Saints, it is one of our greatest desires not sent by him to preach the gospel, and build to have this paper taken by all the members up his cause, we will give the scripture con- of the Church, or by every family, and all that taining the subject, upon which we, by the fa- are not thus situated, and to have our brethvoursof the Lord, intend to write several Epis ren, and the friends of this paper obtain as the prayers of the Saints, that we may be in of God's Kingdom may spread far and near. spired by the Haly Ghost so to do, that we Every No. of this paper is more and more inmay render a service to all that has ears to teresting, and all that have it not, we are satisfied sustains a great loss, and as for us, we feel I he following is the scripture to which we that if we do not do all that we can, to extend this paper, that it may do the good in the · For the kingdom of heaven is like unto a Kingdom and Church, and in the world, that man that is a householder, which went out it is calculated to do, that we would come short we hope the brethren will suffer this word of Let us, dear brethren, be faithful in all

third hour, and saw others standing in the things, that our God may count us worthy of

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MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE,

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, JULY 15, 1845.

No. 17.

SERMON No. 2. DEDICATED TO THE LAST DAYS.

BY S. RIGDON. ---

[Continued from page 248.]

that thou art mindful of him? or the son of man could those who believed through the apostles that thou visitest him?

"and they received the Holy Ghost, and glory which thou hast given me I have given spake with tongues and prophecied." But if them, that they might be one even as we are any are led yet to dispute the fact of this pow. one. Now who was it to whom this glory er in man, by which he can be saved, was given? the answer is to both the apostles in the Savior's prayer recorded in the 16th and those who believed through their word .-chapter of John's gospel, the fact is again set In the above sayings of the Savior the capaciforth in a manner most unanswerably. See ties of man and his capabilities are set forth in John's gospel 17th chapter from the 20th to a way not to be mistaken. Man is capable the close of the 24th verse, 'Neither pray I forlof being one with the Father and the Son, of these alone, but for them also which shall be being united in oneness with them; and haplieve on me through their word; that they all py for our investigation. we have had the may be one; as thou, Father, art in me, and I whole subject in language which cannot be in thee, that they also may be one in us, that mistaken. For this cause the Savior gave his the world may believe that thou hast sent me. word to man, that man might be one with him And the glory which thou gavest me I have and the Father; and he also gave them his glogiven them; that they may be one, even as we'ry, that they might be one with him and the are one: I in them, and thou in me, that they Father. Man then must be capable of being may be made perfect in one; and that the so or else the Savior would not have deigned world may know that thou hast sent me, and to give him the means of becoming so.

hast loved them, as thou hast loved me.— We have now before us the whole design Father, I will that they also whom thou hast of God in revealing himself to man, it was given me be with me where I am; that they because of the capabilities of man to be may behold my glory, which thou hast given made like himself, to be one with him, me: for thou lovedst me before the foundation for this cause the Savior deigned to die of the world. By reading the former part of for man. To this end the gospel was sent this prayer, and then the verses we have quot-to man. To this end it was that God proed, nothing can be made plainer than the fact, posed to raise him from the dead. Man that the Savior received all men as possessing was capable of an exaltation that he knew the same capacities of holding communion nothing about, but God knew what man with God. He here prays that those who was, and therefore was "mindful of him" might believe on him through the word of the and knew who the son of man was thereapostles, might be one with the apostles, and fore "visited him." one with the Father and the Son, as the apos- It matters not whether it is apostles or could be but one way, and that was, the way to be obtained was the same, that they all by which the apostles became one with the may be one with the Father and the Son. Father and the Son. Now if this prayer of the It is because of this that the same gospel Savior is ever fulfilled, who can but see was sent, that all through believing and obeythat the persons here said to believe on Christling might obtain a union with the Deity, and through the apostles word, must have the be sharers in his wisdom, power, and glory. power to do so. In the 21st verse it is said, For this cause the promise of "the gift of the speaking of those who believed through the Holy Ghost" was given to all, that all might apostles word; 'That they all may be one' be one. Hence when the gespel was received that is, the believers through the apostles ed, and bands laid on those who were baptized

N No. 2. word and the apostles themselves, 'as thou, 'THE SAINTS OF Father, art in me and 1 in thee.' How was Christ one with the Father? it was by the spirit of holiness which dwelt in both, and the same spirit of revelation which dwelt in the apostles, and by which they were made Hebrews 2d chapter 6th verse: "What is man one with the father and the son; and how " word become one with them all? No an-The instance as quoted which took place at swer but one can be given, by the same spirit Ephesus, is another evidence of this same pow-by which the Father and the Son became one, er in man, see the 6th verse of the 19th chap-and by which the apostles became one with ter of Acts, as above quoted. Paul 'laid his the Father and the Son, and what adds force to hands on them," after they were baptised, it is that it is said in the 22d verse "And the

How could this be done? there those who believed on their word, the object

they spake with tongues and prophesied, be-diseases; of having power over devils, and cause the Lord sent the gospel into the world things that were not God like in their nature; and that both they who administered and those all this because the object was to make man who are administered to, might, by the same like Grd, so that he might be one with him, gospel and the same "gift of the Holy Ghost," We will further pursue the history of man, become one with the Father and Son. which only tends to confirm what we have said

We think we need not pursue this part of above.
our subject any faither; all may see, if they As we have before said the bible takes man desire to see, the light in which the great God at the time of the union of body and spirit, and views the human family, and we can see why leaves him at the time of the resurrection, exthe gospel was sent to man, that man might cept a few isolated expressions which can do be made partaker of "the Holy Ghost," both little more than awaken in us a desire for more male and female, that, through that gift, they revelation; but we have learned some impormight be partakers of eternal life, and be one tant things about man, in the account we have with the Father and the Son. If man then is to which we will give attention. In the presnot a partaker of "the Holy Ghost," and ent state of existence, all know that man is through that obtain divine communications, it capable of suffering, that there is nothing in is not for want of capacities for so doing; by the state of existence itself, to prevent a man because he denies himself the offered boon of from suffering. In the next state, which heaven. For God who knows what man is, is a state of separation, we have also learned has said he is capable of being made like him that man is quapable of suffering, that is, the self, and become one with him, by receiving spirit can suffer after it is separated from the the gospel which he has sent; for by that he body, and gone into another state of existence. can be made partaker of "the Holy Ghost," The rich man, in the unseen world or in the which will be in him "a well of water spring-world of spirits, opened—his eyes in torment. ing up unto eternal life." This establishes the fact, that a disembodied

Hence the apostles wentforth into the world spirit can suffer, that there is nothing in the to proclaim the gospel, that men through obe-disembodied state, itself, calculated to give dience thereto might receive "the Holy peace; and when we reach the last state of Ghost," and through receiving "the Holy which we have any knowledge by our writ-Ghost" might be made one with the Father ten revelations; that is the state after the resurand the Son, and being made one with the rection, there we are told that some are rais-Father and the Son, might, like them, have ed-to shame and everlasting contempt," so eternal life. The Lord knowing man's capa-that in that state also man is capable of sufferbilities sent the gospel, that we might be madeling, and there is nothing in either state itself partakers with him in the benefits of the Holy which saves a man from suffering, whether in Ghost, and through that "gift of the Holy the flesh, in a disembodied state or in the resur-Ghost" might be taught of God; obtain light rection. In all these various states man is upon light, revelation upon revelation, until capable of suffering. For the rich man in his all our powers and faculties were evolved, disembedied state was tormented, and some and we be like the Father and the Son, and will be raised to shame and contempt. he made meet to be partakers with them in the other hand it is said, that Lazaros in the their glory. He then that denies the spirit of disembodied state was comforted, and it is al-

revelation, denies salvation; for salvation so said, that in the state after the resurrection

Lord addressed himself to man, or revealed both are disembodied spirits, and why not himself to any portion of the human family; both alike? which was because that man was capable of comforted? The same may be said about men being united with himself, [God] and such after the resurrection. Why is one raised to

pable of understanding and comprehending as ling life? God understood and comprehended; and that recieve their hodies, and yet one has shame man might be put into the possession of all and the other life everlasting.

reverse himself to him, and adapt his scheme the dead does not secure him life everlasting. to the capacities of man, so that its effects No fact can be taught more plainly than the were felt by both-men and women, in a way one that there is no change to which man is

tending to the grand object to be accomplish-subjected, that is, from life to death and from ed. The effects on all both men and women death to the resurrection, that in itself has

comes by reason of being like the Father and some will be raised to everlasting life. the Son, and this alone is obtained by the spirit makes the difference? why is one in the disof revelation in our hearts, embodied state, comforted and another tor-Having ascertained the object for which the mented? as to the organization, both are alike; embodied state, comforted and another tor-

Why not both tormented or both was man that, by divine influence, he was ca-shame and contempt, and another to everlast.

Both are raised from the dead, and Why this difhis nature was capable of, caused the Lord to ference? The fact then of raising a man from

were felt, as soon as any obeyed the proclama-power to give man rest. Man can suffer in tion sent. The persons rendering obedience his disembodied state after death, as well as found themselves in possession of new pow-while in the flesh; and he can suffer after the er, a power of looking into futurity; of removing resurrection, as well as before; and the man

that feigns to himself that all are happy in (because our testimony among you was be-their disembodied state after death, or in their lieved) in that day." But we need not mulhe effects to laugh at the christians, so cal unto them comfort in their disembodied state, led. about their ideas of futurity, he laughs at and eternel life in the state after the resurrechimself, for his theory rests wholy upon con-tion. jecture, and theirs cannot be worse; he laughs at them for K hat he calls conjecture, and yet to man, because if man died without it their builds his whole hopes and fears, if he has spirits could not be comforted after death, nor any, on the uncertainty of conjecture.

know about a future state, he knows only by desembedied or raised from the dead. revelation. And now, with the revelations in Thus far can we trace the history of man in our hands, we renew the inquiry; what makes the revelations, and we must leave our readers man to differ in the future state of his existo be their own judges whether they need any tence? differ he does, as sure as there is reve-more revelations or not. One thing more and lation, and what says the bible about this dif-then we shall leave the subject for the present. ference?

which took place between the rich man and righteous. He says "we look for a new hea-Lazarus, it was something which was done in ven and new earth wherein dwelleth rightthis world which did it, as the rich man desi eousness," and from what he says about red Abraham to send Lazarus to his five breth-them, we may infer, that the righteous will ren to warn them, lest they went to that place dwell there; but we have no account of a hell in this world which makes the difference at the if we are to have no more revelation, we time of the resurrection. All the admonitions contained in the as it may in the others. scriptures are to this effect; they were delivered in view of the effect to be produced on man, after he left this world and this state of When Christ comes, the second time, according to Paul, he will-take vengeance on them that know not God, and obey Take heed lest any man deceive your For many not the Gospel. See 2d Thessalonians 1; 7-10, "And to you who are troubled, rest from heaven, with his mighty angels, in flam and sent them to prophesy to their fellow men; ing fire, taking vengeance on them that know even at the peril of their lives?

not God, and that obey not the gospel of our We answer, it was because the people to

reunited state after the resurraction, does just tiply quotations on this subject, as the scripas those do who make for themselves and oth tures every where abound with them. There ers an eternal heaven and an eternal hell; sup- is no subject on which the sacred writers have ply the place of revelation with conjecture, said so much as on this one, that whatever and that a bold one too, one in direct oppositends to promote the interest, happiness, and tion to all that is written. All that any man, peace of man in the other state of existence, is knows or can know about these dates of man's something done here in the flesh. The Diety existence, is by what is written in the revelations, knowing "what man is," and understanding all else is conjecture. When a Diest or Athe-upon what principle it is that man can be benist gives to himself an existence, in an orga-ifited in his other states of existence, did, "henized form, after this state of existence is dis-fere the foundation of the world," devise a solved, he does it by conjecture; and when scheme, and before ordained, and pre-deterhe makes that state of existence to be either a mined, that by virtue of that scheme of things, state of happiness or misery, he does so by he would raise all who received it to be parconjecture, and conjecture only; for he has no takers with himself in his glory, and make other means by which he can do it; and when them one with him, and through the influence he says he has no organized existence after that scheme of things would exercise over this state of existence, he says so by conjecture, both the bodies and minds of men, introduce and conjecture only; for he can have no knewl-them, in their future state of existence, into a edge about it only by revelation; and when relation with the Deity, which would secure

This is the cause why the gospel is sent uncould they be raised to everlasting life, and all All then that any person-or persons can the world would be in a state of misery, whether

· Prom what Peter says we have a hint given In the conversation, recorded by Luke, in relation to the final place of residence of the

of torment. And according to what all the after the first hell is cast into the lake of fire. writers say, it was something which men do Here the written revelations leave us, and Hence it is said that must be fruitful in conjecture, or else remain he that believes not the gospel, shall be dann-junsatisfied in this state of existence, let it be

> For the Messenger and Advocate. ESSAY ON TRUE AND FALSE PROPHETS.

shall come in my name. - Mark 13: 5, 6.

Why has the Lord in the various ages of with us, when the Lord Jesus shall be revealed the world called men, commissioned them,

Lord Jesus Christ; who shall be punished whom they were sent, loved darkness rather with everlasting destruction from the presence than light—because their deeds were evil; of the Lord, and from the glory of his powers because they had hearkened to false prophets, when he shall come to be glorified in his saints, or false teachers; or both, who aided by the Enaud to be admired in all them that believe emy had introduced among them talse principles and practices calculated to bring upon ghteousness in them that perish." When the them punishment instead of blessings: by apostle John was describing the scenes which denounce the calamities and The object of true prophets to the converse, cles before him,

are to make their appearance in the last age had bewitched the people of Samaria so that and are "to deceive many," in consequence of they called him, "the great power of God." their devices: we would ask an important will be inspired of God. A false one must earth in the sight of men." Rev. 13: 13. get his inepiration from the Devil—it must We have met with some in our day. come from beneath. Inspiration then is not that gift or principle by which we are to judge whether the man who presents himself as a important point that the learned of the age, the veil and show the Savior "all the kingwho oppose our views of religion could not down of the world and the salary of the well and the salary of the world and the reach. If power to work miracles is the test of a true prophet, then we are bound to receive This was an extensive view—a vision in earnof a true prophet, then we are bound to receive all who come as prophets, who possess miraed apostles have given us some lessons—important lessons on this subject, "For there power and execised it too, with so extraordishall arise false Christs, and false prophets, casion, shall we not conclude that in the last he elect.

Paul speaking of the times of the second advent says "whose coming is after the working

causing them to violate the laws of God. - would take place before the comming of the The prophets were always sent to warn the Messiah, he says "For they are the spirits of people of thir danger, to call them back again devils working miracles, which go forth unto from their wanderings. But if they took not the kings of the earth, and of the whole world, the warning and repented, then they were to to gather them to the battle of the great day of judgements God Almighty." Again we find the followwhich would fall upon them in consequence ing conclusice remarks in the 19th chapter of The object of false prophets his visions. "And the beast was taken, and always was and always will be to deceive. - with him the false prophet that wrought mirathese were both. always was and always will be to undeceive, east alive into the lake of fire burning ewith and lead men to the knowledge of the true brimstone." From the above quotations we ad. _____ may learn, if we are susceptable of tuition at All attentive readers of holy writ must know all, that the power of working miracles will that the age in which the Messah will make not in the last days, be confined to the prophets his appearance, is one particularly marked out of God. And inded if we search closely we by himself, and by his apostles as one in will find that the Magicians of Egypt withwhich will appear many false Christs, false stood Moses and Aaron; and that through them prophets, and false teachers-'heaps of them,' miraculous power was manifested in the preswhose only object will be to deceive. And the ence of Pharoah and his court. In the days apostle's declaration was that "many shall of the Savior's ministry he found a man that follow their prenicious ways; by reason of could not be confined with chains-he would whom the way of truth shall be evil spoken pluck them off by some strange power. And In as much as "many false prophets" Hso the apostles met with a Simon Magus who

question. How may those prophets sent of gent man ever suppose that we are to know a God be known from those sent by the Enemy? A man cannot be a prophet unless he is inspir power being manifested, even to so great a After examining the above can any intelli-A true prophet alway was and always degree as "to call fire down from heaven on

We have met with some in our day who supposed that if they could reach the point where they could rend the veil and obtain visprophet, is true or false, Many people of this liainty. Then there could be no mistake. age, and among them those who are called Now if so, above all things persons who wish learned, suppose that if the Lord calls a man and sends him to prophesy to any people, he is bound to endue that man with power to work miracles as did Moses, Joshua, and Peter; or those to whom he is sent are not bound to receive him. Nay, but they go-farther, they ceive him. Nay, but they go-farther, they hold that they are bound to reject both him and his message, The above notion is either true or false. If false, and we can succed in showing it, then we shall have obtained one interview the enemy had power to draw away. interview the enemy had power to draw away ist. It is also said that the devil has power "to transform himself nigh into an angel of and shall show great signs and wonders," to days when he comes with all deceiveableness of unrighteousness, that he will show visions to crown his deceptions?

We think that we have clearly shown that of Satan with all power and signs and lying the people who live in the age in which wonders, and with all deceivableness of unrighte Savior will make his appearance in glory, above all others should be careful not to bell will bring them again into their land that I

ceding remarks, to do away with the idea that up the children of Isreal from Egypt? Every the true servants of God in the kingdom of Je Jew in all past ages as well as the present, sus Christ, who will prepare it for his advent, looks back with feelings of pride, and points will not be inspired and have visions and mithe world to the mighty displays of God's of true prophets of God, and to put all the lov-cellence and grandeur of those displays which ers of truth on their guard, so that they may God will make in their behalf, when the time

work by miraculous power through his ser-ed in behalf of their fathers in their journey to vants in the age—the very age in which the Canaan.

Messiah will come. The prophecies of Isaiah are very plain upon the subject. "And the view in giving man power to work miracles. left, from Assyria; like as it was to Israel in er will. They were performed in Egypt, vet the day that he came up out of the land of E-Pharaoh and his court were hardened-they gypt." Neither the Red sea which lies east perished in the Red sea. Hundreds and thouof Egypt, nor the river Nile which empties it sands of Jews perished in the land of their self into the Mediterranean by seven principal fathers, by the hands of the Romas, although. turbed in their beds, or any high way been counteractions of the laws of nature by Jesus, east up there. But to fulfil the prophecy, it and his apostles. Signs did not convert Phawill require at some future period, an omnipotent arm stretched out over them in miraculous, yes marvelous power. A mighty agitation in nature in order to throw up that "high way," for the redeemed to walk on. In his and follower of the Lamb, then the words of 25 chapter he speaks of the power that will be the Savior are that "signs shall follow them displayed at that important period. "Then the eyes of the blind shall be opened, and the eyes of the deaf shall be unstopped: then shall hearing." Now if faith comes by hearing the lame man lean as an heart, and the tonguetthe word of God, it does not come by seeing the lame man leap as an heart, and the tongue the word of God, it does not come by seeing of the dumb shall sing, for in the wilderness miracles. But miracles and signs serve to shall waters break out, and streams in the des- confirm the true believer. Mark 16: 20, "The tion of scatered Israel to the lands of their in-conferming the word with signs following, heritance again, will doubt or can doubt but amen." Paul writes in the same strain Heb. that God will bring them back by power. [2: 4, God also bearing them witness (the Will return them again as he led them from believers) both with signs and wonders and Egypt by giving to his servants, whom he with divers miracles, and gifts of the Holy will raise up, power supernatural power, even Ghost, according to his own will." surpassing Mossos and Aaron.

Jeremiah says on this subject, "Therefore, miracles is the test of a prophet sent of God, behold the days come saith the Lord, that it then the Lord would hold himself bound to shall no more be said, the Lord liveth that give every one that he sent power to perform rought up the children of Israel out of the them. And no people would be under conand of Egypt; but the Ford liveth that brought demnation for rejecting a prophet until after hem up from the land of the north, and from he had performed miracles to prove his mis-If the lands whether he had driven them; and sion.— Upon this principle we would be com-

ceived. gave unto their fathers." Why will it not lithas not been our object however in the pre-more be said that the Lord liveth that brought

recculous power given them from heaven; in power in their behalf, as their fathers were

order to bring about the purposes of God: and passing from Egypt to Canaan. But says that too as marvelously as in the days of Mo-line prophet, there will come a time in the hisses, and even more so, to assist them to over-tory of that distinguished nation that those come and ruin the power of the devil. No .- miracles wrought by Moses and Joshua, will But our object has been to show that false no not come into remembrance -- not even mentions exist relative to the power and privilege tioned, in consequence of the superlative ex-

understand and obey the command of the Sa comes for their restoration from all countries vior. "Take heed lest any man deceive you." whither they have been "a hiss and a by-Now if we believe the inspired writings that word." Power, yes, marvellously miracuare generally believed and received as canonillous power must be shown forth, or they nevical we are bound to believe that God will er will cease to mention those miracles exert-

Lord shall utterly destroy the tongue of the First, to arrest the attention of unbelievers, Egyptian sea; and with his mighty wind shall and cause them to investigate the truth. Seche shake his hand over the river and smite it ondly, the immediate benefit of the person or in the seven streams, and make men go over persons on whom, or for whom the power was dry shod. And there shall be an high way exerted. Miracles never converted any perfor the remnent of his people, which shall be son to the knowledge of the true God, nor nevmouths has ever as yet been particularly disthey had seen and known the stupendous turbed in their beds, or any high way been counteractions of the laws of nature by Jesus, No person who believes in the restora-Lord working with them, (the believers) and tion of the learned is true that power to work

pelled to reject the testimony of the greatestishall the coming of the Son of man be." prophet that was ever born of a woman, viz: What, will a true prophet like Noah warn. John the Baptist. He performed no miracles, that people who will live when Messiah John 10:41, But another view of the sub-comes? Certainly so. If not it cannot be ject, if miracles were performed to beget faith sin flar to the days of Noahann in the beholders, then Jesus who had gower Reader turn to the eleventh chapter of Revto work them should have preformed them elations and read it through, and we think where he found the greatest amount of unbe-that if you are candid, you will come to the lief reigning, but he did not do so nor he same conclusion that we have, that is, that could not do so. What, could not? Mark 6: after the outcasts of Israel have been gathered 5, "And he could there do no mighty work." back to old Jerusalem, then false prophets will But again if his miracles were intended to be-go out among the heathen working miracles get faith in the wicked, why did he so often before them, and by that means will stir them say to those on whom the work had been per-lup, and a great army of Gog and Magog will formed, and even charge them strictly saying come up "to take spoil." Then and there "See thou tell no man." Matt. 8: 4, Mark 5: God will raise up two witnesses of truth, who 43. And when king Herod so much desired will also work miracles and who will propheto see a miracle and "hoped to have seen one sy to the great torment of all the wicked who done by him and questioned with him in many hear them. When they finish their work and words, but he (Jesus) answered him nothing." testimony, as an evidence that they were true Luke 23: 8, 9. If miracles would produce prophets of God, and had well done, "they faith, why did he not exert his power and con-hear a great voice from heaven saying unto them, come up hither." The trush of the mat-

The influence of a miracle upon the heart of ter is, that the Hely Spirit of the Lord about a wicked man is fully shown in Acts 4: 16, 17, which all the religious world are talking, writ-What shall we do to these men? for that ing, and praying, is in reality the "spirit of indeed a notable miracle has then done by prophecy." So the angel of the Lord underthem is manifest to all them that dwell in Je stood it when he visited John in the isle of rusalem, and we cannot deny it. But, that it Patmos, "For the testimony of Jesus is the spread no further among the people, let us strait spirit of prophesy." Rev. 19: 10.

ly threaten them, that they speak henceforth

We can see by looking over all the above

to no man in this name." After the above reground that Satan can inspire his subjects, search we come more and most to the conclu-show visions, and give them power to work sion with Paul, that faith comes by hearing miracles. He can do more, he can show visthe word of God, and not by seeing miracles. jons to the servants of the Lord.

That the Lord will raise up true prophets to conclusion is inevitable that the performance warn the inhabitants of the earth, before "that of a miracle by a man, is not evidence conclugreat and dreadful day of the Lord" comes, sive, that he is a man of God sent with a mes-in which "all the proud and all that desage to the world.

wickedly, shall be stuble, and the day that The rule by which to distinguish a true pro-

cometh shall burn them up," is a plain matter phet from a false one, certainly never has been of fact sustained both by reason and revelation understood or acted upon by the people to Before the antideluvians were destroyed by whom the Lord sent his servants. the flood, Noah a prophet of God, migthy in assured by the Savior himself that if the peoword and in deed, warned them for one hun-ple to whom the true prophets were sent had dred and twenty years. And although helnot stoned and killed them "the Lord would

was not very successful in converting them, have gathered the people together," he would yet he preached to them in righteousness—un-have protected, fed, and prospered them. till the Lord shut him up in the ark. Before Now we believe that those persecutors of the Sodom and the cities of the plain, had brim-prophets of God, with Saul of Tarsus, verily stope and fire rained upon them from the Lord thought that "they were doing God's service." that godly man lived among them: and when ones, and that the false prophets were true that godly man lived among them: and when ones, and that the true ones were of the devil. the angels of God visited him and told him So it will be in the last days, the false prophets their errand, he ran to warn his friends to flee ets will go out and "deceive the nations," and with him, in order to escape destruction. He gather them together to battle. But the true was not very successful in convincing them ones like Noah, Lot, John, and Paul will be or being the means of saving even his own listened to but by few. It will be as Isaiah household. As it was in the days of Noah saw it. ""The inhabitants of the earth will be

and of Lot, so shall it be in the day of the sec-burned, and but few men left." Isa. 24: 6. ond coming of Messian. The wicked paid no But we inquire why will it be so? heed to the warning in either case, "but were will people not take warning by the past, and marrying and giving in marriage" until their be prepared for that day of days? The andestruction overtook them. We would ask, swer now is, and will be at the end, as it was will it be so at the advent? Jesus said Mat. 24: in the days of the Savior, "men love darkness." 37, "But as the days of Noah were, somether than light, because their deeds are evil."

The great and uniform object of all the rev-corruption which had been introduced by false elations that God has ever given or manifest prophets, or false teachers, or both; who had ed to man, from the days of Adam to the pres prophesied or taught lies in the name of the ent time, has been to develop his own character, and in consequence thereof the practices ter, and show to man that he might form relation the people had become so corrupt, that they tions with the heavens, so firm, and so fixed called aloud for vengeance from heaven; but that all the combinations of earth and hell that God who is "abundant in goodness truth could not deceive him. After man has formed and mercy," "at sundry times and in divers those relations with his heavenly Father, has manners spake in time past unto the fathers been adopted into his kingdom, and has receive by the prophets," in order to correct their abued the spirit of adoption—the spirit of the ses and lead them back unto himself, lest his kingdom-the earnest of his inheritance; then judgements should fall upon them for their if he lives to his privilege false Apostles may destruction.

testify, false Prophets may prophesy; and it The people to whom the Lord sent his prothepeople desire it, they may "heap to them phets, had generally become so wedded to selves teachers having itching ears, they may their transgressions and the false teachers had turn away their ears from the truth and b obtained such an influence over them, that turned unto fables," Yet the man with the they usually rose up and "killed the prophets, seal of his adoption in his heart, with an "unc- and stoned them that were sent unto them."—tion from the Holy One, may know all things." Now if the test that the people of this age He may know whether God has sent the apos- have set up, by which to determine true from tle, prophet, or teacher, or whether he is a de-false prophets, that is, power to work miracles, ceiver. John said to the saints in his day "ye is a correct one, how easy would it have been know all things." 1st John 2; 20. It was at any time for the Lord, "Who hath measurupon this principle of knowledge that Paul ed the waters in the hollow of his hand, and said to his brethren of Thessalonica, but ye meted out the heavens with a span, comprebrethren are not in darkness, that that day hended the dust of the earth in a measure, and should overtake you as a thief. Ye are the weighed the mountains in scales, and the hills children of light." James, the apostle, Inidia balance," to have given to every prophet down in the kingdom of Christ one general, that power by which he could have convinced grand principle of action. And if that princi-his hearers, and thus have saved his prophets ple was only lived to, no man need ever be from horrid persecutions, privations, and gendeceived by fulse apostles, prophets or teach-erally an untimely-and not unfrequently a "If any of you lack wisdom, let him ask horrid death?

of the age in which they lived; the systems of by any prophet which has not for its ultimate.

ple, which throws wide open the door of intel-their condition, that if observed, would elevate ligence to man.

Son of man should appear, the sun should be come upon you." Jer. 23: 17. The prophedarkened, the moon turned to blood, and the cies of true prophets always did and always will stars begin to fall from heaven. How, we come to pass, because God spake through them, would ask, may it be known that those signs "For prophecy came not in old time by the are then given to announce the advent? We will of man: but holy men of God spake as they answer, if the saint's mind is in doubt, if he were moved by the Holy Ghost." 2d Peter 1: lacks wisdom, if he knows not the object for 21. False prophets are not seers, they cannot which the signs are shown, he looks up to look into the future, their prophecies therefore God and says, Father give me knowledge of are all uncertainty. Their inspiration is from those things; give me wisdom that I may the devil, or they speak from the imagination

clements-trusting in his heavenly Father. search, reflection, and combination of princi-from beneath.

of God, that giveth to all men liberally, and True prophets were always sent to cry reupbraideth not: and it shall be given him." pentance, to reform those to whom they were
James 1: 5. This is the great key or princi-sent, to lay down principles that would better suppose the true signs of the coming of the cry peace, peace, all is well. "No evil shall

know what to do. His God gives him liberaly of their own hearts. It a prophet appears be-He stands then without fear, in the midst of fore any people and makes a declaration or the wreck of nations, and the contention of delivers a message, and that declaration or message is derogatory to the true character of But how may a true prophet be known from God, or is contrary to any fixed principle as a false one? We are well aware that to an-flaid down in the divine volume, then that swer this query correctly, requires deep re-man is not sent of God; but his inspiration is Because a man sent of God ples, times, characters, and circumstances.—will speak his word, and the Lord would not No man with the bible history before him can speak against his own character or against help but see the difficulties under which all any word that he had ever given to any former the true prophets of God were placed. When prophet. The Lord said Isaiah 8: 20, "To they had a message to deliver to the world, they the law and to the testimony, if they speak generally, may we not say, universally, had not according to this word, it is because their to go—at their peril, and combat the prejudices is no light in them." A message delivered object, love to God and peace and good will to cate occasionly their progress in the divine them deep the foundations of peace-the highest and best interest of man.

postles, Prophets, or Revelators, purporting many letters are received. to be sent of God. The man who sets himself-up for judge in these matters ought, before he passes decision, first to be sure that he to be of the most cheering kind. Where they himself is in possession of the Holy Spirit, have gone out trusting in God, and have pro-"For the Spirit searcheth all things, yea, the deep things of God 2 1st Cor. 2: 10. And further, Paul says verse 15, "He that is spirit-ual judgeth ALL things." This is a sweeping declaration, and the converse of it would be that he, who is not spiritual cannot judge of spiritual matters. But again Paul says, "the natural man receiveth not the things of the privilege of introducing members among us, Spirit of God-because they are spiritually

discerned."

The great reason why the true prophets of God, who were sent in the various ages of the sent, were not possessed of the Spirit of God. They well knew that the prophets had a different spirit from themselves, and willingly justifying the one which possessed them, they always will-condemn and reject the prophets of God, and call them deceivers. Those only who receive the truth, and love it in their from on high. They will hear the voice of "that prophet." It will not be stange to them-They will cry as did Abraham, "here am 1 Lord." And when they learn the message holy principle revealed. They will not be afraid of "any man deceiving them by any means."

Brethren of the kingdom of Christ, shall we live continually so spiritual that we can "judge all things," and yet, we ourselves be judged or condemned by no man? May God grant it in all our behalves.

W. E. McLELLIN.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. JULY 15, 1845.

We wish to say a word about writing letters, izens by the strong arm of the Law. account of their labours in their ministry .- commencement of this paper, we have said a We should be happy to receive such letters number of times that troubles-serious froubfrequently. We wish also that Elders who les would befall the people of Nauvoc. We are presiding over branches would communi-knew that certain causes would produce cer-

man, is not of God. The Lord in all his rever life, and their prospects of the future. One lations, through his prophets to man, lays in word more and we have done, brethren, when vou write you will please to pay your postage. Finally, after all we have said we know of The postage on letters is reduced, but still it hut one infallible rule by which to judge of A-requires money to pay it—especially where

Our news from the Elders abroad continues

claimed the gospel of truth in demonstration of the Spirit, they have found attentive hearers. And where they have continued their labors success has crowned their ministry, and they have been enabled to rejoice in the who are full of faith, and who so far manifest forth good works meet for the kingdom. In this city we move steadily onward, increasing world, and even his own Son, were rejected in numbers slowly. The saints are growing of men was that the people to whom they were not only in the knowledge of the truth, but are also increasing in good works, and in love one toward another in the Lord. They stand "rejoicing in hope of the glory of God. of course condemned and frequently executed and not only so, but we glory in tribulations God's chosen. The wicked always did and also: knowing that tribulation worketh patience; and patience experience, and experience hope; and hope maketh not ashamed, behearts, will ever be benefited by directions cause the love of God is shed abroad in our hearts by the Holy Ghost, which is given un-

We learn from Elder J. A. Forgeus Lathey will with delight put into practice every harpe Ill. July 4 '45 and also from others of our brethren of the awfully dreadful state of society in that region of murders-two of which were lately committed in Hancock Co. within 24 hours. Arms and amunition seem to be in good demand there, and there are many forebodings and conjectures among all classes as to what a few months, and probably from the present signs, even what a few weeks will bring forth. Awful indeed must that state of society be when life and the peacable possession of property are not vouchsafed to the cit-It is required of all the traveling Elders to such seems to be the state of society in and awrite to us occasionally, and let us know how bout Hancock Co. Ill. We are truly sorry they are doing, what they are doing, and esthat causes should have existed to lead to such pecially how the cause of truth prospers on a state of things. But so it is. Since the

tain effects-and we know so still: however we may deplore the results.

The letter from brother N. B. Helverson, found in another column, will be read Nauvoo and the attitude we sustain to that with deep interest, as it sets forth in plainness people. the principles by which P. P. Pratt and his adherents are governed.

EXTRACTS OF LETTERS.

We have received letters from our brethren from different points, which we cannot publish at length, but we make the following extracts:

T. June '45-Dear Brethren, in the kingdom of the case, as it existed between them and and common cause of our Master, I am glad us. We did see a disposition on the part of to inform you that the Lord has already ful-lihat people; to-mislead the public mind on the filled his promises to me in a great degree as subject, and make a wrong impression on them. made when I was set apart to this mission. The object we had in view has been obtained, for he has given us near one hundred of my and since all the facts have been elicited, neold brethren and we have had the pleasure of cessary to the accomplishment of that object, leading them down into the waters of baptism, we are not disposed to keep up a war with and through the ordinances of introducing them them or any other people. into the kingdom of God. The prospects are As to their peculiar religious tenets which more and more flattering every day in this was the cause of the real dfference between region of country."

Kirtland O., June 28'45. "When we returned from conference we commenced teaching and public know or may know, both through their exhorting the brethren and sisters to holy liv-own writings and ours, what the real difference ing, and our meetings have been very inter-is; these called forth all we have said in relaesting. We have baptized thirteen, and we tion to them, it being our firm conviction that think there are more here who will seen follow their example. We have confidence that they were not according to Godliness. The proofs they gave to the world that we the good brethren of the grand council will were seeking their lives, have so plainly phant"

July 8. 1845. "Our worthy bro. J. G. Di-the active agents in the death of the Smiths. vine has just arrived at our place in good health. I wish you to continue to send me and us, there was no concert of action. ed to pay for it for one year."

Woodstown, N. J. dated July 1, 1845. is a source of great satisfaction to us, to receive the many testimonials from our breth-ded. cause of truth.

here last fall. The twelveites have been to for the remission of sins, and the laying on of visit us, but we stand firm to our post hands for the gift of the Holy-Spirit, as all Brother Robison is well and in good spirits, others attain their standing with us.

COMMUNICATIONS

THE MORMONS.

We have a few words to say in relation to There is an attempt made and making by that people, to make all believe, over whom they have any influence, that we are some how or other engaged in trying to bring. mobs on them or to inflame the public mind against them; this we do not believe we have power to do if we had any desire to do so; we say let the Lord judge whether we have or not.

All that we have ever said, or intend to say. or ever did intend to say about that people, Elder G. M. Hinkle writes from Buffalo I, was to make all acquainted with the true state

them and us, and out of which the evils grew Elders H. Kellogg and L. Rich write from which are effecting them, and likely to do it, belongs to themselves, and as far as we are concerned, they may enjoy them, since the

The proofs they gave to the world that we have wisdom to do all things according to the shown that they were mistaken, if they pattern, and to bear off the Kingdom trium thought so, that a word is all that is necessa-They sent forth the alarm that we were Also from S. Wardell Longbranch N. J. colliging with certain men who they said were Namely the messis Laws, Fosters, Highees, & Bennett, facts have proven that between them the Messenger and Advocate. I like it much, had a conversation, last winter in Ohio, with very much indeed. I send one dollar enclos-Mr. William Law whom we unexpectedly met on his way to visit his brothers, in Mercer co. We make the following extract from a let-in this state. The conversation was a friendly. ter received from brother Joseph Reeve of one, but terminated in convincing both parties It that our religious views were so widely different that no union could exist, and so we parted, agreeing to disagree, and so the matter en-As to the others mentioned, we ren abroad in various parts of the country, never had any conversation with them, and manifesting their firmness and integrity in the facts have settled the question in dispute, if there ever were one, that none of them had "Sir, please send me all the numbers of any disposition to unite with us in a church the Messenger from the commencement.—relation, but we consider they have a right to We have not had any papers nor has any do so, if they comply with what we consider Elder been here since Brother Rigdon was the only way of admission, which is baptism

Mr. P. P. Pratt seemed so certain of there cause of our publishing a paper when we did, being some connection between us and the and had they not done that, it is probable above uamed persons, that he gave forth a protinative should not have published a paper till phecy in the New York Prophet, that such this time; but we were compelled to do so, as would be the case, and when a c rtain paper a measure of self defence, and we have been made its appearance, said to have been written we may say, almost compelled from, and ever by Joseph Smith during his life time, and seal-since by the force of circumstances, over which ed, and deposited in the hands of Dr. J. C. we have had no control, and things, pertain-Bennett never to be opened until after Mr. ing to us, have been conducted, and are now Smith's death, Mr. P. P. Pratt remit ded the conducting by an unseed hand, and things-people that he had prophecied, that the church take place which are astonishing to ourselves, of Christ would be composed in part of the and as unexpected to us, as they could be to persons, to whom he and others took such others.

Between us and the Mormons there is a of this paper as proof of the fact. Now as to greater difference of religious belief, than althe nature we know just as much about it as most any are apprised of. There is scarcely

decided exception, and gave the appearance of this paper as proof of the fact. Now as to creater difference of religious belief, than althe paper we know just as much about it as most any are apprised of. There is scarcely Mr. Pratt, Dr. Bennett says it was by Joseph one point of similarity. It might appear, at Smith deposited in his [Bennett's] hands to first sight, that we agreed in the original probe disposed of as he did. This is what we clamation of the gospel, of baptism for the reknow about it, Dr. Bennett sent the paper to mission of sins, and the gift of the Holy Spiranother person's address, who has it now.—

This is all we know about it, and Dr. Bennett will be found that the difference here is very

know about it, Dr. Bennett sent the paper to mission of sins, and the gift of the Holy Spiranother person's address, who has it now.—
it, but when the matter is closely examined it This is all we know about it, and Dr. Bennett will be found that the difference here is very has gone his own way, and attending to his great. They seem to think, or we judge so own business, as far as we know; and we presume has as little idea of ever joining with the etal without any regard to the order of the church of Christ, as he has with the Mormon church whatever, to this we take exception, while we believe in baptism for the remission We are well assured from facts, which are of sins, and the gift of the Holy Spirit, we be-

staborn, that the enemies of the people of fleve that the promise of either, remission of Nauvoo, in their own vicinity, are as deeply sins or the gift of the Holy Spirit, is not obopposed to us as they are to them, and if we tained only as the persons administering, are were located in Nauvoo, as the inhabitants of doing so by virtue of their standing in their Nauvoo are, we could expect nothing but opplace in the church of Christ. That if the ecposition from them. We have reasons for this elesiastical order of the church is broken, the In all the notices taken of us in the papers, in promised gifts cease, and neither baptism nor that country, opposed to the people of Nauvoo the laying on of hands can bestow them, only there appears to be an ill feeling toward us as the true order of the church, where Christ bout which we cannot be mistaken. We are appointed these blessings to be obtained, is renever spoken of in a respectfull but disrepared the true order of the church, where Christ is pression shew a feeling of deep prejudice as the clare of the church is broken, the blesspression shew a feeling of deep prejudice as the case, and every foul spirit and evil gainst us. Not from any personal hostifity, work will follow.

The pretentions of the people of Nauvoo,

we judge, for we do not know how there could be any, for we never had any personal difficunded on the primitive church, that at the culties with any of them; but the people there death of the Savior the twelve apostles took seem to believe, absolutely, that our religion the authority, is so singular a mistake, that it is an imposition practised and practising on the people, and they cannot have any forbear Savior never formed a church while he was ance with it or us. This is a something we here in the flesh; if he had, it would have have, and will have to bear through our life ceased to exist. The apostles could not have time, as far as we can see.

The charge then, attempted to be made by for organized himself; for the same authority

The charge then, attempted to be made by the people of Nauvoo, is forever repelled by facts, so that all may see if they wish to see, and when facts are left to tell the true state of take the authority away by which it was orthe case, it is that the church of Christ and the Mormons, are so widely different in their respective belief, that they are of necessity opposed to each other, as far as their religion is concerned, and the attempt to introduce extraneous matter in the controversy, is without foundation in truth. The attempt was made by that people, for months before our paper church, and that order could be preserved; was published, to make a false impression on their church, than it ceased to exist; and all the

paper, by false statements, which were the spiritual gilts ceased also, and if we ask why

the spiritual gifts ceased? the answer and the other failure, among the many prophecies of only answer which can be given is that the Mr. Pratt, since his notable prophecy of the ecclesiastical order through which the gifts destruction of New York.

were bestowed was broken. We, in opposition to the people at Nauvoo, linctive character, and the differences between believe that in order to have the blessings as and that people are being known, and we continue in the church, it is necessary that will have very little need of noticing them at the whole body should be fully framed togeth, my time. The more evil they speak of us, er, each joint supplying its place, and then and the more efforts they use for our injury, the spiritual nourishment will flow to each the more evidence the people will have that part; but disorganize the body, and the nour we are not of them, and as we know we are ishment will not reach every part, and take off in the hands of the Lord and not in theirs, we the head and it will reach none of the mem-lare disposed hereafter to let them abuse us at bers; but the people of Nauvoo claim the their pleasure. The end for which we ever right of disorganizing the body, and yet pro-noticed them is now obtained.

claim the blessings, which were only promised to the body perfectly organized.

there is between us and them an essential dif ference in the elementary principles of the PRESIDENT RIGDON:

There is scarcely one essential principle per-tion and in power.

and the church of Christ agree. These are the real differences between the gation on the doctrine and practice of the Mormons and us, in our religious beliefs. All kingdom of God. The fire of the Spirit of that is said about the church of Christ, being God seemed to burn in the old man's heart, partakers with their enemies their enemies and he poured it out in a flood of light upon themselves can be witnesses; we have nothis attentive hearers. Elder Hinkle followed idea that their enemies would make common him with some very definite remarks. pectfull terms of us, a something of which we alize our great and high privileges. have no doubt; but why is it that Mr. Hyde Sometime (I think) during the winter of has so shortly found out that we are making 1830, the fulness of the gospel of the Son of common cause together? the truth is, he God was introduced in the northern part of knows better and always did. The lettershe the State of Ohio, by the Elders of the church

well as we; but this cry about uniting with found its way to the heart of a young man their enemies, was raised for effect. But time who was then studying medicine in the villand facts have put the matter forever at rest, age of Painsville, by the name of Harvey and all see there is no connection between us Whitlock. He was soon baptized and set and the Laws, Fosters, Highees, and Bennet, apart to the ministry. He travelled extensivepersons about whom we have nothing to say, by; and his name stands forth conspicuously only that they have a right to any religion among the sufferers of the church, during their they choose and we claim no right to say persecutions in Mo. in 1833. He separated nay, ner any disposition to say so. It is an from the Church (I think) in 436: and has for

But the church of Christ has obtained a dis-

SIDNEY RIGDON.

Hampton, Ill. June 18, 1845.

Last-evening I returned Another essential difference between them home from attending a conference in Buffalo. and us is the principle of exaltation. This lowarthe seat of Elders Hinkle and Blakesthey say is to be done through a system of lee's labors since their return from the confersealing up women to them in this world, telence at Pittsburgh. President A. Cowles be their wives in eternity as well as time - and myself arrived there an Friday evening, This is what they call the blessings of Jacob, and on Saturday afternoon our meeting comand that their exaltation is in consequence of menced. Numbers were in attendance who To this we do; and ever did, take decided lid not belong to the "Church of Christ."exception; we believe that the exaltation of Some of whom had come from more than forty man depends upon the evolition of faculty; by miles distant, in order to hear and see. Bro. means of the gift of the Holy Spirit, enlight Cowles preached to us a very excellent, plain ening the mind, until it can be a companion discourse, and was followed by Elder J. for the Deity, and become one with him.—Blakeslee with an exhortation, in demonstrataining to salvation, about which the Mormons!

On Sunday morning after baptism, brother Cowles again addressed a very large congre-

cause with us against them, or in any thing afternoon Elder Blakeslee and myself occupielse, if we can judge from their papers; indeeded some over three hours in two discourses, so manifest are these things, that Mr. Hyde concerning the Book of Mormon, and the wrote a letter to this city declaring that the work of God that will be accomplished in this people at St. Louis were as much opposed to generation. We then broke bread, and had a us as they were to them, and though they good time of rejoicing with our brethren and were friendly to our face yet, when our back sisters. The Spirit of truth operated freely was turned, they would speak in most disres-in our hearts, and all the saints seemed to re-

wrote here was doubtless true and is now the of Christ, where many converts were made to truth, and the people of Nauvoo know it as the faith-when the truth, with the love of it,

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several years been extensively engaged in his each other in all righteousness before God-professional business, in the prairie wilds of down until the time of the end." I assure Iowa. During our April conference I directed you, my dear brother, we had a good time, the Messenger and Advocate to be sent to him and much-very much of the Spirit of God He read it. And saw in it that we were not poured out upon us. And while we were thus only determined to plead for virtue, holiness, dedicating the ministry to his service, Elder and faith unfeigned; but that we were deter G. W. Baker, who had received his annoint-mined to put into practice every hely prencing at Pittsburgh, met with the chuich in a ple that the Lord required at our hands. lower room, in another part of the building,

and hearing and seeing what he did, he came ed our hearts. to the full and settled conclusion to unite I need not tell you my feelings when I led meeting. We met at 8 o'clock. to all who may hear, with those thrills of el-thies of our natures were tuned to the highest oquence, that are seldom heard except from key, and were only allayed by giving vent to gifted minds and voices like his. I pray God a flood of tears. O! that time—that time, sato preserve him in faithfulness, and make him cred in my memory! Those brethren and an ornament in his kingdom. My father in sisters too, I never, no never shall forget the flesh, and my father in the gospel, are them. Then brother Cowles, and I stood, both in the kingdom; and I have been privi- and the brethren and sisters passed and gave leged to introduce them since I last saw you. us their hands. O! my soul, lift up thyself

One conference business commenced on in the Lord of that occasion. Monday morning,—A. Cowles presiding.— From the representation of the bran es, il became convinced, but how many they thus was found that near one hundred had come received, I have not yet heard. As I said at into the order of the kingdom, as established the close of my last letter, the cause of our at our Pittsburgh conference. The most of holy Redeemer, no power on earth can stay the day was spent in teaching and preparing it, while we trust not in the arm of flesh, but the minds of the ministry for their consecra-in the faithfulness of Daniel's God. Let your tion, and for their future labors. I have not heart, my dear brother, trust in God, and the minutes before me, but I believe about walk in uprightness before him, and no evil fifteen were dedicated to God, after the strong-thing that rises up against you, or the cause est assurances from them that they—each one, in which you are engaged, will ever prosper, would occupy upon his talents, as the Lord even so, Amon. would open the way. They all seemed to realize the necessity of their immediate and speedy action in the cause—in publishing the gospel of peace to the world.

Again, I say praise the Lord, O! my soul.

In the evening the ministry met in an upper room, apart from the world, and there received a long while since I joined the "Mormon" their solemn consecration to God; and with Society. The reasons that induced me to be-

Hearing of our conference in Buffalo, and and occasionally during the evening, we could not living more than fifty miles distant, he hear the melody of their voices arising to was in attendance from its commencement; heaven's King-which cheered and encourage

Let me tell you sir, we may expect much with us, and throw all his energies into the from the labors of those strong men of God scale; and again lift his voice in defence of of the west, in the wide field of the world, the glorious principles of the kingdom of God, which is white already to harvest. Of that Opportunity being given he arose and in as God may prosper them and cause them to humble a manner as lever heard, asked ad gather many sheaves, and obtain many stars mission into our fellowship by obedience.— in their crowns of rejoicing; and come up upIt was my privilege to introduce him by hap on mount Zion when the Lord makes up his tism and ordination into the Church of Christ, jewels for the millenial rest.

and ministry of the Son of God. Elder Whit! President Cowles and myself expecting to lock is one of the men through whose minis leave for the east in a few days, and probably try and tuition. I was first made fully acquain-never to return to the west, desired all our ted with the fulness of the gospel of the new brethren and sisters to meet us on the next and everlasting covenant. Now dear brother, morning, so as to have a kind of farewell that man down and immersed him in the full attendance. I have often heard the saying great Mississippi; and in accordance with "the best of the wine is left to the last of the the manifestations of the Spirit of God to feast," but I never more fully realized its us. Elder Blakeslee—the president of ithe truth than on this occasion. After the meet-Twelve" and myself laid get hands upon him ing was opened, I arose to deliver my valedicand set him apart to that holy ministry, by tory. The power of the Holy Spirit rested the authority of which he can again lift up his down upon me. I walked the floor to and fro, voice, and publish the principles of salvation and poured out my feelings, until the sympa-

> and rejoice in God, for the joy and rejoicing We left the brethren baptizing those who

W. E. McLELLIN.

York, July 9th, 1845.

BROTHER RIGDON:

Dear Sir:-It has been us, entered into a firm covenant "to stand by come a member were many, a few of which I-

will name: 1st I believed them to be a vir-all the moral sensibilities of our nature. tuous and honest people. 2d They had the mean the spiritual wife system; which I can pure doctrine of Christ. 3rd They were governed by revelation, and organised after the pat Nauvoo, by the testimony of respectable and tern of heaven. But alas, how altered is that honest men. church, now instead of virtue; burning lust To countenance such men for one moment, and seduction; instead of pure, the most de- as leaders in the chruch of the living God. moralizing and diabolical doctrine. The would be a flat violation of all law, cominon church organization is broken up, and the sense, reason, or any other rule by which enlightvoice of Revelation is heard no more among end or civilized people are governed. There them; instead of a true, she is an apostate are heathens and barbarians, who would scorn She is without a head, and is like such a doctrine, as eminating from God. the frail-bark on the tempestuous ocean with-too is a downrigt insult to ask any man to out a rudder to guide her into a port of safety, support men who teach it. Soon their folly So abject is the condition of the church, so far will become so manifest; that they will be overas divine and spiritual influence is concerned, whelmed with shame and disgrace. - Already that I am constrained to give thanks to the their adminstration is not approved by God. sovereign Ruler of the universe, for enabling and the end of their wickedness is drawing

that thou art mindful of me. Thou hast de the following Monday evening. At this op-

was felt, and thy people rejoiced, and glorified but was denied; in fact one happened in, but

me to see it, before I was entangled in that nigh. By this time, I had conversed with a most desperate, and destructive sink of vice goodly number of persons on the subject. and immorality. I left the sectarian world, members of the church. and thank heaven for ridding me of false doc-could deny it, hence, my mind was nearly trine; and now I feel to rejoice ten fold more, made up to leave the church, but I said noth-because, I have been cut off from the liability ing about it to any one.

of falling into corruption and adultery. Being snatched, by the hand of Omnipotence, from and on refusing the sacrament last Sunday, the verge of ruin, my feet are planted upon the rock Christ Jesus, the Savior of the world. disposed to comply; without, a trial, I was ci-Verily, I am compelled to exclain, how infitted by elder Grant, to appear before a great nite is thy mercy O Lord; and what am I, Mormon Sanhedrim, composed of officials, on

livered me from the snares of the adversary, portunity I rejoiced, for he that loves the truth and placed me in the light, and liberty of the need not be afraid nor ashamed. At the time children of God, by altowing me to be disfeleset I was on the spot and in my place, alone lowshipped from that which was formerly thy without a friend to speak in my behalf; I askchurch in Philadelphia, where once thy spirit od the privilege of bringing a friend with me,

thee, but now no more.

But I must hasten, I wish to relate some of first, yet before I left, I believe I had some, the circumstances under which I was excom- who were inclined to think as I did, not one municated. I had been away from home near-half of them voted against me. ly ten months among a people where no church gun, P. P. Pratt, was present, and the contest has been established. Last week I returned was between him and myself. My tongue to Philadelphia, when I arrived, I heard of the was loosed; my heart was full of matter, and abominations, and wickedness of the heads of though they tried to browbeat and gag me, yet the church, spoken of by numerous persons, my strength and voice increased, and bid deand found that many of the best members in hance to their attempts to silence me. I was the church were turned out without a hearing, doing my duty as an elder in Israel, and besimply because they dared, like men and wo fore Heft, I made them quake under the all men, express their-opinions about the affairs powerful lash of truth.

and my suspicions were soon aroused; thought highness P. P. Pratt, but before I left, I suc-I, there must be something "rotten in Den ceeded in changing the faces of some, from a mark." Hence I immediately began to in contemptible and insignificant sneer to a long

wrong. I pressed my inquiries a little farther. Elder Pratt, frequently refered to the book and I soon discovered the ground of opposit of Covenants-to sustain his position, but when tion to the twelve, and why these excommu I chalanged him, or any one present to debate

When I entered the Dealing with members in this Hall they flattered themselves that I would mode, I considered a flat violation of all law not be able to make any defence before his

was ordered out. Friendless apparently at

I found none that

The Great

quire into the matter and soon found an other hypocritical face. The garb of sanctity was reason why they were cut off; was because torn off these spiritual wife hypocrits, and they would not sustain the twelve, right or their moral deformity laid bare.

nicated brethren would not sustain them. It is the subject, in reference to authority he dropbecause they arrogate to themselves authority ped the book of Covenants, and said no more which does not belong to them, which amounts about it. From, the course pursued by him. to a glaring usurpation of power, and teach a and the twelve I am ready to believe, they do doctrine damning in itself, and abhorant to not believe either that, or the book of Mormon.

They to me look like a set of ambitions aspir-lous change, that her children and grand chilants, " Hence I never wish to have any thing dren were greatly amazed, they all burst forth

Boston, June 24, 1845.

PRESIDENT S. RIGDON:

Dear Brother in Christ, I take my pen to terday: drop a few lines to you at this time.

church to imbrace the gospel. In Boston last of the place take as much again notice of my Sunday I preached 3 times, and once in Cam lunusual persecutions as I do. * My bridgeport where I now live.

While I was gone to the East, my house and good will to man. was assailed in the night time by a band of Now Sir, the desire of the honest in this re russians, who insulted my family with hard gion of country is, that you should come here words and foul speeches, to their great anoy and spend some time. The citizens of Peterance, until they were compelled to call on boro, are very anxious for you to come and their neighbors for assistance and protection, make them a visit, and lay before them the When I returned and found the treatment so principles of life. I rejoice to hear the pros-gross, without the least provocation my feel-pect of the saints abroad. I wish you health-ings were very much-excited, and I made an and happiness and that the blessings of God-effort to ferret out the effenders; the neighbors may ever be with you. were very much stired up about it; never was

known so gross an insult on a respectable family in this region of country. But now came the test of my religion, up comes a man in a West Buffalo, Scott co. I. T. June 21, 1845. carriage for me to go to Boston to lay hands on his aged mother, who was supposed to be dy-Lord, like Sampson, if he would return to me, expected, all things considered.

more to do with them. They may vomit forth all into a flood of tears. Color came in her face their filth and spleen, spread abread all their like a child, she fell-asleep, and I told them rancorous vituperation, piebald ribaldry and he Spirit said if she sleeps she shall do I am to all intents and purposes well. The night's rest refreshed her, and the with you in following the Lard in his own ap [next day she talked with her children all about pointed way. I give God henor and glory for the goodness of God. I went the second time. again-placing my feet in the way of salvations and her sons and daughters all kneeled down, May God bless and prosper his people, under while I prayed, and God blessed me in a wonthe guidance of his Prophet (Sidney Rigdon) derful manner. One of the sons told me it was is the prayer of your unworthy brother.

N. B. HELVERSON.

hoped it would not be the last. She got up the first-time he ever knelt before God, but after I left the room; she is a miracle indeed. I think the whole family will embrace the gospel. I spent part of the day with them yes-Sunday we had a heavenly time in our church.

God knows, worlds of wealth is of no val the spirit of God rested upon us, the spirit of ue to the gospel of our blessed Saviour; my prophecy was poured out in great effusion, soul grows larger and expands in the lightland I can assure you it came with mighty pow and glory of God. I have been to the East er. The brethren and sisters came together preached in the Bap ist church Sunday before last night at my house, to partake of the Lord's last; with intense anxiety the people heard supper; and such prophecying by the spirit I me in the forenoon, and desired their Elder-to never heard in this-vicinity. And to tell you give way for me in the afternoon, to which he the whole story in a word, I have been filled consented. I gladly embraced the opperant with perfect love ever since, this persecution ty, and tried to leave no stone unjurned to arose falsely for Christ's sake, show them the first principles of the gospel, I preached on the town scales in Cambridgeand the organization of the kingdom of God part last sunday morning at 8 o'clock, to hun-Left them in a good state of feeling, all buildreds. The most respectable came up and the Elder, he was very uneasy but treated me look me by the hand and expressed the best of gentlemanly; may God bless him and his feelings toward me. All the respectable part

soul is happy, praise the Lord, peace on earth,

From your unworthy brother.

Wm. HUTCHINGS.

DEAR BROTHER E: ROBINSON: I felt I had a wrong spirit, but I took form you, that I am at this place, (West Buf-This showed me the im-falo Scott co. I. T.) with my wife and family, portance of being always ready. I told the in as comfortable circumstances as could be I would submit all persecutors to his charge, will give you a short history of the dealings of and pray for them. The spirit of the living the good Lord with me since I left your city, God came with power while I looked on the which was on the 14th April, 1845, and in dying woman; I was astonished, she had not company with as good men as this age could so much as opened her eyes, neither spoker, produce. I made my way toward home as or even noticed any one for some time; but last as steam (applied to the boat I traveled the spirit bid me pray; I did. It bid me a on) could carry me, with but one little delay; noint and lay on my hands. The old lady and I arrived at Hamptom Rock Island co. Ilt. turned over from a doubled up position in the the 27th, found my family all well; and as a bed, and looked up. Such was the marvel-matter of course glad to see me. We preach-

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ed several times on our way home, and we to speak the word' with much power in the think-left good impressions on the hearts of hearing of the people.

many who sailed with us.

in lowa and Illinois. We have labored day that they might go forth and preach the gospet and night diligently unto the present time, the of the Kingdom of God to the people; that Lord working with us, and confirming the they might hear and understand, believe, and word with signs following; and we have had repent of their sins, and obey the commands. to our assistance some of the time, that ener-ments of God: that they might partake of his getic and faithful laborer in the cause of truth, pirit to enlighten their minds, in order that elder W. E. McLellin, and that worthy and they might know "the signs of the times". well beloved brother President A. Cowles. which already betoken the near approach of They attended our conference in this place, the Son of God. To this end was my strong the present week. The work is fairly introducing, and my supplications before the Lord, duced in this region on both sides of the Mis, and then I laid me down and rested during the sissippi river. persons, and many more are believing, and I place soon. But when I arose in the morning, expect to immerse some more on tomorrow, at it was manifested to me to go to the little this place. Thus the Kingdom of heaven is town of Knoxville in Ohio, where I have an beginning to roll onward in its course, in ful uncle living, and preach the gospel of the filment of some prophecies made at the time kingdom, and bear my Testimony to them. of its organization in the city of Riusburgh So with this light I conferred not with flesh last April.

pertaining to the Kingdom of heaven in the West, as far as I have any knowledge, are going on about right. The Lord is with us in very deed, and so are some of the servants of the prince of darkness, each endeavoring to establish his claimes to the purchased pesses-But the Kingdom of our God is gaining ground, and will if all his subjects are faithful. triumph gloriously. I had well nigh said. pray for us, but I know if you have the spirit of the Lord, as I verily believe you have, you cannot forget it any more, than you could for preached to them, and the Lord poured out get to settle up your accounts with your own heart, every morning and evening. You will preached through me "the wonderful works see by the minutes of our conference published of God." The congregation listened very atin the 12th No. of the Ensign, what we have been doing more fully than I could write on this sheet.

Indeed Sir from the time of the organization at Pittsburgh up to the present time, my mind has been feasting on the peaceable things of the kingdom, while the word of God is like a I have that I am now in my right element. enjoyed much of the spirit of God in days the inhabitants of that village also. gone by while preaching the gospel, but I feel as though I had now just began to live. Lset out anew with our organization of the king dom of God, and my determination is, by the grace of God, to be faithful "to the time of the end." - The Lord bless you all.

Yours in hope of the rest of God.

JAMES BLAKEŞLEE.

Wellsvill, O. July 10, '45.

DEAR BROTHER:

-11-1

Since I left you on a short

On Sunday night last, as I was about to lie I tarried at home three days and then went to rest, I kneeled before my heavenly to Buffalo to join elder G. M. Hinkle in the Father, and asked him in the name of Jesus Mission appointed me by the first presidency. Christ to open the way before his servants. We have baptized in all, 89 night, not thinking of going myself to any

and blood," but left my home last Monday Dear Brother suffice it to say, that all things with faith in in my heavenly Father that he would open the way before me-The same day, in the evening I reached Knoxville. news soon spread that a strange preacher had / come to town. I conversed freely, and the next-day a young man who lived at the place where I stopped said he would like to hear me preach. I told him I would preach if a house could be found for the meeting. He soon obtained the school house. An appointment was circulated for evening. The school house was filled and some stood outside. I his Spirit upon me mightily, which indeed tentively to what I spake to them in the name of the Lord. Some said they believed what I aid, and all treated me very kindly—and may God grant that they may receive the truth, and the love of it in their hearts, and be saved by faith and obedience in the kingdom of our Lord Jesus ...

On the 9th I left for Wellsville believing fire in my heart and hones, shut up. I feel that God would open a door that I might preach the things, which were in my heart to there about 10 o'clock A. M.. After I had rested about one hour, I commenced going through the town and trying to get a house to speak in, but my labour seemed to be all in vain. I came there to preach to the people, and I was determined that I would not be trustrated. So when I found that I could not get a house (although there were plenty,) I told those who refused that I could preach on the corner of the street, But I was informed that I might preach in the grove at the upper end of town. I then went from house to house tour of preaching, the Lord has blessed me and told the people that I would preach in the very much with his Spirit, which caused me avening, and by doing so a goodly number as-

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ont; and I was filled with power to declare to come on right away if possible. truths to that people, and bear to them a testimony which they never can forget. I had spoken to them about an hour on the principles of the gospel, when the spirit of God said to me "to prophesy." The future was then to me "to prophesy." The future was then At the hearty request of my good in a degree opened up before me, and I declar- friend F I stoped at the Iron city, so ed to them many things which made them Philadelphia, ere I see it, will be two or three look very earnestly at me, I assure you: and I days older, and I that wane of time, nearer felt some astonished myself. the tomb. Sunday I went in company with

Lord did bless me wonderfully while I stood fortably fitted up, and will hold a congregabefore that people. My prayer to God is that tion from 3 to 5 hundred, and upon this occahis kingdom may roll on with power, for the sion it was well filled; you know I stand free Balvation of all the honest in heart; until it from all Secis, Creeds and Societies, and thus shall bring in the rest of God: for which all I speak and write impartially, wherever I find the ancient saints and prophets looked with sincerity in a people seeking after that holiest

so much anxiety.

ROBERT KINCAID.

R. K. place next Sunday.

Philadelphia, Jn'y 9th, 1845.

sure moments I occupy them in writing to you. Not I.

He undertook to plead his own preacher. cause by referring to the book of Covenants. But they would arise and say he was out of The Elder then requested time to investigate and consider upon the claims of the twelve. Whereupon (1 Parley" under whose special jurisdiction Elder H. lived "moved he be cut off from the Church" that he might This is a tacit achave time to investigate. knowledgement of what their actions have indicated for some time past. That is, that no man shall have the right to investigate their TERMS: \$1 per annum payable in advance

sembled at the time appointed. When Larose authority while he is a member of their Church. before that people to lay before them the gos | O what blindness of heart and of mind-and pel of the Kingdom of God, this I can say in to what an extent cannot human beings be dutruth, that no man living can, even imagin ped. Our brethren here are very anxious that my feelings, except he has been called bro. McLellin should come to this city imwith the same holy calling, and feels mediately. Indeed I am satisfied that there the weight of the same holy ministry. I had is no place in the United States where he no fear, for the Lord's spirit had cast that all could do more good. Dear brother, urge him

B. WINCHESTER.

Pittsburgh, July 7, 1845.

