SERMON BY PRESIDENT W. W. BLAIR,

At Lamoni, Iowa, November 27, 1892.

Subject, A MARVELOUS WORK AND A WONDER.

I WILL read a portion of Holy Writ that is a promise and prophecy concerning an extraordinary work—a work that God decreed to establish and carry forward in these latter days. I do not expect to exhaust the subject that stands revealed in the chapter, but to simply present some of its salient points and bring from other portions of Scripture, as also from history, evidences that the work that is here described has been begun, and that it is being carried forward, all in fulfillment of this word of prophecy. I commence at the ninth verse of the twenty-ninth chapter of Isaiah: "Stay yourselves, and wonder; cry ye out, and cry: they are drunken, but not with wine; they stagger, but not with strong drink. [They have partaken of the cup of Mystery Babylon. For the Lord hath poured out upon you the spirit of deep sleep, and hath closed your eyes: the prophets and your rulers, the seers hath he covered." notice that it is a peculiar work that is in contemplation; it is of a religious, spiritual character, and not matters that appertain to mere moral and scientific questions, nor the affairs of civil government.

"And the vision of all [that is of these seers, and rulers, and prophets] is become unto you as the words of a book that is sealed, which men deliver to one that is learned, saying, Read this, I pray thee; and he saith, I cannot; for it is sealed: and the book is delivered to him that is not learned, saying, Read this, I pray thee; and he saith, I am not learned. Wherefore the Lord said [here comes the promise], Forasmuch as this people draw near me with their mouth, and with their lips do honor me, but have removed their heart far from me, and their fear toward

me is taught by the precept of men: therefore, behold, I will proceed to do a marvelous work among this people, even a marvelous work and a wonder: for the wisdom of their wise men shall perish, and the understanding of their prudent men shall be hid. [Mark you, this relates to matters of religion; that is, it appertains to the government of God. wise and prudent are the professedly wise teachers of religion.] Woe unto them that seek deep to hide their counsel from the Lord, and their works are in the dark, and they say, Who seeth us? and who knoweth us? Surely your turning of things upside down shall be esteemed as the potter's clay [you see by this that religious matters are then wrong side up; are in a confused state]: for shall the work say of him that made it, He make me not? or shall the thing framed say of him that framed it, He had no understanding? Is it not yet a very little while [that is, a little while after God commences this marvelous work and a wonder], and Lebanon [Palestine] shall be turned into a fruitful field, and the fruitful field shall be esteemed as a forest? And in that day [when God turns Lebanon] into a fruitful field | shall the deaf hear the words of the book, and the eyes of the blind shall see out of obscurity, and out of darkness. The meek also shall increase their joy in the Lord [and why? Manifestly for the reason that God just then has set his hand to do this marvelous work and a wonder], and the poor among men shall rejoice in the Holy One of Israel. [They rejoice because they receive the "marvelous work and a wonder" that the Holy One of Israel hath established]. For the terrible one is brought

to naught, and the scorner is consumed, and all that watch for iniquity are cut off: that make a man an offender for a word, and lay a snare for him that reproveth in the gate, and turn aside the just for a thing of naught. Therefore thus saith the Lord, who redeemed Abraham, concerning the house of Jacob, Jacob shall not be ashamed, neither shall his face now wax pale. [That is, when God commences this work. Paleness is a sign of fear, distress, and want, etc.] But when he seeth his children, the work of mine hands, in the midst of him, they shall sanctify my name, and sanctify the Holy One of Jacob, and shall fear the God of Israel."

Another important matter will take place when God establishes this marvelous work and a wonder, and that is, "They also that erred in spirit shall come to understanding, and they that murmured shall learn doctrine."

Now, this that we have read is contemplated as part and parcel of the marvelous work and a wonder that God has to introduce in the times here indicated, when the wisdom of the wise men shall perish and the understanding of the prudent shall be hid. Manifestly the wisdom of the wise men, in matters of religion will be brought to naught. I have read this chapter and made these explanations that you may see the scope, at least in the outlining, of what we propose by the blessing of God to present to you in our endeavor to prove that the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints is not a man-made church, but that it was founded in the wisdom of God, and by the power of God; to be conducted onward and upward until its final consummation.

In the first sermon delivered in this series we took into consideration the need of a restoration of the gospel dispensation from the fact that the world was and is divided—the Christian world is hopelessly divided—in regard to the

work and mission of Christianity, also in relation to the doctrine and ordinances of the church, in church government and in spiritual affairs generally; and that there were and are irreconcilable differences made by these divisions and subdivisions in the so-called Christian Church; hence, in the very nature of things, there is a necessity that God should remove the causes for further differences by reëstablishing his church after its ancient order and pattern and send the true gospel of God's dear Son to be preached in power to the sons of men.

It is declared in Holy Writ that there would be a reëstablishment of God's church and kingdom in the latter days. The Bible contains evidences unmistakable that there would be, after the days of Jesus and the apostles, a fearful apostasy, one in which the entire church would be involved. They would "turn away their ears from the truth" and "be turned unto fables; that the people under that apostasy would "heap to themselves teachers" -that is to say, they would have teachers after their own tastes and ideas, and in harmony with their own theories, preaching doctrines acceptable to them; they would be man-made instead of divinely called preachers. That is just what is contemplated in the prophecy of Paul in 2 Timothy, chapter 4, where he says, "They shall heap to themselves teachers, having itching ears; and they shall turn away their ears from the truth, and shall be turned unto fables." fable is a fiction, and has but a semblance of truth in it.