My DEAR FRIEND:

Whem I closed I could say with the Psalmy friend to the meeting of a people known mist, "Praise the Lord O! my soul." For the as the Church of Christ; the place is comand brightest gem, divine truth—and a thought May the Lord bless you my brethren in the like this entered my mind; out of the vast myriads that have passed and are now on the stage of action, can this little flock, congre-N. B. Brother Croxall will preach in this gated in this up stairs room, be now the chosen people of God, who are to assist in bringing about the mighty results and to be the principal laborers in the last hour of the six. BROTHER E. ROBINSON-Having a few lei-thousand years? who dare say to the contrary?

Our meetings last Sunday were well. The excellent discourse by Elder McLellin, attended. The official members here seem to free from severe reflections upon the benightbe awakened to a sense of their duty, and have ed state of the world. No spleen—no coarse commenced preaching in other places besides epithets, to maintain a point in doctrine, lavour usual one. * * There has been quite a ished upon the sectarian world-hut charitaflare up among the twelveites here. Elder ble language and feeling keeping company Helverson a man of more than ordinary abil-with the speaker and congregation—in fine, ity, who had been absent for some time retur-better order, unaffected piety, I have not seen ned on a visit among his relatives. Hearing since I first heard the sound of the everlasting many reports he felt to investigate, conse-gospel. That's right, give us example—"by quently came to our meeting on Sunday morn-their fruits shall ye know them" says our diing. This was enough. * * He was vine Master. The meeting over, I was forced cited to trial. The great apostle "I Parley to the conclusion if truth is not here, where is P Pratt," was sent for or came accidentally. It to be found? Consider well. Meditate on The Elder was put on trial. The principal the text, "Lord who shall abide in thy tabernacharge was slander founded upon this principle cle? Who shall dwell in thy holy hill?" You, —If the twelve had done wrong he had no bu whispered the still small voice, if you pracsiness to accuse them of it, or to tell it to any tice the lesson taught this morning by the

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EXTRACT FROM OF ENOCH.

go forth forever: And there was blackness the residue of the people have I cursed .and the Son.

THE PROPHECY! And it came to pass that Enoch continued to call upon all the people, save it were the And it came to pass that Enoth continued people of Canaan, to repent; And so great was his speech saying, behold our father Adam the faith of Enoch that he lead the people of taught these things, and many have believed God, and their enemies came to battle against and become the sons of God, and many have them, and he spake the word of the Lord, and believed not and perished in their sins, and are the earth trembled: and the mountins fled, even looking forth with fear, in torment, for the finaccording to his command; and the rivers of ery indignation of the wrath of God to be water were turned out of their course; and the poured out upon them. And from that time roar of the lions was heard out of the wilforth Enoch began to prophecy, saying unto derness; and all nations feared greatly, the people, that, as I was journeying and stood upon the place Mahujah, I cried unto so great was the power of language, which the Lord, and there came a voice out of the God had given him. There also came up a heavens, saying, turn ye and get ye upon land out of the depth of the sea; and so great, mount Simeon. And it came to pass that I was the fear of the enemies of the people of turned and went upon the mount, and as 1 God, that they field and stood afar off, and went stood upon the mount, I beheld the heavens upon the land which come up out of the sea. open, and I was clothed upon with glory, and And the giants of the land, also, stood afar off; I saw the Lord; he stood before my face, and and there went forth a curse upon all the peche talked with me, even as a man talks one ple which fought against God, and from that with another, face to face: and he said unto time forth there were wars and bloodsheds ame, Look and I will show unto you the world mong them but the Lord came and dwelt with for the space of many generations. And it his people, and they dwelt in righteousness.—came to pass that I beheld the valley Shum, The fear of the Lord was upon all nations, so and lo, a great people which dwelt in tents, great was the glory of the Lord, which was which were the people of Shum. And again upon his people; And the Lord blessed the the Lord said unto me, Look, and I looked land, and they were blessed upon the mountowards the north, and I beheld the people of Canaan, which dwelt in tents. And the Lord said unto me, Prophesy, and I prophesied saying, Behold the people of Canaan, which are numerous, shall go forth in battle was no poor among them: and Enoch contents the Lord said unto me, Prophesy, and I prophesied saying, Behold the people of Canaan, which are numerous, shall go forth in battle was no poor among them: and Enoch contents to the latter than the latter th array against the people of Shum, and shall tinued his preaching in righteousness unto slay them that they shall utterly he destroyed; the people of God. And it came to pass in and the people of Canaan shall divide them his days, that he built a city that was callselves in the land, and the land shall be bar-|ed the city of holiness, even ZION. And it ren and unfruitful, and none other people came to pass that Enoch talked with the shall dwell there but the people of Canaan; Lord, and he said unto the Lord, Surely Zion for beheld the Lord shall curse the land with shall dwell in safety forever. But the Lord emuch heat, and the burrenness thereof shall said unto Enoch, Zion have I blessed, but come upon all the children of Canaan, that And it came to pass that the Lord showed they were despised among all people. And unto Enoch all the inhabitants of the earth; it came to pass that the Lord said unto me, and he beheld, and lo! Zion, in process of time? Look, and I looked and beheld the land of was taken up into heaven! And the Lord Sharon, and the land of Euch, and the land said unto Enoch, Behold my abode forever: of Omner, and the land of Heni, and the land nd Enoch also beheld the residue of the peo-of Shem, and the land of Haner, and the land ple which were the sons of Adam, and they of Hannaniah, and all the inhabit ints thereof; were a mixture of all the seed of Adam, save and the Lord said unto ma, go to this people it were the seed of Cain for the seed of Cain and say unto them, repent, lest I come out and were black, and had not place among them. smite them with a curse and they die. And And after that Zoon was taken up into heaven, he gave witto me a commandment that I should E och beheld and lo, all the nations of the baptize in the name of the Father, and the earth were before him! and there came gener-Son, which is full of grace and truth, and the ation upon generation, and Enoch was high Holy Spirit, which bears record of the Father and lifted up, even in the bosom of the Father. and the Sun of Man; and behold the power of

Satan was upon all the face of the earth! And and until that day, they shall be in torment! he heard a loud voice, saying. Wo, wo, be yea and all the workmanship of my hands. the rain upon the mountains? And Enoch came floods and swallowed them up.

he saw angels decending out of heaven; and wherefore, for this shall the heavens weep; unto the inhabitants of the earth! And he be-held Satan, and he had a great chain in his unto Enoch and told Enoch all the doings of hand, and it veiled the whole face of the earth the children of men; wherefore Enoch knew, with darkness, and he looked up and laughed and looked upon their wickedness, and their and his angels rejoiced. And Enoch beheld misery, and wept and stretched forth his angels decending out of heaven bearing testi-arms, and his heart swelled wide as eternity; mony of the Father and Son: and the Holy and his bowels yearned, and all eternity shook. Spirit fell on many, and they were caught up And Enoch saw Noah, also, and his family, by the powers of heaven into Zion; and it that the posterity of all the sons of Noah came to pass that the God of heaven looked should be saved with a temporal salvation: upon the residue of the people, and he wept, wherefore he saw that Noah built an ark; and and En ch bore record of it saying, How is it the Lord smiled upon it, and held it in his own the heavens weep and shed forth their tears as hand; but upon the residue of the wicked said unto the Lord, How is it that you can Enoch saw thus, he had bitterness of soul, weep, seeing you are holy and from all eternia and wept over his brethren, and said unto the ty to all eternity? and were it possible that heavens, I will refuse to be comforted; but man could number the particles of the earth, the Lord said unto Enoch, Lift up your heart and millions of earths like this, it would not and be glad, and look. And it came to pass be a beginning to the number of your creations; that Enoch looked and, from Noah, he beheld and your curtains are stretched out still; and all the families of the earth; and he cried unto yet you are there, and your bosom is there; the Lord, saying, When shall the day of the and also, you are just; you are merciful and Lord come? When shall the blood of the kind forever; you have taken Zion to your righteous be shed, that all they that mourn own bosom from all your creations, from all may be sanctified, and have eternal life? And eternity to all eternity, and nought but peace, the Lord said, It shall be in the meridian of justice and truth is the habitation of your throne; time, in the days of wickedness and vengeance. and mercy shall go before your face and have no And behold. Enoch saw the day of the coming end: how is it that you can weep? The Lord of the Son of man, even in the flesh; and his said unto Enoch, Behold these your brethren: soul rejoiced, saying. The righteous is lifted they are the workmanship of my own hands, up, and the Lamb is slain from the foundation and I gave unto them their knowledge, in the of the world; and through faith I am in the day I created them; and in the garden of Eden bos m of the Father: and behold Zion is with gave I unto man his agency; and unto your me! And it came to pass, that Enoch looked brethren have I said, and also gave command upon the earth, and he heard a voice from the ment, that they should love one another; and bowels thereof, saying, Wo, wo is me the that they should choose me their Father; but mother of men! I am pained: I am weary bebehold they are without affection, and they cause of the wickedness of my children!—
hate-their own blood; and the fire of my indigwhen shall I test, and be cleansed from the
nation is kindled against them. And in my hor filthiness which has gone forth out of me? displeasure will I send in the floods upon them, When will my Creator sanctify me that I may for my fierce anger is kindled against them. - rest, and righteousness, for a season abide up-Behold I am God; Man of holiness is my on my face? And when Enoch heard the name: Man of counsi! is my name, and End-earth mourn, he wept and cried unto the Lord, less and Eternal is my name, also. Where saying, O Lord, will you not have compassion fore, I can stretch forth my hands and hold all upon the earth? Will you not bless the chilthe creations which I have made; and my eye dren of Noah? And it came to pass that can pierce them, also; and among all the work-Enoch continued his cry unto the Lord, saymanship of my hand there has not been so ling, I ask you, O Lord, in the name of your great wickedness, as among your brethren; only Begotten, even Jesus Christ, that you but behold their sins shall be upon the heads will have mercy upon Noah and his seed, that of their fathers: Satan shall be their father, the earth might never more be covered by the and misery shall be their doom; and the whole floods? And the Lord could not withhold; heavens shall weep over them, even all the and he covenanted with Enoch, and swore unworkmanship of my hands: Wherefore, should to him with an oath, that he would stay the not the heavens weep, seeing these shall suf flood; that he would call upon the children fer? But behold these which your eyes are of Noah; and he sent forth an unalterable deupon, shall perish in the floods; and behold I cree, that a remnant of his seed should always will shut them ap: a prison have I prepared be found among all nations, while the earth for them: -And that which I have chosen has should stand; and the Lord said, Blessed is plead before my face: Wherefore he suffers him through whose seed Messiah shall come: for their sins, inasmuch as they will repent for he says, I am Messiah, the King of Zien; in the day that my chosen shall return unto me; the Rock of heaven, which is broad as eternity; whose comes in at the gate and climbs up on the earth in righteousness, for the space of by me shall never fall: wherefore, blessed are a thousand years: but before that day he saw they of whom I have spoken, for they shall great tribulations among the wicked; and he comedforth with songs of everlasting joy.

came forth and stood on the right hand of God; own bosom; and from thence went the saying, and the remainder were reserved in chains of Zion is fleh. darkness until the judgment of the great day. And again, Enoch wept and cried unto the Lord, saying, When shall the earth rest?-And Enoch beheld the Son of man ascend up earth, for inasmuch as you are God, and I know im portant link in the grand chain, is faith... given unto me a right to your throne, and not please him." I live, even so will I come in the last days, in principle or idea contained in the word, or the days of wickedness and vengeance, to ful-communicated to the mind by it. ful the oath which I have made unto you, con-cerning the children of Noah: and the day satisfied the curious, nor quieted the conten-shall come that the earth shall rest, but before tions; and theologians have ransacked their righteousness will I send down out of heaven; hoped for, the evidence of things not seen." then shall you and all your city meet them of the mind, arising from testimony or evithere, and we will receive them into our hodence." Brown, in his Dictonary of the Bibosm, and they shall see us, and we shall fall ble says: "Faith properly signifies, a persuaupon their necks, and they shall fall upon our sion and assent to truth upon the authority of necks, and we will kiss each other, and there another, and is opposed to doubting." shall be my abode, and it shall be Zion which shall come forth out of all the creations which language, says: 1. "Faith is the assent of the I have made; and for the space of a thousand mind to the truth of what is declared by anyears shall the earth rest. And it came to other, resting on his authority and veracity, pass that Enoch saw the days of the coming without other evidence. 2. The assent of the

also saw the sea that it was troubled, and And it came to pass, that Enoch cried unto men's hearts failing them, looking forth with the Lord, saying, When the Son of man comes fear for the judgments of the Almighty God, in the flesh, shall the earth rest? I pray you which should come upon the wicked. And show me these things. And the Lord said the Lord showed Enoch all things, even unto unto Enoch, Look, and he looked and beheld the end of the world; and he saw the day of the Son of man lifted upon a cross, after the the righteous, the hour of their redemption, manner of men; and the heavens were veiled; and receved a fulness of joy; and all the days and all the creation of God mourned; and the of Zion in the days of Enoch, were three hunearth groaned; and the rocks were rent: and dred and sixty five years: and Enoch and all the saints arose and were crowned at the right his people walked with God, and he dwelt in hand of the Son of man, with crowns of glory; the midst of Zion: and it came to pass that and as many of the spirits as were in prison, Zion was not, for God received it up into his

> From the Ensign. ON FAITH.

"According to your faith be it unto you."--unto the Father: and he called unto the Lord, Mat. 9: 29. Among the principles of the gossaying, Will you not come again upon the pel," we think that the first one, and the most you, and you have sworn unto me and com-Paul by inspiration says in Hebrews 11; 6, manded me that I should ask in the name of He that cometh to God must believe that he is. your Only Begotten, you have made me, and And that, "without faith it is impossible to

of myself but through your own grace: where- Probably more has been written on that fore, I ask you if you will not come again on word in Theology called faith, than any other And the Lord said unto Enoch, as in the English language; or rather upon the

that day the heavens shall be darkened and a brains and the great and small libraries of the vail of darkness shall cover the earth; and the world, to find a better or different definition heavens shall shake, and also the earth: and than that simply given by the apostle Paul great tribulation shall be among the children in Hebrews 11: 1, "Faith is the substance of men, but my people will I preserve; and (i. e., the ground or confidence,) of things and truth will I send forth out of the earth to This definition suits us very well. But Buck, bear testimony of my Only Begotten; his res-in his Theological Dictionary, says: "Faith urrection from the dead; yea, and also the res-is that assent which we give to a proposition urrection of all men; and righteousness and advanced by another, the truth of which we truth will I cause to sweep the earth as with a do not immediately perceive from our own flood, to gather out my own elect from the four reason and experience; or as it is a judgment quarters of the earth unto a place which I shall or assent of the mind, the motive whereof is prepare; a holy city, that my people may gird not any intrinsic evidence, but the authority or up their loins, and be looking forth for the time testimony of some other who reveals or relates of my coming; for there shall be my taberna-it. The Greek noun translated faith, comes cle, and it shall be called ZION, a New Jefrom a verb which signifies to persuade, the rusalem. And the Lord said unto Enoch, nature of faith being a persuasion and assent

Webster, in his Dictionary of the English of the Son of man, in the last days, to dwell-mind to the truth of a proposition advanced by

another; belief, on probable evidence. 3. In vine personage. And if we suffer that assurtheology the assent of the mind or understand ance to work in us to will, as well as to assent, ing to the truth of what God has revealed," then the effect of result in us is, living &c. Belief of the revealed truths of reli-faith: and if carried out, it will produce right gion,"-Hooker. Swift says, "Faith is trust action towards him in whom that faith is cen-

above will answer as to the definition of learn-result is produced in the mind; and if we be-ed men; therefore, we proceed to another part come interested so as to act, or if there is any of the subject. Buck has given us in his The-motive produced by the testimony, or in the ological Dictionary an explanation of seven object about which the evidence is given, to different kinds of faith, viz: divine, human heget in sus a will, then our action should alhistorical, the faith of miracles, a temporary ways correspond with our interests, and it alfaith, faith in respect to futurity, and seventh, ways will provided we are correctly taught faith in Christ. And Mr. Brown adds, "Sa- and act rationally. ving faith," which would make eight. We No rational or intelligent being has more have been some astonished that in the full than one mind, though that mind has various blaze of the gospel light from all the revela properties, faculties, or powers which comtions of God, as contained in the sacred scrip-pose it. With the faculties of the mind, we tures, and of good common sense, and sound examine every thing presented to us, in which never could learn that there was any but one their minds; or rather to the degrees of knowlbecause it would be motionless.

that is, chaff, and nothing but chaff:—only ans 4: 5, that there is but "one faith." words without knowledge, subverting the though that may be exercised on different obsouls of men, and leading them astray from jects, and consequently produce varied results, God: yea, mere vanity.

Living faith is that principle which actubefore God and man.

the testimony adduced is concerning the divine—that which determines or chooses to act.—Being, and the mind or understanding assents Its operations are termed volitions.

There are different kinds of evidence by effect produced upon the heart is what Mr. which we assent to the truth of any proposi-Buck would call a "divine faith." But it is too, and of these, but two are infallible. not "divine faith," but faith exercised in a di-fallible testimony to the mind.

If the evidence presented is concerntered. We might multiply authors on the subjecting some natural or temporal object, and we this all-absorbing subject; but we think the assent to it, then only a natural or common

philosophy, men should be so speculative and we are interested. Some individuals examine wild in their notions about faith; for in the with one degree of scrutiny, and some with first place, according to the book of God, we another owing to the peculiar construction of kind of faith; that according to James, is liv-edge or intelligence which the minds of the ing or dead faith. If it produces action, then individuals have acquired. Now, if the facwe would call it living faith; if no action is ulties of the mind are the same in all, although produced, of course it would be dead-dead in some weaker and others stronger, how is it that we can find different kinds of faiths?-Now, if philosophy too, as well as scripture, With the same powers of mind, we believe will bear us out in this point, then we hope every thing to which we assent; and with the our brethren especially, and also all honest en same mind, we reject every thing which does quirers after TRUTH, for the sake of truth, will not come to us, as we think, sufficiently aube profited, and all "the traditions of men," thenticated. Then, after reviewing the whole and "doctrines of devils" on this subject, be of the preceding, we come to the inevitable found out and seen to be what they really are, conclusion with the inspired apostle, Ephesi-

yet there is but one FAITH. We will here divide the faculties of the ates us, in all our right dealings both with or mind into the undarstanding, the heart and the will. The understanding is that which Dead faith is that which does not produce perceives ideas, compares them one with an-Dead faith is that which does not produce perceives ideas, compares them one with anaction. It is that principle of faith which the other, and judges of their agreement or disadevils have, that makes them "fear and trem-greement. It is the seeing or thinking facol-ble" before God. Faith is an act or exercise ty. Its operations are termed perceptions.—of the mind of an intelligent being, giving The Heart is that which loves, hates, and decredence to testimony, or having confidence sires; is pleased or displeased. It is the seat in that which is made known. And the effort and produce that which is made known. And the effort and produce the pleasing or the mind or intelligence painful, and virtuous previous. It is the feet-produced upon that mind or intelligence, painful, and virtuous or-vicious. It is the is always owing to the object about whom, or feeling faculty. Its operations are termed afconcerning which the evidence is given. If fections. The will is the determining faculty

not in reality a different kind of faith from any First: when the principles on which the eviother living faith; but it is the powers of the dence is founded, are intuitive. Such is the mind called up to contemplate the Creator, evidence of Mathematical truths, Secondly: and if we give credence or assent, then the when God speaks from heaven to man by his effect produced is confidence in, reliance on, own voice, by an angel, by an open vision, or or assurance of the existence of God. It is by his Son, then that which is spoken, is inevidence on which natural and experimental he says—"For we are unto God a sweet saphilosophy stands. This is received imme-vour of Christ, in them that are saved, and in diately by the senses. But there is a possithem that perish; to the one we are the savour bility of being deceived by any one of our sen-of death unto death; and to the other the sases singly, since to a man having the jaundice your of life unto life." One object, in the

badly, things sometimes appear yellow. The above quotations, is to show the means that organs of the ear may be diseased, and we the Savior and his ministers used to produce may think, and even affirm, that me hear faith in those who heard them; viz: the testisounds, when we do not. The next and last mony of those called and sent of God. For, class of evidence which we shall now notice, said he, Luke 10: 16, "He that heareth you, is wherein we give our assent to a proposition heareth me." John 13: 20, "He that receive the on the veracity of others. Now, reviewing whomsoever I send, receiveth me." Old Paul the above, we are intuitively certain that a seems to have understood the same principle whole is greater than a part. When our three in the same way, Romans 10: 14, 15, "How senses of seeing, hearing, and feeling are shall they believe in him of whom they have brought into requision by the vocal voice of not heard? and how shall they hear without a God, by the presence of his Son, or an angel preacher? and how shall they preach except the evidence will not admit of doubt; therefore they be sent?" 17th verse, "So then FAITH it is infallible. Next: we are experimentally cometh by hearing." Ah! is the ear the organ. certain that fire will burn:—and lastly, we are hearing, the sense or medium, testimony the by testimony certain that Jesus of Nazareth cause, and belief or faith the effect produced? was crucified on Mount Calvery, and that he is this sound reasoning? Let us turn it over arose from the sepulchre of Joseph of Arama-and look at it again. Then according to all the into life again, on the third day, and afthe above, God must first call a man or men terwards "shewed himself to his apostles by by revelation. Do not start, gentle reader, at many infallible proofs." That is, as John the word revelation, in its strictest or widest says, 1st Epistle 1: 1, "That which we have seense; for, says the good book," No man heard, which we have seen with our eyes, and taketh this honor unto himself, but he that is our hands have handled, of the word of LIFE." called of God, as was Aaron;" Hebrews 5: Here the apostle brings three out of five senses, to bear upon the fact, that "Jasus was the from heaven? Yes. And the Lord spake Son of God," which truth was the great bur-unto Moses, saying, Exodus 28: 1, "Take then of the first sermon or evidence which they upto thee Monthly better from many then of the first sermon or evidence which thou unto thee Amon thy brother, from among Paul, the bold and faithful apostle of the Gen-the children of Israel, that he may minister tiles, first delivered to the world: Acts 9: 20, unto me in the Priests office." But, says an "And straigtway he preached Christ in the objector, Aaron was called to minister the law synagogues, that he is the Son of God."-not gospel. Hold for one moment. This fact he knew, because he had heard his the ministers of Christ called by direct and Yes. John 5: 16, "I, voice. For the Lord himself had said to him, divine revelation? Acts 9: 5, 1 am Jesus whom thou persecu says Jesus, have chosen you and ordained you. test;" and because he had seen him, as he Mark 3: 13, 14, "And he, Jesus, called says in 1st Corinthians 15: 8, "And last of all unto him whom he would, and ordained he was seen of me." And because, also, he twelve—that he might send them forth to had felt his power—Acts 9: 4, "And he felt to preach." Acts 13: 2, "The Holy Ghost said, the earth, and heard a voice," &c. This eviseparate me Paul and Barnabas, unto the work dence he always bore to the world, & all those whereunto I have called them." 3d verse, who rejected his testimony, were under con"Hands were laid on them, and they were demnation; for he was a messenger sent of sent away." 5th verse, and "at Salamis they God to preach to the inhabitants of the earth: preached the word of God." Timothy was as was also all those who had "obtained particulated by immediate, direct revelation or proin that ministry." which the Lord Jesus gave phecy, and ordained by the laving on of hands. in that ministry," which the Lord Jesus gave phecy, and ordained by the laying on of hands. to his servants, by the authority of which, they 1st Timothy 4: 14, were to bear his name before the world and to Now one object we have had in the above administer the ordinances and laws of his gos-quotations, is to show that the Lord's minispel, to all true believers, who wished to be ters, both under the law and under the gospel, adopted into his kingdom on earth and finally were called by direct revelations from heaven, or a special pointing out by prophecy, and into his celestial glory. People, therefore, were not only under con-then set apart by holy ordination. When thus demnation for rejecting the apostles, but also called, chosen, and set apart or ordained, all the elders, &c., who were rightfully set a-those in the gospel dispensation went forth part by holy ordination to minister the gospel, and bore a testimony—preached the gospel, For Paul says in 2d Corinthinans 8: 23, in as Peter says, "with the Holy Ghost sent speaking of the ministers, "they are the mess-down from heaven." 1st Peter 1: 22, and engers of the churches, and the glory of "it pleased God by the foolishness of preaching Christ." And when he speaks of the author- to save them that believe." 1st Corinthians 1: 21. Belief then of faith is a saving ed promises, * * women recived principle, connected with obedience. Accortheir dead raised to life again, &c., &c. Heb. ding to the above, "Jesus is the author and II. It was by or through this gift of faith," finisher of our faith." Hebrews 12: 2. That is, he called a man or men by revelation to God, that every miracle which has ever been his holy ministry or priesthood; and after be performed since the days of Adam to the presing ordained, he or they go and preach the ent time, was and has been performed—exgospel; and they who hear that preaching cept those which have been done by the powand give credence to the testimony, that is, er of Belzebub, for the servants of Satan have believe the preaching, their "faith comes by wrought miricles as well as the servants of hearing the word of God"—and obedience God. No doubt both performed their wonders and will purify the heart-"if they endure un vil. to the end."

New Testament, which no wicked man ever an example. joy it, cannot exercise it, cannot have it. 'To sed by mountains and the Egyptian army.ise in 'the book' of the gift of the holy spirit faith which directed him what to do, only to until after faith, repentance, and baptism .- trust in God, until the Lord said to him,-There is not an example given in the New Wherefore criest thou unto me? Testament where a wicked man ever received the children of Israel, that they go forward. the gift of the spirit before baptism. Bap-But lift thou up thy rod, and streach out thy door into the kingdom of Chirst; and when a ment the gift of faith was lit up in his soul.kingdom, by virtue of the promise of the king. faith. His friends were delivered. (Acts 8,) and has received the holy spirit, by who ever receive it. it he may obtain the gift of faith: but with But dear reader, stop for a moment and out the spirit, he cannot exercise this gift.—think, if there is no church in christendom The Lord's spirit does not dwell in unhely who is contending for and enjoying the spiritholy; and in order to obtain and enjoy the the gift of faith is one of these gifts; then can Holy Spirit, he must 'arise and be baptiz-any church on earth claim 'the gift of faith?' ed and wash away his sins, calling upon the We answer no! distinctly no. If any individname of the Lord.' Acts 28: 16. Then he is wal or church can be found who are contendus and not unto the world? John 14: 22.—as well as in ages long past.

ed kingdoms, wrought righteousness, obtain-place, means previously delivered.

then following, makes their faith a living faith, by faith; but their faith was centered in oppoor principle in them, which works by love, site objects—one in God, the other in the De-To elucidate more clearly this 'gift of faith' But again there is a faith spoken of in the to the understanding of all, we will introduce When Moses and the children did or ever will receive. It is contrary to the of Israel had started from Egypt to Canaan, nature of the Lord's dealing. He cannot en-they halted on the banks of the Red Sea, encloanother faith by the same spirit.' 1st Cor. 12: Nothing, it seemed, could save them but the 9. The birth of the spirit, in John 3: 5, suc interposition of Heaven. By faith they pasceeds the birth of the water. Repent and be sed through the Red Sea as by dry land. baptised, every one of you, in the name of Je-sus Christ, for the remission of sins; and—yet they could see no way of escape now.— (then and not till then,)—ye shall receive the Moses was exercised by two of the gifts of the gift of the Holy Ghost.' There is not a prom-spirit, viz: revelation and faith. He had no

tism is the initiatory rite of induction, or the hand over the sea, and divide it.' That moman is born into the kingdom, then he has a That moment he believed the word of the Lord right to expect, yea, to claim the spirit of that with all his heart. He lifted up his rod in Behold, I send the promise of my Father upon mies sunk. His soul magnifed the Lord, and you. Luke 24: 49. After a man has thus his stock of knowledge was increased. Thus obeyed the ordinances of baptism and the lay-the gift of faith was an immediate act or gift ing on hands, as the disciples did at Samaria, of the Spirit of God on the minds of all those

An urbelieving wicked man is un wal gifts, or miraculous gifts by the spirit, and washed-then he is clean-then the temple is ing that they have that precious gift of faith, prepared for the reception of the spirit; by then we contend that they may have that which he can truly say 'Our Father who art wonderous gift of miracles also. For both in heaven.' Then, and not till then, he can are gifts by the same spirit. The ancients receive this 'gift of faith.' Then he can unenjoyed both these, and many other gifts also. derstand the force of Judas' enquiry, 'Lord The same cause will produce the like effects; how is it that thou wilt manifest thyself unto and we believe that it will in this generation But let us take This exercising 'the gift of faith,' with other another view of this subject of faith. The gifts, once was, ought to be now, and will be apostle Jude says 3d verse, in writing to his at the coming of the Savior, the distinguish brethren: 'It was needful for me to write unto ing characteristic of the saints-the true be you, and exhort you that ye should earnestly It was this gift of faith by which the anci-ed to the saints. To what saints did the in ents did wonders. 'Through faith they subdu-spired writer refer? 'Once delivered,' in this

ask what this earnest contention should be for? and the Lord will there preserve them while Should it be about creeds, or forms, or notions? the day cometh that shall burn as an oven, No, it should be about faith, living faith .- as he preserved Noah and Lot till his over-Faith exercised in a living object, producing flowing judgments consume 'all the proud, action—yes, marvelous results. Then it and all that do wickedly.' By faith the saints would be the faith which was once delivered will stand that trying day. By the gift of to the saints.' It would not only be like their faith,' they will outstrp the winds,'and flee faith, but it would be the very same faith.— from the wrath to come. By faith they will But again. Did the ancients believe that it be caught up to meet the Lord in the air, and was their privilege to receive immediate pow-so shall they ever be with the Lord. Amen. er from God? Yes: by them the 'mouths of lions were stopped.' Did they believe in receiving revelations from heaven? Yes. Paul says, they obtained promises. Do christians (as they are called.) of the present day, be Benjamin had made an end of speaking the lieve in receiving miraculous power from God words which had been delivered unto him -revelations from heaven? then have faith—the same faith that actuated eyes round about on the multitude, and bethe bosom of the ancients? faith in the same objects, in the same things? fear of the Lord had come upon them: If so, does it produce the same effects, the and they had viewed themselves in their if they had the same faith, it would be faith of the earth. And they all cried aloud with in the same things; and the same enjoyments one voice, saying O have mercy, and apofcourse would follow. But where are those ply the atoning blood of Christ, that we enjoyments? Where is that 'like precious may receive forgiveness of our sins, and our faith' through the medium of which all, yes all hearts may be purified: for we believe in the ancient saints lived and walked and held Jesus Christ, the Son of God, who created communion with heaven, with heaven and earth, and all things, who shall Jesus and with his Father? O! where! where come down among the children of men. shall we find it in christendom at this day?— And it came to pass that after they had spo-Has it fled, no more to return, until the Lord ken these words, the spirit of the Lord came comes in his glory? 'Nevertheless, when upon-them, and they were filled with joy, hav-the Son of man cometh, shall he finding received a mission of their sins, and faith on the earth,' Luke 18: 8. O, my Lord! having peace of conscience, because of the exif thou shouldst come now, as many believe ceeding faith which they had in Jesus Christ that thou wilt soon, then, O, then! where who should come, according to the wordswouldst thou find that faith which actuated which king Benjamin had spoken unto them. thy saints and martyrs? Or would thou 'come And king Benjamin again opened his mouth, and smite the earth with a curse? Mal. 4: 6. and began to speak unto them, saying, my Nay, but there will be a people on earth be-friends and my brethren, my kindred and my fore the burning day, who will serve the Lord people, I would again call your attention, that aright; who will have faith, who will be pre-ye may hear and understand the remainder of pared to meet that consuming time-the glo-my words which I shall speak unto you: for rious appearing of our Lord and his mighty behold, if the knowledge of the goodness of angels, with all the heavenly-throng. For he God at this time, has awakened you to a sense said, while on earth, in reference to this very of your nothingness, and your worthlessness point, But as the days of Noah were, so shall and fallen state; I say unto you, if ye have also the coming of the Son of man be.' Math. come to a knowledge of the goodness of God. . wicked they knew not 'until the flood came his patience, and his long suffering towards and took them all away.' But how was it the children of men, and also the atonement with the righteous family of Noah, who had which has been prepared from the foundation obeyed the voice of revelation given to them in of the world, that thereby salvation might order to their safety? Did that day overtake come to him that put his trust in the Lord, them as a thief in the night? No. Noah be and should be dilligent in keeping his coming warned of God by immediate revelation nandments, and continues in the faith even from heaven to him, (being moved with fear,) unto the end of his life; I mean the life of the prepared an ark to the saving of his house.'- mortal body; I say, that this is the man who Heb. 11: 7. Now if it will be before the receiveth salvation, through the attonement second coming of Messiah, as it was in the which was prepared from the foundation of days of Noah, then the Lord will call upon the world, for all mankind, which ever were, some man or men by direct revelations from ever since the fall of Adam, or who are, or heaven. They will hearken to his voice.— who ever shall be, even unto the end of

EXTRACT FROM THE BOOK OF MORMON.

And now, it came to pass that when King No. Do they by the angel of the Lord, that he cast his Do they have hold they had fallen to the earth, for the No! Oh no!! We argue that own carnal state, even less than the dust

In the days of Noah, among the and his matchless power, and his wisdom, and Will have faith in his word. Will prepare a the world; and this is the means whereby eatplace of temporal safety. Will gather into it vation cometh. And there is none other sal-

vation, save this which hath been spoken of for both food and raiment, and for gold and for of his goodness, and have tasted of his love, ye have, one to another? true. And ye will not have a mind to injure give. And ye will not suffer your children cover that which ye have not received. and fight and quarrel one with another, and of retaining a remission of your sins from day serve the devil, who is the master of sin, or to day, that ye may walk guiltless before God, who is the evil spirit which hath been spoken I would that ye should impart of your sub-of by our fathers; he being an enemy to all stance to the poor, every man according to righteousness; but ye will teach them to walk that which he hath, such as feeding the hungin the ways of truth and soberness; ye will ry, clothing the naked, visiting the sick, and teach them to love one another, and to serve administering to their relief, both spiritually one another; and also, ye yourselves will suc-cor those that stand in need of your succor; see that all these things are dene in wisdom ye will administer of your substance unto him that standeth in need; and ye will not suf-fer that the beggar putteth up his petition to again: It is expedient that he should be diliyou in vain, and turn him out to perish. Per-haps thou shalt say, the man has brought up-on himself his misery; therefore I will stay And I would that ye should remember, that my hand, and will not give unto him of my whosoever among you that borroweth of his substance, that he may not suffer, for his pun-neighbor, should return the thing that he borishments are just. But I say unto you, O roweth, according as he doth agree, or else man, whoseever doeth this, the same hath thou shalt commit sin, and perhaps thou shalt great cause to repent: and except he repent-cause thy neighbor to commit sin also. And eth of that which he hath done, he perisheth finally, I cannot tell you all the things whereforever, and hath no interest in the kingdom by ye may commit sin for there are divers of God. For behold, are we not all beggars? ways and means, even so many, that I cannot Do we not all depend upon the same being, number them. But this much I can tell you, even God, for all the substance which we have; if ye do not watch yourselves, and your

neither are there any conditions whereby man silver, and for all the riches which we have of can be saved, except the conditions which I every kind? And behold, even at this time, have told you. Believe in God; believe that ye have been calling on his name and beghe is, and that he created all things, both in ging for a remission of your sins. And has heaven and in earth; believe that he has all he suffered that ye have begged in vain? Nay; wisdom, and all power, both in heaven and in he has poured out his spirit upon you, and has earth; believe that man doth not comprehend caused that your hearts should be filled all the things which the Lord can comprehend with joy, and has caused that your mouths And again. Believe that ye must repent of should be stopped, that ye could not find utyour sins and forsake them, and humble your-terance, so exceeding great was your joy .-selves before God; and ask in sincerity of And now, if God, who has created you, on heart that he would forgive you: and now, if whom you are dependant for your lives, and you believe all these things, see that ye do for all that we have and are, doth grant unto And again I say unto you as I have you whatsoever ye ask that is right, in faith, said before, that as ye have come to the know believing that ye shall receive, O then, how ledge of the glory of God, or if ye have known had ye ought to impart of the substance that And if ye judge the and have received a remission of your sins, man who putteth up his petition to you for which causeth such exceeding great joy in your substance, that he perish not, and con-your souls, even so I would that ye should re-demn him, how much more just will be your member, and always retain in rememberance, condemnation, for withholding your substance, the greatness of God, and your own nothing which doth not belong to you, but to God, to ness, and his goodness and long suffering to-whom also, your life belongeth; and yet ye ward you unworthy creatures, and humble put up no petition, nor repent of the thing yourselves even in the depths of humility, calling on the name of the Lord daily, and standing on the name of the Lord daily, and standing the faith of that which is to with him, and now it says these things unto ing steadfastly in the faith of that which is to with him; and now, I say these things unto come, which was spoken by the mouth of the those who are rich, as pertaining to the things angel; and behold, I say unto you that if ye of this world. And again, I say unto the poor, do this, ye shall always rejoice, and be filled ye who have not and yet have sufficient, that with the love of God, and always retain a retye remain from day to day; I mean all you mission of your sins; and ye shall grow in the who deny the beggar, because ye have not, I knowledge of the glory of him that created you, would that ye say in your hearts, that I give or in the knowledge of that which is just and not because I have not; but if I had, I would And now, if we say this in your hearts, one another, but to live peaceably, and to ren- ye remain guiltless, otherwise ye are condemder to every man according to that which is his ned, and your condemnation is just; for ye that they go hungry, or naked; neither will ye And now, for the sake of these things which suffer that they transgress the laws of God, I have spoken unto you: that is, for the sake

thoughts, and your words, and your deeds, and are told "that by faith Enoch walked with God. observe the commandments of God, and con- and was not, for God took him." tinne in the faith of what ye have heard connow, O man, remember and perish not.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. AUGUST 1, 1845.

When a subscriber in the country, wishes to send for the Messenger and Advocate, he can now take a sheet of cap or letter sons," consequently is just as willing to hear paper, write us a long communication on it. and inclose a bank bill and send it 300 miles blessings upon his children now, as in days for five cents-or any distance further for ten gone by: therefore, heloved brethren, let us cents. As the price of our paper is very low, gird up our loins and be faithful; knowing that our friends must, in all cases, pay the postage the days draw near, and the time is at hand, on their letters. It will be but little for them, when the just shall stand by faith. but it is very burthensome to us.

when they procure a subscriber or subscribers branch of the church in that place, rejoicing in for our paper, and receive the money, as they the Holy one of Israel; they feel strong in the should do, to forward with the name, the mon work of the Lord, although their numbers are ey so received, and not wait until they get few. "The race is not to the swift nor the more, as some have done; thereby keeping us battle to the strong," but he who trusteth in out of our just dues for perhaps a long time the Lord God, shall prosper.

Elder Rigdon has left this city on a mission east... How long he will be absent, is attentive audiences; a good feeling and spirit uncertain, as he will undoubtedly, visit several of the interior counties in this state, and set before them the principles of the gospel of the Son of God; after which, he may visit several of the eastern cities.

We will state for the information and comfort of the saints abroad, that the cause is prospering in this city. Scarcely a week pas es, but more or less are baptized, and enter into the kingdom. Ten have been baptized the present week; prospects appear cheering; many are inquiring after the truth. many calls for Elders to go to different places and preach the word. May the Lord roll or his work with mighty power, and cut it short in righteousnes, is our earnest desire.

THE PROPHECY OF ENOCH,

On the first page of this number, will be found an extract from the prophecy of Enoch which was received by revelation, some years since. As it is a relic, too precious to be lost we extract it for the benefit of the readers of the Messenger. It gives us a specimen of the power Enoch obtained with God, by faith, for we ted to incite the saints to action, in righteous-

that it will prove a stimulus, to the saints, to cerning the comming of our Lord, eyen unto the end of your lives, ye must perish. And action, when they read of the great blessings enjoyed by the ancients, and consider that they were men of like passions with ourselves, subject to all the evils and temptations with which we are surrounded, and that the same God, who conferred upon them such great privileges, "is the same yesterday to day and forever," and is "no respecter of perand answer the prayers, and bestow as great

KIRTLAND .- Elder Rigdon has returned We wish our Agents to be particular, from his visit to Kirtland. He left a small

> He delivered several lectures to large and prevailed; and much good, we trust, will result therefrom.

We would say to the church in Kirtland, and also, to all the saints, walk uprightly before God and all men; keeping your conscience void of offence; remembering to do the will of him who hath called you to your high and holy calling, with an eye single to his glory; and the God of peace will bless you with the gift of his Holy Spirit, which shall be in you as a well of water springing up unto Eternal life. And although afflictions may come upon you, and persecutions may rage, yet your Heavenly Father-will give you... grace according to your day, and will render succor in every time of need; and will finally give you a place in the midst of that happy multitude which John saw upon Mount Zion, who had come up through "great tribulation, and washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb."

THE BOOK OF MORMON.—There is no book with which we are acquainted, better calcula-

ness, than the Book of Mormon. Beside house if we would come. by which we should be governed from day to do with our might. day. An observance of which, will prepare us Advocate. * * Write without fail, for I for usefulness in this life; and will also secure am all anxiety to know of your prosperity.unto us an abundant admittance into that rest My love to one and all. which remains for the people of God.

We find in its sacred pages, many blessings promised to the upright; to the virtuous; to the poor in spirit, who trust in the Lord; to the meek; to those who hunger and thirst continued spread of divine truth to all people, after righteousness; to the mercifull; to the I have taken the liberty to write a few lines peace maker, and to the pure in heart. But for the columns, if you should think them on the other hand, not a blessing, not a promodical as I deem yours to be. My mind has ise is recorded within its pages for the liar, been more than usually awakened to the allthe thief, the drunkard, the adulterer, the absorbing subject of true holiness before God murderer, or for any worker of iniquity, exand among men; of loving our neighbor as cept through repentance and an obedience to ourselves; of doing unto others as we would have them do unto us. See In order to come the gospel of Jesus Christ.

be in possesion of the foregoing Book, we the scriptures, and reduce to practice those make an extract in another column from its ennobling precepts which we find therein repages, the 2d chapter of Mosiah, which we to grow in grace and in the knowledge of the trust will be found interesting. truth.

We have received a letter from Elder Jeremiah Hatch jr, dated, Carrol, Chetanqua co. N. Y. July 21, 1845, from which we make enjoy that faith by which the saints anciently the following extracts:

Br. Robinson:

of two weeks I take this occasion to write, ac lations as the world is, and has always been cording to promise, and to inform you of the a stranger to. Let every brother and every circumstances with which I am surrounded sister be humble and meek, speaking the I left Pittsburgh on the 8th and arrived here on truth to all people; dealing justly, loving the 11th inst.

lege of bapuzing three persons, two males and that those who now consider us deceivers, one female, and confirmed them members of and deceived, by seeing our faith manifest in the church and kingdom of Christ. One of us by our good works, may be led to seek the whom Lordained High Priest, and he has like precious enjoyments, by embracing that entered the field of labor with me. plan of salvation which was devised before

This whole region of country, wherever welthe world was, for the redemption of all who have traveled, seem willing to listen to the will believe and obey.

Next Sunday we preach in Ellington vil-saints, do not become wearied in well doing, lage about 12 miles from this place, north.—knowing you will surely reap your reward if They sent for us and promised us a meeting you faint not.

A.

We intend to open containing the fulness of the gospel of Jesus a circuit of 30 or 40 miles, and make it ring Christ, and a history of a once noble and in the last days, and prepare the wheat for the mighty people, it also gives us, in plainness, garner. Give us your prayers, for, by the simplicity, and truth, the principles of action help of God we will do whatsoever we find to

I herein send you \$1, for the Messenger and

Your Brother in the hope of the rest of God.

For the Messenger and Advocate. MR. EDITOR:

Having an ardent desire for the

have them do unto us, &c. In order to come to a gospel of Jesus Christ.

For the benefit of our readers, who may not which we may do these things, let us search corded; which if we do, we shall be enabled

ty of our souls to serve him with an undivided heart and mind, that we may obtain and prevailed over all evil, and by which they held communion with the hosts of heaven, Dear Sir:-"After an elapse and through which they received such consomercy, and becoming holy in all manner of Since my arrival I have had the privi conversation and conduct one with another,

As saints of God, let us arouse every facul-

messengers of truth, and I feel that many more Let every saint purify their heart before will embrace the gospel. Sectarianism is the Lord, and keep them so, as he cannot powerless, and priesteraft, panic stricken, is look upon sin with the least degree of allowstruggling to shut out the light, which is ex-ance; knowing if you do this, the kingdom is posing to open day, those systems which have yours, and not many years hence the Lord chained down the minds of men for ages.— Jesus will descend from heaven, and rescue The cry of delusion, of fanaticism is of no a his children from the power of their oppresvail here, and the future is filled with the sors and give rest to the weary and those brightest images of hope. who are heavy laden. Therefore, beloved

For the Messenger and Advocate. MR. EDITOR:

columns of your paper, to illustrate the para vious to their conversion, it is but a poor ble of the sower, which is recorded in Mat-figure the Savior uses when he represents his thew's gospel, 13: 3-8, as I understand it .- word by the seed, and the hearts and under-In the first place I would ask the reader, who standings of men by the soil in which it is ever he might, be, this question, have you sown. been baptized for the remission of your sins, and received the laying on of hands for the re-able, the knowledge of religion is natural to ception of the Holy Ghost, by one having an-all mankind; the seed of it is sown in the bad thority! If you have, you will understand the ground as well as in the good; it is not the actruth when you read; but if you have not, you quisition only of a few thoughtful and contemwill be at a loss. How so? you will ask.—plative men, but arises directly and immedi-Because you have not got that knowledge ately from certan principles and powers essenwhich Jesus Christ promised to those who tially belonging to the human form, so that no would do his Father's will. You will find man can have it to say, he did not bring forth by reading John 7; 17, what he says on this fruit because the seeds of it, the principles of subject. —"If any man will do his will," religious knowledge were never sown in his speaking of his Father, "he shall know wheth mind. Secondly, we may observe, that a or I speak of myself." Now reader, Jesus mong the various had soils here mentioned by came to do the will of his Father, and in so our Savior, there are none of them described doing he sends forth his apostles in this wise, as being naturally bad; if therefore our minds Mark 16: 15-18, "And he said unto them go are in a religious and moral sense unfruitful ye into all the world and preach the gospel to this is owing to our own corruption of them every creature, he that believeth and is baptiz and not to any inherent deprayity or barrened shall be saved; but he that believeth not ness in the soil itself. shall be damned, and these signs shall follow sus in uttering the parable of the sower, was them that believe; in my name they shall cast to show the different ways in which the truth out devils; they shall speak with new tongues, would be received by different orders of men. &c. The Holy Spirit opperating on them The explanation, as given by our Lord himself, shewed the fruits of their obedience to gospel will be found in verses 18—23, the seed was ordinances. Now reader if you will obey sown under four different circumstances and those ordinances you will receive the gift of in the explanation Jesus showed that there the Holy Spirit, by which you can understand were four different kinds of hearers of the word.

First, there were those who heard the word

"Behold, a sower went forth to sow: and when preached to them was the seed which fell by he sowed, some seeds feel by the way side, the way side, and which the fowls of the air and the fowls came and devoured them up. came and devoured. Some fell upon stony places, where they had when the word is preached to a man who did not much earth: and forthwith they sprung up, not understand it, then cometh the wicked one because they had no deepness of earth: And and catcheth away that which was sown in when the sun was up, they were scorched; his heart. It was not difficult for the wicked and because they had no root, they wither a enemies of Jesus to take away the word of thorns sprung up, and choke them. But other understand it; their great object was to prefell into good ground, and brought forth fruit, vent men from embracing the religion of the some an hundredfold, some sixtyfold, some blessed Redeemer, they took away the key of thirtyfold.-Mat. 13: 3-8.

did many others from the pastoral ocupations tering themselves nor suffering those who of the Jews. It may appear unnatural to some, would enter to go in and they were represent-that he should represent the seed which fell into ed by the fowls who came and devoured the good ground, as bringing forth fruit even to a seed. hundredfold, this was a large increase, but it Secondly: There were those who heard the was very fertile.

the nature of the human heart is not opposed to the gospel of Christin II men are totally Sir .- Permit me, through the opposed to the gospel in their natures pre-

According to the representation of this par-

The great object of Je-

First, there were those who heard the word We shall now commence with the parable, but did not understand it, verse 19. The word Hence it is said that

And some fell among thorns; and the the gospel from the hearts of those who did not knowledge from the people-they shut up the Jesus drew the parable before us, as he kingdom of heaven against men-neither en-

should be remembered that the land of Judea word and received it with joy, but they were men of instability and endured only for a while; Previously to attempting a particular ex-for when tribulation or persecution arose on planation, of the parable, there is one circum-account of the word they had professed, they stance which we think worthy of the reader's became offended and gave it up. When the By the seed sown, was intended word was preached to this class, it was repthe word of God; and by the soil into which resented by the seed which fell upon stony it was cast, the heart and understanding of man, places, where there was but little earth; it Now as there is no contradiction in nature be sprung quickly up as seed does when slightly tween the seed and the soil, so we infer that covered, and having but little root it could not endure the scorching rays of the sun and of cause of the word, they are offended, and they course wither away, This certainly was a abandon the cause which they at first embracbeautiful figure by which to represent thoseled with so much joy.

the thorns sprung up and choked.

Fourth: There were those who heard the lation and persecution. word and understood it, in whose hearts it bere fruit to some in a greater to others in a the word, but in whom the love of the world less proportions.—The word to them was like predominates. The care of the world, and the seed sown in good ground which brought forth decietfulness of riches choke the word and he trult some an hundredfold, some sixtyfold, becometh unfruitful. Are there not many some thirtyfold. him the same bringeth forth much fruit. John cerns.

15: 5. was represented as being good seed. That by god they worship and any thing that dewhich was sown by the way side did not ger-prives them of this they cannot endure minate because it was cought away by the Lastly, we find those in this age of the no lasting impression can be made on such always like itself. persons; if they profess to have received the of thorns nor figs of thistles.

cause they may have espoused.

away the seed from the way side.

position causes them to tremble, not having

when tribulation or persecution ariseth be-

And here it should be who, to use the apostles expression, 'were not remarked, that these people will never acrooted and grounded in the faith.' Eph. 3: 17. knowledge the real reasons why they profess
Third: There were those who heard the to renounce the truth. They will not say that They will not say that word, and became unfruitful, because the care it is on account of the opposition with which of this world and the deceitfulness of riches, they meet, and they are offended because tribchoked it and prevented its growth in their ulation and persecutions arise. No. But Je-When preached to them it was rep-sus makes manifest the real reason why such resented by the seed sown among thorns which renounce the truth; they have not sufficient courage and devotion to truth, to endure tribu-

In the third place, there are those who hear

It is a similar figure which such at the present time: men who cannot de-Jesus uses when he says I am the vine ye are fend the truth, because it interferes with their the branches, he that abideth in me and I in worldly interest, and their money making con-Such may at first receive the word, but their love of the world and the power that In drawing moral instruction from the para-triches have over them choked it and they abanble, it should be remembered that we here don it. This is no disgrace to the truth itself, preceive the way in which the truth is receive and never should weaken our confidence in it, ed by different classes of men, and the reasons such men would be as likely to renounce the why some men are induced to renounce and a truth as any thing else, if it interfered with bandon the truth. All the seed that was sown their more worldly interests. Gain is the on-

fowls, that which fell in the stony places world, who have the word and understand it; sprung up and withered only for want of soil; the word in them is the seed sown in good that which fell among thorns was good seed ground. They understand it well, they know and would have borne fruit had it not been the evidences on which it is founded, they can choked, while that which fell into good ground see the fallacy of objections brought against was no better seed, but, it bore fruit even to it, and they cannot be persuaded to give it up. an hundredfold on account of the soil into The opposers of the truth cannot uproot it from which it was received. The word of truth their hearts; they are willing to suffer shame, met with all those different kinds of reception; tribulation, and persecution for the name of and it may be remarked that the truth meets Christ; and as they love the truth above every with the same reception now, as the experi-thing else, so no worldly consideration can inence of every true teacher of the gospel will duce them to abandon it. It bears fruit in enable him to testify. In the first place there their hearts, some an hundredfold, some sixty, are at the present day the wayside hearers, some thirty. It is worthy of remark here those who do not understand what they hear; that the fruit which the word brings forth, is Men do not gather grapes truth they never can defend it, they cannot love will beat the fruit of love; a doctrine of give a reason of the hope that is in them, and joy will bear the fruit of joy; a doctrine of they are continually liable to abandon the peace, like christianity, which is peace on The enemies earth and good will to man, will bear the fruit of truth will find them fit subjects for decep of peace, &c. Gal. 5: 22. In Peter the word tion, and they will artfully catch away from bore the fuit of joy, even an hundredfold; for

have in remembrance, as the fowls caught and full of glory. 1st Peter 1: 8. There are Reader, may it be your happy lot to receive those again, who hear the word, and receive it and understand the word of God; and may you with great joy and zeal at first, but they do not enjoy those rich consolations of the gospel understand it, the root of the matter is not in of Christ, which the world can neither give or them, and they endure only for a while. Op-take away.

J. McDOWELL. them, and they endure only for a while. Op-take away.

their hearts what little of the truth they may believing, he rejoiced with joy unspeakable

the love of truth in their hearts; they know not how to suffer any thing in its defence, and ... DEAR SIR:-Madison, Ia. July 15, 1845.

I take up my pen to write you

these few lines, in order to receive some counsel concerning the future gathering place for I am a native of Bern in Switzerland, came to America in 1829, settled near Madison, obeyed the gospel in August 1844. was baptized by elder Lorenzo Wells, and soon afterwards ordained an Elder. that time I contemplated to sell my estate, and remove to Nauvoo in order to be perfected in the ways of the Lord, truly believing that city to be a city of holiness; but through family circumstances was always prevented in so doing, my wife being opposed to go there. bout two years ago it pleased the Lord to take her from this earthly life, leaving me a widower with seven small children. My desire to move to Nauvoo became every day stronger and I tried every way to sell my farm, even at a considerable loss, but could not find a chance. until lately a gentleman told me that he would buy it about next fall or winter if he could re-Having now that opportualise the money. nity, it only remains for me to know where to go, as there has taken such a change in the af-ral understanding, we are led to marvel greatfairs of the church, that I shall not go to Nau-iy, that a people once enjoying the sweet in-V00. °°* Lord, and believe that the doctrine of Christ history of the Jews and Nephites before them; goes hand in hand with the strictest obser (their rise and progress, and the great and vance of moral conduct, I feel myself bound manifold blessings wherewith the Lord blessto discontinue fellowship with the church at ed them, when faithful before him; and their

As to the first presidency of the church, my mind was always settled on that point, I take the revelations of God for my guide, they are very clear and plain about it. I believe with all my heart that president Sidney Rigdon is the lawful successor of Joseph Smith, and I cheerfully acknowledge him as such. Indeed I do not know how it were possible that the twelve could so far apostatize as to cut him off. he being higher in authority than they, (the And how will the Mormons twelve.) Nauvoo he able to sustain an organization of the kingdom of God, without a prophet and without a first Presidential triune, I cannot see.

I have to go through many tribulations, yet I stand having been preserved so far by the hand of our heavenly Father. I still (although hy those who profess to know his name. alone,) believe the book of Mormon, and Doctrine and Covenants true, and rejoice in the work of the Lord in the last days. Being but an imperfect English scholar, I hope and trust the time is not far distant when the gospel of the kingdom will be proclaimed in my native language, (the German.) by heart's desire is to obey the gospel and beginducted into the kingdom of God, as soon as an Elder shall visit this part of the country.

I shall probably visit Pittburgh some time this fall. I am very happy to have the opportunity to hear of the great work by your paper.

I remain respectfully yours,

in the bonds of the everlasting covenant. LEWIS DE BUREN.

To E. Robinson.

Pittsburgh, July 23, 1845.

BROTHER L. DE BUREN:-

Dear Sir .- Your kind letter of July 15. just came duly to hand, and its contents perused with pleasure; and in reply, I will say as you very truly remark in your letter, "The gospel of Christ goes hand in hand with the strictest observance of moral conduct;" and to deviate in the least degree, from the principles of righteousness and uprightness, and persist in that diviation, will forfeit any man's standing before God, will grieve the Holy Spirit, and cause darkness to overwhelm the mind. when that person is prepared to partake of almost any pleasing error, and to do almost all manner of iniquity, having lost the lamp which guides the feet of the saints, and substituted in its place his own carnal desires, and the spirit of that evil one, which are at enmity with every principle of godliness, holiness and

When we look at the matter with our natu-As I desire to serve the fluence of the Holy Spirit, and having the sudden and awful destruction when they preverted their ways before the Lord;) should have so soon forgotten the rock from whence they were hewn, and entered with greediness into the very same abominations and crimes which wrought the overthrow and ruin of those ancient people of God. How forcibly is brought to bear the sayings of our Savior, "if that light which be in you become darkness. how great is that darkness."

I know, dear brother, that inasmuch as Jerusalem was destroyed for the transgression and wickedness of its inhabitants, so will Nauvoo share the same awful fate for practising the same wickedness and ahominations before the Lord; for God is not man that he should change, nor the son of man that he should repent of his doings; neither will he be mocked

Directly after the death of Joseph Smith, and about the time the church at Nauvoo rejected Elder Rigdon, and the law of God, by voting that they did not want a Prophet to lead them, the Lord pointed out to Elder Rigdon the course he should pursue, and at the same time gave him the pattern for the organization of the kingdom of God as spoken of by Daniel; which organization took place agreeably to the heavenly communication and pattern, at the conference in this city, commencing on the sixth of April A. D. 1845. The laws and regulations governing which kingdom you will find contained in the 11th and 12th No's. of the Messenger, the grand fundamental principle of all of which, is, "to love the Lord our God with all our heart, might, mind, and if we will do, dear brother, happy are we, as and prosper you both spiritually and temporal-the Lord has declared that if we are not one by; may the time soon come when you will be

we are none of his.

erned by the principles as set forth in the or privileges pertaining thereto, and finally be ganization of the kingdom, and seem deter crowned his atthis kingdom and coming, is mined to have truth, virtue, and righteousness my prayer and desire in the name of Jesus govern all their actions, which alone will ena- Christ, Amen. ble a man to stand in the midst of this generation, in which is to be accomplished the great things spoken of by the prophets and apostles, pertaining to the last days.

Since the conference we have had many seasons of rejoicing; upon many occasions the Spirit of God has been poured out in great of received your papers with much pleasure and fusion; many great and precious principles joy, to once more see the spirit that was breathpertaining to the goverment of the kingdom of ed in the church some years gone by. If I God have been revealed and made manifest-know any thing about the Spirit of God it is the visions of eternity have been unfolded to breathed forth in the columns of your paper. the view of several; and many important scenes I admire the spirit and desire to cherish it. through which the saints will have to pass shall sustain brother S. Rigdon as the first until the time of the coming of the Son of Man, President of the church, with all the true serwhen he will set his feet upon the mount of vants of God; and there are others who will Olives, and proclaim peace to the world, have do the same in this place. been shown, to instruct the saints how to prepare for those things which are at hand, even I wished to get some more subscribers for the at our doors.

the saints has been shown, and measures will ring after truth in this region of country, and be entered into ere long, in the due time of the I think there can be a great work done here. to save themselves from this untoward genericuts close, for God has sent light into the ration, and be delivered from the awful calam-world, and light is truth. This region of counities which await the inhabitants of the earth, try has been the place where men from the For, dear brother, except a man shall place have a specimen of their lying and deceivings; himself in a position to have power with his one Selah Lane came here, with a revelation vance of his law and requirements, he cannot Branch. The instruction was, we must obey stand in the midst of those scenes which are the Twelve right or wrong; this we came out about to take place; yea, which have already against; he demanded my lisence for not obeycommenced to dawn upon the world. Neither ing the counsel of the Twelve. I told him will he be prepared to abide the day of the he could not have it. There is no slander too coming of the Son of Man, and be numbered foul for these Twelve headed saints to hurl at things we must be in possession of that faith to God, I have, through his grace, been able to once delivered to the saints; which can be ob-see the light through the mist of darkness tained only-by faithfulness and dilligence be which has been thrown around me. fore our heavenly Father.

way is about to open before you, when you can to send some faithful Elder to this place, that gather with the saints, where you will enjoy the privilige of being instructed more fully in fully in the things of the kingdom. I inclose the things of the kingdom, which will be a one doller for the Advocate for M. Thompson, source of great joy and gladness to your heart; and one for myself, as I agreed. I thank-you as the Lord is pouring out upon us, great and for sending the paper so readily, without the manifold blessings, which fills our souls with money. I close my letter, by signing myself joy unspeakable and full of glory.

The news from abroad is cheering. often, as we are happy to hear from you, as also from all the saints. Be of good cheer,

strength, and our neighbor as ourself;" which dear brother, and may the Lord of hosts bless premitted to be initiated into the kingdom of his The most of the saints here strive to be gov-|dear Son, and partake of all the blessings and

Yours in the bonds of the gospel,

E. ROBINSON.

Mansfield, Conn. July 23, 1845.

PRESIDENTS S. RIGDON & E. ROBINSON, I

I have delayed sending the money before, paper; I have obtained one, and the prospect The place for the gathering and safety of is, there will be more soon. People are inqui-Lord, to secure it as a home for those who are The Twelveites foam and rage for their craft willing to obey the gospel of Jesus Christ, is in danger, and must fall to the pit from thereby becoming sons and daughters of God, whence it sprung. They are very much aand place themselves in a proper situation to larmed at the appearance of the ${f A}$ dvocate in be taught of heaven, that they may know how this place; But truth they must learn, altho it when the vials of wrath are fully poured out I welve have displayed their authority; we God, through an obedience and strict obser-from William Smith to settle affairs in this with his jewels. To be prepared for these those who absent from them; but thanks be

There is a good field in this region-of coun-I feel thankful, on your account, that the try for Elders to labour in. I pray the Lord we may be strengthened and instructed more your Brother in the

New and everlasting Covenant;

HENRY H. WADE.

From the Ensign .- By Request. G. M. HINKLE TO W. PHELPS Buffalo, Scott County I T., August 14, 1844. \$

To W. W. PHELPS, Esq., Nauvoo, Ill.

the whole Mormon system.

ity, such as Hyrum Smith and others, that could be saved—viz: "Give up your leaders—

wish to address the Latter Saints through Lucas, or to any of those with him, Give me you, in order that the honest hearted and a some of money, Judas like, and I will comignorant minded may be corrected, and the ply! If you answer in the affirmative, then malicious hearted slanderers put to shame query, were you and the others of the delega-It has been the theme of many since I left tion to go partners with me in such an unhalcourse, which I, as the acting Colonel of the frienps—our brethren into the hands of their Militia of Caldwell, pursued in the surren implacable enemies in the hour of their perder of the citizens of Far West, Caldwell.&c.;|il—and that too for Missouri gold!!!! Or if I to the authorities of Missouri. have stated it, and vociferated its repetition thority among you, winked at by all, and not throughout the length and breadth of our hap-contradicted by any-at least so far as I know py land—and the newspapers of the day have | -did I take the price and snugly lodge it all thrown it upon the wings of the wind, and no in my own pocket, without dividing with any doubt it has gone to the old world, and there of you? You know I did not make that treaty been listened to and credited—especially by alone. Nay, you well remember that your those of your faith—that I, as a base wretch, self and the others with us, by authority, or after having the confidence of the church-yell request of Joseph Smith himself, agreed to the in that critical moment of their perils in Mis disgraceful terms. We then urged all to subsouri, when they in and of Far West were mit. But did I not then and there oppose besieged by between three and four thousand that part of the order requiring us to give up state's evidence against them:—also, that I be virtually throwing away our most sacred informed on many of the citizens of Far rites as citizens of a republican state; and the court of inquiry, to be punished. And he not become enraged and say that Joseph as Satan himself.

about it than any other man belonging to your church. You know that you, John Corrill, A. Morrison, and myself, were appointed by Joseph Smith to go and confer with the commanding officers of the Missouri Militia, and effect a treaty if possible, on any terms short. My dear Sir, - After so long a time, I take of a battle. You know that we went and up my pen to address a few lines to you, and risked our lives with a white flag, when only thus break that perfect silence which has ex- a few hours previous, the bearer of one (Charles isted between us ever since we parted in far Rich,) had been fired at on the same field: West, Missouri, in the Fall of 1838. Then and we did this to obey the order or request of you and I were both dissenters from the Joseph Smith. Our object was (at least I church of Latter Day Saints;' though we did felt so;) to prevent the effusion of blood, which not dissent upon exactly the same principles—for I only dissented from the unwise, something could be immediately done.—which lever had believed. Were you not present Sir, at that trying scene? Were you not present of the church, and not from any true when the eyes of our enemies seemed to flash points of doctrine which I ever had believed. The when we approached, and I received from But you said to me that you dissented from the hand of Major General Lucas that unhallowed paper, narrating to us the terms upon Since then I have been told by good author- which the lives of our families and friends you have returned to the bosom of the church, your principle men, as hostages to be tried by and been received again to fellowship, and all civil law. Give up all your arms of defence, seems to be well with you—if you are happy and ALL leave the State forthwith." He in the course you are now taking, all I have also read to us that generous—no—that exenow to say to you is, at the tribunal of heaven crable order of Governor Boggs, authorizing you will have to answer for all your deeds him to exterminate us, or drive us from the done in the body.