This forenoon we heard from President Smith that the Latter Day Saints had equally as good right to organize a church, build it up, and call it the Christian Church as any other people upon the face of the earth, so far as the authority of man is concerned. He referred back to the Reformation, how it began in its earliest days; pointed to the days of Luther and Melancthon, who having dis-

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covered the corruptions in the Mother Church, claimed the right to withdraw from that body, and, as far as man is concerned, claimed to organize a religious system, and denominate it the Church of and that after that came the Church of England, founded and organized under Henry VIII. one of the vilest kings that ever cursed England, aided by Cardinal Wolsey and others, the inspiring cause of the occasion being the fact that the Pope of Rome would not grant to the king the privilege of divorcing his wife and marrying Anne Boleyn! It was also shown by President Smith that men had stepped out from the old beaten paths, assumed that they had more light and were thereby authorized to build up better systems than that from which they passed, hence one church organization after another had been established until we come down to this nineteenth century when Thomas Campbell, and afterwards his son, Alexander, and others, organized the Disciples Church, drawing nearer to the original Christian standard, upon some points, than any of the reformers that had preceded them, and that these all originated in the wisdom of man and without any special, direct call from God. Now, if the Bible be true,—and we assume that it is,—when God commences his work in the latter days he will do it in the way that has been foretold by the prophets. The people to whom that work comes will build it up by intelligent faith in God; the work will be established and carried forward by direct revelation from God to those who shall be called as his servants to carry onward and forward the building up of the Church of Christ. Now understand me, brethren, and sisters, and friends, we claim that this is Biblemade philosophy; that God, in order to act consistently with himself, when he performs this marvelous work and a wonder will proceed to do it directly, and that there will be individuals to whom that work is committed who will know

by the revelations of God to them that that work is divine.

We will have already seen that in this prophecy from which we have read the Lord says, "I will proceed to do a marvelous work and a wonder;" and the reason for his doing this he says is, "Forasmuch as this people draw near me with their mouth, and with their lips do honor me sformality predominant you discover], but their heart is removed far from me, and their fear toward me is taught by the precept of man: therefore [for this reason, saith the Lord], behold, I will proceed to do a marvelous work among this people." You may expect therefore that we to-night shall advocate something of a marvelous character, for the work is to be a marvelous work, a wonderful work. It is to be a work that comes right in conflict with the wisdom of the wise and the understanding of the prudent in matters of religion. should expect therefore that when this work of God comes forth it will not harmonize with the theories of the wise and prudent in matters of religion and service toward God. You may rest assured that we will present to you some things that are extraordinary, some things that are marvelous and entirely out of the order of things prevailing for the last sixteen hundred years at least.

The claims that we shall now present in evidence of this latter-day work we receive from the pen of Joseph Smith, the Seer, and some who are not conversant with Holy Writ may be startled when they see the marvelous and wonderful claims contained in the history of this man, Joseph Smith. We heard to-day how his heart was troubled and moved on the subject of religion, and distressed over the divided condition of the religious sects he was then acquainted with, and that he did not know which one to unite with. He was in doubt as to what he should do in the premises, and he finally read in James where it says, "If any of you lack

wisdom, let him ask of God, that giveth to all men liberally, and upbraideth not; and it shall be given him." This he says, entered his soul with such power that he was conscious it was true, and he prayed to God and received an answer. He says that the Lord was as good as his word, for there was opened before him by the Holy Spirit a vision of glory in which he received wisdom and instruction, and he had revealed to him many of the purposes of God in regard to these latter times, that the time was near when the Lord would commence his marvelous work and a wonder. He was then a boy of about fifteen years of age; this was in 1820. In 1823 he had another vision, which was frequently repeated until 1827, when he had the golden plates given to him from which this Book of Mormon was translated, in fulfillment of this prophecy of Isaiah where it says that "the vision" of the "seers" and "rulers" and "prophets" were "covered," etc. will now read you something of this history, and you can prepare your minds for something very extraordinary, very marvelous, very wonderful, in fulfillment of the prophetic description contained in what we have heretofore read. He says: "While I was laboring under the extreme difficulties caused by the contests of these parties of religionists, I was one day reading the Epistle of James first chapter, and fifth verse, which reads, If any of you lack wisdom, let him ask of God, that giveth unto all men liberally, and upbraideth not; and it shall be given him.

"Never did any passage of Scripture come with more power to the heart of mar than this did at this time to mine. It seemed to enter with great force into every feeling of my heart. I reflected on it again and again, knowing that if any person needed wisdom from God, I did; for how to act I did not know, and unless I could get more wisdom than I then had would never know; for the teachers of religion of the different sects

understood the same passage so differently as to destroy all confidence in settling the question by an appeal to the At length I came to the conclusion that I must either remain in darkness and confusion, or else I must do as James directs, that is, ask of God. length came to the determination to 'ask of God,' concluding that if he gave wisdom to them that lacked wisdom, and would give liberally, and not upbraid, I might venture. So, in accordance with this, my determination to ask of God, I retired to the woods to make the attempt. It was on the morning of a beautiful clear day, early in the spring of eighteen hundred and twenty. It was the first time in my life that I had made such an attempt, for amidst all my anxieties I had never as yet made the attempt to pray vocally. After I had retired into the place where I had previously designed to go, having looked around me, and finding myself alone, I kneeled down and began to offer up the desires of my heart to God. I had scarcely done so, when immediately I was seized upon by some power which entirely overcame me, and had such astonishing influence over me as to bind my tongue so that I could not speak. [Here satanic power was manifested in order to try to prevent the manifestation of divine power.] Thick darkness gathered around me, and it seemed to me for a time as if I were doomed to sudden destruction. But exerting all my powers to call upon God to deliver me out of the power of this enemy which had seized upon me, and at the very moment when I was ready to sink into despair and abandon myself to destruction-not to an imaginary ruin, but from the power of some actual being from the unseen world, who had such a marvelous power as I had never before felt in any being-just at this moment of great alarm, I saw a pillar of light exactly over my head, above the brightness of the sun which descended gradually

until it fell upon me. It no sooner appeared than I found myself delivered from the enemy which held me bound. When the light rested upon me I saw two personages, whose brightness and glory defy all description, standing above me in the air. One of them spake unto me, calling me by name, and said, pointing to the other, 'This is my beloved Son, hear him.'