State. Now Srr, I appeal to your candor: did But Sir, there is one point upon which II, at this critical moment, say to General Missouri, to calumniate and vilify me for the lowed speculation? What! thus to betray our Those vilifiers did, as has been reported by men high in aumen—the story is, that I, there and then, be our arms and immediately leave the State, urtrayed the Heads of the Church' into the ging that if any had offended by breaking the hands of the Military authorities of Missouri, law, we were willing and even anxious that and that too, for a large sum of money!. And such should be punished to the exient of justhen, as if they intended to heap disgrace upon tice, or the magnitude of the crime—but to me, after insult and injuty, they say I turned give up our arms and leave the State, would state's evidence agricultable. West, had them arrested and delivered up to that we would as acon give up our lives? Did many such like reports have been put in cir-Smith, Sidney Rigdon, Lyman Wight, P. P. culation by my enemies to do me injury; all Pratt, and G. W. Robinson must be given of which, before God, I declare to be as false up; and no other terms would do? Did he not give us half an hour to consult our friends? Now Sir, you are the man who knows more When the facts were laid before Joseph, did

he not say, "I will go:" and did not the oth-The motto was. "His character must be ruined, ers go with him, and that too voluntarily, so or he will in the us:" And in return, the Disfar as you and I were concerned. My undersenters have said, "Down with the heads of standing was, that those men were to be taken and least till next morning as heatened." And I know that they have ken and kept till next morning as hostages.—sometimes used base means, and published And if they did not, upon reflection and con-many talshoods, and brought much persecusultation with the officers in the camp of the tions on you. This has not been my course. enemy, during the night, conclude to accept I despise the course which both parties have of the terms proposed to us, but choose to fight, pursued. I am for peace and for truth, and then they were to be kept safely, and returned truth only on all subjects. Notwithstanding to us in the city next morning, unharmed; and the many slanders that have been affoat about time given us to prepare for an attack by the me, in order to injure and ruin me, this is the Militia. During this whole interview and first scrap that I have ever published on the transaction, were not housands of troops drawn subject: and I have written and published this up near the city gready to fall upon us, provi-out of mere necessity, in self defence. ded those demanded as hostages refused to nitherto been determined, let them say what go? And when Smith and the others had giv-they would or could, I would bear it, and en up, without any compulsory measures from leave the event with God. Almost six years us, did not General Lucas demand our arms; have rolled away since I withdrew my labors but on reflection he agreed to let us retain and influence from among that people; and them till next day, inasmuch as it was then notwithstanding my reserve, some of them about sunset? day, by word seut, expressly from Joseph hoods upon me. Smith to us, to surrender?-When that intel-one of your number is now in an abjourning ligence was received, did I not draw up the neighborhood to this, asserting that I sold the forces under my command, and explain to heads of the church, in Missouri, for \$700 00. them the nature of the whole affair, and then Now Sir, as you are the man who was enrequest all who were in favor of surrendering, gaged in the whole affair with me; I request to make it known by marching three paces that you write a letter for publication, and ejfinally all came forward. We then marched send it to me; and in it exempt me from those out with slow and solemn step, into a partial charges, and correct the minds of that people hollow square of the enemy, faced inward, and the public on this subject—for you know grounded arms, and marched away and left that they are as hase as the blackness of darkand guarded. menced taking others as prisoners, and kept done, I might publish much, and doit in truth, them under guard to be tried, as they said, by about the wickedness of that people, and it civil law.

inform on any one. Uniformly when questhat is not my purpose. I feel, and always tioned by those seeking victims. I told them have, to leave them in the hands of God, and that all I knew to be guilty of breaking the to mind my own business;—and I assure you law, had fled from the city the night before I find enough to do to attend strictly to my the surrender. When the Court of Enquiry own duly: therefore, write and exort your held its session in Richmond, I did not turn brethren to go and do likewise. State's evidence, but was legally subpænaed, Very respectfully, your friend and well as you know. wisher,

Therefore, as to my course of conduct there. even under trying circumstances, while retrospecting it, I have no cause of regret. during the time I was a member of that church, before God and all men, I have a clear conscience and am willing to give an account of my course at any time.

in peace; and when I left it, I did not leave month, by in order to personne it, but to get from under the priestly influence of those men who bore Book, Job and Xylographic Printer.) No. 197 down upon those who opposed their views, Liberty st. Head of Wood, Pittsburgh Pa.

Were we not advised next still continue to roll down their satanic false-I have been informed that They made a very slow start, but ther put it in the "Times and Seasons," or The town was laid under Martial law ness, and as false as Satan hunself. If I felt Then the authorities com-to retaliate, or to do as other dissenters have might add to the already exasperated state of No man ever knew me to complain of, or feeling now existing against them; but Sir,

> OOKS of Mormon, \$10 per boz. single copies \$1. Also, a large supply of Hymn And books, price 37 cents, for sale at this office.

G. M. HINKLE.

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE,

OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST While I lived in that church I tried to live is printed about the first and fifteenth of every E. ROBINSON.

with an iron rule; with a yoke too intolerable for a high minded man, or an humble christian spirit to bear. Past experience had already shown me, that as soon as any one, but especially those of note among them, would leave them, he must suffer all kinds of abuse.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE,

OF THE CHURCHOS CHREST.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, AUGUST 15, 1845.

No. 19.

SERMON No. 3. DEDICATED TO THE LAST DAYS.

BY-8. RIGDON.

and when the ten heard give his life a ransom for many."

kingdom of heaven, as it is called in the scrip-the left in his glory;" this gave offence to the tures, is of such a character as to demand of other disciples, and was the cause which called all who profess relationship to Christ the most forth the words of our text. Jesus took occaserious consideration, for on it depends the sion to correct their error, and set before them present and final happiness of man, and with-the true doctrine of his kingdom on these out it there is no salvation, neither in this points, and the principles upon which his world nor in the world to come.

came into the world not only to give himself quences which would follow a spirit such as a ransom for the people, but to teach the world was manifested and then manifesting itself aof mankind the principles upon which the mong his disciples, blessings flowing from his advent into the No one can read the Savier's teaching world, were to be enjoyed, and upon what to his disciples without learning some imporprinciple it was that man could inherit the sal-tant things in relation to man. The greater vation brought to light hy the gospel. This, part of his teachings was devoted to the imin his day, was a task of no ordinary labor. — mediate benefit of the apostles, whom he had Men had their various schemes of salvation, tojchosen, and by whom he was to teach the rest which they were wedded by the strongest ties of mankind. of human pature; all supposing that their e-the true principles of his kingdom, the spirit ternal interest was indentified with their re-which should dwell in them, and the governligious theory, and their religions were so ment of his church, imployed him more directmodified as to adapt itself to their views offly and immediately; and particularly. Peter, worldly policy. touched their supposed worldly interest, worldly policy of men, in all ages, did not on-though there were twelve apostles, the Keys of ly consist in gratifying their taste, and their that ministry was delivered into the hands of appetite, in seeking and obtaining those desi-only three of them; they were not delivered rable things that pertained to eating, and drink-into the hands of all the twelve, but to three ing, and the where with all to be clothed, but only, and the others, though they held the it extended to the relation they bore to others; same office, were made to a certain extent, deto be called of one another Rabbi, Rabbi, to keys of the ministry had been delivered. This getting the uppermost seats at feasts, and the will account for some things which are writhighest places in assemblies, with a train of ton in the New Testament. The defections of other matters of about as much importance.—Peter, James, and John, are mentioned in the These, indeed were the highest notions men New Testament in destinction to others of the intertained of greatness. If these were noten apostles, this is owing to the office they held loyed they looked upon their religion of no a in destinction from all other apostles, that of vail, and useless. Every system to be of con holding the keys of the ministry, and the ef-

sequence to them, must result in the obtaining THE SAINTS OF of some or all of these desirable objects, and if these were not obtained it was considered of no consequence, and must be rejected as un-

profitable.

After the first appearance of the church of it, they began to be much displeased with Christ this same feeling began to shew itself James and John. But Jesus called them among the earliest converts to the christian to him, and said unto them, yo know that faith, and the very persons whom Christ had they which are accounted to rule over the chosen to be his ministers to the world, soon Gentiles exercise lordship over them; and began to manifest the same spirit that was then their great ones exercise authority upon governing the whole world. No sooner were them. But so shall it not be among you: they chosen and set apart to the work of pubbut whosoever will be great among you lishing the gospel to the world, than the next shall be your minister: And whosoever of inquiry, in their minds, was to determine the you will be the chiefest, shall be servant of degree of honor which they were to enjoy in For even the Son of man came not to their new calling. James and John takes ocbe ministered unto, but to minister, and to casion to express their desires, that they might have the most conspicious places, and be pla-The doctrine of the church of Christ or the ced "one on the right hand and the other on

orld nor in the world to come. church was founded, and by which if-would Christ, the head of his church and kingdom, be built up in the world, as also the conse-

To make them acquainted with Touch their religion and you James, and John, into whose hands the keys The of the apostolic ministry was delivered; for they reached after honor amongst one another, pendent on the three, into whose hands the ..

fect which this distinction produced upon their exercise lordship over them, and their great minds, that of a feeling of superiority, which ones exercise authority upon them: tles themselves but upon all others.

of the teachings of the Son of God, was directas the authoritative ones among the Gentiles ted to this object, and his aim was to distin are. guish between the spirit which reigned in the spirit which must reign in his church, for his 1st, to the close of the 7th verse, mission, and establish truth in the earth.

life to all those whom God has chosen; but "who were accounted to rule," "loved the upif they are neglected will prove the over-permost rooms at feasts, and chief seats in the throw of every individual doing so.

tion to the spirit of truth. of exaltation.

exalteth itself.

had so much labor and toil during his ministry reverance him or respect him; to be called in the flesh, and was the cause of the persecu Rabbi, Rabbi, and such was the condition of tions he endured. 10th of Mark, being part of our text, it was was no country nor people free from it, all said to the disciples as follows "But Jesus cal were alike; and when the apostles were callled them unto him, and said unto them, Yeled, they, like others, began to seek after their know that they which are accounted to rule bonor; they also desired to be as other rulers; over the Gentiles exercise authority upon they wanted their greetings, and chief seats, what was the condition of the Gentiles, that therefore they say, "let one sit on thy right those who were accounted to rule over them hand and the other on thy left.

The very clearly manifested itself, as in the case which forms of expression, shew the condition of gave rise to the words of our text. It was of those who were under authority. "Lordship the utmost importance that this feeling, which was exercised over them, and authority upon was at variance with their calling, should be them." The Savior plainly saw this same manifested while the Savior was yet with them, spirit dawning forth in James, and John, othotherwise they would have corrupted the erwise he would not have thus addressed them. whole church. Wherever this spirit of supe-"Let one of us set on thy right hand and the riority showed itself, it was rebuted by other on thy left when thou comest into thy the Savior, and the true spirit which was to glory." Why set on "thy right hand and on reign in his kingdom clearly set forth with the thy left?" The answells, that we may exerconsequences attendant on both; the effects cise lordship over the rest, and authority-upon that they would produce, not only on the apost them; that as other rulers do, we may also do; as they exercise lordship, so may we; and as Christ well knew that unless the apostles they have authority so may we; the same as could understand the true spirit of their call- to say let us be like the great men of the Gening, there could nothing be done to essentially tiles, that we may compel others to respect us, benefit themselves or others. The greater part and bow to us; and that we also may be great;

The account of the religious Jews, recorded world, both religious and political, and the in the 23d chapter of Matthew, see from the church could alone exist through the spirit of spake Jesus to the multitude and to his discirighteousness, which should dwell in it, and ples, saying, The Scribes and Pharisees sit in if that spirit did not dwell in it, it would cease Moses' seat: all, therefore, whatseever they to exist, and unless the apostles understood bid you observe, that observe and do; but do and possessed that spirit themselves, they not ye after their works: for they say, and do could neither teach nor administer it to others, not. For they bind heavy burdens, and grievand their mission into the world, was that the ous to be borne, and lay them on men's true spirit might have place amongst men.—shoulders; but they themselves will not move Hence the labor and pains bestowed upon the them with one of their fingers. But all their apostles, and particularly Peter, James, and works they do for to be seen of men, they John, that they might be able to fulfil their make broad their phylacteries, and enlarge the borders of their garments, and love the upper-In the various teachings given to the aposemost rooms at feasts, and the chief seats in tles, we have lessons of vast importance to the synagogues, and greetings in the markets, those whom in after times, God has called to im- and to be called of men, Rabbi, Rabbi.") portant stations in his church, lessons, if they shews a state of things in perfect accordance are regarded, will prove a savor of life unto with what existed among the Gentiles, those synagogues, and greetings in the markets, and From the words of our text we learn, first, to be called of men Rabbi, Rabbi," all their that there is in man a spirit which exalteth it-power and authority turned to selfish purposes, self. Secondly, that that spirit is in opposi- to personal gratification, to inflame their pride, And thridly, that and gratify their unchristian ambition; to no men can be efficient in building the king-make one portion of mankind oppressors and dom of God, unless he is purged from the spirit the other oppressed. All the callings to office, whether religious or political, turned to Firstly, then there is a spirit in man which the same object; as soon as a man receives an alteth itself.

office, whether in the religious or political It was in consequence of the existence of world, he began to enquire after his honor, this spirit in man, that the Savior of the world livel after his dignity, and want some person to In the 42d verse of the the world in the days of the Savior; that there In the foregoing words we are told and wanted also to be respected as others, and

man ever thought of receiving a calling from and ointments, and frankincense, and wine, either God or man, for any other purpose, than and oil, and fine flour, and wheat, and sheep, to place him where he could and must receive and horses, and chariots, and slaves, and souls greetings, chief seats, and to be called Rabhi, of men." This quotation shews the result of and such must have been the ignorance of the this spirit of ascendency of one above another; apostles, even the best of them, that they sup-to obtain its object it would make mercandise posed the Savior was like other aspirants, he of every thing which pertained to man's comcame also to make a set of Rabbies, and to ex-fort or benefit; and, to finish all, would make alt his ministers to seats of honor, and to have merchandise of his soul. It neither regarded them honored and respected as other rulers man's present nor future interest; all must were, and to give them power to exercise au bow to a thirst to be honored of men, to be rethority and lordship over others. Hence spected by him, and called of him Rabbi, Rab-James, and John, made an early application to bi, though it sacrificed both the souls and bodbe at the head of all power, supposing that the lies of men. ministers of him, who was to conquer all things to himself, and whom God had appoin-the Savior came with salvation, life and imted head over all things, must have lordship, mortality through the gospel. All the instituover all to a greater extent than any others tions for the benefit of man had been, by a who had lived or would afterwards live.

tation of unchartened ambition in these two whether they had been ordained of God or apostles, to correct their errors, and set forth man, all had by aspiring men, been turned to the true character of his kingdom, and the the same selfish purpose. This made the Saspirit which must reign in the hearts of those vior say to his disciples, in his sermon on who could be instrumental in preparing mate-the mount, that unless "their righteousness

rials for the kingdom of heaven.

reigned in the world, shows the use which kingdom of heaven." The Scribes and Pharman made of the power they had received for isees had availed themselves of the power the purpose of doing good; but which, in their they had, to seek after honor and power, rehands, became an engine of oppression. It garding neither the rights, interests property, everywhere reigned in the world, distroying nor lives of men, that they might be called every benevolent purpose of the Deity towards of men Rabbi, Rabbi; get greetings in the mankind; instead of men using the power and markets, the uppermost seats at feasts, and influence they received for the benefit of others, chief seats in the synagogues, and those who they were devoted to a very different object, were under the influence of this spirit could that of securing honor to him on whom they in nowise enter into the kingdom of heaven, were bestowed, exclusively, to be reverenced so directly was one opposed to the other. and honored of men; to be called Rabbi, Rabbi, and when this would not be done volunta-work of reformation, than this same spirit rily, use their power to compel it to be done. made its appearance in his disciples, even

of man, had been corrupted and ruined by reaabout to be delivered, and the apostles, after
son of this spirit in man, and this increasing they were converted, saw the same spirit
thirst after power and authority. It had enwhich made them ask "who shall be gratest,
tered into the religious as well as political inand let one be on thy right hand and the other stitutions of all countries, and all people, not on thy left hand when thou comest in thy even those ordained and organized of heaven. glory," would prevail in the hearts of others, It had corrupted prophets and messengers of until the work they had commenced would be heaven sent to save men. They also had be overthrown. They saw "the mystery of income oppressors, "the spoil of the poor was in |iquity" working in their day, even while they their houses," and they had spared neither the were alive, and it would extend until mercahntheir unceasing desire after honor, power, au-through the power, and influence, the ministry thority, and lordship. John the revelator car-they had and which they would confer on othries the effects of this spirit ato its legitimatelers, "grievous wolves would spring up not issue in the 18th chapter of Revelations from sparing the flock;" men of corrupt minds repthe 11th to the close of the 13th verse. "And robate concerning the faith, and lead away and silver, and precious stones, and of pearls, both corruptors and corrupted were cut off. and fine linen, and purple, and silk, and scar | Surely then there is in man a spirit of exallet, and all thyne wood, and all manner of ves-tation, which exalteth itself, and that against

Such were the prevalence of these principles sels of most precious wood, and of brass, and and feelings in the days of the Savior, that no iron, and marble, and cinnamon, and odours,

Such was the condition of the world when thirst for power and respect of men, corrupted, The Savior took occasion from this manifes- and runined, both political and religious, exceed the righteousness of the Scribes and The history of this spirit, which every where Pharisees, they could in nowise enter into the

No sooner did the Savior commence the All the institutions ordained for the benefit those to whom the keys of the ministry were widow nor the fatherless, in order to obtain dise would be made of the souls of men, and the merchants of the earth shall weep and disciples after them, "until the Lord would mourn over her; for no man buyeth their mer-send an angel with the everlasting gospel, and chandise any more: the merchandise of gold, after that, judgments and indignation until

all that is called God or worshiped, and equal-stop to oppression of all kinds, and return to ly certan it is that that spirit is opposed to all their just night, religious and political, the spirit of truth, which leads us to our sec- which had been taken away by reason of a That this spirit is opposed spirit of oppression and tyrony which had evond proposition. to the spirit of truth.

spired writers. wherever found. At its first appearance a spirit which must and will reign in his kingmong the apostles, the Savior told them it was dom; for such he will seek to serve him, and and also among the corrupted Jews. It was No man need think himself safe in the kingdom this spirit which overthrew the governments of heaven until he finds himself in possession of the world, and destroyed all the religious of the spirit which was in Christ Jesus; a institutions established for the salvation of spirit to minister enstead of being ministered man, whether Jewish or christian. The true unto: a spirit that seeks the interest, welfare, spirit which God gave was in opposition to it, and happiness of others, rather than its own; restore the spirit which pertained to salvation, honor; a spirit that, rather than commit error, and without which no materials could be pre-will offer life and blood in sacrafice; a spirit pared for the kingdom of heaven, neither could that will sacrifice, honor, fame, wealth, respecit was set up. He himself set the example God may prosper. Such alone will be great and developed the true spirit which pertained in the kingdom of heaven. "He that will be to the kingdom of God, both in precept and chief among you let him be servant of all,"

he made his appearance among the people, in its the fixed and unchangeble law in the kinghim than all others, held higher communion rants; they were hypocrites; they could swaland his mission was to administer all these one another. freely gave all.

relation to the spirit which should govern the truth and rest, or else rest could never come, The Savior's mis- and by and bye the Savior would come, and members of his church, sion into this world was for the purpose of re- and smite the whole earth with a curse. forming mankind. His were the times of re- The sacred writers have followed the spirit

ery where obtained in the world. He began The proof of this second proposition abounds by shewing by what means the great end of everywhere in the scriptures, and is the prin his mission was to be obtained, which was by cipal burden of all the teachings of all the in-establishing proper principles in the hearts of The testimeny of all who those in authority and power, and to teach how have been authorised of God to write, and power and authority, should be used by those who have written on the subject. All the who held it. That it should not be as it was prophets whom the Lord sent into the world, among the Gentiles, nor yet as among the Jews. were sent to expose and rebuked this spirit The spirit manifested by the Savior, is the

the spirit which reigned among the Gentiles, will "turn and overfurn," until he finds them. Christ came into this world to a spirit that seeks not to be honored but to the kingdom ever be set up or born off, after tablity, and all things else that the cause of was one of the Savior's maxims, and the only It was said of Chirst that he "came not to way to greatness in the kingdom of heaven; be ministered unto but to minister, and give but he that seeks to be honored shall be abased, himself a ransom for the people," and as such and he that exalteth himself shall be humbled;

this his new character, a character in which dom of heaven; if it were not, no such an inno authorative person was acting; others stitution could exist. To give to man a conwere ministered unto, and gave nothing bulltrary spirit it would not be necessary to estaboppression in return; but he came to change lish a seperate order of things; for both Jews the scene and to administer instead of being and Gentiles had it when the Savior came. ministered to, and to minister, not only, of all They were seeking honor one of another. They he had but all he had, and received nothing in were seeking the mastery. They were seekreturn. The relation, he bore the Deity was ing to be called Rabbi, Rabbi. They were peculiar to himself, he stood nearer to him seeking wealth, and in order to obtain these than any other existence, he knew more about things; they were oppressors; they were tywith him, and in these respects had more to low a camel and choke at a knat, and why? administer to others than all existence besides, because they sought distinction, and honor of

things, to those who would place themselves in a situation to receive them. He possessed where reiging among both Jews and Gentiles nothing but what he came to administer to oth when the Savior made his appearance in the His whole mission into the world was world, and began to establish an order of a mission of ministration, that he might im-things in opposition to that which prevailed part to others, that they might share with him in all lands, and all countries, and set forth in all he had, in heaven or on earth or ever the principles and doctrine which must prewould have; and not only ministered of these vail before the day of rest, long since promisthings, but greater things than these, that of ed, could come. It was to come by taking his life and blood; he withheld nothing; but away the spirit which then reigned throughout the length and breath of the fand, and in-This is the example given by the Savior in stead thereof, restore to man the true spirit of

The object of which was to put a which reigned in the hearts of the children of

men to its proper issue, that there was ne end It is because of this that Christ rebuked that to its usurpation, until it had "exalted itself spirit, knowing that it could not dwell in his above all that was called God or was worship-kingdom; for Christ well knew that a spirit A spirit that would seek honor on any that would insult the least of his brethren other principle than that of servitude, would would insult him, and a spirit that would lord never be satisfied with anything short of being it over them, would lord it over him, give it delivered from the restraints of the Deity, and the same opportunity, could not dwell where God was, but must be When Christ established his order of things cast out, forever cast out. The spirit which in the world, he rebuked and chastened that Christ came to restore to the world was one spirit in his disciples, whenever it made its which contented itself with doing good. If appearance. The spirit that was in him would men honored him who possessed that spirit as readily do justice, and shew sympathy to for so doing, then he was honored, and if they an adulteress, as it would pay tribute to Ceadespised him he was despised; he had but one sar. The glory of Christ's religion consisted object, and that was to do the will of God, in enabling all who obeyed it, to use themand having done it, he submitted himself selves and all they had in relation to their to the will of God saying "Father not my eternal welfare. Time, tallents, wealth, hon-

which Christ came to restore to man. Ithem all, and make them contribute to his exall offices and callings which was bestow ternal welfare, that his disciples might have ed upon men, by the Savior, were offices of a far more exceeding and eternal weight of servitude, and he who received them was glory. To this end he took them immediately through the instructions he might receive by under his own instruction, and guidance, that virtue of his office and calling, enabled to render a more extensive, and usful service to man, the might the better enable them to understand the nature and character of a heavenly calling, and shew them how to devote themselves and pose of it according to the will of God, and all they had to this desirable end; that their thereby make himself friends with the mamon calling and election might be sure.

Of unrighteousness. If he had talents, he might do likewise, and whatever he possed, eternal government, most clearly set forth, he might, by virtue of his office and calling, that the spirit which reigned in both Jews and

will but thine be done." Such was the spiritor and fame, that man might know how to use

know how to use it according to the will of Gentiles, was the very opposite to the spirit God, and thereby be received into everlasting which reigned in the heavenly government; habitation.

A spirit that would avail itself of a high cal-nother by those who were accounted worthy line of Cod to triffe with the following the cal-nother by those who were accounted worthy

ling of God to triffle with the feelings or rights to rule; but on the contrary servitude; neither of any one even the least, would never cease was authority exercised upon any; but the its userpation, until it had "exalted itself a great ones were servants, and the rulers the bove all that is called God." The maxims of ones that served, and that those who became Jesus was "that inasmuch as you have done chief, did it by serving all, and that on this it to the least of these my brethren, you have principle, and this only, men became great in done it to me." The same in amount, as to the kingdom of heaven, and chief in the church say, the same you do unto these even the least of Christ, and he that sought to do it other-of my brethren you would, if you were in a wise, must fall, and fail of the crown of glory. situation, do the same to me. If you neglect Which brings us to our third proposition. them, you would neglect me. If you exalted That that spirit of exaltation which is in man yourself above them, you would lord it over them, will overthrow all who possess it.

No man can read the teachings of the Satt only wanted an opportunity, and you would vior, and that of the apostles, after their errors lord it over me. The Savior saw this spirit were corrected, without seeing that one of the

address them in the language of our text. place that spirit of selfishness among men, A man whom God has called to act in his and had their doctrines been received and rekingdom, if in the course of his ministry, he tained, they would have long since left no should avail himself of his calling to treat place for it in the world. Paul called it "the with contempt the feelings and rights of the spirit which worketh in the children of disoless of his brethren would if oceasion served, bedience." It matters not how high had been treat the greatest of them the same way, and the attainments of any people, as soon as they cease not until he also treated Christ himself began to depart from the precepts delivered to in the same way. Let a man whom God has them by those authorized from the Lord to called when his brethren complain of his not teach, this spirit of pride and ambition took doing justice to them, retort I care nothing possession of their hearts, and produced all

doing justice to them, retort at care nothing possession of their hearts, and produced all for you, you have no right to try me," the effects ascribed to it by the Savior and his that man has a spirit in him that would say apostles.

The same things to Christ himself, if he thought Paul in 6th chapter to the Hebrews carries he had power to sustain himself in so doing the subject to its final result; that of the com-

in James and John, and this caused him to principal objects of their teachings was to dis-

plete and everlasting overthrow of all who office shall we sustain?" "Who of us shall subjected themselves to it by disobedience be greatest?" "Let one set on thy right hand See from the 1st to the close of the 6th verse: and the other on thy left, when thou comest "Therefore, leaving the principles of the doc. into thy glory," and before its race is ended, trine of Christ, let us go on to perfection; not all the abominations here described by the alaying again the foundation of repentance postles will be the result of its influence.—from dead works, and of faith towards God. When any person who has been made parta-Of the doctring of baptisms, and of laying on ker of the Holy Spirit, finds in himself a spirit of hands, and of resurrection of the dead, and which wants respect, and authority, that feels of eternal judgment. And this will we do disposed to treat with contempt the complaints if God permit. For it is impossible for those of his brother or sister in Christ, let him fear who were once enlightened, and have tasted lest that spirit overturns him; for know, assuof the heavenly gift, and were made partakers redly, it is the spirit which worketh in the . of the Holy Ghost. And have tasted the good children of disobedience, and by and bye, word of God, and the powers of the world to when it gets him fairly in its grasp, will hurl If they shall fall away, to renew them him down to perpetual ruin.

again unto repentance; seeing they crucify Hear the description of the spirit of God to themselves the Son of God afresh, and put which is the same with the spirit of the kinghim to an open shame." there was no attainment in the things of God, fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, long sufso high, but disobedience would but them into foring, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, prove their final overthrow.

spirit which worketh in the children of disc-hly before you. "Now the works of the flesh bedience, and the spirit which alone could are manifest, which are these, Adultery, fornireign in the kingdom-of heaven. Where one cation, uncleanness, lasciviousness, idolatry, dwelt the other could not. One was the spirit witcheraft, hatred, varience, emulation, strife, of obedience, and the other of disobedience seditions, heresies, envyings, murders, drun-The apostle said that "the Lord gave his keness, revellings, and such like: of the which spirit to them that obeyed him:" and it is I tell you before, as I have also told you in equally certain that Satan gave his spirit to time past, that they which do such things, those who did not obey him [Christ.] One shall not inherit the kingdom of God.'—or the other reigns, and will reign in the From these sayings, no doubt can remain, as hearts of the children of men, either to life or to the consequence of the spirits; for of the death, salvation or condemnation.

spirits, are set forth by the sacred writers in dom of God." Strange as it may appear, it the clearest language. In Paul's 2d letter to is no more so than true, that those who con-Timothy, 3d chapter, from the 1st to the demn the spirit that worketh in the children close of the 8th verse, we have the following : of disobedience in its final result, will cherish "This know also, that in the last days peril-lit in its incipient stages; for though they conons times shall come. For men shall be lov-demn the idea of being covenant breakers, ers of their own selves, covetous, boasters, haughty, high minded, lovers of pleasure &c., proud, blasphemers, disobedient to parents, yet, they will cherish in their hearts the desire unthankful, unholy, without natural affection, to be respected, and to have at least some detruce-breakers, false accusers, incontinent, gree of reverence from some body, not that, fierce, despisers of those that are good, traitors, they want reverence themselves, but they heady, high-minded, lovers of pleasure more must support the dignity of their office, and than lovers of God: having a form of godli-linasmuch as they hold the office, worthy or ness, but denying the power thereof: from not worthy, they must be reverenced, for the such turn away. For of this soit are they office sake. This they think or say, is all which creep into houses, and lead captive silly right, not seeing this is the very spirit which women laden with sins, led away with divers lusts; ever learning, and never able to come leads men to claim to be upheld right or to the knowledge of the truth. Now as James wrong. and Jambres withstood Moses, so do these reprobate concerning the faith." Here is a

According to this, dom, see Galatians 5: 22, and 23, "But the the power of this spirit, which reigned in the temperance: against such there is no law."children of disobedience, and this spirit would Contrast this with what is quoted above, as also with the 19-21, verses of this 5th chap-There was an incompatibility between this ter of Galatians and you have the subject plainspirit which worketh in the children of diso-The consequences dependent on the two bedience it is said it "cannot inherit the king-

When Christ gives an office to any man, also resist the truth: men of corrupt minds, there is but one way to support the dignity of revealed account of the spirit that worketh in the office, and that is by maintaining the spirit the children of disobedience; it will carry which belongs to it, by so doing, he will mainmen, according to this account, to the work-tain the dignity of the office, and an 'ating of miricles or something very like it. We tempt to do otherwise, will sink the office into have seen that at first it will make its appearance in a very reasonable manner. What disgrace, and the holder into ruin. It is not

by claiming authority that any man can sup-ing honor, at the hands of their brethren, know port the dignity of his office which he has re-assuredly, that the spirit that worketh in the of his office will be maintained. When brethren because they are not sufficently hon-Christ gives an office in his kingdom to any ored, let all know that such an one is hastenperson, it is his or her duty to search dilligent-ling his way to destruction, and the spirit of ly to understand, both the spirit and duty of disobedience is in him. the office, and by obedience possess one, and No Elder in the church of Christ need seek by practice do the other, and leave the event honor, if he is found in the discharge of his with Christ, honor or no honor. The apostle duty; for his fruitfulness in the works of right-Peter gives some lessons on this subject that cousness, will make all the true saints love all will do well to learn, see his 2d Epistle him, and when any of the Elders find that 1st chapter from the 1st to the close of the 9th they are not beloved of the brethren, let them verse, "Simon Peter, a servant and an apostle look well to their own hearts, lest Satan overof Jesus Christ, to them that have obtained like come them, let them repent before the Lord in precious faith with us through the righteous-sincerity and truth, and by obedience obtain ness of God and our Saviour Jesus Christ; the true spirit of the kingdom, that is always grace, and peace, be multiplied unto you fruitful in righteousness, and makes man a through the knowledge of God, and of Jesus bound in the things of the Lord. It is not our Lord, according as his divine power hath from the private members of the church, that given unto us all things that pertain unto life danger is apprehended, but from the leaders; and godliness, through the knowledge of him from that thirst for power and authority which that hath called us to glory and virtue. - Satan puts into their hearts to overthrow them Whereby are given unto us exceeding great and destroy the work of God. and precious promises; that by these you more liable to go astray than the private memmight be partakers of devine nature, having bers; let them then look well to their own escaped the corruption that is in the world hearts before the Lord lest Satan beguile them. through lust. And besides this, giving all dil-igence, add to your faith virtue; and to virtue superior righteonsness, by his meekness, and knowledge; and to knowledge temperance; long suffering, gentleness and goodness and and to temperance patience; and to patience his intelligence among the saints, such an godliness; and to godliness brotherly kindness; one will never be claiming honor at the hand and to brotherly kindness charity. For if of his brethren, but will let his works speak these things be in you, and abound, they make for themselves for good or for evil. you that ye shall neither be barren nor un-fruitful in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus treat with neglect the feelings of the weaker blind, and cannot see afar off, and hath forgot-the infermities of the weak, will bear long ten that he was purged from his old sin."— and be gentle, condesending to the capacities Peter here shows how a person can support the dignity of an office before God, and cannot fail; for if a man do them, they make him ten that he was purged from his old sin."fail; for if a man do them, they make him ingly. that he will not be barren nor unfruitful in the knowledge of the Lord. What is it that maginifies and honors an office before the Lord? it is that the holder is not barren and unfruitful in the knewledge of God. If a man is abundant in this knowledge, he does and will hongrace the office and ruin him who holds it.

man to support the dignity of an office, that I have written, sufficeth me, save it be a he bestows upon him, and that is by his supe-few words which I must speak, concerning rior good works; by his fruitfulness in the the doctrine of Christ; wherefore, I shall knowledge of the Lord; for if these things speak unto you plainly, according to the abound in him and with him, he cannot fail to plainness of my prophesying. For my soul dignify the office the Lord has bestowed upon delighteth in plainness: for after this manhim, if these things be not in him he cannot ner doth the Lord God work among the sustain the dignity of his office. It is for children of men. For the Lord God giveth want of these things abounding in men that light unto the understanding; for he speaketh they are seeking heavy and for the language with

ceived under Christ, but is it by doing the children of disobedience has possession of works which belongs to the office. It will be them. If any of the Elders of the church of by his works of righteousness that the dignity Christ, are found refusing to walk with their

The Elders are

But he that lacketh these things is brethren is of God. The true spirit will help

EXTRACT FROM THE BOOK OF MORMON.

SECOND BOOK OF NEPHI; CHAPTER XIII.

And now I, Nephi, make an end of my or his office, and if he is not, all the claims he prophesying unto you, my beloved brethren. can make of his brethren to honor him for the And I cannot write but a few things, which office sake, will never honor the office, but dis-[I know must surely come to pass: neither can I write but a few of the words of my The Lord has but one way ordained for any brother Jacob. Wherefore the things which they are seeking honor one of another. If any unto men according to their language, unto of the saints of the last days are found claim-their understanding. Wherefore, I would

that ye should remember that I have spoken be saved; wherefore, do the things which I unto you, concerning that prophet which the have told you. I have seen, that your Lord and Lord showed unto me, that should baptize the your Redeemer should do: for, for this cause sins of the world.

he was holy? But notwithstanding he being ceived the Holy Ghost, which witnesses of holy, he showeth unto the children of men, the Father and the Son, unto the fulfilling of that according to the flesh, he humbleth him-the promises which he hath made, that if ye self before the Father, and witnesseth unto entered in by the way, ye should receive. the Father that he would be obedient unto him And now my beloved brethren, after ye have in keeping his commandments; wherefore, af gotten into this straight and narrow path, I ter he was baptized with water, the Holy would ask, if all is done? Behold, I say unto Ghost decended upon him in the form of a dove. you, nay; for ye have not come thus far, save men the straightness of the path, and the nar faith in him, relying wholly upon the merits rowness of the gate, by which they should en-ter, ite having set the example before them.—must press forward with a steadfastness in thou me. Wherefore, my beloved brethren, and a love of God and of all men. Wherefore, can we follow Jesus, save we shall be willing if ye shall press foward, feasting upon the to keep the commandments of the Father?— word of Christ, and endure to the end, behold, And the father said, repent ye, repent ye, and thus saith the Father: ye shall have eternal be baptized in the name of my beloved Son. life.

unto me: wherefore, follow me, and do the he saved in the kingdom of God. shall follow the Son with full purpose of heart. Son, and of the Holy Ghost, which is one God. acting no hypocricy and deception before God, without end. but with real intent, repenting of your sins. witnessing unto the Father that ye are willing to take upon you the name of Christ, by bap. MESSENGERZAND ADVOCATE. tism: yea, by following your Lord and your PITTSBURGH, PA. AUGUST 15, 1845. Savior down into the water, according to his word; behold, then shall ye reecive the Holy and of the Holy Ghost and then can ye speak cate, he can now take a sheet of cap or letter

the voice of the Son unto me, saying, after ye cents. commandments, by the baptism of water, and but it is very burthensome to us. have received the baptism of fire and of the Holy Ghost, and can speak with a new tongue, this, should deny me, it would have been better for you, that ye had not known me.

And I heard a voice from the Father, saying, yea, the words of my beloved, are true and be indispensibly necessary for all the memfaithful. same shall be saved. And now, my beloved brethren, I know by this, that unless a man and could not attend the Conterence of April shall endure to the end, in following the example of the Son of the living God, he cannot to receive their anointing and consecrations

Lamb of God, which should take away the have they been shown unto me, that ye might know the gate by which ye should enter .-And now, if the Lamb of God, he being ho- For the gate by which ye should enter is repenly, should have need to be baptized by water tance and baptism by water: and then comto fulfil all righteousness, O, then, how much eth the remission of your sins by fire, and by more need have we, being unholy, to be bap-the Holy Ghost. And then are ye in this tized, yea, even by water, And now, I would straight and narrow path which leads to eterask of you, my beloved brethren wherein the nal life; yea, ye have entered in by the gate: Lamb of God did fulfil all righteousness in ye have done according to the commandments being baptized by water? Know ye not that of the Father and the Son; and ye have re-

And again: It sheweth unto the children of it were by the word of Christ, with unshaken And he said unto the children of men, follow Christ, having a perfect brightness of hope,

And also, the voice of the Son came unto me And now behold, my beloved brethren, this saying, he that is baptised in my name, to is the way; and there is none other way nor him will the Father give the Holy Ghost, like name given under heaven, whereby men can things which ye have seen me do. Where behold, this is the doctrine of Christ, and the fore, my beloved brethren, I know that if ye only and true doctrine of the Father, and of the

When a subscriber in the country, Ghost; yea, then cometh the baptism of fire wishes to send for the Messenger and Advowith the tongue of angels, and shout praises paper, write us a long communication on it, unto the Holy One of Israel. But behold, my beloved brethren, thus came for five cents-or any distance further for ten As the price of our paper is very low, have repented of your sins, and witnessed un-our friends must, in all cases, pay the postage to the Father that ye are willing to keep my on their letters. It will be but little for them,

Our brethren will bear in mind the yea, even with the tongue of angels, and after Conference to be held on the 6th of October next, in Philadelphia. We will here state for the benefit of those concerned, that it will He that endureth to the end, the bers of the Grand Council, who were absent and could not attend the Conference of April

and take their places in the Council; other wise others will be appointed in their stead. James and J. A. Forgeus, we learn that the as it is important that the Grand Council be work of the Lord is still progressing in Hanfilled and fully organized on that occasion .- cook co. Ill. Several persons have been Brethren, as you regard your own salvation, baptized since our last. and that of your friends and the world, look to it, remembering the admonition, see "that no man take thy crown."

greatly blessed and prospered on his mission lines, to ask your counsel; having united over the mountains to the interior and southern with the church of Latter Day Saints on the part of this State, has returned in good health same day with yourself, and baptized by the and spirits, to this city. Elder W. E. Me-same person, and knowing that you are ac-Lellin, who accompanied him from this place, quainted with the circumstances under which has proceeded on to the eastern cities, where I lelt your city, I feel assured that you will his labors have already began to be crowned give me the counsel and instruction which with abundant success, as will appear from I desire and need. When I left Pittsburgh letters found in another column.

THE CHURCH:

truth, not only in this city, but in many other we were almost ready to move. places. We have calls from almost every I am far from believing that the God of quarter, for help. "We want laborers;" "we truth will give the lie to all his rvelations, -want Elders to come and set before us the to sustain men in the practice of such abomigospel of peace in its/purity;" "come over nations as are practiced in Nauvoo; and glad and help us," is the cry almost incessantly I am that I have been kept from the society made to us by our friends, and the people of a people who live in such wickedness: I abroad. Thus we see that the cause of truth therefore turn to you for direction as I have prospers, and that vice will not prevail over not yet incumbered myself with any worldly virtue, neither will iniquity triumph over possessions in this part of the country. righteousness and truth, notwithstanding the Doubtless the order of the kingdom, and the oft repeated assertions of the apostate Mormon gathering of the saints is known to you, you church, that the church of Christ, or "Rigdon-will please inform me of the place of gatherism," as they choose to term it, "is dead," or ing and what would be best for me to do.-"broken up," and they (the Mormons) "have There is certainly a large field for a few reano disposition to exultover a vanquished foe." pers through this country, and I would like some Elder in his traveling to call this way

We can assure the saints that the prospects before us are of a glorious nature; and what remains for us to do, is, to be faithful and diligent in our calling before our Heavenly Fath. er, and all men; remembering to be mild, to be gentle, to be kind, to be easily entreated. full of faith and good works; keeping ourselves unspoted from the world; knowing that if these things be in us and abound, we shall be neither barren nor unfruitful in the knowl dge of our Lord Jesus Christ.

By letters received from Elders

Guernsey Co. O. Aug. 19, 1845

BROTHER SAVARY;

Dear Sir :- Having a few leisure PRESIDENT RIGDON, having been moments, I sit down to address you a few I intended to have been in Nauvoo long before this time; in this I have been happily and I believe providentially disappointed.

The progress of the kingdom is steadily reading the book of Covenants and your paand majestically onward. The news from pers, I have learned, I think, that neither my both the east and the west is of a cheering duty nor my interest, either for time or eterniand animating nature. The honest in heartly, require that I should go to that place, are continually flocking to the standard of though when I was in Pittsburgh last spring

and-låbor with us. I must come to a close by saying we are all in good health; and in believing the book of Covenants we all do look upon Sidney Rigdon as the person who has the legal right to the presidency of the church and kingdom of God.

I remain your brother in the covenant of peace, THOMAS CRAWFORD.

THE PLAN OF SALVATIGN. BY S. RIGDON.

The plan of salvation. It has been considered by the Deity that the salvation of man, for this purpose, called the plan or salvation for this purpose, called the gospel, concerning is glorified.

This plan is called the gospel, concerning is glorified.

The Savier in his last prayer introduces

The Savier in his last prayer introduces before the foundation of the world, and that by virtue of it, God had predestinated to adopt children to himself; the result of which was, that the whole was to eventuate in the praise of his (God's) glory. By this scheme God supply in the plan of salvation. would glorify himself, by redeeming man. These were the great objects to be obtained, and one which could not be obtained without the other. If God were glorified, men must be glorified. The glory of God could be pronot be saved without promoting the glory of

er as recorded in the 17th chapter of John's that the glory which the Father had given the gospel, "Father I have glorified thee on the Son, the Son had given his disciples. earth, I have finished the work thou gavest that Christ finished the work he gave him to bear much fruit; so shall ye be my disciples. Had he not have made it possible for the Fathneither could he have glorified the Son .-O fools, and slow of heart to believe all that sharers, according to their several abilities. the prophets have spoken! Ought not Christ his glory?" In these sayings the Savior pre-umph. he laid a foundation to save man, and through honors and glory which cannot fade away. that means glorified both himself and the Father.

The conclusion which forces itself on the under the dominion of Satan.

mind, from the above, is that unless the believers in Christ are justified and saved, neither the Father or the Son will be glorified. nearly is the salvation of man related with the was of sufficient importance to devise a plan glory of the Deity, that one cannot exist withfor this purpose, called the plan of salvation, out the other. If the Deity is glorified, man

words, his disciplos, see John's gospel 17: 18, "As thou has sent me into the world, even so have I also sent them into the world." By this we see what place the disciples were to Christ sent them into the world as the Father had sent him into the world. If so then, they had a place to supply in relation to the salvation of man, and Christ sent them into the world, in order that be saved, and if men were saved, God would the plan of salvation might accomplish the object for which-it-was instituted; and might moted only by saving man, and man could eventuate in glorifying the Father and the Son, by glorifying man. In the 22d verse the Savior says thus, "And the glory which thou gavest me I have given them, that they may To this end the Savior said, in his last pray-be one, even as we are one." Here it is said

Put all the above sayings together, and they me to do." What work was it the Father had amount to this, that the Father glorifies the given him to do? Paul says it was to make Son, and the Son glorifies man, and man and it possible for God to "be just and the justifier the Son glorifies the Father; and no one of of them that believe." See Romans 3d chapthem is, or can be glorified without the other. ter and 36th verse "To declare, I say at this Hence says Jesus, in the 15th chapter of time his righteousness: that he might be just John's gospel 7th and 8th verses, "If ye abide and the justifier, of him which believed in Je-in me, and my words abide in you, ye shall God could not be just and be the justiask what ye will, and and it shall be done unfier of him that believed, had it not have been to you. Herein is my Father glorified that ye do; but having finished that work, he could by this the Pather is glorified when the discithen say, "Father I have glorified thee on the ples bring forth much fruit. So immediately earth," and then say "now O Father glorify does the scriptures identify that thing which All this depended on the accom- they call glory, of the heavens and the earth,

For this cause, was a dispensation of the er to "he just and the justifier of them that gospel committed unto man, that through their believe," the Father could not be glorified, effort in spreading the gospel, the fruit thereof might abound and the Father and the Son both Hence the Savior said to his disciples, when be glorified, and man be sharers in the glory; they wondering, and ruminating, on his cruci-that they allimight be one in effort, enterprise, fixion, as recorded by Luke 24th chapter, 25th in suffering, and in the final triumph of truth, and 26th verses, "Then he said unto them, and in the glory which should follow equal

We might say a few things about glory .to have suffered these things, and to enter into Glory is the result of enterprise and final tri-When we view a man as having dicates his own glory on his having suffered thrown a hallow of glery around him, it is bewhat he did suffer. According to what the cause of his brilliant achievements, his sacra-Savior says, if he had not suffered he would fices, and his unceasing efforts, untill he obnot have entered into his glory; for his own tains the end he has in view; and if the end glory depended on his finishing the work the when obtained, results in the benefit of man, Father gave him to do, and having done that, we say of him that he has won imperishable

The enterprise in this case is a brilliant one. It is no less than to redeem the world from Satan has er all who through fear of death, are all their had the power of death.

life time subject to bondage. To this end

Christ entered the flesh a sacrifice to God, was as much a matter of revelation, as was the that God might be just and the justifier of them ordinances and promises, and it was as neces-that believed, and that man through faith, sary that the government should exist, as might obtain power over death, and rise to die it was that the ordinances should be obeyed; no more.

believers had an important place to supply. - subject in a clear point of light. Paul in his The plan of triumph is submitted into their first letter to the Corinthinans, shows how it mitted to them; for the express purpose that blessing of salvation on man. See his 12th men may believe, for if men believe, then God chapter, 28th verse, "And God hath set some can be just and justify them. In order then in the church, first apostles, secondly prophets. to bring in this redemption for man heaven de thirdly teachers, after that miracles, then gifts and man called upon to redeem himself from ced and brought the world into subjection to both death and hell.

it could be done. complishing the object to be obtained, hower-blessings, and all powers and spiritual gifts er pleasing or facinating they might be to man. depended on the order of government; for after obtain the object by any other scheme than the enjoyed, the order of the government must first one God had devised, though it should be de be obtained, and where this is not there the vised by an angel, would only curse the spiritual gifts are not. author, and ruin mankind if they received it.

and ordinances, and one is as essential as the tial part of the plan of salvation, and one on other in effecting the great object in view .- which all the others depend. In accordance, Ordinances would not avail, unles the order with this, the first thing the Savior did, was of government was maintained, and the order to call his apostles, and then induct them into of government would not avail, unless the or the sacred rights of their holy priesthood, by dinance were observed. It took both to ac- means of the ordinances appointed for that complish the redemption of man from under purpose, and having them endewed for their the power of death and him who held the powwork, they commenced to establish his church, er of death, and there could be no releasement by baptising for the remission of sins, thereby from bondage only by obedience to both; the introducing the persons thus baptised, into the ordinances and the government which constitured order of the true government of heaven, which tuted—the plan of salvation, and the promise was introduced to overthrow the power of Sawas to those who obeyed both, that, through tan and destroy the reign of death, and as a the obedience thereto, they should "partake member of the church or order heaven had eof exceeding great and precious promises, stablished, were made partakers of the gift of through which they shall be made partakers the Holy Ghost; but if the persons thus bapof the divine nature." See 2d Peter 1st chap tized, had not, by virtue of their baptism, been of the divine nature." See 2d Peter 1st chap-tized, had not, by virtue of their baptism, been ter 3d and 4th verses, "According as his di-introduced and became subject to the church vine power hath given unto us all things that order Christ had established, no spiritual gifts

made an attact on the world, seduced its in pertain unto life and godliness, through the habitants, planted his standard in the garder knowledge of him that hathcalled us to glory of innocence, and established the reign of death and virtue. Whereby are given unto us exover the whole race of man, and brought the ceeding great and precious promises; that by whole race under his dominion, both the dead these you might be partakers of divine nature. The enterprise is to redeem having escaped the corruption that is in the man from under this power, not only the do-world through the lust." These exceeding minion of death, but from under the dominion great and precious promises, were certainty of of him who has the power of death, and deliv-release, from the power of death and him who

for the ordinances were designed for the pur-On the accomplishment of this object, de-pose of introducing men into the order of govpends the glory of both God and man. If this ernmnt, and the order of government being object is not accomplished, God cannot be maintained secured the promises made. A litglorified. In order to obtain this object the tle examination of the scriptures, will set this hands, and a dispensation of the gospel com was that God prepared the way to restore the vised the scheme by which the power of Satan of healings, helps, governments, diversities of could be broken, and the reign of death overtongues." From this we learn that the first thrown; and, through men chosen of God for thing the Lord did in order to prepare the way the purpose, the scheme was revealed to man, for the dethronement of Satan, who had seduand man, called upon to redeem himself for the dethronement of Satan, who had seduand himself, was to regulate the government of There was but one scheme devised by which his church; placing apostles, prophets, &c., All others would fail of ac-after this, the order of government, came the When God revealed himself to man for his the apostle had set forth the order of the govsalvation, he required that man should build ernment, he adds, "afterwards, (not before,) according to the pattern given him; for the came miracles, gifts of healing," &c. Nothing power which was unto salvation, could only we think, could make this subject plainer, be obtained by so doing, and any attempt to than this, that in order for spiritual gifts to be

The conclusion then must be, that to obtain This plan as set forth embraces government the true government of the church, is an essen-

would have followed this baptism. blessings were only to be enjoyed by means house, where the people voted and requested of the government which heaven had established; for says Paul, afterward miracles &c., to which I consented. I inclose \$1 for the that is after the order of government had been Messenger and Advocate. * arranged.

To be continued in our next.

We have received a lengthy communication from Elder Joseph Parsons, giving a history of his mission this summer, in company with Elder Archibald Falconer, from which we gather the following particulars:

They left this city on the 23d of April, travongalia, Harrison, Lewis, Nicholas, Kanawah and Mason, in Virginia. Delivered from 30 the fountain of hearts has been broken up, and members, and the organization of a small and a pure stream of the Church. Much good nas grown out of evil it has in this church. Truly, where sin did abound grace, so far as I can judge does much more abound; the fountain of hearts has been broken up, and the organization of a small and a pure stream of the laws. ily.

29th, addressed to Elder McLellin, from which wards us." we make the following extracts:

"And now concerning the churches in this region; the church of Louisa, under the care. The second one of the principles of the docof Elder Shoemaker, was doing well when I trine of Christ,' which we shall now take up, last visited them, there have been twelve added to that branch since you left, by baptism, I know not but more; and more are about ready to go forward. The branch in Mercer gospel, is of great importance to the biblical student; but more especially so to him who Elder Drury, there have been several added to that branch also, by baptism, and more strength. have given the hand, and the prospects are strength.

flattering in that region. * * The Lord Repentance towards God, is in immediate flattering in that region. The Lord "what we have to combat in the west."

neighborhood, from the 12th chapter and part apart, if he is faithful in his ministry, or in of the 38th verse of John. Next Sabbath other words, confers not with flesh and blood;

These The meetings are held at a sub district school Through the goodness of my Heavenly Father, I hope to meet you all in Philadelphia, at conference this fall. Peace be with you.

Yours in the gospel,

We give the following extract of a letter from one our brethren in Philadelphia, which fully corresponds with the statement in Elder McLellin's letter.

"The difficulties here are all settled, and if elled through the counties of Washington, ever good has grown out of evil it has in this members, and the organization of a small branch of the Church. Much good, we trust will grow out of their labors. They met with kind and hospitable treatment in most places, while in some they were subjected to much persecution. In one instance a mob assembled to commit violence upon their persons, but they escaped uninjured. They travelled together as far as Charleston, Kanawha co. Va. where they were reluctanly compelled to separate, Elder Falconer to proceed on his mission, and Elder Parsons to return to his family. such an one's own fault and not his. I love We have before us a letter from Elder good the Lord has enabled him to effect, and James Blakeslee, dated Buffalo Iowa, July for the interest that he has manifested to-

From the Ensign.

REPENTANCE.

has wrought with us, in power, considering connection with faith in our Lord Jesus Christ. what we have to combat in the west." A man or men sent of the Lord, declare their message or preach the gospel; and we hold Elder Rodney R. Smith writes from Potts- that no man has authority to preach the gospel, and build up the kingdom of Christ on town, Pa. Aug. 17, and says, "As it respects earth, except he had first been called snd sent preaching, I have been busy with my neigh- of the Lord, and then been set apart by ordibors, though not in public until last Sunday, nation in or by authority of the church to when I addressed a large congregation in our which he belongs. Being thus called and set they have another appointment, when they but publishes the gospel, as Paul says, in deshall hear from me again, if the Lord spares monstration of the spirit and of power, —1st me. Pray for me brethren, pray that I may Corinthians, 2; 4. Those who hear and becreeive light, strength, and reternal truth.— lieve the truth of the principles declared or

preached, that belief works in them a 'godly iniquities by showing mercies to the poor.' sorrow' for all past sins; and that sorrow Daniel, 4: 27. Restitution is the act of reworks in them 'repentance unto salvation;' or turning or making good to a person some thing as it was when the kingdom of Jesus Christ, or right of which he has been unjustly deprivor the kingdom of heaven was set up on the ed. In repentance is included restitution for day of Pentecost, when his ministers, the apos wrongs previously done to our fellow men, as tles and elders, first received that other com-far as it is possibly in our power. Then acforter,' as a seal to their ministry, or an endu-cording to the above, belief or faith produces ment from the king, to qualify them to 'go in conviction; conviction produces sorrow, and to all the world,' and to speak all languages sorrow ought to produce reformation and restiand tongues, in order to 'preach the gospel to tution. Paul says, 'Now I rejoice, that ye every creature.' Serrow to repentance.' 2d Cor. 7: 9. As to

Now, when the descent of the Hely Spirit the principle and practice of restitution belongand its effects upon believers 'was noised a ling to gospel repentance, we have examined broad, the multitude came together, and heard and reflected on the subject much, and have the messengers of this heavenly kingdom come to the settled conclusion that no man speak understandingly in sixteen different can amass wealth, or even obtain a penny by tongues, 'the wonderful works of God,' the fraud or false accusation, and then profess reminds of the hearers were open to investiga-ligion-the religion of heaven-and obtain the tion, for there were devout men dwelling attrue spirit of holiness, and then live in the en-Jerusalem, from every nation under heaven; howment of the smiles of the Lord, until he is Being devout or honest, they wished to know not only convicted and sorry for, but also rethe truth. Peter stood up with the eleven, forms from all his wicked deeds. and uttered a solom testimony, and taught ceive he must restore again (as far as is in his them from the sacred scriptures, in which they|power,) that which he has wrongfully obtainprofessed faith, that Jesus was the Christ; ed. He must be like Zaccheus-he stood and that this Jesus hath God raised up,' and and said unto the Lord, if I have taken any 'he hath shed forth that which you now see thing from any man by false accusation, I reand hear.' And when they heard this, they store him four fold.'—Luke 19: 8. Now if were cut to the heart-that is, they heard the the principle of restoration was not correct, or word of the Lord, and they saw the effect of did not belong to repentance, why should Jethe Holy Spirit: consequently, after believing sus, who knew every principle that belongs to the evidences, sorrow filled their hearts, which his kingdom, say to him—this day is salvabelief or faith and sorrow produced in them a tion come to thy house?' Zaccheus had learndesire to reform and to be saved, hence they led that principle from the law given to Moses, enquired, what shall we do?" quired, what shall we do?'

Exodus 22: 1, and also from David's answer The answer by the spirit and power of the to Nathen, 2d Samuel 12: 6. And here the

Lord Jesus, through the apostles, (Peter be-Savior in the case of Zaccheus incorporatesing mouth or holding the keys,) was ready.—that principle into the laws of his kingdom.—Was it to believe in the Lord Jesus? No.—But alas! how few of the professors of christi-Was it to be heartily sorry for their sins? No, anity of our day, or the churches to which for both these they had done, and it would be they attach themselves, pay any regard to this useless for divine wisdom to command men-divine rule? No, no! that would touch that intelligent men, to do things which they had which is dearer to them than their religion just performed. But the query of the convict that is, their property—their purse strings, and ed, broken and contrite in heart, still reverbe- they think their sacrett honors. rates, what, O! 'what shall we do!' What Butdear brethren, let us addr shall be the next act of our lives after we have all important subject of repentance. We must received faith as Paul says, by hearing.'- live by every word which proceedeth out of We have heard-we do believe, and we are the mouth of God. And be careful, as Mary Now, O! ye men of Israel, and breth said to the servants at the marriage in Cana of ren according to the covenant of God with A Galilee, whatsoever he (Jesus) saith unto braham, can we be saved or delivered from you, do it.' Let us be careful to do all the If so, what should be our next act accord Lord Jesus has commanded, irrespective of

can enter into the kingdom of Christ? away from sin; or as Daniel said to the king, feigned and precious to those who have it,

But dear brethren, let us address you on this

ding to the principles of adoption, which we the opinions, doctrines, or traditions of men. - Tor in consequence of neglecting to do-the Repent: yes, repent is the divine command wrath of God cometh on the children of diso-Acts, 2: 38, But here we pause and bedience.' Let us reform our faith where it query, what is repentance-true gospel repen has been hitherto wrong, and benceforward tance? It embraces not only conviction and let us have unfeigned faith; yea, let us be like sorrow—godly sorrow for all our past iniqui. Stephen and Barnabas, full of faith. Let us ties, transgressions, and sins, but also two pray continually for the spirit of faith, about other principles, viz: reformation and resti-which Paul talks, and then we shall have, Pe-Reformation is a forsaking or turning ter's like precious faith.' Brethren' it is un-*break off thy sins by righteousness, and thine who are humble and contrite in heart—yes, to

the saints who by the spirit of the Lord obtains I may hear the Lord's welcome in peace and the gift of faith. That soul can rejoice in the receive my reward at his own hand, when Lord, and will be willing, not only to reform, but also to restore all things to their proper owner; and then 'live by faith and walk by faith,' and not by sight; looking out and ex pecting the redemption of Israel and that long Inst. at 8 o clock I took my seat in the rail looked for 'rest which remains for the people of God.' Yea, such an one will rejoice to meet with the ministry, when they 'preach the word' for edification and comfort, and also in their social meetings—prayer meetings where they speak often one to another, where the Lord hearkens and hears in order to write a book of rememberance for them that fear the Lord, and that think upon his name.' In these meetings 'such souls magnify the Lord,' and expand with the force and power of truth, the love of God, and the love of the faithful.

If we live and walk thus as a people, and we can discover that we have been wrong either in matters of faith or action, we shall not only be willing, but we will rejoice to be priveleged to reform and forsake all, for Christ's sake and the gospel's. May the Lord by his Holy Spirit—that other Comforter,' guide us into all truth, Amen.

Philadelphia, Pa. Aug. 21, 1845.

PRESIDENT RIGDON:

Yours of the 16th inst. arrived on Tuesday eve, and was handed to me by Elder Soby. Knowing that some of my family had been unwell, my anxieties by this time had become intense to hear from them. Your kind letter quelled all my feelings on their account to hear that they were well, and rejoiced my heart greatly to hear of the par ticular prosperity of our common cause. learn that the church in Pittsburgh is still steadily adding to their numbers, and that my heart to go forward and act well my part work before us is great, very great indeedbrought into requisition to perform well our the revolution. . parts, that each man may at the final triumph

he comes in his kingdom and glory-which I verily believe is soon at hand.

In Chambersburgh Tuesday morn the 12th road car for this city. I dined in Harrisburg, 50 miles distant, and at 9 P. M. I took my seat in the depot at the corner of Market and 8th st. in this city. Traveling 158 miles in 13 hours including our stoppings for fuel, water, dinner and supper. We rolled on something at the rate of 2 miles in 4 minutes. This thought I as we trunnelled along is next to flying.

I found our brethren here all well, but

owing to some misunderstanding among some of the ministers, their spiritual enjoyments were at rather a low ebb. I regret to say, has been a cause of great rejoicings among the twelveits here, and they have felt to exult so much in the unfortunate affair as to publish it in their Messenger and send it to the four winds. When I arrived I visited my brethren and endeavored to show to them, in the spirit of meekness, that they were not acting according to their best interests. They believed me, and on last evening we had an appointment for the church to come together; they came, and with but little difficulty we buried the hatchet so deep that we lost sight of the end of the handle. Fellowship and peace are restored to the saints here. And in all my past experience in the settlement of church difficulties, I reallythey are increasing in faith, and growing in think that I never saw a better state of feeling fellowship and love for each other strengthens than on this occasion. Our enemies may cease their unhallowed joy, but our brethren in the great work, lest I (by any means) fall may now all lift up their heads and rejoice in out by the way and "another take my crown" consequence of the peace and unity which ex-I feel not the least discouraged. I realize the ists among the lovers of truth and order in this great city; where the fires of, freedom and that it will require all our energies to be once burned in the hearts of the patriots of

I have only preached five times since my of the kingdom hear the Messiah pronounce arrival here. Considerable interest begins to to him "well done thou good and faithful ser be manifest among those who have attended. vant, thou hast been faithful over a few things We have another meeting this evening at our I will make thee ruler over many things, en-Hall which begins to be crowded with listenter thou into the joy of thy Lord". I can ers. I expect to baptize a number this week. say this morning, my dear brother, that I feel Several applications have already been made. as much or more determined than ever I did in We have only been waiting to see the Church all my life to go forward in righteousness, that in unity, and now we have no fears of her travelling, and increasing in members. Those might and surmounting difficulties, laying too, who will be intelligent, warm hearted, and aside obstacles, and overcoming all opposienergetic in the grand cause in which we tion that gets in your road, and nobly going are engaged. If our brethren would only live forth, in despite of apparantly forhidding cirin peace, and let brotherly love abide among cumstances, in order "to cry aloud and spare them, no weapon or power formed against us not"-to show to the world their situation, could prosper. Nave but with the principles and to gather and prepare the people of God of heavenly truth in our hearts, and then for the time of the end. With all my might acted out in our lives, all the honest in heart and with all my heart I feel thus disposed .before God throughout the world would gath. Will you aid me not only by your prayers but er into our ranks, where they could learn of also by stepping out and doing your own Jesus all the principles of salvation by which duties as men of God-ministers of righteousthey could be exalted to the highest degree ness to this generation?. If you will withe of glory of which their nature were suscepta- rest that remains to the poeple of God" to us ble. For you verily know Sir that we have is sure. We will inherit it, because the promthe organization which God acknowledges to ise cannot fail. It is year and amen. I exhe his, and that we have also the true princi-pect to go to New York and Sing Sing next ples by which to order and regulate that or- week on some business, and then return to ganization, which, if we can only get our this city again, in order to labor until conbiethren to see, to believe, and to carry out, ference in October next. the final triumph of our cause is just as sure as that God ever said by the mouth of his prophet Daniel that "the kingdom and dominion and the greatness of the kingdom under the whole heaven, shall be given to the people of the saints of the Most High, whose kingdom pleasure to inform you that I have duly reis an everlasting kingdom and all dominions ceived all the numbers of the Messenger and shall serve and obey him."

who were really ministers of the gospel, fields one dollar. I would advise all persons who of labor could be found in this city and region wish to obtain a correct knowledge of the true round about that are white already to har-situation of the religious world, and of the navest, who are crying too, as in olden time "Come over and help us."

our Elders who have taken upon them the those who do, will never regret it. name of Christ and the responsibility of his holy ministry in this "the hour of his judgment." "The eleventh hour," the last hour the kingdom of Daniel was organized. The before his coming "without sin unto salva-work was a great one and I am satisfied it never tion." Would to God that I could see those could have been accomplished with so much who are capable and well instructed, and unanimity and fraternal love as was manifested on that momentous occasion, unless God able in the things of Gcd, in the gospel of was with you in a special and powerful manhis son, and in the principles of his kingdom net. I rejoice that the work of God is being "in this dispensation of the fullness of times" carried out. I also rejoice and thank God would, I say, that I could see them (in this the Savior of the world, are again proclaimed perilous hour) lifting up their warning voices, to the world in their original beauty and sim-"being wise that they might shine as the plicity. It is my earnest and devout wish brightness of the firmament," that when the that this kingdom may roll on until the frag-Lord comes they might have many stars in ments of the fourth heast (the Roman Empire) to warn the world for the last time, how do you feel? Do you feel like anising in your per and the kingdom of Daniel, permit me Sir

Yours in hopes of the rest of God.