"My object in going to enquire of the Lord, was to know which of all the sects was right, that I might know which to join. No sooner, therefore, did I get possession of myself, so as to be able to speak, than I asked the personages who stood above me in the light, which of all the sects was right, for at this time it had never entered into my heart that all were wrong, and which I should join. I was answered that I must join none of them, for they were all wrong, and the personage who addressed me said that all their creeds were an abomination in his sight: that those professors were all cor-[He did not say that the people themselves were an abomination in his sight, but that "their creeds were an abomination," and then quoted this passage which we have before read]; 'they draw near to me with their lips, but their hearts are far from me; they teach for doctrine, the commandments of men; having a form of godliness, but they deny the power thereof.' He again forbade me to join with any of them: and many other things did he say unto me which I cannot write at this time.

"When I came to myself again, I found myself lying on my back, looking up into heaven. Some few days after I had this vision, I happened to be in company with one of the Methodist preachers, who was very active in the before-mentioned religious excitement, and conversing with him on the subject of religion, I took occasion to give him an account of the vision which I had had. I was greatly surprised at his behavior; he treated my

communication not only lightly, but with great contempt, saying it was all of the Devil, that there were no such things as visions or revelations in these days; that all such things had ceased with the apostles, and that there never would be any more of them. I soon found, however, that my telling the story had excited a great deal of prejudice against me among professors of religion, and was the cause of great persecution, which continued to increase, and though I was an obscure boy, only between fourteen and fifteen years of age, and my circumstances in life such as to make a boy of no consequence in the world, yet men of high standing would take notice sufficient to excite the public mind against me, and create a hot persecution; and this was common among all the sects; all united to persecute me.

"It caused me serious reflection then, and often has since, how very strange it was that an obscure boy, of a little over fourteen years of age, and one, too, who was doomed to the necessity of obtaining a scanty maintenance by his daily labor, should be thought a character of sufficient importance to attract the attention of the great ones of the most popular sects of the day, so as to create in them a spirit of the hottest persecution and reviling. But strange or not, so it was, and was often the cause of great sorrow to myself. However, it was nevertheless a fact that I had had a vision. I have thought since, that I felt much like Paul when he made his defense before King Agrippa and related the account of the vision he had when he 'saw a light and heard a voice.' still there were but few who believed him; some said that he was dishonest. others said he was mad; and he was ridiculed and reviled; but all this did not destroy the reality of his vision. He had seen a vision, he knew he had, and all the persecution under heaven could not make it otherwise; and though they should persecute him unto death, yet he

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knew, and would know unto his latest breath, that he had both seen a light, and heard a voice speaking to him, and all the world could not make him think or believe otherwise. So it was with me: I had actually seen a light, and in the midst of that light I saw two personages, and they did in reality speak unto me, or one of them did; and though I was hated and persecuted for saying that I had seen a vision, yet it was true; and while they were persecuting me, reviling me, and speaking all manner of evil against me falsely for so saying, I was led to say in my heart, Why persecute for telling the truth? I have actually seen a vision, and 'who am I that I can withstand God?' or why does the world think to make me deny what I have actually seen? For I had seen a vision: I knew it, and I knew that God knew it, and I could not deny it, neither dare I do it; at least I knew by so doing I would offend God and come under condemnation."

You discover that here is a marvelous claim, the claim that God and his Christ had appeared to that boy when his heart was deeply moved upon the subject of religion, and that the Lord gave him to understand the situation of affairs in the religious world at large and told him what we find in this chapter, that people at that time drew near to the Lord with their lips while their heart was far removed from him, and their fear toward him was taught by the wisdom of men. I can remember when they used to preach judgments in a manner that would make your hair stand on end. I used to hear it when going with my parents to church, and I have heard it taught since until I became disgusted and became an infidel. They taught the precepts of men, not the precepts of the Lord. They would detail the horrors of a liquid hell and the intensity of suffering the wicked would there have to undergo throughout the endless ages to come, something they could not find in the Bible, and it was by the precepts of men that they taught

This Bible declares that God would commence this work in the latter days—"I will proceed to do a marvelous work, even a marvelous work and a wonder." Joseph's claims in this respect are sustained by the word of God. He claims that God did set his hand, directing him by a divine manifestation; and the Scriptures declare that God would do such a work in this age of the world.

Joseph relates that being of tender years, and having been severely persecuted, and surrounded with unfavorable conditions, he fell into habits and customs that were displeasing in the sight of God, and that he often felt condemned for such weakness and imperfections, and he then says: "On the evening of the . . . 21st of September, 1823, after I had retired to bed for the night, I betook myprayer and supplication to self to Almighty God for forgiveness of all my sins and follies, and also for a manifestation to me that I might know of my state and standing before him; for I had full confidence in obtaining a divine manifestation, as I had previously had one. While I was thus in the act of calling upon God, I discovered a light appearing in the room, which continued to increase until the room was lighter than at noonday, when immediately a personage appeared at my bedside standing in the air, for his feet did not touch the floor. had on a loose robe of exquisite white-It was a whiteness beyond anything earthly I had ever seen; nor do I believe that any earthly thing could be made to appear so exceedingly white and brilliant. His hands were naked, and his arms also, a little above the wrists: so, also, were his feet naked, as were his legs a little above the ankles. His head and neck were also bare. I could discover that he had no other clothing on but this robe, as it was open so that I could see into his bosom. Not only was his robe

exceedingly white, but his whole person was glorious beyond description, and his countenance truly like lightning. room was exceedingly light, but not so very bright as immediately around his When I first looked upon him person. I was afraid; but the fear soon left me. He called me by name, and said unto me that he was a messenger sent from the presence of God to me, and that his name was Nephi fit should be Moroni; this is a misprint]; that God had a work for me to do; and that my name should be had for good and evil among all nations, kindreds, and tongues, or that it should be good and evil spoken of among all people. [What a promise to a boy that was only eighteen years of age, or less, that so prominent would he become in the world, that his name would go out among all nations, kindreds, and tongues, and that it should be had both for evil and for good! How truly that has been fulfilled! What a promise to be made to a lad, an unlettered lad, reared in obscurity! How wondrously it has been fulfilled and is being fulfilled! He said there was a book deposited, written upon gold plates, giving an account of the former inhabitants of this continent [continent of Americal, and the source whence they sprang."

Is not this the book described in the 29th chapter of Isaiah, the words of which wese delived to one that is learned for him to read, but he could not? And then the book was to be given to him that was not learned to read, and he says, "I am not learned." "In that day," it is promised, the deaf were to "hear the words" of this book; and now comes this young man, Joseph Smith, who says that the angel declared unto him the existence of that book.

Let us see further concerning Joseph's claims: "He also said that the fullness of the everlasting gospel was contained in it [this book], as delivered by the Savior to the ancient [American] inhabit-

ants; also that there were two stones in silver bows, and these stones, fastened to a breastplate, constituted what is called the Urim and Thummim, deposited with the plates, and the possession and use of these stones were what constituted seers in ancient or former times; and that God had prepared them for the purpose of translating the book."

He said to this young man, Joseph Smith, that this book of plates contained matters relating to the people that once inhabited this continent, America. was at a time when little was known concerning the ancient inhabitants of America. Since 1838 there has been a flood of light thrown upon this subject by the various researches made by antiquarians and travelers in Central America, the northern part of South America, and the southern part of North America, which has revealed the fact that peoples who once dwelt upon this continent were equally skilled in the arts and sciences of civilized life as those who builded the splendid empires of Egypt, of Chaldea. and other ancient nations we read about And these discoveries have in history. been make known to the reading public chiefly since the coming forth of this book.

Another point we here notice; he said that "the fullness of the everlasting gospel was contained in the book. should not be thought strange that God would have his gospel preached in this western hemisphere to these nations that builded these splendid civilizations, the remains of which we find in the antiquities of America. It is not at all strange, when we consider that God is no respecter of persons and that he "made of one blood all nations of men for to dwell upon all the face of the earth, and hath determined the times before appointed, and the bounds of their habitation; that they should seek the Lord, if haply they might feel after him, and find him." -Acts 17:26, 27. It is not at all strange

that God should establish the gospel anciently in this western hemisphere. When we contemplate this matter we must see the probability of it; we must see that if God is just and equitable, that he would deal by ancient peoples on these western continents as he dealt with those upon the eastern continents. And it is not at all strange that, in the revelation of this wonderful latter-day work we should find that when God brought forth this wonderful book of Isaiah 29:11-18. it should contain the fullness of the gospel of God's dear Son; and that is just what the Book of Mormon claims to contain.

Joseph says further:—

"After telling me these things, he commenced quoting the prophecies of the Old Testament."

By this you discover that even the angels know the Scriptures, and quote them; a good precedent for us to follow.

Joseph further says:-

"He first quoted part of the third chapter of Malachi, and he quoted the fourth or last chapter of the same prophecy, though with a little variation from the way it reads in our Bible. stead of quoting the first verse as it reads in our books, he quoted it thus: hold, the day cometh that shall burn as an oven, and all the proud, yea, and all that do wickedly shall burn as stubble; for they that come shall burn them, saith the Lord of hosts, that it shall leave them neither root nor branch."

Please notice this teaching of Jesus Christ in Matthew 13:41, 42: "The Son of man shall send forth his angels, and they shall gather out of his kingdom all things that offend, and them which do iniquity; and shall cast them into a furnace of fire: there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth." Now you see that the statement made by the angel to Joseph harmonizes with the teachings of Jesus Christ in Matthew.

Let us read the history further: "And

again he quoted the fifth verse thus, 'Behold, I will reveal unto you the priesthood by the hand of Elijah the prophet before the coming of the great and dreadful day of the Lord.' Joseph and Oliver declare that John the Baptist revealed unto them the priesthood in these latter times. It was John the Baptist who, laying one hand upon the head of Joseph Smith, and the other upon the head of Oliver Cowdery, said, Upon you my fellow servants, in the name of Messiah, I confer the priesthood of Aaron, which holds the keys of the ministering of angels, and of the gospel of repentance, and of baptism by immersion, for the remission of sins, and this shall never be taken again from the earth, until the sons of Levi do offer again an offering unto the Lord in righteousness.'

Joseph continues: "He also quoted the next verse differently: 'And he shall plant in the hearts of the children the promises made to the fathers, and the hearts of the children shall turn to their fathers; if it were not so, the whole earth would be utterly wasted at his coming. In addition to these, he quoted the elev enth chapter of Isaiah, saying that it was about to be fulfilled. He quoted also the third chapter of Acts, twenty-second and twenty-third verses, precisely as they stand in our New Testament. He said that that prophet was Christ, but the day had not yet come, when 'they who would not hear his voice, should be cut off from among the people,' but soon would come. He also quoted the second chapter of Joel, from the twenty-eighth verse to the last. He also said that this was not yet fulfilled, but was soon to be. where it says, "And it shall come to pass afterward, that I will pour out my Spirit upon all flesh; and your sons and your daughters shall prophesy, your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions, and wonders shall be seen in the heavens and in the earth," etc.]—Reported by Bro. E. Stafford.