W. E. McLELLIN.

York, July 28, 1845. BROTHER RIGDON:

Dear Sir:-It affords me Advocate. I consider it a very valuable pa-If we had here one dozen faithful ministers mount of information for the simple sum of per, giving in the course of a year a vast ature of prophecy, particularly that which re-mains to be fulfilled, and also of the true church of Christ in these last days, to subscribe I must say I feel much surprised at some of for it by all means. I am confident that all

Never did I peruse any thing that gave me so much gratification as I realized whilst their crowns of rejoicing. O brethren, breth-ren, you who have the ministry laid upon you, Christ.

Having said thus much in refference to pa-

governed.

speaks of a man's wickednes, (either lay or voices against it. official member) no matter how guilty he ty as the secused.

complained of but the twelve on this occasion In the mean while I remain your if they are ever so guilty of the crimes alleged against them, we not having the power nor being situated so as to bring them to justice, therefore dare not remonstrate against their monstrous vices of adultery and seduction, A special Conference—of the Church of but must confide in them, follow them and up-Christ will be held in Philadelphia on the 6th hold them, or be excommunicated. This is day of October next. the doctrine promulged by them; hence what about prefering charges against these men .- |cers of branches, Presidents, Priests, Teachera The moment any person would attempt this, and Deacons, and also all travelling High they would be unceremoniously expelled from Priests and Elders, who were not present their midst. Of this they all are aware, thus at the general Conference, are particularly rethe members are overawed otherwise there are quested to attend. enough who are honest and wish to have this matter investigated, and would take proper steps to have it sifted out. This I know .-This is the dogmatical teachings of the Mormorn hierarchy at Nauvoo, and so it is of the Papel hierarchy at Rome, and I chalange any of them to show me the difference.

Second, No matter what others (lay or official members) do we have to take care of ourselves-or mind our own business.

That is-If brethren or leaders in the church disseminate damning and heretical doctrines, and are steeped in abominations, we must keep silence, or take care of ourselves, though infamy and disgrace overwhelm the \$1 single copy.

church and we be buried beneath its ruins.—

Also—A large supply of Hymn Books, new This position strikes at the very foundation of collection, neatly bound—in fancy coloured modern and the strikes at the very foundation of collection. christianity, for we are told the gospel of rocco: Price, \$30 per hundred; 37 cents single. Christ is the perfect law of liberty. Now if one living under the gospel sees the order and Leech, New York City. By Geo. M. Hinkle, that perfect law of God trampled upon and dares not oppose it, where is that liberty quar-land, Ohio. dares not oppose it, where is that liberty guaranteed and vouched safe to him by the celestial law of God? I answer it is gone like the dew before the rising sun it vanishes. To be nound down by such instructions is destroy. Is printed about the first and fifteenth of every ing all interest in the advancement and pros-month, by perity of the cause and kingdom of God and nakes us the mere dupes of the despotic few, ike automatons to dance as they pull the like automatons to dance as they pull the TERMS:—One Dollar per annum, payable, and the absurdity of such a his fact, but though good citizens, would say eige attention.

to fill up this sheet with a few more lines in nothing about it, afterward the man would be relation to my trial and expulsion from among murdered. Now I ask would not these two the twelvites - During this mock trial before a or three persons who knew he would be deset of packed Elders I learned much, I learn-stroyed, be criminal and accessory to the deed? cd through one of the principal organs, P. P. I answer, yes. Then so is every man who is Pratt, of the twelve and their adherents the apprised of the base inquity taught or practifour cardinal principles by which they are all ced by the twelve and their adherents, responsible, and will have to answer for it at the har The first is—If a member of the church of a just God, if they do not lift their hands and

My sheet now being full, I cannot give the may be, without making an effort to bring other principels at this time, but you may look him before the proper tribunal, he is as guil-for it soon. I wish the truth to be known, and I am determined to publish it on the house That is to say,—for no one was accused or tops, without the slavish fear of consequences.

> Brother in the "Church of Christ." N. B. HELVERSON.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

All absentee members of the Grand Counconsumate, folly and nonsence to be talking cil from the general C onference, and all offi-

By order of the Twelve. S. BENNETT, C'lk.

NOTICE.

This is to notify the Church of Christ and its branches abroad, that fellowship has been withdrawn from Gilbert C. Smith, for transgression, and unchristianlike conduct.

AMOS B. TOMLINSON, President of the Seventies.

Pittsburgh, August 15, 1845.

BOOKS FOR SALE. OR SALE at this Office, several copies of the Book of Mormon. Price \$10 per doz.

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE,

OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST

wires. To show the absurdity of such a in all cases, in advance. Any person procurposition let me suppose a case, we suppose ing us five new subscribers, and forwarding us
there is a certain man who from some maligrative dollars current money, shall receive one
nant feelings, wishes to destroy a fellow creativolume gratis. All letters must be addressed
ture, two or three persons would be aware of to E. Robinson, Publisher, Post Paid, to re-

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE

OF THE CHURCH OF CHREST.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 1, 1845.

No. 20.

THE PLAN OF SALVATION.

BY S. RIGDON.

have others against which no valid objection in order, was to place Hurr with Moses have others against which no valid objection and Aaron, and this done, this part of the or-can be raised, we allude to the baptism of and Aaron, and this done, this part of the or-John the Baptist, John baptised multitudes, union of Moses and Aaron, we direct the reabut not one spiritual gift followed his baptism; his disciples or those who were baptism, in the days of Paul, had no knowledge of the Holy Spirit. Now why was this so? the answer is easy, John why was this so? the answer is easy, John Aaron, see the 17th chapter of Exodus where had no order of government established, and Aaron, see the 17th chapter of Exodus where as the spiritual gifts come after the order of all the attendant circumstances are related, as government, no such things could follow John's also the benefits which followed from this baptism. The same may be said of John him part of the organization. Had that quorum self for it said of John, though his was more mot have been organized, as God had directed than a prophet, that he "performed no miracle" Moses, there Israel would have been destroyand if it is asked why! the answer is at hand; ed. John had not established the order of the government of heaven, and it was after that, and not before, that miracles came.

In pursuing the history of the Savior, there are some things that savor very much of the er of God was pledged for their deliverance. same idea. We have no account of there residually and account of the er of God was pledged for their deliverance. being miracles wrought among those whom zation, and without which the rest of the orhe baptised, though it is said that he "baptised more disciples than John," until he set his with Amalek clearly shows. disciples in order, and then they went out and came back, saying, "the devils are sub-ization completed, the power of God was exer-ject to us in thy name." These testimoni ted unto their deliverance, which would not

rest in every candid mind.

ment by which all the wonders of the church emies could not prevail, Hur must be united of Christ were preformed; for it is in vain to with them. Having this part of the pattern look for the powers of the spiritual king. given to Moses completed, they could then dom any where but in the kingdom itself, complete the rest. which, to be the kingdom of heaven, must be organized according to the pattern: order to do this, we must begin where we can book of Numbers. Let the reader in order to begin, and with the revelations extant in our see the entire subject, read the whole chaphands, we can and must begin with Moses; ter. This part of the organization consisted for it is in his writings where we have of seventy persons, whom Moses knew to be elthe first account given of this order. That ders of the people and officers over them. See the power of God attended the order of the 16th verse "And the Lord said unto Mothings which Moses established, needs no see gather unto me seventy men of the eldereproof from us; for all who read the scrip-of Israel, whom thou knowest to be the elders tures, must be well acquainted with this fact, of the people, and officers over them; and and also that the order established by Moses bring them unto the tabyrnacle of the congrewas of divine appointment, will not be doubt-gation, that they may stand there with thee.' ed by those acquainted with the bible. The Moses was here commanded to take seventy question to be settled is, what was the order of men whom he knew to be elders of the peothings organized by Moses? This we will at-ple. Little doubt can remain they were of tempt to answer.

the organization, was to choose and inspirellaw, had appointed rulers over the people, ru

Moses to set the house of God in order before The second step was to call and set a-If any should think that we have not giv-part Aaron to be with and assist Moses, and en evidence sufficient on this subject, we not have been organized, as God had directed So closely did the Lord adhere to the pattern he had given Moses; every iota of which, had to be observed in order for Israel to have the power of God with them, but having the order full and complete, the powder would have been unavailing, as the case

Israel once having this head of their organals, we think, ought to put the subject at have been the case had there not been three Moses and Aaron alone persons thus united. Having then the facts of this subject before could not have done it, but in order to have the power of God with them, so that their en-

We are favored with another department In of the organization in the 11th chapter of the those mentioned in the 18th chapter of Exodus One thing is certain, that the first step in whom Moses, at the instance of his father-inlers of thousands, julers of hundreds, rulers This institution of things, was so organized of fifties, and rulers of tens: See 25th and 26th that the three at its head, through and by virverses of the 18th chapter of Exodus. "And tue of the place they occupied, held constant Moses chose able men out of all Israel, and communication with the heavens, and received made them heads over the people, rulers of all necessary information for the direction of thousands, rulers of hundreds, rulers of fifties the whole, and in the pattern of heavenly and rulers of tens. And they judged the things stood as representing the things in people at all seasons; the hard causes they heaven: the head of all, the Father, Son, and brought unto Moses, but every small cause Holy Spirit, without which, in the heaventhey judged themselves;" be this as it may by things, no salvation could come to man, the account here given shews that it was es and so it was on earth. Without a quorum sential for the establishing and governing of three at the head, and that quorum appoinof the people, that the seventy here spoken ted of God, there could be no communication of should be appointed, and that the affairs with the heavens.

of Israel could not be conducted without them; After the Jews had set aside this pattern of for proof of this see 14th and 15th verses of the heavenly things, all went into confusion. this 11th chapter of Numbers. "I am not "The laws were transgressed-The ordinanme not see my wretchedness."

next account we have of the farther comple incense before the Lord, then became a stink tion of the organization, is in the 13th chap-in his nose. Isaiah sets this forth in a force-ter of the book of Numbers, to which we able point of light, in the first chapter of his would invite the attention of the reader. This prophecy, see from the 10th to the close of the quorum consisted of twelve, and from what 15th verse, "Here the word of the Lord ye rus is said in the first verse of the chapter, they lers of Sodom; give ear unto the law of our must have been either of the seventy or else God, ye people of Gomorrah. To what purof the first number mentioned in the 18th pose is the multitude of your sacrifices unto

lands, and to set aside either of them, would prayers, I will not hear, your hands are full of have destroyed the order.

The Lord, through Isaiah, admitted

Moses in thus organizing Israel was com-that Israel offered sacrifices, and prayers, but manded to do it according to the pattern instead of there availing any thing, they were which had been given him, and Paul the apos an abomination in his sight. The query is tle speaking of this pattern, says that "it was why were they an abomination in his sight? the pattern of heavenly things." This order something was wrong; but it was not a lack as set forth by the old testament authors is of sacrifices, for the Lord said he was full of purely of digine origin and at the time of them, and he delighted not in the blood of its organization, the only order of things actime was when the Lord did delight in them; while it was maintained in purity, the peoble who belonged to it, were preserved by divine power, and every ordinance which was legitimate reason which can be assigned for the contract was affections and the contract was affecting and the contract was a second and the contra attached thereto, was efficatious and through this, is that they had set aside the order of obedience thereto the promised blessings were government the Lord had istablished among enjoyed; but no sooner was the order brothem, and to attempt to perpetuate the ordi ken, then there was an end to all the bless-nances when this was done, was an insult t ings formerly received through the ordinan-heaven. Incense might be burnt, the smoke ces ordained for the benefit of that people of their sacrifices might ascend up, the herds

able to bear all this people alone, because it is ces changed, and the everlasting covenent brotoo heavy for me. And if thou deal thus ken;" but while the chain of communication with me kill me I pray thee, out of hand, with the heavens remained unbroken, all if I have found favour in thy sight: and let things prospered with the people; but when intirely destroyed, all their ordinances, instead We have now so much of the organization of being efficatious, became an abomination of Israel. First three, then seventy. The to the Lord; that which before had been sweet chapter of Exodus, for they were to be of me?-saith the Lord: I am full of the burnt-of the rulers of the people, or else of both. rulers of the people, or else of both.

ferings of rams, and the fat of fed beasts; and We have now followed the organization of I delight not in the blood of bullocks, or of Israel in the order of government until we lambs, or of hegoats. When ye come to aphave three, seventy, and twelve, and from what pear before me, who hath required this at your is said about them, they could act in more hands, to tread my courts? bring no more vain capacities than one; for they were rulers be oblations; incense is an abomination unto me; fore they were chosen to these distinctive of the new moons and sabbaths, the calling of We deem it unnecessary to follow this assemblies, I cannot away with; it is iniquity, organization any farther, whatever other au-leven the solem meetings. Your new moons thorities there were, they were subordinate to and your appointed feasts my soul hateth; these three grand quorums, the existence of I am weary to bear them. And when ye which were indispensible in managing the af spread forth your hands; I will hide mine fairs of Israel, and in getting them in their eyes from you; yea, when ye make many

and flocks might low, and blate, and bleed, and John, crucified the Savior, on whom they all to no avail. The altars might smoke con-were dependant for the gift of the Holy Ghost, tinually with the sacrifices, and yet, their sins and rejected the "counsel of God against They might stretch forth themselves," and fell a prey to their own cor-Lord would not hear.

tion come on them to the uttermost, ordinances are of no avil, only when adminis- to have the order of heaven established; and tered by those who preserve the order of gov-when they rejected that, their baptism was, ernment which the Lord has established, only enhancing their condemnation. which gives power and efficacy to the ordinance, and without which the attempt to ad-John, we will now examine the organization as costalminister ordinances in the name of the Lord and the effects of that organization, as estabis an abomintion in his sight, and will eventu-lished by the apostles.

ly before our readers, it will be necessary to Holy Ghost, and communion with the heav-take a view of the organization of the, so cale ens had ceased, both among Jews and Genled, christian church; but before examining tiles. All the ordinances that had been adthe organization of the christian chruch; a few ministered or were administering, were of no words about the mission of John the Baptist avail, no gifts of the Holy Spirit followed .will be necessary. We have seen that the Jews Let us now see how the Lord went to work by reason of having broken the chain of com- to remedy the evil, and again reinstate man in munication with the heavens, had rendered his favor. It was not by administering ordiuseless all the ordinances which pertained to nances, nor calling upon people to repent, for the institution of things instituted for the ben-this many had done, and on profession of reefit of that people, so that they were left with-pentance, and not only on profession of repenout the blessings of heaven, and the power of tance, but by also bringing forth the fruits of God, according to the original design and in-repentance—for John required "fruits meet for tention of heaven in their policy, and that all repentance"—had been haptized by John, and their efforts in obeying them, procured no other there they stood, and must stand, until someof heaven, the Lord must take their case in of government among those who had been hand, and send a man or men inspired from on baptized. high to again reinstate the Jews in the favor of heaven. Such was the mission of John the twelve men, and out of these twelve three, to to reinstate that people in the favor of God .- ministry, and by this choice of three, as in the This he did by preaching the baptism of re-days of Moses, began again to establish his pentance for the remission of sins, accompani-order of government on the earth, that the ored with a promise that "there was one coming dinances, which were at this time unavailing, after him, whose shoe latchet he was not wor-might be made of importance to man. thy to stoop down and unloose;" and, through To prepare the three, namely Peter, James this medium, they would again be placed and John, for their calling, the Savior took a

their hands and make many prayers, but the ruptions; and though multitudes of them were baptized by John, they did not, by virtue of The cause of all this, could not be because that baptism, receive the Holy Ghost. They Israel did not desire the ordinances appointed refused to have the order of the government of unto them; for this the Lord says they did.— heaven established, and, in consequence, the Where then was the difficulty? Oh! they had ordinance of baptism could not avail them broken the order of government, and had ceas-ed to act according to the pattern, and in con-sequence had broken the chain of communication tion between them and the Lord; and the Lord that could only be done by restoring the full would not hear neither would he answer; but followed them with curses until destruct that was done, ordinances were of no use, nor What were they of use to the Jews, only as the peomore evidence need we that the observance of ple, who obeyed them, were thereby prepared

At the time they ate at last in the destruction of the people who made their appearance in the world, the Jew-Let so much suffice at present for the ish altar had lost its efficacy, the multitudes baptized by John were scattered all over Ju-In order more fully to have this subject fair-dea, without having enjoyed the gift of the er result than to insult the heavens. If the thing else was done. Now what was that Jews, then, were ever again to enjoy the favor something? It was by establishing an order

> To obtain this object, the Savior chose He came as the Lord's messenger whom he gave the keys of the kingdom or

within the reach of divine favor.

Accordingly he went through all the regions of Judea and Jerusalem, preaching and baptiwelve. There were important occasions on tising, but the full attainment of the blessings of John's mission, was dependent on something which was afterwards to take place;—paring three to stand at the head of his gouthat was the gift or baptism of the Holy Ghost; but the Jews refused the boon offered, rejected and Holy Ghost through whom all blassings. but the Jows refused the boon offered, rejected and Holy Chost, through whom all blessings

flow to mankind; and unless they have repre-sentatives, on earth, all communication will the Savior in order to restore the power of as we pass along.

have the following account:

Son, in whom I am well pleased; hear ye him. These three then were holding a place of their And when the disciples heard it they fell on own in the offices of the church. They sat in their face, and were sore afraid. And Jesus judgement on man's pretentious to be called came and touched them, and said, Arise, and of God. In this quorum of three, Peter stood be not afraid. And when they had lifted up at the head, as is evident. Paul says in the their eyes, they saw no man. save lesus only. 7th verse of this chapter, that "the gospel of And as they came down from the mountain, the circumcision was committed to Peter," Jesus charged them, saying, Tell the vision to "But contrariwise, when they saw that the ne man, until the Son of man be risen again gospel of the uncircumcision was committed from the dead."

ces where the Savior seperated Peter, James, give Peter the head. ficient.

cease between God and man, as we shall see God to the world, did it by first preparing three men to stand as the head of his church. In the 17th chapter of Mathew, commencing we will follow them through their history, and with the 1st verse to the close of the 9th, we this will be confirmed by the place they supplied. Paul called them pillers, at the time "And after six days Jesus taketh Peter, of his visit to Jerusalem to see the apostles.— James, and John his brother, and bringeth See Gallations 2d chapter and 9th verse, "And them up into a high mountain, apart, and was when James, Cephas, and John, who seemed transfigured before them; and his face did to be pillors, perceived the grace that was shine as the sun, and his raiment was white given unto me, they gave to me and Barnabas And, behold, there appeared the right hand of fellowship; that we should go unto them Moses and Elias, talking with him. unto the Gentiles, and they unto the circum-Then answered Peter, and said unto Jesus, cision." These expressions supposes there Lord, it is good for us to be here; if thou wilt, to be some difference between them and the let us make here three tabernacles; one for other apostles. They were the ones that sat thee, and one for Moses, and one for Elias.—in judgement on Paul's case, "When James, While he yet spake, behold, a bright cloud Cephes, and John, perceived the grace that overshadowed them: and behold a voice out was given me," says Paul, "they gave me and of the cloud, which said, This is my beloved Barnabas the righthand of fellowship."

om the dead."

Here is related one of those notable instan- was unto Peter." This would of necessity

and John, and manifested himself to them in In the grand apostolic council held at Je-a manner he did to none others, where they rusalem James presided. See Acts of the ahad a heavenly vision, which they were for postles 15: 13-20, "And after they had held bidden to tell to any others, apostles, or not their peace, James answered, saying, Men and apostles, until "after the Son of man had risen brethren hearken unto me: Simon hath de-Here were glories shown, clared how God at the first did visit the Genthat none of the other apostles saw, they were tiles, to take out of them a people for his name. peculiar to the three, and calculated in an emand and give them advantages over the other will build again the tabernacle of David, apostles. Another instance is recorded in the "Then cometh Jesus with them unto a place" the ruins thereof, and I will set it up; that the "Then cometh Jesus with them unto a place called Gethsemane, and saith unto the disciples, Sit ye here, while I go and pray yonder. And he took with him Peter and the two sons of Zebedee, and began to be sorrowful and beginning of the world. Wherefore my senvery heavy."

The sons of Zebedee here tence is, that we trouble not them which from The sons of Zebedee here tence is, that we trouble not them which from mentioned were James and John. Other in-among the Gentiles are turned to God: but stances might be cited but we deem these suf-that we write unto them, that they abstain from pollutions of idols, and from fornication, From the above quotations, we learn some and from things strangled, and from blood." important facts, that Peter, James, and John, In the 19th verse James says, "wherefore my were the only ones permitted to be with the sentence is, that we trouble not the Gentiles, Savior at the two most important events in his &c. The expression "my sentence," shows The one was when he manifested his at once, that he was presiding in the council, glory, and when Moses and Elias appeared and passed the descision, to which they all awith him; and the other was at the time of his greed. This shews that James, held a place deepest sufferings. These two periods in the in advance of the rest of the twelve. As to Savior's history, being by far the most important John, we have the fullest evidence of the in his whole history. No others, then, had place he supplied in the affairs of the church the advantages they had. They stood in these until the last account we have of him; he was respects far in advance of the other apostles, then an exile in the Isle of Patmos, and, from

the account given, the churches were sending messengers to him, as the presiding officer in have recourse to the sayings of Paul. In the the church to get instruction. See the 2d of the church to get instruction. See the 2d of the church to get instruction. See the 2d of the church to get instruction. See the 2d of the church to get instruction. See the 2d of the church to get instruction. See the 2d of the church to get instruction in relation to the serior of the sayings of Paul. In the 2d chapter of Ist Corinthians 4—6th verses to eat and to drink? Have we not power to the messengers of the seven churches of Asia. Lead about a sister, a wife, as well as other As to these so called angel or messengers, apostles, and as the brethren of the Lod, and they could be none other than messengers the Cephas? Or I only and Barnabas, have not ehurches of Asia had sent to John as their we power to forbear working? Here Barnabas, to get instruction in relation to the affairs of the church. Thus we see that Peter in the 2d chapter of Galatians. 9th verse it is fairs of the church. Thus we see that Peter, in the 2d chapter of Galatians, 2th verse it is James, and John, stood as presiding officers a said that Peter, James, and John gave the mong the authorities of the church as long as they right hand of fellowship to Barnabas as well lived, and held a distinctive office over the rest as to Paul that he might go to the Gentiles, of the twelve or rather, as the case will appear, and in the 1st chapter of the epistle to the Galover the twelve. Thus these three men pre-atians and 19th verse, Paul says thus "But sided in and over the whole church of God un-other of the apostles saw I none, save James til our bible closes their history,

order to bestow the power of God on man, pre-tile. He was not one of the twelve first chopared means for so doing, by first ordaining, sen, James the son of Zebadee, and James the qualifying and setting apart three persons, to son of Alpheus, were, but not James the Lord's preside over and direct the affairs of his church, brother. The question is fairly settled that we will examine how he farther proceeds in before the whole organization was completed, order to accomplish this work. The next there were, twelve apostles, without Peter, thing done to obtain the end desired was to James, and John, whom, we have shown, ocorganize twelve into a quorum, as we are cupied a station peculiar to themselves, and pleased to call it. In order to show this, one in which none others but themselves could clearly, we will call into review such passa-act, because they were the only ones qualified ges of scripture as will fairly settle the ques- for it. tion. This is the more necessary, as their is an opinion prevalent among religionists that Pethe first instance, in order to prepare the way. ter, James, and John, were an essential and to bestow the power, and blessings of the orindevisable part of the twelve. In order to dinances, pertaining to the gospel, upon all have the subject set forth in a clear and un-those who believed. There had to be first of answerable point of light, we will follow the all, three qualified and set apart to stand history of the apostles from the crucifixion of at the head, and direct the concerns of the the Savior, until the whole matter is made whole church; and after that, a subordinate

the time he made his appearance after his res-here insert the names of the twelve, over urrection, we are told the number of the apos-whom as well as all others who were admit-tles was eleven, see Mark 16th chapter 14th ted into the church, Peter, James, and John, verse, "Afterwards he appeared unto the elev-presided, Andrew, Peter's brother; Philip and en, as they sat at meat and upbraided them Bartholomew; Thomas, and Matthew the pubwith their unbelief and hardness of heart, be-lican; James the son of Alpheas, and Lebbeus, cause they believed not them which had seen whose surename was Thadius; Simon the Cahim after he was risen." This was after the nanite; Matthias, Paul, Barnabas, and James, defection of Judas Iscariot. In the 1st chap-the Lord's brother. ter of the Acts of the apostles we have the account of the appointment of Matthias, was the appointment of seventy, see Luke 10: to fill the place from whence Judas had falled. It, "After these things the Lord appointed other of twelve including Peter, James and John. before his face, into every city and place In the days of Paul he gives us the following, whether he himself would come." These also in relation to the apostles, see 1st Corinthiso, after they had been set in order, found the constant of the place of the p ans 15th chapter and 5th verse, "And that he power of God with them, see 17th verse "And was seen of Cephas, then of the twelve."—the seventy returned again with joy, saying, Here Paul speaks of twelve, and the twelve in Lord, even the devils are subject unto us distinction to Peter. He says the Savior was through thy name." Another part of the orseen of Cephas or Peter, and then of the ganization is found in the 6th chapter of the twelve. At this time, then, there was a Acts of the apostles, read from the 1st to the twelve, seperate from Peter. We ask again close of the 6th verse, which is as follows: were there twelve leaving Peter, James, and "And in those days, when the number of the John, to act in their capacity as presidents of disciples was multiplied, there arose a murthe whole church, twelve and all the rest?

the Lord's brother." At this time, according The fact being fairly settled that Christ, in to this, James the Lord's brother was an apos-

ain.

After the crucifixion of the Savior, and at sided. For the benefit of our readers we will

moring of the Grecians against the Hebrews,

daily ministration. Then the twelve called judgment: of sin, because they believe not on the multitude of the disciples unto them, and me: of righteousness, because the prince of said, it is not reason that we should leave the this world is judged. I have yet many things word of God, and serve tables. Wherefore, to say unto you, but ye cannot bear them now. brethren, look ye out among you seven men of Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come honest report, full of the Holy Ghost and wis-he will guide you into all truth: for he shall dom, whom we may appoint over this busi-not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall to prayer, and to the ministry of the word.—to come." In these sayings, the Savior gives And the saying pleased the whole multitude: the reason why it was necessary for him to and they chose Stephen, a man full of faith go away; for if he did not, the Holy Spirit and of the Holy Ghost, and Philip, and Prochorus, and Nicanor and Timon, and Parmecome, the order of heaven could not be organnas, and Nicolas a proselyte of Antioch; ized on earth; for the apostles were forbid to whom they set before the apostles; and when preach until it did come, and if the government they had prayed, they laid their hands on of heaven was not organized on earth. The orthem." There were other subornate quorums, dinances as we have seen, would be unavailwhich are not necessary at present to refer toling. Therefore it was expedient that he as the above formed the principal ones.

organization of the primitive, so called christi-pattern of the heavenly things. His associaan church, as it is a matter of importance for ions were with the Father and the Holy all the saints of the last days to understand it, Spirit. He could not, then, had he staid, orthe faith to their own destruction.

John, but still no account of spiritual bless-go away.
ings following; but no sooner did the apostles As to John, look at his disciples after the ly followed; the Lord confirmed "the word the Holy Ghost, and spake with toungues and with signs following." Not only was bap-prophecied. Wherever the apostles went, aftism of repentance administered for the remister their organization, and administered, sion of sins, but the gift of the Holy Ghost fol-whether it was to John's disciples or others, given but one, and that is that the apostles ac-sent of God, and though he were more than a ted under a system of government, organized prophet did not bring the promised blessings; according to the will of God, and John had but after the organization they did and no failno such organization, nor ever obtained one. ure. The conclusion which follows, is inevetable,

the immediate direction of heaven. pel, which are worthy of notice. From the body, or are members of it.

because their widows were neglected in thelthe world of sin, and of righteousness, and of But we will give ourselves continually hear, that shall he speak, and show you things should goaway; but with whom, if Christ had We have been thus particular in tracing the staid would be been associated to stand as the

that they need not be led astray by designing ganized the pattern of the heavenly things men, as some have been making shipwreck of here; and as man could not be benefitted unlless there were an order of government estab-We shall now examine the effects which lished, it was expedient he should go away, followed this organization. Let the reader and the Holy Spirit be sent down. The great keep in mind the condition of the world before object of the whole scheme was to make the this organization was framed. John had bap-believers partakers of the Holy Spirit, and this tised multitudes, on the profession of their re-could not be done only through an order of pantance, but no spiritual blessings followed. things aranged for this purpose. So it was Jesus and his disciples had baptised more than needful for the disciples that the Savior should

appear in the world under the organization, as apostolic organization, no sooner did the aposthe Lord had directed, than the effects instant-files administer to them, than they received lowed. What caused the difference between spiritual blessings immediately followed, the effects which followed the haptism of the but until that organization, the ordinan-apostles and that of John? no answer can be ces, no matter by whom administered, one

From such a variety of testimony, we may that ordinances are only efficatious when they say with confidence that the question, with all are administered by those who are part of an who acknowledge the bible as evidence, must organization, appointed and established, by be settled, that there are no ordinances, establlished for the church of Christ, that is of any a-We will here say a few more things concer-vail to any person, unless the true government ning the Savior and John. Neither John, nor of the chruch is organized, and that according the Savior, organized any plan of government to the pattern of the heavenly things, as we There are some sayings of the have shown above, and the ordinances admin-Savior, recorded in 16th chapter of John's gos-listered by those who compose that organized

7th to the close of the 13th verse, they are as follows: "Nevertheless I tell you the truth; It is expedient for you that I go away: for if I prayers and his alms came up as a memorial go not away, the Comforter will not come unbefore God," and an heavenly messenger sent to you; but if I depart, I will send him unto to give him instructions and tell him how he was and when he is come, he will reprove and his house could be saved, for notwithstap. you. And when he is come, he will reprove and his house could be saved, for notwithstannot be saved without sending for Peter, and found in the New Testament, no visible rebeing baptised into the church of Christ, as sults follow. And there can be but one reahave before said, that prayers are unavailing, gave efficacy to the ordinances, has been brounless the person offering them, is united with ken up and ceased to exist. an organization according to the pattern of the We have in our own day, and very recentheavenly things. Hence when the Jews had ly a proof of this, which admits of no controderanged the order of government established versy, in the Mormon church. P. P. Pratt by the direction of heaven they were told that has but a short time since, called upon the Elwhen they streched forth their hands, and made ders of that church to cease preaching to the many prayers, the Lord would not hear them," Gentiles, assuring them that if they do bapand that their sacrifices had become an abomitise and build churches among them, that the nation to him. In the order of heaven, as in spiritual gifts will not follow. Hence that other things, like causes will produce like ef-people had no sooner set aside the true order

dition of the religious world, themselves being clare that the spiritual gifts had ceased, and judges. They all say that "the spiriual gifts would cease to follow their ministration.—have ceased," admitting what they say to be This could only be by rejecting the true order true, it remains to inquire why they have established for the government of the church. ceased? There is but one cause which can be No such a declaration as that made by Mr. as authority in matters of religion, and that an apostle, while he was acting under the cause is that the order of government, which true order of church government, as organized God had established for his own church, has according to the will of heaven. While they been broken, and ceased to exist. It was by were thus acting, they called upon all small virtue of the order of church government, that and great to hear, believe, obey and receive they existed in the first place, and the cause the Holy Ghost. It mattered not how much must first cease, before the effect could. If the opposition they had to encounter; if any because still existed the effect would follow.

in the same mode the apostles did, for it is ad- to follow him, ministered in every way it could be by apostles or others, but no gifts of the Holy Ghost
follow. People profess faith and repentance; ministering in the true order of God, since the as in the days of old, and are baptised on the world began, who would have to tell his folprofession of their faith and repentance; but lowers, that the gifts will not follow though they all declare that the gifts of the Holy Spir-you should administer and build up churches. it do not follow, and the reason is obvious, the Such sayings never flow only from the pen or order of church government, as organized of lips of an apostate from the truth. For where the Lord, is no where to be found among them, the true order of God is, there the gifts will And thus it is, that the ordinances, when at-follow, whether among Jews or Gentiles, and tended to, are without the results which an-earth and hell cannot prevent it. The world ciently followed. Did the same church gov-land hell may cry delusion, fanatacism, falseernment exist now as did among the apostles, prophet, as long and as loud as they please, the administration of the ordinances, would but that man who has been called of God, and produce the same effect and not fail.

wants but little observation to see, that the or-Jews or Gentiles, and nothing can hinder; der of heaven has ceased throughout the land, and nothing but apostacy can prevent it; for and though the different denominations are so God has decreed concerning those that obey

ding his righteousness and prayers he could administering the ordinances of the church as This establishes what we son assigned for it, and that is, that that which

of the government of the church, than one of There is no difficulty in seeing the true con-their principal leaders, has to come out and de-

assigned, by those who acknowlege the bible Pratt, was ever heard from the pen or lips of lieved, Jew or Gentile, and was willing to Follow the apostles wherever they went obey, they administered the Holy Spirit to after they were organized, and the same of them, and so would it be with Mr. Pratt if he fects followed their ministry, whether among had not rejected the true order of the church Jews or Gentiles, Arien, Barbarian, Scythian, government; where ever he could find a be-bond or free, the same effects followed their liever who was willing to obey, he could administration, and ceased not until their organ-minister to him the gift of the Holy Spirit;—ization was broken, then and not till then, did but since he has rejected the true order of heavthe spiritual gifts cease, though the ordinances en, he is under the necessity of saying to his continued; but as in the days of John the Bapberthren, it is in vain to administer, for if you tist, the spiritual gifts did not follow the administer—do, the gifts will not follow. Proof direct that istration of them. People are now administer—the her rejected the true order of the church of ing baptism, and some of them must admister—the same made the appealantly to follow him. Thus out of his care month. Thus out of his own mouth

consecrated to his ministery as the Lord di-Take all Christendom together, of all de-rects, and is maintaining the true order of the nominations, Catholics, and all the rest-for government of the chruch of Christ, can adminthe Catholics are driven to the necessity of cal-lister, and when he does it to those who beling the spiritual gifts absurdities-and it lieve, the gifts will follow whether among him, and none can deprive them of their right "God placed in his church first apostles, secbefore God. No man, but an apostate from ond prophets, and afterwards miracles and either bélieve or obey such a mandate.

followed the apostles, after they were organi-gifts of the Holy Spirit will return, and when zed according to the pattern of the heavenly it departs they depart. They were married in things. The fruits which were to, and did their youth, and cannot be parted in their old follow that organization, were never found any age. To this the Mormons, the Campbelits where else, nor never will be. All the religious or Disciples, and the whole religious world ions which men can invent, and all the Zeal bears testimony; all saying the same things, they use in propogating them will be unavail-land seeing the bible is a mass of testimony ing; the gifts of the Holy Spirit does not not confirming the same facts, the truth of it can will not follow their administrations, nor will no longer be doubted. the gifts of the spirit ever be found again in the world only, where the church is organized time, the God of heaven would set up a kingaccording to the pattern of the heavenly things. dom, for if he did not, his blessings must cease Men may administer ordinances, and re-ad-forever to flow to man; and when Christ came minister them; and all will be vain and fruitless. Admitting that P. P. Pratt and his coadjuters ever had the gifts of the spirit, and
then there is an end to all controversy, himself being judge, that he and they have rejected the order of God as delivered by revelation.
For while it is a fact, demonstrated by every
day's observation, that where the order of God
is not, there the blessings of the Holy Spirit
are not, it is equally certain, if we can credit
the would smite the whole earth with a curse.
From the view we have taken of the world
and the bible, it is easily seen why it was
that the God of heaven was to set up a kingdom in the last days, and what is meant by the
prophets, when they say, "the Lord would
set his hand again the second time to recover
the remnant of his people, that had been scatis not, there the blessings of the Holy Spirit
terred." He would have to restore his order
are not, it is equally certain, if we can credit
to the world, in order to prepare the way of
Messiah's coming. We can also see what minister them; and all will be vain and fruit-he would smite the whole earth with a curse. there the blessings of the spirit are, for there such a dispensation as that of the fuleness of is not one instance on record to the contrary times. All these things are made plain and

before our eyes. Some fifteen years since in the glass of the bible. there rose a sect calling themselves disciples, What was the Lord to do when he was the rest of the world, where they were known, to do the things above quoted? this can be called them Campbellites. This sect admin-answered, by asking, what had the world istered the ordinance of baptism by immersion, lost, all can answer, they had lost the gifts for the remission of sins, saying to those of the Holy Spirit, and a restoration implies whom they baptized, that they should receive restoring some thing that had been lost. the Holy Spirit as promised; but where and there is to be a restoration of all things, when did they receive it, at no time nor place, that cannot be done without restoring the or-There is not a sect in Christendom, that has der of church government, which all say is less and knows less of the Holy Spirit than lost; and if the order of church government they do, nor none who deny its influence more is restored, the gifts of the Holy Spirit will stoutly, nor more bitterly, than they do; proof pe restored with it: for we have no account to point, that all their baptising leaves them of the order of the government of the church where it finds them, strangers to God, to his of Christ existing, without the gifts of the order, and his blessings. Why do not the Holy Spirit existing. These always have Disciples, so called, or the Campbellites, regone together; for we have no account of the ceive the Holy Spirit. It is not for want of spiritual gifts existing, where the order of dministering ordinances in view of them, for the church did not exist. Now if there is to this they do; but no Holy Spirit follows.—be a restoration of all things, as Peter says The true reason is they have not the first, and there will, and the heavens must receive-

the truth, dare say to one of his followers, gifts of the Holy Spirit." Their organization, "cease to administer in the name of Jesus, for if they have any, has not the prophets and athe blessings will not follow if you do;" and postles, and cannot have that which followed no person but an alien from the truth would after apostles and prophets. They baptise and keep baptising, and have to join the rest The religious world denying the order of of the world in saying the gift of the Holy the Lord's government in his church, are at-Spirit has ceased. But why multiply evitempting to save themselves by ordinances, dences, the whole religious world is a mass which the Lord ordained to he effecatious of evidence. They all say that the order of through maintaining the true order of the Ged is out of the world, and so are the gifts church government which he caused to be es- of the Holy Spirit. This then is admitted, but tablished; but when they administer the ordi- what follows, it is that as soon as the true ornances no fruit follows, or not the fruits which der of government of the church returns, the

Well then might Daniel say at a certain the order of God is, and where the ordinances is meant by the times of the restitution of all are administered in obedience to that order, things, and why it was that there was to be We have many visible profs of these things easy of understanding, by looking at the world

cannot have the afterwards. For says Paul Christ until that takes place, and that can-

who is to be the restorer. Then, indeed un- by his power among men, for the redemption less the Lord does set his hand again the se-of the purchased possession. The Lord never cond time to recover his people, Christ can had any other object in giving laws, institu-

if he is unchangable, is plain and open before a kingdom, and when it was set up, bear ft off us. He must do as Daniel said he would, triumphant.

That is "set up a kingdom" and if he sets All the prophets viewing this subject, have "up a kingdom" we have in the scriptures spoken of the effects of this kingdom. No how he would do it, if he does as he has man can read the sayings of the former day

he has changed. der to restore all things;

God, and so immutable are his ways, and so Upon what principle is it, that all the disuniform his course. If it be asked why this plays of Divine power, by which the prophets uniformity in the course of the Deity in his declare the varied scenes of this stage of huintercourse with men! we answer that man man existence are to wind up and pass away, may not be deceived, and if he is deceived and give place to another state of existence that it may be his own fault, for having before is to come to the world. Mormonism, like the him the order in which the Lord always pro-rest, has failed, and they cry no gifts of the ceeds in regulating his church, he has only Spirit will follow our administrations. The to lay aside his prejudices, and look for him-case is too plain to admit of a doubt; the God self, and if he will not, he must bear the of heaven must "set up a kingdom," or else consequences. If any say lo here is the the Bible, as well as Catholicism, Protestantchurch of Christ, or lo there, no man need be ism, and Mormonism, must fail. deceived, he has only to compare the order That there are to be displays of Divine with that found in the scriptures, and if it power, with which the affairs of the presdoes not bear the divine impress, he may sent state of human existence are to be know that it is not of God, and it will curse wound up, none who believe the Bible will the author, and condemn those who embrace dare deny, and they cannot be exercised it, so that all men, into whose hands the bi-lamong men, only by ostablishing an order of ble comes, may be left without excuse, and things for that purpose, as we have before the believer be justified, and God be just; for clearly proven. So that the conclusion forced such is, and will be the result of God's deal- on the mind, is that, in order for the restora-

setting up a kingdom, it was at a time when pattern of the heavenly things, as before the power of God was no where on the earth, shown, and maintain that order, and by that as manifested to the ancients under the gospel order, and the kingdom was to be set up, all the prophets; usher in the promised rest,

not take place until Elias or an Elias comes that the Lord might again begin to work never come, only with a curse to smite the tions, ordinances, and forms of government whole earth.

With all these facts before us, the subject lish his power with them, and bestow his is a plain one and easy of understanding spiritual blessings upon them. Daniel says and the way the Lord will and must proceed to this end, the God of heaven would set up

done in former times, and if he does not then prophets, without being convinced that the We can then plainly see affairs of this world cannot wind up, without what must be done in the last days in or-great manifestations of Divine power, as great, if not greater, than ever has been. But how First the Lord must prepare and qualify shall this be? From the view we have taken, three men, to stand at the head of his church it can only be by establishing an order of and kingdom as representatives of the heav-things through which the ordinances can again enly things; for so he did at all times before be made efficacious, and the blessings of the when he began to prepare the way to bestow spirit follow. Take Catholicism as it now the blessings of the Holy Spirit on men. This exists, and how long will it have to exist, to is the first step in putting the things of God make the ordinances efficacious, and the blessis the first step in putting the things of God make the ordinances efficacious, and the blessin order in the world, and at this place—"the
God of heaven" must begin to set up his
kingdom. Then comes the other order of
government such as twelve, seventy, and after this gifts, miracles, &c., and thus follows
helps in government or governments. Thus
helps in government or governments. Thus
tis that God sets up a kingdom among men,
and the only plan we have an account of.—
And Paul says of it that it was devised in
heaven "before the world was" and cursed
be the man that alters or changes it, yea,
cursed be an angel from heaven if he does

Eternity would leave the world as far as relates to the gifts of the Holy Spirit where it is, lates to the gifts of the Holy Spirit where it is, So unchangable are the fixed purposes of with only Protestantism and Catholicism in it.

tion of all things, the Lord will first establish When Daniel speaks of the God of heaven and put his kingdom in order according to the establish his authority, dethrone the devil, we do not wish to hand down to posterity destroy death, glorify the Father by glorify his name appended to such a production. ing man, and wear the eternal crown awarded him for his triumph.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE

PITTSBURGH, PA. SEPTEMBER 1, 1845

When a subscriber in the country, wishes to send for the Messenger and Advocate, he can now take a sheet of cap or letter paper, write us a long communication on it. are ever were or could be a people who anand inclose a bank bill and send it 300 miles swered that description, it is the people of cents. As the price of our paper is very low. will. ourfriends must, in all cases, pay the postage on their letters. It will be but little for them, ceive the world alone but one another. but it is very burthensome to us.

It would seem from communications received in various ways, that we are objects of envy in a peculiar manner: not only are the papers of the country, occasionally throw- "they have ruined us, they have been the ing out abuse, but there is a new system in- means of our Charters being taken; our lives Ily received one of those productions with a or some where else, said to be from a corres-Ivins, Keokuk, Iowa.

society, we are not willing to lay to his charge, without the best evidence, a production in a civilized community.

Ells of Allegheny city. We are favored with letters, post marked tunity of taking the reproach off his character without ceremony.

and redeem the dead and living, and Christlif he is not guilty; for unless he is guilty.

As to the efforts making at Nauvoo; they are such as the authors are capable of making. Their manner of doing things, are surely peculiar to themselves. Paul said, long since of some people who should live in the last days, that they would "wax worse and worse deceiving and being deceived," and if there are ever were or could be a people who anfor five cents-or any distance further for ten Nauvoo. If they do not, none ever did or

The course they pursue is not only to de-At one time the cry is "let the church of Christ alone let them die in peace" but hefore the sound thereof gets round, and back from whence it started, it is followed by another vented of sending us abusive letters, some and property are in danger." That is soon are anonymous and others bear the signature followed by the news we are at peace, all of those who probably wrote them, or else is well and doing well." The next thing we there are those who are writing abusive let- hear are letters teeming with falsehoods isters over false signatures. We have recent-suing from their press, dated at Pittsburgh signature to it that render it doubtful to us, pondent at the place where it bears date, but whether or no, it is not written over a false lo and behold on reading the communication. signature, as we could not feel to charge the it is the production of one residing at Nauvoo man, whose name is signed to it, with who is well known for perjury, as his style albeing sufficiently degraded to write such a ways betrays him. Then finding that will production; for if we are to take it as an in-not succed they have recourse to an old stratdex to the author's heart, it must be degraded agem, that of sending some of their tools aindeed, far beneath any thing we had sup-broad to invent and write falsehoods to them posed. It bears the signature of Charles from such places as they may direct. A recent instance of the revival of this system has We cannot feel yet, to charge this very made its appearence; an ignorant booby by if he has not written it, we give him a the name of Amos Fielding, is now employchance to say so, and if he has we should ed in this service. The system was invented really like to know it; for though Mr Ivins a long time since, and a docter Foster was the may not have had the advantages of refined first agent in the employ of the author of this system of things. The Doctor started on that would disgrace any man, that was raised his mission, with all the enthusiasm of his nature, and soon favoured the West with any The letter was directed to Elder Josiah quantity of letters of the above description; but what was the result? what might be expectat Nauvoo, of a similar character but gen-ed? The Doctor, and his master soon quarerally, anonymous. All of which we have relled, and nothing but blood would satiate in reserve, as we shall probally at some fuleither party; the result was the master fell a ture day give the history of that people, of which these letters will form a part. It is on this account, we give Mr Ivins the oppor-

of a corrupted people. If this is not "deceiv-sent deliverance, and if they had to die at the ing and being deceived", then no such things hands of their enemies, they bore it as from ever did, or ever will exist. No people but the hand of their God.

those whose "consciences are seared as with As to the people of Nauvoo or elsewhere a hot iron" could be guilty of such folly and if it is any satisfaction to them to rail at us, madness; but they have their reward, and ere they can have all the benefit that will result long will receive it.

revealed in the bible, there is nothing like the hand of God, and not in theirs, and when they from the living God; the description of those will leave it, whom the sacred writers call enemies to God so exactly suit the people of Nauvoo, that had that society existed in the days of the apostles, they could not have described them more perfectly than they have done; the de. you, (for language is inadequate,) how most scription is to the life.

living God, who could be driven to the a at the hands of Brother McLellin. It came buses and corruptions, to which the people of very opportunely; for truly a friend is one Nauvoo are driven, only apostatizing from who will give the warning voice to his friend God; nothing could do this, but want of confi-when he sees him in danger, for I now realise dence in God, which no people that serve that I was in danger, standing as it were upon God can lack; for they that serve God have the a precipice; but whom shall I most thank?promise, "that they shall know of the doctrine I feel to raise my heart to my heavenly Father, whether it be true or false," so that a people and say O Father, I will thank and praise that serve. God cannot lack confidence in him, thee for all thy loving kindness; thou hast

to false means to sustain themselves, they do thou hast shown thy servants the truth, the it because they have not confidence in God; if way, and the light, and that light has come to they have confidence in God, they would trust me, and has reached the secret recesses of my the care and keeping of themselves into his heart more mightily than it ever did before. hands in righteousness, come good or come! I need not stop here to tell you the why's evil. They would say as did Paul "I know and wherefore's any more, concerning the sore him in whom I have believed, and I know he trials and afflictions which I have had to pass is able to keep, whatsover, I have trusted in through since I saw you. Being well aware his hands."

to condescend to falshood nor wicked strata yet at the same time when I reflect back it gems, they take "the contradiction of sinners would appear as if circumstances were beyond against themselves with patience, as seeing my control. The many brethren that have him who is invisible" without fear. The passed through, and the different counsel repeople of God, in these respects, have always ceived from them, seemed to bewilder my been and will always remain, an astonish mind, at the same time, I can safely say that ment to the world. Through good report as I never tried harder, and was more devoted in well as evil their confidence was an anchor to my life, yet with all my tears and with all my the soul. Their characters, their life, and their prayers, I find I have erred in spirit and judgeall, they committed in to the hands of God as ment; and whilst in the midst of these into the hands of a faithful creator. Their en-troubles, and trials, and temptations, and difemies might rage and foam, persecute and re-ficulties, no love, no faith, no zeal,-Lo and vile, but still they laid their case open before behold an olive branch of peace, of loye and

Such are the schemes, and such the results the Lord, and waited patiently on him until he

from it, either in time or eternity, knowing as In the history of all the religions, and of we do that ere long the Lord will judge beall those who were followers of the religious tween us, and also knowing that we are in the people of Nauvoo only among those whom have gone far enough, the Lord will say "thus the bible charges with having apostatised far shalt thou go and no farther," and there we

Philadelphia, August 20th 1845.

MY DEAR BROTHER:

I need not begin to tell heartily I do thank you for the very kind and There never were a people who served the affectionate letter which I received from you It is in all cases where men have recourse seen my ways and my wanderings from thee;

that I have brought many of them on myself, A people who fear God have none occasion I do not feel to justify myself in the premises; he came not lording it over us with a sword, session. but in all meekness and love, forbearance and longsuffering; and I pray God he may have of the fruit which this branch of the true vine the peace maker's reward. He has indeed en bears: Leve without dissemulation, and to be listed my feelings to that extent, that I feel I of the same mind one toward another, and not could-go to the death for him.

McLellin preached several times with good re- and always to be instant in prayer. have peace. I hope Dear Brother that you, hearts rejoice and our cups run over. nor no one of you will lose confidence in me, mercy.

heart; he stops with me which is a blessing. Brother Soby is well and in good spirits. Give my best respects to all the brethren, and tell them that I urgently request that they will remember me in their prayers, that I may stand unto the end; and receive for yourself the esteem of your Brother in the gospel,

> And hope of the rest of God. J. H. NEWTON.

. To WM. RICHARDS.

Plesantville, Washington Co. Pa. Aug. 25, '45 BROTHER E. ROBINSON.

Dear Sir:- I have the pleasure of Christ, in this place, is bearing fruit of an excellent quality, in consequence of it abiding in the vine; yea, even in him who hath organized his kingdom, and hath called the members therein a chosen generation, a Royal priesthood, an holy nation, a peculiar people, that we should show forth the praises of him who hath called us to go and bring forth much fruit, and that it should remain: yea, even

mercy bursted in upon us, and spoke peace tolearth, but heaven; and I will remove all those the anxious heart, and calmed our troubled things that can be shaken, and those things minds; truly a good Samaritan. I know you which cannot be shaken shall remain. There. have anticipated who that individual is, well fore we have received a Kingdom which canit is brother McLellin; and what shall I say not be shaken, neither moved nor destroyed, of that beloved Brother? I know that I can but it shall roll forth and break in peices all say nothing of him, but what you already other kingdoms, and bring in the rest of God: know; but be assured of this one thing, that yea, even the redemption of the purchased pos-Beloved Brother, the following is a sample

to be wise in our own conceit, nor to be over-The prospect is glorious for peace; brother come of evil, but overcome evil with good, sults, and the brethren have met him in the meetings we have the out pourings of spiritual private houses several times, and we hold a- gifts, such as faith, healing, wisdom, knowlnother meeting this evening. We all, who edge, revelations, tongues, interpretations, have met, feel a spirit of repentance and con-dreams, visions, and the ministering of angels With the blessings of God we will from the mansions of glory: therefore, our

We have baptized two more, one on the for let us be merciful, and then we will obtain 13th and the other on the 20th, and many more are believing, I pray God our heavely Father. Brother McLellin received a letter from bro-that they may believe with their hearts unto ther Rigdon last evening, and one from his righteousness, and add unto their faith virtue, wife this morning which has gladdened his that they may receive the gift of the Holy Ghost, which will produced in them a knowl. edge of those everlasting truths which we proclair, and they be saved though as by fire; yea, even with those few that will be left, when the earth shall be burned up and few men left.

> Please inform brother Lynch that his bor. ther David, is one of those who was baptized, and is now rejoicing with all his house in the God of their salvation.

Your brother in the kingdom

and church of Christ.

JOHN FRAZER.

P. S. Since the above was written I have of informing you that the branch of the church had the privilige of baptising one more, thanks be to our heavenly Father,

J. F. Aug. 29. Yours,

ESSAY ON THE PROPHESIES AND COMING EVENTS.

[CONTINUED FROM PAGE 251.]

MR. EDITOR:

Having been very busily employed with the common avocations of life, I have neglected to write for a few weeks past, but now rewhen the voice of him that speaketh from sume my pen to continue my prophetic hisheaven, saying, I will not only shake the tory. In view of the remnant of Israel, we

think the subject is perfectly plain, that they a prophet to warn the generation in the which will be gathered as well as all nations pre- he will come, of their danger, then he is a paratory to the coming of Christ; and we partial God, and not what the scriptures re-have set forth a part of the means the Lord present him to be; and that scripture is not will make use of to bring about this gather-all true, which says, as it was in the days of ing according to his own word. We are Noah, so shall also the coming of the son of aware, that the traditions of the Gentile world, man be. But in view of the parable of the do not all agree with the prophetic (Bible) marriage supper before quoted, Christ said at history; but where did they get their tradisupper-time, he sent out his servants to tell tions? They must have inherited them from those that are bidden to come, for all things their forefathers. See Jeremiah, 16th chapter are new ready. The Lord will send his serand 19th verse: "O my God, my strength, vants to warn the generation that he comes in, and my fortress, and my refuge in the day of that they may escape the calamities and judgaffliction, the Gentiles shall come unto thee ments that shall fall upon the world at that from the ends of the earth, and shall say, day. In the 24th chapter of Matthew, Christ surely our fathers have inherited lies, vanity, spake of two servants that should be appointant things wherein there is no profit." By ed to rule over his house-hold, to give them the above quotation, we learn that the Gen-meat in due seuson. One of them would be a tiles that obtain a knowledge of the truth, faithful and wise servant, whom his lord when will confess that they have inherited tradi-he come, should find so doing; the other was tions that are false, when they are gathered called an evil servant, because he began to together from the end of the earth. We are eat and drink with the drunken, and smite his aware, also, that the religious world do not fellow-servants. Christ said the Lord of that generally profess to believe, that there was to servant would come in a day that he looketh be any prophets or miracles after the suffer-not for him, and cut him assunder, and aping of Christ and his apostles in the flesh point him his portion with hypocrites; then We shall endeavor to prove by the word of shall the kingdom of heaven be likened to the Lord, that those traditions are false. See ten virgins, which took their lamps and went Luke 14th chapter, 15th, 16th, and 17th forth to meet the bridegroom. By the 24th verses: "And when one of them that sat at and 25th chapters of Matthew, we can see meat with him heard these things, he said clearly, that Christ predicted what should unto him, blessed is he that shall eat bread in take place preparatory to his second advent; the kingdom of God. Then said he unto him, that there will be a something, or some kind a certain man made a great supper, and bade of an organization which he called the kingmany: and sent his servant at supper-time, dom of heaven, compared to ten virgins, with to say to them that were bidden, come, for all a faithful and wise servant appointed to rule things are now ready." over them, which will go forth to meet the There is a time spoken of in the scriptures, Lord at his coming, and wheever is led by the with its attendant events, called the marriage Spirit of God, will understand their day of

supper of the Lamb. I need not spend time visitation, and if they live in the generation to prove, that it will take place at the second that Christ shall come in, they will discern advent of Christ, as but few if any disputes the times, and seek safety where there is reit. In view of that great and notable day, they have no opporting the times, and seek safety where there is reities has been much written by the inspired that is, be born of water and of the spirit, writers, setting forth the necessary preparations. When a nobleman upon the earth Joel, 2d chapter and 25d verse: "And it shall makes a marriage for his son, he makes great come to pass, that whosoever shall call on the preparations before hand, and some times attended with great expense. Here let me ask a question. Will the great day of the Lord, and in Jerusalem shall be delivered and the inhabitants of the earth know nothing of it until it overtakes them as a thief in the top prepare the way before his second advent, night? This may be the case with the most of see Malachi, 3d chapter, 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th them; but is it because they have no opport verses: "Behold. I will send my messenger.

or marriage supper of the Lamb, take place, nant whom the Lord shall call."

But in view of the Lord sending a prophet to prepare the way before his second advent, night? This may be the case with the most of the truth concerning it? On the Lord said, "as it was the Lord, whom ye sesk, shall suddenly come in the days of Noah, so shall the coming of the Lord, whom ye sesk, shall suddenly come in the days of Noah, so shall the coming of the Lord, whom ye sesk, shall suddenly come in the days of Noah, so shall the coming of the Lord, whom ye sesk, shall suddenly come in the days of Noah, so shall the coming of the Lord, whom ye sesk, shall suddenly come in the days of Noah so shall the coming of the Lord, whom ye delight in: behold, he shall ing, marrying, and given in marriage, until come, saith the Lord of hosts. But who may the day that Noah entered the Ark, and knew not until the flood came and swept them all he appeareth? for he is like a refiner's fire, away. Let me here ask the objectioner, if and like fuller's soap? And shall sit as a rethe Lord sent that generation a prophet to finer and purifier of silver; and he shall purify warn them of the impending danger that hung the sons of Levi, and purge them as gold and over their head? If he did, and does not send silver, that they may offer unto the Lord an

offering in righteousness. Then shall the shalt thou go forth out of the city, and thou offering of Judah and Jerusalem be pleasant shalt dwell in the field, and thou shalt go even unto the Lord, as in the days of old, and as in to Babylon; there shalt thou be delivered; former years." The Lord said, behold I will there the Lord shall redeem thee from the hand send my messenger and he shall prepare the of thine enemies." The 1st verse tells when. way before me. But says the objector to Compare the above with Isaiah 66th chapter. there being prophets in the last days: did not 7th and 8th verses: "Before she travailed. Malachi's prediction refer to John the baptist? she brought forth; before her pain came, she I answer, that it did not, and for the best of was delivered of a man child. Who hath reasons; for those things the Lord said by heard of such a thing? Who hath seen such Malachi, should take place when he appeared, things? Shall the earth be made to bring did not take place. of Levi should offer an acceptable offering in once? for as soon as Zion travailed, she righteousness; then shall the offering of Ju-brought forth her children." dah and Jerusalem be pleasant unto the Lord, Zion's man child spoken of by Isaiah, and as in the days of old, and as in former years. Malachi's messenger, and the wise servant I do not recollected reading any account of spoken of by Christ in the 24th chapter of the sons of Levi offering an acceptable offer-Matthew, all refers to the same person. ing unto the Lord at the first coming of Christ; us here examine the vision of John the Bapand so far from the offering of Judah and Je-tist, and the vision of Malachi's messenger, rusalem being pleasant unto the Lord, the and see how they agree. See Isaiah 40th prophecy of Daniel was fulfilled on their chapter and 2d verse: "Speak ye com-heads. They set up the abomination that fortably to Jerusalem, and cry unto her, that maketh desolate Christ said. See Matthew, her warfare is accomplished, that her ini-23d chapter, 37th, 38th and 39th verses: quity is pardoned: for she hath received at "O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, thou that killest the Lord's hand double forall her sins." the prophets, and stonest them which are sent According to the above prophecy, John's unto thee, how often would I have gathered mission was to prepare the Jews to receive thy children together, even as a hen gathereth their Lord at his coming, or in other words, to her chickens under her wings, and ye would prepere their way before them. See Luke 7th not. Behold your house is left unto you des-chapter and 27th verse: "This is he of whom me henceforth, till ye shall say, blessed is helbefore thy face, which shall prepare thy way that cometh in the name of the Lord." And before thee."-" As it is written in the prophinstead of accepting their offering, he called ets, behold, I send my messenger before thy them serpents, ye generation of vipers, how face, which shall prepare thy way before can you escape the damnation of hell. And thee."—"For this is he of whom it is writinstead of the prophecy of Malachi being ful-ten, behold, I send my messenger before thy filled, a prophecy of Micah is fulfilling on face, which shall prepare thy way before their heads. See Micah, 5th chapter, 1st, 2d, thee." and 3d verses: "No gather thyself in troops, From the foregoing quotations, it is clearly O daughter of troops: he hath laid siege seen what John's vision was. We shall here against us: they shall smite the judge of Is notice what John had to do, in order to prerael with a rod upon the cheek. But thou, pare the Jews to receive their king at his first Bethlehem Ephratah, though thou be little coming. The subject that is now before us, among the thousands of Judah, yet out of thee is the setting up of Christ's kingdom among shall he come forth unto me that is to be ruler the Jews at Jerusalem; and his kingdom in Israel; whose goings forth have been from could not be set up, until a sufficient number of old, from everlasting. Therefore will he had become subjects, out of which he could give them up, until the time that she which select the necessary officers to organize with, travaileth hath brought forth: then the rem-for where there is no administrators, there is nant of his brethren shall return unto the no government nor kingdom, but a mass of children of Israel." Compare this with Mark confusion. John was sent with a commission 15th chapter and 19th verse: and they smote to prepare subjects for his kingdom, and the him on the head with a reed, and did spit mode of preparation was first to believe in upon him, and bowing their knees worshipped their king; second, to repent of their sins; him. Micah said they would smite him with third, to be baptized for the remission of their a rod upon the cheek; therefore will he give sins; which was an initiating ordinance. See them up until the time that she which travail- John 3d chapter and 5th verse: "Jesus answereth hath brought forth: then the remnant of ed, verily, verily, I say unto thee, except a manhis brethren shall return to the children of he born of water, and of the Spirit, he cannot Israel. Some may be ready to inquire who enterinto the kingdom of God." The Jews stonit is spoken of by Micah that travaileth; the ed and killed the prophets that was sent unto answer is in the 4th chapter and 10th verse: them in the name of the Lord, to teach them "Be in pain, and labor to bring forth, O daugh the principles of righteousness down to the

The Lord said the sons forth in one day? or shall a nation be born at . I consider that For I say unto you, ye shall not see it is written, behold, I send my messenger

ter of Zion, like a woman in travail: for now days of John; last of all, he was sent to pre-

unto him whatsoever they listed, and he was ciled, will be taken out of their way, that the thrust into prison and beheaded; and instead kingdom which cannot be shaken, may remain. of their being righteous enough to organize Therefore, it becomes necessary for him to with, they were a generation of vipers. And send a messenger to prepare the way before Christ said from the day of John the baptist him, that when he comes, he may find faith until now, the kingdom of heaven suffereth on the earth, and not smite the whole earth violence, and the violent taketh it by force. with a curse; and consequently, the Lord Christ also spake a parable unto them on this said by Malachi, behold I will send my messubject. See Matthew, 21st chapter, from senger, and he shall prepare the way before the 33d to the 43d verse. In conclusion he me. The Lord said by the prophet Micah. said, therefore, say I unto you, the kingdom that out of Bethlehem shall he come, who is of God shall be taken from you and given to to be ruler in Israel. He who is to be ruler in a nation bringing forth the fruits thereof. Israel, will rule Israel when the time appoint-Christ said of John, this is Elias if you will ed comes; and he will not only rule Israel, receive him; but when John found that they but all the families of the earth. See Zach. would not receive him, he said of Christ, he 14th chapter, and 9th verse: "And the Lord must increase, but I must decrease. We shall shall be king over all the earth: in that day now notice the messenger spoken of by Mal-shall there be one Lord, and his name one. achi. The Lord said he shall prepare the We think we have made the subject suffiway before me, and the Lord whom ye seek ciently plain, so that he that reads may under. shall suddenly come to his temple. In order to stand. understand this preparation, it is necessary to tions, and leave our readers to solve it for learn some of the purposes of God concern themselves. Will the kingdom of heaven go ing the second advent of Christ. We are not forth to meet the Lord at his coming, and altogether left in the dark, for the Lord has have no man appointed of God to lead them, revealed many things, and the revealed things or messenger to prepare the way? How will belong to us; they are written for our instruction, know when to go out to meet him, and Paul's Epistle to the Colossians, 1st chapter them the word of the Lord? 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th verses: "For by him were all things created, that are in heaven, and that are in earth, visible and invisible, whether they be thrones, or dominions, or principalities, or powers: all things were things in heaven."

tution, when the heavens and the earth come Harris.

pare subjects for the kingdom, and they did together, all things in earth that is not recon-

We shall now ask one or two ques-We shall here notice a revelation in where to go to, without a prophet to give

AMOS B. TOMLINSON.

Pittsburgh, September 3, 1845. DEAR BROTHER IN THE LORD:

I wish to give you created by him, and for him: and he is before some information concerning the mission that all things, and by him all things consist. And was assigned Elder Brothers and myself at he is the head of the body, the church: who the April Conference. We left Pittsburgh, is the beginning, the first-born from the dead; on July 3d, and arrived at Beaver in the after-that in all things he might have the pre-emi-noon, went home with brother Greig, remainnence. For it pleased the Father that in him ed with him that night. Brother Greig and should all fulness dwell; and having made wife treated us with the utmost kindness; we peace through the blood of his cross, by him left them with the blessing of God, and purto reconcile all things unto himself; by him, sued on our journey. On the 4th we walked 1 say, whether they be things in earth, or 14 miles, and arrived at the house of brother Pry; gave out an appointment to preach the It is said in the above quotation, that all same evening, we had quite an interesting things were created by him and for him, congregation, we preached the plan of salva-whether they be thrones, or dominions, princi-tion to them, and I trust much good may result palities, or powers, and a work of reconcilia-from it. We continued our journey and pastion is going on, to reconcile all things unto sed on to Kirtland. We conversed with some himself, whether things in earth, or heaven, of the brethen in this place and vicinity, upand all things that is not reconciled, nor will on the all important subject of the organization not become reconciled, will be punished, as of the church, and made known unto them the he said by the prophet Isaiah, 24th chapter, apostacy that had taken place with the people and 21st verse: "And it shall come to pass at Nauvoc; and some felt inclined to investiin that day, that the Lord shall-punish the gate the subject presented. We contiuned on host of the high ones that are on high, and our journey to Cleveland, Ohio. On this rout the kings of the earth upon the earth." And we met with many things of interest; we saw that part of the heavens that are reconciled, Mr. Martin Harris, he bore testimony to the he will bring with him when he comes. See Book of Mormon, said he wrote part of it Revelations, 19th chapter and 14th verse: while Mr. Joseph Smith translated it from the 44 And the armies which were in heaven fol-plate of Gold. I have not space in my letter, lowed him upon white horses, clothed in fine at this time, to enter into particulars with relinen, white and clean." At the great resti-gard to the conversation we had with Mr.

took up our labors in Brownstown, Wayne co. world that the church of Christ could not ex-In this place we found a branch of the church ist on the earth without a prophet at the head that stood connected with that body of people of it; and a people that have cried to the world, at Nauvoo; we appointed meetings and "O your fathers garnished the tombs of the preached to them; our congregations were gen-apostles, and you, their children, hold their erally large and attentive. A portion of our memory sacred, and yet with all this, you do erally large and attentive. A portion of our memory sacred, and yet with all this, you do time was devoted in examining the organization not want God, our kind Father, to send a tion of the church, as it existed 15 years ago, prophet or an apostle into your midst; O proving that it was in accordance with the allow fallen is this generation,? And truly it postolic organization in the days of Christ; allies so; but behold, O hark, and hear O ye naso proving that the twelve apostles, now so tions of the earth, this same people that taught called, and the people at Nauvoo, have departed illemma; this same people have rejected a cold from the organization of the church, but prophet of God; they have said they did not ed from the organization of the church, but prophet of God; they have said they did not have also taught many things that are calcula- want one to be in their midst, ted to destroy the happiness of mankind. We he? I will tell you dear reader, it is because proved to them also, that Eider S. Rigdon is they have transgressed the law of God, they the legitimate president of the kingdom of God. became exalted in their own minds, they de-The people all said that we had proved, accorparted from the truth, and thus they fell.—ding to our revelations, that if Joseph Smith When their prophet was murdered, they bewas a prophet of God, then it followed, according to the revelations, that Elder Rigdon was dy to worship the the men that fell. But alalso a prophet.

May God our heavenly Father, be from.

joicing in the truth, We preached in Frank and improving our tallents while the day lasts. lin. Oakland co. some 6 or 7 times, and held one discussion with one of the Elders of that branch of the church. This branch also adhere to the twelve, but when the truth was preached, with regard to the apostacy that took place in Nauvoo, some of them expressed a determination to investigate the subject .-The people in this place also said, that if J. Smith was a prophet, then Elder Rigdon must people returned us their thanks for our labors, and many said, they believed we were men of God. I have no doubt but many will receive the truth in this vicinity. We preached in other places and the same results followed.—

The neonle want some more of our fill.—

Ry order of the Twolve. The people want some more of our Elders sent to that State. The work of God is onward, and who can stop its progress? answer is no one; but it will continue to spread among the nations of the earth until all things are consumated in righteousness. have many things to say, which I trust will Is printed about the first and fifteenth of every be edifying to the saints, but I must defer it month, by until my next.

of God, let us keep the commands of our heavenly Father; let us practice the principles which we teach others; let us act in ingus five new subscribers, and forwarding us righteousness towards all men. We have five dollars current money, shall receive one voo, a people once in the favor of God; a peo-ceive attention.

We passed on to the state of Michigan, ple with a prophet; a people who taught all the O how can it so they want no more living prophet in their We haptized 6 in this region of country, midst; so they have said, and we do not feel and another gave in her name. Five of these to walk after them; they have fallen off from were members of the branch at Brownstown. the true vine, hence they cannot receive any Places for preaching are open all through the nourishment. Our prayer to God is that they country; the people are anxious to hear the may see the error of their ways, and turn there-I would inform the saints that Elder pleased to send more laborers into this part of Brothers intends to stay in Michigan, and he his vinvard, is our prayer.

Whe will go? The people We left Brownstown, and the saints were re- wish you to come and preach. Let us be up May God bless you all, is my prayer.

J. COOPER.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

A special Conference of the Church of Christ will be held in Philadelphia on the 6th day of October next.

All absentee members of the Grand Council from the general Conference, and all offi-

S. BENNETT, C'lk.

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE,

OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST,

E. ROBINSON, I would say in conclusion, to all the saints (Book, Job and Xylographic Printer,) No. 197
God, let us keep the commands of our Liberty st. Head of Wood, Pittsburgh Pa.

many exampels before us where men have done volume gratis. All letters must be addressed that which is wrong; look at the people of Nau- to E. Robinson, Publisher, Post Paid, to re-

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AN ESSAY ON PRIESTHOOD.

BY S. RIGDON.

which there is so much said, and about which there has been so much written, that we also will take the liberty of saying a few things about it. All religious sects, of this day as well as previous days, in some form or other lay claim to the Priesthood of the primitive, in order to reach the subject fairly we will so reach the subject fairly we will see that the subject fairly will see that the subject fairly we will see that the subject fairly we will see that the subject fairly will see tha The subject of the Priesthood is one about this claim, go forth into the world to build present it as it is, founded on this claim.—
churches, and when they build them, they say There can be no proof of the fact, from a conthey are churches of Christ, built by the authority of heaven, and organized according to contended for for if any other so called, christian church, and by virtue of

that without an endued Priesthood the church denying that ordination does bestow the priestof Christ could not have been organized and hood, for if it does in one case, it will in all

All religious denominations, or nearly all, the priesthood which Christ instituted, and by and if none of then can, there is an end to that principle claim to be the church of Christ, gives the priesthood. So that the claim The Catholics and the Episcopalians make which they make of the priesthood, founded the highest claims to priesthood, and therefore on a continuous chain of ordination from the claim the honor of being the church of Christ, apostles, proves too much, and consequently to the exclusion of others, or at least the Cath-proves nothing.

olics do; and it must be acknowledged by all sects, that if the priesthood is any where in churches are heretics, and not of God, yet, if others cannot.

supposing, when they have done this, their claim go forth and build up churches, then inclaims to the true priesthood cannot be doubted, deed, the Catholics have as strong claims to

It is this claim which we are disposed to examine, in the first instance.

Whether their claim is true or false, is

In order to reach the subject fairly, we will

the platform laid down in the New Testament. contended for; for if any other qualifications are required but the ordination, or in addition It is admitted by all that Christ, in order to to this claim of the priesthood by ordination, build his church, did establish a priesthood, the claim by ordination is given up. Now as build his church, did establish a priesthood, the claim by ordination is given up. Now as and that by that priesthood his church was to this claim as set up by the Catholics, we built, and if the priesthood had not existed, by have a few things to say. If ordination gives which his church was built, it could not have the priesthood, then all societies which can been organized. This is so plainly taught, that no one can doubt it; for the apostles were that no one can doubt it; for the apostles were the apostles have the same claims to the priest-commanded to tarry at Jerusalem until they hood the Catholics have, and if ordination gives indewment, all will agree, was to enable them others, and from this there is no escape; for if the Catholics attempt to deny this priesthood. This being admitted, it follows of necessity to others, they give up their own claims by This being admitted, it follows of necessity, to others, they give up their own claims, by

cases. That other sects can prove their ordination seem to admit this fact, and, accordingly, ef-lin regular succession from the apostles, is just forts are made by them to prove that they have as certain as the Catholics can prove theirs, which his church was established; and on their claim to the priesthood, if it is ordination

the sectarian world, the Catholics have as high the Catholic claim to the priesthood is correct, if not higher claims to it than any others.— we have this strange and unheard of thing.— This all will have to acknowledge, taking the The true priesthood building false and herecourse, they do to establish their priesthood, tical churches, an anomoly sure enough.—by proving a regular succession of ordination. The same difficulty attends the Protestants from the apostles; for if they can do this, the claims. They say the Catholic church is Catholics can, and if the Catholics cannot, Mystery Babylon the mother of Harlets." and yet, if the Protestant prisethood is the As far as our knowledge extends of these true priesthood, so is the Catholic preisthood: claims to the priesthood they are claimed by for if the Protestants can prove their claim to all, who do claim them, on the one common priesthood, by virtue of a continuous chain of principle, of proving an unbroken chain of ordination from the apostles, and thereby lay ordination from the aposities to the present day; claim to the priesthood, and by virtue of this

the priesthood as the Protestants can have, in the Catholic church a regular chain of orand if any of their claims are correct, they are dination since the days of the apostle Peter; all correct, and it follows of necessity, that this does not prove that it was the apostolic "mystery Babylon," is built, established and priesthood that was thus handed down, and in mantained by the true priesthood. Are the the absence of this proof, the claim to the a-Protestants ready to admit this? we answer postolic priesthood is as ignorant as it is impuno; but should they deny it, then there is an dent, and as impudent as it is blasphemous. Then admitting the Catholics can prove

end to their priesthood, and instead of its being of God, it is man made, or devil made, an unbroken chain of ordination from Peter. themselves being judges, and so visa versa it will leave them far short of establishing The Catholics must either renounce the claim their claim to the apostolic priesthood; for to the priesthood, if they claim it in conse-their claim in the first instance refutes itself. quence of being able to prove a regular suc-Their argument proves too much, and by so cession of ordination from the apostles, or else doing proves nothing, for it does not give them admit that the true priesthood, can establish the exclusive priesthood, but gives it to others damnable heresies, and heritical sects.

as well as them, and there can be no dispute If a regular unbroken chain of ordination that if the apostolic priesthood is on earth, from the apostles, give the priesthood, then it is in one society only, and not in three or the true preisthood can build "Mystery Baby lour, or three or four hundred; but if ordinalon" establish "damnable heresies," introduce tion gives it, and a regular unbroken chain of "doctrines of devils," corrupt the world, de-ordination can be found, and this handing stroy righteousness, and prepare the human down the apostolic priesthood from generafamily for the perdition of ungodly men.—tion to generation, then, the apostolic priest-This is a priesthood with a vengeance, and one hood is in more denominations than one, for that both Catholics and Protestants would just so certain as one society can trace their blush to own; but it is just such a priesthood ordination back to the apostles, just so ceras they have got, if their right to priesthood is tain it is others can, and that being the case, dependant on a regular chain of ordination the conclusion is unavoidable, that there are from the apostles, and they have that regular different societies, differing so widely that unbroken succession of ordination. Such are they cannot fellowship together, while each the inconsistencies to which both Catholics one have the apostolic priesthood in it. But this fact of others having the apostolic

and Protestants are driven, in trying to sup port their claims to priesthood.

teachers, &c. and the apostles had power to so much that it destroys itself. ordain to any of these offices, those whom the lit matters not which of the religious sociepirit signified were worthy. Keep this fact eties of this age, attempt to claim apostolic in mind, and then examine the claims the authority by virtue of a succession of ordina-Catholics and others make to set in St. Peter's tion, the results will be the same as with the chair; to have the apostolic preisthood; and Catholics, they will have to admit that all keep in mind that the claim is founded on the that thay call error and herecy, has been introground of a successive ordination, and then duced by the true priesthood, a priesthood there remains something else to be proven, in obtained in the same way, and by the same order to establish a right to the chair of Peter authority, through which they obtained theirs; It is not sufficient to prove that Peter ordain and the contest must be, not who has the priested a man, but it must be proven that he or hood, but who, by virtue of that priesthood, has dained him to be an apostle, to stand in his built the church of Christ; for even the Protesplace, for if this is not done, who knows but tant Unionist will not admit into fellowship the Peter might have ordained him a pastor, or Catholics, and yet, if he and his have the true teacher, or some other office, and not the apos-priesthood, so have the Catholics. tolic office. Now if we are to receive any priesthood, according to these theorists is bound man in the apostolic character, because Peter to have no fellowship with itself. ordained him or ordained some body else that Lord must have made a bad hand of the affairs

If proof can be aduced to show that there is ties.

priesthood, the Catholics will deny, and by There is another point in relation to this so doing, deny that ordination by regular sucway of claiming the priesthood, to which we cession loss give the priesthood, for they would claim the attention of the reader. In will have to acknowledge if it does, other the primitive church there, were different offi-societies have it as well as theirs, and this ces, as clearly set forth as that there was a overthrows their whole theory. So their ar-In the priesthood their were gument of having the apostolic priesthood grades of offices, prophets, apostles, pastors, conveyed by succession of ordination, proves

did ordain him, proof must accompany this ore of men, establishing a priesthood of so extra dination, that the man was ordained, to the a fordinary a character; one that men would be postolic office, and if there is no such proof, in ashamed of; but as the Lord nowhere said that the absence of it, we are not to conjecture it, men were to have power to entail his priesthood and say that was the case, and act according on one another by ordination, those claiming ly, or else we lay aside our common sense. this power, must remove there own difficul-

The attempt of man to do this, has resulted if he did, the Catholics would never call the in all the evils that afflict the world, and all the powers of the spiritual kingdom "impositions evils which will afflict it, until the Saviour and absurdities" as they have done in this. shall come, taking vengeance on them for this city; declaring at the same time in language attempt without authority from him, and this louder than we could, that their own prerejection and corruption of the gospel which tentions to priesthood were false, corrupt, and he sent unto them.

of a continuous chain of ordination from the them did not know it, their denunciations of apostles, as claimed by the catholics and oth-others would never have been heard; and ers, is founded in error, on their own princi-with the bible in our hand, we can return that they set in Peter's seat, and to them be-and that in truth too, and they know it, and longs the priesthood; for, "we have a contin-say to them, and the Lord justifies us when uous sucsession of Bishops in our church, we say it, "blind guides" deceivers, false preown claim.

have to admit that there are other qualifical and what we say unto one we say unto all tions equally necessary to entitle any person false pretenders, Catholics, or Protestants. to the priesthood with ordination, and if this This subject will be made perfectly plant. is done, the claim to the priesthood founded and the shameless pretentions of the Catholic on ordination is given up; and the admission priesthood, as well as that of others, will be must be made, that a person may be regular set in its true light, by examining the history ly ordained, and yet not have the priesthood; of the priesthood of the apostles as written in and all the labour and pains bestowed to es-the New Testament, of which priesthood those tablish the fact of an unbroken chain of priest-lignorant pretenders call themselves succeshood, by virtue of ordination since the days sors. of the apostles, is labour spent in vain, as the Nothing can be more ridiculous, than to hear · ordination contended for, would not confer the a man or set of men claiming apostolic authorpriesthood, if they had it.

case, is better than none; and as this is the the duties of their apostolic office; for it was only ground the Catholics can take to estab-not claiming to be apostles that made the alish their claim to the priesthood; we cannot postles messengers of Jesus Christ, but, it blame them for sticking to it with pertinacity, was because Christ had called, qualified, and and saying, "we sit in Peter's chair." As ordained them, to be such; and the calling and for works, as parts of their priesthood, they qualifying, were as necessary to the ordainhave none to show. which followed the ministration of the true and then qualified, their ordination would priesthood, never follow theirs; indeed, they have been worse than folly. unknown where the true priesthood was; for that constitutes an apostle. where the true priesthood was there always always will be; for this end was it ordained such a pretention is manifest. has or does the Lord acknowledge their priest-of the man's sins.
hood, by any manifestation of his power; for There was but one principle by which the

deceitful, and without foundation in truth; The claim then to true priesthood, by virtue and if the pretenders to the priesthood among It is quite easy for the Catholics to say their compliment to us, a short time since, since the days of Peter" but when the same tenders, "Hypocrites," brood of vipers, "how rule is applied to others, it gives to them the can you escape the damnation of hell," calpriesthood as well as to the Catholics, this the ling yourselves the Lord's ministers, when Catholics deny, and by so doing deny their the Lord never spoke to you, crying the Lord has sent us, and with the next breath saying Weak indeed must be the claim to the that there is no "more revelations given," and priesthood, when it is subject to such formi-it is "imposition to say he gives any" and yet dable objections, and ones they cannot answer the Lord has sent us; if he has not sent you In order to avoid their force, the Catholics will he will ere long, and that to regions of wo.

This subject will be made perfectly plain,

ity, when they are destitute of every qualifi-A bad argument however, in a desperate cation which enabled the apostles to perform The gifts and blessings ing was, and had they not first been called, no sooner follow the ministration of others, Catholics and others, we have been ordained, than the Catholics have to raise the cry of and can prove that our ordination was a link "absurdity," "imposition," &c. For what in an unbroken chain of ordination from the purpose is this cry raised? it is to conceal apostles, and therefore, we have apostolic aufrom their ignorant followers the true charac-thority, while they know, and every body else ter of their own priesthood, which is without knows, who have taken the trouble to inqure, power and without authority; a something that they are destitute of every qualification

There is not a point of light in which this was both power and authority before God, and subject can be viewed, but the ignorance of of God, that through it he might reveal him-admitted, in order to sustain this claim, that self to man, and establish his power and auman is infalible, and an apostle can do no thority on the earth; but no such thing can be wrong; for if an apostle could mistake, then it done by the Catholic priesthood; with it, as would follow, that he might lay hands sudwith the priesthood among the Protestants, denly on a man, and instead of confering the there is neither nower nor authority neither next labels and man and instead of confering the there is neither power nor authority, neither apostleship on him, make himself a partaker

and that was, when the Lord told them to do had been with Christ for a length of time, seeso, and told them on whom they could conferling and wondering at his miracles, and often it; had the apostles undertaken to have con-astonished with his doctrine; but it took more fered their office on another or others, with than this to qualify him for his office; accordout the Lord commanding them to do so, in-ling to what is here said by the Savior, Peter stead of bestowing the office on another, they had to obtain a certain point before he could would have lost it themselves, by partaing of get a promise, that he should, at some time other, men's sins.

Look at the Catholics, denying the power to receive revelations, and yet, claiming the respecting the views of the world concerning right to bestow the apostolic priesthood on one himself, and they answered, he then asked another. If this was all the reason we had themselves whom they thought he was, the for denying their priesthood's being of divine answer was given by Peter, verse 16th "Thou origin it would be sufficient. The idea of all art the Christ the Son of the living God," the the wicked bishops and popes, having been in-Savior's response was: "Blessed art thou Sifalable, and could not do wrong, who have mon Bar-jona; for flesh and blood hath not filled their chairs since the days of Peter, is so revealed it unto thee, but my Father which is absurd as to shock the faith of the most credu-lin heaven." He was also told that "the keys lous, and, particularly, when they were without of the kingdom" should be given unto him .the aid of divine revelation, and then to sup-Now upon what principle was it that this pose that the apostolic priesthood could come promise was made to Peter, and not to the rest; through such corrupt men and be found pure, was it because Peter had called him "the is laying too heavy a tax on the credulity of Christ the son of the living God?" This men of common reflection, but this all has to could not be, for Nathanael, before this, had be admitted, before we can believe the Catho-lin amount said the same thing concerning Jelics have the apostolic priesthood, and all has sus. See John's gospel 1st chapter and 49th to he admitted in order to believe that ordina verse, "Nathanael answered and said unto tion can bestow the priesthood.

ciple it was that the apostles became such, kingdom," why not have said so to Nathanand what were the proofs of their apostleship, ael? No satisfactory answer can be given. and see how these will compare with the the- Let us compare the two cases, and see ory of bestowing the priesthood by ordination, wherein is the difference? In the case of Pe-

will begin with him.

the New Testament, there were certain princi-Bar-jona, for flesh and blood hath not revealed ples on which he obtained his apostleship, and it unto thee, but my Father which is in heaven.' he could not have obtained it on any other. In No such thing was said in Nathanael's case. the 16th chapter of Matthew we have the fol- Peter was here told that "the keys of the kinglowing account, from the 13th to the close of dom of heaven," should be given to him; not the 20th verse: "When Jesus came unto the because he had made the confession; but becoasts of Cesara Philippi, he asked his disci-coasts of Cesara Philippi, he asked his disci-to him. "Blessed art thou Simon Bar-jona, some say for flesh and blood hath not revealed it unto thou art John the Baptist; some Elias; and thee; but my Father which is in helitance." others, Jeremias, or one of the prophets. He Nathanael said as any guileless Israelite would said unto them, But whom say ye that I am? say, merely because Jesus said he saw him And Simon Peter answered and said, Thou "under the fig tree before Philip called him," art the Christ, the Son of the living God.—but it required more than this guileless innoblood hath not revealed it unto thee, but my getting a revelation from the Father could do heaven: and whatsoever thou shalt hind on true character but because "flesh and blood earth shall be bound in heaven; and whatso did not reveal" this my character "unto thee, ever thou shalt loose on earth shall be loosed but my Father who is in heaven," did it; virin heaven. Then charged he his disciples, tually, because thou hast received a revelation that they should tell no man that he was Jesus from God the Father.

apostles could confer their office on another, the Christ." Before this conversation. Peter future, receive his priesthood and apostleship. When the Savior interrogated his disciples

him, Rabbi, thou art the Son of God; thou art We will now examine the history of the the king of Israel." Then if it were confessapostles, as recorded in the New Testament, ing Jesus to be the Sor of God, which made and we will aesertain how and on what prin-Jesus say "I will give thee the keys of the

and as it is Peter's chair that is claimed, we ter we have the following, verse 17th of the 16th chapter of Matthew, "And Jesus answer-According to the history of Peter, given in ed and said unto him, Blessed art thou, Simon And Jesus answered and said unto him, Bles-scence, to place him in a situation to receive the sed art thou, Simon Bar jona, for flesh and priesthood conferred on Peter. Nothing but Father which is in heaven, And I say also this. Nothing short of that could even entitle unto thee. That thou art Peter; and upon this a man to a promise, that at some future time rock I will build my church; and the gates of he should obtain this priesthood. I will give hell shall not prevail against it. And I will thee, Peter, "the keys of the kingdom of heagive unto thee the keys of the kingdom of ven," not because thou hast ascertained my

Why did not Jesus adopt himself to Cath-held the power and glory of the Savior, and olic notions of getting the priesthood of Peter, saw Moses and Elias, but still there was and say I will give thee "thy keys of the king-something more needed in order that Peter dom." because thou hast been ordained, the might receive and use "the keys of the king. reason for this was that ordination did not dom," for after this, he with the others, were qualify Peter for the promise; but getting a commanded to tarry at Jerusalem until they revelation from God, did entitle him to it; if were endewed with power from on high. he were not as guileless as Nathanael. It this necessary to qualify Peter for his office. mattered not how innocent or guileless a man and yet a Catholic can get another Catholic was, this would not qualify him for a promise to lay his hands on his head, and then all he that "the keys of the kingdom" should be has to do is to say "I am an apostle," and given to him, he must obtain power with God, "set in Peter's chair." Can any thing be and obtain a revelation, before such a promise more impudent and ignorant, than this. could be given to him.

not obtained a revelation, he never would have veal himself? but one answer could he give. got a promise that he should have the keys "I have been ordained." This is the beginof the kingdom;" for his getting the revelation ning and end of all. only obtained for him a promise that he should. The apostles never thought of claiming their have "the keys of the kingdom;" but he had to office on the ground of having been ordained, obtain other things beside the revelation, before only, but on a very different ground, that of

the 17th chapter of Matthew, from the 1st to inthians, this subject is still confirmed. Paul the close of the 5th verse.

James, and John, his brother, and bringeth then of the twelve:" This appearing of Christ them up into an high mountain, apart, and could not be any of those spoken of before his was transfigured before them; and his face ascension; for at any of the times mentioned of did shine as the sun, and his raiment was his appearing before his ascension, there were white as the light. And, behold, there ap-but eleven apostles. See Mathew 28th chappeared unto them Moses and Elias, talking ter 16th and 17th verses. Then the eleven disunto Jesus, Lord, it is good for us to be here: where Jesus had appointed them. And when If thou wilt, let us make here three taberna-they saw him, they worshipped him: but some cles; one for thee, one for Moses, and one for doubted." Mark 16th chapter 14th verse,cloud overshadowed them: and behold, a voice they sat at meat, and upbraided them with out of the cloud, which said, This is my be-their unbelief, and hardness of heart, because loved Son, in whom I am well pleased; hear they believed not them which had seen him

should have "the keys of the kingdom," and same hour and returned to Jerusalem, and in order to prepare him to receive them, he tound the eleven gathered together, and them was taken up into a mountain, and there be that were with them. Saying, The Lord is

uld be given to him.

By examining the principles on which the Here we might stop, if we had nothing else apostles claimed their office, this assumption on the subject, and look ache ridiculous pre- of power by the Catholics, will only appear tentions of the Catholics to set in Peter's more ridiculous. Hear on what principle it chair; denying the existence of the power by was that Paul claimed to be an apostle. 1st which Peter obtained the promise; for it-was Corinthians 9th chapter, 1st verse. "Am I only a promise that Peter had obtained, and not an apostle? am I not free? have I not seen not "the keys" themselves; and this promise Jesus Christ our Lord? are not ye my work was given from the fact that Peter had got a in the Lord?" "Am I not an apostle" says revelation. Now look, reader, at the Catho Paul, and if Paul be asked what proof had lic priesthood, and what do you see and hear, he of his apostleship? what would be the men claiming to set in Peter's chair, and ex-lanswer? "I have been ordained," no, but I ercise apostolic authority; and by virtue of have seen Jesus Christour Lord in the flesh. being ordained, denying the gifts of the Holy Had this not have been the case, all the ordi-Ghost, and all power of getting revelations; nations which could have been given to Paul. but 'our church is infalable, we have been or-would not have made him an apostle; but dained according to the rules of our church, he had "seen Jesus Christ our Lord in and therefore, we are apostles." "Hear O the flesh," therefore, he asks "am I not an heavens, and give ear O earth!!" and not only apostle." Ask one of these modern pretenders apostles but have a right to set in Peter's to apostle authority, what proofs have you that chair; we have been ordained.

No man can read the history of Peter, and or what could it be, if his theory is true that not be convinced of one fact; that if Peter had "Christ our Lord" has long since ceased to re-

he could get "the keys," as the history shows, divine manifestation made to themselves. In The next account we have of Peier, is in the 15th chapter of this 1st letter to the Corsays this, concerning the appearing of Christ, "And after six days Jesus taketh Peter, verse 5, "And that he was seen of Cephas, Then answered Peter, and said ciples went away into Galilee, into a mountain While he yet spake, behold a bright "Afterward he appeared unto the eleven, as after he was risen." Luke 24th chapter 33. Peter had, before this, the promise that he 34, 35, and 36 verses. "And they rose up the

risen indeed, and hath appeared to Simon. the right hand of fellowship; but how did they And they told what things were done in the perceive this? by the power they had with way, and how he was known of them in break-God also to get revelation, by which they ing of bread. And as they thus spake, Jesus could test every man's pretentions to be called himself stood in the midst of them, and said of God.
unto them, Peace he unto you. But they
were terrified and affrighted, and supposed that men qualified to be apostles "of our Lord and

they had seen a spirit." These quotations Saviour." Men might be apostles without compared with the Acts of the apostles, 1st these; but they could not be apostles "of chapter from the 13th verse to the close of Christ our Lord." If we can credit the Caththe chapter, to which we invite the attention olics, they have any amount of apostles with-of the reader, will put the case at rest, that at out any of the above qualifications: this is alall the times when the Saviour appeared, before together likely; but they are Catholic aposhis ascension, there were but eleven apostles; thes when they are made, and not apotles of as Matthias, who was appointed to take the Christ.

place of Judas Iscariot, was not appointed Who then is capable of setting in Peter's until after Christ's ascension: but Paul says chair? a man like unto Peter, one who was as quoted, from the 15th and 5th of Corin-not only ordained, but one who could call thians, that he [Christ] appeared to Cephas, the Savior the Son of God by revelation then to the twelve. He could not appear to from heaven. One who had seen Christ the twelve until there ware twelve to appear after he rose from the dead. One to whom to, and there were not twelve until after his God communicates his will by vision; and

and that was, that all those whom the Savior thority by successive ordination, is one of called apostles, had an appearence of the long standing. In the days of John the Bap-Saviour to them after his resurrection, and tist, the Jews came to his baptism; and claimhence comes the force of Paul's saying; "Am ed it on the right of sucsession. "We have I not an apostle! Have I not seen Jesus Abraham to our father" said they. On this Christ our Lord?" It was this wise that the principle all the corrupt men of all ages, have

These men had all been ordained see Mark now. "We have been ordained, and there-3rd chapter 14th verse, "And he ordained fore, we have a right to act in the office we twelve, that they should be with him, and claim." that he might send them forth to preach."— No men ever did or ever could act in the But the apostles nor any others, supposed apostolic priesthood, only one who could obthat their ordination gave them a right to exerttain revelations from God, the New Testacise apostolic authority, or gave them power ment makes mention of no such a character to do it. The Savior did not think so, for as an apostle who could not hold communlong afterwards, he commanded them to tarry attion with the heavens, and obtain counsel at Jerusalem until they were endewed with pow-the hand of God; all persons claiming the er from on high, before they should attempt to true priesthood, and denying the power of act in their office, a proof, that their ordination visions and revelations, are impostors of the

did not give them that power.

this subject. What did they perceive? The ter his blessings on man. whole history of Paul shows what they "per-ceived" It was the revelation that the Saverence went, and the fruits were the same.

none other ever did, ever could, or ever will These things put together shows one fact, sit in Peter's chair. This pretention to au-Saviour prepared men for the apostolic office. attempted to hold authority, just as men do

No men ever did or ever could act in the

deepest dye.

When Paul went to lerusalam to see the Having settled the question fairly, that all apostles, and Peter, James, and John examilthese modern pretended apostles are false preined his pretentions to be called of God tenders, and shown beyond doubt, that there Did they inquire if he had been ordained? See were no shuch things as apostles without revethe 9th verse of the 2nd chapter of Galatians. lations, for it was by obtaining revelations "And when James, Cephas, and John, who that any in the days of the Savior or after his seemed to be pillars, perceived the grace that day, as far as we have an account of them, was given unto me, they gave to me and Bar-could obtain apotteship. The first promise nabas the right hand of fellowship; that we made, was made to Peter, and that was made should go unto the heathen, and they unto the because he had received a revelation from circumcision." Here it is said when Cephas, God. We can see the true character of the James, and John, perceived, that Paul had priesthood which the Savior instituted. A been ordained, no, but when they perceived the priesthood the special object of which, was grace that was given to him. The express that through that priesthood the Lord might ions, "perceive the grace" speaks volumes on communicate his will to man, as well as con-

iour had made of himself to Paul, and the pow- l'he object of a priesthood was not to be exer he had with God to get divine communications of the revelations of God only, but tions from Heaven, when they "perceived" to administer the blessings of the gospel to these things they gave to him and Barnabas man. The gospel was never of any use to Acres (D)

man, only in consequence of the power of the hood mentioned, that was of God, where these priesthood, by which its blessings could be powers did not belong to their priesthood, we confered. If there was a promise of the Holy answer no where nor in any place.

Spirit, made to these who obeyed the gospel. Then the true priesthood was sent into the this promise was only injoyed by means of world, to preach the gospel, administer the the priesthood through which it was minister Holy Spirit, lay hands on the sick, anoint

ed to the ohedient.

The gift of the Holy Spirit is always spo-the sick be healed, but sins be forgiven, to obken of as a ministration, Paul says thus to the tain revelations, and through these means, the Galations, 3d chapter, 5th verse, "He there power of God, the wisdom of God, and the fore that ministereth to you the Spirit, and knowledge of God, be bestowed on man; and worketh miracles among you, doeth he it by where the true priesthood is not, there these the works of the law, or by faith?" Mark blessings are not, and all the power of man this reader, "He that ministereth to you the cannot obtain them, and that, because they spirit." Hence the gift of the Holy Spirit were only to be obtained by the priesthood.

which had been bestowed on the Galatians was Why then have all these departed from the bestowed by a ministration, and there could religious sects? because they have not the not be a ministration without somebody to true priesthood; no other reason can be given. administer, and this was one of the important They never were any where only where the uses of the priesthood. Again in the 3d chap-true priesthood was, and they were only where ter of 2d Corinthians, Paul speake as follows the true priesthood and the true order of God of the gospel as contrasted with the law, 7-9 were. As well might there be living men verses "But if the ministration of death, writ without breath, as the true priesthood, to esten and engraven in the stones, was glorious, tablish the true order of God, and these so that the children of Israel could not stead-things not follow. By this we may try all the fastly behold the face of Moses for the glory pretended apostles of the world, find one of his countenance; which glory was to be Catholic or Protestant, and he will have to done away; how shall not the ministration of say there is no spiritual gifts, and that, bethe Spirit be rather glorious? For if the min-cause he has no power to minister them: by istration of condemnation be glory, much more this we can know those whom Christ has sent, doth the ministration of righteousness exceed and those whom he has not sent; for there is, in glory." The apostle calls the gospel the nor never was such a thing as Christ giving ministration of the spirit, in opposition to the the priesthood to man, without giving him ministration of the Mosaic dispensation, clear-power to administer the Holy Ghost.

what he says to the Galatians, as above quo-gifts of the spirit have ceased," but is because ted, settles the question. "He that administers the Lord never called and qualified their to you the spirit; Who was this "He?" it priesthood, and they may pray, preach, sing was some being who administered by faith, for Psalms and baptise, till Christ comes and to you the spirit."

or by the hearing of faith."

was superior to the law, because of the priest administer, God will bestow the spirit, and hood through which it was delivered, a priest the promise will be fulfilled. "Repent, and hood that could administer the Holy Spirit. In be baptized every one of you in the name of consequence of this power in the true priest. Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and you hood, they were sent forth to heal the sick, shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost." and cast out devils, as well as to preach the It was by the ministration of the priesthood gospel. In the epistle of James 5th chapter that the Holy Spirit was given to the churches 14th and 15th verses, he says thus: "Is any anciently, and will be given, when it is given, sick among you? let him call for the elders of till the end of time; and where churches have the church: and let them pray over him, a a priesthood that have not that power, no gifts nointing him with oil in the name of the Lord; of the Holy Spirit will be found. And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, Vain, then, are any man's pretentions to the and the Lord shall raise him up; and if he true priesthood when he has no power to ad-

his ministeres, thay were not only told to That of revelation, ministering of angels preach the gospel, but also to administer to and divine communications. When and where is there a priest-these means that the true priesthood was es-

ly evincing, that the Holy Spirit was adminition It is not because there is no Holy Spirit, istered, and that it was administered by men, that the religious world are saying "that all says Paul "does he it by the works of the law smites them all with a curse, and no gifts nor by the hearing of faith." powers will follow their ministry; but not so It was in this respect in which the gospel with those whom Christ sends. When they

with oil, and by the prayer of faith, not only

have committed sins, they shall be forgiven minster the gift of the Holy Spirit. It is for Let the elders or priesthood be sent the want of this power which makes the prefor to case of sickness, "and the prayer offtended priesthood of Christendom, cry "delufaith shall heal the sick." Such was the use, sion, fanatacism, heresy, absurdity," when and such the true character of the true priest-lever the true priesthood is restored, according to the plan of heaven, and the plan by which In all instances, when the Lord sent out the true priesthood was or ever will be given.

tablished, at the first, and as long as the or-hefore the foundation of the world, and live ed, and as soon as the order of God was broken, they ceased, and a false and pretended priesthood took the place of the true one, and divine communications ceased.

than the gifts of the Holy Spirit returned, and the true order of God was restored, And the Lord having commenced the restitution, will not cease, until all is restored, and the Savior, to wind up the whole, will be restored to the world, and the saints will be restored from the dead to life again, to die no more, and the rest of God complete the work.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. SEPT. 15, 1845.

When a subscriber in the country. wishes to send for the Messenger and Advocate, he can now take a sheet of cap or letter Christian Recorder, we are made the butt of paper, write us a long communication on it, the editors remarks; and what is our sin?—and inclose a bank bill and send it 300 miles Why, simply because, when members of for five cents-or any distance further for ten cents. As the price of our paper is very low, our friends must, in all cases, pay the postage on their letters. It will be but little for them, rupted their ways before the Lord, we would but it is very burthensome to us.

SECOND VOLUME

inind that three Numbers more closes the present volume of the Messenger & Advocate; and as we have come to the conclusion to adhere strictly to the cash system, we have tho't subject is, that if Mr. Mathes is at all favorait advisable to give an early notice on this subject, so that our friends, who may wish to patronize the 2nd Vol. may be prepared to for it, he can see it carried out in all its beautigovern themselves accordingly. We shall not ful and varied forms, as we are credibly informake it a point, under any circumstance, to forward the 2nd Vol. of the Messenger to the Smith, has recently preached it publicly in order of any subscriber, unless the money that city; and says "that it is not only taught accompany the order: as the price of our paper is so very low, we cannot afford to be at the his part he is not ashamed of it." expense and trouble of collecting one dollar here and there through the country, but must have the money in advance so as to meet our expenses.

THE CHURCH.

It will be seen by the numerous letters seceived from the brethren abroad, and published in this No. of our paper, that the work is progressing gloriously. It is as we had anticipated, and must reasonably expect. For whenever any people will embrace the fullness of the gospel of peace, the perfect law

der of God continued unbroken, they continu by its precepts, that people must and will be blessed of the Lord. And if we know our own hearts, we have but one unceasing desire. which is to see the principles of the kingdom No sooner did the true priesthood return, of heaven spread triumphant throughout the world, and to so live ourselves as to have a part in the glories of their triumph; which can alone be realized through a faithful observance of all the requirements of heaven, and a life of strict uprightness and integrity before God and man.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

We had always supposed that it was laus dible in any people to denounce vice and sustain virtue; but lo and benold our sad mistake! when we find in the September No. of the the church of Latter Day Saints turned from the truth and the gospel of Christ, and corot continue with them and be partakers with meir evil deeds, but renounced them and their Our Subscribers and friends will bear in practices, and "left Nauvoo dissatisfied with the spiritual wife system," to use the editors own words.

> Now all we have to say at present, on this ble to the "spiritual wife system," he would do well to move to Nauvoo, where, our word med that the Patriarch of that church, William but practised too, by the leaders there and for

We have just received a kind letter from Elder H. Herringshaw, from Sing Sing, N. Y. which came too late for publication in this No. it will appear in our next. By this letter we learn that Brother Herringshaw has not been idle during this summer, but has labored faithfully in the cause of truth, and the Lord has crowned his labors with success. He has had the privilege of baptizing seventeen into the kingdom and church of Christ. May the Lord continue to bless his efforts and give him many souls to of liberty, which was devised in heaven from rejoice with him in the kingdom of heaven, is

our desire and prayer. Inclosed in the letter | seal upon him, that he should we received five dollars for the Messenger the nations any more, till the thousand years and Advocate.

BY S. RIGDON.

The terms life and death so frequently oc- and for the word of God, and which had not cur in the bible, and there is so much said a worshipped the heast neither his image, neiboat them by men, that it might be a matter of ther had received his mark upon their foresome interest to our readers, if we offer a few heads, or in their hands; and they lived and reflections on the subject. It is one thing to reigned with Christ a thousand years. But use the terms life and death, as found in our the rest of the dead lived not again until the scriptures, and it is another to have the same thousand years were finished. This is the idea of the terms which the sacred writers had first resurrection." In this quotation it is when they wrote. They speak of not only said verse 5th "But the rest of the dead lived life but eternal life, and one of the great ob- not again," why "again?" The expression jects of the scheme of life and salvation was supposes that they had been alive before they that those who obey it, might have eternal life, were dead, and in the 4th verse it is said "and but inquiring men are ready to ask what is I saw the souls of them that were beheaded for eternal life or what do the sacred writers wish the witness of Jesus, and for the word of God,

ed to each other. We read of eternal life, but upon their foreheads, or in their hands, and we have nothing said about eternal death .- they lived and reigned with Christ a thousand We read of everlasting punishment, but not years." of everlasting death. Still if there is such a only in a different form.

As to what life and death really are, we or alive. will have to have recourse to the scriptures.— John says that Jesus said "that he was dead nal death or not. and alive, and liveth forevermore." Now If life is the union of body and spirit, and down from heaven, having the key of the bot-tomless pit and a great chain in his hand.—body and spirit are again seperated.

And he laid hold on the dragon, that old ser
We have the following sayings on this sub-

pent, which is the Devil, and Satan, and bound ject, to which we would invite the attention him a thousand years, and cast him into the of the reader. Revelations 20th chapter and hottomless pit, and shut him up, and set 14th verse which reads thus: "And death and

should be fulfilled: and after that he must be loosed a little season. And I saw thrones AN ESSAY ON LIFE AND DEATH. and they sat upon them, and judgment was given unto them: and I saw the souls of them that were beheaded for the witness of Jesus, to convey, when they use the term eternal life? and who had not worshipped the beast, neith-Life and death in the scriptures, are opposer his image, neither had received his mark

This makes the subject perfectly plain. thing as eternal life, there may be its opposite. The righteous lived who had been slain. eternal death. This can only be determined When did they live? after they rose from the by knowing what eternal life is. That men dead surely, and body and spirit were re unitare in existence when they are dead as well? ed. "But the rest of the dead lived not again when they are alive, will not be doubted by till the thousand years were finished." That any who believe the bible. The case of Abra-is, they did not rise from the dead, and their ham and the rich man is to the point. They bodies and spirits were not again united, unwere both dead but could converse as when til the thousand years were finished. So they were alive. By this when men are dead, then men are alive when the body and spirit they are in existence as well as when alive, are united, and they are dead when they are seperated; but are in existence whether dead

Having then ascertained, beyond the power In the vision John, the revelator had while an of controversy, what life and death are, as used exile in Patmos, we have the following actin the scriptures, we are prepared to inquire, count, Revelations 1st chapter and 18th verse what eternal life is; and eternal death? if there "I am he that liveth, and was dead; and he- is any such thing, and there is something John hold, I am alive forevermore, Amen; and have calls the second death, after which we will the keys of hell and death." In this verse inquire, whether there is such a thing as eter-

when was the Savior dead? when his body death the seperation of body and spirit, eternal lay in the tomb, and his spirit was in the un-life must be the eternal union of body and seen world, must be the answer. The ques-spirit, and the second death the second sepetion then arises, when was he alive again?— ration of body and spirit. Hence says Jesus, But one answer can be given, when he roselafter he rose from the dead, "I am alive and from the dead. Death then must be the sep-live forevermore," that is, my body and spirit eration of body and spirit, and life the union of will never again be seperated; but will be unibody and spirit. We have other sayings in ted eternally; but the fate of those who are the Revelations of John, which go to confirm partakers of the second death must be the opthat fact. See Revelations 20th chapter from posite to life. Now if death is the seperation the 1st to the close of the 15th verse, which of body and spirit, what is or can be the secreads as follows: "And I saw an angel come ond death, but a second seperation of body

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hell were east into the lake of fire. This is "that shall burn as an oven," and all the proud In this quotation the lake and all that do wickedly, shall be burned in it. the second death." of fire is called the second death. In the 25th as stubble. It is the great fire which is to chapter of Matthew and 41st verse, we have cleanse the earth, and prepare it for the habitathe following: "Then shall be say also unto tion of the redeemed. It is the fire which is them on the left hand, Depart from me, ye to distroy forever the works of the devil, and cursed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the dethrone him forever. Hence John says that devil and his angels." It is here said, that "the devil will be cast into it." The consethose who are set on the left hand will be com-quence of this fire will be to purify the earth; manded to "depart into everlasting fire, pre-redeem it from the curse, and when it is thus pared for the devil and his angels," a word on purified, the reign of Satan and the power of the word "prepared." The query now is, to death will both be destroyed, and the redeemed what does the participle in this place belong? inherit it forever and ever. To this all the does it belong to fire or to the wicked, if it be-prophets and apostles testify. This fire the longs to the fire, then we are to understand the righteous, will be able to endure; for on such fire was prepared for two classes of charactes, whe second death bath no power, consequent-First the devil, and secondly his angels, but ly the last fire has no power over them, for if the participle "prepared" belongs to these, those over whom it has power, are partakers the wicked, then the "fire" prepared the wick-of the second death. ed "for the devil and his angels." That the The next query that suggests itself is salvadevil has angels, that never were in bodies tion? In the midst of all these displays of dewe think none will dispute. That the wicked vine power, on what principle are we to look here, are called the devil's augels, as some for salvation? This indeed is a subject worthink we strongly doubt; but that the wicked thy of inquiring after. The mission of Christ

of the second death, this second death is the obtained in the religious world, is that salvaresult of their being cast into a lake of fire, and tion comes by death, the very thing which are, by reason of the change produced by the Christ came to destroy. fire, "prepared" to be associated with the devil desire to die and go to glory, as though death and his angels. The query now is, how is it was the passport to glory, if this were the case, that the wicked are "prepared for the devil and then Christ came to distroy the way to glory, his angels." This can be answered by inqui-for he came 'to destroy death, and him that had ring, what the devil and his angels are? All he power of death.' If death is the passport will answer they are disembodied spirits; who to rest, then Christ came to destroy our passthen can associate with them? Disembodied port to rest, and deprive us forever of it, so

is the seperation of body and spirit. then can the second death be, but a second Life then is salvation and not death, and seperation of body and spirit? that is the body until life, eternal life comes, salvation never and spirit seperated after the resurrection, and comes; or until we can say as Jesus said to this effect produced by the lake of fire, and John, "I am alive and live forevermore," we the persons who are thus partaker, and on will never have salvation, but if we can ever whom the second death have power, through say that in truth and righteousness, we will this death "prepared" for the devil and his proclaim the victor's triumph, "O death where angels, which are disembodied spirits.

the Revelations. Appended to this, is the corruption has put on incorruption. word "everlasting," about which there has Death is the power by which Satan holds been a great deal said. This supposed vever-his dominion over men, take away death, and

are "prepared" by the "fire" to be numbered into the world, was "to distroy death and him we strongly suspect, every impartial reader were all their lifetime subject to bondage."—
of the bible will come to, more particularly, Query does salvation come until death is dewhen we connect those sayings with those bestroyed? We think none will answer it does?

fore quoted from Revelations, where the "lake If salvation is the destruction of death, then no of fire" is called "the second death."

If this view of the subject is right, the matter then is plain. The wicked are partakers more."

One of the singular ideas which has Hence all the deep

spirits surely; for those who have bodies, that rest must cease as soon as death is dethen, to be made associats for the devil and stroyed; but surely none will admit that Christ his angels, they must be disembodied also.—|came for any such an object, but if this is ad-Hence "the lake of fire" is called "the second mitted, then the conclusion follows, that death is not the passport to either rest or glory; but • All the ideas we have or can have of death on the contrary life, for Christ came "that we What might have life, and have it more abundantly."

is thy sting? O grave where is thy victory?"

It may not be amiss to say a few words a and that saying will only come to pass, "when bout "the lake of fire," so often spoken of in this mortal has put on immortality, and this

lasting fire" is doubtless the last fire, or the his dominion ceaseth, and man is forever free, fire of the end; the one spoken of by Malichill is by virtue of the second death, that men

are made companions for the devil and his angels, and, in consequence, Satan has power over them. As long as man is subject to death so long is he in bondage, and nothing can make him free but to obtain a standing be-down to have a short conversation with you. fore God beyond the reach of death. Hence We have had the honor of conversing with says the Savior "If the Son, therefore, shall make you free, you shall be free indeed," be cause he will deliver you from death, and him who has the power of death, that is the devil, preside over the eastern churches in the place and having done this, you are no longer in bon- of Parly P. whom they have recalled. Orson dage, nor never can again be brought under called here yesterday to see Brother Leach, bondage.

When a man is dead, he is death's victim, and remains so until delivered by a resurrecrection to die no more. It matters not wheth- not from Cincinnati, I told him that I was er the man is a good man or a bad one, he is there last winter, but left in the spring. under the power of death, and as long as he is Then you are now from Pittsburgh! Yes sir. under the power of death, Satan has power How was Mr. Rigdon and his family when errection from the dead, shall bring him forth you left? They were well. Do they design to die no more. At that moment Satan loses staying in Pittsburgh? They do for the preshis power, and has no more forever. Hence it is said "that life and immortallity came to light by the gospel." That is, the resurrection from the dead to die no more, came to light by there a few weeks ago on a visit, and I heard the gospel, and by this power of the resurrect some who were not in the church, say that he, tion, which was in Christ Jesus, the saints are to be ma**de free inde**ed.

In accordance with this, we read of "a day of salvation," "The great and notable day of stood that some of his friends at the east, in the Lord," "The times of the restitution of Boston I believe, wanted him to come there all things," and the most important thing to be restored is life, life from the dead, to die no more, to be out of the power of the second We also read of "that day" the day when Paul was to be crowned, and all those who love the appearing of Christ, of Christ's coming "without sin unto salvation," of the dead saints shouting "Allaluia" and of all the heavens rejoiding.

It was to usher in this day that Christ was to set up a kingdom in the last days, as spoken of by Daniel. To prepare men for this day. came the gospel, not to give them glory and over death, to die no more.

This is the cause, ye members of the church of Christ, in which you are engaged. This is the glory which awaits your triumph. "Seeing then you look for such things, what manner of men ought you to be, in all manner of holy conversation and godliness. Looking to, and hastening to the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ, when the world shall be or fire, and the elements, melt with fervent heat," and the redemption of the purchased possession roll for him or herself "I am alive and live forevermore;" "O death where is thy sting, O grave where is thy victory."

THE PRAYER OF A WISE HEATHEN Great Jove, this one petition grant; (Thou knowest best what mortals want;) Ask'd or unask'd, what's good supply; What's evil to our pray'rs deny!

New York, September 6th 1845.

BROTHER ROBINSON. DEAR SIR:-I now set president Orson Pratt, who has been sent here by the twelve first presidents, at Nanvoo, to and on being introduced to me, and told that I was from Pittsburgh, he asked me if I was ent I believe. I understood that they intended to move to Kirtland? I think not, he was

with the church were going to move there, but I never heard Mr. Rigdon say so. 1 understood that some of his friends at the east, in with his family, but I do not think that he will leave Pittsburgh this winter or before spiring.

Mr. Pratt invited Brother Leach to call and see him, and said he would like to have a friendly conversation with him. He asked if Brother Leach took Mr. Rigdon's paper, and said he would like to borrow them; Brother Leach lent him some of the Messengers, and he left 2 numbers of the N. Y. Messenger, and said he would like to exchange that way. rest by dying, but by rising again triumphant He said the was not too bigoted to read Mr. Rigdon's paper. By this time, they had got into the friendly conversation that he was seeking, and they talked nearly if not quite three hours. He read a part his message, which he has published since he came here, so and when he came to that part which reads as follows:-"The influence of Rigdon, with his organized apostacy, is twice dead-placked up by the roots-lost-swollowed up and enin with shouts of victory; each proclaiming gulphed in its own deep pit of corruption." When he came to this, he stoped and said, now I say something rather hard here, but you must not blame me. I told him that he was mistaken, for they were baptising in Pitteburgh when I left, and in Philadelphia when I came through there, and they have been baptising here. He said, well that was the firmelder Rigdon and his family; and it does my conviction of my mind when I wrote it." [It heart good to bear my testimony to what I us, and desired our salvation. ly coversation.

lin has rejoiced very much since he came place. May the Lord grant it. here, to find the church in so prosperous a condition; so different from what he had reason only to call on one of the members of the to expect from the information he had received church there, she wants to take the Messenbefore he came here.

have finished this letter yesterday, but I could not get time. Brother McLellin, Brother Leach and myself started out in the morning friends in Pittsburgh. to meeting and we were with the brethren all day; we did not get back till late in the evening! We had three meetings, and the spirit that was manifested by the saints, caused us to rejoice greatly. I cannot see any thing to hinder their progress and prosperity; they are talking of renting a hall to hold their meetings in; they now meet in a private house but they are very much crowded. I saw Brother Jenks yesterday at meeting, he said I might say to you that he was well and had-not backed-out from the worls, though he had not written, but that he would write soon. I saw Brother Herringshaw at meeting last evening; Brother Jenks wrote him a line on Saturday, and he received it yesterday, and came immediately down.

many false reports in circulation here about School house at Fredonia. I got on Brother

is a matter of astonishment how easily some know to be true, concerning the character of men are confirmed in that which they know to our beloved President, and of his course of be a falsehood; but what else can people de life. I thank God that he brought me to spend who "make lies their refuge." ED.] On leav this summer in Pittsburgh, and to board most ing he invited us to come and see him, and of that time, in the house of Brother Rigdon. said that he had the best of feelings towards for it has removed the trash and combustible He called on matter that had collected in my mind against Bro her Holmes the same evening for a friend that man; and I can now say, that I know him to be a man of God; and knowing this I I write this to show you the course they are can rejoice, and do rejoice more, and am more

new pursuing and the motive of the twelve in convinced in the work than I ever was since seeding O. Pratt here; he has a very winning I joined the church, more than three 3 years way of conversing, and a very slick way of ago. On parting with Brother Rigdon, I felt smothing over things that are past, and ex- as though I was parting with a father; and I hibits a great desire to heal the breach that shall miss the instruction, and knowledge in has taken place in the church; but enough of heavenly things, which I should have been this. Brother Leach says I want you to tell constantly receiving if I had remained there; Brother Robinson that I am neither "dead, nor but I hope that the day is not far distant when plucked up by the roots" but am doing the we shall meet together, with all the really honbest I can. "The church are united, and have est in heart, in a place of the Lord's appointchosen Brother Leach presiding elder. The ing; where we shall serve the Lord in rightbest of feelings prevails; and Brother McLel-eousnes, and where iniquity shall have no I was at Newark last week and had time

I intend to call on more of the members It is now Monday morning, I intended to in Newark, and shall endeavour to get more subscribers. Brother Leach says you shall hear from him soon. Remember us to all the

Your brother in the Covenant.

ANDREW S. TAYLOR.

Brighton, September 11th, 1845.

My DEAR BROTHER:

I have this moment returned from N. York State, where I have been visiting my father's family. For four weeks I have been travelling and testifying to small and great, in public and private, of the things of the kingdom, warning the people to repent and be baptised for the remission of sins .-The Lord has blessed me greatly by his spir-The people opened their School houses and Churches. Turned out well, gave a patient hearing; treated me with kindness and respect. I spoke at Busti, about eight miles Brother Swackhammer has arrived here, he east of Jamestown, Chetauqua Co. N. York, was with us yesterday. There are a great and in a church near Fredonia, also in a J. Hatch track, and had the privilege of Philadelphia, for additions to our numbers. "waterings wo of his plants" in the blue waves All we want in order to prosper is for our brethof Erie: (my only and beloved sisters, according to the flesh.)

morning, noon and night. The people are amazed. Many rejoice that they have something to do to be saved. Craftsmen of course hundred miles, I have endeavored, according to my gift, to sow the seed of truth, may the Lord prosper it.

Lakes. Bro. Hatch works well, each speci-ed the hearts of his brethren very much in this men is "square and plumb." There is a great city. He has been at work in order to get work before him; may the Lord God work mightily with him.

Yours in the Covenant and hope of God's rest, Amen-J. M. GREIG.

To E. Robinson.

New York, September 9th 1845.

PRESIDENT E. ROBINSON,

I visited Woodstown N. J. where a few of and management of all the financial business our friends reside. I preached six times a pleased with the Lord's choise of the man. mong them, baptised two, and obtained four He is now running a sloop from Sing Sing to subscribers for the Messenger and Advocate, New York. He will be at our conference in I left the brethren strong in the faith and re Philadelphia. joicing in the truth.

on the 4th I baptised four, and there were strong in the faith. Brother S. Bennett is others ready who could not attend that day .- here at work at his trade on Broadway. He The brethren and sisters in that Quaker city has been a great help to the brethren here. are now truly rejoicing in their liberties wherewith Christ has made them free, and also in love, fellowship and unity with each other.

Brothers Jenks and Herringshaw immediately" I left there and arrived Friday the 5th in brethren in this empire city, who were rejoice-where I found your letter and that of brother have to do here is to go to work and stregthen. The people here urged me to preach among that which remains in the Lord, and in his them, and treated me with more than ordinacause. Elder G. T. Leach is presiding elder ry respect and kindness. I am to address here, and all seem to have confidence in him them next Sunday. There are some I examble and his administration. I left the church in pect to baptize in Carrol soon, where I am Philadelphia under the presidency of Wm. now stopping and preaching.

Sanborn, an indefatigable servant of God and of his brethren. I preached on Sunday morcess in adding souls to the kingdom in Pittsning and evening to the brethren and sisters burgh, and of the prosperity of the cause in here, and in the afternoon we broke bread a other places. It only needs men of integrity midst the joyous hearts and countenances of of heart and of character to roll forth the cause some choice spirits of earth. May the Lord until this gospel of the kingdom shall be

ern and sisters to live in peace among them. selves, and be energetic in recomending our religion to the honest in heart by EXAMPLE as I have not lacked an opportunity to preach well as by precept—then God will acknowly edge our work and that is the best of all. Brother Jenks says that he is strong in the faith. He said to me on yesterday "there were not wicked men nor devils enough to are not pleased. In my travels of some six cause him to go backward. He sent up a line to Brother Herringshw on Saturday who came immediately down and was in our meeting on Sunday evening and staid till last evening. Brother H. has been strong in the Lord since Many are helieving in the region of the our conference, and from time to time comfortmeans and to have time to settle up his business so that he may give himself continually to his ministry. I have great confidence in brethren Herringshaw, Jenks and G. T. Leach. Brother Leach is a clear headed, warm hearted, mild spirited and devout man; in whom confidence may be placed. Brother Jenks is a man of the strictest integrity in all his extensively varied business habits-This is his character. He is a noble, firm, warm hearted. generous friend. Just such a man as we want Since I last wrote in the quorum of the seven to take the care as trustees for the whole church. I am much

Brother Swackhammer reached here last I returned to Philadelphia on the 1st, and week and is in fine spirits, very humble and

Yours respectfully, WM. E. McLELLIN.

In order to obey my instructions "to see Carrol, Chatauqua Co. N. Y. September 5, 1845. PRESIDENT E. ROBINSON,

DEAR SIR:-I have New York. I found between thirty and forty just returned from Allegany Co. to this place, ing in the truth, and in fellowship with each Ellis awaiting me at Frewsburg P.O. The other. I have no difficulties to settle here.— Brethren here I found well and firm in the That makes me rejoice exceedingly. All I faith as when I left, five week ago. * *

add to their number such as shall be saved. preached as a witness to all nations, and the There is a fair prospect now both here and in kingdom crowned with the glory of the Son of God upon the Mount of Olives. Impressi mission; and when I saw that we should not upon the Saints every where to live for that be able to go to Michigan, I informed the day, to fight the good fight, to keep the faith. Brethren of the branches here, that I would to approve themselves before God, that they spend what time I could among them until it may stand at the appearing of our blessed would be actually necessary for me to start Lord and master. What is the suffering of a least to Philadelphia. We are still poor in few days here? what are the reproaches and the things of this world, but we true; we may persecutions of the crazy world? nay what getting rich in faith towards God, for our contents. would be the trial of fire at the stake, in com-fidence in the work of God is firm and unebparison to becoming a partaker in the first res-ken. Now edear Brother, should & not be urrection? What are all the wealth, the hon-present at our conference in October at Pintyors and popularity of the world, compared delphia, it will not be because I have not used with the approval of him who holds the desti-all righteous means in my reach. ny of the Universe in his grasp?

the faith of the ancients.

Yours in the bonds of Christ,

J. HATCH, Jr.

BROTHER ROBINSON.

self a few moments at this time, to write to Cowles; he is a faithful young man and deyou, in order to let you know how the work of sires to know, and do his duty. Elder Harvy our heavenly Father is progressing in my field Whitlock will spend the most of his time in of labour in the west. Since I last wrote there has been several added to the different branches in Iowa and Illinois by baptism, and many more are believing. I have just returned from a tour up the river some fifty miles distant from this place, where Elder G. M. the saints many of them have faith in God to Hinkle and preself arrived last Friday in time to be bester the laying or of bands and anoing the saints many of them have faith in God to Hinkle and preself arrived last Friday in time to be bester to make the laying or of bands and anoing the mast of the most of mis time in preaching and settling up his business as fast as possible and prepare to go east. Your papers are of great service to the saints and others in this region. It is very sickly and has been distant from this place, where Elder G. M. Hinkle and myself arrived last Friday in time be healed by the laying on of hands and anointo preach in the evening, in the villiage of ting with oil in the rame of the Lord, as in Lyons, Clinton Co. I. T. and where we tarridays of old, which causes our hearts to rejoice ed and held meetings daily, in Lyons, and greatly in the Lord. Fulton city, on the opposite side of the river. until on Tuesday when I left for home, leaving Elder Hinkle to continue the work in those manifested among the people to a great extent, places, a few days longer. The people in and the saints if they are not very humble and these places received us gladly, and treated faithful, are very apt to partake of the same us kindly, and with one consent gave heed spirit, but my constant prayer to God is, that unto those things which were spoken by us in the name of the Lord, The good Lord gave us of his Holy Spirit, to enable us to make may come up to their high privilege, and work all things plain to the understanding of the like saints who are determined in the strength people, which we declared unto them in the name of the Lord. The Lord was with us in very deed, and many were believing when I God. I feel thankful to the Lord for his goodleft. To day, Elder Harvy Whitlock has stored on me and mine; and for the favors begone to join Elder Limitary. gone to join Elder Hinkle in his labors among that people a few days. And here let me say with regard to Elder Hiller William in the east. with regard to Elder Whitlock, that he is a flaming minister of the gospel of the kingdom, patience of Jesus and in hope of the rest of and a worthy member of the same. and a worthy member of the same.

Now dear Brother in the kingdom and pa- Jesus Christ. tience of Jesus, I want to say to you, that Elder Hinkle and myself have labored in the ministry almost daily since I last wrote you, people, but in consequence of the ill health of ing extracts: familes, and the want of means, we have been under the necessity of abandoning our Michi-PRESIDENT S. RIGDON: gan tour this summer, though we heartely re-

Should I. be prevented from attending conference in Oc-Give me your prayers, for I desire earnestly tober, I shall make my calculation, if the Lord will, to stark in season to preach my way through to the April conference in Pittsburgh. Elder Ruby of this place, has preached

some since conference; also Elder Jesse Ad. West Buffalo, Scott Co. I. T. August 21, 1845, ams, Elder Samuel Shortridge, Elder Price, Elder P. Maskel, and Elders G. W. and R. Baker have preached a few times. Elder E-DEAR SIR:-I seat my-lijah Banta has gone east with President A.

There appears to be a spirit of stupidity he will pour out of his spirit to wake up sensibility in the hearts of his people, that they of Israel's God, that the kingdom now organized shall roll forth until it brings in the rest of

I remain your brother in the kingdom and My love to all who love and serve our Lord

JAMES BLAKESLEE.

We have received a letter from president and we have been blessed of the Lord abundantly in bearing our solemn testimony to the A. Cowles, from which we make the follow-

Kirtland, Q. Sept. 11, 1845.

Truly esteemed and respected gret, that we were not able to perform that Brother, you are doubtless apprised of my

arrival at this place agreeable to your appointment, under circumstances as favorable as could have been expected, in this land of That I have been welcomed by brethren and friends, by expressions of kind-

affaits in this place that you thereby be the the flequenant. This is the kind of argument better able to counsel in righteousness our future measures for the general good. On Monday morning after my arrival, a letter was reduced by Jacob Bump, (anonymous,) pure be obvious to every general reader; for there porting to communicate the fact, from units about as much analogy between an army, doubted authority, that a band had been and the christian chuch, as there is between

Our brethren and friends here are generally military court, composed of a number of comwell, and in good spirits.

Your brother in the kingdom of God,

AUSTIN COWLES.

York, September 7th, 1845.

BROTHER RIGDON,

with my promise, I will now give the other issumos, as the twelve apostate apostles in principles, by which the twelvites are govern-the mormon church would have us understand, ed-to wit;

save they are members thereof. And it would have been as well to add that their ignorance.

if a member does enter a complaint against disaffected and a heretic. No matter how se legally belonging to another still more apparrious the greiveance may be, nor how many are ent, I will make a comparison and meet them agrieved, the moment they state their grounds with their own weapons.

tability and truth, but they being no longer to eternity the organization would be broken. members, there testimony cannot be received. Congress could not fill their places, nor could By these means they rid themselves of all the either the Senate or house of representatives uncompromising friends of the cause of God, supply their stations. Should either house of and righteousness, and the rest suffer them-Congress, attempt assuming the reins of gov-

ing and slander.

should be cut off, the next highest quorum in power should preside, and so on down to the lowest grade of officers, even deacons.