(Concluded in next Supplement.)

SERMON BY PRESIDENT W. W. BLAIR,

At Lamoni, Iowa, November 27, 1892.

Subject, A MARVELOUS WORK AND A WONDER.

(Concluded from last number.)

"And he further stated, the fullness of the Gentiles was soon to come in. [Jesus declared that in the latter days wondrous things were to be manifest when the times of the Gentiles were to be fulfilled, and this angel reminded the young man of what was to transpire, saying that the times of the Gentiles were about to be fulfilled, also of the ushering in of the millennial reign]. Again, he told me that when I got those plates of which he had spoken—for the time that they should be obtained was not then fulfilled-I should not show them to any person; neither breastplate with the Urim and Thummim; only to those to whom I should be commanded to show them; if I did I should be destroyed. While he was conversing with me about the plates, the vision was opened to my mind that I could see the place where the plates were deposited, and that so clearly and distinctly, that I knew the place again when I visited it.

"After this communication, I saw the light in the room begin to gather immediately around the person of him who had been speaking to me, and it continued to do so, until the room was again left dark, except just around him, when instantly I saw, as it were, a conduit open right up into heaven, and he ascended up till he entirely disappeared, and the room was left as it had been before this heavenly light made its appearance.

"I lay musing on the singularity of the scene, and marveling greatly at what had been told to me by this extraordinary messenger; when, in the midst of my meditation, I suddenly discovered that my room was again beginning to get

lighted, and in an instant, as it were, the same heavenly messenger was again by my bedside. He commenced, and again related the very same things which he had done at his first visit, without the least variation; having done which, he informed me of great judgments which were coming upon the earth, with great desolations by famine, sword, and pestilence; and that these grievous judgments would come on the earth in this generation. Having related these things, he again ascended as he had done before.

"By this time, so deep were the impressions make on my mind, that sleep had fled from my eyes, and I lay overwhelmed in astonishment at what I had both seen and heard: but what was my surprise when again I beheld the same messenger at my bedside, and heard him rehearse or repeat over again to me the same things as before, adding a caution to me, telling me that Satan would try to tempt me, in consequence of the indigent circumstances of my father's family, to get the plates for the purpose of get-This he forbade me, saying, ting rich. that I must have no other object in view in getting the plates but to glorify God; and must not be influenced by any other motive but that of building his kingdom; otherwise I could not get them. this third visit he again ascended up into heaven as before, and I was again left to ponder on the strangeness of what I had just experienced; when almost immediately after the heavenly messenger had ascended from me the third time, the cock crew, and I found that day was approaching, so that our interviews must have occupied the whole of that night.

"I shortly after arose from my bed, and, as usual, went to the necessary labors of the day; but in attempting to labor as at other times, I found my strength so exhausted as rendered me entirely unable. My father, who was laboring along with me, discovered something to be wrong with me, and told me to go home. I started with the intention of going to the house; but, in attempting to cross the fence out of the field where we were, my strength entirely failed me and I fell helpless on the ground, and for a time was quite unconscious of anything. The first thing that I can recollect was a voice speaking unto me, calling me by name: I looked up, and beheld the same messenger standing over my head, surrounded by light as before. He then again related unto me all that he had related to me the previous night, and commanded me to go to my father and tell him of the vision and commandments which I had received.

"I obeyed; I returned back to my father in the field and rehearsed the whole matter to him. He replied to me that it was of God, and told me to go and do as commanded by the messenger. I left the field and went to the place where the messenger had told me the plates were deposited; and owing to the distinctness of the vision which I had had concerning it, I knew the place the instant that I arrived there."

After relating the above, Joseph gives a description of the place where he found the plates, which was near the town of Manchester, Ontario county, New York. These are wonderful claims, and very marvelous; and with some almost past belief, for they are contrary to what we have been taught in past days; for we have been taught that there were to be no angel ministrations after the days of the apostles; that the day of the manifestations of God's power to man was past; that it ceased in the days of the apostles and was never to be restored again.

But persons who have that idea mistake greatly as to God's methods of doing. We see the manifestations of God's work with the ancients, and with John on the Isle of Patmos. All along those years, whenever the people were living in righteousness before God, angels manifested themselves, and sometimes to the humblest ones. Angels appeared anciently and revealed matters of the highest importance for man to knew. Even in the second century this was the case, for it is recorded of Justin Martyr, who had been one of the celebrated philosophers of Greece, and who had heard the gospel of Christ, that his heart was touched with it, and he carried the matter to God; and a personage met him as he was meditating in the grove and instructed him in regard to the gospel of Jesus Christ; and that personage was said to be an angel of God; and Justin Martyr became one of the greatest gospel advocates of his day, or of any time after the apostles.