To illustrate and back this position, they ness not by me to be forgotten, and now feel suppose an army in an engagement, looses its the importance of communicating with you in General or commanding officer, then, say they relation to future movements, in the important of course it would fall to the lot of the one labor that now lies before us. It is needful next in rank to fill his place, and in the event then, first of all, that you know the aspect of of his death, the next in rank, down even to affairs in this place that you thereby be the the lieutenant. This is the kind of argument

organized in Nauvoo for certain purposes, and oil and water. Suppose we admit there is. that one was sent to this place to burn the even then, the monstrous absurdity of such This so excited the people that they reasoning, eminanting as it does from would met, and chose a committee of vigilence com-he inspired men, is none the less manifest .posed of twenty persons, to guard by turn, the If in an engagement an army looses its Gener-There seems to be a general and per-lal, another officer fills his place until the bathaps, a just indignation to the course of the tle is over, and then the places of the deceased twelve and their followers and all confidence commander is regularly filled up, and the perlost in them, and the tide of public opinion is son thus promoted is endewed with all, and the same authority of his predecessor.

> tion, but if these lordly ponliffs are right, they It is one man that gives orders, and regulates an army, and gives the requisite instructions preparatory to entering into hostilities, DEAR SIR:-In compliance not a dozen men, all assuming to be general-

missioned officers, does not occupy his posi-

The fact is their situation is becoming so Third, No person can appear as witnesses desperate that they resort to the most consuagainst any of the authorities of this church, mate nonsense, and purile reasoning to sustain themselves, and are too blind to perceive But to make their audacity, and unblushing the authorities he shall be denounced, as being effrontery in arrogating to themselves a power

They frequently of complaint, if unfavorable to the twelve they have exerted all the powers of which they are are immediately expelled amid a volley of ex-capable, to show, that the government of this Hence it must be obvious to every republic, is after the pattern of heaven, so far man who possesses the least degree of com-las its organization is concerned. In order mon sense, that there is no possible chance of then, that this pattern may be preserved, or exbringing these wicked men to justice. Allist in a perfect state, of necessity there is a those who have been thrown out of the church, president and vice president at the helm of the are, so far as I am acquainted, men of respec-ination. And should they be called from time

selves to be blinded by their abominable ly-ernment, the free people of "Columbia" would denounce and depose-them. Now to apply Fourth, The Prophet and Patriarch being this; they argue, that the true church of Christ dead, the next quorum in authority, have is also after the similitude of heaven, then the legitimate right to preside over and lead what would brake the organization of our gov the church in their stead; and in case they ernment would break that of the church, if

then the absence of the president and vice president destroys the organization of our A special Conference of the Church of government so then the death of Joseph and Christ will be held in Philadelphia on the 6th Hirum destroy the church organization, and day of October next. the twelve being in a similar situation to the church, as Congress to this nation, they there cil from the general Conference, and all offifore according to their own argument have no cers of branches, Presidents, Priests, Feachera right to rule the church. I have now in as few and Deacons, and also all travelling High words as possible, carried out their own argu-Priests and Elders, who were not present ment, which they have frequently preached to at the general Conference, are particularly rethe Philadelphia branch of the church, and it quested to attend. commits them in the most preposterous manner, and so long as they hold their present position, proves them to be, as I have said before. an ambitious set of aspirants.

This is not the only instance of the most glaring contradiction in these vicious men, for during the difficulties in the west, previous to Joseph's death, it was many times rumored, that he was murdered. The mem From conquest to conquest proceeds! bers of the church becoming alarmed, knowing hislife was sought after, would inquire of them, what would become of the church if he And witness his wonderful deeds. were destroyed? and they were answered, that the Lord would, through the Prophet, ordain another to guide the church the same as Moses ordained Joshua, to lead the children of Israel into Palestine, and as Elijah clothed Elisha with divine power, so would another be appointed or clothed. I, and hundreds of others, have heard them teach the same thing from Consequently when it was the public stand. understood that Joseph was actually slain it was reported, and believed by a number that Sidney Rigdon was to be the head of the No day like this day has appeared. church, and some said Joseph had a revelation so that effect. Hundreds of times, they taught there was to be a regular succession of Prophto guide the church, clothed with the man-Salvation and glory belong: tle of the Holy priesthood, down to the consumation of time, when the Lord was to usher in with the glories of the eternal realm.

This they would tell us was the gospel, but now they deny it, and with unclean hands and base hearts, like satan who wished to "sit the Book of Mormon. Price \$10 per doz. in the sides of the north," have exalted them.

ALSO—A large supply of Hymn Books, new selves to a post, which in my humble opinion collection, neatly bound in fancy coloured monone but the most, which in my number opinion collection, neatly bound in fancy coloured monone but the most, base abandoned and lawless rocco. Price, \$30 per hundred; 37 cents single, set of wretches would have the hardihood to do. The above books also for sale by George T. do. They would wish to control God, for Leech, New York City. By Geo. M. Hinkle, "I, P. P. Pratt" says they are willing to regular to the ceive a prophet, when the Lord sends him, land, Ohio. that is, if God will send Peter, James or John or Joseph Smith back to the earth, and they can see him ordain a man to that office, they a man sent in the Lord's way, hence they ac-month, by knowledge a prophet is wanting. Here again they defeat themselves by their own words, and proving that they are conscious they are Liberty st. Head of Wood, Pittsburgh Pa. and proving that they are contested as a contest of the will of God. So I may be sufficed in all cases, in advance. Any person procuring us five dollars current money, shall receive one five dollars current money, shall receive one have the honor to subscribe myself Your brother in the Covenant,

N. B. HELVERSON.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

All absentee members of the Grand Coun-

By order of the Twelve.

S. BENNETT, C'lk.

POETRY.

HYMN.

Behold how the Lord Has girt on his sword; How happy are they, Who live in this day, Hallelujah we sing, To our Savior and King. And his praises aloud we'll proclaim, To the Lamb that was slain, Hallelujah again,

Sing all heaven and worship his name. His word he sends forth, From South to the North; From East and from West it is heard:

The rebel is charmed;

To Jesus alone, Who sits on the throne, All hail blessed name. Forever the same, Our joy, and the theme of our song.

Also-A large supply of Hymn Books, new

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Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, OCTOBER 1, 1845.

to a No. 22.

TREATIES ON THE OF THE LAST DAYS.

BY S. RIGDON.

To those who take the bible for their teacher, in matters pertaining to the future; the present aspect of the world is as portentious as it well could be. We have no account of there being, at any period of the world's history, so general a display of the displeasure of the up for ever and ever." Lord, in the same way, as is now passing in the world, throughout the length and breadth of the land. From China to Mexico, there is naught but calamities and judgments prevail-Earthquakes, pestilence, drougth, civil commotions, and fear and confusion reigning, Eires laying waste towns, villiages, cities, and destroying large tracts of country, in a manner before unknown. We ask as did Isaiah "Is there an evil in the city, and the Lord has not done it?" Those who have read the hible, with attention, and placed confidence in what it said, have been expecting such things, and yearly expecting their arrival, and he can

now look and say behold they have come. John the revelator told the world, seventeen hundred years ago, that at a certain time it of God's judgment has come, and that it would be required of men to "fear God and worship him." See Revelations 14th chapter 6th and 7th verses, "And I saw another angel ing gospel to preach unto them that dwell on 18th chapter of Revelation 1st and 2d verses, come down from heaven, having great power; and

CALAMITIES voice of much people in heaven, saying, Al-lis leluia, salvation, and glory, and honor, and power, unto the Lord our God: for true and righteous are his judgments: for he hath judged the great whore, which did corrupt the earth with her fornication, and hath avenged the blood of his servants at her hand. And again they said, Alleluia, and her smoke rose

From the above we learn that Babylon was

not to fall until an angel had announced it. and that was to be after an angel had brought the everlasting gospel, at which time the hour of God's judgment was to commence. By this we learn that there was a particular period to arrive, which was called the hour of. judgments. No subject is more plainly taught. by all the sacred writers, and none upon which there is more said, than that of the judgments of the last days, and as sure as there is truth in either the old or new Testament, there is a day or rather an hour, as John calls it, of judgment, which is called so by way of preeminence, awaiting the world; and one that is not far distant, that will convulse the nations of the world. We are disposed to say a few things about this period, and the would be announced by an angel, that the hour relation the present sectarian world bears to it. According to the present condition of the

religious world, this day cannot come without laying waste the entire sectarian world. That the destruction of this day, is the result of hayfly in the midst of heaven, having the everlast-ling corrupted and rejected the true religion of the earth, and to every nation and kindred, and the 24th chapter of Isaiah, where we have an heaven, the scriptures abundantly teach. tongue, and people, saying with a loud voice, account of the effects of this hour of judgment tear God, and give-glory to him; for the hour of his judgment is come; and worship him that made heaven, and earth, and the sea, and the fountains of water." It was this annunciation, that was to prepare the way for the downfall of Babylon, and for the resurrection of the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the way for the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the dead, and the final triumph of the heart the inhabitants thereof;" The earth is utjerly to be laid waste, because the defiled under the inhabitants thereof; and if it be asked how it was that the inhabitants had defiled it, the answer is given in the last part of the verse; "because they have transgressed the laws, changed the ordinances, made all nations drink of the wine of the broken the everlasting covenant." Who has made all nations drink of the wine of the broken the everlasting covenant." Who has wrath of her fornication." As also with the done this? the religious world; for they it were who had the laws and ordinances in trust "And after these things I saw another angel and to whom the everlasting covenant is giv-The heathen world had not the laws, orand the was lightened with his glory.—dinances nor covenant, that they could trans-And he dimightily with a strong voice, saying, Babylon the great is fallen, is fallen.

If the earth then is to be utterly laid waste. If the earth then is to be utterly laid waste,

If the earth then is to be utterly laid waste, and is become the habitation of devils, and the because the laws of heaven are transgressed, hold of every foul spirit, and a cage of every the ordinances changed, and the everlasting unclean bird." And 19th chapter 1—3 vertices "And after these things I heard a great covenant broken, it is the religious world that

then

gove ing destruction on itself. If what John and Protestants are the religions, which have n the 6th chapter of Revelations 15th produced that effect. If it is true what Isaiah the 16th verses, which reads as follows:—and John say, about the hour of God's judgchild the kings of the earth, and the great ment, we have the very religious parties clearbrought to pass, it will be because the kings been done. and nobles, were religious men, and corruptand against his army.

the kings, nobles and mighty men.

transgressed the laws, changed the ordinances, for the fowls of heaven, and that because they and broken the everlasting covenant, There had corrupted the religion of heaven.

22, and the rich men, and the chief captains, ly set forth, whose corruptions are to bring and the mighty men, and every bondman, and destruction on the earth, and it must and can every freeman, hid themselves in the dens and be none other, but the so called Catholics and in the rocks of the mountains; and said to the Protestants. To them belongs the kings of mountains and rocks, Fall on us, and hide us the earth, who have transgressed the laws, from the face of him that sitteth on the throne, changed the ordinances, and broken the everand from the wrath of the Lamb,"" is ever lasting covenant, or else no such things have The kings and nobles of the earth, who ing the true religion, brought destruction and have had the laws, ordinances, and covenants ruin on themselves. And again, in Revela of heaven in possession to break, are either of tions 19th chapter 17-21 we read as follows: one or the other of the families, and the Lord "And I saw an angel standing in the sun; and cannot destroy them, only by disapproving of he cried with a loud voice, saying to all the their religion, and if he disapproves of the fowls that fly in the midst of heaven, Come religion of the kings, he does of the people, and gather yourselves together unto the sup-land we have the fullest and most uncontroverper of the great God; that ye may cat the table evidence, that the Catholics and Protesflesh of kings, and the flesh of captains, and the tante, are two corrupt families, and are ones. flesh of mighty men, and the flesh of horses on which the Lord has declared by the mouth and of them that sit on these, and the flesh of of his grophets, that he will bring destruction, all men, both free and bond, both small and and the great destruction of the last day; for great. And I saw the beast, and the kings of if any such destruction, as is spoken of and so the earth, and their armies, gathered together minutely detailed in the sacred scriptures ever to make war against him that sat on the horse Makes place, the matter is forever settled, that And the beast was ta-both the Protestants and Catholics, will sufken, and with him the false prophet that fer an entire overthrow. If what the Savior wrought miracles before him, with which he says in the 24th chapter of Mattew, is true, deceived them that had received the mark of then there is to be a final end to both of them, the beast and them that worshiped his image, see the 37th, 38th and 39th verses, where it is These both were cast alive into a lake of fire said thus: "But as in the days of Noah were, burning with brimstone. And the remnant so shall also the coming of the Son of man were slain with the sword of him that sat up be. For as in the days that were before the on the horse, which sword proceeded out of his flood, they were eating and drinking, marrying mouth: and all the fowls were filled with and giving in marriage, until the day that their flesh." Why are the fowls of heaven Noah entered into the ark, and knew not uncalled upon to come and feast on the flesh of til the flood came, and took them all away; so kings, and the flesh of nobles, and the flesh of shall also the coming of the Son of man be.'2 mighty men? it is because they have trans- No such a destruction as this, can take place gressed the laws, changed the ordinances, and and not bring ruin on those two contending broken the everlasting covenant; for Isaiah parties. says it is because of this, that the earth is to It only needs a very little reflection, to

be laid waste, and if the earth is laid waste it see the relation which they bear to the threatwill be part of the destruction, to destroy the ened destructions of the last days. By whom was the religion of heaven corrupted, it could Let us inquire who are these kings, nobles, be by none other than the Catholics and Proand mighty men, who are to be destroyed, testants. If the religion of heaven is corrupsince they are religious men, and destroyed ted, it is they who have done it, or else the for having set aside the institutions of heaven earth is not to be destroyed, by reason of the This is easily determined, they are the kings, laws being transgressed, the ordinances changnobles and mighty men of the two great fami-led, and the everlasting covenant being brolies, Catholic, and Protestants, for the kings ken; and if this is not the case, then there is of the earth, and the nobles, and the mighty an end of the bible, for verily the biole thus men of the earth, are of one or the other of sayeth. One or the other of them of both is these two families, and it is impossible for the "Mystery Babylon," and by them have been calamity, here spoken of, ever to take place introduced the doctrines of devils amnable only by destroying the two parties, that at heresies &c, there were none other to do it.—
The kings of the earth belong to them, and their religion is the religion of the kings and nobles of the earth, whose flesh is to be food

are none others could do it, and the Catholics All those who read the bible, with any de-

gree of attention, must know one fact, and ligence in our prosession, by which we can that is that the kings of Europe are marked do it. That there are calamities threatened out as the objects of the Lord's displeasure, on the countries, where these religious prevail. in the last days, and of the number of those and have prevailed for centuries, and to all who are to suffer an overthrow, and it is equal-appearance will prevail until the hour of judgly certain, that they are either Protestants or ment, and should they continue till then, their Catholics, and it is impossible to overthow end and character cannot be a matter of disthem, unless they have transgressed the laws, pute. That the countries now under the inchanged the ordinances, and broken the ever-fluence of their religion, are the countries lasting covenant. And if they have done so, marked out, as the objects of the judgments then indeed the Catholic, and Protestant rea are just as certain, as that they were the gov-

these two families of religion, and if the Lord case none will doubt. does as he says, he will come on the world as tantism, for they must be overthrown.

Let the inquirer after truth, lay the map of and that by the God of heaven himself. not fail of seeing one fact, that it is the Cath-they must perish in the ruins; and if they do subjects of the threatening judgments; for the overthrow their religion before that time. very countries to be desolated, are in their Have the advocates of these religions duly hands, and under their control, and it is im-considered this! we think they have not, and possible that the prophetic judgments could we call upon them to do it. There own writism and Cathologism, so called. If there is modern times, have come to the same conclusuch a thing ever theake place, as the general sions we have, that both the Protestant and both the Catholic and Protestant religions, other conclusion. are aboundations in the sight of the Lord.

people thus judged have departed from the these religious, as maturing and preparing living God; but who are they who have thus themselves for the judgments of God, long defiled their inheritances under them? all must since threatened by the holy prophets, their admit that the countries inherited by the own writers being judges. Chatholics, and Protestants, with their kings. If the Catholic and Protestants countries, and nobles, are the very countries which the are not of those, who are to be desolated in Lord by the mouth of the prophets, has threat the hour of God's judgments, may we not ask, ened with destruction, and that, because they what countries are they? and what kings are have defiled their inheritances under them, to be made food for the fowls of heaven? we had transgressed the laws, changed the ordi-think it will be difficult for any one to answer. nances, and broken the everlasting covenant. Indeed, these religious seem to be founded on Who else could it be, all the kings and nobles a strangely false principle, that the threatened of Europe belong to them, and are of one or judgments are never to come. Hence with the other religion, unless we except the king what zeal they endeavor to spread their religof Russia. Now if the kings and nobles of ion, and if they believe their religion to be true, the earth are to be slain, and become food for who can blame them; but it is a fact, as fairly the fowls of heaven, the Catholic and Protes-settled by the sacred writers as any other can tant kings are surely to be of the number, and be, that whatever religion or religions are beif this is to be done, because the people thus lieved and mantained, by the kings of the judged, have transgressed the laws of heaven, earth, at the time of God's judgements, are to changed the ordinances, and broken the ever be overthrown, and that that hour of judglasting covenant, then, indeed, the Catholic ment is yet to come cannot be doubted, and and Protestant religions, are corruptions, and that the day draweth nigh the signs of the it is because they exist, that the world is to be times are abundant evidence. For what puroverthrown, and all the judgments of the last pose were the judgments to come? all know, days aré to be executed.

escape, and if there is any, we have no intel-reign; and this is to be done, not by establish-

ligion, are false and such as God disapproves, ernments, which sprung up after the dowfall All christendom, so called; is made up of of the Roman Empire; and that this is the

The consequence then is, that as certain as he did in the days of Noah, and cut off the in-those religions continue as they are, and conhabitants thereof, then farewell to the so much linue to spread as they are now doing; so cerboasted Cathologism, and the united Protes-tainthey are destined, during the hour of God's judgments, to suffer an everlasting overthrow. the world before him, and then examine the then overthrown they must be, for if they conbible, and read the judgments which are toltinue till the hour of God's judgments, which fall on the world, in the last days, and he can is to destroy the kings, and nobles of the earth. olic, and Protestant seets which are to be the not continue till then, some other people must. be executed, and not destroy both Protestan lers, of ancient times as well as those of more. overthrow of the kings, and governments of Catholic countries are included in the threat-the world, as is declared by the prophetic writened judgements of the last days; indeed no ters, then, the question is forever settled, that candid reader of the scriptures can come to any

It is in this important point of light, that These judgments are threatened, because the we must view the advocates and supporters of

that know anything about it, that it was to From this conclusion there seems to be no prepare the way for him whose right it is to ing the religion which now has obtained a-they, in their turn, will not escape; for when mong the kings of the earth, but by an over the Lord-once sets his hand in judgment, he throw of both the kings and their religion; for will not cease, until he has utterly laid Babythe earth cannot rest, until there is an over-lion, in all her departments, waste, and shall throw of religions and their advocates, and re-have cast her down to gise no more. ligions too, which have obtained throughout Let any pers n only reflect, with candor,

the length and breadth of the land.

and looking at the world as it is, and he will Who can carefully and candidly examine have to say, that it is the Catholics and Prothis most important of all subjects, and not testants that the Lord calls 24 Babylon the see, that both Catholics and Protestants, are great." It is the doctrines which they teach, destined for an overthrow; we are certain that the sacred writers call doctrines of devils; none can, and they must see it, if they only and it is the parties and sects among then, gave themselves the trouble to examine. So who are called damnable heresies, on whom evident are these facts, that the Lord will con-the Lord has threatened to execute his severest sider them without excuse, when the day judgments. If they are not the authors of of their calamity comes, for, he says, he will these damnable heresies, and doctrines of delaugh at their calamity, and mock when their vils, who in the name of all truth is? fear cometh; because he had called and they are not "Bahylon the great" who is it? the refused, he stretched out his arm and they answer is and must be, there is no such thing would not obey. Not because they were not as "Babylon." Then indeed, may they take apprised of what was coming; but because, warning by the things which are befalling the when it was declared into them, they would Mormons. Why are the Mormons thus scourged? it is because they have transgressed the not hear nor obey.

This suggests another thought, that before laws, changed the ordinances, and broken the this can take place, there must be some peo-leverlasting covenant; for some of the last ple sent to those advocates of a corrupt religious of him whom they call their prophet, ion or religions, to warn them of what is com-were in the name of the Lord, that if they did ing, and they will refuse to hear or obey. The not transgress, they should not be moved out present state of the religious world speaks of their place, but now behold their situation; loudly on this subject. There can be noth why? because of transgression, their own proing more certain, than they are the very peo-phet judging between them and their enemies; ple, on whom the judgments of God are threat for if they had not transgressed they would ened, and they will come on them, and those have been safe in their place; and these his who walk in their footsteps, yet, the very words are as applicable to himself, as to any character of their religion is such, that they other, for had he not transgressed, he would would reject any messenger sent for the pur-yet have been, in his place, and if others had pose of warning them, because their religion not followed after his corruptions, they would forbids them to receive any revelations from not be in the situation they are this day; but heaven, and they would refuse to hear one they refused instructions, and therefore they sent, and that of necessity, or else they would are receiving judgment, and will receive it unhave to deny their religion. Of them, no til they are wasted and made desolate.

doubt can remain, but it can at the hour of the So certain as Babylon is to be cast down; so Lord's judgment be said, that "I have called certain it is, that the present religious socieand ye refused." for their hearts are set a ties will suffer an overthrow, for "Babylon" gainst the Lord in this matter, and are deterise in their midst. Their religion has been the mined to have none of his instructions, yet, religion, since the days of apostacy, and notthey might see, if they would, that they are withstanding all their pretentions to the true marked out in the scriptures, as among those religion. If they have not built spiritual who will feel the hand of the Lord in the day "Babylon," then it will require some sagacity of his wrath, which is shortly to be poured to find out who did it. If there is any such

out; for so sure as the scriptures are true, so thing as false religion, they have it; it would

sure, they will be cast down in wrath to rise shock all common sense to suppose, that all no more, and their kings and their nobles, and the religions they have invented, and are pracmighty men, become food for the fowls of ticing, are according to the will of heaven .heaven.

Can Methodism, and Calvanism both be the As with the Mormons, so shall it be with religion of heaven? if so, the Lord has had no them; we long since warned the Mormons of respect either to government or doctrine, what was coming on them, and the wrath Paul's saying to Timothy must be useless, that awaited them; but they would not hear, and worse than useless, when he saye the and now the threatened wrath is beginning to time will come when men will not endure fall on them, and will not cease, until they sound doctrine." If Calvanism and Methodare utterly desolated, and their name be only ism are both of God, two doctrines in direct a repreach in the land of the living. So will contradiction, can both be true, and one as it he with the Catholics and Protestants, judg. much according to the will of heaven as the ment and wrath are awaiting them, and as other. Can Universalianism and Partialism sure as the Mormons will not escape, so sure be both true, if so, the Lord has no regard to

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what doctrine is true, but in opposition to this what was the institution that was to produce they all profess to believe that the Lord has this effect? It could be none other than the respect to doctrine, and because they think so, Catholic institutions. Who was it that had they refuse fellowship with one another, re-influence and power over the kings of the fuse to worship in the same house, and forbid earth? the answer is, the Catholics. Who their members to hear each other preach, and then could corrupt them? the Catholics surely, yet declare that all is right, and the Lord for none others could do it, but those who had through them will accomplish all his work in power over them. Of this the Catholics the last days.

The Protestants declare they have as much mighty men of the earth, are of their religion, union as the Catholics, this all may be true, or the larger number of them; and these are but does that prove that either of them have the the very persons of whom it is said, that their oneness of the church of Christ, none will pretend to say this, if contradictory doctrines and Why food for the lowls of heaven, then their religions are opposed to the doctrine of Christ, is given in the scriptures, because they had then their religions are opposed to it. If Undrunk of the wine of the fornication of an harion is necessary in order to the establishing of lot. What harlot? the Catholics declare, and truth and righteousness on the earth, then the that boastingly too, that they are under their Catholics and Protestants must finally be cut influence. Surely, then, it is the Catholic inoff, and cease to exist. Their religions can stitution that has corrupted the kings of the never effect this. Whatever "spiritual Baby learth, themselves being witness, who is the lon" is, it is the progeny of these religions.— great harlot which has corrupted the whole It is, the natural consequences of them. It earth.

Sprung from them, as naturally as the fruit Whatever the religion or religions of the does from the vine. How can the Catholics kings and nobles of the earth are, it is to be

expect to redeem the world, when their religion could not save it from destruction, when the great harlot which was to corrupt the ious and political: they could not their power; both religions whole earth, and all that separated from her, tain themselves nor the world from corruption; were also to share the same fall with her.—
themselves heing witness, and yet they would All were corrupted by her, and all to share pretend that their religion is to be the religion, the destruction with her.—
Another fact is cerby which the world is finally to be delivered tain that, nothing clean could come out of her.

from corruption.

According to the accounts given in the calls upon all the people of God to come out scriptures, the world could only be corrupted; of this, Babel, composed of the kings and noby a departure from the true order of heaven, bles of the earth, but this call was to be made and the fountain from which the whole sprung after the Lord had sent an angel with the evermust first be corrupt, and in consequence of lasting gospel to be proclaimed to all the nathose with whom God had established his true tions, tongues, languages and kindreds of the order becoming corrupt, so that his institution earth, and after this all the people of God and order of things which he established were were commanded to come out of her (Babylon.) deranged, and being so, the true order of heav-Not for Catholics to turn. Protestants, or Proen ceased, and this corrupt institution was the testants to turn Catholics, but both to come thing which was to defile the whole earth. If out of "Babylon," and be redeemed by the orthe Catholics had not first turned from the liv-der newly instituted by the ministration of an ing God, Protestantism, of which they so much angel. This angel could not come to either complain, would never have existed. The ex- Catholics or Protestants; for they both deny This angel could not come to either istence of Protestantism was because the the ministration of angels. Catholics and Catholics had corrupted the true religion of Protestants are not the people in whose hands heaven, and having done that, the door was the power of salvation was to be deposited, opened for every species of invention of men. but another people, to whom an angel had min-God had departed from the Catholics or else istered, bringing with him the everlasting Protestantism would never have existed, and gospel, and all that would not come out of the religious world would never had been in Babylon should be partakers both of her sins and her plagues. Out of what "Babthe situation it is at present.

We think no intelligent reader of the bible, ylon?" the Babylon created by the great will be disposed to deny this fact. There harlot, composed—of—all, Catholics and Prowas something, and some people, after the testants, for they all make "Babylon" and days of the apostles, to rise, that would corrupt it is only those who follow the voice of the all the kings of the earth, and people; all nadiangel, that is not "Babylon." Such then being the case, may we not call her fornications, and by that means be corrupted, and it was the corruption, thus introduced, that was to bring the wrath of heaven on awaiting them if we understand the sayings the earth. Now who were this people and of the prophets, for there is no other people.

John the Revelator in speaking of these things

who can compose "Babylon the great" but We will here offer a few thoughts about sin them. To them belong the kings, and no as it existed in the world. bles, and mighty men of the earth, and According to all the sacred writers sin enthem, and in consequence the fowls should control. Paul says thus in the 5th chapter of feed on their flesh. Now who could con the epistle to the Romans and 12th verse. rupt them? the answer is Cathelics and Pro- Wherefore as by one man sin entered intotestants, none other could.

with her, for so sure as the Lord executes his of one shall many be made lighteous." with them.

BY S. RIGDON.

matter of importance to inquire into the thing world as much beyond his control as did death, called condemnation, and the cause thereof. man because he is the subject of death as bedemned, there must he a cause for it and one. Sin entered the world before any but one

the scriptures say, the gospel proclamation; and men are taught and as unavoidable as a bodily infirmity, and believe that they are by nature under condemnation, and subject to the wrath of God; and if the gospel had not been sent into the world, the whole world would have been damned or condemned. ned or condemned.

evil."

that it might have existed and yet no person cause of guilt can be avoided. In this interesting the condemned we think is equally taught. stance it could not:

the world, and death by sin; and so death Thus stands the situation of the world, and passed upon all men for that all have sinned." we would call upon all, Catholics and Pro As also in the 19th verse we have the followtestants, to repent and come out of the "Bab-ling: "For as by one man's disobedience ylon" they have made, that they perish not many were made sinners, so by the obedience threatened judgements, they will be cut off these quotations we learn that sin entered the and as sure as there was or is a harlot, that world by the disobedience of one man, and corrupted the earth, so sure she is among and that death was the consequence of sin, and that death has passed upon all. Now no man will pretend that man is condemned be-A TREATIES ON CONDEMNATION cause he is made subject to death; but there is just as much reason to condemn man be-As it is said in the scriptures, that those cause he is the subject of death as because who believe not "are condemned," it is a he is the subject of sin; for sin entered the world as much beyond his control as did death,

There has been and continues to be, much said by the various teachers of religion on this subject, men are warned and admonished to beware lest they, are condemned at last; for one is as unavoidable as the continues say. "He that believe the subject to sin no more than he can avoid death; the scriptures say." Sin entered the world before any but one the scriptures say, "He that believeth not are both an attainder from our progenitors," the goesel products as the other and they

If we understand the teachings of many if passed upon all.

We will inquire a little aftef the situation not all the religious teachers of the present of man supposing the gospel had never come age, as well as ages past, if we are to judge into the world. The idea of his being damof their sentiments by their writings, they ned or condemned, is too gross to be received view the world as under condemnation, by by any reflecting mind. Sin independently reason of sin, and if the gospel had not been of the introduction of the gospel could only sent into the world the whole world by reason of sin would be damned or condemned; and of sin would be damned or condemned; and cause of taking all from this world after they are the gospel nover come into that it is sin which brought condemnation came here. Had the gospel sever come into into the world. It is our intention in what the world, the result would have been that we shall say to examine how this matter is.

It is said by the Savior in the 3rd chapter been. His body and spirit would have been to the of John's gospel and 19th verse thus "And separated, his spirit would have gone to the this is the condemnation that light is come unseen world and his body return again to into the world, and men loved darkness the dust from whence it came, to have dwelt rether deads were rather than light, because their deeds were on this earth no more. This end only could have been his fate; no blame could have been If we are to believe these sayings condem- attached to him. He was of necessity subnation is because light has come into the jected to sin, and in consequence was subject world and not because sin was in the world to death. Condemnation was the conse-Sin might have been in the world and quence of guilt, but man was made a sinner reigned unto death, but yet not cause condem, and could not avoid it, and doomed to death nation. That sin was the cause of death is and could not help it, and no guilt attached every where taught by the sacred writers, but itself or could: guilt only attaches where the

Hence the Savior says "that this is the con-veniencies of poverty and knows at the same demnation that light has come into the world" time he might have been rich only by his that is redemption from death, and sin must own neglect, he is then condemned, and he first come before condemnation could come; has this to suffer in addition to his poverty: for until redemption from sin and death came, and so it is in all cases. Man cannot be conthere was no guilt attached to either sin ordemned unless some are saved, and herknows death, on the part of Adam's posterity. _. That they are saved, and also knows that he might which brings life and immortality brings also have been saved, had he have been wise; and Hence the Savior says, as knowing and feeling that his condition might condemnation. recorded in the 15th chapter and 22nd verse have been infinitely better, he upbraids him-"If I had not come and spoken unto them, self forever, and thus comes condemnation. they had not had sin: but now they have no It is impossible for a man to exist in a land

where salvation can be obtained if he refuses cloke for their sin." The same as to say if I had not come and or reject it, but condemnation must follow; for spoken to them they would not have been con-some will be saved and he will know eternally demned but now their sin is wilfull and guilt that he also might have been, had he only attaches to it, but had the Savior not have have received the offer made.

come this would not have been the case. Hence it was that the apostles went forth a To this same effect says Paul Romans 5th savor of life unto life or of death unto death; chapter and 20th verse "Moreover the law they either saved or condemned the world,—entered that the offence might abound," Before they carried the gospel to the world Had there been no light man might have or before light came into the world, there was

lived under sin, and under sin he might have neither salvation, nor condemnation, but sin died and known nothing else, and when he reigning unto death, and man left as though he went into the world of spirits would not have had not have been; but as soon as light enterfelt any more condemnation than he does when ed into the world condemnation also followed he comes into this world. It would have been it; and now in all lands, where men have it the common fate of all; all would have been in their power to be saved, if they are not savalike; all lived and all died; all were embod ed they will unavoidably be condemned; for ied and all disembodied; all comeshere alike, however lightly men may be disposed to treat and all go away alike, and the same lot ap the offers of eternal life, there is a period in pertained to all without distinction; but the their existence when they will know and have introduction of light materially changed the to feel to their sorrow, that they had it in their As soon as it was in the pow-power to be saved. This they will know, if affairs of man. er of man to better his condition condemnation not in this state of existence, they will in anfollowed if he did not, and condemnation in other, and cannot avoid it. No man ever had this case was as unavoidable as sin and salvation within his reach but he will know death in the former case. No man could livelbe had it, at some period of his existence; and to whom light came but if he did not sieze cannot know it if he is not saved, without beupon it, condemned he must be; for the know-ling condemned. He cannot avoid upbraiding ledge of the fact would follow as it did the himself for his course in life, when he sees rich man in the world of spirits, and that was that he has lost the greatest boon ever offered to man, and himself cast off when he might as certain as light came to him here. No condemnation could exist unless the have been exalted on high.

person condemned had it in his power to better his condition, this no person could have unless ty to light it also brings condemnation to those light had come into the world; and when it who reject it, and it will be found a true saying was in the power of man to rise above death. He that believeth not shall be damned or and triumph over sin, and he did neither, the condemned." very fact of his knowing that he might have Let us illustrate our subject by the families done so will be a source of sorrow and wo as of A. and B. A. had an arch enemy that

of existence he is. rejected some thing that would have been to operations and succeeded in deceiving A and his advantage to have received; and the great his wife and by so doing got their family uner the offered boon, the greater the condemnater his power. He reduced A and his family tion when it is lost, and the greater the sor- to poverty, deprived them of every blessing row must be that follows. A man when he both in time and in eternity, brought him into is poor of necessity, feels no condemnation for deeper degradation shame and reproach and

While the gospel brings life and immortali-

long as he exists, it matters not in what state was too shrewd and cunning for him, whose object it was to bring A. and his family in A person can only feel guilt when he has subjection to himself. He commenced his his poverty, though he may receive it as a reduced them to shame and degradation.—
mistortune to be so, and he can only feel this Such was A's condition that his family
when he sees others rich and the advantage through all ages must inherit his shame povthey have by reason of their riches over him; erry and degradation and no escape. A's chilfor if all were poor he would not feel poverty dren could not inherit any thing from their
a misfortune, but if a man suffers the incon father but poverty, shame and reproach, and

he and his family were degraded beneath the ment in the family of A, some of them believfamilies of the land, and no power of escape, ed it, and went to B to be adopted into his A's children had this evil entailed on them by family. This made many of the rest mad, their parents and as his children could not a they charged this adopted son of B's as offervoid it. It was a great misfortune but as it was in't indignity to their father's family. A's intailed on them in consequence of the degra arch enemy became alarmed, he well know dation of their parents they could feel no guilt that if B got A's family, he would lose his in consequence of it but bore it as a great power and authority over them; in consequence of A stamily as but unavoidable misfortune. Thus the fam quence he stirred up as many of A's family as ily of A was lingering out their existence; he could, and they attacked him who was

his family was large and himself degraded. once their brother in great violence and great

B was a man of great wealth, and over fury, being stirred to great wrath by A's arch
whelming influence, but had no children.—enemy who had full power over them, they He was in advance of all the families of the commenced abusing him, defaming his charearth, to him they all bowed with reverence acter, circulating all manner of falsehoods as and acknowledged his superiority. His gainst him, trying to keep the rest of the famiwealth was inexhaustable he could enrichen ally from being adopted into B's family.

giving A and his wife the same privilege.

Iy, and multitudes of A's family was in this As soon as the proclamation was made by manner deceived.

B, one of A's sons availed himself of the pro
Now B had an unchanging law of adoption posed blessings and went and was adopted ac and none could be adopted into his family on
cording to the plan of adoption decided by Bly on any privileging and they who did not subcording to the plan of adoption devised by Billy on one principle, and they who did not subtween-him and A his father, and became the inheritence. A's enemy well knew this, and son of B, as effectually as he had been the son knowing this he attempted to deceive A's famof A. A's authority over him ceased, and ily by inventing systems of adoption of his he now became B's heir instead of A's. No own, and sending messengers of his own to sooner-was this done than he found his circum-do it.

stances greatly changed, he became heir to all B's riches and honor, wealth and influence ly, had it done by messengers of his own choos-All who now insulted him felt the wrath offing to whom he communicated continually B. B considered his honor was identified and to whom he gave instructions daily that with the honor of his son, and commenced they night not err. Many of B's messengers teaching, instructing, and refining him and had gone forth to confer the blessings of B on making this his son like himself. He no A's family; in the course of their administration of the solution sooner found himself sharer in B's wealth hon-tion they had written many letters to the aor and fame, than he immediately repared to dopted family, giving them instructions and the house of A his first father, and made procesetting forth the way and manner by which lamation to the rest of his father's family, de B adopted members into his family. A's claring unto them that in A they must suffer enemy availed himself of these writings poverty, shame, and disgrace forever, but in which he got into possession and putting B they could have wealth, honor, fame, power them into the hands of his own messengers and eternal life, and exhorted and admonished sent them forth to adopt A's family into B's, them to be adopted into the family of B, telling but he found there was one difficulty to overthem of the blessing he had obtained by being come; for when his messengers had as they

world. His wisdom was far above the wisdow of A's enemy whom he supposed to be his dow of A's enemy. B looked upon A and friend, invented all kinds of stratagems to dehis family in their degradation, and understood ceive A's family, in order to hold his influence their fall much better than they understood it over them. He stirred as many of A's famithemselves and he felt disposed to raise them ly as he could to exert all their power and infrom their deep degradation, but this he could fluence to destroy B's messenger to them .not do as long as they remained under the rela-He was called an impostor, a liar, a false protion they sustanied to A as their father and phet. They pursued him with violence, head of the family; for so long as A remained wrath, and indignation. A's enemy finding at the head of the family, his enemy would be was like to be defeated, for he well knew keep him in subjection to himself with all his that as many of A's family as were adopted family. B proposed to remedy the evil by into the family of B would be delivered from adopting the family of A as his children, and under his power. He put all his ingentity to making them his family and his children, and the stretch to invent schemes to avoid this.—
thereby become the head of the family himself. He at last had recourse to a cunning device, B according to his plan makes application he admitted that it was a great blessing to be to A to let him adopt his children as his own, in B's family, and had a cunning plan to de-He called upon A's family to break the relacceive by imitating a law-of-adoption of his tion they sustain to their father A, as head of own, and sent his messengers every where athe family, and be adopted as his children, mong A's family to adopt them into B's fami-

and become B's son, breaking the relation be mit to this law, were not made heirs of B's

B, in order to have any adopted into his fami-The proclamation made great excite-said adopted of A's family into B's, B held

no communication with them as he did with those whom his own messengers adopted .-A's enemy had recourse to a wily stratagem to overcome this difficulty by ideclaring that as B had confirmed the truth of his proposals to A's family by his manifest communications, and having done this, it was not necessary that B should bestow them any more, and that they had ceased.

On this principle he succeeded to deceive multitudes, of A's family, and the messengers that A's enemy had thus instructed went forth proclaiming against B's messengers, declaring they had the power to adopt children into the family of B, and that B had ceased to confer his gifts on his adopted children, that B had proven he had power to do so, and having done this it was sufficient, and multitudes by this device of A's enemy were deceived.

Great confusion reigned in A's family, but the time hastened to a close when B was to put his children into possession of the promised inheritence in full, and in order to do this he had to cast down A's enemy with all his followers; he commenced his work of preparing for the crowning of his children, and he the Nauvoo papers, had the editors been diseast down A's enemy, taking away his power, exposing his deception, and destroying all work done and A's enemy with all his follows sources for news on this painful subject. ers cast down, and B's family put in-possession of their rights as his children, than the eyes of the rest of A's family were opened in deep dismay and horror; they then saw what they had lost, they did not upbraid themselves because they were A's children naturaly and thereby doomed to shame, but their great sorrow was they had refused to be adopted into the family of B when he made the kind proposal, they saw their case desperate. Those who had been adopted they knew were reigning in great power, and great glory; and they were is fast hastening upon us; also we have some not only suffering the common shame of the few debts to pay which must be canceled withfamily, but had to endure the mortification of out fail: therefore, it would be very gratifying. knowing that they also might have been reign-for our friends to send us that which justly being as did their brethren, if they had only been adopted into the family of B, but now it longs to us, which if they should do would was lost, forever lost, and there were weep greatly relieve us, and save us much anxiety. ing, wailing, and guashing of teeth among them, and all this because B had placed it within their power to become members of his family and heir with him all his glory.

"This is the condemnation that light has rather than light, because their deeds were evil," and not because they were sinners by Adam.

"He that believeth and is baptized, shall be saved, but he that believeth not shall be damned," not because they were sinners in best, and most satisfactory way of conducting

The solemn pledge-the Scriptures give that any person can be found, who will deprive The wicked die: the righteous livethemselves of such a laxury.

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

PITTSBURGH, PA. OCTOBER 1, 1845.

Presidents S. Rigdon and S. James together with Elders James Blakeslee and J. M. Cole have left for Philadelphia, to be in attendance at the conference on the 6th inst. May the Lord go with them, and his spirit attend all their assemblings together, and much good be the result of this conference, is our sincire desire.

In this No. will be found some extracts giving a condensed account of the great difficulties in the west, which we notice for the satisfaction of our readers who do not obtain the regular news of the day. We give them as they came to us in the various papers from which we make the extracts. We should have given more copious extracts from posed to have exchanged with us, but as they power out of his hands. No sooner was the do not we are compelled to look to other

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

To our subscribers who have not paid their subscription, (of whom we regret to say there are several,) we would just remark, that it would be a matter of great accomodation to us. if they will be so kind as to remit us their small dues soon, as we are under the necessity of making arrangements for winter, which

When you sit down to envelop \$1 to send us for this volume, which by the by, is decidedly-too small a sum, you may take a little pains and inclose another dollar for the 2d vol. come into the world, and men loved darkness that is, if you should wish to take it, as it will save you postage of another letter soon; as we have come to the conclusion not to send the 2d volume to any except the pay is received in advance, that being decidedly the safest, Adam, but because they believed not on the the business of a paper. And the satisfaction only begotten son of God.

of reading a paper which is paid for is so extremely gratifying, that we sometimes marvel

REFLUTIONS ON THE DUTY OF |45th verse we find the answer and the reason

shalt love thy neighbour, and hate thine enein heaven:"
my. But 1 say unto you, Love your enels it actually necessary to be governed by
mies, bless them that curse you, do good to such principles as these, after we enter into them that hate you, and pray for them which the new and everlasting covenant by the door, despitefully, use you and persecute you; even that of faith, repentance, baptism for the That ye may be the children of your-Pather remission of sins, and received the imposition which is in heaven; for he maketh his sun to of hands for the reception of the Holy Spirit, are ye love them which love you, what reward the sayings of our Savior on this occasion; have yel do not even the publicans the for he says, "But I say unto you," [discisame? And if ye salute your brethren only, ples do these things "that you may be the what do ye more than others, do not even children of your father which is in heaver." the publicans so? . Be ye therefore perfect, Here is a principle set forth worthy the

will readily acknowledge that Jesus Christ, which prevail throughout the world. Yet the saviour of the world, whose words we all who attain to the exalted privilege of behave quoted above, was a personage who per coming heirs of God, and joint heirs with feetly understood the principles by which the Jesus Christ, must let these things be the God, who duly consider the importance of the his enemy has a name or a place among the of our text.

perfect.—Matthew 5: 43-48.

the circumstances under which they were de flower of the morning before the scorching livered, and the persons to whom they were rays of the noon-day sun? "But I say unto to marvel greatly at the apparent little or no for them which dispitefully use you and pertian world, who claim to be the Lord's disci-your Father which is in heaven; for he maketh ples, and consequently the children of God his sun to rise on the evil and on the good;

We learn in the first verses of this fifth chap- and sendeth rain on the just and on the unjust." ter, that Jesus, "seeing the multitude, went All people, who profess faith in the Lord up into a mountain; and when he was set, his Jesus Christ, admit that he came to spen a disciples came unto him and he opened his way and an effectual door, whereby man can, mouth and taught THEM." Here we find our through an obedience to his will, be exalted to Savior addressing himself to his disciples, who the right hand of his "Pather which is in had been willing to take up their cross and heaver;" and that our Savior, in making follow him, and must, necessarily, have obey manifest this way of life, was a pattern for us ed the gospel of the kingdom which he had in all things, not only in deed, but in word been preaching to the world. Among the riso; that the principles which he came to many glorious and ennobling principles set develop, were not only important and necesforth in these instructions, to the disciples, are sary, but were fraught with elernal consethese words: "ye have heard that it hath been quences; and that man is placed here in a prosaid, thou shalt love thy neighbor, and hate bationary state, where he can obey those thine enemy: But I say unto you, love your principles, and learn those lessons which are enemies, bless them that curse you, do good necessary to be learned and practised, to preto them that hate you, and pray for them pare him for that glory which is to be revealwhich dispitefuly use you and persecute you:"ed at the coming of the Son of man.

And why this strict requirement, so different from the usages and customs of the world, being required by the Captain of our salvation,

and even the law of Moses, under which the it follows of necessity, that without an observdisciples had been raised and tutored! In the ance of those principles, and living in obedi-

why such requirements were made; "That ye Ye have heard that it hath been said, Thou may be the children of your Father which is

rise on the evil and on the good, and sendeth these things ye' to be observed in order to berain on the just and on the unjust. For if come the children of God? So it appears from

even as your Father which is in heaven is attention of all professing christians. How

pleasant and desirable a society governed by All believers in the scriptures of divine truth them. How different from the order of things

children of men should be governed in order governing principles of their action, that they to become the children of their father which is may be assimilated into his likeness, and be in heaven." How few there are of those who propared for his society when he comes to profess to be the followers of the meek and make up his jewels. It is upon these princilowly Jesus, yes we may say how few of ples that the heavens are governed, and the those even who have been legally adopted earth is permitted to stand; for if God was like into the church and kingdom of the Son of man, who can never rest or feel satisfied while

injunctions made by our Savior, in the words land of the living, how long since would the heavens have been as brass over our heads, When we consider the character of the and the earth as iron under our feet, and man person delivering those remarkable sayings, would have withered and passed away like the addressed, and that they contain eternal prin-you, love your exemies, bless them that curse ciples which affect all mankind, we are led you, do good to them that hate you, and pray

attention paid to them by the professing chris, secute you; That ye may be the children of

of the Most High, in the true sense of the leaving me not an eyelet hole to escape. word; for if we are his children, then, most But here I am, no thought of fight, a desperassuredly we will he governed by, and observe the foe to vice and error; truth and light for the laws of his household, that thereby, we my supporters, banded around by brethren, a-may be entitled to his spirit; and Paul has like resolved to uphold in righteouss each othinformed us that was many as are led by the er and the church, despite usurpers, who, spirit of God, they are the Sons of God." in human strength and hellish wickedness, de-"And if children, then heirs, heirs of God, tain for a short season the power to rule, and joint heirs with Christ: if so be that we which only serfs consent to. With this slight suffer with him, that we may be glorified to notice I bid them farewell, trusting that the gether."

God of mercy will tear the veil of darkness

God, being to make us partakers, equally with restore back to heaven's appointed, that which Jesus Christ, in the glories of eternal life, can belongs not to them. it be presumed for a moment that we can at All that know me not, learn, I battle for the tain to that glory, and treat lightly, or disre-cause of Christ and the poor. Come out ye gard those principles which it was necessary that are honest, whose credulity alone is your for him to observe in order to obtain that high fault, and sustain the right, fearless of might; and exalted privilege? (for he says himself, Sidney is the lawful commander of the ship, "I came not to do my own will, but the will of under whose careful observations and reconof him who hath sent me," which clearly ings will reach the haven of bliss, which is shows that whatever he done or faught was now officered and maned by men of God's agreeable to the will of God, and consequently selection, provisioned by the gospel of the the law of heaven.) We think not. Let us, ford Jesus Christ. And you may now see therefore, fellow travellers to the unseen far in the wake of that glorious Barge, a light world, examine carefully, and see if those passing the noon day sun, and brighter glows principles which are required to govern us in the way as she onward speeds. Courage then order to constitute us heirs of God, are dwel- ve children of the Lamb of God. Be patient, ling in our bosoms, and we actuated thereby; humble ready to forgive, slow to anger, reif so happy are we: Knowing that if the spirit nounce imquity, practice virtue, return good of him that raised up Jesus from the dead for evil, be dilligent in all things that are goddwell in us, he that raised up Christ from thely, regard neither the sneers nor threats of dead will also quicken our mortal bodies, and your adversaries, for your heavenly Father if we shall have a part in the first resurrection, they repent not, in his own good time, will upon whom the second death hath no power blast them with his hot displeasure.

New York, September 23d 1815.

BROTHER ROBINSON.

the eve of my departure, as I am, to the shores this fast waning hour; that our Savior may of my father land, to make known to you, that find a people blameless and acceptable, whom I have steped from the world, into the sacred be may pronounce worthy to reign with him. enclosures of the church of Christ: how won- Be steadfast in the Lord; employ every opdrous are the workings of the Holy Spirit portunity both by example and advice to conwith its unseen cords of love, that gently vince your neighbor; be harmless in your rebinds and draws those who are willing to marks to those who do not understand the felt acknowledgement will be received as gen; have, made with hands, the light of which uine tender, they have been rendered. "All's shall relume this benighted world, a home for Now I harbor not a the fatherless and the widow and the saints of well that ends well." thought of ill against that formidable body God, under whose mild laws shall dwell who in their potency dealt out their anather peace and justice, a degree of resemblance mas of excommunication, the punishment of nearer than the world has as yet seen, as

ence thereto, we cannot become the children which should be like a girdle round the earth. The object then, in becoming the children of which now envelops them, and that they will

Now all that know me, with a brother's voice to you I call, confess yourselves freely unto God, become a member of the church of Christ, and lend your aid to assist our feeble-I feel it my duty, on ness to prepare what little of time remains of

come into the presence of truth and light.—scriptures as ye know them; be dilligent and On Sunday last having been providentially ready at all times to instruct them, for I feel detained, by the non-sailing of the Packet I persuaded that there are myriads yet to be Eahad taken passage in, I attended a meeting in ved. Do not lose your reward, for they that company with brother Braidwood, at the resi win souls to Christ, they will be as stars in dence of brother Williams; the afternoon meet the crowns of your rejecting, be patient uning was divinely spirited, by a number of der all preplexities, and when the storms of short exhortations of the brethren and sisters. the world's wicked elements how! furiously I was constrained by the spirit of God to around, lift your hearts to God, be united as the touch upon the connection I once had with the shildren of his adoption, be as one man with Mormon church, and my expulsion therefrom, the spirit of God dwelling with all, and the for which essential service, if frequent heart-time is close at hand, when a city you shall promised in the millenium. Then, when ye and the boat to the Lord in the name of Jesus go forth, ye shall be credited for the sake of Christ my master, and after resting awhile I that city and its people. will listen and receive the gospel of our Lord where a delightsome people wait the coming light over, the river being very low. Here of our blessed Lord.

me, could I attend your conference at Philadelphia, but circumstances are such, that I shall be on the mighty waters of the Lord, where his natural works may be seen instead of hearing and feeling the good things that will be said and done at you coming conference; which may God, in a special manner, bless all who can attend or make circumstan ces bend to so important a gathering, I-trust will do so. May God bless and preserve the whole church of his new and last creation, is the prayer of your humble brother newly adopted into the family of God.

THOMAS A. LYNE.

For the Messenger and Advocate: Pittsburgh Sept. 27th 1845.

PRESIDENT E. ROBINSON.

Dear Brother: I now ville Ky. after that, than they had before, and it seemed during my stay in Cincinnati. Sunday 21st as though Satan was determined to hedge up at about 2 o'clock P. M I left for Pittsburgh, my way, to prevent me from going east to our on broard the Steam boat Rhode Island, at \$5, October conference: but I continued to cry the river being very low; and on Thursday unto the Lord, to rebuke the destroyer from 25th at 5 o'clock P. M. arrived at Pittisburgh, our habitation, and restore my family to in tolerable good health, and in good spirits. health, and open out my way that I might fill I did not attempt to preach on my way, my mission according to previous appointment; round to this place, my health being so impairand suffice it to say, that after a few days of ed. I have great reason to thank the Lord for able good health and spirits, under the imme-lenjoyment of the spirit of the Lord, and love ded with a beloved band of brethren and sis and more is my prayer to God in their behalf. ters, in Christ, whom I love in truth, and went I expect to leave this place next Tuesday for on hoard the steam boat Archer, for St. Louis Philadelphia, in company with President S. Mo. at \$5 cabin passage, as I was not able to Rigdon, President S. James, and elder J. M. stand it on deck, and after entering my state Cole, to attend the conference commencing room, I kneeled before God our heavenly Fath-Oct. 6th 1846, er, and in solemn prayer dedicated myself. As it regards my future prospects they are

The honest curious found myself quite comfortable. Wednesday 10th at 11 o'clock, A. M. we Jesus Christ; and ye shall become the city of found ourselves at Montrose apposite Nauvoo Zion in heavenly holiness, and strength, at the head of the rapids, where we had to

we-were detained about half a day, but as I It would be a source of much pleasure to had a chill that day I was prevented from visiting any of my old acquaintances in that place. Several of our passengers visited

Nauvoo and the Temple; they said nothing was done inside the Temple, not even the floors layed as yet. From this place, after lighting over the rapids, we proceeded to St. Louis, after being detained some on sand bars, where we arrived, Friday 11th at 2 o'clock P. M .-My health improving some, thank the Lord.

Here I engaged a passage on board the new steam boat Vesta, for Cincinnati O. at \$6 Cabin passage, Capt. Cob. I saw none of the brethren in St. Louis, not being able to

walk about much. Saturday 13th at 12 o'clock noon we left St. Louis for Cincinnati, and arrived at the foot of the falls of the Ohio river, 2 miles below Louisville, Thursday 18th in the morning, and at 2 o'clock P. M. we arrived at Louis-Here I left the Vesta and took passeat myself to spend a few minutes in writ-sage on the packet steamer, Susquhanna for ing to you, to inform you how I have presper Cincinnati, at \$2, and at 5 o clock P. M. left ed since I last wrote you from West Buffalo, for the latter place, where we arrived, Friday 1. T. August 21st '45. I informed you in that 19th at 11 o'clock A. M. Here I visited seyletter that it was quite sickly in our part of the eral of the brethren, and friends. who were country, which was even the case, but my fain-glad to see me, and I assure you I was glad ily suffered more from sickness for a few days to meet them. I had a good visit with them

severe illness of all my family, I was attack his preserving care over me, while traveling ted myself, with a nervous affection in my on those waters, which the Lord has said, the teeth and head, and suffered much for several destroyer rideth upon in these last days.—days, and finally it eventuated in the chills Since my arrival in Pittsburgh, I have visited and fever. But I still cryed unto the Lord, President S Rigdon and family, who were believing he would finaly hear and answer well and in good spirts, and who received me my supplication, which he did, and I feel to with warm hearts; the church in Pittsburgh render thanks to his most holy name, that I are in a prosperous condition and the Lord is have the privilege of informing you, that on still adding to their numbers. I have made the 9th of the present month it being Tuesday several visits among the brethren since my arat 11 o'clock A. M. I left my family in toler-rival, and am happy to say, I find them in the diate care of our highly esteemed and well be abounds towards each other. This is as it loved brother elder H. Whitlock, and suroun-should be; and may the Lord bless them more

flattering, knowing as I do that the Lord is crown of righteousness to wear for ever and he will never forsake us, but will continue to spread his kingdom abroad in the earth until the purchased posssion. I remain ever your Brother.

In hope of the rest of God, JAMES BLAKESLEE.

Sing Sing, Weschester Co. N. Y. Sept. 10, '45. BROTHER ROBINSON.

DEAR SIR:—A few days ago I visited the city of New York, where I met with brother McLellin. It gave me joy Mormons and their opponents in Hancock to learn the work of the Lord was rolling encounty: with such rapidity as it is; my prayer is, that the kingdom of God may roll on with Majesty and power, until the kingdoms of this world become the subjects and kingdoms of our God and-his Christ, Amen.

Brother McLellin informed me you had heard in Pittsburgh that I had become disaf-convention of anti-Mormons, or old settlers fected, which report caused you to have sorrow of heart. Dear Brother I am happy to shots fired by the assilants. The attacking inform you, the report was without founda party approached under cover of the woods tion in truth; and am-sorry you should have and bushes and fired one round and fled. some ground for fearing lest I had become weary in well doing, by my not writing .- unexpected assault. The old settlers in that Pardon me for my long silence, at the same section of the county armed themselves for time rest assured I am your Brother and fet defence, and if they are backed by their low laborer in the church and kingdom triends in other parts of the country, blood Christ, which has been organized according came to purchase lead, powder, flints, &c. to the will of Heaver; and I feel this day as learn that four buildings were burned down determined a will to help roll on the hingdom, last night, and one man shot, and very badly wounded, but not mortaly. Yesterday thiring lineall righteousness, as I did at the conference in Pittsburgh, until the time of the end.—seen wending their way to the city of Re-Since I left you I have baptized seventeen, fuge, (Nauvoc.) many are enquiring after the truth and are desirous to read the Messenger and Advecate. I enclose \$5 for it.

York city is at present very much united; the spirit of the Lord is indeed with them .-I remain your Brother in covenant of the about six miles from Warsaw. church and kingdom of Christ, to bring in the redemption of the purchased possession and writing from Warsaw, says. rest of God: this I will do, by the help of the

with us, and if we continue faithful in our place ever. And I pray that each of us, that entered into that covenant, may be steadfast, unmoveit shall have proved the deliverer, and joy of able, and abound in the work of the Lord, that the whole earth, and bring the redemption of it may be said of us, "you have been faithful over a few things, I will make you ruler over many things." &c.

H. HERRINGSHAW.

From the Pittsburgh Commercial Journal. MORMON OUTRAGE.

The correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, writing from Warsaw, gives the following account of serious outbeaks between the

> WARSAW Sept. 11, 1845. 10 o' clock, A. M.

MESSRS. EDITORS: -On Tuesday morning last, 9th inst., an attack was made on a school house in Rocky Run Precinct, by some persons unknown, but supposed to be Mormons in which there was at the time of attack a of the County. The doors and windows of the house were completely riddled by the

No person was injured, but many were, I presume much frightened at this sudden and will flow. By a messenger just in, who

From the Cincinnati Gazette. TERRIBLE EXCITEMENT.

By a letter in the St. Louis Republican Truth is onward; it proves mighty and will from the Editor, and from the Warsaw Signal, prevail. The Branch of the church in New to Wednesday morning Sept. 17. The excitement is tremendious, and blood has been But I need not say more at present, as brother from fifty to sixty houses were destroyed.

McLellin will write you all the particulars.

Give my love to President S. Rigdon and fampublic records. Gen. Williams, is encampublic records. shed. In Morley's settlement, near Lima,

The letter of the editor of the Republican,

Yesterday, a deplorable circumstance occured about seven miles from here, which I Lord, that I, with the faithful may be crown-believe will form the element for a much ed, when the sons of God shall receive their wider difficulty than any thing which has ve?

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transpired. The story, as well as I can gath-though they have been basely treated, and er it in the confusion of reports, follows.

men entered Carthage, and enquired for Mr. peace at all hazards."

BACKENSTOS, the Sheriff, who is a Jack Mornard The same paper says, that write against mon, and very obnoxious to the anti Mormans, the "twelve" and some others, upon the Mr. Backenstos made his escape. Yester charge of "treason," have been issued in that day, Mr. Franklin A. Worrel, a merchant county. of Carthage, and a Lieutenant in the Carthage Greys, was out, with twelve or fourteen other persons, when they came up with Backenstos and a number of Mormons, at a place beckoned to M orrel and his party to keep Louis, on the 22d ult., the papers of that city away, but they either did not understand the have the latest intelligence of the Mormon signal, or disregarded it. On their approach, war. By the New Era we learn that on the two guns were fired. A ball from one enter-20th ult., the Mormons, numbering between ed Worrell's breast, killing him almost in 500 and 800, under, the command of sheriff stantly.—The corpse is now in the town. Backenstos and E. A. Bedell, Post-master The other ball entered the cap of the man by at Warsaw, marched into that place in his-side. As you may suppose, this has ad triumph. ded fuel to the flames, and this morning lactive part, or in any way sanctioned the late find a majority of the citizens here preparing outrages, had previously left for the opposite to go out, and nothing is talked of but a gen-tside of the river, so there was but an empty eral battle, and the driving of the Mormons victory. from the county.

Numbers of people, especially women and making some prefence to search for offenders children, are leaving the county as fast as they finally drew them up in solid phlanx on the can get away. or leave the county.

attacks-the deep and deadly hatred which tant. they entertain to the Mormons—the fact that quiet possesion of the town when the Boreas the Mormons from all the settlements out of left.

Nauvoo are being driven into the city—I judge a fight must come off this week, which county at this time, the Mormons having poswill probably give a predominency to one par-session of the three pricipal towns, Carthage ty or the other.

bodies nearly all the news which we have from the contoreak of a terrible storm. the disturbed district. It is stated in the received there of the destruction of forty-general outbreak has taken place. four houses, and out-houses in Green Plains and Lima districts. The Neighbor insists, that the shots fired upon the anti-Mormons at the meeting on Tuesday, were fired by their own party, and that the Mormons knew nothing of the occurrence until the next day. partial list of the houses destroyed is publish-ed in the Nauvoo paper—and it is added:—in arms under Backenstos, the Sheriff. The "All that we shall remark on the above, is editor concludes his letter thus: that Col. Williams is at the head. We had

shot at, as can be proved, have been quiet, It is said, that on Sunday or Monday three not retaliating even in self-defence, seeking

From the Morning Chronicle, Oct. 1st.

THE MORMON DIFFICULTIES. EVACUATION OF WARSAW

Prentices' Shanty. The Mormons By the arrival of the steamer Boreas, at St. Alf the citizens, who had taken an Backenstos, after maching his troops through the principal streets, and

Thus far the Wormons have bank of the river, and in full view of the fugifled in every instance, making little or no re-tives from his vengeance on the opposite side; sistance; but they cannot fler much further he made them go through the various modes and they must either stand and fight, shortly, of exercise, no doubt to impress the refugees leave the county.

Alarm and excitement pervade all classes, future; when tired of displaying his military and terror is depicted on the countenance of preparations, and after satisfying himself that all the families I have yet seen. This week none of the house burners and mobocrats were I believe, must bring matters to do issue in the city, he placed a strong force on guard. From the apparent concert with which the and withdrew with the main portion of his anti-Mormons are acting—their simultaneous army to an encampment about two miles dis-The Mormon soldiers had full and

Everything is said to be quiet in Hancock Augusta and Warsaw; hut the prevalent opin-The above letter, says the Republican emilion is, that it is but a delusive calm before

In a few days we shall hear that Backenstos Nauvoo Neighbor, that accounts had been and the Mormons have gone home or that a

From the Pittsburgh Gazette, Sept 29.

One of the editors of the St. Louis Republican. who is at the seat of the War, has been endeavoring to effect a compromise in some way between the parties. ...

Between 250 and 400 Mormons were out

"My own belief is, that, although the Morfor sometime heard a rumor that the mob mons have now in the field the strongest parwere preparing for further outrages; but were ty, and have excited considerable fears in the really in hopes, as our people had given no ranks of the Anties, that the latter will yet provocation whatever, that law and order rally, and carry the warfare further than it would govern the old citizens. Our people, has yet been carried. They will, if it is 10newed, attempt to avenge the deaths of Wor-zens of that county, and that a committee of rel and McBratney. Symptoms of trouble five be appointed to visit Nauvoo with the were manifesting themselves at Keokuk, I. proceedings of the meeting, and ascertain T., when I left. The citizens of the town from that people, as to what are their future ship had resolved that the Mormons should intentions as to leaving the State. The resnot live in their township, and they had sent olutions also disapprove of the burning of a petition to the Governor requesting him to Mormon dwellings, and pronounced such acts have all removed." unlawful, &c.

Backenstos has issued a third proclamation. The work on the Temple and Hotel is suspended gentlemen spoke. After Mr. Warren, O. By the following it will be seen that another H. Bowning, Esq. made a spirit-stirring murder has been committed:

From the Warsaw Signal, Extra, Sept. 18th. ANOTHER BRUTAL MURDER. We are call-

ed on to record another murder, of a most brutal character, committed by the Mormons Esq. His speech was a scorching one, on yesterday. About 12 o'clock a party of on yesterday. About 12 o'clook, a party of ten men were riding across the prairie, near Bear Creek, where they fell in with the a great deal, after his excellent speech of ately fired on them, without provocation, and if one party or the other were compelled to wounded a horse and one of the men. They then gave chase, and overtook one of the party or the other were compelled to then gave chase, and overtook one of the favor of the anti-Mormons remaining. [Tre-party, a young Irishman, named Samuel Mc-mendious applause!]

Bratney, a teamster in the employ of Gould

At this point of the proceedings, a letter & Mellen, shot him, and after he was down was handed the chairman from a gentleman stabled him with a sword in several places, of Carthage, dated on the same day, giving and cut his throat and head in a most revolting an account of Backenstos' proceedings at prairie, taking his horse with them.

From the Quincy Whig Sept, 24. POSTŠCRIPT.

stand taken by our people in favor of the ually he discharged them all but one, after suffering citizens of Hancock. The meeting showing them his power. was called to take into consideration the recent murders and other outrageous proceed ed from Carthage was called out, and he gave Esq., appointed secretary.

received full justice at his hands. cated the proposition, that a committee of one Mormon.

thousand from this county visit Hancock, and bring the Mormons to terms.