Now I desire to show that God's work will not be carried on in these latter times without angelic administrations, for this is made plain in Holy Writ, as plain as language can make it. Prior to the second advent of Christ angels will appear to the sons of men to bless them with knowledge, wisdom, and everything necessary to prepare them for that most wonderful event. We will present evidence to you, but first of all we will notice some peculiarities of angels. know the old pagan idea obtained in the world that angels have wings; that angels in outward appearance are like womankind instead of mankind; that some angels are like little babies. Have not you seen them in paintingsbeautiful paintings, executed by masterful minds and exhibiting wonderful, artistic skill and wonderful power in the art of painting? Have you not seen them? They are stately looking; in the form of women; with long hair down their backs

and a ponderous pair of wings-great white wings-coming down to their feet! Have you not seen them? I know you have. And then you have seen little baby angels, to whom they did not give any legs, but gave them very large heads and very small wings; a wonderful class of angels, truly. But that is the conception and creation of the pagan world, and has been followed by the so-called Christian world, and this has had the effect of fastening upon the minds of the people very erroneous ideas as to what a heavenly angel is. I may tell you, plainly, that I believe that angels, proper, are beings who have once dwelt on this planet, and have been either translated or resurrected, and have entered into those higher conditions of knowledge, and wisdom, and power, and glory-conditions that are far superior to that obtained in mortal life, and that they have always appeared in the form of men.

I do not say that women are not angels, too. I am not going to dispute that, for they are acknowledged to be angels in this world—at times. But I want to give you a description of Bible angels; we are discussing this matter in the light of Bible truths, and not in the mists of the creeds and traditions of men. I discover my time is passing, and I must be brief on this branch of my subject. gels appeared unto Abraham; and you know Paul says, "Be not forgetful to entertain strangers, for thereby some have entertained angels unawares." Abraham and Sarah did that, and I will read you the account of it:-

"And the Lord appeared unto him [Abraham] in the plains of Mamre: and he sat in the tent door in the heat of the day; and he lifted up his eyes and looked, and, lo, three men stood by him: and when he saw them, he ran to meet them from the tent door, and bowed himself toward the ground, and said, My Lord, if now I have found favor in thy sight, pass not away, I pray thee, from thy servant:

let a little water, I pray you, be fetched, and wash your feet, and rest yourselves under the tree; and I will fetch a morsel of bread, and comfort ye your hearts; after that ye shall pass on: for therefore are ye come to your servant. And they said, So do, as thou hast said."

And good Sarah made cakes after the olden style, and Abraham killed a calf, tender and good, and dinner was prepared for those three individuals. These were three angels of God, and Abraham thought (as it was said) that they were men. Abraham supposed that they were men, and he treated them after the customs and hospitality of the age in those ancient countries. I do not presume that their hair was extremely long, and I am right sure that they did not have great white wings; these would have betrayed them; Abraham would have known at once that they were angels. But he supposed they were men. Why? Simply because they appeared as men. But he learned afterwards that they were angels of God. These were finally instrumental in overthrowing the cities of the plains, bringing the wrath of God upon the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah, Admah and Zeboim.

I will invite your attention to another example (and there are scores of such examples in this book), and you will find it in the thirteenth chapter of Judges:—

"And the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of the Lord; and the Lord delivered them into the hand of the Philistines forty years. And there was a certain man of Zorah, of the family of the Danites, whose name was Manoah; and his wife was barren, and bare not. And the angel of the Lord appeared unto the woman, and said unto her, Behold now, thou art barren, and barest not: but thou shalt conceive, and bear a son. Now therefore, beware, I pray thee, and drink not wine nor strong drink, and eat not any unclean thing: for, lo, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son; and no razor

shall come on his head: for the child shall be a Nazarite unto God from the and he shall begin to deliver Israel out of the hands of the Philistines. Then the woman came and told her husband, saying, A man of God came unto me, and his countenance was like the countenance of an angel of God, very terrible: but I asked him not whence he was, neither told he me his name: but he said unto me, Behold, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son; and now drink no wine nor strong drink, neither eat any unclean thing: for the child shall be a Nazarite to God from the womb to the day of his death. Then Manoah entreated the Lord, and said, O my Lord, let the man of God which thou didst send come again unto us, and teach us what we shall do unto the child that shall be born. And God hearkened to the voice of Manoah; and the angel of God came again unto the woman as she sat in the field: but Manoah her husband was not with her. And the woman made haste, and ran, and shewed her husband, and said unto him, Behold, the man hath appeared unto me, that came unto me the other day. Manoah arose, and went after his wife, and came to the man, and said unto him, Art thou the man that spakest unto the woman? And he said, I am. And Manoah said, Now let thy words come to pass. How shall we order the child, and how shall we do unto him? And the angel of the Lord said unto Manoah, Of all that I said unto the woman let her beware. She may not eat of anything that cometh of the vine, neither let her drink wine or strong drink, nor eat any unclean thing: all that I commanded her let her observe. Manoah said unto the angel of the Lord, I pray thee, let us detain thee, until we shall have made ready a kid for thee. And the angel of the Lord said unto Manoah, Though thou detain me, I will not eat of thy bread: and if thou wilt offer a burnt offering, thou must offer it |

unto the Lord. For Manoah knew not that he was an angel of the Lord. Manoah said unto the angel of the Lord, What is thy name, that when thy sayings come to pass we may do thee honor? And the angel of the Lord said unto him, Why askest thou thus after my name, seeing it is secret? So Manoah took a kid with a meat offering, and offered it upon the rock to the Lord: and the angel did wondrously; and Manoah and his wife looked on. For it came to pass, when the flame went up toward heaven from off the altar, that the angel of the Lord ascended in the flame of the altar. Manoah and his wife looked on it, and fell on their faces to the ground."

You now discover that the abovementioned angel had wondrous knowledge, marvelous power, and was in his appearance like unto a man. There were no wings in that case.