5, consisting of Messrs. I. N. Morris, H. had been guilty. Asbury, A. Pearson, T. Kelly, Maj. J. H. pointed to draft a preamble and resolution ex- of the opinion that if we do not assist the oldpressive of the views of the meeting. The citizens now, we shall have to do it hereafter, preamble and resolutions reported by this and if there is not something done soon, the committee will appear in our next; they are scenes in Hancock will be enacted at our strong and to the point. The preamble re-own doors. cites the wrongs and outrages which the Mor-edly.

While the committee were out, several speech, and advocated immediate measures

in aid of the old citizens of Hancock. He was followed by A. Jonas, Esq. in a

most pointed and able speech.

and created great applause. We have said many hard things of this man, but can forget Monday evening. He, like Mr. Jonas, said

At this point of the proceedings, a letter manner. They then left him in the open Carthage. From this letter it appears that Backenstos marched into Carthage, at the head of 300 Mormons on the day previous,

and stationed a Mormon guard at the doors of Disturbance in Hancock—The Public Meeting the principle dwellings, and sent_into the vi-of Monday evening.—A Committee of 1000 civity of Carthage, and took men from their We have just returned from one of the most families, and drove them at the point of interesting public meetings, we have attended the bayonet into the Court House, where he for years. It did our soul good to see the un selected such as he wished to detain, and with animity which prevailed—and the determined whom he had had previous difficulties; event

ings in Hancock. A. Williams, Esq., was a detail of matters as he saw and learned called to the chair-and Wm. H. Benneson, at Carthage. He fully corroborated the statements in the letter just read, and gave an in-C. A. warren, Esq, addressed the meet teresting detail for which we have not the He was truly eloquent and startling, in room this week. He went to Carthage under his remarks, and the old citizens of Hancock, the impression that the Mormons were not so He advo- much at fault, and returns a thorough anti-

Mr. B. M. Prentiss, who had just return-

After Mr. Prentiss, O. C. Skinner, Esq. of Carthage, made some interesting statements. Previous to this, however, a committee of showing the outrages of which the Mormons Andrew Johnson, Esq. was called out, and

Holton, and John B. Schwindler, were ap-spoke to the point for a few minutes. He was We echo the sentiment decid-

mons have brought upon Hancock—and the Geo. C. Dixion, Esq. was called out, and resolution, in substance declare, that the Mor. took the anti-Mormon side of the question, in a mons cannot live in peace with the old citi-strong and sensible speech. He was for immediate action. He was very apon the in detail, as they are contained in the scrip-Executive of the State for the last dindiffer tures, we knew would require a paper to be ent manner in which he administers the laws published oftener than once amonth, there-The applause with which his speech was re-tore we concluded to publish the first volume ceived, shows that a spirit is aroused among semi monthly, which we have done at a reour people, which will not be quieted until duced price-much lower in fact than wo the backs of the Mormons are turned upon could afford to do in justice to ourselves-Illinois. it has been attended with a vast amount of

Finally, an amendment proposed by A. labor in preparing the matter, which is almost resolutions, by an unanimous vote,

Hancock meets with universal approbation. Mormons-They Must Go-and Buckenstos the church of Christ being re-organized upon feel the full force of law for killing Worrel!! its original, and only sure foundation-and Our best Lawyers-pronounce it an act of mur-the kingdom of heaven established, and rollder-for which the sheriff had not the shadowing forth with success and prosperity-we of law.

PROSEECTUS

FOR THE SECOND VOLUME OF THE

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE OF THE

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

___ 000000000000 As the first volume of the Messenger and

publicution. oncution.

The comencement of this paper was under hat we shall be suffered to pass unrewarded

circumstances very peculiar and trying. We for our toils. were under the paintul necessity of lifting our think it exceedingly douthful if the history of gratis. All letters must be addressed to the the most barbarous or heathen nations can publisher, Post Paid, to receive attention. show a parallel; we mean the private teachings and practices of the leaders at Nauvoo.

To save the church of Christ from an entire of the high and exalted end to be obtained .-This effort we felt willing to make, agreeably ALSO A land to the requirements of our heavenly Father. collection, heatiy bound in fancy coloured moknowing that with his aid and blessings this rocco: Price, \$30 per hundred; 37 cents single. our labours have not been fruitless or vain, but a few copies Book of Doctrine and Care, through the goodness, and under the guidance of him who hath said, "though heaven and earth pass away, not one jot or title of my word shall fail.

To show the true state of the church, and month, by give the full account of its re-organization,

Johnson, Esq. to the resolutions, which gave entirely original, and will compose when power to the chairman to call another meeting completed, a work of 384 closely printed ocso soon as the committee of five shall return tavo pages—the expense also has been heavy from Nauvoo, was adopted together with the upon a few individuals, which however has been borne with cheerfulness, knowing the The proposition for one THOUSAND to visit importance of the work to be accomplished. The great object for publishing this peri-

Public sentiment is decidedly against the odical being in a great measure obtainedhave come to the conclusion to publish the second volume once a month only; which will very materially lessen the expenses, and relieve us from a heavy burthen.

The Messenger and Advocate, as heretoiore, will continue to give the progress of the cause of truth threnghout the world-it will contain essays upon the glorious plan of salvation—and will also be a medium through which the Elders of the Church of Christ can communicate their feelings and success in the ADVOCATE is drawing to a close, we deem it ministry. No pains will be spared, on our advisable to give our patrons and friends an part, to make the Messenger an interesting early notice of our intention to continue its and useful sheet; such an one as the wants of the saints demand; and we entertain no fears

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MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE

OF THE CHURCH OF CHREST.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, OCTOBER 15, 1845.

No. 23.

ESSAY ON THE GOSPEL.

BY S. RIGDON.

Whatever difference may exist in the world about the scheme of eternal life, and the duties enjoined upon the human family to pre- the world, had to be taught by them, and repare them for its enjoyment, all, we believe, who acknowledge the truth of the bible, agree they must be damned: for they who believed in this, that the ancient apostles, commission not should be damned. This was certainly ed by the Savior, were fully authorized to placing their commission in an important proclaim the gospel, and to make known the will of God to man, and that the things which in perfect consistency with their commission. were taught by them were correct; and the Paul says, when writing to the Galatians. Rospel which they preached was God's only first chapter, 8th and 9th verses. "But though scheme of life; and that adding to it, or taking we, or an angel from heaven preach any other plan of eternal life of its powers.

the nations.

in every part of the civilized world in the days not, should be damned. Had there been one of the Savior and his apostles, still they precreature in all the world who was in a state of sented themselves to the world as the only salvation, or could have attained that state persons who were capable of enlightening the without the apostles, this commission would minds of men, and of bringing them into an acquaintance with the true faith, and of introducture in all the world who did not believe them cing them into the family of the Most High, and he baptized by their direction should be having (as they said) authority from God to damned. do this work, and that a dispensation of the gospel was committed to them for this pur-

sion was, that men might be saved: this their brought into favor with God through their commission clearly sets forth. "He that be. ministry. lieveth and is baptized shall be saved: but he that believeth not shall be damned!" this it is plain, that whatever might have ciple items of teachings to make it clearly been the amount of religion in their day, there manifest to the religious Jews, that they had was not a sufficiency of righteousness on earth departed from the principles delivered unto to save one man, only as it was restored to the them through the messengers whom God had world through the Savior and his apostles, inspired to make known his will to men.

nor was it possible for one single creature in all the world to be saved unless they put themselves under their guidance; for they were to go into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature; so that every creature in ceive the gospel which they preached, or else

Paul says, when writing to the Galatians,

from it, deprived mankind of the benefits regospel unto you than that which we have
sulting therefrom, and tended to disarm the
preached unto you, let him be accursed. As we said before, so say I now again, if any We believe that it is universally admitted man preach any other gospel unto you than by all believers in revelation, that no persons that you have received, let him be accursed." could receive into their hearts, the things In all their teachings they held themselves up taught by these men, and practice the duties to view as the only teachers of righteousness they required, without obtaining the promises which were approved of God in the world, made by them; for if this were not the case, and that their mission was not necessary onit would be worse than folly to hold them up ly for the salvation of a part of the world, but to view as messengers sent of God to bless all of it; yea every creature in it. It mattered not what progress the world had made in The point of light in which these apostles the knowledge of other things: in the knowlare held up to view in the scriptures is, that edge of the science of salvation, they had rethe gospel which they preached was the only trograded, until there where none doing good, gospel, acknowledged of God, and the proc-no not one. And unless God had sent the alamation which they proclaimed, the only one postles, or others authorized as they were, the that men were authorized to receive, and the world must have perished: every creature in promises which they made, were to be as cer- it must be damned: for they were to go into tainly enjoyed, as ever men put themselves in all the world, and preach the gospel to every a situation to receive them, by obeying the creature, he, (that is, every creature) that beinstructions which they gave them. For lieved and was baptized should be saved;
though religion in some form was prevailing but he, (that is, every creature) that believed

Nothing can make the apostles' commission true, but the fact, that no creature in all-The professed object of their apostolic mis- the world could be saved without their being

The Savior, through the whole course of his From ministry in the flesh, makes it one of the prinmade it void by their traditions. For neither very uttermost. nor the prophets against the promises of God. all the world also.

The apostle Paul in the epistle to the Rothe kingdom of God; but a perversion and a mage; gives us a minute description of both corruption of them were against the promises the Gentiles and the Jews in his day; in the of God, and a barrier to men entering into the 1st capter commencing with the 20th verse, kingdom of heaven.

which corruption and perversion, they ceased their foolish heart was darkened. ing to their own traditions, by which they had one of no very pleasing character. made void the law and rendered it of none ef. From the description here given of the Genfrom the 2d to the 10th verse,

the Jewish history, as written in the scriptures, edge of God, and were apostates from the knows, that God, previous to the days of the truth. Savior's coming in the flesh, was withdrawtion.

prayer, to be a house of merchandise, and a of peace have they not known. phets that were sent unto them. Matthew guilty before God," 23d chapter 37th verse.

did not reprove the Jews for adhering to the ing in their institutions they rejected, and law, but because they had corrupted it, and defiled, until destruction came on them to the This was their situation the law nor the prophets, made hypocrites when the Savior came among them, and such blind guides, a generation of vipers; but a cor-their condition when he commissioned the aruption of one, and a perversion of the other postles to go and preach the gospel to them; did-they made both. Neither was the law and not to them only, but to every creature in

he thus describes the state-of the Gentiles,-The Jews were not to blame for adhering Because when they knew God, they glorifito both the law and the prophets, but for corled him not as God, neither were thankful; rupting one and perverting the other, through but became vain in their imaginations, and to believe either Moses or the prophets: for themselves to be wise they became fools, and had they believed them they would have be changed the glory of the incorruptible God inlieved the Savior also; for they wrote of him to an image made like to corruptible man, Had the leaders of the Jews never corrupted and to birds, and four footed beasts, and creepthe law nor perverted the prophets, they would ing things. Wherefore God also gave them never have been everthrown: for they would up to uncleaness, through the lust of their have received their Messiah when he came, and own hearts to dishonor their own bodies behave escaped "the wrath to come." But in tween themselves: who changed—the truth of consequence of their having corrupted the law, God into a lie, and worshiped and served the and perverted the prophets, they would neither creature more than the Creator, who is blesenter the kingdom of God themselves nor let sed forever. Amen." The apostle continues those who were entering go in; for which the his description of the Gentiles to the close of Savior upbraids them. Not that they wor the chapter, which the reader may examine at shiped God according to the law, but accord his leisure, and he will see that the picture is

fect: teaching for doctrines the command tiles, we learn this fact, that the Gentiles had ments of men. Mark 7th chapter from the previously known God; for when they knew 5th to the 15th verse. Matthew, 15th capter God, says the apostle, they worshiped him not as God, &c. This is evidence positive, that Every person in every degree acquainted with the Gentiles had turned away from the knowl-

In the 3d chapter of this same epistle he ing from the people, and that he continued to gives a description of the Jews also, commendo so until they were abandoned to destructing with the 9th verse to the close of the 18th, we have the the following description--But God never withdraws from a people "What then? are we better than they? for adhering to the order of things he establin no wise: for we have before proved both lished among them; for while they adhere to Jews and Gentiles, that they are under sin, as him he cleaves to them. Had the Jews, in it is written. There is none righteous, no, not truth and verity, continued to observe the lawione. There is none that understandeth, there as God delivered it unto them, and to have be-lis none that seeketh after God. They are all lieved the prophets who were sent unto them, gone out of the way, they are together be-God would have continued with them, and come unprofitable: there is none that doeth they would have known their Messiah when good, no, not one. Their throat is an open he came, and have entered into the kingdom sepulcher; with their tongues they have used and have found rest, and continued the peo deceit; the poison of asps is under their lips; ple of God, even the favorites of heaven, until whose mouth is full of cursing and bitterness. this day. But instead of their doing so, they Their feet are swift to shed blood. Destruction and their temple from being a house of tion and misery are in their way: and the way prayer, to be a house of merchandise, and a of peace have they not known. There is no den of thieves. Matthew, 21st chapter 12th fear of God before their eyes." In the 19th and 13th verses. Mark 11th chapter 15th, verse he says, "Now we know, that what 16th and 17th verses. Luke, 19th chapter things soever the law saith, it saith to them 45th and 46th verses. They made void the who are under the law, that every mouth may law by their traditions; and stoned the pro- be stopped, and all the world may become In so saying the apostle Whatever was say gives his readers to understand that the pre-

ceeding quotation, taken from the Psalms,T were applicable to the Jews and to the Jews God never had, at any former period of the only; for they were the persons to whom the world, any messengers who had been authorlaw was given, and they, and they only were ized to bring men into a state of salvation, and ple, who were under the law.

world, both Jew and Gentile, when he sent Abraham, saying in thee, shall all nations be the aposiles among them to bring them back blessed." Observe that he says that the gosapostacy also.

ness to save one creature in all the world.

or the Gentiles might have made in worldly his grace, wherein he hath made us accepted matters, they were in a situation in which in the Beloved." they could make no advances towards eternal In the 11th verse he says: "in whom also life, only by receiving the apostles, and sub we have obtained an inheritance, being predesmiting themselves to their guidance and directionled according to the purpose of him who been to them. But so it was, that to the fisher wil." men of Galilee they must come, and to them!

and institutions, no services but those of his he hath chosen us in him [Christ] before the own appointment will tend in the least degree foundation of the world."

to save men. The Jews might lay heavy 2nd. That they were to be the children of burdens on each other's shoulders, subject God, through adoption by Jesus Christ.—
themselves to many privations, make many Having predestinated us unto the adoption prayers, and pay tythes of all they possessed. If children by Jesus Christ to himself."

3d, And all this according to his own pureternal life!—to the fishermen of Galilee they pose or scheme of things, (for what is a man's must go, or be saved they could not. The purpose but his scheme of things,) by which Gentiles might lacerate their bodies, offer their he works all things after the council of his children in sacrifice, or subject themselves own will? That is the same as to say, that

by the fishermen of Galilee; for their commis-Jesus Christ, and in no other way. and the forms of worship taught by them.

under the law. "Now what things soever to proclaim the gospel to the world; but on the law saith, it saith to them that are under the contrary, Paul says in the 3d chapter of the law." So the apostles make a direct ap-the epistle to the Galatians, and 9th verse, plication of what he here said to the Jews, that the gospel had been preached unto Abraand they were the people, and the only peo-ham. He says thus:- "And the scripture." foreseeing that God would justify the heathen Such is the light in which God viewed the through faith preached before the gospel unto to the principles of righteousness, from pel was preached unto Abraham. But in the whence they had strayed: for God considered 1st chapter of the epistle to the Ephesians, the thornail, not only under sin, but in a state of apostle shows that the gospel was of a much earlier date than the days of Abraham: that it

The aposites, however, did not pretend that

Los the world have made what advances it was before time, being devised in eternity, bemight in literature, science or philosophy, inforce the foundation of the world. See the 3d. relation to eternal life-their case was deplo-4th, 5th, and 6th verses. "Blessed be the God rable; for instead of their being in a situation and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ; who hath to be saved, they were in a situation to blessed us with all spiritual blessings in heavbe destroyed; instead of being redeemed, enly places in Christ; according as he hath they were in a situation to be condemned: for chosen us in him before the foundation of the so far had the whole world, both Jew and world, that we should be holy and without Gentile, apostatized from the living God blame before him in love: having predestinatthat there was not a sufficiency of righteous ed us unto the adoption of children by Jesus ness to save one creature in all the world.

Christ in himself, according to the good pleasures. Whatever improvement, therefore, the Jews sure of his will, to the praise of the glory of

However humiliating this might have worketh all things after the council of his own

We learn the following things from the athey must submit, or else they must be damned, hove saying of the apostle. That the scheme So closely does the God of heaven adhere of things by which he and the Saints at Epheto his plan of saving men, that nothing will sus were saved was devised in eternity before be admitted as a substitute for his ordinances the foundation of the world. "According as and institutions, no services but those of his he hath chosen us in him [Christ] before the

children in sacrifice, or subject themselves own will? That is the same as to say, that to the severest scourgings, buffetings, or the plan of life and salvation which is called burnings; they might form books of morals, fin the scriptures the gospel, was heaven's own codes of laws, systems of government, or modes scheme or purpose, and that scheme was beof worship, but all in vain, it would not give fore the world was; and that before God creatthem eternal life, nor could they by any means ed man he purposed in himself that mankind obtain the salvation of God, only through and should become his sons through adoption, by

sion was to every creature in all the world, and he who did not believe them, should be teaches any thing, it is, that the gospel, or damned; for there was no other gospel; no scheme of life and salvation which is the same, other socieme of things, nor no other form of was from before the beginning, and that from worship, that had eternal life as their reward, the creation of the world, God had but the one but the gospel proclamation by the apostles, way of saving men; and that all who were saved, were to be saved in the same way;

and this God had decreed, purposed, and pre-tion of the world. But in order that we may destinated, and by this eternal scheme of have a clear view of this matter let us en-

says be admitted and the result is, that that God unto salvation to all them that believe. same scheme of things by which the Ephe-See Romans 1st chapter 16th verse "For I am sians were saved, was the same by which all not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for it is the others who are to be redeemed, were saved power of God unto salvation, to every one And if the same scheme of things, then the that believeth: to the Jew first and also to the same ordinances were obeyed by all: for if Greek." So, let the proclamation be what it Paul administered ordinances, that were not may that was made to the world, by divine administered to all who are to be redeemed, authority, that the inspired men called the salvation; for where there is a difference it mat- which could save any person of the huters not how small the difference is, the things man family, and that was the thing which thus differing are not the same, and it follows existed before the foundation of the world, or else, they were not all-saved-by the same believed. gospel or plan of salvation; and if the plan of This proclamation, is set forth so clearly salvation taught by Paul required men to be in the scriptures, that none need mistake it,

Paul's testimony is not true. earth who believe in the plan of salvation, or first reading: a person must be greatly blinded gospel, as set forth in the scriptures, but who by tradition, who cannot see it if he reads his believe also, that all who will ever be saved, bible once through with any degree of attenwill be saved by virtue of the sacrifice of Je-tion. sus-for this is what is taught by the proph-

ye believed Moses, ye would have believed manded you: and lo, I am with you always, me; for he wrote of me." John's gospel 5 even unto the end of the world. Amen." chap. 46 verse. And the author of the epis. Mark gives the following account of the

than to enjoy the pleasures of sin for a season: sick and they shall recover. unto the recompence of reward."

things were accomplished according to the quire, what it was that was proclaimed to the will of God, and this decree, will, and pur-world, which is called the gospel; for be that pose, was before the foundation of the world what it may it is God's plan of saving men: Now let the truth of what the apostle here for Paul says that the gospel is the power of then they were not saved by the same plan of gospel, that proclamation was the only thing of necessity that if Paul baptized for the re-the purpose or scheme of things, which was mission of sins, all others who are saved must devised in eternity, through which purpose of have been baptized also for the same purpose, his own will God designed to save them that

born of the water, and the spirit in order that not only in the commission given to the they might enter into the kingdom of heaven, twelve after the resurrection of Jesus from the so the same must have been required of all dead; but in different of the epistles, so that since the foundation of the world, or the plan the enquirer after truth on this point, need not of salvation has not been the same, and if so, be mistaken. It is so manifest, that it would require a good deal of ingenuity to render it 1 conclude that there are no people on so obscure that a person could not see it at the

When the Savior gave commission to the ets and apostles, as far, at least, as we have apostles after his resurrection from the dead, knowledge of their teachings: they all testi-he said unto them as was recorded by Matfied of Jesus, and had knowledge of his com-thew, 28 chapter 10 and 20 verses: "Go ye ing into the world, in order that he might therefore, and teach all nations baptizing save it. Abraham saw his day and when he them in the name of the Father, and of the saw it was glad. John's gospel 8 chap. 56 Son, and of the Holy Ghost: teaching them verse. The Savior says to the Jews "Had to observe all things, whatsoever I have com-

tle to the Hebrews says of Moses "that he commission given to the apostles, 16: 15, 16, esteemed the reproach of Christ greater riches 17, 18. "And he said unto them, Go ye inthan the treasures in Egypt." 11 chap. from to all the world, and preach the gospel to the 22 to the 27 verse. "By faith Moses, every creature.—He that believeth and is bapwhen he was born was hid three months of tized shall be saved: but he that believeth not his parents; because they saw that he was a shall be damned. And these signs shall folproper child, and they were not afraid of the low them that believe; in my name shall king's commandment. By faith Moses when they cast out devils; they shall speak with he was come to years, refused to be called new tongues; and shall take up serpents: the son of Pharaoh's daughter; choosing rath- and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall er to suffer affliction with the people of God: not hurt them; they shall lay hands on the

Esteeming the reproach of Christ greater riches Luke records thus, 24: 45, 46, 47----- Then than the treasures in Egypt: for he had respect opened he their understanding, that they might understand the scriptures, and said unto It cannot be a matter of dispute, that these them, Thus it is written, and thus it behovmen were made acquainted with the mission ed Christ to suffer, and to rise from the dead of Christ into the world, and it so, they were the third day: and that repentance and remisacquainted with the gospel or plan of eternal sion of sins should be preached in his name ife which Paul says, was, before the founda among all nations, beginning at Jerusalem.'

In the second chapter of the Acts of the First they were to go into all the world. apostles, we have account of their first acting and teach the gospel to every creature, in the on their commission and of their making world. proclamation at Jerusalem; as, according to Secondly, those who believed their proclamathe Savior's command they were to begin at tion, and repented of their sins, they were to Jerusalem, so they did, and the account of baptize in the name of the Father and of the that memorable day is recorded by Luke, in Son and of the Spirit, for the remission of the second chapter of the Acts of the apos-their sins, with this promise, that they should tles, 37th, and 38th verses. After Peter, receive the gift of the Holy Spirit, and prophwho was the speaker on that occasion, had esy, see visions, and dream dreams, and that convinced many of the Jews that they had in addition to these, sings should follow them; crucified the Lord of glory, they cried out in the name of Jesus they should cast out and said, "men and brethren what shall we devils, they should speak with new tongues, Then Peter said unto them repent and they should take up serpents, and if they be baptized every one of you in the name of were to drink any deadly thing, it should not the Lord Jesus for the remission of sins, and hurt them: they should lay hands on the sick ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost: and they should recover: and to finish the for the promise is unto you and to your chil- whole of the promises made to them, the dren, and to all that are afar off; even as many Lord was to be with them, and they should as the Lord our God shall call." Let us put be saved. Seven things comprised the whole this account together, and we will have some of the items of command and promise which thing exceedingly plain. Matthew says that they were to deliver to the world: First, faith they were to go and teach all nations, bap-Second, repentance—Third, baptism—Fourth, tizing them, with the promise that the Lord remission—Fifth, the gift of the Holy Spirit should be with them until the end of the Sixth, power—Seventh, salvation and eternal Mark tells what the teaching, men-life. tioned by Matthew consisted in: that is, Let the reader compare Matthew 28: 19, preaching the gospel, which he says they were 20, with Mark, 16: 15, 16, 17, 18—Luke 24: to do to every creature in all the world, and 45, 46, 47, 48, with the second chapter of to baptize them that believe, with a promise the Acts of the apostles and he will be enathat the persons thus baptized should be sav-bled to see and understand the apostolic comed: and also that signs should follow them mission without either priest or commentator. that believe. Matthew says that they should Let it be particularly understood, that when go and teach all nations. Mark says that the apostles spake of the gospel, that it was they should preach the gospel to every crea this scheme of things to which they alluded; ture in all the world. So that there is no for this was what they proclaimed, and this was difference as to the extent of the commission what all the ancient saints believed, and re-Matthew says that ceived, and by which they were distinguished given to the apostles. the Lord should be with them even to the end from all other people. When Paul says of the world, and Mark-says that signs should that if we, or an angel from heaven preach follow them that believe. This doubtless any other gospel than that which we have was what Matthew meant by the Lord being preached, let him be accursed; or if any man with them till the end of the world; that is, preach any other gospel than that which you by confirming the word with signs following have received let him be accursed, it is to the They both say that the people were to be hap-labove mentioned proclamation, he alludes; tized, but neither of them tell us what they were for this is what he preached, and this is what baptized for, only Mark says that the baptized the Galatians had received-not a part of it, should be saved. Luke throws some light on but the whole of it-not one, or two or three, this subject, that is that repentance and re-or four, or five, or even six items, and the mission of sins should be preached among all other one left; but all seven, or else they nations. This compared with what Peter would not receive the gospel Paul preached, said on the day of Pentecost, makes this part and which the Galatians feceived, but another, of the commission very plain. He tells them which would not be another, but a pervertion to repent and be haptized every one of them of the gospel of Christ. in the name of the Lord Jesus, for the remis- There never ought to be a dispute in the sion of sins, and they should receive the gift world about what the gospel is among those of the Holy Spirit. Matthew says that the who profess a belief in the bible; for if it is Savior promised to be with his disciples al- not told in the scriptures plainly, and without ways, even unto the end of the world. Mark leaving it a matter of contention, the bible is says that signs shall follow them that believe not a safe guide, neither_could any thinking -These two accounts, when put together, man trust his salvation on its teachings, unamount to this: the Lord promised to be with less they were easily understood: for if the hem in confimring the word to the believers gospel is designed for the salvation of all men, by signs. Let us now put the whole account it certainly ought to be very plain; for there together, and see precisely what it was, that are a great many in the world who cannot understand any thing, unless it is very plain these men proclaimed to the world.

and easy of understanding. There is no sub-relation to the gospel which they preached ject ever addressed to the understanding of and such are the feelings which prevail now man, that needs to be so plain and easy of both concerning the gospel and those who recomprehension as the gospel, if we may cred-ceive it.

comprehension as the gospel, if we may cred-ceive it.
it the persons who have promulged it. They Since f Since the coming forth of the everlasting profess to have had a commission to proclaim gospel, contained in the book of Mormon, the it to every creature in all the world. In tak-very same feeling prevail among the would ing so wide a range, there would be many per be wise ones. It is called a "simple and a sons of very weak capacities, who are not able tooksh mess!" too simple to be believed or reto understand but very little, and that little reived by any person of sense: And every must be exceedingly plain, or else they would man of that description in the estimation of not be able to understand if. There is no the world, must be a knave, say they; for person who will suffer his mind to reflect or sprely they know better: for any person of a the nature and design of the gospel, but will spark of sense, must know that it is an impobe led to see that it must be the plainest of sition. But notwithstanding all this tumult all messages; for it was to effect every creat of words and great exertions, the persons who ture in all the world; and if so, it must be embrace it in spacerity and truth, learn, as the suited to their capacities to make it a scheme saints of former years, that it has power to of mercy and benevolence; for if they could save; and that the foolishness of God is wiser not understand it, it would be worse than than man, and the weakness of God stronger folly to present it to them. This is one reason than man: God saves them that believe .why so faw, either believe or embrace it. - And as this last proclamation has the same It is too simple and foolish, according to effect on the enemies of God in these days, their estimation, to be of any consequence to as the former proclamation had in the former It was so considered in the days of days, so this last proclamation has the same the apostles who immediately followed the effect on those who receive it, as the former Savior; and to such an extent did this feeling had on those who received it, and the same prevail, that an apostle said, if a man would fruit follows. They receive the same spirit, be wise he must become a fool: that is, to be and that spirit brings forth the same fruit, at wise, he must believe and practise those one age, that it did at another; and the same things which the world considered the most gospel will always secure the same blessings perfect foolishness, and too simple and degrad- to those who receive it.

ing, to be believed, by any rational being. Upon this subject there appears to be some-And yet, notwithstanding its foolishness and thing very strange to ine, in the world; it is simplicity, it had power to save them that be this: all men who believe, or who profess to lieved; for says the apostle, the, or in other believe, in the gospel, say that as far as the words, this foolishness of God, is wiser than gospel proposes eternal blessings, they will men, and this weakness of God is stronger be enjoyed by all who receive it, but as to the than men: "For when, in the wisdom of blessings proposed to be enjoyed by the saints God, the world by wisdom knew not God, it in the flesh, these are limited to a few individpleased God, by the foolishness of preaching, wals, or a few individual churches. to save them that believe." 1st Corinthi- fruits of the spirit which were brought forth in Or, by the foolishness of the former days, notwithstanding they were the gospel which he proclaimed, to save those effect of receiving the gospel, were limited to that the world with all its wisdom, could not a small period of the world: for though men save: for after all the wise men of the world receive the same gospel now, yet these fruits had said, or could say, and all the wisdom have ceased; but still the eternal blessings they had or could get, with it all, they could are the same: they will all get to the same. But the apostle, with the heaven, and rejoice in the same glory. foolishness of his preaching, could make men matters not how much they may differ in this

acquainted with God. From what is said on world, they will be all alike there, this subject in the new testament, we can see that such was the contempt in which the gospel still have power to save in the kingpel was held in that age of the world, that a dome of glory, since it has lost its power on man of talents or understanding to profess to earth? Those who were saved by it in fornelieve it and receive it, was to expose him one days, and made meet to be partakers of self to the certain contempt of the wise ones, the inheritance of the saints in light, were so called—to expose himself to their bitterest made partakers of its power on earth; and we feelings and severest contempt; even to se have no account of its saving any in the heaverest an extent did those feelings prevail, unleading only those who were made

il they that killed them thought they were doing God service. John 16: 16, doubtless thinking that they were knaves and riscals, and not fit to live. Such were the feelings ent to save men in the everlasting kingdom—which existed in the minds of the people, to this may be, but I must confess I have serithe days of Paul, Peter, John and James, in ous deubts about it, and should not be surpris-

ed if it should be found, that those who never receive its power on earth, should likewise fail of its glory in eternity.

From the Gospel Reflector. ON PERFECTION.

We have often heard individuals, who advocate the Arminian doctrine, talking about perfection, and even pretending that they are ensamples of the perfect class, when indeed, they are not only ignorant of the principle, but destitute of the necessary qualifications, which are prerequisites to so high a standing.

Perfection in the extended import of the word, is that which is beyond improvement.

Christ commanded his people, saying: "Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father who is in heaven is perfect." We do not understand from this, that mankind while in a state of probation on earth, are to become perfect in all things, as the Lord is, or to that degree that he is; but that we have appointed liberty, and continueth therein, he being not a unto us a certain sphere to act in, and that we can be perfect in it; and that we have certain laws to comply with, and we can harmoniously do it. and he governs the whole universe, and every fangs of bigotry, which has ever infused the planet pursues its course without interfering with others; for there is order and harmony in all the works of God: for he is the fountain of intelligence, and the first in power; and every thing that he does will be perfect when complete with the formation of this course with the same that it is admitted that if a person complete with The formation of this earth is the work of God, and when entirely finished, it the rules of a science in all respects, that he will be crystallized, and made pure, and even will become as perfect as the rules themselves glorified, or be perfect; although it has its are, likewise if a man obeys the gospel in orbit to act in, and with order and harmony all respects, he will be perfect as far as the does it. So it is with men, they have their law or the gospel will allow him to be. sphere to act in, and they can be perfect in it; Therefore, we set it down as a fact that no but God has the immensity of space to act in, and he is perfect in it. It is not to be expectexcept he obeys the gospel, and in vain may add that machined and he is perfect in it. ed that mankind are required to be perfect in if we talk about being perfect, sanctified or holy, all things, while in a state of mortality, as food is. His power is unlimited; but we have not obeyed every principle of it. We a certain sphere to act in; therefore, our intelligence is limited; but as we have before att. ligence is limited; but as we have before sta who profess to be perfect, that have not obeyted, we can be perfect in this sphere; or in ed the fulness of the gospel, and do not even other words we can obey the laws of the believe that the promised blessings of the gos-Lord, walk circumspectly, orderly, and har pel of peace, by which our knowledge is inmoniously before him. disposed to enquire into the nature of the norant of the means by which they can be sphere, we have to act in, and so learn how made perfect. we can be perfect in it.

are within the reach of man while he is also our Father who is in heaven is perfect, probationer in time, and there are many things and as there is order and perfection in all his beyond his reach; but as far as his power ex-works, or as he has adopted certain rules, and tends, or that he has power over thinge, he conforms to them; so must we conform to the has the power of choice and free agency to law of the Lord or the gospel, in all respects, act for himself; and his sphere that he has to or it cannot he said in truth that we are peract in, extends no farther than he has power fect. When we say that the Lord acis conto obey or-disobey. perfection that a man may attain to in time, understood that he has devised certain roles consists in obeying the law of righteousness, for his own course and procedure: for instance and obtaining the promised blessings of the it is written that he cannot lie. The reason is,

Right and wrong are before him and he has power to do either; but if he does that which s right and obeys the law of the Lord in all things, he is a perfect man, as far as his sphere extends. But it is impossible for a man to attain to this high standing without a perfect law or rule to guide him. No law can be in justice presented to a man for his sanction and obedience, which is beyond his nower or the power given him to obey; therefore no law can be a perfect one, that exacts things of men that they cannot perform. law of God is infallible or perfect, because God who is infallible or perfect, devised it. and it does not exact things of men that they cannot do. If this law is perfect, and also the principle by which a man-is-made perfect; or in other words, that he cannot be perfect without obeying it, then if he rejects one principle of it, he is not perfect in his sphere .-James, no doubt, alluding to the gospel says: "But whose looketh into the perfect law of forgetful hearer, but a doer of the work, this man shall be blessed in his deed."-James. This perfect law of liberty expands The Lord is perfect in all things, the mind, and liberates it from the vulture i. 25.

It is admitted that if a person complies with Therefore, we are creased, are for them; and indeed, they are ig-

Now according to the scriptures the matter There are certain principles of power that stands thus - we are commanded to be perfect Hence in our opinion the formably to certain rules, we mean to be gospel of peace, which are within his sphere, it would be a breach of the law that he has

before obedience to the perfect law of liberty, the people; therefore, they cannot be perfect men are foreigners, aliens, and strangers to without them: for it is by the Spirit of God: therefore, in order for them to be as prophecy or of revelation, that we can obtian a similated unto the likeness of God in the knowledge of God; "No man can say that least degree, and be perfect as he is, it is ne-Jesus Christ is the Lord, except it is by the cessary for them, to obey the perfect law which Holy Ghost." The more of this spirit that the is, first to repent of their sins, or in other prophets received, the more they were like words forsake them; and in a word, break off God. All things are present before God to kingdom of God, and so take up their cross them. and follow Christ in the work of regenera enly things their knowledge was increased. man to talk about being perfect, holy or sanc-the prophets. tified, if he has not repented of his sins, and been baptized for the remission of them, and received the Holy Spirit by the laying on of MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE.

But obeying the first principles of the gospel, is not all. The apostle says that the and the work of the ministry. Thus they more intelligence a man receives the nearer he comes to perfection. As we have before as becomes a righteous man, and avails himself-of all the intelligence, and spiritual blessings that are within his reach. And it is space will admit. said, "the Lord is the same yesterday to-day and for ever;" consequently he has not constanding now-a-days, as they were formerly we trust, will result from the meeting.

adopted: he will not cast off the righteous. The blessings that the ancients received, and because it would be a breach of promise: he which are for us, are the spirit of prophecy or will not let the reprobate go unpunished, be-revelation, and visions, administration of ancause it would sacrifice the rights of justice gles, &c.: therefore, we conclude that the But let us more particularly enquire what profession of perfection, of those who deny men must do to be perfect in their sphere. that these gifts and graces of the gospel are It is positively affirmed in the bible that for us, is hypocritical. These gifts are for

from sin and work righteousness; second, to all eternity, and when the prophets received be baptized for the remission of sins, (see the Spirit of God, it brought things that were Acts. ii, 38,) and for the adoption into the in the future, and made them present before When the saints had visions of heavtion; third receive the Holy Ghost by the Some of the saints of ancient days were in laying on of hands. (See Acts, viii, 17 a great degree, if not perfect in their sphere The above are what the apos- of action, because they sought and obtained tles term the first principles of the gospel, that which was for them. But Oh! how changand it is self evident that no persons can be ed the scene! Men now profess to be saints, perfect in any science without learning the and even to be holy, sanctified, and some to be elementary principles of the same. Neither perfect, without receiving any such blesswill it answer for him to learn the first principles of control of the same ciple, but pay no attention to the second: he the gospel of Christ. Awake! Awake! to must learn them in rotation, and according to reighteousness and sin not O ye nations, kin-order, or he cannot make any proficiency in dreds, and people of the earth, and put away the science; so it is, a man cannot make any such delusive notions, and keep the commandproficiency in the religion of heaven, except ments of the Great God, that you may be he obeys every principle of it according to counted worthy to set down in the kingdom It is the very heighth of folly for any of heaven with Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and

PITTSBURGH, PA. OCTOBER 15, 1845.

FAITH-There will be found in this paper church was organized with apostles, proph-a lecture on faith copied from the Book of ets, &c., for the perfecting of the saints, Doctrine and Covenants, which is the first anciently had inspired men among them, who of a course delivered before a theological could receive revelations from the Lord, and class in Kirtland, O. in the winter of 1834 thus instruct the church with things of impor- & 5. Faith being the first principle of action tance, which increased their knowledge. The in all intelligent beings, and those lectures setting forth that principle in a clear and said, a man is not perfect in his sphere of ac- interesting manner, we thought perhaps we tion except he obeys the Gospel in all re-could not interest our readers more than by spects, and orders his conduct in such a way giving place to one of them at this time; we may copy others of them hereafter, if our

THE CONFERENCE, which was appointed tracted the sphere, and agency of man, nor de- to be held in Philadelphia, commenced on creed that he will in the future refuse to be- Monday the 6th inst. and closed on Wednesstow the same blessings upon those who become his saints, that he bestowed anciently upon his people. Surely, the people of God three days. The Spirit of the Lord was manupon his people. are as susceptible of attaining to the high ifested greatly in the assembly, and much good

eral important items of law were given by rev- as the Lord has said he would have a prophet elation, and laid down for the government of to stand at the head, and lead his people, who when published.

visable while he was east to make a short visit dent Rigdon-and the Lord has raised him to the churches in the cities of the sea board; up, caused him to be legally ordained, and we look for his return in a few days or weeks qualified him to go forth and be a Messenger at farthest. before his face, to prepare the way for the sec.

FROM THE ELDERS.

communication from Elder James Blakeslee, by revelations, by visions, and by the miniswhich came too late for publication in this tation of heavenly messengers, to the great By it we learn that since the conference joy and satisfaction of their hearts. he has commenced-laboring in the ministry, May-the-Lord-bless and prosper our bein Athensville, Montgomery Co. this State, loved brother Alden, and shed forth abundantthe utmost kindness and respect. The pros- of the honest, thereby laying up much fruit open for faithful Elders in that region of tarry. country; we pray the Lord of the harvest to raise up and send faithful laborers into his vineyard, for this, the last time, that the Falconer, that he has been laboring in the ingospel of the Kingdom may be preached to terior of Virginia for some months past. He all people as a witness, for the end draw has met with considerable opposition and pereth near.

We have received two letters from Elder Briggs Alden, the last one dated Stockbridge, Madison Co. N. Y. Oct. 2, from which we learn that he has labored principally in Madison and Jefferson Counties. assistance of his Holy Spirit, by which he has been enabled to convince several of the vital importance and necessity of preserving unsulfed and unbroken, the order of the goverment the church of Christ, as established by the Great Jehovah himself-that a church

the saints, which will appear in the minutes, should be like unto Moses; and has also been so kind and careful as to give the precise man-We have received the minutes as they were ner in which one should be appointed, so that taken during the progress of the conference, the church need not be deceived, in the event but they have not yet been prepared for the Joseph Smith should transgress or be cut off; press, therefore we cannot give them in this which was, that he should be ordained under No. of our paper, but hope to be able to give Joseph Smith's hands to that office and callthem in our next; this however is somewhat ing; which ordination, no man living, who uncertain, as we shall not publish them until stood in connection with the church at the time President Rigdon's return, who deemed it ad-of-his decease, had received, excepting Presi-

and advent of the Son of man-which our heavenly Father is manifesting to many of the We have received a lengthy and interesting honest in heart, by the gift of the Holy Ghost,

about eight miles from Philadelphia, with ly into his heart, the gifts of the comforter that good success. He has large and attentive he may lift his warning voice by the power congregations, and the people treat him with thereof, and be permitted to gather out many pects are that a good work may be done in against the time the Lord of the harvest will that vicinity; the people are anxious to hear come to claim his own, which is drawing the gospel in its purity, and many doors are near at hand, for he will come and will not

We learn by letter from Elder Archibald

secution in some places, having been on one occasion stoned, while in the discharge of his duty; in other places he has been treated with kindness and attention. He has baptized two, and the prospects were favorable for more to come forward soon. He is nothing His labors we daunted or discouraged, but feels to rejoice are happy to learn, have been crowned with greatly, that he is counted worthy to bear persuccess; the Lord has blessed him with the secution and affliction for Christ's sake and the gospel. May his labors be like bread cast upon the waters.

> West Buffalo, Iowa Sept. 25th, 1845. BROTHER ROBINSON,

DEAR SIR: - Having just returned from Fulton city, Ill. about fifty without a prophet, legally appointed and or miles up the Mississippi above this, where I dained, is not the church of God, inasmuch have been laboring about five weeks, incesof leading fourteen honest souls down into the miracles. waters of baptism; three of whom I ordained I do not recollect of reading in the Prophetic to the office of elders. I organized the branch history of the world, as contained in the Biporal afairs for the ministry.

send or raise up help in the west.

same blessing of health that I enjoy.

Give my love to all the Brethren there. Brother Oatman sends his respects to all.

G. M. HINKLE.

For the Messenger and Advocate. MIRACLES IN THE LAST DAYS. published September 1st, that the traditions of Judah shall not vex Ephraim.

santly day and night, preaching from one to to believe that there was to be no more mirathree times every day. I hasten for your com-cles after the suffering of Christ and his apostles fort, as well as the incouragement of others, in the flesh, is false. See Isa. 8: 20, "To the to inform you of the goodness of God to me, in law and to the testimony, if they speak not crowning my labors with souls for my hire according to this word, it is because there is as well as blessing me with his Holy Spirit, no light in them." Notwithstanding we beto preach his word with power to the satisfactieve we have produced proof sufficient to estion of a large portion of the people. I am hap hablish the position we have taken, we have py to say to you, that through the help of the concluded to take a few more quotations from Lord, I have not only succeeded in-breaking the testimony to establish our position beyond down all most all prejudice in this region of all contradiction; we shall call your attention country, but was blessed with the privilege it this time more particularly on the subject of I do not recollect of reading in the Prophetic

last Saturday—broke bread to them on Sab ble, that the Lord ever worked a miracle by bath—and left on Monday. Brother Edward the hand of man, or through the instrumental-Rolph, was chosen to preside over the branch, ity of man, but what he had a Prophet, or Brother M. Riley a very learned Baptist min Prophets on the earth at the time. In the ister, a Greek, Hebrew and Latin scholar, days of Moses the Lord established a kingis one of the three, he intends to travel and dom in Israel, and he placed the Prophet Mo-Elder Roys Oatman, who was once ses in their midst for a chief Judge, and gave in the church of Latter Day Saints and lived him Aaron and Hur for counsellors; he also at La Harp, joined us with his wife, and al-gave 70 of the elders of Israel, and put his though they were in the old church they say Spirit upon them and made Prophets of them they never believed the Book of Mormon be and they prophecied. See Numbers 11th chap. fore; he is now with us, whole nearted in the 25th verse, And the Lord came down in a work; he is ordained and preparing his tem-cloud, and spake unto him, and took of the spirit that was upon him, and gave it unto the Several others in the vicinity of Fulton de seventy elders: and it came to pass, that, when clared in favor of the work, and were only de the spirit rested upon them, they prophesied, terred from doing their duty, by being confined did not cease." I have written the above ed to their bed by sickness, which now rages to show that Israel's Judges and counsellors all over the western country to an alarming extent, (the disease is billious, and chill and restitution in the latter times, see Isajah 1st fever;) my own family has not suffered by it. chapter 26th verse, "And I will restore thy but almost all others have, and when it lays judges as at the first, and thy counsellors as hold on a person, it seems almost impossible at the beginning: afterwards thou shalt be calfor them to exercise faith to be healed. Elder led. The city of righteousness, the faithful Blakeslee has gone east, and there is no one city." According to the above testimony Isnow preaching in the west to my knowledge, rael's Judges, will be restored as at the first to any extent, except myself; and I have pres and counsellors as at the beginning. After sing calls more than a dozen elders could fill, their restitution has thus far taken place we O that the Lord of the harvest, would either have thought to follow their history, and see whether the Lord works any miracles among Dear Brother I do greatly rejoice to hear of them. See Isaiah 11th chapter from the 10th the prosperity of the cause of our common verse to the end of the chapter inclusive.salvation in the eastern country, and I pray And in that day there shall be a root of God to remember his afflicted people, and Jesse, which shall stand for an ensign of the pour out his Holy Spirit on the faithful. He people; to it shall the Gentiles seek: and his has continued to bless me with his Holy Spirrest shall be glorious. And it shall come to
it, and health of body, to labor in the vinyard
with joy and success; for which I do thank
him. I feel that he is with you, dear Brothremnant of his people which shall be left,
er, by his Holy Spirit and I have with the er, by his Holy Spirit, and I hope with the from Assyria, and from Egypt, and from Pathfos, and from Cush, and from Elam, and from Shinar, and from Hamoth, and from the Islands of the sea. And he shall set up an ensign for the nations, and shall assemble the outcast of Israel, and gather together the dispersed of Judah, from the four corners of the earth: The envy-also of Ephraim shall de-EDITOR:-We shall endeavour to part, and the adversaries of Judah shall be prove, as I said in my last communication out off; Ephraim shall not envy Judah, and that part of the religious world, who profess shall fly upon the shoulders of the Philistines

toward the west; and they shall spoil them of sea, the waters of the great deep: that hath the east together; they shall lay their hand made the depths of the sea a way for the ranupon Edom and Moab; and the children of somed to pass over? Therefore the redeemed Ammon shall obey them. And the Lord shall of the Lord shall return, and come with sing. ntterly destroy the tongue of the Egyptian ing unto Zion; and everlasting joy shall be sea; and with his mighty wind shall he shake upon their head; they shall obtain gladness his hand over the river, and shall smite it in and joy; and sorrow and mourning shall flee the seven streams, and make men go over dry-away." The prophet Isaiah has given us shod. And there shall be an highway for to understand, that the Lord will dry up the the remnant of his people, which shall be left great deep, and make the depth of the sea a from Assyria; like as it was to Israel in the way for the redeemed of the Lord to pass over day that he came up out of the land of Egypt." on, to come to Zion; and who will say it will It is said in the above quotation that the not be as much of a miracle as was wrought

Lord will utterly destroy the tongue of the when the children of Israel passed through Egyptian sea, when the remnant of Isra-the Red sea. el returns according to the promise. That Zecheriah has informed us that the remnant

branch of the Red sea called the tongue of Israel will to many mighty works on theirremains yet, unless it has been destroyed so return to the land of their fore fathers. resently, that the news of its destruction has 10th chapter 11th verse, "And he shall pass not as yet reached us; therefore we know that through the sea with affliction, and shall smite prophecy has not as yet been fulfiled. Again the waves in the sea, and all the deeps of the it is said, with his mighty wind shall helrivers shall dry up: and the pride of Assyria shake his hand over the river, and shall smile shall be brought down, and the scepter of it in the seven streams, and make men go Egypt shall depart away." If the Prophecy over dry-shod; and they shall have a highway, of Zacheriah is ever fulfiled, the remnant of like as Israel had when he came up out of the Israel will pass through the sea with affliction; land of Egypt; in Exodus 14th chapter 21th and smite the waves of the sea, and all the verse we have the following account, the Lord deeps of the rivers shall dry up; and who caused the sea to go back by a strong east shall say that there will not be as great mirawind all that night. If the dividing of the cles as there was when Moses stretched to sea was a miracle, who will say the dividing rod over the sea? Well might the Gentiles of the River will not be? If any man shall say, as Jeremiah said they would when they say there will be no more miracles, he and see those things take place, "Surely our faththe Prophets for it, if any man speak not ac- ers have inherited lies, vanities, and things

cause there is no light in him.

that the days shall come, that it shall no more to one that is not learned; notice what follows: be said, the Lord liveth that brought up the "Therefore behold I will proceed to do a marchildren of Israel out of the land of Egypt, vellous work among this people; even a marbut the Lord liveth that brought up the chil vellous work and a wonder, for the wisdom of dren of Israel from the land of the North, and their wise men shall perish, and the underfrom all the Lands whether he had driven standing of their prudent men shall be hid." See Jeremiah 16: 14, 15. When the 17th and 18th verses, "Is it not yet a very lithouse of Israel-wish to speak of the mighty the while and Lebanon shall be turned into a power of God, they say the Lord liveth that fruitful field, and the fruitful field shall be esbrought the children of Israel out of the teemed as a forest? And in that day shall the land of Egypt; by so saying they bring to deaf hear the words of the book, and the eyes mind the miraculous power of God in sending of the blind shall see out of obscurity, and out the ten plagues upon Egypt, and dividing the Red sea; the Prophets have given us to under the book, and the eyes of the blind see out of th stand, that when the remnant of Israel returns, obscurity, and out of darkness, it will be by God will work such mighty miracles in restor-the means of miracles no doubt. If we should ing them to the lands given to their forefath see the whole of the 29th chapter of Isaiah ers, as will cause them to lay aside the old fulfiled, we might possibly consider it a marproverb above spoken of, and they will say, velous work and a wonder.

The Lord liveth that led the children of 1s- It would be superfluous to multiply quotarael from the land of the North, and all the tions on this subject, for if we should extract land whether he had driven them." The sec-all that the Prophets have written concerning tarian Priests with these declarations in their the marvellous and miraculous power of God Bibles, say there was to be no more miracles which has not as yet been fulfilled, it would after the suffering of Christ and his apostles fill a larger volume than is our purpose to in the flesh.

Again, let me refer my readers to the pro-written enough on this subject to satisfy every phecy of Isaiah 51st chapter 10th and 11th believer in the bible, that will give it a candid verses, "Art thou not it which hath dried the perusal, that the traditions of a large part of

cording to the law and the testimony, it is be-wherein there is no profit." In the 29th chapter of Isaiah's prophecy, it Jeremiah said, in view of coming events, is stated, that a sealed book would be delivered

publish on this subject at present, I have

the testimony.

AMOS B. TOMLINSON.

From the Book of Doctrine and Covenants. SECTION 1.

LECTURE 1.-ON FAITH.

religion, and the foundation of all right do you possess, which you have not obtained eousness, necessarily claims the first place by reason of your faith? Your food, your in a course of lectures which are designed to raiment, your lodgings, are they not all unfold to the understanding the doctrine of by reason of your faith? Jesus Christ.

shall observe the following order:

3. First, Faith itself-what it is:

4. Secondly, The object on which it rests; is it not in all other intelligent beings?

show what faith is.

in the 11th chapter of that epistle, and 1st 13. As we receive by faith all temporal verse, gives the following definition of the blessings that we do receive, so we in like word faith.

not seen."

gurance which men have of the existence afthe Hebrews, xi. 3. things which they have not seen; and the

selves, and turn their thoughts and reflections things which do appear. to the operations of their own minds, they faith only, which is the moving cause of all Gcd, by which the worlds were framed, was

physical and mental.

upon the history of their lives from the period of their first recollection, and ask them faith, the worlds would never have been framselves, what principle excited them to action, ed, neither would man ever have been formed or what gave them energy and activity, in all of the dust-it is the principle by which Jetheir lawful avocations, callings, and pursuits hovah works, and through which he exercises what would be the answer? that it was the assurance which we had of things. Take this principle or attribute (for the existence of things which we had not it is an attribute) from the Deity, and he

seen, as yet?-Was it not the hope which would cease to exist. you had in consequence of your belief in the or belief, for the acquisition of all knowledge, ple of power, it must be so in man as well as wisdom, and intelligence? Would you exert in the Deity? This is the testimony of all the yourselves to obtain wisdom and intelligence, sacred writers, and the lesson which they unless you did believe that you could obtain have been endeavoring to teach to man, them? Would you have ever sown, if you 18. The Savior says, Mathew xvii. 19,20, and the discipled

christendom is not according to the law and would have found? Or would you have ever knocked, unless you had believed that it would have been opened unto you? word, is there any thing that you would have done, either physical or mental, if you had not Are not all your exerpreviously believed? tions, of every kind dependant on your faith? 1. Faith being the first principle in revealed Or may we not ask, what have you, for what

Reflect, and ask vourselves if these things are so! 2. In presenting the subject of faith, we your thoughts on your own minds, and see if faith is not the moving cause of all action in yourselves; and, if the moving cause in you,

-12. And as faith is the moving cause of 5. Thirdly, The effects which flow from it all action in temporal concerns, so it is 6. Agreeably to this order we have first to in spiritual; for the Savior has said, and that truly, that he that believeth and is baptized 7. The author of the epistle to the Hebrews, shall be saved. Mark xvi. 16.

manner, receive by faith all spiritual blessings. 8. "Now faith is the substance (assurance) that we do receive. But faith is not only the of things hoped for, the evidence of things principle of action, but of power also, in all intelligent beings, whether in heaven or on 9. From this we learn that faith is the as-learth. Thus says the author of the epistle to

Through faith we understand that the 14. principle of action in all intelligent beings, worlds were framed by the word of God: so 10. If men were duly to consider them that things which are seen were not made of

15. By this we understand that the princiwould readily discover that it is faith, and ple of power, which exists in the bosom of action in them; that without it, both mind faith; that it is by reason of this principle of and body would be in a state of inactivity, power, existing in the Deity, that all created and all their exertions would cease both things exist—so that all things in heaven, on earth, or under the earth, exist-by-reason-of... 11. Were this class to go back and reflect faith, as it existed in Him.

16. Had it not been for the principle of Would it not be power over all temporal, as well as eternal

17. Who cannot see, that, if God framed existence of unseen things, which stimulated the worlds by faith, that it is by faith that you to action and exertion, in order to obtain he exercises power over them, and that faith is Are you not dependant on your faith, the principle of power? and that, if the princi-

18. The Savior says, Matthew xvii. 19, 20, had not believed that you would reap? in explaining the reason why the disciples Would you have ever planted, if you had not could not cast out the devil, that it was bebelieved that you would gather? Would cause of their unbelief: "For verily I say unto you have ever asked, unless you had believed you," said he "if ye have faith as a grain of that you would receive? Would you have mustard-seed, ye shall say unto this mounever sought, unless you believed that you tain, remove hence to yonder place, and it shall remove; and nothing shall be impossible unto you."

19. Moroni, while abridging and compiling the record of his Fathers, has given us the following account of faith, as the principle of revealed science! power. He says, page 563, "That it was the faith of Alma and Amulek which caused righteousness. Heb 11:6. Without faith it the walls of the prison to be rent, it was re-jis impossible to please God. 1st. John, 3: 7.

corded on the 264th page; that it was the Little children, let no man deceive you: he faith of Nephi and Lehi which caused a that doeth righteousness, is righteous, even as change to be wrought upon the hearts of the he [God] is righteous. § 1. ¶ 1. Lamanites, when they were immersed with the Holy Spirit and with fire, as seen on the in presenting the subject of faith?

Zerin was removed, when the § 1. ¶ 3. brother of Jared spake in the name of the Lord.

See also 565th page.

20. In addition to this, we are told in Hebrews, xi. 32, 33, 34, 35, that Gideon, Ba-\$1, ¶ 5. ralf, Sampson, Jephthah, David, Samuel and the prophets, through faith subdued kingdoms, wrought righteousness, obtained promises the evidence of things not seen: Heb. 11: 1. stopped the mouths of lions quenched the vio-That is, it is the assurance we have of the exlence of fire, escaped the edge of the sword, listence of unseen things. And being the asout of weakness were made strong, waxed surance which we have of the existence of valiant in fight, turned to flight the armies of unseen things, must be the principle of action the aliens; and that women received their in all intelligent beings. dead raised to life again, &c. &c.

bade the sun and moon to stand still, and it Q. How do you prove that faith is the was done. Josh. x. 12.

22. We here understand, that the sacred writers say, that all these things were done by tions of my own mind; and secondly, by the came into order, by reason of the faith there seen as yet, moved with fear, prepared an ark So with man also. by faith in the name of God, and the sun stood condemned the world, and became heir of the still, the moon obeyed, mountains removed, righteousness whick is by faith. Heb. 11:8. prisons fell, lions' mouths were closed, the By faith Abraham, when he was called to go human heart lost its enmity, fire its violence, out into a place which he should after receive armies their power, the sword its terror, and for an inheritance, obeyed; and he went out death its dominion; and all this by reason of not knowing whither he went.

in vain.

the faith which was in them.

24. Faith, then, is the great governing prin-who is invisible. § 1. ¶ 10,11. ciple which has power, dominion, and author- Q. Is not faith the principle of action in ity over all things: by it they exist, by it they spiritual things as well as in temporal? are upheld, by it they are changed, or by it they remain, agreeably to the will of God .-Without it, there is no power, and without A. Heb. 11:6. Without faith it is impospower there could be no creation nor exist-sible to please God. Mark 16:16. ence-

OF THEOLOGY.

Question.—What is theology? treats of the being and attributes of God-his of the faith of Ahraham, who is the father of relations to us—the dispensations of his pro-us all. § 1. ¶ 12,13. vidence-his will with respect to our actionsand his purposes with respect to our end .- ciple of action? [Buck's Theological Dictionary, page 582.]

Q. What is the first principle in this revealed science!

Faith. § 1. ¶ 1. Α.

Why is faith the first principle in this Q. A. Because it is the foundation of all

Q. What arrangement should be followed 421st page, and that it was by faith that the A. First, Should be shown what faith is:

Secondly, The object upon which it rests: and § 1. ¶ 5. Thirdly, The effects which flow from it.

Q. What is faith?

A. It is the assurance of things loped for,

Through faith we understand the worlds were 21. Also, Joshua in the sight of all Israel, framed by the word of God. § 1. ¶ 8, 9.

principle of action in all intelligent beings? A. First, By duly considering the opera-It was by faith that the worlds were direct declaration of scripture. Heb. 11:7. God spake, chaos heard, and worlds By faith Noah, being warned of things not He spake to the saving of his house; by the which he

Heb. 11:9. By faith he sojourned in the land of promise, 23. Had it not been for the faith which was as in a strange country, dwelling in tabernain men, they might have spoken to the sun, cles with Isaac and Jacob, the heis with him the moon, mountains, prisons, lions, the hu- of the same promise. Heb. 11:27. By faith man heart, fire, armies, the sword, or to death Moses forsook Egypt, not fearing the wrath of the king: for he endured as seeing him

> Α. It is.

Q. How do you prove it? He that believeth and is baptized, shall be saved.-Rom. 4:19. Therefore, it is of faith, that it might be by grace; to the end the promise might be sure to all the seed: not to that only Answer.—It is that revealed science which which is of the law, but to that also which is Q. Is faith any thing else beside the prin-

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What is it?

It is the principle of power also.-§ i. ¶ 13.

How do you prove it?

the Deity, as well as in man Through faith we understand that the worlds the very unusual appearance of a strong curwere framed by the word of God, so that rent tide, as it were, setting directly out to sea. which do appear. § 1. ¶ 14,15,16.

Lamanites, are immersed with the Spirit - at least two feet higher than it was before. heaven, and hasted not to go down about a length outside the entrance to the piers.—whole day. Mat. 17:19. Then came the The cause of so extraordinary a phenomenon disciples to Jesus apart, and said, Why could is at present a matter of various conjectures, not we cast him out? Mat. 17:20. And but the general opinion seems to be that it Jesus said unto them, Because of your unbe-could only trave been produced by a violent leif: for verily I say unto you, if ye have earthquake in some other part of the contifaith as a grain of mustard seed, ye shall say nent which we shall probably soon hear of. unto this mountain, Remove hence to yonder place; and it shall remove; and nothing shall be impossible unto you. Heb. 11:32. And From the Pittsburgh Chronicle of Oct. 15 resurrection. § f. ¶ 16,17,18,19,20,21,22.

It is the first great governing principle, under his command."

which has power, dominion and authority over all things. § 1. ¶ 24.

ing more clearly, that faith is the first great definite arrangement to leave Illinois in the governing principle, which has power, domin-spring, in a body, for some place west of the ion, and authority over all things?

Rocky Mountains. This arrangement has

by it they are changed, or by it they remain mons say they had intended going at any rate. agreeably to the will of God, and without it had the disturbance not taken place. there is no power; and without power there small military force will be kept in the county could be no creation, nor existence! § 1. ¶ 24 ha preserve order until the removal takes place.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON ON LAKE ONTARIO. On Saturday last, an extraordinary occurrence was noticed in the lake at this place. Shortly before noon, some gentlemen walking upon First, It is the principle of power in the wharf, happening to cast their eyes upon Heb. 11:3. the water, between the piers, were struck with

things which are seen were not made of things It seemed as if the whole lake was going bodilly away. In a few minutes nearly a third part Secondly, It is the principle of power in of the inner harbor, with a corresponding porman also. Book of Mormon, page 264 .- tion of the shore on either side, was left entire-

Alma and Amulek are delivered from prison. ly bare, when suddenly the tide turned and Do. page 421. Nephi and Lehi, with the came as rapidly back again, filling the harbor The mountain Zerin, by the This extraordinary action of the lake was confaith of the brother of Jared, is removed. tinued at regular intervals of every eight or ten Josh 10:12. Then spake Josh a to the Lord minutes till after dark; the highest tide notice in the day when the Lord delivered up theled being a little before six in the evening, Amorites before the children of Israel, and when the water rose seven inches higher he said in the sight of Israel, Sun, stand thou than it was last spring, and just two feet and still upon Gibeon, and thou Moon, in the val- an inch above its present level. We under-ley of Ajalon. Josh. 10:13. And the sur stand the same occurrence was noticed at other stood still, and the moon stayed, until the places on the lake, and we hear that at Port Hope people had avenged themselves of their ene- the effect was so great that the steam boat Is not this written in the book of Princess Royal could not get into the harbor at So the sun stood still in the midst of all, running hard aground when more than her

Cobourg (Canada) Star.

what shall I say more? for the time would . Mormon News .- We copy the following fall me to tell of Gideon, and of Barak, and of from the St. Louis Republican of Monday the Sampson, and of Jephthah, of David also, 6th:-"Our correspondence from Warsaw and Samuel, and of the prophets. Heb.—states the result of the deliberations of the An11:33. Who through faith subdued kingdoms,
wrought righteousness, obtained promises,
stopped the mouths of lions, Heb. 11:34.—

Quenced the violence of fire, escaped the edge
of the sword, out of weakness were made

strong waved valiant in fight turned to dich lare unacquainted with the mode are unacquainted. strong, waxed valiant in fight, turned to flight are unacquainted with the mode proposed to the armies of the aliens. Heb. 11.35. effect this object, but hope it may be such as Women received their dead raised to life to leave no doubt on the subject. We learn again: and others were tortured, not accepting by the Die Vernon that General ardin had ardeliverance; that they might obtain a better rested Backenstos, and it was said, intended to send him to Springfield—with what object Q. How would you define faith in its we are not informed. / Nauvoo was quiet, and most unlimited sense?

Gen. Hardin had left the place with the forces

End of the Mormon War.—By documents published in the St. Louis Republican, we How do you convey to the understand-learn that the Mormons have entered iuto-a-A. By it they exist, by it they are upheld, been amicably agreed upon-in fact, the Mor-

POETRY.

SECOND ADVENT.

Come. O! thou King of Kings! We've waited long for thee, With healing in thy wings,

To set thy people free; Come thou desire of nations, come,

Let Israel now be gathered home. Come, and make an end of sin,

And cleanse the earth by fire, And righteonsness bring in. That saints may tune the lyre.

With songs of joy in happier strains, To welcome in thy peaceful reign.

Hosannahs now shall sound From all the ransomed throng, And glory echo round

A new triumphal song; The wide expance of heav'n fill With anthems sweet from Zion's hill.

Hail! Prince of Life and peace, Thrice welcome to thy throne, While all the chosen race,

Their Lord and Savior own;-The heathen nations how the knee, And every tongue confess to thee.

DIED, in the city of New York, on the 19th of Sept. of inflamation in the throat and lungs, to enable the student to become acquainted Laura Malvina, daughter of Elder George T. joyment of perfect confidence of her divine acceptance, pleading with her relations to meet we have, now, associated with us, gentlemen her in the morning of the first resurrection.

THEBSITY OF THE

State of Ohio," at Cincinnati:-

ESTABLISHED BY LAW.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

thology, and Hygiene.

istry and Botany.