And now we will see what is said by Daniel, the prophet of God, in his tenth chapter:—

"In the third year of Cyrus king of Persia a thing was revealed unto Daniel, whose name was called Belteshazzar; and the thing was true, but the time appointed was long: and he understood the thing, and had understanding of the vision. In those days I Daniel was mourning three full weeks. I ate no pleasant bread, neither came flesh nor wine in my mouth, neither did I anoint myself at all, till three whole weeks were fulfilled. And in the four and twentieth day of the first month, as I was by the side of the great river, which is Hiddekel; then I lifted up mine eyes, and looked, and behold a certain man clothed in linen, whose loins were girded with fine gold of Uphaz; his body also was like the beryl, and his face as the appearance of lightning, and his eyes as lamps of fire, and his arms and his feet like in color to polished brass, and the voice of his words like the voice of a multitude." Who was this man that appeared in this glorious form? He had said before, "I am Gabriel that stand in the presence of God." He had come to answer Daniel's supplication. You will discover in these instances of angels appearing unto men (and there are many more cases in the Bible) that they had power to appear in the form of men traveling on the earth, as in the case to Abraham, and to Manoah and his wife; and also to appear surrounded with effulgent glory as in the case to Daniel. But Daniel was prepared and strengthened to stand in the presence of the angel all radiant with the glory of God. And what a wondrous personage this was! and yet he was in the form of a man.

Did the young Seer, Joseph Smith when he made the claim, the marvelous claim that he had seen an angel of God, did he claim that the angel was in the form of such angels as appeared in ancient times or did he tell a story about seeing an angel in the form of a woman with long hair down her back, and that he heard the beat of angel's wings? no! His claim is in harmony with the Bible account of angels, so far as their appearance is concerned. It is decidedly so, and therefore it is not in harmony with the theories of the world in this nineteenth century, neither with that of many preceding centuries. What a remarkable coincidence this is! world has had numerous painters, and sculptors, and others, yes, preachers, too, that were living under the belief that angels had these wondrous wings, and in their flights of pulpit oratory have so described the idea set forth in the nineteenth century in regard to what angels are with regard to form. But the young man, Joseph, claims that the Lord spoke to him; that angels appeared to him; and his claim as to their appearance and form is in exact harmony with God's word, and is squarely against the wisdom of the wise and the understanding of the prudent both in the centuries past and in the present one. The wisdom of the wise perishes by comparison, and the understanding of the prudent is hid by comparison in these things.

Joseph, mark you, makes the wonderful claim; and we remind you again that the claim of the founder of this latter-day work must be a very notable one in regard to the "marvelous work" that was to come forth in these times. If it was not it would not fill the prophetic pattern. It must be strange, it must be out of the ordinary course of things, or it would not fulfill the description conveyed in God's good book.

"But," says one, "where is the evidence that there are to be angel manifestations in these latter days?" If God is no respecter of persons, as the word declares, and deals with mankind in these latter times, in the building up of his church and kingdom, as he did in ancient times. then angels will minister unto men in these days. How was it before John the Baptist was born, and before Jesus was born? Angels appeared and announced wonderful things that were soon coming to pass. When Jesus was born in Bethlehem of Judea the angel of the Lord appeared unto the shepherds and told them that the Savior was born in Bethlehem that night, and other angels came and with their heavenly symphony confirmed the statement to the humble shepherds. Now, reasoning by analogy or by comparison, it evident that if God would act like himself, as he sent angels in ancient times to minister to his people, he must likewise send them in these latter times to minister to his children. This is in keeping with the teachings of the good book. And when we come to the prophetic testimony we find that God will send angels; that they will minister among the people; and that they will gather out the wicked from his kingdom. "Yes," says one, "I have read that, I know that is in the Bible; but I never saw it in that light." It is written in the

New Testament that in the last days God will send his angels and they shall gather his elect from the four quarters of the earth, and his angels are to minister in the midst of his people, and they shall also gather the wicked out of his kingdom just prior to his second advent; and, as the Inspired Translation says, "they shall cast them out into the world."

In the thirteenth chapter of Matthew, commencing at the thirty-sixth verse, we read:—

"Then Jesus sent the multitude away, and went into the house: and his disciples came unto him, saying, Declare unto us the parable of the tares of the field. answered and said unto them, He that soweth the good seed is the Son of Man; the field is the world; the good seed are the children of the kingdom; but the tares are the children of the wicked one; the enemy that sowed them is the devil; the harvest is the end of the world; and the reapers are the angels. As therefore the tares are gathered and burned in the fire; so shall it be in the end of this world. The Son of Man shall send forth his angels, and they shall gather out of his kingdom all things that offend, and them which do iniquity; and shall cast them into a furnace of fire; there shall be wailing and gnashing of teeth."

Can there be found within the lids of the New Testament, in the sayings of Jesus Christ, anything that is more direct and full than is that text, that prior to the end of the world, prior to the second advent, Christ will send forth his angels and will gather out of his kingdom all things that offend and do iniquity?

There is one thing that the Latter Day Saints should understand; namely, that in the church there will be more or less iniquity until the final sifting time comes, therefore we need not look to see all sinless and holy who profess to be in God's kingdom; for you will never see that until Jesus comes and gathers out the wicked ones.

But further, in regard to the angels ministering in the latter times; there is an abundance of testimony in the Scriptures pointing to this fact, which is unquestionable, something that we may not deny and which we cannot explain away, that ministering angels will be sent to minister in the affairs of Christ's king-We will now give you a few passages from the Revelation of St. John, and then we must close for want of time, not for want of material. I now come to John had been Revelation chapter 14. blest with many visions, and promises, and statements, in all the preceding chapters; and in this fourteenth chapter he savs:-

"I saw another angel fly in the midst of heaven, having the everlasting gospel to preach unto them that dwell on the earth, and to every nation, and kindred, and tongue, and people, saying with a loud voice, Fear God, and give glory to him; for the hour of his judgment is come: and worship him that made heaven, and earth, and the sea, and the fountains of waters."