DOCTOR BENNETT, Professor of Midwifery, and the Diseases peculiar to Women after, those who desire the advantages of this and Children; Forensic Medicine, and Clin-Institution will avail themselves of the WIN-ical Practice—(formerly Professor of Obstet TER SESSION. ric Medicine in the "Willoughby University

of Lake Erie.") A Charter incorporating the "Literary and ADVANCE. Diploma, \$20. Botanico-Medical College of the State of of Lectures will be delivered on Dental Sur-Ohio," with the most plenary University gery, by an able. Dentist of this city, for powers, was granted by an act of the Legisla- which an additional fee of \$2 will be charged.

ture in March, 1839, since which time its Medical Department—the College of Physicians and Surgeons—has been in successful. operation. It is the oldest Botanico-Medical College in the United States, and its patron-

age has been encouraging. The advantages for professional study and the acquisition of correct knowledge in Anatomy, Surgery, Practice of Medicine, and Obstetrics, are not sur-

passed by those of any other Medical Institution in the United States. The Medical and Surgical Clinique attached to the University will afford opportunities for Hospital Practice. in addition to other similar facilities; and those

persons requiring assistance in the operative departments, who will submit to the clinical observation and inspection of the class, will, during the lecture season, be operated upon gratuitously. Many important operations are performed on the living subject, and the

whole theory and practice are carefully taught and illustrated on the cadaver. Physiology is illustrated with the Manikin, the most wonderful exhibition of art-an instrument by the aid of which an amount of knowledge

that it once required years to obtain, can be communicated in as many weeks. Pathology. diagnosis, and therapeutics, will be illustraed abundantly in the college. The principal articles of the Materia Medica, both crude and prepared, will be exhibited so constantly, as

with the agents he is to use in his profession. and Mariah M. Leach, aged 14 years and 2 The chemical apparatus, the botanic garden. months. She was a consistant member of and a great variety of maps, diagrams, paintthe church of Christ, and died in the full enlings, &c., complete the means of illustration. We feel happy in assuring the public that

who will answer every reasonable expecta-And we are all determined to give the community, particularly the friends of medical reform, an opportunity to remove from the "Literary and Botanico-Medical College of the general practitioners of the new system, the popular charge of ignorance, and empyricism. Will you sustain us? We shall see!

The lectures in this University will com-The following gentlemen compose the Fac-mence on the first Monday in November, at the college Edifice, on 3rd Street, between DOCTOR CURTIS, Professor of the In-Broadway and Ludlow, and continue four stitutes, and Practice of Medicine, Materia months. There will be at least five REG-Medica, Pharmacy, and Therapeutics; Pa-ULAR LECTURES, daily, for five days in

ology, and Hygiene. each week; (Saturdays being occupied by DOCTOR HILL, Professor of Anatomy; the Medical Society connected with the col-Physiology, and Surgery. lege.) and occasionally, an extra evening sector of Chem ture, on miscellaneous subjects collaterally connected with medical science.

As there will be no summer course here-

The fees for a full course of Lectures. Matriculation included, amount to \$80, IN A full course, Good boarding can be obtained at from \$2-

to \$2.50 per week.

ease—the actual condition of parts—or the parth pass away, not one jot or title of my preparations; but the PRACTICE taught word shall fail." will be on PURELY BOTANICAL PRIN-

too highly educated. We wish no half-way and the establishment of the kingdom of God, men, but those who have sufficient temerity and also set forth the doctrines of the kingdom to take a bold and decided stand for progress in detail, as they are contained in the scripsive medical reform; and such as will not use tures, we knew would require a paper to be a MIXED PRACTICE to suit customers.

ing a thorough and correct medical education semi-monthly, which we have done at a reare most ample in all the departments; and duced price-much lower in fact than we dissecting, operations, illustrations, and ex could afford to do in justice to ourselves—periments, will be conducted on the most it has been attended with a vast amount of liberal and extensive scale, and in such allabor in preparing the matter, which is almost manner as to afford all students, both seniors entirely original, and will compose when and juniors, the best possible accommoda-completed, a work of 384 closely printed oc-

The friends of Medical Reform are respect-upon a few individuals, which however has fully requested to preserve, and forward to been borne with cheerfulness, knowing the the Anatomical Cabinet of the College, all importance of the work to be accomplished. the interesting specimens of morbid anatomy which they may be able—and to favor the re-odical being in a great measure obtainedspective professorships with useful prepara-the church of Christ being re-organized upon tions calculated to facilitate illustrative teach ats original, and only sure foundation-and ing in the various departments.

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 9th, 1845.

PHOSPECTUS

FOR THE SECOND VOLUME OF THE

* MESSENGER & AD ADVOCATE CHURCH OF CHRIST.

--- 000000000000-As the first volume of the Messenger and Advocate is drawing to a close, we deem it advisable to give our patrons and friends an publication.

were under the painful necessity of lifting our toils. pens and voices against an apostacy the most show a parallel; we mean the private teachings publisher, Post Paid, to receive attention. and practices of the leaders at Nauvoo.

To save the church of Christ from an entire Pittsburgh, Oct. 1, 1845. ruin and overthrow, required an effort worthy of the high and exalted end to be obtained .-This effort we felt willing to make, agreably si single copy.

to the requirements of our heavenly Father.

Also—A large supply of Hymn Books, new knowing that with his aid and blessings this collection, neatly bound in fancy coloured moglorious object could be accomplished; and we rocco: Price, \$30 per hundred; 37 cents single. have the unspeakable privilege of seeing that

our labours have not been fruitless or vain, but rave been attended with abundant success, The Text Books will be consulted authori-through the goodness, and under the guidance tatively as far as they are descriptive of distafhim who hath said, "though heaven and

To show the true state of the church, and Botanic practitioners cannot be give the full account of its re-organization. published oftener than once a month, there-The facilities in this Institution, for acquir-fore we concluded to publish the first volume tavo pages—the expense also has been heavy

The great object for publishing this perithe kingdom of heaven established, and roll-A. CURTIS, M. D., Chancellor ing forth with success and prosperity-we have come to the conclusion to publish the second volume once a month only; which will very materially lessen the expenses, and relieve us from a heavy burthen.

The Messenger and Advocate, as heretofore, will continue to give the progress of the cause of truth throughout the world—it will contain essays upon the glorious plan of salvation-and will also be a medium through which the Elders of the Church of Christ can communicate their feelings and success in the ministry. No pains will be spared, on our part, to make the Messenger an interesting early notice of our intention to continue its and useful sheet, such an one as the wants of The comencement of this paper was under that we shall be suffered to pass unrewarded

TERMS:-One Dollar per annum, payadaring, and of opposing doctrines the most ble, in all cases in advance; as we cannot revolting, demoralizing, and destructive, that send the paper to any except the pay accomever mortals were called upon to witness; es pany the order. Any person procuring five pecially in a civilized community; and we new subscribers, and forwarding us five dolthink it exceedingly doubtful if the history of lars current money, shall receive one volume the most barbarous or heathen nations can gratis. All letters must be addressed to the

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MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE

or Thus Church of Christ.

Vol. 1.

PITTSBURGH, NOVEMBER 1, 1845.

No. 24

ESSAY ON THE GOSPEL.

BY S. RIGDON.

Continued from page 359.

of the scheme of life and salvation, which he the circumcision. him. "Blessed be the God and Father of our out of the apostate race of man. "He hath Lord Jesus Christ, who hath blessed us with chosen us in him in whom we have redemp-Christ: according as he hath chosen us in him, before the foundation of the world, that we should be holy and without blame before him in love: having predestinated us unto the adoption of children by Jesus Christ to him, self, according to the good pleasure of his grace. This is in perfect accordance with what this will to the project of the glory of his grace. will, to the praise of the glory of his grace, same apostle says in the episile to the Galawherein he has made us accepted in the be tians, when speaking of Abraham, and the his blood, the forgiveness of sins, according verse: "And the scripture, foseeing that to the riches of his grace; wherein he hath abounded towards us in all wisdom and produce; having made known unto us the mystery of his will, according to his good pleas. The promise to which the apostle alludes is that the promise to which the apostle alludes is ure, which he has purposed in himself; that found in the book of Genesis 12; 1, 2, 3. in the dispensation of the fulness of times he Now the Lord had said unto Abraham, get might gather together in one all things in thee out of thy country, and from thy kindred Christ, both which are in heaven, and which and from thy father's house, unto a land that In the foregoing quotation the apostle gives a great nation; and I will make of thee and make an outline of the order of things, which has are on earth; even in him."

us an outline of the order of things, which he thy name great; and thou shalt be a blessing proclaimed to the people of his day, which and I will bless them that bless thee, and he said he had not received of man, nor by curse them that curse thee; and in thee shall man; but by revelation of Thomas Christians. revelation of Jesus Christ."

of the proclamation which he proclaimed to son, that in blessings I will bless thee, and in the world is, that the same thing which he re-multiplying I will multiply thy seed as the ceived by immediate revelation from Jesus stars of heaven, and as the sand which is up-Christ, was a scheme of which had originated on the sea-shore, and thy seed shall possess

in eternity, before the world was; "Blessed be the gate of his enemies; and in thy seed the God and Father of our Lord lesus Christ, shall all the nations of the earth be blessed; who hath blessed us with all spiritual bless because thou hast done these things."

ings in heavenly places in Christ Jesus: according as he hath chosen us in him before the foundation of the world." Ephesians 1: 3. Having predestinated us unto the adop There is one thing necessary to know in or tion of children by Jesus Christ, to himself. der to have a correct knowledge of the gospel; 5 yerse. That is, before the foundation of the it is, that it was, and is, and ever will be the world. No language need be plainer than same; that it is as immutable as God himself, this, that is, that God before he framed the or Jesus the Savior, and that the gospel is the world, had laid the scheme of life and salva-scheme of life and salvation, and there was tion, and before he formed Adam's dust into not nor will not be any other; it is that scheme man, he had predestinated that the human of things by which all that are saved, will family should be made children to himself, be saved, and all who are now saved were through Jesus Christ, and all this was fixed saved by it. The apostle Paul, in his epistle before the foundation of the world; and this is to the Ephesians, 1st chapter from the 3rd to what Paul had revealed unto him to proclaim the 11 verse, gives us the following account to the uncircumcision, as well as Peter to But it was in Jesus promulged in his day to the generation among Christ that men were to be made children to whom he lived, and to whom the Eord sent God, or that God made children to himself all spiritual blessings in heavenly places in tion through his blood, the forgiveness of sins

In whom we have redemption through gospel proclaimed to him, 3 chapter and 8

man; but by revelation of Jesus Christ; all families of the earth be blessed. In the Galatians 1: 11,12, "But I certify you breth 22 chapter 15, 16, 17 and 18 verses, the proren, that the gospel which was preached of the Lord that the gospel which was preached of the Lord that the gospel which was preached of the Lord that the gospel which was preached of the Lord that the gospel which was preached of the second that the gospel which was preached of the control of th me is not after mant for I neither received it called unto Abraham out of heaven the second of man, neither was I taught it, but by the time, and said, by myself I have sworn saith the Lord, for because thou hast done this

The account then which the apostle gives thing, and hast not withheld thy son, thine only

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In the former of these quotations it is said, in the 16 verse; "Now to Abraham and his that in thee shall all families of the earth be seed were the promises made. He saith not. And in the latter that in thy seed and to seeds, as of many; but as of one, and to thy seed, which is Christ." shall all nations be blessed. According to

In the 28 chapter we have an account of this explanation, the promise to Abraham and the same promise being confirmed unto Jacob: his seed stands thus. That in thee, and in for according to the declarations of the Christ thy seed, shall all the families of the Psalmist David this promise was made unto earth be blessed. We can see by this that it Abraham, and by eath unto Isaac, and con was not enough that a person should be a refirmed unto Jacob. See 105 Psalm, 8, 9 and gular decendant from Abraham to entitle them 10 verses; "He hath remembered his cov-to the blessings of heaven, but they must be enant forever, the word which he commanded in his seed also, which is Christ, so that to unto a thousand generations, [or the genera-obtain eternal life, a person must be both in tions of the thousand years.] Which cov-Abraham and in Christ. What is here said about Abraham and his unto Isaac and confirmed the same unto Jacob seed, so directly corresponds with what the for a law, and to Isreal for an everlasting covapostle has said in the epistle to the Ephes-

earth should be blessed, and putting both the men should be blessed: in Christ Jesus they former quotations together and it would read should get the remission of sins; in Christ the same way to Abraham; for one says in Jesus they should get redemption; and in thee, and the other says in thy seed, so that Christ Jesus God would saliound towards

venant he made with Abraham, and his oath enant. The account of this confirmation we lans, as before quoted, concerning the scheme have in the 28 of Genesis and the 10, 11, 12, of things which he proclaimed to the world, 13 and 14 verses. "And Jacob went out or the plan of life and salvation, which is calfrom Beer-sheba and went toward Haran. And led the gospel, that even a careless reader canhe lighted upon a certain place, and tarried there not avoid seeing how completely they harmoall night, because the sun was set; and he nize? Mark reader that the apostle said that took of the stones of that place, and put them God had chosen us in Christ Jesus before for his pillow, and lay down in that place to the foundation of the world. Eph. 1: 4. sleep. And he dreamed, and behold a ladder Again in whom we have redemption through set upon the earth, and the top of it reached to his blood, the forgiveness of sins wherein for heaven: and behold the angels of God ascend-lin whom] he hath abounded towards us in all ing and descending on it. And behold the wisdom and prudence. So then we are cho-Lord stood above it, and said I am the Lord sen to be sons of God in Christand it is in him God of Abraham thy father, and the God of we have redeemption, the forgiveness of sins, Isaac: the land whereon thou liest, to thee and it is in him that God abounds unto us in will I give it and to thy seed. And thy seed all wisdom and prudence. And the promise shall be as the dust of the earth, and thou to Abraham was, that in his seed all the nashaltspread abroad to the west, and to the earth should be blessed, or that in and to the north, and to the south: and in thee Christ all the nations of the earth should be and in the card shall all the families of the blessed and that save the angular is what and in thy seed shall all the families of the blessed, and that says the apostle, is what earth be blessed." Here it is said to Jacob God purposed in himself before the foundathat in him and in his seed all families of the tion of the world, and agreeably to that plan,

out of them; for here lays the mistake with sins. many; they do not notice that little preposition. It is in view of this promise made to Abrain, and they fancy to themselves that they ham and his seed that the apostle says, Rom.

will be blessed, whether they are in Ahra-6: 6, 7. "For they are not all Israel which ham and his seed, or out of them; not think are of Isreal: neither;"because they are the out.

the New Testament writers have said many [Abraham] received the sign of circumcision things. In the 3 chapter of the epistle to the a seal of the righteousness of the faith which Galatians, the apostle Paul settles the ques-he had, yet being uncircumcised; that he tion, who the seed was, concerning whom it might be the father of all them that believe. was said, that in thy gold shall all the fami-though they be not circumcised, that rightlies of the earth be blessed. He says thus requenciss might be imputed to them also; and the

the promise to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, them in all wisdom and prudence; and says was, that in them, and in their seed, should the promise to Abraham, (or the gospel as all the families, or nations of the earth be before preached to Abraham) in thee and in blessed, and this is what is called the gospel thy seed shall all the families of the earth be which Paul says was preached before to Abra-blessed; whether they are descendants of ham: Galatians 3: 8. It is necessary that the Shem, Ham, or Japheth, in Christ they should reader should notice particularly that it is in be blessed; for God will abound to all who Abraham, and in his seed that all the familiare in Christ Jesus, in wisdom and prudence: lies of the earth should be blessed, and not they will have redemption, the forgivness of

ing that there is a difference between in and seed of Abraham, are they children: but in Isaac shall thy seed be called." And in Rom. Concerning this promise made to Abraham 4:11, 12, 13, the apostle says, "And he

father of circumcision to them who are not of him which Paul afterwards preached, and conthe circumcision only, but who also walk incerning which he said that any man, or an the steps of that faith of our father Abraham, angel from heaven should be accursed if he which he had, yet being uncircumcised."— preached any other. Neither can we with For the promise that he should be the heir of safety admit it, having the testimony which the world, was not to Abraham, or to his seed we have on this subject before us, that God through the law, but through the righteous-had at any period of the world any other way. ness of faith. of making sons and daughters but the one; for

The careful reader of the New Testament Paul-says that the gospel was before the will find that the allusions to the promise world was, and the thing which he received made to Abraham and his seed are very nucley revelation, was the same which had exist-

merous, but would not be to our purpose toled from eternity. But to have the whole subject fairly before

quote at present.

It is necessary to remark here, that the us, we will attend to the proclamation of aposite has pronouced a curse on any person, him in whom God had wrought effectually to or even an angel from fleaven, if they preach the apostleship of the circumcision, we mean any other gospel, than the one which he had Peter. We have this proclamation, to the cirproclaimed. See Gal. 1: 8, 9. And he says as cumcision in the 2 chapter of the Acts of the quoted above, that, the gospel which he pro- apostles, 37, 38, and 39 verses, it reads thus. claimed, had been before preached to Abra-"Now when the Jews heard this, they were ham, telling him, that in his seed, that is, in pricked in their hearts, and said unto Peter Christ Jesus, all the families of the earth and the rest of the apostles, men and brethren should be blessed, and from what he said to what shall we do? Then Peter said unto the Romans it is evident that the apostle exthem, repent, and he haptized every one of you cludes the fleshly seed of Abraham from be in the name of Jesus Christ, for the remissioning the children of Abraham according to this of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy promise, only such as had faith like the faith Spirit. For the promise is unto you, and to ful Abraham, and that all others who had this your children, and to all that are afar off, even faith, were equally entitled to the blessings offas many as the Lord-our God shall call. Abraham whether they were his fleshly seed! The reader may see very easily, that all

or not; it mattered not from whom they deschese men understood the subject alike; for scended; for if through faith they were enable the specimens which we have of their preach-

ed to get into Christ Jesus; they would being are alike. Paul says as quoted above considered Abraham's children, and heirs ac that in Christ we have the forgivness of sine. gording to the promise.

and redemption through his blood, and that In the third chapter to the Galatians the in him, we are made partakers of the blessmystery is solved, how it is that we are putlings of Abraham, and lie also says, that it is into Christ, and become Abraham's seed and by haptism that we are put into Christ. heirs according to the promise. Verses 26, Peter says, repent, and be haptized every one 27, 28. For ye are all the children of Godiof you, in the name of Jesus Christ for the reby faith in Christ Jesus. For as many of mission of sins, and you shall receive the gift you as have been baptized into Christ, have of the Holy Spirit. Why be baptized in put on Christ. There is neither Jew norther name of Jesus Christ for the remission of Greek, there is neither bond nor free, there is sins? because, that by baptism Paul says that neither male nor lemale; for ye are all one in you put on Christ; "as many of you as are bap-Christ Jesus. And if ye be Christ's then are fized into Christ have put on Unrist;" and be ye Abraham's seed and heirs according ing in Christ you have remission of sins and to the promise. This carries the promise redemption through his blood; and in him God made to Abraham to its legitimate issue and will abound to you in all wisdom and prusshows what it was that was preached to Abra-dence. Therefore, repent, and be baptized ham that it was not only in his seed that all every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ, the families of the earth were to be blossed and work shall receive the gift of the Holv the families of the earth were to be blessed, and you shall receive the gift of the Holy but that they were to be put in his seed, that Spirit, or in other words God will abound is Christ, by <u>baptism; for as many of you as towards</u> you in all wisd<u>om</u> and prudence, have been baptized into Christ, have put on through the gift of the Holy Spirit. Christ. We could hardly admit the thought two mostles then surely had the same views that the Lord had told Abraham that in him on the subject of the gospel; and let it not be and in his seed all the tamilies of the earth tergotten, that Paul says, that this gospel was

in other words, how they were to be put into the world was, and that it was not some new Christ, Abraham's sted. No doubt therefore thing which has sprang into existence with can exist, but that Abraham knew all about him and his cotemporaries, and was noting for if he did not, could it be said that he known till them. But more on this point had the cospel provided not be said that he known till them. had the gospel preached unto bin! It could hereafter. not, unless he bed that thing preached unto Inasmuch then, as the gospel was preached

should be blessed, and yet not tell him how it preached to Abraham, and not only to Abrawas that they were to become his children, or ham, but that it originated in eternity, before

to Abraham, would it be thought hazarding were saved, at any time, or in any period of much to say that baptism was preached to him the world, without knowing how they were for the remission of sins, or could the gospel saved or by what means they were made parbe preached to Abraham and this not be takers of the grace of life, is to suppose an Perhaps some might say, that it improbability: that is, it is to suppose that was told to Abraham that in his seed all the they were saved, and were not saved at the families of the earth should be blessed, and same time; for the revelation of the plan of that was all, could it be said that the gospel salvation was essential to the salvation of any was preached to Abraham. And yet it was of the human family. It mattered not how not preached to him, or was Abraham left to good the scheme of it was; which was deviguess the rest and find out what was meant sed in eternity, nor how well suited to the sitby being in his seed. But let us go back and uation of man; nor how well calculated to look a little at this subject. Paul as before save men; nor yet, how competent it was to quoted, has told us that it was a fixed princisave, still it would never have saved one indiple in the economy of God and that before vidual since the world began, unless it had the foundation of the world, that men were to been revealed to him. Let it have remained be saved by being in Christ. And he also secreted in the bosom of eternity, without its tells us that Christ was Abraham's seed.— being made known to man, and the world is this testimony correct? If it is, ever since would have been nothing the better of it; but man was in existence there has been but one would all have gone to destruction together. way of being saved; for God, according to the Another thing which would appear very apostle's statement, had fixed it by an irrevos strange, is that there should be an Abel, an cable decree and that before the world was Enoch, and others, who had great power with that men should be saved in this way and God, who got many revelations from God, The question now arises, was and had great faith, so as to obtain testimony this scheme of things kept hid from the early that they were accepted of him, and that they ages of the world, so that they did not under-pleased him; and yet with all that they stand it, and were saved by it? If so there knew, they did not know, nor understand the never was any need of understanding it from scheme of things, by which they had this that day to this; for if they could be saved by power with God, and through which they obit without understanding it, so could we and tained it. Enoch prophesied of the coming of so could all others, and Paul's assertions to the Lord with the thousand of his saints to the Ephesians be worse than vain. "That judge the world; Jude 14th verse; which judgby grace are ye saved through faith," and for ment came by reason of the atonement of the when there was no understanding there could anointed Savior, and it would be very strange be no faith. And there is nothing more cer-indeed if Enoch should not have known any tain, than this, that if the ancients were not thing of the sacrifice of the Savior, and yet made acquainted with the scheme of life, knew of his coming to judge the world, bethey must have been saved without it, or else cause they rejected the salvation which was they were destroyed for want of knowing it offered to them by reason of that atonement, The latter cannot be admitted, and it is very and not only knew of the sacrifice of the hard to admit the former, that is, that any Savior, but of the way by which the world of people were ever saved without understanding mankind was made partakers of the benefits how it was done, that they were saved, or of that atonement; that is by being put into that any persons could be washed from all sim Christ Jesus, and that work of putting in by by the Lamb, and yet know nothing of Jesus, Captism, in water, according to what Paul the Lamb of God, and be taken into heaven has said, "That as many of you as have been by a scheme of things of which they had no baptised into Christ, have put on Christ;" We are told that without faith and I may add, that none others, but those it is impossible to please God, and where who were baptised into Christ did put him on could faith be in all this matter; or had the or could put him on; for there was no other ancients the happy faculty of believing on him way of putting on Christ. of whom they had not heard, and of hearing, Who can doubt but that man who had faith without a preacher? Mark, reader, that Paul sufficient to get revelations, and to obtain has fixed this matter forever; that it is in knowledge of the great day of judgment. Christ Jesus that men were to be saved, when the Lord should come with ten thousance the foundation of the world, and in no sand of his saints, who walked with him three other way; so that the ancients must either hundred years, and had faith sufficient to be have known that they were in Christ, (we translated, who can doubt I say? but this mean those among them who were saved,) or man was acquainted with the whole scheme else they did not: if they did not they were of life and salvation, or the gospel. No saved in ignorance; and the old maxim with person can doubt it, but one who is incapable

them holds good that ignorance is the mother of judging any matters.

of devotion. But on this point there can be But the Scriptures are pointed on this subno difference of opinion among the candid; for ject, and so clear that a cavaler has no room to admit that any portion of the human family, left, only to show his unfairness and want of candor. Paul says to Timothy, in his second epistle, 1:9,10, "Who hath saved us, and called us with a holy calling, not according to his own purpose and grace, which was given us in a person in possession of truths which will Christ Jesus before the world began; but is now made manifest by the offering of our Savior Jesus Christ, who hath abolished death, and hath brought life and immortality to light, through the gespel." If this states the correct, life and immortality came to light by the gospel, the same as to say, that unless the gospel had come, life and immortance rect understanding of its origin, and of its protality would not have come to light. Let us gress among men; for without this knowlask, when did life and immortality come to edge, we are liable to be led into darkness, light? Before answering this question, let and all the glory of the gospel be hid from me ask, what is meant by life and immortal-our eyes.

There is nothing which gives greater peace and satisfaction to the mind, than clear views to understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men, and to put understand the will of God to men,

ity? I answer, the knowledge of a future ex- Let me here observe, that whatever the istence, or an existence after the present state, gospel was, it now is, and ever will be, that in a state of superior glory; and this is the it has not nor will it change: its laws are the knowledge which came to light by the gospel. same; its institutions are the same: its com-When did it come to light? Enoch had know-mands are the same, and its regulations are ledge of life and immortality, or else he would the same, whatever it required of one man in not have had faith to have been translated; order to obtain eternal life, it required of all for could he have faith about a thing of which men and that in every age of the world, and And Paul says that this will require the same until all shall be he never heard? knowledge came to light by the gospel. If gathered that will be gathered, and those so, Enoch had knowledge of the gospel, and who have obeyed its requisitions enter into if he had knowledge of the gospel, he knew the rest, which God has prepared for them .that men must be in Christ Jesus, or else And it is not only the same yesterday, to-day, they could not be blessed, and he must have and forever, and changes not; but it is the known that men were put in Christ by bap-lonly scheme of things by which any portion tism, or else there was another gospel, for of the human family has been, or will be sathis was the one which Paul preached, and ved; for it is only by virtue of the gospel that which he said was before the foundation of salvation was ever proclaimed among menthe world, and by which we had grace in from first to last; for by it life and immotali-Christ, before the world was, and it was ty came to light; so says Paul, 2d, Timothy through this gospel that life and immortality I: 15, and as the knowledge of life and imcame to light, and Enoth must have been mortality is essential to salvation, it is easily put into Christ, according to the law of this seen, there could be no salvation without the gospel, or else he would not have walked gospel, and not only without the gospel but with God three hundred years; for no man without the knowledge of it also; for how can walk with God unless he has obeyed the could a man have faith in that of which he gospel; and Enoch must have been baptised never heard.

for the remission of sins, and have received. Seeing then, that life and immortality the gift of the Holy Spirit, by the laying on came to light by the gospel, and without the of the hands of some one who had authority knowledge of life and immortality no person from God so to do, or else he would not have could be saved, there can no difficulty exist known of life and immortality.

This matter will appear avecedingly plain less they greate one where none really exists.

This matter will appear exceedingly plain, less they create one where none realy exists if we attend a little to the promises made to as to the time the gospel was promulgated to those who believe and obey the gospel. They man; it must have been promlugated as early were to those who were baptised for the recast life and immortality was known, and they mission of sins, that they should receive the were known ever since the time that salvation gift of the Holy Spirit, and through this gift was proclaimed among the family of man; they should see visions, dream dreams and for salvation is a matter of faith, and faith prophesy; see Acts of the Apostles, 2d chap, cannot exist in relation to it without hearing Let us look at knoch then, and see what the word of the Lord, for it is by hearing the great knowledge he had of things of God, and word of the Lord, that faith in relation to salask him, how did you come to have this know-vation comes. As far back then as we date ledge? The answer: By seeing visions.—salvation, so far back we date the proclama-And how did you obtain power with Gcd to tion of the gospel to man: and it must be so see visions? The answer would be, I obeyed unless it can be proven that God had more the gospel, received the Holy Spirit, and ways than one of saving mankind, and to do thereby saw visions, and through this means this Paul must be refuted, for he says that the plan which he proclaimed was before the

foundation of the world, and that no other force the conclusion on the mind, that the foundation could any man lay than that which ancients had the gospel among them, and is laid, which is Christ Jesus, and Peter says that is, that according to the sacred record the that there is no other name given under heaven that there is no other name given under heaven as the days of Abel. If we induire what are but in the name of Christ Jesus.

May we not reason a little upon this sub-find that prophecying was one thing, and we isset the sask three substants as the days of Abel. If we induire what are the things which attend the gospel? we will find that prophecying was one thing, and we

did not communicate to him the things which the second advent, as recorded by Jude .-Lamb. This would be believing without fruits of it and yet not have the gospel? is a hearing, and being saved without understand question we will leave for those more learning, and having faith without hearing the ed than ourselves to answer. word of God, or in other words it would be be. From reflection, we have been forced into lieving on him of whom they had not heard, the conclusion that the gospel was as well or else it would be hearing without a preach known among the ancients as among any er, and if it were any of these things, it would often people, not even the anti-delivians or put the shame on all the sacred writers, and the people before the flood excepted. "We expose them to just ridicule. But while it is are satisfied, that wherever the fruits of the written in the pages of the divine-oracles, gospel are or wear found, there the gospel that salvation is of faith, and men cannot was also; for nothing else could produce the have faith in a being of whom they have not effects of the gospel, but the gospel itself, or heard, nor hear without one to tell them, or a else the gospel was unnecessary; for men Adam was translated, and that God saves same effects of the gospel, then it was vain, men by the gospel and nothing else, for what and worse than vain, for the Savior to say ever will save men is the gospel; so long concerning it, "That he that believed it not, it will be believed by every thinking man that, should be damned;" for they could have been the gospel was made known to the ancients saved, if it were admitted, that something matter at rest as relates to the antiquity of pel. For instance if men could have the spirthe gospel proclamation is, that the apostle it of prophecying, and prophecy without obeyPaul says that the gospel which he proclaim ing the gospel, then it was in vain for the
ed-or-what was to the same effect, that the Saviot to say, "That he that believeth not

Let us ask then, what was the most are told that Abel was a prophet, for the Savior important thing which God could communi-said to the Jews, that the blood of all the procate to his creature man? The answer is phets should be required at their hands, from the thing which would save him; if God evide blood of righteous Abel to the blood of er at any time condescended to speak to man. Zacharias. Matthew 23: 34, 35 verses, there can no good reason be shewn why he Enoch was also a prophet; for he foretold of were of the greatest consequence to him, and Who does not know, that when the apostles as God always acts according to reason and proclaimed the gospel, they promised to those never against it we may conclude that he did who received it that they should prophesy? declare unto man the gospel or the way by seeing then that prophesying was a fruit of which he was to be saved; but what would the gospel who can help seeing that it was be very strange would be that there should be by virtue of it that men prophesied, we cannot a great number of persons saved in the ear-see where there can be a risk in believing lier ages of the world, and yet not know how that wherever there are or were prophets, they were saved, be saved in ignorance! It there the gospel is, or was, and one strong would be equally as strange that prophets, reason which confirms this belief is that such as Enoch for instance, the seventh from whenever the gospel is lost prophesying is Adam, could prophesy of the second coming lest also; this generation is all the proof we of Christ and of his judging the world, and yellneed on this subject, for if we ask why has pronot know of his first coming and of his dying phesying ceased in this generation? the anfor the world. And what would be strang-swer is: because they have lost the gospel. er still would be, that men could be saved And not having the gospel, they cannot have by faith, and yet never liear, nor know, of the fruits of it; but we see the ancients had the way of salvation through the blood of the the fruits of it, and how could they have the

preacher, and that life and immortality came could have enjoyed all the blessings which it to light by the gospel, and that Abol was a confers, without its existence. And if any prophet, and that Enoch the seventh from thing besides the gospel could produce the But what seems to put that else could produce the same effect of the gos. scheme of things which he taught, was devis shall be damned;" for who does not know ed before the foundation of the world, and that a prophet could be saved. But the truth that it was God's fixed purpose to save is, all the prophets from righteous Abel down men in that way for by that plan and none until the present time had obeyed the gospel,

other; so that if there was salvation at all and had their communion with God by virtue

among the ancients, it was because they had of their obedience to it.

the gospel among them.

though eavilers may cavil at it, that Abraham could have caused Moses to have suffered reliad a perfect knowledge of the gospel. We want it distinctly understood, that when we speak of the gospel, we mean the whole system, with all its ordinances and laws as proclaimed on "the day of pentecost;" for we know nothing of the gospel distinct from baptism for the remission of sins, and the gift of the Holy Spirit by the laying on of the hands of those who are called and ordained unto this power. Take these things away and where is the gospel? We answer no where there is no such thing. For distinct from known to the world. Had it not been for this those things, there is no safvation; if there is the gift of the Holy Spirit, by the laying on of the hands, we known nothing of the world. And if Moses knew any thing of Christ, he could have known in the world. And if Moses knew any thing of the world was known of him it; for God our heavenly father does not work at trudom but by the attribute the strict of the does not work at trudom but by the attribute trule.

it; for God our heavenly father does not work as the Savior of the world. So that from at random; but by the strictest-rule, even one all the light we can get on this subject, established by himself for the rule of his conduction relation to his creature man, before which Abraham had: indeed there was no the world was; by that rule he has worked, other knowledge to be had of Christ, but

and will work, until time is no more.

In a former part of this treatise, we exame Christ ceases; and so far as the knowledge of ined the ground on which our opinion was Christ extended, so far did the knowledge of founded that Abraham had a knowledge of the gospel extend; and so far as the knowthe gospel. We shall now notice some things ledge of the gospel extended, so far did or does said in the scriptures about Moses.

The Savier, in the 5th chap. of John's gospel and 46th verse, says to the Jews, "Had ye believed Moses, ye would have believed every candid person forever is, that the fruits me, for he wrote of me." And in the 11th which are peculiar to the gospel are found no chapter of the epistle to the Hebrews and 26 where but in obedience to it, were found with verse. "Paul says that Moses esteemed the reproaches of Christ greater riches than the revelation, he also had visions, and the power treasures of Egypt." From both of these quotation, he also had visions, and the power tations we learn this fact that Moses had a of the gospel, and found among those who are knowledge of Christ, to some extent at baptized for the remission of sins, and who least; and we think if examined a little, it receive the gift of the Holy Spirit by the laywill be found that his knowledge was pretsing on of hands. If any should object, and the vertex were probably as much so as any say that the scriptures never mention the bap other man; for says the Savjor, he wrote of the wrote of Moses, we reply, neither do they mention his writing of Christ, they only say he Moses wrote of Christ without understand-did write of him; and we have no doubt if

knowledge of Christ, to some extent at baptized for the remission of sins, and who least; and we think if examined a little, it receive the gift of the Holy Spirit by the laywill be found that his knowledge was pret-ing on of hands. If any should object, and ty extensive; probably as much so as any say that the scriptures nevermention the bap other man; for says the Savjor, he wrote of tism of Moses, we reply, neither do they men-We think that it is not probable that tion his writing of Christ, they only say he Moses wrote of Christ without understand-did write of him; and we have no doubt if ing what he wrote, neither is it likely that these writings were once obtained, we will inhe began to write on a subject which he them find the account of his baptism; for did not understand most perfectly, particularly when we consider who Moses was, establish this fact on the mind, that he openly that he had both seen and conversed with acknowledged Christ, and this can only be God, and received revelations from him, and done by being baptized in his name for the was in a situation to have both correct and ex-remission of sins, and by receiving the Holy tensive knowledge of all things which he de-Spirit by the laying on of hands in his name; sired to know: it appears also that in conse and having thus openly acknowledged him, quence of the knowledge which he had of he had to suffer reproach for his name; tor it Christ he had to suffer repreach; for he es-would be very singular indeed if Moses had teemed the reproaches of Christ, greater riches to suffer reproaches of Christ, when he had than the treasures of Egypt; but why the re-never acknowledged him; and let me repent proaches of Christ? Because he had know-it again, that no person did, or ever will acledge of him and wrote of him, and for this knowledge Christ only those who do it by knowledge, or for writing it, he had to suffer being immersed in water for the remission of reproach. This is sufficient to shew to any sins; this is the way and the only way by person who is willing to be instructed, that which any person ever has or ever will ac-Mores must have understood the nature of knowledge Christ. They may acknowledge Christ's office, as Savior of the world, or why men, or some other beings in doing other suffer reproach for his sake?—Every man of things, but they can acknowledge Christ in any understanding must know, that nothing no other way, and that for the best of all reacons, because there is no other way of acknowedging him; for do all other things that any
human creature could do, and leave this undone, and Christ would not be acknowledged.
Seeing then, that Moses suffered the reproaches of Christ, it follows of necessity that he
must have been baptized for the remission of
sins in his name, or he could not have been

The God of heaven has set to his hand and
senreached for his sales. reproached for his sake.

PITTSBURGH, PA. NOVEMBER 1, 1845 hand until all things are accomplished and ful-

from visiting the eastern churches-lie spent proclaim to the world these things, and declare several days in the City of New York, lec- unto them gald tidings of great joy through turing to large and attentive audiences, from an obedience to his commandments. To whence he left for Beston, where he arrived pare a people for his coming, he has sent forth Monday evening, the 20th ult. in excellent the fullness of the everlasting gospel by the health and spirits, amidst the joyous greetings hand of an angel, calling upon all living to of kind brethren. We look for his return about the 15th inst.

our next.

TO OUR PATRONS.

the first volume of the Messenger and Advocate-we presume our subscribers understand, by what we have heretofore said, that this be organized and established among men, will be the last paper sent to them until their which is to bring in everlasting righteousness subscription is renewed-if they have not unthe 2d volume is not forwarded to them.

be able to continue the publication of this perhand; for he is faithful who has promised. riodical regularly, even should our subscription list not be as large as many others of our terest in aiding the cause of truth, by patroniz and rebellious. ing us, need have no fears of losing their mo our thanks to our friends and brethren, who quently been the case in the world.

plucked up by the roots."

seal to accomplish his purposes in the earth in the last days, as testified by his servants

MESSENGER AND ADVOCATE the prophets, in days of old, and no power beneath the heavens, can or will stay his filled, which he has promised -also, he has PRESIDENT RIGDON has not yet returned called upon us, together with many others, to notify the world of his purposes, and to pre-

"fear God and give glory to him for the hour of his judgments has come;" and notwithwe shall give the conference minutes in gospel have turned therefrom, and turned the grace of God into laciviousness, yet the principles of eternal life are the same, and the or-der of the house of God is unchanged, and It will be observed that this No. (24) closes unbroken—and none of his plans or purposes are frustrated, but all things will move forward agreeable to the counsel of his own will. The Lord has also caused his kingdom to

be found in the 11th and 12th No's. of this derstood this fact, we will now inform them vol. Now wo is us if we preach not the gosof it, so that they may know the reason why pel of the kingdom of heaven; for we know, inasmuch as we continue faithful to our trust Brethren, and friends, we are so situated, and calling, the Lord of hosts will bring us off triumphant, and we shall win for ourselves that with the blessings of the Lord, we shall a crown of rejoicing and a seat at his right

and peace, some of the principles of which can

With these things before us we strive to labor as for eternity, knowing that for all our sayings, and all our actions we shall have to contemporaries, as we are a practical printer, render an account to our Father who is in heavand have procured a good press and material en, in that day when he shall come to reward of our own, so that those who may feel an in the faithful, and to cast off the unbelieving We-do not feel to-close without tendering.

ney, by the failure of the paper as has toc ler have kindly stepped forward and aided us, by their faith and means in the performance of When this paper was commenced, our one our arduous duties; and we trust and pray they mies were very free and ready to prophecy will be amply rewarded for all they have done, that it would not continue for one year, but or may do hereafter.

would be broken up immediately; not being In the 2nd vol., the first No. of which will contented with this prediction and using he issued this month, we shall strive, as we in vain, all the influence and means in their have in the present, to set forth the principles power to accomplish, to them, so desirable an of righteousness in simplicity and plainness, so object, they commenced heralding forth to the that all who will, may be benefited thereby; world, that we were "dead, twice dead, and and to faithfully warn our fellow men to flee the Notwithstanding wrath to come, and save themselves from this all these exertions and efforts which have been untoward generation, that they may be prepar-

abide the coming the of Son of man, "And there were great voices in heaven, saywhich is now fast hastening upon the world, ing, the kingdoms of this world are become when he "shall be revealed from heaven with the kingdoms of our Lord, and his Christ; and his mighty angels, in flaming fire taking ven he shall reign forever and ever." We say. geence on them that know not God and that that such a state of things must exist before obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ." the final judgment, is a fact so notorious in

these apostates, is, take your own course; but it would be greatly to your interest to repent, people and bring in "a rest" to the earth, obey the gospel of peace, enter the church of must establish an order of things which he Christ, and keep all his confimandments.

THE KINGDOM OF HEAVEN.

BY W. E. M'LELLIN.

erence and godly fear.—Heb. 12: 28.

the holy book calls this "the kingdom of heav-zation-"that kingdom which cannot be moven, the kingdom of God's dear Son, the king-ed," will have the heavens engaged for their dom of Christ—the kingdom of God." Our welfare. The angels will watch their course mind has been lately occupied particularly with intense anxiety, and they will delight to upon this subject, and more particularly upon minister from time to time to those faithful ones two points, that is, the order, or orders of min-in that kingdom, who shall be heirs with them istry in "the kingdom of Christ," and the in the great salvation at the final triumph. There are certain things without which no sess and manifest towards each other, and to kingdom either earthly or heavenly can exist. There must be in order to establish and carry in "righteousness, peace, and joy in the Holy on a kingdom, a King, laws, an order of min-Ghost" might be established among men; and listry, and subjects or civizens. The kingdom progress until it would bring in that "rest of God could not be established or exist so as which remaineth to the people of God."-to carry on its opperations without these four When "nothing shall hurt nor destroy in all leading parts, any more than an earthly kingthe holy mountain.". When as Isaiah says doin could. "Thy people also shall be all righteous, Thy Of the character, the power, and the quali-watchmen shall lift up the voice, with the fications of Jesus Christ, the Sovreign of his voice together shall they sing, for they shall kingdom on earth, we need only to refer to see eye to eye when the Lord shall bring a the voice of inspiration by Isajah 11: 2-5. gain Zion," Yea, when "all shall know the "And the Spirit of the Lord shall rest upon Lord from the least unto the greatest. For him, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the earth shall be filled with the knowledge the spirit of counsel and might, the spirit-of of the glory of the Lord, as the waters cover knowledge and of the fear of the Lord; and the sea." That the people of the Lord must shall make him of quick understanding in the in the last days, receive a kingdom which fear of the Lord; and he shall not judge after cannot be moved—or given to another people, the sight of his eyes; neither reprove after but which will progress until "the kingdom the hearing of his ears: but with righteousness

William Smith, one of the 'twelve,' and his reputation by contending against it. The patriarch of the church of Latter Day Saints, has come out in a lengthy proclamation, which is before us, against the proceedings of the leaders at Nauvoo: he makes startling disclosures wondrous things. And blessed be his gloripeople to pay no more tithing, as the funds to our name forever; and let the whole earth be his knowledge, are appropriated to the most liffled with his glory. his knowledge, are appropriated to the most li-filled with his glory. Amen and amen."—centious and beastly purposes; also to stop Daniel dreamed of it, and all the prophets, gathering; says the church at Nauvoo is a head-though tortured, died in faith of it, not acceptgathering; says the church at Nauvoo is a head-though tortured, died in faith of it, not acceptless body without a presidency of Three, consequently cannot administer in sacred things;
surrection an inheritance in the world when it
he warns them not to follow the counsel of B
Young, for nough but ruin and utter destruction awaits him and his followers:—Thus much
for William:—Now what we have to say to all
these apportunes is to be a your own goings.

The Lord himself, in order to redeem his The Lord himself, in order to redeem his

tion of all other things "the kingdom of heaven." In it there must and will be an order of The Lord's wisdom things peculiar to itself. "Wherefore we receiving a kingdom which will be displayed in its organization, and his cannot be moved, let us have grace, where power will be manifested in its defence, and by we may serve God acceptably with rev-it will be to his honor and glory to cause its final triumph. That people then in the last The finger of inspiration in other places in days who are so happy as to get that organi-

and dominion, and the greatness of the king-shall he judge the poor, and reprove with-dom under the whole heaven, shall be given equity for the meek of the earth: and he shall to the people of the saints of the Most High, smite the earth with the rod of his mouth, and whose kingdom is an everlasting kingdom, with the breath of his lips shall he slay the and all dominions shall serve and obey him." wicked. And righteousness shall be the gir-

as will be best calculated to develop the hu-the general good of the whole. man mind, so as to give all that liberty, all In the days when God led Israel from Ethat intelligence, and all that enjoyment which gypt to Canaan he called Moses, Aaron and man in mortality is capable of receiving. Hur to stand before him in the first presiden-

dom of heaven. order of his ministry in his carrying on the is soon at hand. operations of his government.

lowed or special numbers. Three, seven restore both Jew and Gentile to the knowltwelve, seventy, and an hundred and forty edge of the true God—to the true knowledge and four are some of those numbers. They of his divine government, and thus bring in are special because the Lerd has been pleased the Millemiel glory and rest to the whole in the organization of his church or kingdom earth. In the days of Israel the Lord chose and working together under Jesus, the King. grace and truth chose TWELVE men to be his or otherwise we find not that kingdom which witnesses, his apostles, whose names are:

cannot be moved.

dle of his loins, and faithfulness the girdle of to all the world, and ministered to all true ne-his reins." In the character and administra-lievers. Then to have the whole government tion of Jesus, as King, all those who live un complete and operate without schism there der his government whether as ministers or as should he a quorum of seven to attend to all people may expect such laws and regulations financial operations—to all temporal affairs for

None are natural born citizens of the king cy. In the days of Christ's incarnation he All have to be born into it called Peter, James and John, and delivered have to be legally adopted in order to enjoy to them the keys of his kingdom. And now communion and fellowship with the King again in the dispensation of the fulness of with the angels, his heavenly ministers, to times, in our own days the Lord has opened the heirs of salvation, with his legally appoin again the heavens and called Sidney, Samuel ted ministry on earth, and with each other.—and Ebenezer and delivered to them "the key, But as none can obey the laws of adoption of the house of David," and bid them reorganwithout a ministry to wait upon them and ad-ize "the kingdom of heaven" on earth and minister to them we shall next speak of the prepare a people for his second advent-which

The great object of Israel in the days of The bible in its succinct account does not Moses was to get possession of the land of give us the particular form of church govern Canaan-the land of their inheritance. The ment which God revealed unto Adam, to E-great object of the apostles was to get both noch, to Noah, or to Abraham. It is not until Jew and Gentile to believe that Jesus was the the days of Moses that we have the order of the Christ—the Son of God; and to publish his government of heaven set forth among men in gospel his laws to all nations and to build up their specific members, orders, or quorums of his church among all people. And now the ministry: in the relation that these quorums prime object of the church of Christ in our bore to each other, to the kingdom of Christ on days, is to bring about the restoration to the earth and to the heavenly things themselves.

There are in the scriptures what we call hall the holy prophets since the world began. To lowed or special numbers. Three seven

on earth in the various ages of the world, to call TWELVE men among that people, as apostles and set apart individuals into classes, quorums or special witnesses to them concerning the or councils of ministers of three, seven, twelver land of Canaan, whose names were Shammua, seventy &c., in order to carry on the opera Shaphat, Caleb, Igal, Oshea, Palii, Gaddiel, tions of his government among men. In the Gaddi, Ammiel, Sethur, Nahbi, and Geuel.days of Moses and Israel, in the days of Peter And in order to quallify them to bear their and the apostles, and in the church of Christ testimony he sent them up to view the land and in our own days we must find those peculiar to search it out. Num. 13. Jesus who came numbers, each one in its place, all operating to restore the gospel to the world with all its

nnot be moved.

Andrew, Peter's brother; Philip and BarthoThe kingdom of heaven cannot exist on lomew; Thomas, and Matthew the publican; earth among men without THREE men at its James the son of Alpheas, and Lebbeus, head, called of God by the voice of revelation, whose surename was Thadius; Simon the and acknowledged in their office by the voice Canaanite; Matthias, Paul, Barnabas, and of the kingdom—to stand as a first presiden James, the Lord's brother, to bear testimony cy;-holding "the keys of the kingdom effor his name, his character, his doctrine, and There must be twelve men, called his resurrection "in Jerusalem, in all Judea, especial witnesses or apostles to act under the in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the direction of the THREE, to note the particular earth." And now again in this dispensation important incidents of the dealings of Godhas the Lord favoured his "kingdom which with the people among whom they are called cannot be moved," with Twelve men: (whose to minister: to bear witness or record so that names may be found in the minutes of our it may be had or handed down to the latest April conference, to bear the same relation generations. And again there must still be in his kingdom in this day which those twelve another quorum of seventy to assist to beardid in fermer ages to the time and circumstanthe burthen of the kingdom, so that the gospel cos in which they lived. Yes they have to the law of the kingdom might be published publish to the world that this is the age

ble, that the hour of his judgment has come, extraordinary occasions ever recorded in any and that all must repent and turn to God or be history. Ex. 17: 10-12. There that trio made like unto Sodom and Gomorrah. This stood pleading with heaven, Moses in the centestimony is that the time, "the set time to fa-tre with uplifted hands, being braced by vour Zion is come, that this is the day of the Aaron and Hur on either side; while Joshuamercy and of the gathering together of the leading the hosts of Israel struggled in the people of God in order to prepare for the Mil-valley beneath not only for liberty but even linnial rest. for their very existence as a nation or people

In the days of Israel the Lord chose con earth. seventy, "elders of the people, rulers among

them, to stand with the first presidency and his kingdom with a ministry in their proper "bear the burthen of the people," so that the relations to each other, to the kingdom and to kingdom thus organized might prosper. In the heavens he singled out THREE men as the meridian of time when Jesus went about "pillars" to the centre one of whom he gave

doing good "the Lord appointed other seventy "the keys of his kingdom." And in order to

also, and sent them two and two before his qualify them to act in that important relation face, as lambs among wolves." Telling he invited them to go with him up into a high them to say unto all people where they min mountain apart and there he unveiled to them istered that "The kingdom of God is come his glory and the beauty of the heavens. nigh unto you."

And now again when the Lord is determin-things. ed to establish Zion and to rebuild Jerusalem upon the brightness of the three, Moses, Elais upon her own heaps, when he has organized and Jesus, who stood before them. his kingdom for the last time, when he has de they received knowledge how they could use termined to bring in by IT "the rest that re-"the keys" in opening the gospel door to Jew mains to the people of God;" and to gather and to Gentile; and how to spread that gostogether in one all things in Christ both which pel to all the world.

are in the heavens and which are on the earth, and to reign over them for one thousand years fications above any others then living upon the in perfect peace as King of kings and Lord face of the earth. Information which really of lords: he has to our great joy called, into qualified them to be pillars—pedestals to existence a grand council or sanhederim of brace up and stay the whole fabric of the aposseventy ministers to stand with the first pre-tolic church. Jesus had other apostles but he sidency of his church in bearing off this made Peter, James and John his presiding kingdom of God triumphant which he has or-prime ministers on earth.

ganized among us. This is according to the given power to unlock the kingdom to both pattern of heavenly things, shown to Moses Jew and Gentile. and to Peter in the mountain, and now again what Moses was to the age in which he lived. unto Sidney who is now the first Elder of this. And now again in "the dispensation of the kingdom of prophets, priests and kings unto fulness of times," when "the hour of God's God-who are called upon by virtue of their judgement is come," and the voice from heavhigh office and calling before God in this en is sounding to all the honest hearted in only grand organization to inmister righteousness, Bahylon to "come out of her my people, that peace, and joy in the Holy Spirit to all the ye be not partakers of her sins, and that ye re-

ceive not of her plagues." When the Lord This we find in the days of Moses THREE, has set his hand to organize that last kingdom TWELVE and seventy. In the days of the a-which "shall never be thrown down or given

and manifested himself to them in great the pattern is again perfect; and now the When the Lord began to exercise govern-Lord as in olden times. ment over the children of Israel, in order to This council of THREE is the centre of

lead them from Egypt to Canaan he organiz-the highest authority which God ever gave ed among them a quorum, council or presi-to man on earth. The man who in any age dency of THREE men. That presidency he of the world occupies the centre in the first called up on a mountain apart from the rost of presidency of the people of the Lordan Moses to act before him in a relation todid, bears the same relation to the church of each other, to the heavens, and to the camp of God which the eternal Father does to all the Israel, in a capacity different from all other treavenly hosts. He is in reality as Jethro

When Jesus came to earth to re organize

He showed to them the pattern of heavenly There James. Peter and John gazed

There they received knowledge and quali-

To them it was

Peter was to that age

postles there were THREE, TWELVE and to another people" we should look for him to sevenly. And now again in this "dispensation organize it with a quorum of first presidency of the fulness of times" there are THREE, of THREE in it, at its head to hold the keys of TWELVE and seventy. The three dispensa if it order to receive the word of the Lord attions or period thus corresponding in the his month and communicate it to the people numbers of their ministry, and in their couns as in the days-of Moses and of Peter. This cils thus organized the Lord met with them, we believe the Lord has done forces, and that

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said to Moses. "to God-ward for the people." Lord's people, who have not a quorum or That is, he is the Lord's seer, the people's council of three (and no more,) at their head prophet—who receives the law of the Lord in their church organization, are in the dark

"the fulness of the Godhead dwelt in him bod-call the church of God.

heaven, and they are one. There are THREE their creeds. as a pattern of them to bear witness on earth, The Catholics declare that the Pope is the and they in all their official acts agree in one, head of their organization, he holds the keys God is the centre of three in heaven from of St. Peter, yet he has not two counesllors as whom all light and intelligence springs to all Moses and Peter had. Here we see a falling heaven and earth, and his seer on earth assist away from three to one. And in their order ed by two counsellors is the medium through of ministry following they run still wider. whom must be manifested all laws for the in-from that pattern given of the Lord. The struction and regulation of his kingdom here; head of the Greek church is the Patriarch of in order that all things may be done after the Constantinople—One man, not three. The council of his own will in heaven and on earth, government of the church of England is epis-

Any church or people claiming to be the copal. The king is the supreme head? The

from his mouth and declares it unto the peos and their works are in the dark—that is God ple.—He holds the keys of the kingdom of does not reveal to them for their salvation; but heaven. But inasmuch as the Son and the they will as a people at the winding up scone Holy Spirit are one with the Father in bear be turned on the left hand with all that forget ing record in heaven, so two counsellors are God. They may have cried Lord, Lord, but one with the seer in bearing witness on earth, they did not organize on the platform accordand in the discharge of all his official duties, ling to the pattern which heaven had devised The pattern is complete. The first presiden and revealed to man in his sacred word as cy of THREE in the kingdom of God on earth clearly as the noon-day sun beam. There represents the first presidency of THREE infore he cannot own them as his. They have the heavens, where God sits in the midst of by their folly forced him to say I know you all his glories beholding their order and their not-I never revealed myself to you, and you therefore know me not-and must be destroy-From our youth up we have heard much ed.

reasoning about the doctrine of the trinity— If we search through all the denominations the unity &c. of the Godhead. We have of christendom, Catholics, Greek church, thought much on the subject and have heard and all Protestantism, shall we find any or many comparisons made, (by the professedly either one of them with their ministry organilearned,) in order-to elucidate that deep, that zed into quorums of three, seven, twieve and all important doctrine of inspiration. But we seventy, except the "church of Christ?" If are free to confess that we never saw any it were necessary to have that peculiar or-1f thing that God had organized or made on earth ganization of ministry in olden time "for the among men, until we saw "the church of perfecting of the saints, for the work of the Christ" organized with its quorum or coun-ministry, and for the edifying of the body of cil of first presidency of three at its head on Christ," we would ask can any people now earth, wherein "the invisible things of him in this nineteenth century, place themselves from the creation of the world are clearly seen, under a different form of church government, being understood by the things that are made, and yet grow into perfection? Can they have even his eternal power and Godhead; so that the faith once delivered unto the saints, and they are without excuse." Rom. 1: 20. In not have that order of ministry through which the organization of the kingdom which can the Lord always ministers the gospel to the not be moved, we can clearly see how this world? Nay, verily. And here we can see first council of THREE on earth organized or one great reason why the religious orders in made as a pattern of the THREE in heaven, the world are multiplying, or breaking to shadows forth "his eternal power and God-pieces and getting further and further apart. head," so that men are left without excuse. - It is because the government of heaven has And in order that Jesus might more fully show beed rejected and men poor weak men have to his THREE prime ministers on earth how sought out inventions to govern what they The Lord has left ily" he took them up into an high moun-them to themselves because they desired it, tain apart where they saw "his glory, and and they are running to and fro, and denomithe two men that stood with him." Luke 9: nations are incresing among them. Forms of 32. Here in this vision three glorified person-church government areas abundant as the sects ages (Jesus in the centre,) appeared stand-are, all differing the one from the other, each ing together in the presence of the three who one claiming to be best, to have been drawn were chosen to stand holding the keys at the up by the most profound wisdom of men, all head in the kingdom organized on earth for based upon or having been drawn from the dithe salvation of men. -In this glorious vis- vine oracles of God: but not the oracles themion the pattern of the Godhead was clearly selves. Nay, it would spoil their religion in seen on earth. There are THREE who bear record in God had directly rerealed to them one item of

Methodist church is governed by Bishops and lead, guide, or direct his church. He could their numbers are governed by the demand for not show to them whether he loved them, or their labors. Their general conference in was displeased with them. creases them at pleasure. But here we will God is the fountain of all intelligence:
stop following the sects and parties who claim And it is the spirit of revelation only that to be christians, for the farther you go down opens up to man the medium to that fountain. the darker the picture grows relative to church Deny that spirit and man is in the dark. He goverment. And it matters not to us which then is forced to grope his way through the of their numerous forms is best or worst, so world. His spirit is restless. He flies to inthat we cannot find that form among them ventions. But his wisdom is folly, which the Lord gave for the government of his ventions of creeds to govern the church are church. For the express injunction of heav-subject to mutation, to alteration, and to imen to Moses was "to make all things accord-provement. After generations will set his ing to the pattern shewed to him in the mount," forms: rules, and modes of worship aside, say. The Lord has given a pattern of ministry inling that he lived in a darker age, and form his-word, and that people who establishes "a new ones for themselves; dividing and tearkingdom which cannot be moved" must do it ing asunder those formerly bound together unprecisely according to that pattern, or other-der the old established forms. Confusion and wise it will be shaken, moved, and blown to schism arises, envy, jealousy and every evil the four winds; when "the Lord of hosts shall work follows-Thus the religious world are reign in mount Zion, and in Jerusalem, and going on and have been for centuries past, and would be for ages to come unless the Lord before his ancients gloriously.". But having the precise organization, pat-had been kind enough to raise up a ministry

terned after heavenly things, governed by cor- and endue them with "power from on high," rect, holy, just and good principles, and then with the spirit of direct revelation from heav- 8 led by the spirit of all truth, God being their en, so as to enable man as in olden time to father, Jesus being their brother and friend, commune with "the spirits of just men made angels being their messengers and ministers, perfect, with ministering angels, with Jesus and prophets being their associates and com the mediator of the new covenant, and with panions, they will triumph, gloriously tri-God the judge of all." umph over all the powers of darkness; and

to the whole earth. about the spirit that the ministry should pos-world, called to be a minister of the gospel of sess and manifest towards each other, and to- Christ. It is the spirit of prophecy that points wards the world in order to gain that final out men called of God to preach the gospel. triumph. The organization of heaven among Read Acts 13: 1, 2. 1st Tim. 4: 14. men anciently did not (when they were right before God,) even once think of ever being in the kingdom of heaven now set up among governed by any other principle than by direct revelations from God through their seers they ought to manifest to each other and to the

them. the dearest one that ever animated the bosom each other. They will walk together being of an ancient saint. Take that principle away agreed, being of one mind and one heart, and and such a being as a saint could not exist .- the God of peace will dwell with them, Amen. The kingdom of God does not exist on earth except that principle exists in it. Except the spirit of revelation has been given to organize it to govern it, and then to carry it on to fu- BROTHER ROBINSON, ture triumph. It is that principle and privi-

The spirit of intelligence, of revelation then bring in the rest of God, and universal peace is the one which should characterize every minister of the "church of Christ." But we said that we would say something that spirit no man was ever, in any age of the

They never assembled in conference in order world, must hear as its fruit love, joy, peace, to make creeds by their own wisdom to gov-long-suffering, gentleness, faith, meckness, ern the church over which the Holy Ghost and temperence: against which their is no had made them overseers. Nay, for that law. They that are Christ's elect messengers would have been a denial of their religion—of to the world must live in the Spirit, and also the fundamental principle which governed walk in the Spirit, and not be desirous of vain em.

The principle of communing with God was himself. Then they will have confidence in

Kirtland Oct. 12, 1845.

Philadelphia, Aug. 24, 1845.

Dear Sir .- I now sit lege and that only which the ministry in that down to write a few lines to you: to inform kingdom possess of obtaining direct intelli you of my health which is very good, and also gence from heaven through the medium of the that of my family, through the mercy of God Holy Spirit, by the voice of angels and of pro our heavenly Father. Thave felt to rejoice ever phets, that distinguishes it as the kingdom of since I saw you, and have all confidence in God. Without that spirit of revelation, of in the work of God in these last days; and my telligence being possessed and understood on prayer to God is that the work may prosper earth among men, the Lord could not teach, for it is truly the greatest work ever commenced on the earth; it is that which is to fulfill for that day.

It rejoices my heart to read in the papers fore we concluded to publish the first volume of the spread of the truth, and the effect it has, semi-monthly, which we have done at a re-I feel incouraged in the prospect in this place, duced price-much lower in fact than we. for the spirit of the Lord is working in the could afford to do in justice to ourselveshearts of those who have not walked with the it has been attended with a vast amount of old church, on the account of things that were labor in preparing the matter, which is almost not according to truth; they seem to have a de-entirely original, and will compose when sire to know the truth, and we are trying completed, a work of 384 closely printed octo show themt he truth according to the scrip-tave pages—the expense also has been heavy tures, the Lord working with us. Brother upon a few individuals, which however has Stoddard and wife have united with us, and been borne with cheerfulness, knowing the there are several more we expect will soon importance of the work to be accomplished. We have good meetings here; we have the The great object for publishing this peri-Temple every Sabbath now; the twelveites odical being in a great measure obtained are in trouble about it, but we are determined the church of Christ being re-organized upon to move steadily along as the spirit may difits original, and only sure foundation—and rect, that we may be blessed of our heavenly the kingdom of heaven established, and roll-Father. The twelvites are leaving for the ing forth with success and prosperity-we west, seven families left to day.

I remain your brother in the New and everlasting covenat. LEONARD RICH.

redriver a FOR THE SECOND MOLUME OF THE

MESSENGER & ADVOCATE

Advocate is drawing to a close, we deem it ministry. No pains will be spared, on our advisable to give our patrons and friends an part, to make the Messenger an interesting early notice of our intention to continue its and useful sheet, such an one as the wants of publication.

The comencement of this paper was under that we shall be suffered to pass unrewarded circumstances very peculiar and trying. were under the painful necessity of lifting our the most barbarous or heathen nations can publisher, Post Paid, to receive attention. show a parallel; we mean the private teachings and practices of the leaders at Nauvoo.

To save the church of Christ from an entire ruin and overthrow, required an effort worthy of the high and exalted end to be obtained. This effort we felt willing to-make, agreably to the requirements of our heavenly Father. Minutes of conference knowing that with his aid and blessings this Letter of J. M. Greig glorious object could be accomplished; and we's Rigdon's reply have the unspeakable privilege of seeing that B. Winchester's letter to the saints our labours have not been fruitless or van, but Editors remarks on Nauvoo have been attended with abundant success, J. H. Newton's certificate through the goodness, and under the guidance Prospectus of him who hath said, "though heaven and of him who nath said, "though neaven and Reply to J. M. Greig concluded earth pass away, not one jot or title of my Samuel Bennett's letter to the churches." -word shall fail.

To show the true state of the church, and the words of the prophets in former days congive the full account of its re-organization, cerning the coming of Christ in power and and the establishment of the kingdom of God, great glory, to recompense to every man ac- and also set forth the doctrines of the kingdom cording to his work, whether it be good or in detail, as they are contained in the scriphad. May the God of all mercies prepare us tures, we knew would require a paper to be published oftener than once a month, there-

> have come to the conclusion to publish the second volume once a month only; which will very materially lessen the expenses, and relieve us from a heavy burthen. The Messenger and Advocate, as hereto-

fore, will dontinue to give the progress of the cause of trath throughout the world-it will contain essays upon the glorious plan of salvation—and will also be a medium through which the Elders of the Church of Christ can As the first volume of the MESSENGER AND communicate their teelings and success in the the saints demand; and we entertain no fears

We for our toils. TERMS:-One Dollar per annum, payapens and voices against an apostacy the most ble, in all cases in advance; as we cannot daring, and of opposing doctrines the most send the paper to any except the pay accomrevolting, demoralizing, and destructive, that pany the order. Any person procuring five ever-mortals were called upon to witness; es new subscribers, and forwarding us five dolpecially in a civilized community; and we lars current money, shall receive one volume think it exceedingly doubtful if the history of gratis. All letters must be addressed to the

E. ROBINSON.

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