You will remember what I read in the history of Joseph; namely, that this Book of Mormon contains the fullness of the gospel, and that it was revealed to him by the angel Moroni. Now the text that I have read shows the probability of his claim being correct. He declares that the angel did appear to him; that the angel gave him the book of plates with instructions concerning the gospel's being preached in all its fullness; and here is the Bible testimony that in the last days, just prior to the second advent of Christ, just prior to God's hour of judgment, an angel would come from heaven and reveal the gospel to be preached unto every nation, kindred, Yes, the claim and tongue, and people! the promise fit together like the key in the lock of a door. The key is adapted to lock or unlock the door and only the right key will do it. So with the claim

made by this young man, Joseph Smith, as to the restoration of the gospel by an angel of God in fulfillment of the prediction revealed to John. It should be restored in that manner, in God's own way, in the last days, just prior to the overthrow of Babylon and the second advent of Jesus Christ our Lord.

We may ask Bible believers,-and countless thousands profess to believe the Bible,-Do you believe the Revelation of St. John? Do you believe that an angel of God was to reveal the gospel in the last days? That may come in contact with old theories, for many have been taught that the gospel has always been upon the earth and was to remain on the earth until the world was evangelized. But do you now believe that the angel of God, in the last days, just prior to God's judgment, just prior to the overthow of Babylon, just prior to the second advent of Christ, would restore the gospel again to be preached to all the world? There are some who believe it, thank God. We praise him that there are so many believing it, and millions and tens of millions more would believe it if it could reach them.

Joseph declares that God revealed this gospel as early as 1827, and the Bible says that in these latter times God will reveal the gospel by an angel from heaven. What agreement! what harmony! what consistency! The Bible predicts it, and the young seer claims its fulfillment. Can you not see that this is a remarkable coincidence? Joseph was not a Bible scholar, yet he had an understanding of this Bible promise far superior to the learned ministers of his time. He is a fit witness for the work of God. He answers to this prophetic description as is claimed for him. The claim is not made that by human wisdom his knowledge is superior to the religious world at large in respect to Bible truths, but by the inspiration of the Almighty. There is the full statement of Holy Writ that God, in

the last days, will send the gospel to the earth by the hand of an angel, and that it will be preached to every nation, kindred, tongue, and people, upon the earth; and here is an obscure boy, raised in the backwoods of New York and having but little understanding of Bible truths, who comes forward and makes a claim that is just in harmony with Scripture, in all its parts, that an angel restored the gospel unto him. Marvelous! wonderful! and very blessed if true, which we claim it is.

There is just another passage, and then I must close, and that you will find in the eighteenth chapter of the Revelation of St. John:—

"And after these things I saw another angel came down from heaven, having great power; and the earth was lightened with his glory."

This angel came from heaven and therefore must be a heavenly one; he was to minister upon earth to the children of men in great power, and was to lighten the earth with his glory. Where in the history of the world since Christ, has anything occurred to the sons of men, save in the case of Joseph the seer, where an angel of God appeared having great power, and that blessed the earth with the light of his glory? Where has an instance like it occurred in any of the religious churches? Has anything like it taken place in the Russo-Greek church? Has there anything like this taken place in the Catholic Church? in the Lutheran Church? in the Church of England, or in any Protestant church?

No; they do not claim it. But who has claimed manifestations like this that would answer to this prophetic description? Joseph Smith, the young seer; he claimed to receive angelic ministrations, not only from Moroni, but from various other angels in the founding and building up of the church of the living God.

Jesus said that angels would administer in the latter times; John said that an

angel would deliver the gospel in the latter times, and that, as we have just read, one would "come down from heaven, having great power" and would enlighten the earth with his glory. And now what are we going to do about these things? Will we believe them? God's precious word makes these promises.

We claim that Joseph, having come at the right time, and having made claims that are in harmony with the promises of the Bible, the probabilities are strong that his work was indeed ordained of God.

Now what other evidences have we to sustain his claim? He organized the church after the ancient pattern in its offices, ordinances, and ceremonies. And not only were these in harmony with the ancient patterns, but the promises he made concerning the Holy Spirit were in harmony with the promises made by God's servants eighteen hundred years ago. Joseph said that those who receive this gospel in its fullness shall have the testimony of God and a knowledge of God and of angels. And if the Saints in this age had not received such manifestations as they did in ancient times, then they would have proved his promise to be false. But how has it been with numbers in this congregation, some of whom have come from France, some from England, and others from the different nations of the earth—are you witnesses for Jesus Christ since you received this gospel? Have you received the divine confirmation? Do you know, in your own experience, that God confirms this work begun by Joseph the Seer? sume there are more than a hundred in this house who, if I were to call on them, would say, Yes; I have embraced the work brought forth by Joseph Smiththe gospel brought to him by the angel of God-and have received the testimony of its truth by the gift of visions, or by the gift of tonges, or by the interpretation of tongues, by prophecy, or other of the various manifestations of the Spirit. And this has been the case not only in this country, but in all the different parts of the world where this gospel has been preached. Thousands have received evidences confirmatory of the truth of this "marvelous work and a wonder" brought forth, under God, by Joseph the Seer. It had to be, in order to fulfill the prophetic description given in the Old and New Testaments. We prove it by analogy; we prove it by prophecy; and we prove it likewise by living men and women that this work is divine; that the church is not a man-made church; that it did not rise out of mere coincidences nor from persecution, nor anything of the kind as did the Baptist Church in the case of Roger Williams. But it rose by revelation, by the angels of God, by the testimony of God's Spirit, and is being built up in harmony with the revelations of God .- Reported by Bro. E. Stafford.